VIA AIR MAIL

January 19, 1959

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
S. R. Currier & Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Stephen:

Here are the home addresses I promised to send you:

Morris B. Abram
3620 Ridgewood Road, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

DeJongh Franklin
1585 West Paces Ferry Road, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dr. Robert L. Bunnen
1035 Somerset Drive, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Philip G. Hammer
3493 Ridgewood Road, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Harold C. Fleming
2892 Ridgemore Road, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia
(Telephone SYcamore 4-8491)

Sometime late in February my address will be changed to 126 The Prado, but I'll drop you a note

at that time. Incidentally we sold our present house right after you left, so are much more relaxed domestically.

I was glad to learn (from Adam, whose plane was late) that our split-second timing at the airport was successful.

We enjoyed your visit, both professionally and personally.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

VIA AIR MAIL

February 9, 1959

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

In response to your letter of Friday, I have talked with Morris Abram and Sylvan Meyer. Both of them can be available at some time next Monday and Tuesday, and they are alerted to the visit by Mr. Currier and Mr. Garrison. For Sylvan Meyer, in particular, Monday evening would be the most convenient time.

As soon as you get more precise information on the Urban League meetings here, let me know and I will be glad to arrange a definite time for the appointments.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

32ND FLOOR
JUDSON 2-2684

February 6, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Stephen Currier plans to be in Atlanta on Monday and Tuesday, February 16 and 17. He is making the trip with Lloyd K. Garrison to attend some Urban League meetings.

Mr. Currier wondered whether it would be possible for you to arrange a meeting between Morris Abrams and Mr. Garrison during their stay. He also wondered how much trouble it would be to get Sylvan Meyer back into Atlanta while he and Mr. Garrison are there. Although we have not yet received the final Urban League program, I think it would be safe to assume that Mr. Currier could be free during the late afternoon and evening on Monday, or on Tuesday afternoon.

Would you let me know whether it is possible to make tentative appointments with these people, and then you and I can clear a definite time.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

VIA AIR MAIL

March 12, 1959

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
S. R. Currier & Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Stephen:

When you were here last, I mentioned the possibility of an early New York trip. It is now definite that I am to be there Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday of next week (March 17th - 19th).

I'll be calling your office Tuesday morning to see if it will be possible for us to get together. Meanwhile, all best regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

VIA AIR MAIL

March 16, 1959

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
S. R. Currier & Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Stephen:

Unfortunately, I have had to cancel the anticipated trip to New York about which I wrote you last week. One of my children has been quite ill, and though he is much improved, it isn't advisable for me to leave town just yet.

My apologies for the false alarm. I hope we will have another opportunity to get together before long.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

via air mail

October 13, 1959

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Now that I'm back at my littered desk, this is to confirm Thursday, October 29, for my get-together with you and Stephen Currier and anyone else you-all may wish. Unless I hear from you to the contrary, I will be at the Commodore no later than Wednesday evening, prepared to be at your disposal all day Thursday. Meanwhile, I will be sending you as much as possible of the background information we discussed.

With apologies for combining a personal note with business, dinner with the Eddys was one of the pleasantest interludes I've had in New York for a long time. You and Harrison and Kathy made me feel royally at home, and I could wax sentimental about that dinner. Could you and Harrison find a sitter for Wednesday or Thursday night and have dinner with me -- perhaps at that restaurant with the fountain cum swimming pool? I'll be most pleased if you can.

Janie sends her best and adds her urging that you find an occasion to come South.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

via air mail

October 13, 1959

Mr. Stephen Currier
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

It was fortunate for me -- if not for your schedule -- that I found you and Mrs. Eddy in your office last week. Our conversation was both pleasant and very helpful to me.

I can't thank you enough for "The Music Man" and especially for "Raisin in the Sun," which I thought was a powerful piece of work. Jane(Fleming, that is) adds her thanks for your humanizing influence.

I have written Mrs. Eddy that, barring further word from you, I will be on deck Thursday, October 29. Meanwhile, I will be sending in some background material and will try to get my ideas on the Southern scene in working order.

All the best.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

ack 10/19/59

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

32ND FLOOR
JUDSON 2-2684

October 15, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

We are pleased that the 29th will work out for you. I think we will probably plan the day around luncheon, but it might be helpful for you and me to meet in the late morning so we can go over whatever background material you may have sent or will bring with you.

How nice of you to invite Harry and me to dinner. We would love it and Thursday is probably best. May I let you know definitely about that when we acquire our new permanent baby sitter, an undertaking which I hope to goodness will be accomplished by next week. Tell Janie to get you to bring her with you.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel

MEMORANDUM

October 19, 1959

To: Mr. Stephen S. Currier

From: Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council

Re: SUMMARY REPORT ON PROJECTS ASSISTED BY DECEMBER 1958 CONTRIBUTIONS.

On December 24, 1958, we received contributions totaling $95,000 for support of three SRC programs for 1959, and in one case for 1960 as well. No assistance this year has meant as much to the Council in terms of added staff skills, expanded program, and overall effectiveness of the organization at a time of increasing opportunities. The funds have been spent as proposed in our request dated December 9, 1958.

Following are capsule reports on each of the three programs assisted. Attached is supplementary material showing the financial status of each project, a general report on the work of the Council, and other exhibits. An audited financial statement will be furnished early in 1960.

FACT-FINDING AND RESEARCH: $50,000 to be spent in equal parts in 1959 and 1960.

The Council has long been able to get a respectful public hearing; the talent and resources made possible by this project now enable us to use this accrued reputation far more effectively.

Dr. Leslie W. Dunbar was employed in February 1959 as Director of Research, a new position; he has been assisted by a research assistant, an administrative secretary, and a clerk. The research and reference files have been expanded and improved; microfilm equipment has been acquired; 18 newspapers and 35 periodicals are read, clipped, indexed, and filed for program use. The research staff services dozens of requests per month for information and analysis, many from major publications, authors, organizations, government agencies, and opinion leaders of various kinds. Staff members have made surveys of their own, have commissioned studies by outside specialists, and have advised and assisted other research agencies. The resulting reports and publications, which have been sent to you, are listed in the attached material. The attention which these publications have received in the mass media, in Washington, and in other important public forums, is unprecedented in the Council's experience. The aspects of race relations dealt with in a major way include schools, voting, law enforcement, transportation, economics; to a lesser degree, housing and race-and-intelligence; soon to be added, newspaper practices, health facilities, and manpower utilization.

SPECIAL AID TO STATE COUNCILS ON HUMAN RELATIONS: $25,000 to be dispensed during 1959.

This special aid was distributed among the independent state councils as specified in our request, with two exceptions: The organizations in Louisiana and Texas did not, in our opinion, develop sufficient program activity during 1959 to justify this further assistance. The $2,000 originally earmarked for them was used for special staff work carried on directly by SRC in these two states.

For several of the nine state councils, these funds probably made the difference between survival and extinction as staffed operations; for the others they made possible new and more vigorous program effort. For example, the Arkansas Council added an able Negro professional to its staff, the Virginia Council gave special help to displaced pupils in Front Royal, the Georgia Council assisted its Atlanta affiliate in successful efforts to desegregate the local public library and some airport facilities. In some Southern states, the human relations councils are the only vehicles for free communication and concerted action by Negro and white citizens. For obvious reasons local fund-raising, however energetically carried on, cannot produce a budget adequate to sustain a staffed program. SRC, which also gave the state councils $33,000 from its general operating funds in 1959, considers it essential to continue all possible financial and program aid to them in 1960.

CONSULTANT SERVICE PROGRAM: $20,000 for 1959.

Although the expenses of this project have been far less than anticipated, its activities thus far in 1959 have been generally more rewarding than those of preceding years. In cooperation with the Georgia Council on Human Relations, three outstanding school superintendents -- Fischer of Baltimore, Hansen of Washington, and Carmichael of Louisville -- were brought to Atlanta for consultations and television appearances. The director of the Virginia Committee for Public Education visited Atlanta and Little Rock to consult with local leadership in those cities. Community relations specialists from our consultant panel counselled with public officials and private citizens in Charlottesville, Norfolk, and Richmond, Va.; Durham, Raleigh, and Chapel Hill, N. C.; and Houston, Tex. Positive developments in several of these communities may be attributable, at least in part, to the influence of the consultants. As a somewhat special function, we have occasionally engaged the services of an able Negro journalist who has visited Europe and Africa, to help acquaint influential foreign visitors with the status of race relations in the South.

Notwithstanding these activities, we estimate that the Consultant Service Program will show a year-end balance of approximately $14,000. There are several reasons for this anticipated surplus: There was an unexpectedly large carryover from 1958; a hiatus in SRC's field staff reduced the rate of activity over a period of several months; the expense of several activities was shared by other SRC programs or other agencies. We propose to apply the surplus to the continued operation of the Consultant Service Program in 1960; we do not intend to seek further funds for the project for the coming year.

via air mail

October 20, 1959

Mr. Stephen Currier
Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Here is a capsule progress report on the three programs assisted by your contribution for 1959, and various supporting documents. I hope you can find time somehow to read the longer report on the Council's activities.

I will be prepared to discuss these and other matters next week in as much detail as necessary. It will be good to see you again then.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures:
"Summary Report on Projects Assisted by Dec. 1958 Contributions"
Income and Expenses, Jan.1-Sept.30, 1959
List of Board Members
Selected Activities of State Councils, 1959
"Descriptive List of Staff Personnel"
"Report of Executive Director..."

See "State Org Gr."

MEMORANDUM

October 19, 1959

To: Mr. Stephen S. Currier

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Southern Regional Council

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Following are capsule reports on each of the three programs assisted. Attached is supplementary material showing the financial status of each project, a general report on the work of the Council, and other exhibits. An audited financial statement will be furnished early in 1960.

FACT-FINDING AND RESEARCH: $50,000 to be spent in equal parts in 1959 and 1960.

The Council has long been able to get a respectful public hearing; the talent and resources made possible by this project now enable us to use this accrued reputation far more effectively.

Dr. Leslie W. Dunbar was employed in February 1959 as Director of Research, a new position; he has been assisted by a research assistant, an administrative secretary, and a clerk. The research and reference files have been expanded and improved; microfilm equipment has been acquired; 18 newspapers and 35 periodicals are read, clipped, indexed, and filed for program use. The research staff services dozens of requests per month for information and analysis, many from major publications, authors, organizations, government agencies, and opinion leaders of various kinds. Staff members have made surveys of their own, have commissioned studies by outside specialists, and have advised and assisted other research agencies. The resulting reports and publications, which have been sent to you, are listed in the attached material. The attention which these publications have received in the mass media, in Washington, and in other important public forums, is unprecedented in the Council's experience. The aspects of race relations dealt with in a major way include schools, voting, law enforcement, transportation, economics; to a lesser degree, housing and race-and-intelligence; soon to be added, newspaper practices, health facilities, and manpower utilization.

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For several of the nine state councils, these funds probably made the difference between survival and extinction as staffed operations; for the others they made possible new and more vigorous program effort. For example, the Arkansas Council added an able Negro professional to its staff, the Virginia Council gave special help to displaced pupils in Front Royal, the Georgia Council assisted its Atlanta affiliate in successful efforts to desegregate the local public library and some airport facilities. In some Southern states, the human relations councils are the only vehicles for free communication and concerted action by Negro and white citizens. For obvious reasons local fund-raising, however energetically carried on, cannot produce a budget adequate to sustain a staffed program. SRC, which also gave the state councils $33,000 from its general operating funds in 1959, considers it essential to continue all possible financial and program aid to them in 1960.

CONSULTANT SERVICE PROGRAM: $20,000 for 1959.

Although the expenses of this project have been far less than anticipated, its activities thus far in 1959 have been generally more rewarding than those of preceding years. In cooperation with the Georgia Council on Human Relations, three outstanding school superintendents -- Fischer of Baltimore, Hansen of Washington, and Carmichael of Louisville -- were brought to Atlanta for consultations and television appearances. The director of the Virginia Committee for Public Education visited Atlanta and Little Rock to consult with local leadership in those cities. Community relations specialists from our consultant panel counselled with public officials and private citizens in Charlottesville, Norfolk, and Richmond, Va.; Durham, Raleigh, and Chapel Hill, N. C.; and Houston, Tex. Positive developments in several of these communities may be attributable, at least in part, to the influence of the consultants. As a somewhat special function, we have occasionally engaged the services of an able Negro journalist who has visited Europe and Africa, to help acquaint influential foreign visitors with the status of race relations in the South.

Notwithstanding these activities, we estimate that the Consultant Service Program will show a year-end balance of approximately $14,000. There are several reasons for this anticipated surplus: There was an unexpectedly large carryover from 1958; a hiatus in SRC's field staff reduced the rate of activity over a period of several months; the expense of several activities was shared by other SRC programs or other agencies. We propose to apply the surplus to the continued operation of the Consultant Service Program in 1960; we do not intend to seek further funds for the project for the coming year.

INCOME AND EXPENSES - SPECIAL PROJECTS

January 1 - September 30, 1959

RESEARCH DEPARTMENT

INCOME

Balance, January 1, 1959 (Individual Donor)		$50,000.00*
Travel refunds	$ 91.32	
Books and Subscriptions refund	1.00	92.32
Total Income		$50,092.32

EXPENSES

Salaries	$ 10,661.07	
Travel and Communication	1,133.10	
Printing	1,397.68	
Books and Subscriptions	359.38	
Program Materials	1,000.00	
Equipment	716.37	
Office Supplies	230.41	
Consultant Fees	850.00	
Consultant Travel	73.60	
Postage	30.00	
Total Expenses		$16,451.61
Balance, September 30, 1959		$33,640.71

*$25,000. allocated for 1960

* * * * * * * *

CONSULTANT SERVICE PROGRAM

INCOME

Balance, January 1, 1959:		
Carry over - New World Foundation, 1958	$ 7,831.48	
Individual Donor, 1958 for 1959	20,000.00	
Total Income		$27,831.48

EXPENSES

Consultants' Fees	$ 3,710.00	
Travel and Communication	3,156.34	
Program Materials	769.25	
Overhead	2,000.00	
Total Expenses		$ 9,635.59
Balance, September 30, 1959		$18,195.89

SPECIAL AID TO STATE COUNCILS ON HUMAN RELATIONS

INCOME

Balance, January 1, 1959 (Individual Donor)	$25,000.00	
Total Income		$25,000.00

EXPENSES

Alabama Council on Human Relations	$ 3,500.00	
Arkansas Council on Human Relations	2,500.00	
Florida Council on Human Relations	2,500.00	
Georgia Council on Human Relations	2,500.00	
Kentucky Council on Human Relations	1,000.00	
North Carolina Council on Human Relations	2,500.00	
South Carolina Council on Human Relations	3,000.00	
Tennessee Council on Human Relations	2,500.00	
Virginia Council on Human Relations	3,000.00	
Staff work in Mississippi and Louisiana	2,000.00	
Total Expenses		$25,000.00

Balance, September 30, 1959 -0-

STAFF OF THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Harold C. Fleming - Executive Director

Native Georgian. Educated in the Atlanta public school system and Harvard College, Class of 1944, magna cum laude. Phi Beta Kappa. Three-and-one-half years of Army service during WWII; overseas duty on Okinawa as company commander of Negro troops. Joined SRC staff in 1947 as Director of Information; later assistant director. On central staff of Ashmore Study of Bi-racial Education in the U.S., 1953. Author of various magazine articles and booklets on race relations; co-author with David Loth of Integration North and South.

Mrs. Ruth House Alexander, Secretary-Treasurer - Native Georgian. Graduate of Morris Brown College School of Business. Secretary-bookkeeper, Alexander & Company & Wilson Realty Company. Secretary to Chairman of Department of Sociology, Atlanta University. Secretary to the Director and bookkeeper, Georgia Workers Education Service. Joined SRC staff in 1954.

Paul Anthony, Administrative Assistant - Native Virginian. Attended Lynchburg College, graduate of University of Miami, Florida. Senior High School teacher, Lynchburg, Virginia. Three years with the Wall Street Journal prior to joining SRC staff in 1956.

Mrs. Mildred Flowers, Secretary to the Director - Native of Tennessee. Attended Spelman College and Reid's Business College. Secretary, Registrar's Office, Savannah State College; Secretary to Vocational Guidance Director, Southern office of National Urban League; Secretary to Head Librarian, Atlanta University. Joined SRC staff in 1957.

William S. Fillmore, Jr., Head of Mailing and Production Department - Native of Florida, twenty-six years old. Graduate of Clark College, Atlanta, 1959. President of Senior Class, U.S. Air Force, 1951-55.

FIELD STAFF

Paul M. Rilling, Director of Field Activities - Native of Ohio. Graduate of Hiram College, M.A., University of Alabama, resident requirements for Ph.D., Columbia University. Instructor in Political Science, North Texas State College and the Mobile Center of the University of Alabama. Assistant Director of Community Education Services, Emory University. Editor, Gainesville (Georgia) Morning News. Special Project Director, Southern Area YMCA. Director of Virginia Council on Human Relations prior to joining SRC staff in 1959.

Mrs. M. E. Tilly, Director of Women's Work - Native Georgian. Graduate of Wesleyan College, advanced studies at University of North Carolina and Scarrett College. Numerous positions with Woman's Society for

Christian Service of the Methodist Church. Member of the President's Committee on Civil Rights, 1947. Joined SRC staff in 1940.

Mrs. Timothy Miller, Secretary - Native of Mississippi. Graduate of Agnes Scott College, five years as Assistant Dean of Students at that institution prior to joining SRC staff in 1959.

SPECIAL PROGRAMS STAFF

Charles H. Parrish, Associate for Program Development - Native Kentuckian. Ph.D., University of Chicago. First Negro on faculty of University of Louisville, upon integration of that institution in early 1950's; recently appointed head of Sociology Department. Has contributed to a number of professional journals; consultant and field worker in various race relations projects. Joined SRC staff as part-time senior staff member in 1954.

John Hope, II, Chief Consultant - Native Georgian, son of the distinguished first Negro president of Atlanta University. A.B., Morehouse College, M. A. University of Chicago. Currently, director, Industrial Division, Race Relations Department, Fisk University. Author of several books on employment practices. Joined SRC staff on part-time basis in 1955 to direct consultant program.

Benjamin Muse, Director of Southern Leadership Project - Native of North Carolina. President, Messenger Press, Inc., Manassas, Virginia. Diplomatic Secretary, U.S. Foreign Service, 1920-34. Virginia State Senator, 1936; candidate for Governor, 1941. Author of Washington Post column on Virginia affairs since 1949. Contributor to many magazines and newspapers. Joined SRC staff on part-time basis in 1958.

RESEARCH DEPARTMENT

Leslie W. Dunbar, Director of Research - Native of West Virginia. Graduate, University of Maryland, M. A., and Ph.D., Cornell University. Guggenheim Fellow, 1954-55. Assistant Professor of Political Science, Emory University, 1949-51. Chief, Community Affairs Branch, Savannah River Project, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, 1951-54. Chairman, Department of Political Science, Mount Holyoke College, prior to joining SRC staff in 1959.

Miss Marge Manderson, Research Associate - Native Georgian. Attended University of Georgia. Has served as Director of Dramatic Activities at Clark College and Georgia State College. Joined SRC staff in 1957.

Mrs. Edward A. Albright, Administrative Secretary - Native Arkansan. Prior to joining SRC staff in 1958, employed for ten years with Southeast Convention of Congregational Christian Churches as registrar, assistant treasurer, and editor of monthly magazine.

Miss Elisabeth Waters, Research Clerk - Native of Georgia. Graduate of Spelman College. Intern in Community Service, American Friends

Service Committee, Berkeley, California. Joined SRC staff in 1959.

INFORMATION STAFF

John Constable, Director of Information - Native North Carolinian. A.B. University of North Carolina, M.S., School of Journalism, University of Georgia. Instructor in journalism at University of Georgia; editor of country weekly. Served on news staff of Atlanta Constitution prior to joining SRC staff in 1955 as managing editor of New South.

Miss Luel E. Cummings, Secretary - Native Georgian. Graduate of West Virginia State College. Secretary to Business Manager of Alabama A. & M. College; Assistant Secretary to the President of Morehouse College; Secretary to Bursar of Morehouse College. Joined SRC staff in 1957.

Mrs. Bernice C. Cook, Circulation Clerk - Native Georgian. Attended Manhattan Business College, Reid's Business College, and Spelman College. Prior to joining SRC staff in 1958, served as clerk for the Atlanta Housing Authority.

Separate packet sent to Mrs. Eddy bearing the following materials:

cc of HCF ltr. to Currier, dtd. 10/20/59
1 cc of memo on "Summary Report on Projects Assisted by Dec. 1958 Contributions"
Income and Expenses, Jan.1-Sept. 30, 1959
List of Board Members
"Selected Activities of State Councils, 1959"
"Descriptive List of Staff Personnel..."
"Sources of Income for 1959..."
"Report of Exec. Director..."

via air mail

October 20, 1959

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Here is my effort to set down some thoughts on foundation giving in our field, as you requested. I have tried to be candid and may have succeeded too well in displaying my unabashedly partisan point-of-view. In any case, I am enclosing two copies, so that you can pass one along to Stephen Currier if you think it is worthy.

A two-page summary report with various enclosures is going forward to you and Stephen Currier today.

I am looking forward to seeing you on the 29th and will hope that the sitter problem works out.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures - 2.

SOME OBSERVATIONS ON FOUNDATION GIVING
IN THE FIELD OF RACE RELATIONS
October 19, 1959

Harold C. Fleming

Any comments on this subject must begin with the statement that not enough foundations are active in the area of race relations. The big foundations -- Ford, Carnegie, the Rockefeller Foundation -- have shunned direct efforts in this field like the plague.

One occasionally gets the impression that these and a good many other philanthropies would like to find some "non-controversial" programs worthy of their assistance. In a few rare cases, they have subsidized neutral academic research or "factual, objective" publications -- useful as far as they go, but palliative at best in their effects. In view of the fact that race relations are our most critical domestic issue, this can only be described as a major forfeiture of national responsibility.

This is not merely ill-tempered criticism; it has practical implications. The fact that there are so few foundations and large contributors in the field attaches special importance to the ways in which these relatively limited funds are dispensed. Following are a few points from a grantee point-of-view on prevalent foundation attitudes and procedures.

There is an almost universal preference for special projects as opposed to general support. This type of giving has some very valid uses -- e.g., when the grantee organization's general budget is endowed or subsidized; when the organization's normal operations are so safe and respectable as to qualify for conservative support, and a special grant may induce it to invest some of its respectability in a race relations project; in very rare cases, when the foundation has little confidence that

its funds would be wisely used for central purposes, but feels that a particular project under specified direction would be worthwhile.

Aside from such special situations, however, the prohibition on general support is liable to be self-defeating. From first-hand observation, I can testify that the project grant often makes for dilution and distortion of program. Any organization -- and particularly a race relations agency -- should be flexible and alert to opportunity, prepared at any time to modify its strategy and program in the light of new developments. An organization impoverished in central budget and burdened with special project commitments does not have this kind of maneuverability. With the best will in the world, it must shape its program to fit the pattern of its resources rather than the shifting realities of the situation.

There are other arguments for general support. An organization that is impoverished at the center cannot give the kind of supervision and administrative support that a special project should have. Some, in desperation, will carve up into separate "projects" functions that should be parts of a well-coordinated central operation. A few will succumb to the temptation to divert project funds into the central till by various subterfuges. The honest and courageous grantee will, of course, refuse to engage in such practices. But if he is to stay in business very long, he must depend on intelligent and practical philanthropy to make it possible.

The acid test of any program is the permanent mark it leaves on our national life. Obvious as this point may be, it is not always observed in foundation circles -- partly, I believe, because of the over-valuation of the project. A project, by its nature, is expected to be neat and self-contained -- an end in itself. This militates toward workshops, institutes,

conferences, "pilot" efforts, and academic studies.

By contrast, the most effective efforts are those aimed at building values and practices into the general institutions of the society. Creating special, temporary situations outside the mainstream may stimulate some lasting changes. But too often their effects die with them. Far better to contribute to the desegregation of one school than to stage a dozen interracial summer institutes.

There are certain indispensable conditions for general support. The main one is that the grantee have the confidence of the grantor. Any organization requesting general support should be willing to undergo the most searching scrutiny and investigation -- just as the foundation has a responsibility to apply them. Once an organization has been put through the hoops, been checked on and tested, it should be able to expect a measure of faith on the part of the foundation. No agency in as complicated a field as race relations can steadily produce convincing evidence that its work is having clearly effective results. For considerable periods, a given effort must be carried on mainly in hope and anxious expectation. The donor, fortified by confidence in the organization and its past performance, should be willing to share in the calculated risk.

Another common foundation predilection is that for new activities, preferably those which nobody has ever done before. In moderation, this attitude can serve as a stimulus to fruitful experiment and innovation. Carried too far, it can cause waste of funds and starvation of existing efforts that are just reaching the stage of greatest return. For both the practitioner and the philanthropist, there is often an aura of excitement and "glamor" about a brand-new approach. For this very reason, it

should be viewed with an extra-critical eye. The risk of failure is greatest in the case of the untried method. This would be a curmudgeonish argument if plenty of funds were available; but there is little "risk capital" around for race relations.

Aside from the safeness of the known, there may be virtues in an existing program that are likely to be neglected. Timing is all-important in this field. Again and again, I have seen a program approach yield only modest results, then suddenly multiply in effectiveness because the situation has become ripe for it. I will resist the temptation to prolong this essay with concrete examples. But the Southern Regional Council itself offers some good instances of programs that paid off because good instinct or pure doggedness kept them going through periods of only moderate return.

There is the added fact that, like organizations themselves, particular programs accrue reputation and skill over a period of time. Support of an ongoing program may be the best possible investment if it buys accumulated good will and experience that assure effectiveness.

Finally, basic to everything I have said is the old truism that essentially one invests in people. A wise foundation will spend as much time and effort in assessing key personnel as in assessing program proposals. There is a slight, but encouraging, trend toward more interaction between Southern race-relationists and foundation persons. A conscious effort to increase it would benefit everyone concerned.

via air mail

October 23, 1959

Mr. Stephen Currier
Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Recalling your interest in the various program ideas that come our way, I thought you might like to see the enclosed copy of a letter from Benjamin Muse to Brooks Hays.

Ben, who is doing some quiet field work for us, wrote this in response to Hays' request for suggested means of strengthening religious leadership in Southern race relations. Of course, there is no way of knowing what use Brooks will make of the proposal in his discussions with the Field Foundation. But Ben's thinking on the matter is interesting in itself.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

see cc of these ltr to Hays dtd 10/19/59

B c Jane L. Eddy

via air mail

November 9, 1959

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Here is a follow-up to Paul Rilling's memo on the Burnsville situation forwarded Friday. This establishes the fact that the Negro Methodist church, which is housing the makeshift school for the elementary pupils, could receive a gift for the tutoring program.

On another subject, the Rev. John Morris was in the office this morning and remarked in passing that he had written Stephen about a proposed conference to plan an Episcopal society for racial unity. He expressed the hope that I wouldn't mind his having used my name, since he met Stephen under my auspices.

I don't mind his having mentioned me, but I haven't seen his letter and wouldn't want you to mistake it for something I initiated. Needless to say, I will consult you all before encouraging anyone to submit a request.

Best regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure

Memo from Hel
Sent to Jane Easley
11/6/59

MEMORANDUM November 6, 1959

To: Harold Fleming
From: Paul Rilling

Re: Emergency Educational Crisis in Burnsville, North Carolina.

During my recent trip to Asheville and Burnsville, November 5 and 6, I verified reports concerning the Burnsville school situation which have come to us from time to time. I visited the old Negro elementary school in Burnsville and the makeshift emergency classes that have been set up in the basement of the Negro Methodist Church in Burnsville. I talked with officials of the Allen High School in Asheville, where the Burnsville high school students have been enrolled for the duration of the emergency. I met with the leaders of the Burnsville Educational Project and participated in a public meeting of the group in Asheville. The facts of the situation are briefly as follows:

1. The entire Negro school population of Yancey County (Burnsville) is thirty-two. This includes twenty-five elementary and seven high school students. There are several thousand white school children in the county. Burnsville is forty miles north of Asheville, N. C. in the western, mountain portion of the state.

2. There are no public school facilities for these Negro children in the county. Until last year there was a one-room, one-teacher Negro elementary school. The high school students were sent by bus daily to Asheville. The elementary school has been condemned three times and during the summer of 1958, parents of the Negro children indicated they were no longer willing to permit their children to attend that school. Until this fall, all Negro students were sent by bus to Asheville.

3. When the Negro one-room school was abandoned, the parents of the Negro students were promised an up-to-date modern school within a year. As of this fall, no school building for Negroes had been built and the school board had given no indication of beginning construction.

4. In June, 1959, the parents of the children requested the school board to permit the transfer of their children to the Yancey County (white) public schools. They made their requests under provisions of the North Carolina School Assignment Law and the

Pearsall Plan. The board turned down the request. After a hearing and reconsideration, asked by the parents, the school board again refused the request for transfer of the children.

5. The parents decided not to allow their children to be sent to Asheville schools this year. A legal suit is in preparation which will ask the federal courts to order the Negro children to be admitted to the Yancey County public schools. It is hoped that the emergency will be resolved by next fall.

6. In an effort to meet the educational needs of the Negro children in this emergency, a group of white and Negro residents of Burnsville and Asheville have organized the Burnsville Educational Project. This group has initiated an educational program and is seeking funds to ensure its continuation throughout the current school year if necessary.

7. The classes, covering seven grades, are being taught in one room in the basement of the Negro Methodist Church. The students are using only such second-hand books and equipment as have been donated.

8. The elementary school pupils are being taught by a retired Asheville teacher who has moved to Burnsville for this purpose.

9. The seven high school students are attending Allen High School, a private, Methodist institution for girls at Asheville, (even though four of the students are boys). They are boarding in Asheville rather than making the eighty mile roundtrip each day.

10. The Burnsville Educational Project has been waging an intensive effort to raise funds from individuals and organisations in Burnsville and Asheville. They have so far raised approximately $1,500 and are up to date on their bills and commitments with virtually no balance. The group is now planning a state-wide fund raising effort in North Carolina which it is hoped will produce sufficient funds to see the effort through the 1959-60 school year.

The leaders of the Burnsville Educational Project estimate that it will take a total of $6,500 to insure the continuation of the project. Of this

figure, $5,000 has yet to be raised. These figures are based on the following budget for the project:

Board and room for seven high school students in Asheville @ $7.50 per week per student	$1,890.00
Tuition for seven high school students at Allen High School @ $8.00 per month	504.00
Salary for elementary school teacher in Burnsville	1,800.00
Hot lunch program for Burnsville students	200.00
Bus fare to Burnsville classes*	144.00

A minimal program including the above items would require a total budget of $4,538.

The project is desperately in need, however, of additional funds not now being expended for such items as books, and supplies, additional classroom expenditures, money for fuel for the coming winter months, etc. If sufficient funds should become available, the project group would very much like to consider the employment of a second full-time teacher. It is quite a strain on the one teacher currently on the job to handle seven classes in one room. There is also some feeling that the salary currently being paid the elementary teacher is inadequate.

The key figure in the project is Miss Roselle Hill, who is a faculty member at the Allen School. Treasurer of the project is Mrs. Lola B. McCracken, 13½ Eagle Street, Asheville, North Carolina.

* Four of the students live some distance from Burnsville, and are incurring the expense of $1.00 per week per student to come to Burnsville.

Inter-Office Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To: Mr. Harold C. Fleming

Date 11/11/59

From: Mrs. Eddy

Subject:

I think I mentioned to you that I talked with Jim Robinson briefly about Richardson's scholarship project for the Interdenominational Center. Robinson was in Monday and said he was fairly convinced of the importance of making such a grant. He had the following suggestions to make:

1. Part of the grant should be for general scholarship aid.

2. Part of it should require matching funds from the denominations themselves. (I am not sure that this would achieve the desired effect since the denominations might simply manage in that way to make their already existing scholarship funds go further and Richardson's ability to select might be decreased.

3. Build into the grant an arrangement whereby able, young ministers would be sent around the country to talk with concentrations of Negro high school and college students. Robinson would like to see several outstanding young Negro ministers spend a month of their time doing this. He says that the image of the Negro minister is not currently very appealing to Negro youth and that something needs to be done to change this if more young men are to want to enter the ministry. The germ of this idea makes good sense to me. What do you think? What about the mechanics?

Copies of Richardson's letter and the materials he sent are attached.

JLE:sel
Attach.

November 9, 1959

Dr. Harry V. Richardson, President
Interdenominational Theological Center
Box 6583
Station G
Atlanta 15, Georgia

Dear Dr. Richardson:

Thank you so much for your letter and for the material related to your request for financial aid for students. Please be assured that this request will have our most careful attention. I will let you know as soon as the Board has acted in this matter.

It was a pleasure to see you, and I hope you will have every success in your new undertaking.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel

INTERDENOMINATIONAL THEOLOGICAL CENTER
STATION G BOX 6383
ATLANTA 15, GEORGIA
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

October 29, 1959

NOV 2 1959

Mrs. Jane Eddy
Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

This is, first, a word of thanks for your kindness in seeing me last week. I know that these are busy days for you.

I am writing to submit a request from the Interdenominational Theological Center, which is now established in Atlanta. As you may have seen, the new institution has received generous help in many ways, but it still has some urgent needs. One of the most urgent is financial aid for students. Theological education, like all education, is expensive. The inability to meet the costs of training is one of the main reasons for the small number of theological students.

In order to pay their fees, many students must take heavy outside jobs. This, of course, impairs the quality of their training. A goodly number find it necessary to interrupt their training because of pressing financial needs. A little help at crucial points often makes the difference between a well-trained young minister and an untrained one. We, therefore, are appealing to the Taconic Foundation for help in providing scholarship or financial aid for deserving students.

The enclosed statements will show the annual student costs and needs. The total major expense of a student is

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$800. The cost of room and board is $450. Students need help most in meeting their room and board expenses. We request the Taconic Foundation to grant the I.T.C. the sum of $22,500 per year for a period of five years, or a total of $112,500. The yearly amount of $22,500 will cover 50 maximum scholarship grants of $450 each, or 100 grants of $225 each. All aid, however, will be awarded to students on the basis of their individual needs. These needs will be determined by a faculty committee on student aid, which carefully investigates each student's needs and resources. Any funds not awarded in any year will go into a scholarship reserve to be held for future incoming students. Any aid granted would go to new students and would not replace aid already provided.

The grant as requested, extending over five years, will give the Interdenominational Theological Center time to build up its own scholarship funds and resources.

If your Foundation is able to help us in this way, it will be doing most to assure a growing enrollment for the Center, and this will be as vital a contribution to the success of the Center as any other grant of any kind. We will be glad to provide additional copies of any statements that we have submitted.

Thank you for your interest and attention. Please let me know if there is anything else that we should do.

Very best wishes.

Sincerely,

Harry V. Richardson

Harry V. Richardson
President

HVR/eab
Encls.

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INTERDENOMINATIONAL THEOLOGICAL CENTER
Atlanta, Georgia

MAJOR STUDENT EXPENSES FOR A SCHOOL YEAR

Tuition	$350.00
Room (9 mos. @ $10 per mo.)	90.00
Board (9 mos. @ $40 per mo.)	300.00
Total	$800.00

A scholarship grant of $450 will cover the full cost of room and board per student for a year.

A scholarship grant of $225 will cover one-half of the cost of room and board per student for a year.

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INTERDENOMINATIONAL THEOLOGICAL CENTER
Atlanta, Georgia

The amount requested of the Taconic Foundation is $22,500 a year for five years, or a total of $112,500. The annual amount of $22,500 will provide 50 maximum grants of $450 each, 100 grants of $225 each.

All scholarship grants will be awarded upon the basis of individual needs as determined by the Faculty Committee on Student Aid. This committee carefully investigates each student's needs and resources. Some students will receive the maximum, some will receive less.

Any funds not awarded in any year will go into a scholarship reserve fund to be awarded to future incoming students.

Scholarship aid granted under this plan will go only to incoming students. It will not replace aid already granted.

This grant, as requested, extending over a period of five years, will give the I.T.C. time to build up its own scholarship funds.

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SUMMARY STATEMENTS
ON THE
INTERDENOMINATIONAL THEOLOGICAL CENTER

1. The Center

The Interdenominational Theological Center is a new institution formed through the cooperation of four separate schools of theology representing four different denominations. They are: Gammon Theological Seminary, Methodist; Morehouse School of Religion, Baptist; Phillips School of Theology, Christian Methodist Episcopal; and Turner Theological Seminary, African Methodist Episcopal.

2. Purpose

The purpose of the Center is to advance the training of Negro ministers both in the quality of training offered and in the numbers trained. This is made possible through cooperation between the schools.

3. The Need

There are ten million Negro Christians in America with 50,000 churches and 40,000 ministers. The annual replacement in this ministry is about 1500. Yet only 100 Negroes graduate from all of the seminaries in America in a year, sometimes less. Thus 93 per cent of the men entering the Negro ministry every year are professionally unprepared for their work.

This is a national as well as a Negro religious problem. It means that Negroes are receiving very little adequate Christian guidance. The lack is felt in many areas, particularly in the Christian guidance of youth and in home and family development.

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The I.T.C. is an earnest effort on the part of four denominations to do something about the problem.

4. The Plan of the Center

1. The Center is a new single institution that will be under the complete control of a Board of 22 trustees. These trustees will elect the President, employ the faculty, determine policies, set the curriculum, promote the financial welfare and hold the property of the Center. Fifteen trustees will be chosen by the participating schools, seven will be members-at-large.

2. Enabling grants. The whole plan of the Center was made possible by two magnificent grants from two national foundations. The Sealantic Fund made an outright grant of $1,750,000. Of this $1,500,000 is for plant construction, and $250,000 is for endowment.

The second foundation, the General Education Board granted $500,000 for endowment. Of this amount $250,000 was immediately available, and $250,000 must be equally matched by the I.T.C.

3. Financial Participation. Each seminary's financial responsibility to the Center will be based upon a per capita instructional rate. Each school will pay $800 for the instruction of each of its students but it must pay for a minimum of 25, or $20,000. For each student over 25 the school will pay $800.

Each seminary will also provide board and housing for its students.

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Funds belonging to the I.T.C. will be "new" money raised by the I.T.C.

5. The Plant

The I.T.C. will be located in the area of the Atlanta University Center on ten acres of land granted to the Center by the University. It is a site of great beauty.

The plant will consist eventually of about twenty buildings. Initially the Center will construct classroom, library, administration, and refectory buildings and a chapel. These buildings will be erected from the $1,500,000 granted by the Sealantic Fund.

In addition, each seminary will erect a dormitory and other buildings of its own. Land for this purpose has been allocated to each school by the Center.

6. Finances

The Center's financial needs and resources are described on the attached sheets.

7. General Character of the Center

The Center will be one of the outstanding theological schools of the nation. It will have a much larger and more highly qualified faculty, a more varied curriculum, and a more intensive program of practical training than any or all of the schools. It will more than meet all standards of accreditation. It makes it possible for all of the participating schools to be accredited,

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whereas only Gammon was before. Thus three major Negro denominations can now have accredited theological schools.

There is room in the Center for other denominations. It is expected that two or three others will eventually join.

The Center opened September 15, 1959 on the campus formerly occupied by Gammon. It will move to its new site by September, 1960.

8. An Appeal

The Center is already proving its effectiveness as a means of meeting a serious need in American religion and American life. It is to the end of maintaining and increasing this effectiveness that we are seeking assistance.

9/25/59

SOURCES OF INCOME OF

THE INTERDENOMINATIONAL THEOLOGICAL CENTER

July 1, 1959 to June 30, 1960

FROM THE PARTICIPATING INSTITUTIONS:		
Gammon Theological Seminary	$50,000.00	
Morehouse School of Religion	20,000.00	
Phillips School of Theology	20,000.00	
Turner Theological Seminary	20,000.00	
		$110,000.00
FROM THE UNITED NEGRO COLLEGE FUND		20,000.00
FROM AUXILIARY ENTERPRISES (Including student room and board, faculty housing and other services)		30,000.00
FROM INVESTED (ENDOWMENT) FUNDS		20,000.00
TOTAL INCOME		$180,000.00

EXPENDITURES OF

THE INTERDENOMINATIONAL THEOLOGICAL CENTER

July 1, 1959 to June 30, 1960

INSTRUCTION	$90,000
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	30,000
ADMINISTRATION	35,000
LIBRARY	15,000
OTHER EXPENDITURES	10,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	$180,000

9/25/59

CAPITAL AND ENDOWMENT RESOURCES
OF THE
INTERDENOMINATIONAL THEOLOGICAL CENTER

A. For plant construction
(unconditional grant from the Sealantic Fund) $1,500,000

B. For endowment

1. Unconditional grant from the Sealantic Fund	$250,000	
2. Unconditional grant from the General Education Board	250,000	
Amount of endowment funds presently under investment		$500,000

C. Conditional Grants for Endowment

1. From the General Education Board to be equally matched by I.T.C.	$250,000	
2. Conditional grant toward the $250,000 (dependent upon the I.T.C. raising balance or $150,000 by Dec. 31,1959)	100,000	
Total conditional grants		$350,000

D. Amount I.T.C. must raise by Dec. 31, 1959 to claim conditional sums above. $150,000

E. The I.T.C. will need a minimum of $2,000,000 of endowment for an adequate assured annual income of $80,000. If the I.T.C. raises the $150,000 by Dec. 31, 1959, it will have $1,000,000 of endowment. Toward the second $1,000,000 the Center is now seeking an additional $500,000

F. Summary: Capital and Endowment Needs of the Center:

1. Immediate need: $150,000 to be raised by December 31, 1959

2. Larger need: $500,000 to be raised as soon as possible toward the goal of $2,000,000 in endowment

3. Over-all present financial goal of the I.T.C = $650,000

9/25/59

VIA AIR MAIL

November 23, 1959

Mr. Ernest R. Dickson
Bank of New York
530 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Dickson:

This is to give you written confirmation of our telephone conversation of last Friday, authorizing you on behalf of the Southern Regional Council to sell the stock given to the Council by Mrs. Stephen R. Currier. The proceeds should be remitted to the Southern Regional Council, in care of the undersigned, at the address shown above.

We are grateful for your cooperation in this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF

. . . . HAROLD C. FLEMING . . . .

11/25

Dear Jane Lee,

Bless you for moving so fast on the Burnsville gift -- and my thanks for a very pleasant two days in the Taconic orbit.

If you'll forgive a very hasty and informal progress report, I've started the ball rolling on the following:

1. Talked to Richardson. The in-service training idea fits into his plans perfectly, and you should receive a supplementary letter from him shortly, revising his request accordingly.

2. Requests from local Urban Leagues should be in the works presently. They may not all be meritorious, but I think they will honestly reflect local thinking. Clarence Coleman understands the situation and will be of great help.

3. With Will Campbell's help, we are working on the list of Southern clergymen and churches. Once the list is completed and you-all have approved it, I propose that we quietly sound out everyone on it; this will take some doing in the time available, but will eliminate backfires.

4. As to Will's own program, I think you may be hearing from Espy. In any case, I'll be forwarding some letters from appropriate persons testifying to the importance of the work.

(more)

5. I reached George Hunton just before heading forthe airport. You've probably heard from him by now. I'll await further word on how this one looks to you.

6. In a conversation with Ralph McGill yesterday, I mentioned the likelihood that he would be hearing from Stephen about the possibility of a get-together. I suggested that he be thinking, among other things, of ways in which his own contribution to the Southern situation could be enlarged. As promised, I'm sending Stephen a copy of the new collection of McGill's columns.

7. There was a mix-up in my getting the material describing the literacy program which Mayes Behrman is coordinating. I should have it soon and will pass along enough to enable you to make a judgment.

I'll be writing and/or talking with you soon about the other ideas we discussed, and a few we didn't. If for any reason at all my projected return engagement on December 3 becomes inconvenient, don't be bashful about letting me know. Otherwise, I'll look forward to seeing you again then.

My best,

Harold

Cr. Pol. Jrnl

November 30, 1959

via air mail

Mr. Frank Loescher
United States - South Africa Leader
Exchange Program
345 East 46th Street
New York 17, New York

Dear Frank:

I have taken a good bit of time -- no doubt two much -- to mull over the draft of your letter to Mrs. Eddy. It improves rather than otherwise on re-reading, and I can think of nothing to add - unless you have a letter from an exchangee like Carter or McCandless supporting the argument.

One small suggestion: It might be wise to eliminate the second of the two references to me -- lest it appear we are conniving! I still hope I will have a chance to exert a favorable influence if the question reaches a tip-point and could do so more effectively if I were above suspicion of self-interest or special leading. It would be helpful to mention John Wheeler's visit to South Africa under the program. C. has heard much of him and is impressed by the reports. This would bear out, too, the value of the program as a broadening influence on leaders in American race relations.

Enjoyed meeting the Heys and deVilliers. I think deVilliers, in particular, benefited from the Atlanta exposure to race relations.

We have arranged talks with a "moderate" segregationist for two or three of your people -- Gericke, for example. But it's difficult to do so often, since

we only have one on the string. The only alternative is to direct them to the spokesmen for Georgia's official and political point of view -- which is pretty irrational and extreme. Let me have your views on the desirability of this.

All the best.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

H CF/mf

P. S. -- I'll be briefly in NYC next Thursday and Friday, December 3 & 4. Suspect you'll be in Philadelphia, but I'll try to call your office anyway.

H.C.F.

AFRICAN–AMERICAN INSTITUTE

UNITED STATES – SOUTH AFRICA LEADER
EXCHANGE PROGRAM

Program Director & General Secretary:
F. S. LOESCHER
345 EAST 46TH STREET
NEW YORK 17, N. Y.
CABLES NYAFRAM
PHONE: YUKON 6-5320

South African Secretary:
N. J. J. OLIVIER
P. O. BOX 225
STELLENBOSCH
SOUTH AFRICA

November 18, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Enclosed is a photocopy of a letter from Mrs. Eddy and a first draft of a reply.

I wonder what you think of the idea of my replying and, secondly, whether you have some suggestions for my reply.

I hope you have not been swamped by the Heys and de Villiers.

Best regards.

Sincerely,

Frank S. Loescher

Frank S. Loescher

FSL:mb

P.S. I hope you and your people will advise our South Africans on how to meet articulate segregationists. Groenewald missed this. He tells me he did enjoy his time with Bill Gordon. Please say thanks to Paul Anthony for me.

(Dictated, but not signed due to departure.)

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE: G. H. BENNETT (U.S.A.); C. B. BRINK (S.A.—VICE-CHAIRMAN); W. O. BROWN (U.S.A.); G. W. CARPENTER (U.S.A.); H. GOLDBERG (S.A.); H. K. HOCHSCHILD (U.S.A.); L. M. HOSKINS (U.S.A.—VICE-CHAIRMAN); W. A. LANDMAN (S.A.); F. S. LOESCHER (U.S.A.—PROGRAM DIRECTOR); R. W. LOGAN (U.S.A.); M. S. LOUW (S.A.); E. O'C. MAGGS (S.A.); E. S. MUNGER (U.S.A.); N. J. J. OLIVIER (S.A.—SOUTH AFRICAN SECRETARY); L. PAFFRATH (U.S.A.); A. PIFER (U.S.A.); G. V. RICHDALE (U.S.A.); A. E. RUPERT (S.A.); K. P. G. SCHOEMAN (S.A.); L. V. STEERE (U.S.A.); T. P. STRATTEN (S.A.); W. G. SUTTON (S.A.); H. B. THOM (S.A.); T. L. TUCKER (U.S.A.); H. J. VAN ECK (S.A—CHAIRMAN); F. J. VAN WYK (S.A.); J. B. WEBB (S.A.).

DRAFT

November 18, 1959

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy, Executive Secretary
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

Thank you for your letter of October 26th. I want you and Mr. Currier to know how much I appreciate your taking time to consider our program.

I appreciate the fact that you have to set some limits on your program and one way of doing this is to draw a line between American intergroup relations and programs whose scope goes beyond the United States.

Perhaps it is because my own work in intergroup relations during the past twenty years has gradually encompassed an area which has problems very similar to ours that I am so sensitive to the interrelationship between South African and American race relations.

We make much and rightly of the marvelous example of Hawaii and we encourage a Senator of Chinese descent to visit Asia. If South Africa can find the way to accommodate with justice an even more complex population, the world will have no excuse for being pessimistic about the future relations between white men and the vast majority of the world that is colored.

Because Mr. Currier is deeply concerned about American race relations, I am taking the liberty of advancing the thought that what happens in South Africa has great meaning and influence for American race relations and vice versa. I won't attempt a full exposition. Perhaps a few examples will illustrate my point.

Harold Fleming of the Southern Regional Council tells me that extreme right wing papers in the South reprint stories from a South African right-wing monthly. Conversely, I have clippings of attacks by White Citizens Councils on our exchangees, Hodding Carter, David McCandless, Guy Johnson and Roswell Barnes, which have been used by this extremist paper in the Union.

Last week's Times carried a story on blood transfusions, reporting on a

paper that advanced the thesis that less danger was involved if the donor and recipient of blood were of the same race. It was interesting to note that the Times followed this with an East London, South Africa, AP story that the head of the local Red Cross blood transfusion service challenged the American doctor's thesis.

Let me cite one more example. The publication of the American Council of Churches, a fundamentalist Protestant body with extra conservative political, economic and social views, sends its publication, I am told, to every Dutch Reformed clergyman in the Union.

Here is more evidence of the struggle for men's minds. We are becoming accustomed to saying that there is a national ideological struggle in the area of race relations. As the above examples indicate, it is already international.

The point of all this is that I should like to have a chat with you about the value of the United States-South Africa Leader Exchange Program in terms of your special interests. Our program not only is aimed at freeing South Africa from its isolation but also at counteracting the influence of right wing groups in both countries through the exchange of able informed representatives of both countries.

Along this line we should like to send to the Union persons like Ralph McGill and Harold Fleming for factual information they could share about the South, and conversely for the influence their writings would have on their return on Southern opinion.

I want you to know how much I appreciate what you are doing for American race relations. As a Quaker and member of the Board of Directors of the American Friends Service Committee, I am very grateful for your gifts to the AFSC and also to the Atlanta Friends Center. My only desire in writing you at such length is

to put the case for the United States-South Africa Leader Exchange Program as a contribution to American race relations.

Cordially,

Frank S. Loescher
Program Director and
General Secretary

FSL:mb

October 26, 1959

Mr. Frank S. Loescher
United States - South Africa Leader
Exchange Program
345 East 46th Street
New York 17, New York

Dear Mr. Loescher:

We appreciate very much the materials you have sent us about the United States - South Africa Leader Exchange Program.

I have discussed these materials at length with Mr. Currier and I am sorry to write you that your program does not fall within the Taconic Foundation's scope of interests. As you know, our Board has firmly committed itself to work in the field of intergroup relations, but it has delimited itself from participation in programs whose scope goes beyond the United States. Mr. Currier particularly wanted you to know that he wishes you every success in this fine undertaking and hopes you will understand the necessity which he and the Taconic Foundation feel to set some limits, arbitrary as they may be, to areas which the Foundation will support.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

RECEIVED DEC 4 1959

November 30, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The Taconic Foundation herewith forwards its check in the amount of $176.83 in reimbursement of the expenses incurred by you in relation to your meeting with the Taconic Foundation on October 29, 1959.

RJA
12/7/59

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee J. Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel
Encl.

VIA AIR MAIL

November 30, 1959

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

This is to acknowledge most gratefully your letter of November 20 advising us of the transfer of 200 shares of Gulf Oil Capital Stock to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. We have authorized the Bank of New York to sell the shares and remit the net proceeds to the Council.

The Council's official receipt, executed according to your instructions by our Secretary-Treasurer, is enclosed. We have also carefully noted the fact that the gift is to be treated as anonymous.

As you know, this contribution is of invaluable assistance to the work of the Southern Regional Council and the State Councils on Human Relations. Our President, Mr. James McBride Dabbs, will shortly be writing Mr. and Mrs. Currier a further expression of the Council's appreciation for their continued confidence and support.

I will see that you receive periodic reports on the Council's program activities and financial status. Meanwhile, with every good wish, I am

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

200 shares Gulf oil @ 105 1/8

21,025.00 Gross

99.45 Brokerage fee

8.40 Int

24.— Int

$20,893.15 Net (check 11/30/59)

Receipt shows the amt

STEIN Craftsmen

MUrray 8-4546

THE STEIN PRINTING COMPANY • 161 LUCKIE STREET N.W. • ATLANTA 3, GA.

Copy sent to J. M. Robbins 11/30/59

CURRIER & COMPANY
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

November 20, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to let you know that arrangements have been made to transfer 200 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock with an approximate value of $21,200 to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. They have today authorized The Bank of New York, 530 Fifth Avenue, New York 36, New York, to deliver these shares to a temporary account in the name of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. If you wish, The Bank of New York will be glad to arrange for the sale of these shares and to remit the net proceeds of the sale to the Southern Regional Council. I am enclosing a copy of this letter which you may find convenient for indicating to The Bank of New York your instructions as to the disposition of the shares.

As Mr. Currier has told you, this contribution represents a portion of the gift which he and Mrs. Currier intend to make to the Southern Regional Council for support of the State Councils and for the general budget this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Currier have no wish for publicity of any kind in connection with this gift. Would you be kind enough to see that their names do not appear on any list, published or otherwise, and that their anonymity is preserved in every respect.

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York 19, New York.

Mr. Harold C. Fleming November 20, 1959

Mr. and Mrs. Currier send their good wishes for the continued fine work of the Southern Regional Council.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. and Mrs. Currier

JLE:sel

November 30, 1959

Mr. James M. Dabbs
Rip Raps Plantation
Mayesville, South Carolina

Dear Mr. Dabbs:

The enclosed copy of Mrs. Eddy's letter will explain the letter to Mr. and Mrs. Currier prepared for your signature. As always, I know you will feel free to rewrite the latter to taste.

The Curriers have committed $25,000 per year for three years in general support of SRC and $25,000 per year for two years to be distributed by us among the state councils. We have thought it best to defer notice to the State Councils until the Executive Committee has met and approved a plan of allocation. — State

Best regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1.

November 30, 1959

Mr. & Mrs. Stephen R. Currier
Stephen R. Currier & Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. & Mrs. Currier:

Mr. Fleming has informed me of your generous contribution in further support of the Southern Regional Council and the State Councils on Human Relations.

Both on behalf of the Council and personally, I want to express deep appreciation for this support. The fact that you have elected to assist the Council's general operating budget makes this an especially important and effective gift, and one for which we are more than ordinarily grateful. As a long-time president of the South Carolina Council on Human Relations, I also know at first-hand how much this assistance means to the state groups.

We are mindful of your wish that this contribution be regarded as confidential and will see that your anonymity is preserved.

I hope you will feel free to call on me, Mr. Fleming, or any of our other officers and staff members for such advice or assistance as may be helpful. Your interest in the progress of race relations is exceedingly important to all of us.

Sincerely yours,

James M. Dabbs
President

JMD/mf

VIA AIR MAIL

December 2, 1959

Mr. Ernest R. Dickson
The Bank of New York
530 Fifth Avenue
New York 36, New York

Dear Mr. Dickson:

This is to confirm my verbal authorization, given by telephone today, to sell and remit to the Southern Regional Council the net proceeds of 200 shares of Gulf Oil stock, representing part of the gift of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier.

We will, as before, send to Mrs. Currier the Southern Regional Council's official receipt for the gross amount realized from sale of this stock.

Your cooperation is greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

December 8, 1959

Mr. George K. Hunton
The Catholic Interracial Council of New York
20 Vesey Street
New York 7, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Hunton:

We are pleased to know that you will undertake to explore with Bishop Waters the program which Mr. Currier and I discussed with you last week.

In answer to the questions which you raised this morning about the form in which proposals usually come to the Taconic Foundation, may I suggest that it would be helpful if the proposal were to include the following points:

1. Background situation out of which need for a program arises (within the specific setting, that is).

2. Definition of program and outline of its proposed operation.

3. Timetable for the program's completion or, if the program is to continue more or less indefinitely, evidence of how it will be supported after the initial Foundation grant runs out.

4. Cost.

5. Sources of support other than the Taconic Foundation.

6. Anticipated goals or results of program.

In response to your specific question, it is not the policy of the Taconic Foundation to undertake long term, sustaining support of organizations or specific programs. The Foundation does not make grants of more than three years' duration, and the vast majority of our grants are for a one year period. When support is given for more than one year,

Continued.....

the Foundation's policy normally is to make a two year grant with provision for review at the end of the second year to establish the basis for possible continuation of the program into the third year.

As I indicated to you in our conversation this morning, the Foundation will reimburse The Catholic Interracial Council for your expenses in relation to the meeting with Bishop Waters. It is understood that these expenses will be between $100 and $150. Enclosed please find the Foundation's expense form.

We will look forward to hearing from you upon your return from Raleigh.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lbm

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

December 8, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

It was good to see you again last week as always.

I hope there will be some decisions about some of the things we discussed when the Board meets on Thursday. I will let you know. Meanwhile, I will look forward to having from you the memorandum on Public Policy and information about any other tidbits which come your way.

We seem to be at least one trip behind on expense checks, but we will try to do better. Enclosed is a check in payment of your expenses for your visit November 19-20th.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lbm

Catherine is ecstatic about her little red pocketbook & will be sending word to that effect to Sally shortly. XX. JL

DATE

TO

FROM Mrs. Stephen Currier

SUBJECT

Re: Receipt for → 21,800.00

Brokerage Fee 100.24

Federal Int 8.72

State Int 24.00

Net to SRC 21,667.04

12/9/59

ivan allen

GA.: Atlanta Augusta Columbus Gainesville Macon Rome
ALA.: Gadsden S. C.: Greenville
TENN.: Athens Chattanooga

MANUFACTURERS OF AMCO SET SNAP-OUT FORMS

21.667.04
20.893.15
5017

December 9, 1959

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

We acknowledge gratefully your letter of December 2 advising us of the second transfer of 200 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock to the Southern Regional Council. The Council's official receipt for the gross proceeds, made out to Mrs. Currier, is enclosed.

I thought you would want to know that Mr. Ernest Dickson of the Bank of New York has been remarkably prompt and helpful in disposing of the shares and remitting the proceeds following our instructions.

With continued appreciation and kindest regards to Mr. and Mrs. Currier and to you, I am

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

We acknowledge gratefully your letter of December 2 advising us of the second transfer of 200 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock to the Southern Regional Council. The Council's official receipt for the gross proceeds, made out to Mrs. Currier, is enclosed.

I thought you would want to know that Mr. Ernest Dickson of the Bank of New York has been remarkably prompt and helpful in disposing of the shares and remitting the proceeds following our instructions.

With continued appreciation and kindest regards to Mr. and Mrs. Currier and to you, I am

Sincerely yours,

HCF

enc.
Receipt

CURRIER & COMPANY
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

RECEIVED DEC 4 1959

December 2, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to let you know that arrangements have been made to transfer 200 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock with an approximate value of $21,200 to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. They have today authorized The Bank of New York, 530 Fifth Avenue, New York 36, New York, to deliver these shares to a temporary account in the name of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. If you wish, The Bank of New York will be glad to arrange for the sale of these shares and to remit the net proceeds of the sale to the Southern Regional Council. I am enclosing a copy of this letter which you may find convenient for indicating to The Bank of New York your instructions as to the disposition of the shares.

As Mr. Currier has told you, this contribution represents a portion of the gift which he and Mrs. Currier intend to make to the Southern Regional Council for support of the State Councils and for the general budget this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Currier have no wish for publicity of any kind in connection with this gift. Would you be kind enough to see that their names do not appear on any list, published or otherwise, and that their anonymity is preserved in every respect.

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it

Mr. Harold C. Fleming December 2, 1959

to her care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue,
New York 19, New York.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee J. Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. and Mrs. Currier

JLE:sel

Inter-Office Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To: Mr. Fleming

Date December 10, 1959

From: Mrs. Eddy

Subject: Interdenominational Theological Center

The Board has just voted the grant to the Interdenominational Theological Center---$25,000 a year for three years. We will let Richardson know as soon as we can, certainly by the end of the year. If you want to let him know informally now, I'm sure he would be pleased. If he were in New York I would telephone him myself.

We did not get to any of the other projects in which you have a special interest today. We go at it again on the 21st, but I think there may be some action between times and I will keep you posted.

Inter-Office
Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To: HF

From: JCE

Date 12/11/59

Subject:

Mary Hawkes -

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE

TWENTY WEST FORTIETH STREET • NEW YORK 18, N.Y. • LOngacre 3-6890

Please direct reply to:
SOUTHEAST REGIONAL OFFICE NAACP
859½ Hunter Street, N. W.
Room 107
Atlanta, Ga.
Telephone: MUrray 8-8869

December 2, 1959

RECEIVED DEC 4 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

We understand that Will Campbell's office is having some financial problems. Of course, this is almost universal in race relations agencies, but his is one that is sorely needed in these times. We hope assistance can come from somewhere.

It is our firm belief that the awakening of the christian conscience and positive action by the Church are concomitants with other programs necessary to better race relations in these and other times, particularly in the "Bible Belt". Will's Office has done and is doing more in this area of concern than any other that we know.

His display of vision and imagination, and the innumerable people with whom he has contact combine to open roads for better understanding. We could never properly express our appreciation for the tremendous amount of encouragement and cooperation he gave in our planning for and execution of the South Wide Conference of Religious Leaders which we projected in the spring. He ran interference for us in getting Everett Tilson, and several other participants who helped make the meeting a success. In addition, the contribution he made as one of the discussion leaders was of inestimable worth.

On the surface, this may be of little significance, but it is only an indication of his worth to all of us.

Sincerely yours,

SOUTHEAST REGIONAL OFFICE

Ruby Hurley

Ruby Hurley
Regional Secretary

RH/bp

RACE RELATIONS DEPARTMENT
AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION DIVISION
BOARD OF HOME MISSIONS, CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCHES
FISK UNIVERSITY OFFICE
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

HERMAN H. LONG, DIRECTOR

JOHN HOPE, II
DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

December 3, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Flemming:

I understand that an appeal is being made through you for foundation assistance in connection with the work which Will Campbell has been doing in the South through the National Council of Churches. I should like to express to you my profound appreciation for both Mr. Campbell and the work he has been doing with and through the churches and religiously motivated groups in the South.

I consider his work a most delicate and yet essential kind of statesmanship among a segment of the South's leadership which is largely scattered and without any single organic base. His work under National Council auspices has been helpful, especially where there are sympathetic state and local councils of churches and ministerial associations. And yet, his role has been a somewhat lonely one. His knowledge of the region, his clear sense of purpose, and his good humor in a difficult assignment have made him effective in situations where others of equal competence would have failed. I consider his role and function unique, for he is working with the largest leadership potential we have available in the South these days.

I would urge upon the foundations considering his work not merely an amount to sustain his present level of operation, but rather a grant which would strengthen his work in two essential ways: (1) provide at least two additional professional associates on his staff, and (2) provide adequate support for his work for at least a five year period. It is impossible, as you know, for even good and effective people to do what needs to be done under almost continuous uncertainty of the termination of a program. Also, I think we all recognize now that the work to be done in the South is not in the nature of a temporary emergency and palliative. It is a long-range task of giving a new direction to a region and people which have been largely provincial in outlook and self-conception.

You have my wholehearted endorsement and encouragement of the proposal for supporting the work of Will Campbell.

With every good wish,

Sincerely yours,

Herman H. Long

VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY
NASHVILLE 5 TENNESSEE

The Divinity School

November 30, 1959

RECEIVED DEC 3 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

It gives me a great deal of pleasure to write these words in appreciation of the work of the Rev. Mr. Will Campbell, Associate Executive Secretary of Racial and Cultural Relations for the National Council of Churches of Christ in America, with special responsibility for the Southern Region. My interest and activities in the field of race relations has brought me into contact with many of the people and several of the organizations which have been active and effective in this area. None of these contacts has brought me in touch with a person who, in my opinion, has done more to combine theological depth and personal appreciation in his approach to this highly explosive issue. Despite Mr. Campbell's very strong convictions and emancipated views on this problem, he combines a profound understanding of the perverseness of human nature and his own limitations, which preclude the entertainment of utopian solutions to America's "greatest dilemma" or the exaggeration of his own possible contribution in this area. For these reasons, along with others I shall mention in other paragraphs, I have come to feel that Mr. Campbell represents precisely the sort of person whom the church most desperately needs to lead this phase of its work in the South at this particular time. In other words, as I see it, he is the right man in the right place at the right time.

Needless to point out, not all of the churches of the South have been enthusiastic in support of the National Council, and even some of those who have supported this organization have not subscribed wholeheartedly to its stand on race. Consequently, for a variety of reasons, the support of Mr. Campbell's program has not been as generous as it could have been or as extensive as I feel it ought to be. I

hope that additional funds will be forthcoming in the future, so that he can expand his operation and enlarge his program.

Many of the people at work in the field of race relations have been one-sided, it seems to me, in their approach. This has been especially true of churchmen at work in this area. If they have had a solid grounding in theology, they have lacked a genuine appreciation of psychology and/or sociology. If they have had adequate grounding in one or the other of the latter disciplines, they have usually been largely devoid of theological background and insight. Mr. Campbell has the unusual distinction of combining a good background in sociology, an adequate understanding of psychology with an unusual facility in communicating theology at the popular and cultural levels. This variety of background, preparation and effectiveness give to the program of Mr. Campbell a richness and potential seldom found and rarely to be expected from other people at work on this problem.

Our greatest need at this time in the South in the area of race relations is not for more people or more programs. Our desperate need is for better people and better programs. [redacted] A long step in the direction of the meeting of this need can be made, I am convinced, by underwriting on an expanded basis the undertaking and activities of such people as Will Campbell. I strongly urge the use of your good offices toward the achievement of this end.

If I can do, or if I can add, anything at any time that might enlist a larger support or new interest in the work and program of Mr. Will Campbell and the National Council of Churches through its racial and cultural division, I shall be only too happy to do so.

Respectfully submitted,

Everett Tilson

Everett Tilson
Associate Professor of
Biblical Theology

ET:ewh

cc: Mr. Harold Fleming

December 11, 1959

The Reverend Walter Dennis
Cathedral of St. John The Divine
Amsterdam Avenue & 112th Street
New York, New York

Dear Reverend Dennis:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to send to you the enclosed contribution in the amount of $1,000 to be used for the purpose of holding an Episcopal Conference under the direction of The Reverend John B. Morris.

You will understand that Mr. and Mrs. Currier have no wish for personal publicity of any kind in connection with this gift. Would you be kind enough to see that their anonymity is preserved.

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York 19, New York.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. and Mrs. Currier

JLE:sel
Encl.

cc: The Reverend John B. Morris
Atlanta, Georgia

December 11, 1959

The Reverend John B. Morris
3502 Piedmont Road, N. E.
Atlanta 5, Georgia

Dear Reverend Morris:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to let you know that they have today made a contribution of $1,000 to the Cathedral of St. John The Divine for the purpose of supporting the Episcopal Conference sometime soon after Christmas, which you described in your letter to Mr. Currier of November 6, 1959.

Mr. and Mrs. Currier send their best wishes for the success of the Conference and look forward to hearing the results of its work.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. and Mrs. Currier

JLE:sel

cc: Mr. Harold Fleming

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

Hall

December 11, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Mr. Garrison has passed along a proposal which he received from Joseph Mire, Executive Director, of the National Institute of Labor Education, for a proposal on Inter-Group Relations.

Mr. Mire's covering letter indicates that he has discussed this proposal with you and that you find it to be extremely worth while.

The gist of the proposal is a series of workshops and training programs to be conducted by the National Institute of Labor Education during the next two years. I am enclosing a copy of the proposal.

Mr. Garrison would appreciate it very much if you would give us your candid reactions and criticisms.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lm

PROPOSAL ON INTER-GROUP RELATIONS

1. Too big & miscellaneous a package
2. Start smaller - grow
3. Only "A" specifically in the Field.
4. Vague on Universities + "Consultants"
5. C $10K for A?
6. Role of unions & NTL-CTC? How much cooperation - finances, leave, etc?

The National Institute of Labor Education

Madison, Wisconsin

June 1959

PROPOSAL ON INTER-GROUP RELATIONS

I. INTRODUCTION

THE LABOR MOVEMENT -- A FACTOR IN AMERICAN SOCIETY

Approximately eighteen million workers are today members of bona fide labor organizations. Besides improving the social and economic well-being of workers, unions play an increasingly important role in industry as well as in the affairs of our communities, state, and local government, the nation, and indeed the world. This is no less true in the southern part of the country where unions in the light of increased and widespread industrialization, are growing rapidly, overcoming slowly but gradually various obstacles in the way of organization of workers.

PURPOSE OF PROPOSAL

It is generally recognized that the labor movement could play a most crucial role in overcoming racial prejudice and discriminatory practices. This role is recognized by the top union leadership, and it has found clear expression in various statements and resolutions. On the secondary level of union leadership, however, and among rank and file members, discriminatory attitudes still prevail and offer a serious challenge to union leaders and labor educators.

It is the purpose of this proposal to use the instrumentalities of labor education as a vehicle to translate into action the stated views and public responsibilities of labor in the areas of race relations.

SCOPE OF PROJECT

The National Institute of Labor Education proposes to sponsor during the next two years the following projects:

(A) Human Relations Work Shops

Proposed are two residential training institutes of two weeks length each to prepare specially selected union officers to function within the union, the plant, and/or the community as specialists on race and religious minority problems.

(B) Experimental Programs in Literacy Education for Rank and File Members

Proposed are about 10 programs running for a period of ten weeks, meeting once a week, in ten different unions and/or localities. Some successful experiences in content and methodology may spur other educational efforts in that area on the part of unions, government, and possibly other agencies.

(C) Training Programs for Local Union Leaders

Suggested are 5 one-week residential institutes each year for about 25 union officers each. The curriculum will be designed to meet the needs of local union leaders for effective internal and external administration of union affairs so as to enable them to pull their full weight in community affairs.

(D) Training Programs for Full-Time Staff of Unions in the South

Recommended are two pilot residential training schools each year of 4 weeks length and about 20 students each, for both Negro and white union staff members. A sprinkling of union officers who offer potential promise of full-time services might be included. The curriculum will cover such subject matters as: union administration, economics, community relations, and educational methods and techniques.

(E) Conference on Labor Education

At mid-point or somewhere between mid-point and the end of the program, a conference of labor educators in the South will be convened composed of representatives from unions, educational institutions, and other interested persons to evaluate the progress of the forementioned program and suggest possible changes and new directions.

A detailed description and discussion of the forementioned proposals will be found on pages 7-14.

II. REASONS FOR PROPOSAL

It is commonplace to remark on the social revolution taking place in the South. The reality of extensive, rapid, and pattern-shattering change is there to be seen. Much less common are proposals, with some possibility of effectuation, which would lead the South and the Nation towards a meaningful, peaceful, and democratic settlement of the problems which have arisen. It is obvious to thoughtful observers that there is no one grand strategy that could either be adopted by the South or imposed on it. The South itself presents far too much variety for a single answer to have meaning. Its institutions--social, political, economic, religious--reflect this diversity not only in the great sub-regions of the South, but in regions within states and between urban and rural areas. It is important to be candid and to recognize that no one organization--nor even any conceivable combination of efforts--will effect an immediate cure. To accept the limits of what a carefully thought out project can do is not a show of modesty, but a coming to grips with the bounds of the effort and its potential, in order to husband available energies.

The proposals made here are mindful of these limitations. They are aimed primarily at one clientele group--the labor movement of the South--and through one chief channel--labor education. It is evident from the proposals below that other groups would be reached as well: important segments of Southern university life, the communities in which the union members are located, and the non-Southern labor movement.

SOUTHERN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND THE IMPORTANCE OF UNIONS

The new industrial development of the South and its enlivening effect on the whole of the Southern economy is certainly one of the major, and largely unevaluated, causative forces at work in the regions. The rate of industrialization has been impressive and suggests a qualitative change in the economy itself. In the ten year period following World War II, two out of every three counties in the Nation's most rural region acquired one or more new industries. Many doubts have been raised as to the quality of much of this new industry, but it is undisputed that the increase in non-traditional Southern industries has far outstripped any previous period of development. The newer types of industries, accounting for approximately fifty per cent of the total, are characterized by higher rates of pay, higher profits, and greater stability than the traditional Southern industries. Frequently, such plant locations are the result of expansion by a national industry; it is rare that these plants can be labeled as "run-away".

Within this context of economic development, the labor movement has grown in importance in almost every part of the South. While the struggle for union organization continues with only piecemeal success, there is little doubt that the pace of industrialization, the character of new industry, the national ties of many plants in the South and the interest of national unions--in a sense the greater integration

of the Southern economy with the nation's-will lead to increased unionization. The effect of this unionization will extend well beyond the confines of collective bargaining and have an important impact on a number of other problems affecting the South and the Nation.

Two questions are at the heart of the proposals made here:

(1) Will Southern trade union leaders have adequate opportunities to develop the skills and fundamental understandings necessary to responsible and democratic unionism?

(2) Will Southern unions find the techniques, information, understanding, and resulting motivation to play their rightful role in community relations, especially in the overriding matter of racial relations?

These two problems are closely inter-related. The answers which Southern unions give to these problems will be determined largely by the character of their leadership.

Past Practice of Unions in the South. The only safe generalization about race relations in unions in the South is that one can find every conceivable pattern. The gamut ranges from active animosity and absolute exclusion of Negroes to complete and friendly integration in Union and shop. The need for a realistic policy of racial democracy is obvious. Most unions have exemplary constitutional provisions regarding discrimination, and many can point to continuing activities aimed at improved human relations. For a number of reasons, some valid, most of these activities have not found their way into the South. There is a great gap between the "equal pay" slogan and actually providing, or at least not opposing "equal work". This is the crux of the employment problem in the South of today as well as in the rest of the nation.

A growing number of responsible and responsive Southern unionists recognize that a good deal needs to be done to reconcile expressed commitments with day by day practices. Four or five national union sponsored week-long summer schools in the South including some sessions on "Southern Problems". The same is generally true for those few state labor bodies which run their own summer institutes. A number of state AFL-CIO conferences during the year include worthy discussions of racial relations and allied topics. The Southern Labor School--composed of the leadership of 14 state AFL-CIO bodies has made an outstanding contribution in this area. For two years, 1957 and 1958, the Southern Regional Council and the Trade Union Program on Civil Liberties and Rights sponsored an important week-long, staff level pilot institute on race relations and trade unions in the South.

This is impressive work although most of these efforts are limited to two or three hours in a year's time and they have not effectively reached staff except in the case of the Southern Labor School and

the Southern Regional Council's institutes. They are further characterized by their failure to generate permanent on-going activities and to provide a framework for long run cooperation between the labor movement and educational institutions.

COOPERATION BETWEEN UNIONS AND UNIVERSITIES

The most notable recent development in the field of labor education has been the increased cooperation between unions and non-labor agencies, especially universities. While this movement actually started quite early in this country, it got its real impetus only after World War II when substantial numbers of universities followed earlier precedents and established varying degrees of educational services to labor. By 1946 forty such institutions of higher learning were rendering educational services of some kind to labor groups. By 1959, their number had reached the one hundred mark.

THE IULEC EXPERIENCE

An experimental program in labor education conducted between 1952 and 1954 led to some very significant conclusions. This experiment, made possible by a grant from the Fund for Adult Education, was conducted by the Inter-University Labor Education Committee (for short, IULEC), which was organized for the purpose of the experiment. The governing board of the IULEC was composed of eight university and eight labor representatives. The following eight universities shared in the grant: University of California (Los Angeles), University of Chicago, Cornell University, University of Illinois, Pennsylvania State University, Roosevelt University, Rutgers State University, University of Wisconsin.

The experience of the IULEC proved very helpful and fruitful. It demonstrated convincingly that, given the proper care, professional competency, and genuine cooperation, labor and non-labor agencies can work successfully in the field of education and to mutual advantage.

COOPERATION WITH SOUTHERN UNIVERSITIES IS LAGGING

Unfortunately, Southern universities have hardly shared in this wholesome development, nor have state or local governments in the South for that matter which have as yet given little serious thought to meeting the educational needs of workers. Even volunteer teaching services in unions by faculty members are often looked on with disfavor by the educational authorities for fear of antagonizing the legislature. Unfortunately, unions in these areas may also be typically "under-developed". Most of their meager financial resources are likely to be absorbed in a struggle for survival or strengthening their position and little or nothing may be left for educational work. Thus, the gap between needs and services is tremendous. There has been (1) a lack of appropriately dedicated funds,

(2) a failure to pull together the potential resources within the university, (3) much mutual distrust between unions and universities, (4) a lack of understanding of approaches and organization of labor education activities, and (5) an inability to face racial problems both in the sense of subject matter and in the practical arrangements of an educational activity.

THE APPROPRIATENESS OF THE TIME

Important changes are going on in the South. The successful cooperation between unions and universities in the North has not gone unnoticed. There is now enough interest in several universities to at least make a beginning towards such cooperation, i.e. of working with unions in the field of education. Unions too, are softening their traditional fear and distrust of working with universities. In addition, the need for training of union officers and particularly union staff in the administration of unions as well as in the handling of race relation problems is increasingly recognized by union leaders. All this would indicate that the time is ripe for more ambitious efforts, in the development of university-labor cooperation.

in race relations

COMPETENCY OF THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF LABOR EDUCATION

The National Institute of Labor Education seems uniquely qualified to undertake the proposed task. Its board of Directors (see p. 17) for full list of members) is composed of outstanding persons from the field of education, public affairs, and labor.

During its short existence--2 years--it has received strong support from the official labor movement, both financial and otherwise. Its basic concept has been reviewed and endorsed by the Executive Council of the AFL-CIO and all its labor members serve on the board of Directors as official appointees of President George Meany.

Therefore, the National Institute of Labor Education has a built-in contact and approach to the labor movement which no other non-labor agency can match and point to. It stands at a strategic point to assume responsibility for an undertaking which presents many problems of delicate and serious concern to the labor movement and the public.

III. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSALS

(A) Human Relations Workshops

We recommend that one workshop be held each year of the two year project.

Carl Henderson Schutter?

Only one national union has a person assigned solely to fair practices and civil rights work in the South. In this instance "the South" is everything south of Philadelphia. There are less than a handful of line union officers who have any significant knowledge or training in handling of inter-group relations. There have been two or three one-week institutes which concentrated on race relations problems as they affect unions. Enough has been done through these institutes and incidental training to indicate: (a) that such work is badly needed, (b) that there are effective approaches to union leadership for training in race relations, and (c) that imagination and effort will produce participants of high quality for such programs.

Unions have many practical reasons for interest in human relations. Race relations issues arise within local unions, in organizing campaigns, in union political efforts, in the unions relations with the community, and in on-the-job relations. Trained union leaders can mean three important things to unions in the South and to the South itself.

1. Men who must face real and frustrating human relations problems will have supportive skills and information for meeting them with increased effectiveness. Union leaders have status in groups important to the South's future. What is needed are trained people with operational sense and staying power rather than mere trouble shooters sent in for short periods of time.

2. National, regional, and local unions will gain a combination of (a) trouble shooter, (b) sensitive eyes and ears, and (c) conscience based on understanding. Numerous internationals have been concerned with race relations among their constituencies. No consistent programs have evolved, and, in general, they have found it exceedingly difficult to maintain any sort of steady policy. This situation is due to faulty perspective. Either events in the South were being judged from afar or else, the union's reporters from the South reflected their own sectionalism and lack of information. In recent years this has often meant that the international took a much too conservative view of what could be done in the region. Perhaps, the most impressive union actions in the South have been by Southern leaders who have been sensitized to the call of twentieth century democracy. National unions feel they do not understand the South and wish to avoid upsets among their affiliates. For these and related reasons the project proposal here holds promise for assisting both the understanding and action of the non-Southern labor movement.

3. The trained leaders will get to know each other across union and racial lines thereby overcoming their sense of isolation and building a fellowship useful to common purpose. Beyond this they will develop working relations with friendly agencies and academic institutions which will be useful in the continuing attack on union problems regarding discrimination and civil rights. The two-week programs would be preceded by careful selection of the participants. The staff of the institute would combine academic insights and practical experience.

Curriculum. The curriculum would be focused on giving an understanding in depth and breadth of the Southern situations, and include subjects which provide specific information and skills. Included in the courses would be: Socio-economic development of the Southern region; constitutional and legal developments in the struggle for equality; civil rights and the politics of the South; psychological and biological facts about race and prejudice; the program of action agencies in the South; problems in manpower utilization; organizational aims; methods and materials; union race relations problems: (a) in organizing, (b) in the local, (c) in the central labor body.

Location of Programs. One two-week program would be offered each of the two years of the project. An attempt would be made to hold the two programs in different parts of the South. The program planners would be mindful of the need for advanced work in the second year if it seemed advisable to have repeat students.

Budget

60 tuition scholarships at 40.	$2,400.00
Room and board at $7 per day for 13 days for 60 people	5,460.00
Contingency	500.00
Total	$8,360.00

Union Contributions: The appropriate union body, usually the international, would be expected to pay for lost time and other expenses, including travel.

(B) Experimental Programs in Literacy Education for Rank and File Members

We recommend that ten literacy education classes of ten weeks duration each be held throughout the South. Each class would have from ten to fifteen students. Although in general, these classes would be limited to members of unions, persons acceptable to the local sponsoring groups and the educational institution would be admitted where there was room. This would especially apply to members of the families of unionists.

This project is simple in concept. It would differ from other attempts at literacy education in that it would reach adults through a particular interest channel. It is our belief that the union, in those areas where illiteracy is the highest, represents a complex of motivation and organization that make it especially suitable for reaching those persons who need the training. The union introduces such persons to a new world and to a new sense of importance. Lost interests in elementary skills are rekindled. The sense of belonging--and concomitantly, that the organization belongs to them--provides special incentives. There are tasks to be performed, job rights to be protected, information from headquarters and other sources to be digested. Also, in unions workers meet as a homogeneous group bound together by common problems, common educational levels, common experience and training and using the union as a center of educational activities results in maximum efficiency in the use of educational techniques, materials, and methods, all of which can be closely adjusted to the needs of the group.

These programs would be conducted on a local level by an appropriate educational institution, not necessarily located in the community. The program would be sufficiently flexible to offer more intensive work where needed and advanced programs where the community situation warrants it.

Literacy education largely has been untouched by unions. The record of the South is poor in recognizing that adult illiterates can find a new impetus in life which readies them for learning. A few demonstrations should go far in helping public agencies, specialized university services, unions, and voluntary endeavors to understand what can be done when teaching energy combines with learning motivation in this elementary area of education.

Budget

Instructional fees, $25 per session for ten sessions for ten classes	$2,500.00
Materials, rent where needed, contingency	1,000.00
Travel for instructors 8 cents per mile for an average of 40 miles per class each way	640.00
TOTAL	$4,140.00

Financing. The chief anticipated costs in this project are for instruction, time, rent of meeting place, and travel for the instructor to class. We estimate a possible travel distance of 40 miles to class or a total of 80 miles per teaching night. Rent is likely to be an item for some of these classes; we are assuming free space for most of them.

(C) Training of Local Union Leaders

We recommend that ten one-week institutes be held to reach about twenty-five local union leaders each. These would be residential institutes located in appropriate university environments. The institutes would be scattered over the two year period and located strategically.

Some local leadership training is being done by unions in the South though little of it in cooperation with educational institutions. This proposal not only envisions using university assistance, but consciously seeks specific ends important to race relations in Southern unions.

First, a major effort would be made to recruit Negro participants; indeed, a large portion of the emphasis in this project is on supplying the skills and experience helpful to Negro leadership.

Secondly, participants would be recruited from smaller cities and towns.

Thirdly, the institutes would be located in larger metropolitan centers such as: Atlanta, Nashville, and New Orleans. These cities would offer exposure to a more advanced labor movement as well as exposure to influential and effective Negro leadership and to inter-racial groups working for a democratic South.

In sum, it is intended that Negro union leaders will pull their full weight in matters of civil rights and discrimination if they acquire the necessary skills, a sense of strategy, and an awareness of their own potential. The white participants will profit from a similar exposure and also it is hoped be able to appraise more realistically the plight of their Negro union brothers.

Curriculum. The heart of the curriculum would be basic union education courses and an orientation to Southern socio-economic development and problems. These subjects would be supplemented by sessions on communication skills, agencies working in the South, and community race relations problems. It should be remembered that in the smaller communities, even a course in stewards training can lead to a fundamental understanding of rights and their protection. In many situations, the union is the only channel of influence or action open to Negro leadership. In these cases, and others, skills which make effective unions provide Negro leaders with understanding and an operational base for winning their rights within the structure of the union and the community.

Budget

250 tuition scholarships at $20	$ 5,000.00
Room & board at $7 per day for 6 days for 250 people	10,500.00
Contingency	1,000.00
Special scholarship funds for lost time for 25 people at $75 per week	3,750.00
TOTAL	$20,250.00

Union Contributions

Some local union leaders would use vacation periods to attend the institute. For others the local union or the international might pay lost time and expenses. However, a few scholarships are included in the above budget to reimburse the lost time of especially worthy students, who could not otherwise attend.

(D) Residential Training Programs for Full-Time Staff of Unions in the South

We recommend that two pilot resident schools be initiated each year held in cooperation with some university. Negro staff members would be included and special efforts would be made to recruit them if needed. Each school would run for four weeks. This is a somewhat longer period than is customary. However, it is generally conceded that serious leadership training requires more time than traditionally has been allowed.

AFL-CIO + Internat'l for this?

Added considerations are: (a) the probability that the educational and experience gap to be closed is greater among Southern staffers--this is no reflection on their ability or dedication, but a recognition that there are fewer Southern staffers spread over a wider geographic area so that effective contact even with each other is greatly limited and there is little inter-play between Southern staff and the resources of educational institutions or other thoughtful leadership, and (b) the probability that we are operating under a real pressure where the timing of the training will make a difference in the decisions made in union situations.

Training for Southern union staff is of special importance for two reasons: (1) this phase of labor education has long been neglected, and (2) union staffers represent a major key to the success of further labor educational activities.

Curriculum. For reasons of need and admittedly also for purposes of strategy, the main emphasis of these schools would be on subjects which aid in making the union representative and his organization more efficient. The requirements of that task dictate the inclusion of subjects on regional and community understanding, and thereby necessarily, a fundamental consideration of racial relations. This latter would be done in the context of a meaningful and practical whole and in an atmosphere of objectivity and equality. Five general subject areas would provide a frame for organizing the curriculum in each of the schools: (1) trade union skill subjects, (2) economics, (3) regional problems, (4) community relations, and (5) educational method. Required and elective courses would be offered. The final content of a given institute would be worked out in cooperation with the educational institution involved and with appropriate advisory personnel.

Location of Schools

Subject to appropriate university proposals, the suggestions of the project advisory committee (see page 15), and the approval of the NILE Board, one of the schools could be started in a relatively short time by picking that institution and potential labor clientele most ready to move ahead. This would provide early experience in the project period to be considered by other institutions and by NILE. The remaining schools would be located geographically, relative to university and union interest, so as to get the greatest impact from them as pilot projects.

Budget

80 tuition scholarships at $80 each	$ 6,400.00
Room and board at $7 per day for 28 days for 80 persons	15,680.00
Contingency	1,000.00
TOTAL	$23,080.00

Union Contribution

Union approval?

In the case of full-time staff members, the international union will be expected to give them a leave of absence with pay during the period of the program. Local union officers will have lost time pay made up either by the local union or the international. The travel expense of students will be handled similarly.

(E) Conference on Labor Education

NILE proposes to convene a 2 or 3 day conference to evaluate projects suggested here and to provide a forum for exchange

of views and discussion on labor education in the South and on cooperations between unions and our institutions of higher learning.

Union education under university auspices in the South is far behind that of other sections of the country. The joining of these forces is greatly needed for a more responsible citizenry and for the maturing of industrial relations. It is our belief that the demonstration value of the above practical projects plus specialized consultation and sharing of university labor education experience will go a long way towards launching significant Southern labor education programs. This is the kind of situation where a carefully planned conference can be an important stimulus. Such a conference would assess the role of labor in the South and previous educational efforts. It would receive evaluations of the programs put forth in the other portions of this project proposal. National, regional, and state labor personnel would get to meet and know university staff.

Reports on successful non-Southern programs and special projects would be a part of the conference. In general, the resources for consultation, techniques, methods of organization, materials, and methods of financing would be made known to the conference participants. Under NILE sponsorship such a conference could assure a maximum of friendly cooperation between university and union, working out long range plans for labor education in the South.

The conference should be held about mid-point of the two year project period. The participants would include:

Representatives of each university engaged in some aspect of the above programs;

At least one top officer from each state AFL-CIO; state educational directors; active state or city body educational committee heads; international union education people in the region; interested international staffers, key local leadership; and selected participants from other educational projects in this proposal;

Staff persons from other educational institutions with interests and responsibilities indicating some possibility of the institutions developing a labor education program;

Representatives of NILE i.e. Board members, the project advisory committee, special consultants used in various projects; and,

Special resource persons from throughout the nation.

The conference would run for two to three days. In general, the participating unions and universities would be expected to pay the expenses of their representatives. This would not be possible in every case so that special funds would need to be provided. It is anticipated that about 100 persons would participate in this conference.

Budget

Conference facilities	$ 500.00
Program promotion, organization, materials, etc.	1,000.00
Resources persons, expenses, and honoraria	2,000.00
Special supplement for meals, lodging, and travel where needed	1,000.00
Contingency	500.00
TOTAL	$5,000.00

Union Contributions

Unions will be expected to pay full expenses for their own delegates.

IV. CONDUCT OF PROJECT

The proposal will be executed as a cooperative effort of several universities.

What Unions? which have such skills?

The National Institute of Labor Education will invite universities to submit detailed project proposals on any aspect of the aforementioned project. All cooperating institutions will be required to demonstrate their familiarity with the subject matter and with programs currently or previously undertaken in their area and also submit evidence as to the competency of the institution and the principal persons who will direct the program.

Good

NILE will also establish a special advisory committee composed of labor, university, and public representatives, all of whom will have competency and interest in the subject matter. The union members would come from the staff of international unions and from state AFL-CIO bodies in the South. University representatives would be selected from those institutions which offered the greatest resources in all aspects of the five programs proposed here. The public members would be selected for their special knowledge and interest in the program areas. Specifically, aid would be sought from reputable agencies active in race relations and with wide regional contacts, such as the Southern Regional Council.

The committee would advise the NILE Board and the special project consultants regarding general operational procedures, resources useful in developing the projects, appraise applications from universities for program funds, and on other matters.

Who?

The extent and variety of our proposals point to the use of part-time consultants and field work in place of a full-time project director. This procedure is possible because of the over-all policy control supplied by the NILE Board, the general administrative supervision available from NILE's Executive Director, and the specialized advice which can be sought from the advisory committee. As favorable as the time seems to be for starting the contemplated programs, it is still felt that the initiation of the projects will take considerable effort on the part of specialists who are thoroughly conversant with the South, unions, and universities. We believe that we can obtain the highest professional competency and the most useful flexibility by making use of consultants. In some cases, a consultant would work on more than one of the projects at a time; at other times more than one consultant might work on the same general project, but in different geographic areas.

Finally, NILE will:

Provide for periodic review and evaluation of the experiment;

Assist in securing continuing labor interest and support for the program; and

Publish and give broad distributions to the findings.

V. COST

BUDGET FOR TWO YEARS' PROJECT

1.	Grants to Universities		$60,830.00
	Project		
	A. Human Relations Work Shops	$ 8,360.00	
	B. Literacy Programs for Rank and File Members	4,140.00	
	C. Training Programs for Local Union Leaders	20,250.00	
	D. Training Programs for full-time Staff	23,080.00	
	E. Conference on Labor Education	5,000.00	
2.	Consultants		$13,000.00
	A. Fees	7,500.00	
	B. Travel	3,000.00	
	C. Secretarial Assistance	2,500.00	
3.	Overhead: (15%)		11,075.00
		TOTAL	$84,905.00

VI. List of Officers and Members of Board of Directors of the National Institute of Labor Education.

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Ralph N. Campbell, Professor of Industrial and Labor Relations and Director of the University Summer Session, Cornell University;

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John D. Connors, Director, Department of Education, AFL-CIO;

Frank P. Graham, United Nations Representative for India and Pakistan;

Albert J. Hayes, President, International Association of Machinists;

Clark Kerr, President, University of California at Berkeley;

Anthony S. Luchek, Head, Labor Education Service, Pennsylvania State University;

David J. McDonald, President, United Steelworkers of America;

Jules Pagano, Director, Education Department, Communications Workers Union of America;

Otto Pragan, Director, Research and Education, International Chemical Workers Union;

Brendan Sexton, Education Director, United Automobile Workers;

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✓ PR
Pls return with verbal comments.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF INTERGROUP RELATIONS OFFICIALS
ROOM 209, 426 WEST 58TH STREET. NEW YORK 19, N. Y. • JU 6-0782

ack 12/22/59

December 11, 1959

Dear Harold:

The enclosed went, without grubby smudges, to Mrs. Eddy this morning. She requested a general outline of our interests and plans prior to our meeting next week.

Since I assume that we may be invited to submit a more formal application (?), I should appreciate your comments. Both Fred and George cleared this an initial offering but felt that refinement was necessary before any formal appeal.

Do I sense your strong hand in recent dollar developments affecting the Church Society?

Good wishes.

Sincerely,

John

JOHN V. P. LASSOE, JR.

Mr. Harold Fleming
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

December 11, 1959

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary,
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

Prior to our meeting next Tuesday morning, I am sending you the material that you requested. It is in rough form but presents, however sketchily:

1) A progress report for 1959.

2) Our major program expansion goal for 1960, combining our need for greater attention to the Internship Program and our interest in

3) Our second major program expansion goal for 1960, for which we are seeking funds from various sources and have already launched with a contribution from one of the agencies.

4) A budget for the projected program expansion.

5) Some appended materials relating to our program goals.

I do welcome the opportunity to talk with you and hope that the enclosed will provide you with the necessary background. I apologize for not getting it to you sooner but I wanted to discuss it first with our president and president-elect.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

JOHN V.P. LASSOE, JR.

Enclosures

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PROGRESS REPORT, 1959

On December 4, 1958, NAIRO prepared a document setting forth the problems and program curtailments anticipated if financial aid were not secured. Among other things it predicted:

1) A deficit for 1959 of $17,500 and the likelihood that NAIRO would be forced in early 1960 to revert to its pre-1957 unstaffed state.

2) Cessation of the National Internship Program in July, 1959, with some curtailment before that date.

3) Cancellation of plans for a printed DIRECTORY OF INTERGROUP RELATIONS AGENCIES WITH PAID PROFESSIONAL PERSONNEL.

4) Cancellation of plans for a printed JOURNAL OF INTERGROUP RELATIONS, with some curtailment of the then-mimeographed JOURNAL.

5) Suspension of the REPORTER, NAIRO's monthly review of trends and events in intergroup relations.

A generous gift of just over $15,000 was received in December, 1958, and NAIRO can now report for 1959:

1) In spite of considerable program expansion, an excess of expenditures over income of only slightly more than $2,500 and the knowledge that NAIRO can continue on its present scale well into 1960.

2) Successful completion of the second year of the National Internship Program, with fourteen young people concluding their training and moving on to junior professional positions or, in a few cases, higher education.

   Initiation of the third year of the National Internship Program. Lacking the major source of training grants available in the first two years (The Fund for the Republic), NAIRO has nonetheless been able to secure participation of seven internship agencies, with possibilities for two to four more.

3) Completion of the DIRECTORY OF INTERGROUP RELATIONS AGENCIES WITH PAID PROFESSIONAL PERSONNEL, first such listing available to the field in eleven years. (Publication date: December 18, 1959)

4) Continuation of the mimeographed JOURNAL OF INTERGROUP RELATIONS, including the much-publicized issue on "Civil Rights in the Nation's Capital: A Report on a Decade of Progress," just reprinted as a special NAIRO pamphlet.

5) Launching of a printed, quarterly JOURNAL OF INTERGROUP RELATIONS, the first issue of which will be published on January 8, 1960.

6) Continuation of the NAIRO REPORTER through July, 1959, and its subsequent incorporation into the new JOURNAL.

7) A membership of 580, compared with the total of 455 reported one year ago, representing the largest annual increase in NAIRO's twelve-year history.

8) A new and larger office, with additional part-time clerical help.

9) Continuation, even expansion, of all other NAIRO program activities:

Departments - one reactivated
Study Commissions - one new one created
Chapters - three new ones formed
Committees - one new project organized
Personnel Registry

THE YEAR AHEAD, 1960

NAIRO approaches 1960 with two major program expansion goals, the second largely contingent on the first.

A. Employment of an Assistant Director, ideally on a three-year basis

Each aspect of NAIRO's program has grown and requires greater staff attention. Its present budget permits employment, however, of only its executive secretary, its office secretary, and a part-time clerk. Additional help is needed, especially in connection with the National Internship Program.

NAIRO's Board of Directors has established as policy the goal of transferring to colleges and universities the burden of pre-professional training for our field. The colleges and universities, including those with human relations centers, are not yet ready or able to assume responsibility for this training, however, and NAIRO must attempt several things over a period of at least three years:

1) It must keep alive the internship program, the emphasis on sound professional training that it represents, and the attention to training methods that it engenders. And, since there is no other comparable program in the intergroup relations field, its additions to the reservoir of trained personnel -- however modest in number -- represent a tangible, continuing contribution.

2) It must sift out, define, and evaluate the elements of training necessary for proper professional preparation. The program in general, and the specific training situations, have proved to be highly successful. It is still impossible, however, to identify clearly the common elements of good training that produced these results.

3) It must interpret these elements of training to colleges and universities, encourage them to adopt on-the-job training experience in intergroup relations degree programs, and help them to inaugurate this type of pre-professional preparation.

Greater staff attention must be given to each of these goals; the last two are all but unattainable with additional help.

An Assistant Director would either devote the major share of his time to the National Internship Program or, by taking on other duties, free the Executive Secretary to do this. In either case, the purpose would be served and, in three years hopefully, the goals achieved.

Employment of an Assistant Director and special emphasis on internship evaluation will cost $15,000 annually, as outlined in the attached budget.

B. Development of new goals and program priorities for the field

The field of intergroup relations needs to achieve consensus on its goals, directions and program priorities for the decade ahead. Effective action depends on carefully planned adjustment to new dimensions of old problems, as well as new problems of ever more rapid social change. NAIRO is the body best suited to help the intergroup relations field achieve the consensus that it needs and seeks, and it proposes a program that, given adequate financing, seems certain to move the field far in that direction.

In essence, NAIRO proposes to devote major time and attention during 1960 to a series of consultations, a program of study and discussion, and publication of special reports, all aimed at meaningful consensus by year's end. The program has five phases:

1) A January consultation, bringing together some thirty intergroup relations practitioners and selected experts from related fields for a three-day discussion of key questions on the nature, scope and theory of intergroup relations, as well as selected key issues. (This meeting is already planned and a program is attached.)

   Papers, proceedings and pertinent questions will be published and sent to the entire field for comments and modification.

2) Study and discussion of the published material by all NAIRO Commissions, Departments, Chapters, Committees and regional groupings, with special attention to definition of the new directions and changing goals.

3) A second mid-year consultation, involving a different group of leading professionals and experts from related fields in an examination of additional key intergroup relations problems and broader social issues projected for the coming decade.

   Again, papers, proceedings and pertient questions will be published and distributed to the entire field.

4) Study and discussion of the material by the same NAIRO groups, especially through regional meetings. Attention will focus on implementation, i.e., what do we, as professionals and agencies, need to do to cope with the new dimensions and the new problems?

5) As the theme of the 1960 NAIRO Annual Conference (in Cincinnati), the development of consensus on the new directions and on program priorities for intergroup relations professionals and their agencies.

To carry this out, NAIRO seeks certain assistance from various sources:

a) An assistant director who would devote his major energies to this program or free the Executive Secretary from Internship Program responsibilities. The budget of $15,000 for this is attached.

b) Financing of the two consultations, in January and at mid-year. Six thousand dollars would be required for each. (The budget for the January meeting is attached.) This would require a total of $12,000, of which $3,000 has already been pledged by the American Jewish Committee.)

c) Funds to help finance regional meetings in connection with the "study and discussion" phase. Four thousand dollars is sought to subsidize partially at least eight regional gatherings. As is NAIRO custom, its members in the Annual Conference host city (Cincinnati) will raise locally to support that national meeting.

With this assistance and with the cooperation of its members and other professionals, NAIRO would hope to publish in January, 1961, a document setting forth for the field's guidance some consensus on the directions, goals and program priorities of intergroup relations over the next ten years. While NAIRO is in no sense a coordinating body or interagency council, it suggests that such a document might well have the weight and impact of the last "Magna Carta" of the field, To Secure These Rights (1947), the report of the President's Committee on Civil Rights. It would have the added advantage of prior consensus among those who, as professionals, must implement policy and program shifts determined by their agencies' Boards of Directors.

EXPANDED NATIONAL INTERNSHIP PROGRAM
ANNUAL BUDGET

Salary, Assistant Director	$ 7,500.
Salary, Office Secretary (II)	3,650.
Travel, Assistant Director	1,500.
* Internship Conferences	1,400.
** Employee Benefits, Assistant Director and Office Secretary (II)	950.
TOTAL	$15,000.

* Internship Conferences - Regional seminars for interns, in addition to national internship seminars presently budgeted; conferences of college and university personnel on intergroup relations training matters; etc.

** Employee Benefits - Assistant Director: severance pay reserve (5% annually, for two years), social security share, hospitalization insurance; Office Secretary (II) - social security share, hospitalization insurance.

* * * * *

It is understood that employment of an Assistant Director would, in addition aiding an expanding internship program, permit the necessary staff concentration on Program B, additional support for which is sought from various sources.

RHA ✓
HCF

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

December 17, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The Taconic Foundation herewith forwards its check in the amount of $187.43 in reimbursement of the expenses incurred by you in relation to your meeting with the Taconic Foundation on December 2 to December 4, 1959.

RHA
12/21/59

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee J. Eddy
(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy per S.L.
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel
Encl.

Via Air Mail

December 21, 1959

The Bank of New York
530 Fifth Avenue
New York 36, New York

Attention: Mr. McCrary

Dear Sirs:

This is to confirm my telephone conversation of Friday with Mr. McCrary concerning the gift to this organization of 68 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock by Mrs. Stephen R. Currier.

We authorize and request the Bank of New York to sell the said stock and remit the net proceeds to the Southern Regional Council in care of the undersigned. We are acknowledging this gift and forwarding an appropriate official receipt to Mr. and Mrs. Currier.

Your prompt and efficient cooperation in these matters is greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

December 29, 1959

The Bank of New York
530 Fifth Avenue
New York 36, New York

Attention: Mr. Ernest Dickson

Dear Sirs:

We are in receipt of your corrected statement concerning the net value of the 68 shares of Gulf Stock sold on December 18. Since we have your check for $7,276.88 rather than the corrected value of $7,271.44 please advise us on how we should handle this matter. Shall we return the check to you in order that a check for the correct amount can be issued, or shall we deposit your check and refund to you the difference?

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Administrative Assistant

PA/mf

cc: Ruth H. Alexander

January 4, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

This is in acknowledgment of your welcome letter of December 18. I have deferred a reply this long in order that our negotiations with the Bank of New York might be completed and an official receipt enclosed.

This third and last contribution of stock toward Mr. and Mrs. Currier's gift for 1960 brings the gross total to $50,152.00 of which $49,831.63 was net to the Southern Regional Council.

May I say again how grateful we are for this generous support of the Council's work. Both during and at the end of the current year, we shall see that you receive full reports of the activities which this gift has helped to make possible.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

Gross

21800.00
21025.00
7327.00 ✓

50152.00 T

Net

21667.04
20893.15
7271.44

49831.63 T

Less Taxes

50152.00
49831.63 -

320.37 T

T

99.45
8.40
24.00
44.48
2.92
8.16
100.24
8.72
24.00

320.37 T

ack of receipt after ck arrives.

CURRIER & COMPANY
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.
PLAZA 7-5920

December 18, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to let you know that arrangements have been made to transfer 68 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock with an approximate value of $7,200 to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. They have today authorized The Bank of New York, 530 Fifth Avenue, New York 36, New York, to deliver these shares to a temporary account in the name of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. If you wish, The Bank of New York will be glad to arrange for the sale of these shares and to remit the net proceeds of the sale to the Southern Regional Council. I am enclosing a copy of this letter which you may find convenient for indicating to The Bank of New York your instructions as to the disposition of the shares.

gen. budget

This contribution completes Mr. and Mrs. Currier's gift this year of $25,000 for the general budget and $25,000 for the support of the State Councils on Human Relations.

Files

Mr. and Mrs. Currier have no wish for publicity of any kind in connection with this gift. Would you be kind enough to see that their names do not appear on any list, published or otherwise, and that their anonymity is preserved in every respect.

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it

Mr. Harold C. Fleming December 18, 1959

to her care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue,
New York 19, New York.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee J. Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. and Mrs. Currier

JLE:sel

Net	Gross
(Rec 7,276.88)	7,327.00
7,271.44	

Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

To: HT

Date 1/7

From: Jane Lee J. Eddy

Dear Harold.

This fellow is coming in to see us on the 14th as I thought you would be interested.

I'm fairly sure we'll give him a little backing.

JL

He says in his letter that the membership estimate is probably low by 25070.

THE BLACK MUSLIMS OF THE UNITED STATES

(An Abstract)

JAN 7 - 1960

by
C. Eric Lincoln

The Black Muslims represent the revival of a pseudo-Moslem Cult of American Negroes founded by one Wallace D. Fard in the racially-tense period following World War I. The Muslims are vociferously anti-Causian, and pointedly anti-Semitic. They believe the entire white race to have been created by Yakub, (the Devil), and that every white man is the de facto personification of evil. The white man is by nature the enemy and oppressor of all who are not white, and he is a perpetual thorn in the side of Allah, (the one true God) who created only Black Man, the Original Man (sic). Yakub, once a trusted prince in the service of Allah, created the white devils (sic) for the specific purpose of enslaving the Black Man and thereby suppressing truth and righteousness. Allah, to test and refine his chosen ones, permitted the triumph of the white devils for a time. The time of bondage is now ended, and Allah is calling his own. The white man has poisoned the whole of civilization with his gross immoralities, and with his debauching of the people of Allah all over the world for hundreds of years. It is the will of Allah that the Original Man must now arise, destroy the devils, and restore peace on earth and dignity to "all who worship the one true God, whose right and proper name is 'Allah.'"

The white man was able to enslave the Black Man through trickery, and because the Black Man had a kindly and gentle nature, while the white man was completely devoid of any moral sense. Once he had the Black Man in his power, the white devil ingeniously perpetuated his dominion by robbing the Black Man of his identity, (i.e., his original name), and giving him a badge of slavery, (the European name of the "slavemaster," thereby symbolizing posession). Similarly, the Black Man was robbed of his language, so that he could no longer communicate with his fellows, (and that the white slavemaster would always know what was being

said). Finally, the white man deprived the Black Man of his "true and natural religion, Islam," and foisted Christianity, "a lie of the whole cloth, a poison doctrine," upon him. Christianity is the master strategem for the perpetuation of the Black Man's bondage. The black (Christian) preacher is the Black Man's greatest obstacle to truth, dignity, and the fulfillment of his destiny. The white man does not believe the teachings of Christianity and does not regulate his behavior in terms of its teachings; but through the Negro preachers he effectively controls the masses of Black Men through a "turn-the-other-cheek philosophy." The so-called "Battle of Armageddon" will be fought in North America, and the time is rapidly approaching. Islam is universal, joining all Black Men in a common bond of brotherhood. All men who are not "white" are by the white man's own definition and attitude in a separate category from him. Hence, all men who are not white are Black, and all Black Men have a common manifest destiny.

Integration is a typical strategem by means of which the white man hopes to perpetuate his dominion and to save himself from a just and inevitable fate. All Muslims reject any form of integration "except with their own kind."

The present leader of the cult is Elijah Muhammad, a Georgia-born Negro who directs the activities of the faithful from Temple No. 2 in Chicago. The size of his following is variously estimated at from 30,000 to 250,000. Whatever the true figure, the cult is growing rapidly. It makes a strong appeal to prisoners, ("who are victims of the white man's injustice); the poor ("who are denied jobs and decent wages, so that your wives and daughters must go out to work in the white man's establishments to be victimized by his insatiable lusts,"); dope addicts and alcoholics ("who are driven to despair because of the hopelessness of trying to be men in a world ruled by devils."). The cult maintains some parochial schools, and a "University of Islam" in Chicago (with a branch planned for Boston). A 20 million dollar mosque and Muslim Center is planned for an area just off the University of Chicago Campus on Chicago's Southside. There are about forty temples or missions across the country, strategically located wherever there are large concentrations of Negroes.

Copy

THE REV. JOHN B. MORRIS
3502 PIEDMONT ROAD, N. E.
ATLANTA 5, GEORGIA

January 8, 1960

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier
Currier and Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Currier:

We had what I thought was a most successful conference at Raleigh. Perhaps you saw the stories in THE NEW YORK TIMES on December 29-30-31. They sent their chief Church Editor, Mr. Dugan, to cover us and it was generally quite adequate reporting. However, the more significant coverage in terms of influence in the Church is carried in the January 10th issue of THE LIVING CHURCH, our most extensively read church periodical.

It is an understatement to say that we are grateful for your assistance. Your grant made it possible for persons to come to Raleigh from far-flung places, insuring the truly representative nature of our gathering. I have preserved the anonymity of your donation, but rest assured that there is full appreciation from all who were at Raleigh implicit in the gratefulness we all had for the success of the meeting.

I know you will be interested in the things decided upon at Raleigh and in subsequent plans. Enclosed are copies of the Statement of Purpose adopted, resolutions on organization, and the report on potential program for the Society. The first of these is only in carbon copy form as I am having copies printed with funds from our small surplus, together with an application form for membership attached. I shall send you this when copies are procured from the printer next week. Also included here is a final list of registrants for the conference, with the newly-elected Board of Directors listed at the conclusion.

We have been given office space in downtown Atlanta which I am now trying to outfit. Immediate tasks given me by the conference include launching some membership promotion and, of course, a report to the more than four hundred persons in the Church on our "active" list. The Board of Directors is to meet in late February at which time further steps will be taken to present the Society to the whole Church, officers will be elected, and implementation of program will be considered. A problematical factor for this meeting is the need for funds to cover the travel of Board members and costs of the meeting.

I am also enclosing an itemized record of receipts and disbursements for the Raleigh conference. This document will further show how your assistance aided in the travel expenses and otherwise. I would certainly welcome the opportunity to report on all of this more personally to you and, meanwhile, I am including here a copy of our proposed minimal operating budget for the Society for the first year. We feel the Society can be a very significant element in the life of the Church if adequate means can be found to develop its program.

Faithfully,

John B. Morris

cc: Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy

Copy

THE REV. JOHN B. MORRIS
3502 PIEDMONT ROAD, N. E.
ATLANTA 5, GEORGIA

January 8, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Currier and Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

Please find enclosed a copy of my letter of this date to Mr. and Mrs. Currier, together with copies of all of the enclosures.

I hope I may have the opportunity of telling you about the Raleigh meeting and proposed plans for implementing decisions made there when "The Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity" was formed.

We are most grateful for the help you have given us in bringing the Society into being.

Yours faithfully,

John B. Morris

Harold Fleming

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE RALEIGH CONFERENCE:

(This does not include the amount of $10.00 per registrant paid direct to St. Augustine's College for room & board.)

****

Receipts:

33 donations.....	$1,984.00	
(Including $1,000.00 from Mr. and Mrs. Currier, leaving remaining $984.00 received from 32 persons - an average of $30.75 each.)		
Saved from registrations received and amount paid St. Augustine's College for conference	100.00	
TOTAL RECEIPTS:	$2,084.00	$2,084.00

Disbursements:

Postage.....	$ 198.53	
Supplies	31.73	
Speakers' Travel.....	92.93	
*Travel Aid - Raleigh.....	1,135.00	
Pre-Conference Travel Aid to Committee members	60.59	
Books,sign,printing.....	92.75	
Telephone.....	76.49	
TOTAL DISBURSED	1,688.02	1,688.02
BALANCE ON HAND 1-7-60		$ 395.98
ESTIMATED UNPAID BILLS:		
Telephone	$200.00	
Rev.W.D.Dennis' telephone and postage....	25.00	
Misc.	25.00	
	$250.00	250.00
FINAL BALANCE FROM CONFERENCE		$145.00

* - See attached sheet for detailed record of how travel aid was disbursed.

Financial Aid for Travel To:

Check Payable to:	Amt.:	No. Persons It Helped
The Rev. Harold Sheffer San Francisco, Calif.	$300.00	1
The Rev. Wm. S. Van Meter Chicago, Ill.	200.00	4
Mr. Emmanuel W. Johnson New York, N.Y. (Liberia)	15.00	1
The Rev. Denzil Carty St. Paul, Minn.	75.00	1
The Rev. Francis X. Walter Eufaula, Ala.	50.00	1
The Rev. Thomas C. Aycock Metairie, La.	100.00	1
The Rev. George MacCallum Dallas, Texas(Rev.John Anderson)	150.00	1
The Rev. Das Kelley Barnett Austin, Texas	150.00	1
The Rev. & Mrs. Alex. Blair El Paso, Texas	70.00	2
The Rev. Robt. McCloskey Jacksonville, Fla.	25.00	2
TOTAL	1135.00	15

****

Persons to whom aid was offered who then took initiative to find means elsewhere and came and in some instances brought others:

The Rev. Arthur Sherman Allentown, Pa.	2
The Rev. James Crowder Meridian, Miss.	1

Total for which money was of direct or indirect aid: 18

Not Sent
Mrs. Hans Cassier

THE EPISCOPAL SOCIETY FOR CULTURAL AND RACIAL UNITY

Minimal Operating Budget and Maximum Estimated Income

For First Year: 1960*

Minimal Operating Budget:

Salaries**		$7,740.00	
Executive Secretary	$3,600.00		
Church Pension Fund	540.00		
Housing Allowance	600.00		
Office Secretary	3,000.00		
	$7,740.00		
Office Rent		600.00	
Office Equipment		750.00	
Telephone		600.00	
Office Supplies		400.00	
Printing & Mimeograph		1,600.00	
Postage		600.00	
Travel for Executive Secretary		2,400.00	
Travel & Meeting Costs, Board of Directors		2,400.00	
TOTAL MINIMAL OPERATING BUDGET		$17,090.00	$17,090.00

- - - - - - - - - - - -

Maximum Estimated Income:

Balance from conference	$ 145.00	
Donation of office space	600.00	
***Memberships (Estimate of 1000 @ $3.00)	3,000.00	
Individual Contributions	2,000.00	
TOTAL ESTIMATED INCOME	$5,745.00	5,745.00
AMOUNT NEEDED		$11,345.00

- -

* - This embraces only a minimal national office operation with some servicing of the constituent group through a newsletter, etc., and travel by the Executive Secretary. Additional programming as outlined in the Program Report from Raleigh, including published materials and conferences are not included herein.

** - To be made commensurate with comparable salaries in the Church as resources become available.

*** - This is a hoped-for membership number after a year's operation. It will be increased, presumably, each year with a potential of several more thousand. However, this potential will best be known after the first year.

Founding Conference

THE EPISCOPAL SOCIETY FOR CULTURAL AND RACIAL UNITY

Saint Augustine's College
Raleigh, North Carolina
December 28 - 30, 1959

Note: This listing of conference personnel is for the use of the Society and for the personal records of those included hereon. It includes 107 registered persons of which 95 were in attendance. Those prevented by travel difficulties, illness, or otherwise, from participation are indicated by asterisks (*).

Mrs. J. Edison Adams, P. O. Box 333, Chapel Hill, N. C.
The Rev. E. Deedom Alston, 473 S. 11th St., Louisville 3, Ky.
*The Rev. Jesse F. Anderson, 1427 No. 56th St., Philadelphia 31, Pa.
The Rev. John C. Anderson, Box 411, McKinney, Texas
The Rev. E. W. Andrews (Living Church),407 E. Michigan St.,Milwaukee, Wis.
Mr. Robert K. Armstrong, Box 635, Longwood Fla.
The Rev. Gilbert S. Avery, III, 575 Grand St., New York 2, N.Y.
The Rev. Thomas C. Aycock, Jr., 3412 Haring Rd., Metairie, La.
The Rev. Das Kelley Barnett, 606 Rathervue Pl., Austin, Texas.
*The Rev. Alan P. Bell, 155 Morris Ave., Denville, N. J.
Miss Eleonore Beth, 15 West 44th St., New York 36, N. Y.
The Rev. Alexander Blair, 600 South Piedras St., El Paso, Texas.
Mrs. Alexander Blair, 600 South Piedras St., El Paso, Texas.
The Rev. Malcolm Boyd, 645 South Whitcomb, Fort Collins, Colo.
Dr. James A. Boyer, St. Augustine's College, Raleigh, N. C.
The Rev. W. Carroll Brooke, Box 208, Staunton, Va.
The Rev. F. Craighill Brown, 140 Prospect St., New Haven, 11, Conn.
The Rev. Will D. Campbell, Box 1083, Nashville, Tenn.
Mr. LeRoy E. Carter, 104-10 29th St., East Elmhurst 69, N. Y.
The Rev. Denzil A. Carty, 465 Mackubin St., St. Paul 3, Minn.
The Rev. Tollie Caution, Sr., 281 Park Avenue South, New York 10, N.Y.
Brother Charles, OHC, Order of the Holy Cross, West Park, N. Y.
*Mr. Arthur Chippey, South Carolina State College, Orangeburg, S. C.
Miss Ann Thacher Clarke, 80 MacDougal St., New York 12, N. Y.
Mr. George E. Crenshaw, Jr., 358 Cuba St., Mobile, Ala.
The Rev. C. P. Criss, Box 34, Arrington, Va.
The Rev. Wilford O. Cross, University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn.
The Rev. James R. Crowder, 1116 23rd Ave., Meridian, Miss.
Mr. Dana Curtis, 1757 Autumn Ave., Memphis, Tenn.
The Rev. Walter D. Dennis, Cathedral Heights, New York 25, N. Y.
*The Rev. Roger Douglas, 800 Riverside Dr., New York, N.Y.
The Rev. William D. Dwyer, 48 Henry St., New York 2, N. Y.
The Rev. James C. Fenhagen, 4669 Oakwood Rd., Columbia, S. C.
The Rev. Don Frank Fenn, 310 Westminster, Merchantville, N. J.
The Rev. Richard K. Fenn, 471 Crosby St., Akron 2, Ohio
The Rev. Karl C. Garrison, Jr., Box 427, Hartsville, S. C.
The Rev. Maurice Martin Garrison, 292 Henry St., New York 2, N. Y.
Mr. Gordon Graham, 1338 31st St., N.W., Washington 7, D. C.
The Rev. Joseph N. Green, St. Augustine's College, Raleigh, N. C.
The Rev. Albert F. Greene, 204 S. Wilbur Ave., Sayre, Pa.
*The Rev. Robert M. C. Griswold, 360 W. 28th St., New York 1, N. Y.

The Rev. Moultrie Guerry, 900 Hillsboro, Raleigh, N. C.
The Rev. R. B. Gutmann, 740 N. 27th St., Milwaukee 8, Wis.
*The Rev. Odell G. Harris, Box 490, Fort Valley, Ga.
The Rev. T. Vincent Harris, 321 West Union St., Jacksonville 2, Fla.
Mr. Duke Harrison, 417 Polk St., Lynchburg, Va.
The Rev. Cornelius deWitt Hastie, 9 Akron St., Roxbury 19, Mass.
The Rev. G. E. Haynsworth, 2 St. Thomas Ave., Isle Of Hope,Savannah,Ga.
The Rev. Gerald W. Humphrey, 17 South Ave., Beacon, N. Y.
Capt. Reginald K. Ingram, SCAD, 270 Broadway, New York 7, N. Y.
The Rev. Ellsworth B. Jackson, 9715 North Blvd., Cleveland 8, Ohio
Mrs. George F. Jackson, Box 105, Route 3, Lynchburg, Va.
Mr. Emmanuel Wea Johnson, 37 Lynch St., Monrovia, Liberia
Mr. Wallace C. Johnson, 371 E. Upsal St., Philadelphia 19, Pa.
Mr. William O. Johnston, 115 East 74th St., New York 21, N. Y.
*Mr. J. Arthur Jones, 706 N. 27th St., Camden, N. J.
The Rev. William A. Jones, Jr., Box 154, LaGrange, Ga.
Miss Bonnie Kilstein, 81 E. 79th St., New York 21, N. Y.
Mr. Robert L. Kirk, Box 165, R.D.#1, Glen Mills, Pa.
*Mr. John V. P. Lassoe, Jr., 33 Perry St., New York 14, N. Y.
The Rev. Ledlie Laughlin, 278 Second St., Jersey City, 2, N. J.
Mrs. Ledlie Laughlin, 278 Second St., Jersey City 2, N. J.
*Mr. Harold A. Lett, 735 Southern Bldg., 15th & H Sts.,NW, Washington,D.C.
The Rev. Stiles B. Lines, Rectory Square, Camden, S. C.
The Rev. John R. Logan, Jr., 1230 S. 21st St., Philadelphia 46, Pa.
*The Rev. Thomas S. Logan, 46 Lincoln Ave., Veadon, Pa.
*The Rev. George S. MacCallum, 2220 Main St., Dallas 1, Texas.
The Rev. Canon Robert J. McCloskey, 325 Market St., Jacksonville 2,Fla.
Mr. John L. McKnight, 439 W. Melrose, Chicago 13, Ill.
The Rev. A. Malcolm MacMillan, 226 W. State St., Sharon, Pa.
The Rt. Rev. C. Gresham Marmion, 421 S. Second St., Louisville 2,Ky.
The Rev. Loren B. Mead, 200 Hayes Road, Chapel Hill, N. C.
The Rev. Henry B. Mitchell, 415 10th St., N. W., Charlottesville, Va.
The Rev. John B. Morris 3502 Piedmont Rd., N.E., Atlanta 5, Ga.
The Rev. C. Kilmer Myers, 48 Henry St., New York 2, N. Y.
The Rev. Wilfred Myll, 330 North Hubbards Lane, Louisville 7, Ky.
The Rev. William O'Neal, St. Luke's Church,Pine & Lady Sts.,Columbia,S.C.
The Rev. Clarence P. W. Parker, Box 794, Chapel Hill, N. C.
The Rev. Joseph A. Pelham, 63 E. Hancock Ave., Detroit 1, Mich.
Dr. Thomas F. Pettigrew, Emerson Hall, Harvard Univ., Cambridge 38,Mass.
Mr. Marlon Poitier, Virginia Theological Seminary, Alexandria, Va.
The Rev. Vernon Robertson, 3300 Greenhill Lane, Louisville 7, Ky.
Dr. Prezell Robinson, St. Augustine's College, Raleigh, N. C.
Mrs. Margery W. Romeyn, 101 Gates Ave., Apt. H9, Montclair, N. J.
The Rev. Canon Harold V. Sheffer, 1055 Taylor St., San Francisco,Calif.
The Rev. Arthur M. Sherman, Jr., 219 North 17th St., Allentown, Pa.
The Rev. David Simms, 550 West 155th St., New York 32, N. Y.
The Rev. Edwin E. Smith 1201 W. 111th Place, Chicago 43, Ill.
Mr. Ralph E. Smith, 129 East 10th St., Apt.5G, New York 3, N. Y.
The Rev. Othello D. Stanley, 404 Granville St., Oxford, N. C.
The Rev. Daniel B. Stevick, 207 St. Mark's Square, Philadelphia 4, Pa.
Miss Barbara M. Sutton, 3130 Wisconsin Ave., N.W., Washington, D. C.
The Rev. John H. Tooter, 396 Woodland Ave., Lynchburg, Va.

The Rev. William D. Turner, 3825 Pulaski Ave., Philadelphia 40, Pa.
The Rev. William S. Van Meter, 65 E. Huron St., Chicago 11, Ill.
The Rev. Arthur E. Walmsley, 281 Park Avenue South, New York 10, N.Y.
The Rev. Francis X. Walter, St. James' Church, Eufaula, Ala.
Mr. William Watson, 29-18 Butler St., East Elmhurst 69, N. Y.
The Rev. John W. Wells, 1687 Monroe Ave., New York 57, N. Y.
The Rev. McRae Werth, St. Andrew's Church, Shipley & 8th Sts., Wilmington, /Delaware
Miss Harriet E. White, 5449 Eastview Park, Chicago 15, Ill.
Mrs. Lela W. Williams, 1330 South 22nd St., Philadelphia 46, Pa.
Dr. T. Franklin Williams, 178 Hamilton Rd., Chapel Hill, N. C.
*Dr. David C. Wilson, 24 East Range, Charlottesville, Va.
The Rev. Harold Louis Wright, 100-17 32nd Ave., East Elmhurst 69, N.Y.
The Rev. S. Michael Yasutake, 5008 Oak Center Dr., Oak Lawn, Ill.
The Rev. Layton P. Zimmer, Trinity Church, College Ave. & Chester Rd., Swarthmore, Pa.

- -

Board of Directors elected at meeting - contingent upon acceptance:

Province	Clergy	Laity
I	Rt. Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes The Ven. John Burgess	Dr. Thomas F. Pettigrew Dr. Gordon Allport
II	The Rev. C. Kilmer Myers The Rev. Walter D. Dennis	Dr. Wilton Dillon Mr. John V.P. Lassoe, Jr.
III	The Rev. McRae Werth	Dr. G. Cary White Mr. Wallace C. Johnson Mr. Harold Lett
IV	Rt. Rev. C. Gresham Marmion Rt. Rev. Albert Stuart	Dr. Luther Foster Mr. I. H. Burney, II
V	The Very Rev. Paul Moore The Rev. Joseph A. Pelham The Rev. William S. Van Meter	Mr. John McKnight
VI		Dr. William Kolb
VII	The Rev. Das Kelley Barnett	Mrs. William Hicks
VIII	The Rev. Canon Harold V. Sheffer	

* * * * * *

Harold F. Cunning

THE EPISCOPAL SOCIETY FOR CULTURAL AND RACIAL UNITY

The purpose of this society shall be to encourage men to respond positively to God's call for unity in the Church. The unity of God with man, and man with man, is made by God in Baptism and Holy Communion. We commit ourselves to establish total participation in the Church for all persons without regard to race, class, or national origin; to give mutual support to all who act in this ministry of reconciliation, and to express this concern at parish levels and in a more creative witness throughout the community at large.

In faithfulness to Jesus Christ, who values all men equally, and who prayed that all might be one in Him, and in understanding of the essential unity of the Church, the Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity affirms the unity in His Body of all persons without any distinction as to race, color, national origin or class. In accord with the councils of the Church, we affirm that any form of segregation or separation based on such distinctions in either the Church of the general community is contrary to the will of Christ and must be resisted by His Church and its members.

We confess our failure to seek steadfastly this unity of persons, and we penitently admit to prejudices which may separate us from brothers. Praying daily that the Church may be rid of all divisions based on race, color, national origin or class, and that a more just social order be established, the members of the Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity will work toward this end within the Church and their communities as they are individually and corporately able. They constitute this Society as a sign of their commitment and as a means of resource to the Church, and they invite other Churchmen to join them in its objectives, which are to seek:

1. A recognition that our responsibility lies with all persons in a given geographical area, and is concerned with drawing these persons into full fellowship through Baptism and Holy Communion within that one parish unit;

2. Mutual support amongst this society for all clergy and laity who, in seeking total participation in parish life for all, find themselves at odds with accepted social mores;

3. Increased acceptance and implementation of the principle that the Church is an inclusive fellowship which seeks out and welcomes all persons into the worship and parish life of any congregation without distinction as to race, color, national origin, or class;

4. Elimination of criterial based on race, color, national origin, or class for applicants to Church camps, conferences, schools, colleges, hospitals, or other institutions or agencies which the Church may operate or sponsor in any way;

5. Understanding of the prophetic role of the Church, both through corporate and individual effort, in seeking the elimination of racial and other prejudicial barriers in society, whether these be erected by governmental process or through custom;

6. That condition of harmony among peoples which is the benefit of a mutual recognition of the Lordship of Jesus Christ, so that brothers may dwell ~~mgk~~ together in unity and see Him so lifted up that He will draw all men unto Him.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PROGRAM

In fulfillment of the above purposes of the Society:

A. It shall foster fellowship through public worship and systematic intercession.

Prayer materials Intercession lists

It shall foster fellowship through national and regional meetings and local chapters where desirable.

The work of the Society shall include attention to the following program areas: (It is the function of the Board of Directors to determine priorities of implementation.)

B. The Society shall stimulate stronger leadership by official Church bodies and ecclesiastical authority in realizing unity and ethnic inclusiveness within our Church, shall support such leadership, and shall attempt to interpret constructively for our Church as a whole the implications of these official actions for:

- Church personnel policies
- Diocesan and parish schools
- Church health and welfare Agencies
- Diocesan Conventions and other Church conferences
- Admission of candidates for Holy Orders
- Clergy Assignments
- Use of Church property (including rental dwelling units)
- Parish Life (including Vestries)

C. The Society shall stimulate and support actions by official Church bodies and ecclesiastical authority and shall urge upon Church people their personal responsibilities on such social issues as discrimination and segregation in:

- Housing
- Public accommodations
- Health and welfare
- Government
- Employment
- Education
- Voting

D. The Society shall spur implementation within our Church of the policies set forth by official Church bodies and ecclesiastical

authority in realization of unity and ethnic inclusiveness.

1. Through Department of Christian Social Relations programs that reach into the heart of the parish.

2. Through support of larger budgets for these national, provincial and diocesan Departments of Christian Social Relations to enable them to contribute constructively to inter-group relations.

3. Through direct contact with those responsible for policy implementation in Church institutions, schools, hospitals, centers, camps, etc.

E. The Society shall be free to speak and act when official Church bodies and ecclesiastical authorities have not done so or when official policy has not been implemented. This may be done through public statements, resolutions, or policies adopted or authorized at national meetings of the Society, or by the Board of Directors.

F. The Society shall encourage official cooperation of our Church and Church-related bodies with responsible secular organizations working in the Inter-group relations field, urging such actions as:

Organizational membership	Individual Board membership
Financial support	Participation in programs

It shall also encourage cooperation with other branches of the Church and with religious bodies.

G. The Society shall provide concrete help to parishes and parish groups seeking to recognize and face inter-group relations problems.

1. Through stimulation or sponsorship of such educational and informational meetings as clergy institutes, student leadership training workshops for high school and college Churchmen, study weekends for laymen -- perhaps similar to Parish Life Conferences, consultations for theologians, seminars on scientific studies of race, workshops for Churchmen in the various professions, retreats, etc.

2. Through parish study programs for one or more of the groups within the parish.

3. Through help to parishes, clergy or laymen seeking to focus publicly on the problem, perhaps through a Brotherhood or Unity Sunday.

4. Through the supply of appropriate prayer literature.

5. Through efforts to relate Churchmen and others with special competence in inter-group relations to parishes in need.

6. Through development of specific methods of opening up communication among members of various ethnic groups in a parish.

H. The Society shall provide special help in crisis situations.

1. Through intercession, correspondence, material aid, expert guidance, counsel, pastoral care, etc.

2. Through the marshalling of support among concerned Churchmen, other clergy, press and radio, official Church bodies, Church leaders, semi-official Church groups, secular organizations, etc.

I. The Society shall develop communication among concerned Churchmen.

1. Through an ESRU Newsletter.

2. Through an ESRU News Service, to channel news regularly and systematically to all official and unofficial Church publications, and at times to the secular press.

3. Through tracts and other non-periodical publications issued by ESRU and others.

4. Through producing, recommending or providing audio visual services for Church bodies at every level, to include such aids as displays, posters, films, film strips, exhibits of art or photographs, and dramatic scripts.

5. Through general informational services, including such factual tools as bibliographies, study guides, factual surveys, reference materials, and simple data.

J. The Society shall conduct, initiate or encourage research leading to education and pastoral understanding in neglected areas of social concern affecting unity within our Church,

including problems of divisiveness surrounding such factors as:

age	sex and the family	culture
education	language	race
national or ethnic origin	class	

K. The Society shall encourage and develop the ministry of the laity in race relations by making it possible for Christian laymen to share their specialized knowledge of ethnic relations with each other.

Social scientists	Social Workers
Journalists	Attorneys
Realtors	

L. The Society in cooperation with established Departments of Christian Social Relations and the Seminars shall sponsor programs for in-service training for the Clergy.

Resolutions on Organization

Adopted by the Founding Conference of

THE EPISCOPAL SOCIETY FOR CULTURAL AND RACIAL UNITY

St. Augustine's College, Raleigh, North Carolina

December 28-30, 1959

(1.) It is hereby resolved that The Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity seek incorporation as a non-profit membership corporation.

The Certificate of Incorporation shall contain the following information:

1. The name of the corporation shall be The Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity.

2. The purpose of the corporation shall be...

3. The term for which the corporation shall be organized is perpetual.

4. The number of its directors shall be not less than nine (9) nor more than sixty (60).

And, such other and further information as may be required.

(2.) It is hereby resolved that the Board of Directors appoint three (3) persons to consult an attorney of the District of Columbia concerning the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation as discussed at this membership meeting. If the organization can be incorporated as planned, they are hereby authorized to direct the attorney to proceed with the incorporation of the association. In event that it proves unfeasible to incorporate the organization in the District of Columbia, the Board of Directors is authorized to take such other steps as is required to incorporate the association.

(3.) It is hereby resolved that the Board of Directors is empowered to further amend the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation or any part thereof as necessary to give the corporation all legal and other advantages consistent with the purpose of the association.

(4.) It is hereby resolved that a Board of Directors consisting of twenty-four (24) members, including one (1) from each of the eight provinces of the Church, not more than four from any one province, and at least half from the laity, be duly elected by the members present to serve until the next annual meeting.

(5.) It is hereby resolved that the Steering Committee (of this annual meeting) present a slate of twenty-four (24) nominees for the Board of Directors - 8 provincial nominees and 16 nominees at large, taking into account the restrictions of the previous resolution concerning the number from each province. In event of nominations from the floor, the nominator must designate which directorship is being contested.

(6.) It is hereby resolved that the Board of Directors is instructed to call with 60 days notice an annual membership meeting not later than July 31, 1961.

(7.) It is hereby resolved that the Board of Directors of the association is authorized to adopt the necessary By-laws for this association, such By-laws to govern the operation of the association until the next annual meeting at which time these By-laws shall be subject to amendment or approval by a majority vote of the members present. Each member shall receive a copy of the proposed By-laws with the notice of the first annual membership meeting. Provided, however, that these By-laws shall include the following provisions hereby adopted:

1. Membership - Membership in this association shall be open to any member of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America who subscribes to the purposes of the association and pays the designated membership fee of three dollars ($3.00).

2. Officers - The Board of Directors shall elect such officers from their own number as they deem necessary at their first meeting.

3. First Meeting of the Board of Directors - The Rev. John Morris is appointed convener to call the first meeting of the Board of Directors before March 1, 1960.

****

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

January 12, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

A letter came today about Joseph Mire's project for National Institute of Labor Education, and I wondered whether you have had a chance to react to this one. If so, perhaps you will have something ready for us when we see you.

We have received what seems to be a fine proposal from the Atlanta Urban League, but not a word from any of the other Leagues. Stephen Currier and I were discussing this phenomenon yesterday, and he wondered about it. Do you know where we are on this to date?

We all look forward to seeing you Thursday. We thought you would be interested to meet Eric Lincoln and he is scheduled to come down to talk with us about his project Thursday morning.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lm

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

MEMORANDUM January 13, 1960

To: Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.

From: Harold C. Fleming

Re: Southern Urban Leagues.

As you requested, this is to bring you and Stephen Currier up to date on the Southern Urban Leagues as potential applicants to the Taconic Foundation.

(1) You will recall our luncheon conversation with Stephen Currier, Lloyd Garrison, and John Simon, in which I was asked about Southern organizations that needed funds to realize more of their potential. I cited the Southern Urban Leagues as a notable example -- especially considering the financial reprisals many of them have suffered.

(2) In our subsequent discussions, it was understood that applications from Southern Leagues would be considered, like any others, on their merits.

(3) On my return south, I talked with Charles Steele, executive of the Louisville Urban League who happens to be a member of the Southern Regional Council's board. I told Steele that he ought to consider submitting a request to Taconic, and that he might want to pass this suggestion along to the other Southern Leagues -- which he subsequently did. I made it clear to Steele that this was a possible source I had encountered in my own activities, and that I was merely passing along an informal suggestion as one Southern staffer to another.

(4) Since Steele used my name in talking with other Southern League executives, I later received letters from several of them. Enclosed is a copy of the reply I sent in each case.

(5) M. T. Puryear and Clarence Coleman -- whose duties as NUL regional staff include counselling these Leagues on fund-raising -- are aware that the suggestion

was made. They are glad, when asked, to assist any of the local Leagues in formulating their requests to Taconic or any other appropriate foundation.

(6) As matter now stand, you may expect requests from some or all of the ten Southern Urban Leagues.

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1.

VIA AIR MAIL

December 31, 1959

Mr. Herbert L. Tyson
Executive Secretary
The Urban League of Greater Little Rock
914 Gaines Street
Little Rock, Arkansas

Dear Mr. Tyson:

This will acknowledge your letter requesting any information I may have about the Taconic Foundation.

First of all, let me make it clear that I have no official connection with, or mandate from, the Taconic Foundation. In the natural course of events, I have occasion to discuss the work of the Southern Regional Council and other human relations activities in the South with various interested foundations. The Taconic Foundation is one of these. It is a very new foundation with a major interest in race relations, which means of course that it is concerned with the Southern situation.

From my conversations with the principals of the Taconic Foundation, I concluded that requests from and and all agencies carrying on effective race relations programs in the South would certainly receive serious consideration. Any inventory of staffed agencies in this field would clearly include the Urban Leagues. Hence my comments to Charlie Steele, which he has shared with you.

In this connection, it is worth noting that the Taconic Foundation has evidently made a grant to the

Washington, D. C., Urban League in support of a special project concerned with vocational training.

With so few agencies in the South concerning themselves full time with equality of opportunity, I am wholly in favor of their needs being presented to the interested foundations. Should you submit a request to the Taconic Foundation, you have my every good wish for its success.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Same Ltr? Yes please H

The Urban League
OF GREATER LITTLE ROCK

"AMERICAN TEAMWORK WORKS"

914 GAINES STREET | LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS | Phone FRanklin 2-6592

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30th
December
1959

Mr. Harold Flemming, Executive Director
SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., #432
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Flemming:

Mr. Charles T. Steele, Executive Director, The Louisville Urban League, directed me to you for information concerning the Taconic Foundation.

As you probably know, since the 1957 "Little Rock crisis", our League has been without community chest support.

I feel we have a project the Foundation might feel worthy of support.

Your earliest reply will be highly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Herbert L. Tyson

Herbert L. Tyson,
Executive Secretary

HLT:em

Same ltr. sent to: J. A. McDaniel, Memphis Urban League
B. L. Robinson, Richmond Urban League
J. Harvey Kerns, New Orleans Urban League

Or. ref Folsom

VIA AIR MAIL December 22, 1959

Mr. Arthur D. Allen
Executive Secretary
The Tampa Urban League
1615 Lamar Avenue
Tampa, Florida

Dear Mr. Allen:

This will acknowledge your letter requesting any information I may have about the Taconic Foundation.

First of all, let me make it clear that I have no official connection with, or mandate from, the Taconic Foundation. In the natural course of events, I have occasion to discuss the work of the Southern Regional Council and other human relations activities in the South with various interested foundations. The Taconic Foundation is one of these. It is a very new foundation with a major interest in race relations, which means of course that it is concerned with the Southern situation.

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With so few agencies in the South concerning themselves full time with equality of opportunity, I am wholly in favor of their needs being presented to the interested foundations. Should you submit a request to the Taconic Foundation, you have my every good wish for its puccess.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

URBAN LEAGUE OF GREATER NEW ORLEANS

Affiliated with the National Urban League

504 CARONDELET STREET
NEW ORLEANS 12, LOUISIANA

TULANE 8374

Interracial Planning for:

SOCIAL WELFARE
EMPLOYMENT
EDUCATION
HEALTH
HOUSING
RECREATION

J. HARVEY KERNS
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

December 21, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I was recently informed that there are special grants available to Urban Leagues in the South through the Taconic Foundation. In that the foundation is related to the Southern Regional Council, according to my information, it was suggested that you may provide me further information.

As you may know, the Urban League of New Orleans was one of several in the deep South which was dropped as a United Fund beneficiary because of pressures of the White Citizens Council. Because of the difficulty of raising adequate funds we are unable to develop program in several important areas which are vital to a progressive development in intra and inter-racial relations. With the NAACP forbidden to function in Louisiana because of Court action, the Urban League is the only agency with recognized interracial leadership dealing with economic and social problems of the 235,000 Negroes in this metropolitan area.

If you can furnish me with information about the Taconic Foundation and the nature of projects they are inclined to support, I will be most grateful. I will appreciate as early a response to this inquiry as your time permits.

Sincerely yours,

J. Harvey Kerns

J. Harvey Kerns
Executive Director

JHK:t

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MEMPHIS URBAN LEAGUE, INC.

For Social Service Among Negroes

J. A. McDaniel, *Executive Director*

JAckson 6-2088 • 546 Beale Avenue

Memphis 5, Tennessee

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J. D. Williams

December 18, 1959

Mr. Harold Flemming
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Flemming:

I am writing to get some information about the Taconic Foundation at 666 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York, and the kind of projects that they might be interested in supporting.

Mr. Steele of the Louisville Urban League suggested that your office could give me detailed information about the Foundation and the type of programs they might be interested in.

With Seasons Greetings, I am

Sincerely yours,

J. A. McDaniel
Executive Director

JAMc:rc

NOT FOR ALMS BUT OPPORTUNITY — GUIDING YOUTH TOWARDS TOMORROW'S JOB

RICHMOND URBAN LEAGUE

FOR EQUAL ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY
A YEAR ROUND RED FEATHER SERVICE
AFFILIATE NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE

12 West Leigh St. - Richmond 20, Virginia - MI 3-7343

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SERVICES

Community Service
Industrial Relations
Counseling
Health
Housing

December 18, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

A few days ago, Mr. Charles Steele, Director of the Louisville Urban League, indicated after a recent meeting of the board of the Southern Reginal Council, that your organization (The Taconic Foundation) would help in connection with a project which we are in the process of developing.

We are, therefore, writing to secure such additional information as is available at this time. We would appreciate any financial aid toward our 1960 Community Program, because at this time we are trying desperately to raise the amount of our 1960 budget through a public campaign. It is apparent that this campaign will not provide enough money to complete this project.

The Richmond Urban League is one of the branches which has been excluded from the local community chest. For the past three years, the office has been able to raise the operation budget through a public campaign, but this does not provide funds for the Special Community Project which we are in the process of planning at this time.

Any consideration which your foundation will give to our project will be greatly appreciated by our staff and board.

Sincerely yours,

B. L. Robinson

B. L. Robinson
Executive Secretary

BLR/al

THE TAMPA URBAN LEAGUE

For Social Service Among Negroes

1615 LAMAR AVENUE TELEPHONE 2-2319 TAMPA, FLORIDA

ARTHUR D. ALLEN, Executive Secretary
RANDOLPH C. KENDALL, Community Relations Secretary
MRS. ESTELLE JENKINS, Welfare Secretary

NOT ALMS BUT OPPORTUNITY
AMERICAN TEAMWORK WORKS

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Social Research
Community Planning
Industrial Relations
Education

Thirty-seventh year of Service

December 16, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming, Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Please send me information concerning the Taconic Foundation. Thank you very much.

Very truly yours,

Arthur D. Allen

Arthur D. Allen
Executive Secretary

ADA/weh

UNITED

AN URBAN LEAGUE-CHURCH RELATED PROJECT PROPOSAL

ON

STRENGTHENING NEGRO FAMILY LIFE

AND

FOSTERING JUVENILE DELINQUENCY AIDS

Submitted to

THE TACONIC FOUNDATION

666 Fifth Avenue

New York, New York

By the

URBAN LEAGUE OF GREATER NEW ORLEANS
504 Carondelet Street
New Orleans, Louisiana

January 14, 1960

A PROJECT-PROPOSAL SUBMITTED BY

THE URBAN LEAGUE OF GREATER NEW ORLEANS

to the

TACONIC FOUNDATION

Gentlemen:

The Urban League's Board of Directors is submitting for your consideration a project designed to improve race relations in Greater New Orleans by developing a broad socio-cultural program to deal with those problems, apparent in Negro family life and pronounced in Negro community life, which adversely effect race relations.

New Orleans ranks third in population among metropolitan cities of the South. The latest census (1958) showed a total population of 602,647, of which 214,060 (approximately 33 percent) is Negro. Between 1940-1958 the recorded increase in the Negro population was 65,026. The vast majority of the Negro migrants have come from rural Louisiana and Mississippi.

New Orleans, as is true of other cities in the South, has made progress in desegregation. Within the past year the busses, street cars and the principal city park have removed color barriers. The State University is integrated in the liberal arts department and on one or two levels in the graduate school. The Federal Court has ordered the New Orleans School Board to present a workable plan in May, 1960, for integrating the public schools.

These progressive developments have been and are being seriously challenged by reactionaries led by the White Citizens Council. Many whites, who are unsympathetic with the advances in civil rights, point to the cultural lags and adverse behavior so widely publicized in the press about Negroes. The excessive delinquency among Negroes, the alarming number of Negro unwed mothers, the frequent family disorders, and the behavior exhibited by many Negro youth and adults in public places are all publicized by opponents to show that Negroes should be separated and that the cultural level of whites would be effected if integration is permitted.

The Urban League feels that the separate and unequal status which has been forced on Negroes is largely responsible for many adverse conditions found in Negro family life. On the other hand we feel there is need for definite improvement in Negro culture and in community relations for greater acceptance in an integrated society.

The project which is submitted is designed to deal with the aforementioned problems and others of equal importance. The Urban League's Board is convinced that if adequate funds can be secured for the project definite progress can be made in creating better race relations and in correcting problems resulting from social disorganization in the Negro community. Along with the fight to eliminate discrimination must go programs to assist Negro citizens to make their maximum contribution toward the development of a better community. Leaders in the city, Negro and white, are agreed that the Urban League is more responsible than any other agency for the amicable relations that exist between Negroes

and whites. The operational blueprint of the program, methods and techniques to be used in this proposed project could serve as a model for other cities in the region experiencing similar problems.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

During this period of excessive growth in the Negro population the Urban League of New Orleans serves as the only agency with a program designed to meet the economic and social problems of the non-white group. The Urban League, since its beginning in 1939, has attracted to its Board of Directors outstanding leaders in the Negro and white community. At present the Urban League is the only agency with an interracial Board primarily concerned with the economic and cultural conditions among Negroes and working to improve relations between Negroes and whites.

Many noteworthy improvements in the Negro community are due directly or indirectly to the efforts of the Urban League. Among these are:

(a) The development of Pontchartrain Park Homes, which consists of 800 units on a 410 acre tract. This development has a population of approximately 2,582 Negro residents and one white family.

(b) Development of neighborhood units in various congested areas through which Negroes have been encouraged to develop self-help projects, and in which community leadership has been developed to deal with community problems.

(c) Securing job openings in numerous mercantile establishments for Negroes in clerical and sales positions.

(d) Working with churches, schools, social, civic, and fraternal organizations, setting up conferences, forums, and special assemblies to promote discussions and foster programs to deal with problems of delinquency, family problems, problems of the unwed mother, and health problems.

(e) Initiating vocational education and guidance programs for Negroes on the high school and college level. Through these conferences and forums hundreds of Negro youth have been provided with occupational information and have been assisted in various ways in career planning.

For a period of 18 years the Urban League's program was financed by the New Orleans Community Chest. In 1956, however, the White Citizens Council issued an ultimatum to the Community Chest (now United Fund) that they were not sympathetic with the Urban League's program because of the League's emphasis on equality of opportunity and first-class citizenship for Negroes. The Community Chest was informed that further support of the Urban League would result in organized action against the Community Chest by the White Citizens Council and its sympathizers. On the basis of these threats the Community Chest Board felt that, in spite of the constructive program the Urban League had sponsored over the years, the climate in race relations was such that retaining the League as a Community Chest beneficiary may result in lost Chest support. Consequently, the League was urged to voluntarily withdraw. There were six meetings between representatives of the Community Chest and Urban League Board with the same request being made—that the Urban League would withdraw. When the League steadfastly refused to withdraw—because of the loss of respect

which would come from the Negro community with whom we must work--the Community Chest, by a vote of 8 to 7, withdrew its support from the Urban League.

In 1957 the Urban League initiated its own fund-raising campaign to insure a continuation of the program. The first year's campaign was fairly successful due to the community's resentment of the Chest's action. The League raised slightly more than the grant of $22,000 which the Community Chest had contributed. With the period of public resentment over, however, many industries, business and lay persons committed to united giving again responded to the Chest's appeal. Consequently, the Urban League has not been able to reach the budget goal of $35,000, an amount necessary to develop a meaningful program. Threatened reprisals by officials of State and Municipal Departments and the Board of Education (resulting from laws which have been passed by the State Legislature) serve as deterrents to employees in these departments from supporting an organization with the principles of the Urban League--i.e., equality of opportunity and first-class citizenship, and have seriously affected many persons who would otherwise support the Urban League.

The social and economic problems among Negroes continue to be among the more pressing problems in this city. Even though the Urban League has continued to operate by gifts, memberships, and contributions we are forced to limit our activities and services at a time when they are most needed. The Board of Directors of the Urban League, therefore, makes a request for aid on a three-year project, the purpose for which is as follows.

THE PROJECT PLAN

To enlist the cooperation of the various denominational groups in the city in developing programs designed to strengthen family life among Negroes and to foster programs and projects to decrease juvenile delinquency. To further the cooperative program, meetings would be scheduled with principal church groups to discuss the nature and full implications of the project. Meetings would be scheduled with major lay groups for the purpose of encouraging them to accept program responsibilities in civic and social related activities. Missionary clubs, youth clubs, and other similar groups would be acquainted with local community problems and provided assistance in meeting them. Seminars with church leaders of various denominations would be sponsored to acquaint these leaders with a broader knowledge of area problems and to motivate them to initiate programs to deal with the problems.

Why A League-Church-Related Project?

The Negro church in New Orleans is the principal medium of communication with the large masses of Negroes. Latest records show there are approximately 125,000 Negroes affiliated with Catholic and Protestant churches. The Urban League enjoys an excellent relationship with all religious groups serving non-whites. During the past three years leaders of various denominational groups have requested the Urban League to assist in developing conferences, forums, and other

special programs which would improve the general welfare of the community. Among these programs initiated by the Urban League during the past three years in which there was church cooperation in the sponsorship were the following:

(a) An all-day conference on "Problems of Juvenile Delinquency Among Negroes". There were 16 churches which cooperated in sponsoring this project which was attended by 246 delegates from the churches and youth agencies.

(b) Three area church conferences on "Delinquency Prevention" in which the Urban League was requested to arrange the program and recruit program participants.

(c) Two Church-League Conferences for ministers on "Problems of Housing and Relocation for Minority Groups". Each of these conferences were attended by more than 100 ministers and religious group representatives.

(d) Two League-Church sponsored programs on "Problems of Negro Un-married Mothers".

(e) A League-Church sponsored conference on "Problems of Family Life Among Negroes in New Orleans."

The Church has a stable membership, meeting facilities, and a known general interest in social and moral issues. The Negro churches are dispersed in every locality in the city, thus reaching every social and economic group in the non-white population. Even though the project is planned to be church centered, it would use the church and its leadership as a focal point to reach non-church people in the general community. Programs and special activities developed with church cooperation would hopefully be taken over by church groups and other organizations as a part of their continuing program when the project terminates.

THE BUDGET

The budget request is based on a three year operation. After the second year the budget would be reduced as a result of the increased interest and participation.

First Year

Administration:

1 Community Organization Specialist	$ 5,500
1 Office Secretary	3,000
1 Part-time Secretary	1,800
Stationery, office supplies and equipment, postage, promotion	2,000
Traveling expense (auto)	450
Exhibits, special publicity	1,500
Attendance at state conferences, regional meetings, Urban League Conf.	500
	$14,750

Second Year	12,250
Third Year	10,000

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

MEMORANDUM

January 18, 1960

To: Mr. Stephen R. Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc.

From: Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

Re: SUGGESTED STUDY OF PUBLIC POLICIES AFFECTING RACE RELATIONS.

Here is a general outline of a possible study of public policy, as we discussed last Thursday.

OBJECT:

To enable a group of specialists in law and government to examine public policies (federal, state, and local) as they affect race relations in the United States. To carry out the study and publish findings and recommendations would probably take two years.

NEED:

Hardly anybody but partisans is providing diagnosis and prescription in this field. Meanwhile, we have free-for-all controversy and a profusion of laws and administrative actions. There are various honestly debatable questions that are not getting the scholarly, independent study they deserve: e.g., how far does federal responsibility extend; at what points does the legal protection of minority rights conflict with other constitutional guarantees; how useful and how reasoned in scope are the growing number of state and local anti-discrimination bodies? The development of wise and effective public policy in this field is important enough to our domestic and international well-being to warrant the best thought available.

SPONSORSHIP:

The project might either be carried out directly under foundation sponsorship, or be farmed out to an appropriate

university or private agency. Examples of the first pattern would be the Rockefeller Brothers Fund's study of national defense, or the Ashmore study of bi-racial education sponsored by the Fund for the Advancement of Education. One of many examples of the second sort would be the studies of the loyalty-security program sponsored by the Bar of the City of New York and financed by the Fund for the Republic.

METHOD:

A study of this scope could not be blue-printed out of hand. A few questions illustrative of those deserving study are included in this memorandum. But a proper outline of the project and determination of procedures, personnel, and costs would require preliminary staff work of a high order. One of the proverbial "bright young lawyers" might be engaged on a temporary basis to develop detailed plans for the project. (With luck, he might even turn out to be the right person for project staff director.) The Ashmore Project, in which I was involved, would be worth looking at as a prototype of the foundation-sponsored study. It had an imposing steering committee headed by the late ex-Justice Owen Roberts, a project director in the person of Harry Ashmore, and a research staff directed by Philip Hammer. In addition, a wide assortment of scholars, lawyers, and other specialists contributed to the study as consultants. The result, as you know, was a series of reports and publications, beginning with Ashmore's The Negro and the Schools.

SUGGESTED QUESTIONS FOR STUDY:

1. What is the responsibility of the Federal Government in this field, and how well is it being met? (Federal legislation, enforcement machinery, aid to state programs, employment, facilities, etc.)

2. What are the merits and demerits of official anti-discrimination commissions? (Objectives, effect on private property rights, administrative practices, legal concepts arising from their rulings, relation to judicial review, degree of permanence, etc.)

3. What are the governmental responsibilities toward problems arising from non-white migration to cities? (proposed "controlled migration," urban renewal, public housing and welfare programs, aid to vocational education, special educational techniques, de facto segregation, etc.)

4. Should public policy be confined to ending discrimination and compulsory segregation, or should it seek to bring about actual integration?

Possible Personnel (representing types of individuals who would be desirable for steering committee, staff, or consultant involvement):

Arthur E. Sutherland, Harvard Law
Harris Wofford, Notre Dame Law
Robert Harris, Vanderbilt Political Science
Henry Brandis, North Carolina Law
Robert Leflar, Arkansas and NYU Law
Frederick Watkins, Yale Political Science
G. W. Foster, Wisconsin Law
Louis Pollak, Yale Law
John Wheeler, Durham business
J. M. Nabrit, Howard Law
Albert W. Dent, Dillard University

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

MEMORANDUM January 19, 1960

To: Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.

From: Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

Re: PROPOSAL FROM THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF LABOR EDUCATION.

Stephen Currier and I discussed this briefly last week. Here are a few observations for whatever they are worth:

(1) The package is too big and miscellaneous. A relatively new organization that hasn't operated in the South before would do well to start smaller and let its Southern program grow.

(2) Only Proposal "A" deals clearly and directly with race relations; the other proposals may involve both white and Negro unionists, but they provide for general labor education.

(3) How much responsibility and involvement could be expected from the unions themselves? The anticipated degree of their financial participation is not reassuring. If the proposal reaches the negotiating stage, Mire should be asked to comment more specifically on this question.

(4) Same need for specificity applies to the universities and consultants expected to cooperate.

(5) Despite these criticisms, Proposal "A" is about as good a bet as any for a labor education push in human relations. NILE has a good reputation with unions and

universities and could be expected to do a conscientious job. If they were willing to do "A" alone, it seems from the request that cost would be around $10,000.

(6) As suggested above, I feel the decision on this one turns on the Foundation's current range of interest. If interest extends to this kind of effort, then I would recommend sympathetic consideration of "A" only. Otherwise, there is no problem.

File
Foundations - Taconic, 1960

January 22, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Thanks for the copy of Baine's letter on behalf of the Houston Council of Churches and for the news story about the Rev. Dallam Simpson which he enclosed.

Simpson and his church -- the College Heights Baptist -- were on our list among the Top Four recommended for gifts of $2,500. I'm glad Baine sent in the clipping, since it helps to explain why we felt maximum recognition -- and financial support -- were called for.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Inter-Office Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To: Harold C. Fleming

Date January 19, 1960

From: Mrs. Eddy

Subject: Southern Ministers

Do you have this fellow on your list?

THE BELLAIRE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
TELEPHONE MADISON 3-0439
5001 BELLAIRE BOULEVARD
BELLAIRE, TEXAS

WILLIAM A. BAINE
MARION F. REYNOLDS
MINISTERS

JAN 11 1960

January 11, 1960

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier
Currier & Company
561 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Currier:

I believe that Rev. Virgil Lowder, Executive Secretary of the Council of Churches of Greater Houston, has already written you a letter of appreciation for the generous contribution of $1,000.00 to the Houston Council given in appreciation for the Council's work in the field of race relations.

May I add my own word of appreciation for this generous gift and assure you of our genuine gratitude for your personal support and for the support of others in our Council activities. The field of race relations is, of course, one of the crucial areas of need throughout the entire south land today and we are trying to lead Christians in a progressive approach to the matter. With such help as you have given, we can continue to render this service and also find great encouragement as we go forward.

Since you have expressed an interest in this particular field, you may be interested in the enclosed article concerning one minister in the area that is doing something in a constructive way. Mr. Simpson spoke to the Association of Ministers last week and made a most favorable impression. He is by no means a radical but he is one who is accomplishing a great deal in a constructive way through his quiet but courageous ministry.

Most sincerely yours,

William A. Baine

William A. Baine, President
Council of Churches of Greater Houston

WAB:cw
cc: Rev. Virgil E. Lowder

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

RELIGION

MS - 7

JAN 14 1960

THE REV SIMPSON LOOKS OVER HIS TOWN
He, His Wife And Two Children Live In Nederland
—Post Photo

SEEKS BAPTIST UNITY

Minister Fights Racial Bigotry

By RON MOSKOWITZ, Post Staff Correspondent

BEAUMONT — Here in the heart of a prosperous and influential segment of the Southern Baptist Convention, a small church is making religious history.

Its 150 members are Baptists. But their service is formal and liturgical. They frown on evangelism. Their pastor wears a clerical collar. They promote interfaith relations with other denominations and open their doors to Baptists of any race or color.

BUT THE CHIEF difference is that the College Heights Baptist Church, on the outskirts of Beaumont, is not affiliated with the Southern Baptist Convention, although the 62 other Baptist churches in Jefferson County are.

Until this month it had no affiliation.

Then, its application into the American (Northern) Baptist Convention was accepted.

The small membership became the first Southern church to affiliate with the Northern convention since the Southerners withdrew from it over the slavery issue in 1845.

Most of the members are native Southerners. The pastor, the Rev William Dallam Simpson, although born in England, came to Galveston when he was 4 years old, and was reared there.

THE RED-HAIRED, blue-eyed pastor, known affectionately by his friends as Bill, entered the U. S. Marine Corps upon graduation from Ball High School. When the war ended, he went to Denton where he entered North Texas State Teachers College. He stayed there but a year, for he met his wife and quit school to go to work.

Two years later he entered George Washington University in Washington, DC, where he received a bachelor's degree in English. He then returned to Durham, England, his birthplace, where he received a master's degree in classical languages. This was 1952.

It was that year that he decided to change his plans for a vacation. He had wanted to become a teacher. But he decided while in England to become a minister.

Following the course outlined by the Southern Baptist Convention, he declared his intent to go into the ministry in 1953 in Tyler and was given pastorship of a church in Gladewater.

THE NEXT YEAR he enrolled in Southwest Baptist Theological Seminary in Fort Worth, the largest in the Southern convention. He received his Bachelor of Divinity degree in two years, having already completed about a year of the required courses while in England.

In 1956, he took a church in Deweyville — the Deweyville Baptist Church, a member of the Southern convention. In April of that year, a Negro minister came to him, requesting that a Negro Baptist pastor's group use his church for one night for a fund-raising rally to collect enough money to sponsor construction of their own sanctuary.

As the Rev Simpson's agreement to do so got around town, strong feelings began to build up. A crude eight-foot cross was burned in front of the church. The sheriff stayed around the Rev Simpson, protecting him.

"I stayed 18 months," he said. 'But things were never the same after that incident. So I left and came here."

THINGS WENT smoothly at first for the soft-spoken pastor in his new church, the Southside Baptist Church, also a member of the Southern convention. He and his family moved into a house in nearby Nederland.

"I thought when I left Deweyville I had left all my problems behind me and could start over," he said. "But trouble came again after the national convention of the Southern Baptist Convention."

The Rev Simpson, at the first meeting of the Southeast Texas Baptist Association — composed of the 62 area Baptist churches — made a suggestion.

"Since at the national convention in Louisville the delegates had voted unanimously to do something constructive about the racial situation when they got back home," he explained, "I suggested that the Negro Baptist ministers come into our organization.

"I TOLD THEM that I knew the Negro ministers personally, and knew them to be men of good will. I said that by inviting them at this time the pastors could do a great deal toward the prevention of another Montgomery, Little Rock or Clinton situation.

"They agreed by voting unanimously for my motion."

The pastor explained that the group met each Monday morning. The next week, at the meeting, the pastors voted 61-1 to bar reporters, then voted 61-1, after heated debate, to rescind their action of the previous week.

The following Wednesday, at a church meeting, the six deacons of the Rev Simpson's church asked for the pastor's dismissal.

When the vote came, only the deacons and their wives voted to dismiss the Rev Simpson. But a month later, another meeting was held, and a majority of the congregation voted for his dismissal.

WHEN HE WALKED out, about 50 of the members who had voted against his dismissal walked out with him. They immediately offered him the pastorship of a new church which they hoped to organize. And so the College Heights Baptist Church came into being, formed along lines of the American Baptist Convention.

In June, the congregation petitioned for membership in that Northern association and was accepted this month. During its six months of existence, its membership has tripled to 150 adults.

An equal number of students from Lamar College of Technology — including some Negroes — attend services with regular members at temporary quarters where the congregation now meets.

But there is still a lot of pressure from non-members to squash the church, the Rev Simpson said.

"I'M SURE IT would be easier," he said, "to give support to rank superstition, to preach the hatred of colored people and be outspoken in favor of prohibition. I'm sure it would be easier to do all that than to struggle against them.

"It's not the best thing for the family, I know. But there are some crazy people like me left who believe that the Southern convention has lost sight of its basic doctrine of man's liberty of conscience, his complete liberty of conscience. When you supplant that with wet-dry elections and even lesser things, you lose your heritage completely. I am afraid they have done just that.

"Their sending missions to the colored peoples of the world I find a mockery — the most enigmatic thing imaginable. They preach one should accept his brother for what he is, then refuse to practice it themselves in this country."

The Rev Simpson said that if his church is able to last under the pressure for at least a year, he is confident that the American Baptist Convention will build for the congregation a permanent structure.

The structure, he believes, might be the first step toward unity of the two conventions since Civil War days.

THE EPISCOPAL SOCIETY FOR
CULTURAL AND RACIAL UNITY
522 ATLANTA NATIONAL BUILDING
50 WHITEHALL STREET, S. W.
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

PR ✓
Return to HCF ✓

Copy

January 23, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

Thank you for your letter of January 19th. I shall endeavor to answer the questions you raise therein.

With regard to your question as to whether the Church will assist in the program, I should, perhaps, define the role of the independent Society within the Church and its relationship to the official Church structure. Briefly, though, the Church through its official channels and budgets will not assist financially. While enjoying the enthusiastic support of Church leaders from the Presiding Bishop on down, it is not in the nature of things for the Church to underwrite program outside the established departmental and division structure of the Church. The Rev. Mr. Tarplee's work is supported by the official Church, but on a woefully inadequate basis. One purpose of the Society is to encourage the Church to assume increasingly more responsibility for this area of concern. As with the Church Society for College Work, another independent group operating within the Episcopal Church, the Church was led by their pioneering efforts to realize its responsibilities for adequate ministries on college campuses. Now the Church is doing through its established channels what CSCW started by way of chaplaincy programs and this society has been able to go on into more pioneering work in the field of Christian influence on the campus. Still another church society, the Overseas Mission Society, exists more to critically appraise the Church's policies in its foreign mission work and it would be less than desireable for the official Church to support the agency which is able to objectively analyse what it is doing abroad. The Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity will be cast in both roles - actually providing resources in terms of materials and conferences as well as serving at times as the voice of self-criticism upon the Church's failures and its needs for a more relevant approach to intergroup relations problems. It would both be redundant for the official Church to financially support the Society and from the standpoint of the service the Society can do the Church it would not be desireable. All of this is to simply reiterate that the Church will not financially underwrite us, but at every significant level morally supports us. If I have not adequately covered this question please let me know.

As to other individuals or foundations from whom substantial support might be expected, I am afraid that at this point I must say there are none. We are not now in touch with any other source

from whom we may expect large donations, but I am convinced that once we have something to show for ourselves - the effective role of the Society in the life of the Church and its specific accomplishments in terms of program - there undoubtably will be other sources which can be approached. I am sure that there are many concerned Episcopalians from whom we can expect annual contributions of $500.00 and more. I frankly don't know them now, with one or two exceptions, but there's reason to believe we will develop a number of "friends of the Society". Most other groups in the Church have such "friends" and certainly our area of concern has its especial impetus to encouraging active support by virtue of the crisis proportions of the problems we face. I am now, in effect, partly answering your final question: "Is there a plan for the long range financing of the program?" As you indicated, it is difficult to answer this question when we are just getting under way. Certainly we have no blueprint and, indeed, I can't imagine how we could have one when we shall be so dependent upon our own growth and effectiveness and upon the good will of donors whose genorisity will enable us to maintain a program which will in turn encourage other donors. I am confident, though, as I said above, that our base of support can be increasingly broadened with each year's operation. It will undoubtably be necessary for us always to depend on contributions and grants over and above dues (since, for instance, 4000 members would still only mean $12,000.00), but the Church is big enough and with sufficient persons of means and concern to suggest that many will eventually aid us. At this point we stand like a newborn baby wanting to learn to walk. Its implicit within the spirit which has characterized the movement and the extensiveness of the support for it from significant persons in the Church that we have a great ability to move ahead, but in these early days some very supportive hands financially are needed. Later on there will be many more willing persons to assist us until the fledgling is able to confidently move through the Church's life alternately prodding, supplementing, criticizing, strengthening and upholding those whose concern is to recall the Church to its truly inclusive nature. Later on we shall be able to develop long range plans and have some better understanding of what we can and should do by way of programming, but now we're at the stage where this is just not more possible than I have outlined it here.

It is my desire to give you as complete a picture of both our needs and our means as possible. Let me go into the picture fairly minutely in terms of recent income and expenditures. You will recall that our report indicated a balance from the Raleigh conference of $145.98. Since then we have received two donations of $200.00 each, specifically to help us with establishing office operations, and nearly $100.00 in dues (which will, of course, be increasingly numerous, we trust). I have outfitted our donated office space with minimal equipment, already obtained the first order of printed items of which you've received copies, and given further order for letterhead supplies. My records show me that when all bills are paid and the new order of printed items obtained I shall be $339.43 in the red on the basis of monies presently in hand. (Of course, dues will continue to come in, as mentioned above.) With the exception of not having a mimeograph machine which is sorely needed, I shall then be able to operate a basic office program - receiving memberships and dispatching materials. This is with me doing everything as I am presently doing.

While I don't mind at all being a jack-of-all-trades in this, because I'm so convinced of the potentialities for constructive influence in the Church of the Society, it is a little frustrating even now not to have more time available for writing with care to various individuals who are contacting me to discuss some phase of the new Society's purpose or some aspect of their own problems in intergroup relations areas. At some point, then, and it may be sooner than I now anticipate, I will undoubtably need office assistance. But, as indicated previously, I believe, the most pressing need is for some means of paying the travel and costs of the Board of Directors meeting at the Cathedral In New York, February 24-25. Some of them have advised me that they'll be there at a personal hardship to themselves whether travel is paid or no, but others have indicated that this will deter them in spite of their great desire to be present. Needless to say this meeting will be very important in the determining of specific programming and future promotion of the Society within the Church, as well as for more routine tasks of electing the Society's officers, etc. At this time I shall in all likelihood be asked officially to be the Executive Secretary for the Society. This was assumed at Raleigh and it has been with everyone's encouragement that I have proceeded with such phases as you are acquainted with.

Given the means for an efficient office operation, Board travel and meeting costs, etc., I believe the next most important item in the Minimal Operating Budget I previously sent you is that of Travel for the Executive Secretary. We will miss an opportunity in timing if I am not able to respond to invitations to go here or there to tell of the Society and, possibly, to seek these out with a full tour around the Church following the February Board meeting. The Church is astir now with the news of the Society (as you can tell by the coverage within the Church press and the enclosed editorial, for instance) and it will be well for us to pick up the initial enthusiasm as soon as possible. Therefore, I place travel high on the list of needs. Were I able from my own resources to cover this for myself I would not now have to respond that we had no resources at the present for travel as I have in two instances when I've been asked to come tell about the Society.

Finally, since it follows directly from the above and is obviously related to these things, let me quite frankly tell what my personal situation is as regards means, etc. As you may know, my wife and I have some small personal resources which enabled us to move from a parish last year to devote my full time in the area of the Church and desegregation, with particular concern for the Southern scene. In moving from a salaried position to depending on our own means we have had to cut corners and of late have been using up more of our capital reserve than we like. However, as long as we're convinced of the worth of my work - salary or no - we're entirely happy to devote our own resources to it to the extent we're able. I am not, though, disposed to let my economic situation operate to the detriment of the Society through letting it have no need of its own economic stability. Indeed, I know of no better goal for me than to work for the day when the Society's Board can choose whomever they wish for an Executive Secretary and pay him what would be commensurately paid in the other Church Societies.

The item for salary for the Executive Secretary in the Minimal Operating Budget is what I was paid as a mission priest in the Diocese of South Carolina. The Housing Item, though, would not begin to cover the rental we must pay here but is a figure used when I was in South Carolina for assessing the value of the Rectory being given me. If I were to serve in the capacity of Executive Secretary of the Society for long I would hope that the salary would be gradually raised so that the Society would be well-equipped should it need to secure another person in my stead. For myself now, with reminder that various other items take precedence in need as far as I am concerned, I shall welcome some part or all of this salary item of $3,600.00 at such time as the Society is able to afford it. Such remuneration, restoring us to the fiscal condition we knew for four years in South Carolina, would greatly reduce the personal problems of juggling funds here and there and wondering just how long we could manage to live in Atlanta sans salary with rental and other costs being what they are. I reiterate, though, that we are perfectly prepared to see the salary item met last, or only in part, for as long as we are able to make ends meet and until more pressing needs of the Society are met.

I realize that I've gone into much more background here than you asked for but it seemed that it might be helpful for you to have some of theiinside picture. I am not making a plea for consideration of my personal situation, but since I have a direct and immediate relationship to the Society and its needs, I thought you might like to know this information.

Yours faithfully,

John B. Morris

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

January 26, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Well it certainly is nice that the clipping helps to explain why you people felt Simpson and his church ought to be recognized, but it doesn't explain at all why nobody in this office knew he had been given $2,500.

We did check the list before sending coal off to New Castle and we are therefore more embarrassed than ever.

I thought your public policy memo was fine. Stephen hasn't had a chance to react to it yet, but I will let you know when he does.*

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lm

* He is interested & Board will discuss it next week

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

Check sent to RHK for SRC

February 10, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Exec. Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The Taconic Foundation herewith forwards its check in the amount of $182.88 in reimbursement of the expenses incurred by you in relation to your meeting with the Taconic Foundation on January 14 and 15, 1960.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel
Enclosure

Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

To: HF

Date 2/10

From: Jane Lee J. Eddy

Dear Harold,

I know whether you know Brawley, but you will see from the enclosed that it became incumbent upon me to do a bit of fancy footwork here (& I'm afraid had reason to expect) substantial support for a million dollar program.

I'm sending this to

you in case TF's ...
public image needs
shoring up in your
area as a result.

Yrs.

R

I had previously
written him that
TF ~~could~~ a does
not make grants for
buildings nor endow-
ment.

February 10, 1960

Dr. James P. Brawley
President
Clark College
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Brawley:

Thank you for your letter of February 5th.

I have told Mr. Currier of the disappointment which you expressed, and he has asked me to tell you that he regrets that his very real personal interest in the counseling question which he discussed with Eric Lincoln should have given rise to hopes of substantial support from the Taconic Foundation.

I should perhaps explain that the Foundation has been in existence only a short time and that one of the major undertakings which Mr. Currier has set for the Foundation for the current time is self-education in many areas. Our very great interest and concern with the many faceted problems of race relations occasionally leads our inquiries somewhat beyond the Foundation's rather well defined ambit.

With this word of explanation, I should be very happy to see you when you come to New York on Friday, February 26th. I'm sure a discussion with you would be most useful in our broader understanding of the problems with which we are working, but I cannot hold out hope of Foundation support for this particular program. Mr. Currier would also be happy to see you if he is in New York on that date.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lm

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

February 17, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming,

I am enclosing the article in the New York Times on February 15, 1960 in which you were quoted regarding the current lunch counter sitdown strikes. I had marked some of this in red for my own use, but found, upon trying to erase it, that the print went, too.

Mrs. Eddy tells me that you will be sending us some material on the pupil placement laws and, if you can get it, something on the Facts Forum. Thank you very much for this, but please don't feel any urgency about it. I'm sure you must have quite enough on your hands right now.

Sincerely yours,

Kate Resnik

Kate Resnik
Research Assistant

MAILED TO JANE LEE EDDY - FEBRUARY 18, 1960 without ltr.

file Jacobs Fd.

MEMORANDUM

February 17, 1960

To: John Constable
From: Paul Rilling (Harry Jones)

Re: Sit-down demonstrations in North Carolina

1. The demonstrations have occurred in every city in North Carolina where Negro colleges are located, with the exception of Salisbury. The demonstrations appear to be really directed by college students. The only reason that no such demonstrations have occurred in Salisbury is that students there are already eating in downtown restaurants. The students at Livingstone College in Salisbury report some frustration over their inability to join in the demonstrations.

2. The demonstrations initiated among students in Greensboro and seemingly spread through a chain reaction to other campuses. It does not seem as though there was intercampus communication initially.

3. A number of adult groups are trying to get into the act, but none have as yet "taken over" the sit-down movement. Mr. Carey of CORE is apparently in Greensboro lending aid and comfort to the group there. The NAACP attempted to bring together representatives of the various campuses to a meeting in Greensboro last Saturday. Some probably went. The Charlotte group specifically took the position that they did not want to be related to any other group and refused to go to the meeting.

4. The NCCHR issued a statement in support of the demonstrations which was carried fairly completely by the Charlotte Observer but few if any other papers in N.C. Harry Jones has been sitting in with an adult Negro group which is attempting to give encouragement to the Charlotte students. The students are continuing to call the tune.

5. The Greensboro Daily News has taken an editorial stand in favor of the demonstrating students. Both the Greensboro [illegible] and the Raleigh News Observer have editorially criticized the attorney general and public authorities in Raleigh for their arrest of demonstrators in Raleigh.

6. Students arrested in Raleigh were arrested on a trespassing charge on the claim that they were demonstrating on sidewalks which were not in fact public sidewalks but in fact private property. John Wheeler reports that at least one of the students was ordered out of a public phone booth off the sidewalk and states that in his opinion the public authorities will be "in trouble" in this particular case.

7. There was a fist fight in High Point Monday in which one Negro and two white youths were arrested. There has been, however, practically no violence anywhere and the police are generally doing an effective job of maintaining order.

8. There was a rumor in Charlotte over the week-end that the Mayor was calling a meeting of student leadership and white merchants to try and reach an agreement. It turned out, however, that the Mayor wanted the students to call off the demonstration as a requirement for holding the meeting, so the whole idea fell through.

9. Demonstrations are still going on everywhere. They have been called off in Cameron Village in Raleigh, pending settlement of the arrests there, but are continuing in downtown Raleigh.

10. A Negro minister with a regular radio program in Charlotte has sharply criticized the student demonstrators and claims that they are being manipulated by outsiders and are lending themselves to a hate movement. Negro leaders discount him as a white man's captive minister and he has been burned in effigy by Negro students.

11. It is hard to gauge white public opinion at this point. Certainly much of it seems to be curious and uninvolved. There have been very few letters to the editor in Charlotte. There have been a number in Greensboro papers and these are running more favorable than critical of the demonstrators.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Mailed to Jane Lee Eddy - Feb. 18, 1960

STATEMENT ON THE NEGRO STUDENT PROTEST MOVEMENT

The current student demonstrations against segregated lunch counters and restaurants in North Carolina and other states are manifestations of a new spirit and attitude on the part of Negroes which has come about since 1954. The Supreme Court decision against school segregation and the pronouncements of the major church bodies against racial segregation in general have given Negroes a new sense of dignity and a new determination to achieve first class citizenship.

It would be a mistake, therefore, to look upon the current demonstrations simply as a wave of student pranks which will quickly subside. They are the result of accumulated frustrations on the part of students who are fully aware of their rights as American citizens and who believe that recognition of these rights is long overdue.

It would be a mistake also to assume that Negroes in general are not in sympathy with the students. While there are no doubt some differences of opinion as to method and strategy, the great majority of Negroes wholeheartedly approve the efforts of the students to break down barriers to the enjoyment of their full rights as citizens.

The lunch counter protests, with their spontaneous beginnings, their peaceful, non-violent methods, and their quiet persistence, have the appearance of a religiously motivated cause similar to the Montgomery, Alabama, bus strike of several years ago. In Montgomery, the failure of community leadership to sense the deep meaning and the strength of that protest brought tension, strife, and economic loss to that city for many months.

This must not happen in North Carolina. The time is now for state and community leadership to realize the serious and far-reaching nature of

these movements and to move quickly toward finding peaceful and honorable solutions.

A way can be found to deal with the moral, legal and economic aspects of the problem. The American tradition of decency and fair play would seem to demand that downtown dining facilities should be available to anyone who needs them and can pay for them.

In accomplishing this objective, the dignity and freedom of every individual must be respected; business must be allowed to operate without interference; and the law must be respected.

Confidence in the basic good judgement and sense of fair play of the majority of our citizens could be our most valuable asset in solving the problem. Experience in many areas of desegregation--in churches, schools, airports, and auditoriums, and particularly in the Armed Forces--has taught us that where policy is firmly agreed upon and where people are expected to behave properly toward each other, they almost always do. Except for our fears, many of our problems would melt away.

The present situation presents a challenge to the people of North Carolina as well as a threat to peaceful and rewarding human relations. Let the leadership of North Carolina demonstrate its competency to find a solution which will preserve moral justice and, at the same time, permit no business to suffer ecenomic loss.

It can be done.

THE OFFICERS of the
N. C. Council on Human Relations

Harry S. Jones, Executive Secretary.

February 19, 1960

Mr. J. C. Herrin
American Baptist Home Mission Societies
164 Fifth Avenue
New York 10, New York

Dear Mr. Herrin:

Mrs. Stephen R. Currier has asked me to thank you for your letter of February 17th and to say that she regrets very much that it will not be possible for her to lend the support which you suggest for the exchange of students between colleges in the North and South.

This is a most challenging program, and Mrs. Currier extends her best wishes for its success.

I am returning at this time the letter which you enclosed from Elmer G. Million.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lm

cc: Harold C. Fleming

Harold - I trust that this ends the thing - JE

via air mail

February 22, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Here is a copy of the AFSC proposal on Prince Edward County which I mentioned in our telephone conversation of last week. You will recall that the proposal was developed and approved by AFSC after extensive interagency consultation.

I am also enclosing a memorandum by Jean Fairfax describing her recent visit to Prince Edward. It is a useful supplement to the proposal, since it gives more of the human flavor of the situation confronting the people of the county.

Although the proposal doesn't deal with finances, AFSC hopes to raise $20,000 to finance the activities described over an 18-month period.

I might add that it was the consensus among the agencies consulted that AFSC assume the initiative and responsibility for this effort. But it is also understood that others, including SRC and the Virginia Council on Human Relations, will cooperate closely with the AFSC in the project.

If Taconic is interested, as I hope it will be, of course I will suggest that AFSC get directly in touch with you.

All best regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

bc: Barbara Moffett and Jean Fairfax

Encls: JFairfax proposal for AFSC Program in Prince Edward County-2/12/60
and Memo on Visit to Prince Edward - 2/18/60

File

February 24, 1960

The Rev. John B. Morris
The Episcopal Society for
Cultural and Racial Unity
522 Atlanta National Building
50 Whitehall Street, S.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Reverend Morris:

This letter will confirm our telephone conversation in which I advised you of the Taconic Foundation's intention of assuring a contribution of approximately $12,500 to The Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity.

We have studied with interest the proposal you have made on behalf of the Society for long-term support. On the basis of evidence now available, we find it impossible to make a commitment of this order. The purpose of this contribution, therefore, is to provide the Society with financial resources for a period of six months in which the Society can begin its program and test the efficacy of its structure and, at least to some extent, the response to its purpose.

While we are not unmindful of certain problems inherent in this kind of grant, we hope that with a substantial beginning assured, the Society would be able to demonstrate in the six months' period vigor of program and commitment of leadership upon which further support over a longer period could be based.

We understand that this contribution to The Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity can be made through the Cathedral of St. John The Divine and arrangments to effect the gift will be set in motion within a few days.

The Rev. John B. Morris February 24, 1960

We congratulate you and your Board on establishing this organization and hope that this contribution will be of assistance in the important task you have set.

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC:sel

February 26, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

I am abject about the delay in sending you some material on pupil placement plans. As you probably gave guessed, it has been a three-ring circus here of late, and my good intentions have gone down the drain day after day.

As a token of good faith, here are a few miscellaneous items that deal, in one way or another, with the placement plan and its workings. I am sending you separately a copy of the book Action Patterns in School Desegregation by Wey and Corey, which is the best overall account of these patterns, token and otherwise. (The most pertinent pages on pupil placement are 122-126, 149-150, and 153-154.)

I think you will also want to have in your library a copy of the Civil Rights Commission's complete report, obtainable from the Superintendent of Documents in Washington at $2.00. It is a handy catch-all on the civil rights aspects of voting and education.

When you and Miss Resnik have gotten into the subject a bit, feel free to throw specific questions and further requests to us. For now, I am hesitant to send

you a lot of technical and legal material which may only clutter your desks.

My best.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures

P. S. -- We are getting out a Special Report on the lunch-counter situation which should reach you in a day or two.

HCF

mailed separately: Action Patterns...

Encls: L report #15
SRC Policy Statement and accompanying news release
NCHR report of Oct. 1959
NCHR report of Dec. 1959 on Statement and Resolution on Public School Desegregation
Atl. Journal article Dec. 1, 1959

BC Jane Lee Eddy
Encl. 1 "the Changing South"

February 29, 1960

Mr. Stephen Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

While I am sorry we won't have a visit from you and Audrey in April, a visit that is more personal and less safari-like later on will be more satisfying. Of course, I will be glad to be of assistance to Mrs. Field and her fellow travelers.

I am taking this opportunity to send you the enclosed exhibit illustrating the Council's work through the press. Most of the reports and releases illustrated were the fruits of the research program which your help made possible.

You will also be receiving shortly our report on the lunch-counter demonstrations, which we released over the weekend. The initial reactions to it encourage us. As a further effort, we have so far managed to provide consultant services to the mayors and other public officials of two of the affected communities. As I needn't tell you, however, the situation looks ominous just now.

It is likely that I will be in New York about March 22 - 23. If so, I will hope to see you then. Otherwise, best wishes to you and Audrey for a pleasant voyage.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure

STEPHEN RICHARD CURRIER

666 FIFTH AVENUE

NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
c/o Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

The month of March has filled up and we leave for Europe in early April. I am afraid our junket around the Southland with Mrs. Field, etc., will have to be foregone.

Should she and her friends decide to carry on without us, I am giving them your name as a good Southern booking agent.

Audrey and I, however, are sorry that we won't have the opportunity to go to Atlanta and see you all.

I am, with warm wishes,

Sincerely,

Stephen

Stephen R. Currier

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

March 8, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

We are all delighted to know that you will be in these parts on March 22nd and 23rd. Stephen says when could you come to see us? How about lunch on the 23rd?

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lm

March 11, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Our reaction to the New Orleans Urban League proposal is, I should guess, the same as yours and Stephen's. The proposal is articulate and detailed about the need for a project and the organization's record, but when it comes to the project itself, it fades out. The question is what this indicates -- that the project hasn't been thought through, that words failed him, or that he simply grew tired toward the end. I suspect the first.

In any case, I should think it is worth finding out and would suggest that you write the executive saying, with your usual skill and tact, essentially what I have said above. If he then spells the project out properly and you'd like me to look at it again, I'll be glad to.

Since I last communicated, my New York meeting has been set for 11:30 to 2:00 on Wednesday the 23rd. I will probably come up the 22nd. If you and Stephen have any free time on either day, I'll hope to see you.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

cc: Mr. Harold C. Fleming

COPY

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

April 4, 1960

Mrs. G. T. Hamilton, Exec. Dir.
The Atlanta Urban League
239 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Hamilton:

Mr. Stephen R. Currier, President of the Taconic Foundation, has asked me to let you know that he regrets that the Foundation has not yet been able to act on the proposal which The Atlanta Urban League has before us. As I wrote you earlier, the Foundation Board has decided that this proposal should be tabled until various Urban League policy matters have been determined.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel

[redacted]
[redacted]
cc: Mr. Harold C. Fleming

April 4, 1960

Mrs. G. T. Hamilton, Exec. Dir.
The Atlanta Urban League
239 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Hamilton:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to forward to you the enclosed contribution in the amount of $250 to The Atlanta Urban League as an indication of their personal interest in The Atlanta Urban League.

Mr. and Mrs. Currier have no wish for personal publicity of any kind in connection with this gift. Would you be kind enough to see that their anonymity is preserved.

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York 19, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Currier send all good wishes for the continued fine work of The Atlanta Urban League.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. & Mrs. S. R. Currier

JLE:sel
Enclosure

April 27, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Here is another copy of the proposal for a Mississippi missionary project, to be manned by Gene Cox. Now that you've been exposed to some palaver about the needs of this dismal area, I'd appreciate your candid reaction to this proposed approach.

As I told you the other day, we've got a bad conscience about Mississippi and rural Louisiana, and so would be willing to put a proportionate share of state aid funds into this kind of hand-holding effort, if the rest of the budget could be found.

I hope your Champagne Flight to New York was as pleasant as the one from Savannah to Atlanta. Harry sounded relieved to hear it was Idlewild rather than Newark.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1.

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

May 6, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I am planning to come down next week unless there is some change in the situation there which means that you don't think it would be as good an idea as when we last talked.

I have a reservation on Delta's flight #721 arriving in Atlanta at 12:25 p.m. I will go from the airport to the Henry Grady Hotel where we have made a reservation. I will call you when I get to the hotel.

I am planning to return to New York Thursday afternoon on that lovely 6:00 p.m. flight that fills you with champagne and steak. I will be in the office here Monday afternoon if you think there are any reasons for changing this program.

Yours,

Jane Lee per SL

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:Sel

MM✓
ME

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

May 24, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Would it be possible for us to have five copies of the April, 1960 issue of New South?

The Manderson article would make very good background reading for our Board I think.

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lm

Replying as requested today

File - Tucoric
re S R Currier

May 27, 1960

Dear Mr. Currier:

Harold Flemming has very kindly given me your address so that I might personally give you an accounting of HOPE's recent activities. Your investment in the fight to save Georgia's schools is paying off handsomely; I do want to share the dividends with you.

Following our concerted efforts during the January session of the Legislature, we were compelled to dive into a much broader field of action. As you probably know, this Legislature created a "School Study Committee" for the purpose of obtaining expressions of opinion from the people. This meant that we must gather our strength throughout the state in order that our voices would be heard in the public hearings to be held in each congressional district. And what our HOPE supporters accomplished was truly remarkable! Continuing public education for all children was advocated in every hearing, contrary to previous predictions. It is quite true that the voice was a mere whisper in a couple of South Georgia districts, but in the others it ranged from a clear call to a roar. Hundreds of Georgians demanded that their public schools be saved; and whether they spoke in the name of HOPE, in the name of an organization or as individuals, we knew that our efforts were in large measure responsible for their being there, and were understandably proud. It all resulted in a majority report recommending a plan similar to that of the state of Virginia. And above all, it brought the issue out into the open and the adamant people of South Georgia are finally coming face to face with reality.

In an effort to capitalize on the break in the dike of resistance and to further educate the people outside Atlanta, we followed the hearings with a state-wide Open Schools Conference, held Saturday, May 14. I'm sure the attractive Mrs. Eddy has shown you the voluminous materials I gave her on the conference. We were sorry she was not able to attend because it succeeded beyond our dreams. We had a total attendance of about 500 men and women. This included people from 27 different communities and 6 different states. Twenty-one Georgia towns were represented, many of them in the areas where peopo

people are just now awakenting

to the realities of the school problem. The greatest satisfaction we had was from the unanimous gratitude and enthusiasm expressed by these people following the conference. The reports from the seven discussion groups listed on the enclosed program are remarkable documents. They are being prepared for duplication now, and with your permission, I will forward copies to you when they are ready. It is indeed exciting to see the extent to which Georgians are beginning to think and to stand up for what they believe in.

At the moment, after nearly five months of feverish and unceasing work, all of us have declared a brief holiday in order to rest our weary bones, graduate our children and tend to our homes and businesses which we have for so long neglected. And I'm afraid it will be all too brief because, as they say, the issue is joined. Judge Hooper has decreed that the Atlanta Pupil Placement Plan is to go into effect on May 1, 1961, which means that desegregation of the Atlanta schools must begin in September of 1961. This does give us one more year, which can be viewed as both a blessing and as a disadvantage. At any rate, for the first time we really have a deadline, and accordingly our plans must be laid carefully and forcefully. During this relatively quiet period of summer, we are sending questionnaires to all of this fall's candidates for the Legislature in order to ascertain their stand on the school matter. HOPE supporters throughout the state will also be supporters of candidates who run on an "open schools" platform. We are seeking funds to underwrite some sort of concentrated educational campaign via press and radio in South Georgia. And we are beginning to crystallize ideas for a real crash program for fall, building up to a crescendo immediately before the 1961 Legislature convenes. We thought we worked hard at this year's legislative session, but we realize all too well that our efforts must be at least doubled in 1961, for this will be our last chance.

In addition to our own plans, we are cooperating happily with other groups and individuals who have ideas of their own. For instance, the Superintendent of DeKalb County schools has urged the Georgia P.T.A., the Georgia Education Association and the County School Boards Association to sponsor fact-forums on the school crisis in every school house in Georgia. This would be invaluable. Although HOPE per se is entirely too suspect, as individuals we are striving to help this proposal become a reality, and if it does, much of the factual material will undoubtedly be ours.

So you see, our work continues and will increase as the situation builds to a climax. We have certainly made mistakes and will make more; there are many things which should have been done which were not done. I believe, though, that I can truthfully say that we've done the best we knew how to do. I, personally, am unconditionally proud of the things HOPE has accomplished, and give a lion's share of the credit for the changing face of Georgia to our supporters. I sincerely hope that this lengthy report will reassure you that your funds were well invested. Without your help much of our work would have been impossible--words cannot express the gratitude I feel. This is real grass-roots change--the impossible accomplished by a bunch of amateurs, with the help of people like you. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Mrs. Thomas M. Breeden
Chairman, Board of Directors

Copies to WDC + AEC

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

June 14, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Our Board has agreed to entertain the proposal from the Delta Foundation. We may have a decision within ten days, but if we do not act at that time, no action will be possible until the end of July.

I will keep you informed.

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel

June 14, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Thanks for the reminder.

Any list of Negro research people would be arbitrary, but here are a few names of men in the South with whom we have worked satisfyingly:

Hylan Lewis, Sociologist, 3516 - 28th Street, N. E., Washington 18, D. C.; formerly with Atlanta University and the Unitarian Service Committee.

C. A. Bacote, Department of History, Atlanta University.

Tillman Cothran, Chairman, Department of Sociology, Atlanta University.

Harry Roberts, Department of Sociology, Virginia State College, Petersburg, Virginia.

John Hope, Race Relations Department, Fisk University, special projects for National Manpower Council, National Planning Committee, and SRC.

Charles H. Parrish, Head, Department of Sociology, University of Louisville; long association with SRC.

Henry Bullock, Department of Sociology, Texas Southern University, Prairie View, Texas.

There are others, but perhaps this will be of some help as a starter.

My best.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Supplementary name
Dronell Hill
Jackson College
Col. Univ.

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

June 10, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

At least you can remember that you have forgotten, which is more than most of us could claim.

I wanted a list of Negro research people to give to Dick Heffner so that programs of a public service nature could broaden their base of experts.

Thanks very much for sending me additional copies of "The New South."

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel

Henry Bullock Hylan Lewis
C. A. Bacote
Tilman Cothran
Harry Roberts
John Hope II
C H Parrish

via air mail

June 23, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Many thanks for the latest word on the status of the Delta Foundation proposal. I am pleased and grateful that the board has agreed to consider it.

I am not very knowledgeable about research people outside the South; you and others there would be much better informed. It does occur to me to add the name of Dr. Mozell Hill, Teachers College, Columbia University. Mozell used to be head of the Atlanta University Department of Sociology and editor of its publication Phylon. He is well versed in our subject and well regarded in academic research circles.

I am not expecting to take anything much in the way of vacation. It looks as though that week in the spring was our main spree. I hope you are planning to do better.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

June 16, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Thanks very much for the list. If you have additional ideas of people around these parts, would you let me know. I will set to work here to see what local names can be assembled.

Will you have a vacation?

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lm

PROSPECTUS

HIGHLANDER SUMMER YOUTH PROJECT

RESIDENTIAL SESSION -- JULY 6 - AUGUST 16, 1960

Highlander Folk School
Monteagle, Tennessee

PURPOSE

The purpose of the Highlander Youth Project is to provide practice in integrated living for 25 to 30 high school students from the South and North. This will be done in the context of six weeks of day-to-day living experiences with a wide range of opportunities provided for individual creative development and expression.

Southern Negroes entering northern colleges are often handicapped by their inadequate schooling and limited cultural opportunities. By sharing a summer of experiences with both Negro and white young people who have had more advantages, adjustment to northern schools or integrated schools in the South will be easier.

Students from the North will have much to gain from being with young people from the South. It will be particularly valuable for white students to have the privilege of associating with courageous Negro students of their own ages from such places as Clinton, Tennessee; Montgomery, Alabama; Sturgis, Kentucky and Little Rock, Arkansas.

Planning for and taking part in activities together will provide each participant with the opportunity of contributing, as well as learning from the others. The variety of creative activities and recreational offerings will allow each to find or develop his areas of interest and ability. The daily process of living with people of different backgrounds and ideas will in itself be an educational experience of great value.

A secondary purpose of the program is to establish a pilot study through an evaluation of the program and its effectiveness. The study will be a guide for future Highlander projects and, it is hoped, will serve as a model for other organizations working in this field. Dr. Lewis Jones, Director of Social Science Research, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, has agreed to serve in an advisory capacity for this aspect of the project.

PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

The program will be informally structured allowing participants a maximum opportunity to work out creative activities according to their own interests.

Humanities and the Arts

An integrated staff of teachers and Group Leaders will be available to offer their guidance and skills. Students will be able to choose their own interests from a number of cultural activities such as writing and literature, modern dance, music (folk, jazz, and classical), dramatics and art.

Discussion

Informal discussion evolving from the group will be encouraged by staff and Group Leaders. Resource people will also be available from the surrounding area. Through discussion of many subjects both northern and southern students, Negro and white, by nature of their special backgrounds, will be able to contribute and learn from the exchange of ideas.

Participation in Highlander Workshop Sessions

Interested students and staff will be invited to attend meetings of Highlander's regularly scheduled adult workshop sessions: Community Leadership Workshop and Public School Integration Workshop for Parents.

Recreation

Highlander's 200 wooded acres located on the Cumberland Plateau, and small lake provide facilities for recreation including swimming, fishing, canoeing, volleyball, baseball, hiking and horseback riding.

Field Trips

There will be opportunity for trips to TVA dams and power plants and the Cherokee Reservation.

Chores

Groups working together get acquainted in a way which often cannot be duplicated through other forms of activity. Although it is emphaized that the project is not a summer workcamp, rotating duties, ie. care of cabins, dishwashing and setting tables will be part of the program.

PARTICIPANTS

Negro and white sophomore to senior high school students are being recruited from both the North and South. The balance will be approximately 12 from the North (8 white, 4 Negro), 18 from the South (12 Negro, 6 white). The students should come from a variety of backgrounds, social and economic as well as geographical. The cost per student is estimated at $250 for the six week period. Applications for scholarship assistance will be accepted on the basis of need.

STAFF

Project Coordinator. Anne Lockwood, Staff Assistant, Center for the Study of Liberal Education for Adults, Chicago, will work with the Director in coordinating the program of the camp with the school's program.

Project Director. Ewell Reagin, Director of Student Religious Activities, Cornell University, will be responsible for implementation of program and over-all direction of camp activities.

Assistant Director. He will be responsible for housekeeping details and for providing direction and leadership for the Group Leaders.

Teaching Staff. Four to five staff members with experience in teaching and/or professional fields will provide a balanced program in arts and humanities. Their function will be to stimulate and involve students in their field of training or competency.

Group Leaders. Five college students will serve as counselors and will live with the students. They will assist in the program according to their experience and training.

Highlander Resources. Resources of Highlander including Guy Carawan (folk singing, guitar and banjo instruction) will be utilized by the Project.

Advisory Committee. This committee will give assistance and advise to the Project Director and Coordinator in recruitment of students and in setting objectives and making plans for the program.

RL-57b

HIGHLANDER FOLK SCHOOL

Announces a Workshop on

APR 29 1960

The Place of the White Southerner in the Current Struggle for Justice

May 25-28, 1960

The student sit-in demonstrations have launched a movement recently which has given enormous impetus to the cause of integration in the South.

The significant fact about the new movement is that it is Negro inspired, Negro led, and except for token white participation, is a movement of the Negroes themselves. Not only have white people not been consulted in the planning but they have not found it easy even to join the ranks.

This has come as a shock to some. To others it is only a reminder, of what they have known to be true--that Negroes and white people have never worked together in planning strategy for race relations. But most of us have never really come to grips with the problem of why this should be so.

Are we to accept this as inevitable and unchangeable, or try to find a way of joining forces for integration? Is there any basic reason why Negroes and white people can't work together, with full confidence? Is there indeed a place for the white southerner in the current struggle for justice?

Participants and Consultants

This workshop is open to all persons who want to find insights into these questions. We can hardly promise to discover final answers. We do hope for a meeting of minds among persons, Negro and white, having wide experience in working for justice in race relations.

To help us analyze the problems and the discussion we shall have the counsel of Dr. Viola Bernard, Head of the Psychology Clinic at Columbia University, and Dr. Sam Williams, Head of the Philosophy Department at Morehouse, Atlanta.

Among the consultants and participants will be Dr. Solomon Seay, of the Montgomery, Alabama, Inprovement Association; Miss Ella Baker, of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, Atlanta; Rev. Conrad Brown, of Koinonia Farm, Americus, Georgia; Rev. Melville M. Dupee Perdue, Pastor of Emanuel Baptist Church in Louisville; Ed Wright, Editor of CONCERN Magazine (National Conference of Methodist Youth), Nashville.

Sponsor: HIGHLANDER FOLK SCHOOL, MONTEAGLE, TENNESSEE, was founded 28 years ago, as a residential adult school for the development on an unsegregated basis, of leaders among school, church, labor, farm and civic groups in the South.

Highlander is located on a 200 acre farm in the Cumberland Mountains. Fields, woods and a lake make outdoor sports possible. Students room either in the large farmhouse school center, or in cabins. All eat in the main dining room of the farmhouse. Everyone dresses for comfort. Life is informal.

Cost: Scholarships for maintenance at the school are provided by an interested foundation. Transportation is paid to anyone who can bring a carload of persons who enroll for the entire workshop period.

Time: Sessions will begin with dinner at 6:30 P.M. Wednesday night, May 25th, and will continue through Saturday night, May 28th.

For information write:

Mrs. Septima Clark
Director of Education

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

May 13, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Enclosed is the Field Foundation Report and the most recent material from Highlander which we discussed. Somewhere I have a note about one additional thing which I promised to send you. I will find it and send it.

Thank you so much for all you did to make my stay in Atlanta so pleasant and useful. The task is now to put all this stimulation to work.

I looked through the Civil Rights Commission material with interest and will hope to hear anything you find out which would shed any light on our proposed project. I also would be interested to know whether they expect to move ahead on the employment front. As you know, we have something cooking in this department, too.

I especially enjoyed the evening with you and Jane. I hope she is staying on her feet and that spots and fevers leave your house alone for a while. With very best wishes to you all,

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel
Enclosures

See you on the 24th?

RL-5/9/60

HIGHLANDER FOLK SCHOOL

MONTEAGLE, TENNESSEE

May 3, 1960

MAY 6 1960

Memo to: Highlander Executive Council, Key People, Committee Members

From: Myles Horton

You will see by the enclosure that plans are well underway for the Highlander Youth Project. This is a new educational venture for the school and we need your assistance in making the program a success.

The Project has been established for high school students, both Negro and white from the North and South. An experience in integrated living and program in humanities and arts will help Negro young people who plan to enter integrated colleges in the North and South. Northern students will benefit from the opportunity to learn something about the South and from being with individuals their own age who in many instances have been a part of the Negroes' fight for justice in the South.

A printed handbook will be sent to you in a few days giving further details about the camp. We need your help in recruitment. If you know of any high school students who would be interested in the Project please send us their names so that we can get in touch with them.

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE May 3, 1960

MAY 6 1960

Monteagle, Tenn. -- Myles Horton, Director of Highlander Folk School, announced today that the Highlander Youth Project will have as one of its members Miss Minerva Brown, of Charleston, South Carolina, a leader in the high school student sit-ins in that city.

The Youth Project, July 6 - August 16, is a unique experiment in inter-cultural living. It is planned to help Negro and white high school students prepare for entering integrated colleges. Thirty students will be brought together for an experience of day-to-day living, with a wide range of opportunities for individual creative development and expression.

Professor Lewis Jones, Director of Social Science Research at Tuskegee Institute, is acting as advisor to the project which will be directed by Professor Ewell Reagin, Director of Student Religious Activities at Cornell University and Miss Anne Lockwood of the Center for the Study of Liberal Education for Adults, Chicago.

An integrated staff of teachers and group leaders will help students to develop their interests in a number of cultural activities such as writing and literature, modern dance, music (folk, jazz and classical), dramatics and art.

The group will attend Highlander's regularly scheduled residential adult workshops, and will visit the Cherokee Indian Reservation in North Carolina and T.V.A. dams. Highlander's 200 acres of woodland and a small lake will be the center of recreational life of swimming, fishing, canoeing, hiking and horseback riding.

"Preparation for integrated living must be carefully planned for if it is to be meaningful to Negro and white young people," Horton said. "We look on the Youth Project as an important service in this kind of preparation."

R.L. 4/13/60

THE NEW GENERATION FIGHTS FOR EQUALITY

(Report of the 7th Annual Highlander
Folk School College Workshop,
April 1-3, 1960)

Eighty-two participants, 47 Negro and 35 white, including consultants, students and faculty members from twenty colleges, shared the three-day program of discussions on "Finding a constructive approach to race relations and citizenship responsibilities as they affect young people of both races, facing problems of the changing South."

19 states including Hawaii were represented, and seven of the students came from Kenya, Africa. (They are studying this year at Morehouse and Morris Brown Colleges in Atlanta.)

The workshop was set up by a planning committee composed of four adult consultants and three students selected at last year's workshop, working with the Highlander Director of Education, Mrs. Septima P. Clark. The students were Paul Laprad and Marian Barry, Jr., of Fisk, and Lee Loder of Morehouse.

Consultants were Thomas Dilkes, Professor of History at the University of the South, Dr. Herman Long, Director of the Race Relations Institute at Fisk University, Rev. J. Metz Rollins, Presbyterian Field Worker, Nashville, and Perry MacKay Sturges, Teacher at Collegiate School, New York.

The workshop opened Friday evening with reports from students who have been active in sit-in lunchroom demonstrations in the South. Reports related to the spontaneous origin of the demonstrations; the way leadership was used in each college group; the

philosophy and purposes of the movement as understood by the students; and ways in which demonstration groups have related to their wider communities.

The students differed considerably about the desirability of cooperation with the adult communities, Negro and white. Nashville students spoke appreciatively of support they have had from the Nashville community, but some were uncertain about the wisdom of seeking to work directly with community agencies, or with adults, Negro or white, in planning future strategy. Some from other areas than Tennessee felt there was need to confine the movement to college groups.

White students indicated their desire to join Negroes in demonstration plans, and students from the North described efforts already under way in northern colleges to spread the protest in northern cities. A student from Hebrew Union College related sympathetic picketing in Cincinnati, and another from Yale stated that he had been sent to the Highlander workshop for the purpose of finding ways in which student groups in the East might be of assistance.

On Saturday morning Dr. Herman Long, commenting on the impact of demonstrations on the southern scene, pointed out that the movement, essentially student inspired and student led, represented the kind of "direct action against immediate injustices of discrimination" which the average adult would find it difficult to undertake himself, regardless of how sympathetic he might be with the movement.

"The adults in those communities where the demonstrations took place, would probably not have taken action of this kind even if they had seen the possibilities in it," he said. "They would probably have had prestige positions and economic interests, or job interests, to protect. Furthermore adults are essentially conservative. Mass demonstration is not impossible for them, and some do participate in it, but it is not the method the adult community seems at present to believe is its final strategy for attack on discrimination.

"In this sense this is a unique movement, especially suited to students."

On the other hand, Dr. Long strongly urged the need for a closer relation of the student movement to the larger community, Negro and white, and the need for a clearer understanding of the philosophy and goal of the present demonstrations. He said that liberal adults would like to help, and could help, if they had a better idea of what the students were planning to do, and of what their basic philosophy is. The method of non-violence, for instance, needs to be clearly interpreted, he said.

Dr. Long felt that the question of whether or not students have broken laws, and the whole dilemma of law and morality, must be more clearly defined and understood if the movement is to have permanent usefulness. The question of whether this movement is meant to force a testing of the existing law through existing legal procedures, or to dramatize injustice through mass demonstration reckoned to touch the conscience of the community, must be determined.

On Saturday afternoon the workshop was divided into groups to consider four major issues raised in a discussion following Dr. Long's challenge. The subjects for discussion were (1) Communications; (2) Philosophy; (3) Methods and (4) Community Relations. The leaders were Mac Sturges, Phil Schechter, of Hebrew Union College in Cincinnati; Phillip Maundu, an African student from Morehouse College in Atlanta; and Thaddeus Conyers of Claflin College in Orangeburg, S. C.

Saturday evening was free, with square dancing in the Community House, led by Lew Lubka from Georgia Tech, and a talent show from the group directed by Guy Carawan, volunteer Music Director at Highlander.

Sunday morning Phil Schechter led the worship service following which Myles Horton was invited to address the group. Playing the role, for argument, of the "average liberal white person", and the "average Negro businessman", either of whom might be in sympathy with the student movement, but would wish to be convinced that it is entirely within the law, Myles challenged the group to define their position and to defend it.

Nearly everyone of the students stated that he was eager to act according to law, but most of them acknowledged that they had not thought clearly through the implications of their own undertaking. It seemed difficult to determine whether they had committed themselves to action which would resolve itself in legal procedure to test the law, or whether on the other hand they were committed to a deliberate but peaceable demonstration to dramatize injustices of the law.

A small group took the absolute position characterized by religious motivation and non-violence as a way of life. These subscribed to obedience, as they believed, to a "higher than civil" law.

Presiding at the final session, Mac Sturges reminded the workshop that the dramatic nature of the new student movement has created overnight a new student world, and that it is difficult to recall and give adequate attention to problems which seemed of peak importance a year ago. The discussions and resolutions made at last year's college workshop, he said, seemed many years away, but they have importance now in their relation as on-going purposes and goals to the emergent opportunities in the sit-in demonstrations. Students made reports on follow-up from the resolutions made last year regarding campus newspaper censorship; integration in college faculties and in student bodies; exchange opportunities between Negro and white colleges; treatment of the "minority" student, Negro or white as the case may be; and fraternity exclusion.

In general the reports indicated a gradual liberalization in all these areas, especially in the acceptance of students of another race into certain rather rigid college communities. One student of a Negro college made the significant statement that for the first time applications had been accepted from white students, but that "it was hoped the accepted students would not come!"

The group confessed a prior interest at present in the new student movement, but were aware of the close relevance of the long-time programs toward progress on college campuses.

The final evaluation of the workshop was made through reports from the Saturday afternoon discussion groups, and student recommendations arising out of them.

Reporting on problems of Communication between groups in the South, and other parts of the country, the workshop participants recommended that the student movement should not affiliate with any other movement or organization, but should welcome cooperation from all agencies and in turn cooperate with these agencies in their special programs.

It was also recommended that a South-wide organization for promoting the student movement be considered, following the pattern of the already existing organization of college students in South Carolina. It was thought that the problem of channeling money gifts for the movement which are coming from various sources would be simplified if there were such an organization, and the suggestion was made that at present such gifts ought not to be channeled through existing organizations, other than the NAACP, and only to this agency provided it will agree to distribute the gifts to student groups according to their need, for court action.

It was urged that college publications carry complete coverage of the movement, and that college editorial boards make their publications available to other colleges in the North as well as the South. The idea of a special news sheet for the movement was rejected as unpractical.

Visits between northern and southern campuses, especially visits of northern students in the South, was recommended.

Reporting, as he said, somewhat over-simply on the philosophy of the movement, the chairman of the group said that the core of the student program can probably be expressed in four simple statements. "We believe in democracy," he said. "We are Americans seeking our rights. We want to do something. We are using non-violence as a method, but not necessarily as a total way of life. We believe it is practical."

Channels of protest recommended for future use in the student movement are, first of all further and better planned sit-in demonstrations as long as they are useful; participation in economic boycotting where it is practical; picketing where it will be effective.

The group especially mentioned the need for emphasis on a religious basis for the protest, and recommended prayer as a means and method. "Ministers can see with us the issue of morality as encircling the law," a divinity student said.

It was suggested that appreciation be shown by trade at those stores which do serve Negroes at lunch counters. Both white and Negro adults, the group agreed, can help in the matter of "selective buying."

Closer relations with the wider community were recommended, with the precaution that agencies and other movements, white or inter-racial, however sympathetic, should not be permitted to take over control of the student movement. It was suggested that a representative from the community be appointed by each college group, to serve as liason--but only as liason.

White students will be welcomed. "This is a movement for democracy," said the leader (a Negro) of the Community Relations group. "In a democratic movement, all are welcome and useful."

The group asked for the college workshop plan to be continued, but requested that it be held more than once a year. Mrs. Clark said that Highlander would be glad to make the school's services available, if they wish to set up another workshop this year.

Highlander Folk School
Monteagle, Tennessee
Mrs. Septima P. Clark,
Director of Education

Seventh Annual College Workshop

HIGHLANDER FOLK SCHOOL

April 1-3, 1960

APR 11 1960

Subject: The New Generation Fights for Equality

Purpose: To find a constructive approach to race relations and citizenship responsibilities as they affect young people of both races facing problems of the changing South.

Discussion Leaders: Mr. Thomas Dilkes, Professor of History, University of the South, Sewanee, Tennessee,

Dr. Herman Long, Race Relations Department, Fisk University, Nashville, Tennessee,

Rev. J. Metz Rollins, Presbyterian Field Worker, Nashville, Tennessee,

Mr. Perry MacKay Sturges, Teacher at Collegiate School, New York, New York.

Registration (for all or parts of the workshop)

82 persons--including consultants and students and faculty members from 20 colleges, seminaries and universities in seven states.

Representatives from 19 states including Hawaii, and 3 foreign countries (England, Denmark and Kenya)

7 students from Africa, now attending Morehouse and Morris Brown Colleges in Atlanta

1 student from Hawaii, exchange from Oberlin, attending Fisk

Names of colleges

Tennessee: Fisk, A&I State, American Baptist Seminary, Meharry, Scarritt, Vanderbilt (Nashville)

University of the South (Sewanee)

Lane College (Jackson)

Georgia: Morehouse, Morris Brown, Spelman, Emory, Georgia Tech (Atlanta)

South Ca.: Claflin (Orangeburg)

Ohio: Hebrew Union College (Cincinnati)
Oberlin (Oberlin) (Exchange, Fisk)

Kansas: Kansas State University

California: Pomona (Claremont) (Exchange, Fisk)
Whittier (Whittier) (Exchange, Fisk)

Connecticut: Yale

LWDV
MF

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

July 12, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I've just read Dunbar's address to the Georgia teachers and I am deeply impressed. This paper should be required background for any discussion of the quality and goals of higher education---especially among our well motivated but unexacting friends in these parts.

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lm

via air mail

July 14, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

I'm glad to try to clear up the questions raised about the Delta Foundation application. To deal with your questions in order:

(1) and (2). The Delta Foundation was created as a tax-exempt instrument through which to finance services to economically depressed whites and Negroes in Mississippi. This work was carried on for some years by A. E. Cox and Dr. David Minter (M.D.) through a cooperative farm in Holmes County, Miss. The object was to help depressed families in the area (mainly Negro) to get medical care and achieve higher standards of farming, education, home economics, and family life generally. With the formation of the Citizens' Councils in 1954, the farm and its principals became the object of vicious attack because they were working with Negroes as human beings. Finally, the pressure and abuse became so severe that the program had to be suspended. Cox took a position with the National Council of Churches, basing himself in Memphis; Dr. Minter moved west to a new position.

The Delta Foundation still owns this property, however, and I believe derives its modest income from farming and timbering carried on there. I

haven't been able to reach Cox, but as soon as I can, I will secure the latest audited financial statement as well as exact information on board membership.

(3) Of course, the only way to know for sure whether the Stern Family Fund would support the project is to apply there. This hasn't been done. From what I know of the Fund's policies, I think the prospects would be dim. Aside from longstanding family interests (e.g., Dillard University), the Stern Fund seems passionately committed to the sort of prestige project that will quickly command support of the big foundations or of government. As you may know, the Fund's interest is defined as being "the achievement of excellence." It would be hard to squeeze this project into such a framework. I know of no other Southern foundation that would be even remotely interested.

(4) The Southern Regional Council has tried to stimulate and assist organized, staffed effort in each of the Southern states. The normal pattern has been the state council on human relations. A Mississippi Council struggled against overwhelming odds for several years but finally gave up the ghost. We are persuaded that no formally organized interracial effort is practicable in Mississippi at this time.

About the only hope, we feel, would be a quiet, informal sort of "missionary" work among the people of conscience in Mississippi who are now largely isolated from each other and from the outside world. It is essential that this work be carried on by someone who is intimately acquainted with the area and has a lot of protective coloration. The danger of reprisal against the program person and those with whom he works could be very great, indeed. Gene Cox and the kind of project he proposes seem to us the most promising possibility in a situation that verges on the hopeless.

(5) There is no question in our minds that Mississippi and adjacent territory call for an approach distinctly different from that in other areas. Ninety per cent or more of human relations work is urban-oriented -- and so, of course, is the personnel involved. In most states, this is as it should be. The cities are increasingly important in terms of population

concentration, economic power, intellectual and cultural influence, and ultimately political dominance. Moreover, the cities offer the most promise of early and major social change.

But clearly the techniques that are applicable to urban areas won't work in the backward rural areas -- and Mississippi is the most rural (and backward) state allegedly in the Union. Any meaningful approach there must be concerned with much more elementary problems than elsewhere; with few exceptions, Negroes are grappling with discriminatory obstacles to sheer subsistence, even a rudimentary education for their children, the most minimal standards of housing and sanitation and public services. Integration is a remote and idealistic goal, whose meaningful attainment must be preceded by a host of basic reforms in the political and economic order.

Yet there are whites and Negroes who are educated and enlightened and who want desperately to make some contribution, however rudimentary, in the direction of justice and democracy. The repressive power of the state and private institutions makes it virtually impossible for them to operate now as a public and organized force. Hence, the proposed project.

The alternative, of course, is to ignore this anachronistic area entirely, leave it to the erosion of time and the mounting pressures of change in surrounding areas. Admittedly or not, this is approximately what we have been doing. I freely confess that, if the choice is between work in the hard core and work in the more hopeful places, my vote is unhesitatingly for the latter. But if modest funds can be applied to a hard-core effort without diverting support from the faster moving situations, I think it would be at the very least humane to do so. But early returns cannot and should not be expected. Such an effort can do no more than cultivate for the long run the people and attitudes that must, in the end, come to the fore in this rural backwater. And we can't forget that even a tiny change for the better there will affect the daily lives of a disproportionately large number of our most depressed citizens.

Government -- national government -- will eventually have to initiate much of the social and economic change essential to the rural and small town South. It may be

that the proposed project can add some slight impetus to the needed governmental action.

I hope these rambling comments help somewhat, and I will get the rest of the information to you as quickly as possible.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1.

P. S. -- Enclosed is a brief biographical run-down on Cox.

A. E. COX

Born Grayson County, Tex., August 13, 1905

Attended Texas Christian University

Associate Director, Cooperative Farms, Inc., Rochdale, Miss., 1936 - 1942.

President and Resident Director, Cooperative Farms, Inc., Kruger, Miss. (Holmes County), 1942 - 1956.

Director of Rural Development, Division of Home Missions, National Council of Churches, 1956 - present.

Secretary-Treasurer, National Agricultural Workers Union, AFL-CIO; Vice-President, Miss. Council on Human Relations; Acting Director, Mt. Beulah Christian Center, Home Missions Station of Disciples of Christ.

Married, two children.

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

July 7, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

The Board is stalled on the Delta Foundation proposal, and I wonder if you could give us some more information. Specific questions which were raised include the following:

1. What is the composition of the Delta Foundation Board?

2. What are its assets and from whence is the money derived?

3. Is it possible for money for this project to be secured from one of the liberal Southern family foundations---the Stern Family Fund was mentioned?

4. Could you give us an idea of how you yourself see this project fitting into the general pattern of work in the South, and specifically into the work which the Southern Regional Council is itself doing or has inspired?

5. Do you yourself see the situation in Mississippi and adjacent rural areas as being distinctly different from other major areas in the South? Could you spell this out in some detail?

I don't mean to sound like a D.A., but I've gotten interested in this proposal and I want to get all the

help from you which we possibly can.

One other question came up at the Board meeting which perhaps you can shed some light on. Do you have any idea what the time schedule is on the Civil Rights Commission Study of the Administration of Justice and do you happen to have any knowledge about the general amount which will be spent on the study?

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:lm

Good to talk to you and I shall look forward to seeing you soon. I see I forgot to mention a brief rundown on Cox in the letter. Thanks so much for your help on this.

JC

via air mail

July 15, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

God and the airlines willing (we're threatened with a Southern pilots' strike), I'll be in New York Wednesday and Thursday of next week, July 20 and 21. I hope very much that we can get together -- perhaps for lunch if you're free on either day. If Stephen is there and has any free time, I'd welcome a chance to chat with him. In any case, I'll call you Wednesday morning to see what is possible.

Meanwhile, I have now reached Gene Cox and can round out my letter of yesterday. He is sending me the last annual financial statement of the Delta Foundation, which I will bring along next week. The board consists of Dr. and Mrs. David Minter (identified in yesterday's letter), Rev. Stanley E. Hovatter, pastor of the First Christian Church, Tupelo, Miss., and last but not least Rev. Will D. Campbell! They plan to add one more member, perhaps Hodding Carter III of Greenville, Miss., who is succeeding his well-known father as editor of the Greenville Delta-Democrat Times. Cox is executive director, not a board member.

Until next week--

As ever,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

THE EPISCOPAL SOCIETY FOR
CULTURAL AND RACIAL UNITY
522 ATLANTA NATIONAL BUILDING
50 WHITEHALL STREET, S. W.
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

Copy for you to JBM

August 16, 1960

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

Dear Stephen:

The Augusta Courier (Augusta, Ga., Owned by Roy Harris, politician and arch-segregationist.) of August 15th has these headlines: "MASS ATTACK ON SEGREGATION IN ATLANTA PLANNED BY NEGROES, 'PECULIAR' WHITES." With that heading the lead story begins: "The City of Atlanta has been selected for a massive attack by the Negroes, and the 'peculiar' group of white persons affiliated with them, in their drive to acquire new Negro rights. All summer long more than a dozen organizations, well-healed and well-financed and expertly directed, have been plotting and planning for the coming of September in Atlanta, Georgia." Then the story goes on to list every moderate to liberal organization in the city, from the NAACP to H.O.P.E., the "save-our-schools" group. The Society is included in the listing, with full address given so that our supporters may rally around. As it was, a distinction to be desired when the Episcopal Church almost led the list of "subversive" groups published by the Mississippi Citizens Council, so we may feel honored to be included in the Courier's record of organizations said to be plotting the overthrow of Atlanta!

I write now in reference to what Mr. Harris' paper called "...well-healed and well-financed..." about these organizations. How true this may be of the organizations generally I don't know, but I hope we are all "expertly directed" as they say. As regards finances, I would prefer to speak of our organization as having been 'substantially aided' rather than "well-healed". We can never express our gratitude sufficiently for the trust and confidence you were willing to have in what was first only an idea (when you gave the $1,000.00 before the Raleigh conference), and then the embryonic implementation of that idea as we got underway during the early part of the year - launched financially by your generous contribution. Now the six month period since you gave this contribution has almost expired and we have something to show for your investment and needs for the future. I believe that we have demonstrated "in the six months' period vigor of program and commitment of leadership upon which further support over a longer period could be based", to quote from your letter to me of February 24, 1960, but, of course, this is for you to decide.

I have prepared a fairly comprehensive report on the Society and am enclosing a copy herein for your information. I have included in this both documentation of facts and figures as well as evaluation and some projection of future program for the Society. A complete financial report through July 31st accompanies this report as well as a copy of the Society's budget for 1960. This document is going to you, the members of our Board and key committee personnel, Harold Fleming at Southern Regional Council, and will be sent to any other foundation sources I may approach.

A word about other foundations. While I have made minimal contact with several of them (really only contacts which may serve to have introduced us to them when we make some definite approach), no requests for aid have been submitted elsewhere. I want to know when such requests are made whether we will need funds for basic operating expenses or whether we can go with specific projects in mind. It is the function of our newly-formed "Resources and Planning Committee", as described in the report, to seek such earmarked grants if we are otherwise solvent. I believe we will be better equipped to be heard by the other foundations if our basic operating costs are not a problem and, still better, if we have begun to implement several projects in blueprint stages.

An examination of the budget and the financial report through July 31st will indicate that additional receipts during the past year could, if necessary, carry us partially through the fall. Because we did not know our fiscal future we have not expended these monies on program projects which are just now at the point of requiring subsidy. If the balance of our operating costs for this year and next were guaranteed we could devote such funds to program and, also, go to other sources for the balance which would be needed for various projects.

I don't know if you want me to outline a specific request here and I must confess my own lack of experience in submitting any request at all to you. You know this better than I. To speak in general terms, however, although figures on operating costs are available in the report, I would be very happy if you would consider making a grant which would cover the whole of operating costs for the balance of this year and next year, with a smaller grant the following year and still smaller the third year. This would give us time to find additional sources of income, initially for program and projects next year and, then, for operating costs as well as program in succeeding years. If you would also consider giving assistance in the near future on program, we would naturally welcome it. You might want to earmark assistance for a specific project.

I shall send you a more specific request, if you want, or come to New York at your convenience to discuss this further. I shall be showing a visiting German Lutheran pastor the "deep South" this week (and having opportunity to see various members), and next week I am to attend the Catholic Interracial Councils' national meeting in St. Louis, but anytime from August 29th until the middle of September would be possible for me.

Your files there should be replete with copies of clippings and various things which have gone out from this office, therefore I am not enclosing these again. However, if you would like, I would be happy to send additional copies of anything. Also, I am sure that letters of commendation from key persons in the Church could be obtained - but, then, there are some few bishops who might assign us to Hades if they had an opportunity, so this may not be worth anything.

My secretary for the summer will be returning to New York University shortly and finishes her tenure here the end of this week. I have interviewed three very good prospects for her replacement (all Negroes), but it may be that a bit of time will elapse between one secretary leaving and the other beginning. I mention this only in the event you should try to telephone me during the days I am out of town and the office is, perchance, unmanned. (My wife, Patsy, and the children are in Maine, so she cannot fill in as in times past.)

A final personal aside: You will recall that when you and Audrey had me for dinner in early February I mentioned that Patsy and I were beginning to look for a house. In June we moved into a lovely new home and are most comfortably settled. My address there and the telephone number are: 4655 Jett Road, N. W., Atlanta 5, Ga., 255-0778. I hope you all were successful in your quest for a new country place which you were setting out to seek the morning after I was there. When you are in Atlanta next I hope we may have the pleasure of entertaining you at our new home.

Faithfully,

(Rev.) John B. Morris
Executive Director

cc: Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy

The Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity

522 ATLANTA NATIONAL BUILDING, 50 WHITEHALL STREET, S.W., ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA • JACKSON 5-7975

August 12, 1960

A REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND INTERESTED FOUNDATIONS FROM THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE SOCIETY

Preface: With both data and evaluation, this report is for members of the Society's Board in advance of its meeting in Washington, September 23-24, and will be submitted to foundation sources to which appeal will be made for initial or continued assistance. Much here is from the record. In the evaluating of developments I have tried to be objective and believe this to be a fair appraisal of the emerging role of the Society within the Church.

General: Since the founding conference at Raleigh, North Carolina, December 28-30, 1959, I have been asked repeatedly how I felt the Society was progressing. Increasingly I have been able to reply with confidence that it appeared things were going well and that I was gratified with developments thus far. Quite obviously we are too new to predict what assessment will be made of the Society in several years. We are even now involved in determining what the answers then will be. For the present, I believe we have begun to serve significantly and I am grateful to have the privilege of being a part of this movement. In later sections of this document I shall comment upon various functions we have begun to serve.

Some observations here on the response of the Church to the new group seem in order. Extensive press coverage of the founding conference, both in the Church and secular press, put us well before the eye of the Church at the outset and various things since have kept us there. That at least three dioceses specifically commended the Society in resolutions at their conventions this spring is some testimony to the support we have received. Glowing letters have come to this office that give evidence of a warm response from far and wide. Commendation from strategically placed leaders of the Church substantiate this response. Several Bishops spoke of the Society in convention addresses this spring. The interest of both national and diocesan Social Relations departments points to our role of supplementing what they already do. The interest of observers in other churches indicates that some of them hope similiar movements will get under way within their denominations.

Membership: The number of members of the Society on August 12, 1960, was 1032. It had originally been estimated that we might have 1000 members after a year's operation. It is now evident that this figure will probably be in excess of 2000.

Of the present membership, 401 are clergy and 631 are laity. Because of the natural resource of clergy lists and acquaintances we began with a disproportionate number in this category but have been moving

steadily toward a proportion of clergy and laity that more nearly reflects the makeup of the Church. Presently 15 Bishops belong to the Society and a good many more are expected to join.

Approximately 24% of the membership is in those states considered Southern in orientation. The trend is also toward a greater proportion of members there, as confidence is gained in the organization and in its leaders. Our concentration of membership in cities such as Boston, New York, and Philadelphia is a natural consequence of there having been initial meetings there and, also, of a greater readiness there to rally to the issues concerning the Society. Western parts of the country are showing an increasing proportion of members.

Altogether there are Society members in 84 of the 101 dioceses and missionary districts of the Church. With members in both Hawaii and Alaska, the Society can claim at least one member each in Lebanon, Canada, Brazil, Switzerland, Philipine Islands, Taiwan, Korea, Dominican Republic, Puerto Rico, and elsewhere abroad. For the most part these members are American clergy serving overseas.

Local Groups: Although official chapter status is yet to be defined in the Society's by-laws, there are local units of members now formed in Boston, St. Louis, New York, Richmond and Chicago. Serious consideration is being given the formation of local groups in more than a dozen other cities or dioceses known to this office presently, and undoubtably the matter is being discussed elsewhere. I believe that the Fall will be a time for consolidation of these plans and that we will see numerous new groups begin to tackle the problems of segregation at the diocesan and parish level. Chapter by-laws will be determined at the annual meeting in January, 1961, but before then I hope to prepare a memorandum on the function of such groups in conformity with the Board resolution in February calling them forth. Elsewhere in this document I have reviewed the functions of local groups.

Finances: A complete record of receipts and disbursements through July 31st is attached to this document, together with an amended copy of the budget for 1960 adopted at the first meeting of the Board and slightly altered at the Executive Committee meeting in May.

Under receipts it will be noted that we have exceeded already the amounts expected from dues and small contributions. This is a natural consequence of our expanded membership over original expectations. Of $14,876.48 received as contributions through this period, $12,809.23 came from a single source, leaving a balance of $2,067.25 as the total amount of smaller contributions. Mostly these came in the form of an additional $2.00 or $7.00 included with the payment of $3.00 dues, but other larger amounts of $25.00 and $50.00 are a part of this.

On the disbursements side it is evident that we are running over the budget item in certain categories and under in others. Also, it is evident that we have consumed the amount in some categories within the first seven months, while others show that less than half of an account has been

spent.. These differences relate to the nature of the expenditure; namely, that it was essential to purchase necessary equipment for an efficient office operation, although it may have meant utilizing more than the alotted amount and more than half in the first part of the year. This can be compensated for in other acounts, if necessary, as also with necessary expenditures which were not in the budget. Each year should see the drafting of a more realistic and comprehensive budget which can be accurately followed.

The Society will require additional underwriting of its operating budget for this year as well as funds for the various projects or programs which have no resources thus far. Later we will be able to ask additional contributions of members, but this seems unwise at this point and I do not think we should raise the amount of dues and exclude some from involvement which is a primary aim. I am sure that we will have annual donors who will give substantially over and above their dues, but I do not believe that we can expect a fully developed program of services to the Church without large grants each year. I trust that gradually we will be able to diversify this larger base of support so that we are not dependent on any one source. For the present, however, it will probably require a substantial investment on the part of one or two sources. Later in the document I have listed some of the projects we will undertake if the funds can be found.

EVALUATION

As I have observed the developing role of the Society it is apparent that there are three levels at which we are serving and in which we are providing assistance.in the move toward an integrated Church and society. These are: with individual churchmen who are members, through local units, and at the national level. I shall comment upon each of these in terms of what has emerged.

I. The Individual Member

Letters indicate that we are serving to encourage and sustain individual churchmen who have felt lonely or without adequate support from elsewhere in the Church in their concern for integration. This is not limited to persons in the South, although the plight of the isolated man of commitment here is more tragic and support is more needed.

If the Society were only an informal fellowship of churchmen seeking the renewal of the Church, without program or organization, but praying and mutually supported in commitment, we would be serving a vital function at this level alone. When a man is upheld in his concern and encouraged to renew his commitment to principles he has held, he will find appropriate channels for their expression. It may be that he will be more active in seeking to influence others of the value and need for such commitment. Together with others, or even by himself, there are steps he may take to bring pressure and support for the elimination of barriers of prejudice. I am convinced that in this simple process of providing encouragement and nourishment, we are doing something of significance. I point to this role not as if it were the only one for the Society, but out of conviction that

it is needed. That real things come of such renewal of commitment has become evident in numerous ways. One member writes that she has decided to engage the church school she attended in discussion over its segregated practices. A member who is an organist-choirmaster at a cathedral writes an anthem using the scripture that almost has become our hallmark: "Behold, how good and joyful a thing it is for brethren to dwell together in unity!" A member determines that he will no longer participate in public meetings which are segregated and makes this witness public in his community. The files at the Society's office are replete with such instances. Obviously the greater number of such acts, partly stimulated out of involvement in the Society, are not known to us. We are by no means the only source of such stimulation, but it is evident that we have been a significant one. Indeed, we have set other forces in motion, as for instance in the formation of a diocesan "Division of Cultural and Racial Unity" in a diocese where we have a number of members and where I addressed a group at the Cathedral in the Spring.

II. Local Groups

Some of the most significant results of the formation of the Society will be found at diocesan and parish levels, I believe. It is here that members who share a common life parochially or diocesan-wise are pooling their concern and their readiness to seek the greater wholeness of the Church.

One group has formed thus far in the South, and there are indications that others may come forth when there is greater strength in members. In this region initially the local group will serve chiefly in a supportive and encouraging role, for it is here that the greater lack of such support from other sources is found. Cathered as a cell within the mass of uncommitted and wavering churchmen, the local unit will help its members to maintain and deepen their commitment, at the same time that they seek to commit others. In this kind of situation there will be times when the group will work only quietly through members in influencing diocesan policy, while at other times they may function overtly. In many instances, as here in Atlanta, concerned laymen are looking for a channel for interracial conversations which the Society may provide via a local group.

With the groups already formed in the North, I need only cite the names of several committees of one of them to indicate their role in that region: Church Rental Property, Clergy Placement, Schools and Institutions, Parish Life, Public Information, etc. These titles point to the needs and opportunities which must be met now in more advanced areas and ultimately everywhere. In two northeastern dioceses surveys sponsored by a local Society group are underway regarding the practices of Church Schools and policies for church rental property and consultations have been held with bishops.

III. The National Level

Inasmuch as my work for the Society is focused at this level I am better able to appraise our functions here and will present them in outline form with brief comments.

1. A Witness in Being. Related to our role with individuals as well as our image or symbol-status within the Church generally.
   a. As pressure. To intensify awareness of issues. To forewarn against foolish statements. To provide impetus for official action and statement.
   b. For interpretation. Defining aims and goals, inherent in our name and embodied in our Statement of Purpose. Source of comment upon issues and various situations; called by press repeatedly for this. Interpretation embodied in various press statements and newsletter commentary.
   c. As sustainer. Reassurance to faint-hearted. Symbol of defense for churchmen who may fear lack of support if they speak out.

2. As Spokesman. When others cannot or do not speak.
   a. The Background Paper and Bishop Carpenter.
   b. Article by Dean Lea in THE EPISCOPALIAN.
   c. Support of "sit-ins".
   d. Anticipation and support of "kneel-ins".
   e. Telegrams to prospective presidential candidates.
   f. Public comment upon several issues and situations.

3. An Informational Service.
   a. Newsletter: reports and commentary on positive accomplishments and times of failure.
   b. Special requests for data, materials, etc.
   c. Source of leadership, speakers, for church groups, etc.
   d. Agency for printing materials not otherwise available.

4. Counselling Service.
   a. Clergy in crisis situations have called to discuss actions.
   b. Correspondence with persons desiring guidance.
   c. Visits and consultations with local personnel about local needs.

5. Mobilization of Leadership Personnel.
   a. As contact point for churchmen with special ability to serve diocesan or national church agencies.
   b. As professional guild for churchmen in full-time intergroup relations work. Meeting planned at NAIRO conference.
   c. Project K to be implemented (described later).

6. Lobbyist for official church program. Public support for programs and needs of CSR departments. Will aid in seeking full budget for national department.

7. Cooperating With Other Church Agencies.
   a. Survey of church school practices in cooperation with a church magazine.
   b. Publishing of materials: Peak Press.
   c. Consultation with Forward Movement on publications planned.
   d. Liason with Advisory Committee of Division of Christian Citizenship.

8. Development of New Resources.
   a. A member is working on use of drama.
   b. Committee on Liturgics and Worship to publish resources.
   c. Preparation of new anthem related to Society by a member.

9. Clearing House for Southern Visitors.
   a. Host to several guests sent by National Council.
   b. Other touring students, clergy, etc., stop in for discussion on the southern scene.

10. Liason with Other Groups.
   a. Contact point with others in field of intergroup relations.
   b. Observer at Catholic Interracial Councils meeting.
   c. Attend various Southern agency meetings.

11. Atlanta Role. Yet to be determined, but clearly the presence of the office here will have some positive effect on the situation: through efforts of a local group, through personal contacts with clergy and laity, etc.

With some overlapping and with omission of functions which I have overlooked or not realized, the above represents our national operations to date. Other tasks will be added, and most of those listed here will become increasingly important. Obviously some are more significant than others. I have made no attempt to structure a priority either by the arrangement or the extent of commentary.

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COMMITTEES AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL

I. By-laws.

Headed by the Rev. Joseph A. Pelham, Detroit, Michigan. Charged with reporting to the Board meeting, September 23-24, on By-law provisions for chapters and any recognition which may be provided non-Episcopalians who wish to associate with the Society.

II. Membership.

Chairman, the Rev. McRae Werth, Wilmington, Delaware. A mailing to 30,000 churchmen, including all clergy, in June was the first effort from this office of significance at membership recruitment. We have encouraged individual members to obtain other members and they are doing a noteworthy job. Materials have been supplied many parishes for tract racks and mailings. Letters have been sent from here to college chaplains, church press personnel, Christian Social Relations workers, and to others in special categories, conveying an implicit solicitation for membership. A bishop who is a member is planning to write all other bishops of the Church in the early Fall. Other mailings are projected as well as diocesan meetings which serve to increase membership. Posters for parish bulletin boards are being prepared.

III. Liturgics and Worship.

Chaired by the Rev. William S. Van Meter, Chicago, Illinois, the task here is to explore providing additional resources for the full utilization of the worship of the Church in setting forth our objectives. Supplemental materials are projected such as "A Litany for the Unity of Men." The prayer card given each new member represents a beginning here.

IV. Annual Meeting.

Just now being activated, a committee with a small number of persons in direct consultation, with advice from 25 others around the country, will determine the program and personnel for the first annual membership meeting of the Society to be held in early January. The Rev. Layton P. Zimmer, Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, is chairman of this group. It is estimated that between two and three hundred persons may attend. By-laws will be considered, and other business, but the greater portion of time will be given over to practical consideration of ways and means for implementing the objectives of the Society.

V. Project K.

Chaired by the Rev. Das Kelley Barnett, Austin, Texas, and charged with exploring implementation of "Item K" of the Raleigh Program Report, this committee met in New York on June first to begin its planning. The project is described later and is contingent upon the availability of funds.

VI. Resources and Planning.

This is for fund raising and long-range planning. Armed with projects approved by the Board, possibly initially suggested by the Committee itself, this group will look for contributions to underwrite program. The committee is chaired by Dr. Jack W. C. Hagstrom of New York who is gathering personnel for the committee of a sort which is able to approach donors of some means. They will ask for funds with the specific program to be underwritten in mind. My hope is that our operating expenses can be covered otherwise and that this committee will provide our resources for a pioneering program with carefully chosen projects as the basis of their appeal.

****

MEETINGS OR CONFERENCES NOW PLANNED

The following are meetings planned at the national level. No review can be made here of special conferences or meetings that local groups are planning or which will be determined for and in the course of the founding of such groups. Tentative plans are already made for several diocesan sessions where I shall address persons interested in the Society. Several Board members will be similiarly involved.

I. Board of Directors.

The Society's Board of Directors will meet at St. John's Church, Lafayette Square, Washington, D. C., September 23-24, 1960.

II. Annual Meeting.

The first meeting of the Society's membership since the Raleigh founding conference will be held in early January of 1961. The exact place and time have not been determined, but several possibilities are being explored and I hope announcement can be made about it in an early September newsletter. As mentioned previously a committee is at work on program planning.

III. General Convention, Detroit, September 17-29, 1961.

The Society will have a special membership meeting just prior to the opening of convention. This will be for consideration of what we hope General Convention may say about issues and for determination of how members in attendance at convention and as visitors may encourage passage of suitable resolutions and proper budgetary support of Social Relations program at the official level. During the convention we will have as our guest the Most Rev. Joost de Blank, Archbishop of Capetown, South Africa, who will address a dinner open to all at convention by reservation. The Rt. Rev. James A. Pike of California will preside at this occasion. The Society will have an exhibit at convention of an instructive nature and with materials for all who pass by.

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PROJECTS APPROVED OR UNDER CONSIDERATION

Subject to obtaining the necessary funds for implementation, the following are program possibilities which the Society may undertake in the near future. The first project has been approved by the Board and the second two have been favorably considered. The others have been discussed informally and will be considered at the September Board meeting. Not included here are various promotional projects in the form of letters to certain groups in the Church. Also, it should be noted that all of the suggestions from the Raleigh program report have been approved by the Board in theory and may be selected for implementation when those with priority have been covered and the development of further projects is possible. These are projects of the national Society. A report a year from now should include review of program sponsored and projected by local groups.

I. "Project K".

So entitled because it was item "K" of the Raleigh Program Report, it is the purpose of this project to "encourage and develop the ministry of the laity in race relations by making it possible for Christian laymen to share their specialized knowledge of ethnic relations" with the leadership of the Church at the local or diocesan level. Initially, a selected number of laymen in specialized fields will be invited to a session to explore how their talents may be utilized within the Church. This would include social scientists, journalists, attorneys, social workers, etc. Following such a consultation there would be pilot conferences at the diocesan level and in other ways the special training of such personnel would be made available to the Church.

II. Photography Contest.

For photographs showing the inclusive nature of the Church in its life, worship and work, this would provide incentive to professional and amateur photographers to take such pictures which would then be made available to the Church press for illustrative and feature work. The contest might be sponsored jointly with some Church magazine, with said publication running a spread on the winners.

III. Advertising.

For the Church press, this would include both instructive or content-oriented advertising matter as well as membership promotion squibs.

IV. Conferences for Young People.

Suggested as follow-up to the "Williamsburg Conference", this would be for young people in the South primarily, helping to provide the opportunities for interracial encounter and conversation so much needed.

V. School Survey and Report.

A leading magazine of the Episcopal Church has taken the initiative to suggest to the Society that we jointly sponsor a survey of admission practices of all Church and church-related schools. The Society probably would gather the data and the magazine would give it full spread. It has been recognized that a minimal job of research could be done by the questionaire method from this office, but that thorough follow-up would be necessary for full information from all schools, The most ideal thing would be if funds were available for retaining someone to be in charge of such a survey with adequate budget for effecting it, travel, telephone, etc. Also, it has been projected that with sufficient resources such a survey might be expanded to include all church institutions and, indeed, even practices current in parish churches.

VI. A Field Man.

This is my suggestion which I see as a logical step for the Society in the future, and the sooner the better. If I had nothing to do in the office, no administrative details, things to write and plan, etc., I could spend all the time possible travelling around the Church talking with people about their situations, the problems they face, etc. I would concentrate on the South where the need for someone to talk with is greatest. In such a role, one would be available to speak before Church groups, fill pulpits, meet with local clericus groups and other church bodies wrestling with the opportunities for integration.

As it is now,,and I see no alleviation in the future, I have so much to do at the office that I am only able to accept some of the invitations to speak which come to me. I doubt that I shall be able to travel with leisure to visit clergy on the front lines who might never invite me to address a group in their parish but who either would welcome or need someone with whom they could sit down and discuss issues, their ministry, and the local situation. Resource personnel in the field of Christian Social Relations are conspicuous by their scarcity in the South and those from the national department are burdened as I am. A field man for the Society with nly the responsibility to travel and visit clergy, speak when able, and do some writing, would be a resource of great significance which we could provide the Church.

OPERATING BUDGET - 1960. ADOPTED BY BOARD, February 25, 1960

Salaries and Staff Benefits		$11,450.00	
Executive Secretary	$5,500.00		
Housing Allowance	1,500.00		
Church Pension Fund	1,050.00		
Office Secretary	3,400.00		
Office Rent		900.00	
Office Equipment	($1,000.00)	1,500.00*	
Telephone		600.00	
Office Supplies		600.00	
Printing and Mimeograph	($3,000.00)	2,500.00*	
Postage		1,000.00	
Travel for Executive Secretary		3,000.00	
Annual Membership Meeting		1,000.00	
Accounting and Audits		400.00	
Legal Fees		500.00	
Travel & Meeting Costs, Board of Directors		2,400.00	
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET		$25,850.00	$25,850.00

Initial Promotion: First Year

Mass Mailings	($4,000.00)	$ 3,100.00*	
**Orientation Conference for Diocesan Keymen		6,000.00	
**Assistance With Diocesan Meetings		6,000.00	
TOTAL INITIAL PROMOTION		$16,000.00	$16,000.00
TOTAL OPERATING COSTS & PROMOTION			$41,850.00

* Amounts amended by Executive Committee, May 30, 1960

** Plans revised. These amounts, if obtained, would be transferred to program projects.

THE EPISCOPAL SOCIETY FOR CULTURAL AND RACIAL UNITY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS
JANUARY 1, 1960 to JULY 31, 1960

RECEIPTS

Contributions	$14,876.48	
Special Contribution toward Purchase of Equipment	100.00	
Dues	2,952.00	
Sale of Literature	8.45	
Balance from Raleigh Conference Account	145.98	
TOTAL RECEIPTS		$18,082.91

DISBURSEMENTS

Office Equipment	$ 2,102.03	
Accounting	185.00	
Automobile Expense	15.00	
Bank Charges	.20	
Expense of travel to and attending Board Meetings	1,626.59	
Books and Subscriptions	48.70	
Church Pension Fund	437.50	
Housing Allowance	625.00	
Insurance and Bonds	202.50	
Legal Expense	126.82	
Aid to New York Group for travel from Tallahassee to New York	125.00	
Mass Mailing	2,938.70	
Payroll Taxes	6.87	
Regional Meeting Photos	20.00	
Office Supplies	417.63	
Postage	397.00	
Printing	1,389.14	
Salary, Executive Director	2,366.65	
Office Salaries	402.48	
Telephone	164.23	
Travel	794.58	
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS		14,391.62
TOTAL FUNDS ON HAND JULY 31, 1960		$ 3,691.29

File

MF Please handle order & return ltr.
H.

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

September 7, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Congratulations on your new office. It sounds just lovely.

Done 9/13/60 mt

Centrally air conditioned or not, you people have put out an impressive lot of material this summer. Would it be possible for me to have for our Board four copies each of the August 19 School Desegregation Report and the August 7 news release on Lunch Counter Desegregation? If you should produce supplements to either of these documents in the near future, I would appreciate six copies of each in all. You can see that our Board will be hard at work first crack out of the barrel this Fall.

I still feel regretful about the Delta Foundation project. Is anybody nibbling at that one?

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel

Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

To: HF

Date 9/9

From: Jane Lee J. Eddy

Dear Harold.

The enclosed preceded our conversation & is simple holding operation. Would you put the question on to seminar for discussion when we meet.

There should be a chance here to do something, small though it might be. I have teacher training everywhere very much on

my mind - especially in The Southland.

See you soon.

Geo.

TC

Inter-Office Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To: Mr. Currier

Date Sept. 9, 1960

From: Mrs. Eddy

Subject: NEGRO COLLEGES

I have been puzzling over the problem of selection among the Negro colleges and what sort of grant would be useful. Perhaps the first thing to do is decide upon the answers to some questions which immediately arise.

The first is, do you want to give only to fully accredited institutions? If so, this would probably narrow us down to the 33 colleges which participate in the United Negro College Fund. We have in the past gotten a run-down on the financial position of many of these colleges, and we can do it again if that would be useful. On the other hand, if these colleges are to be involved, it might make a lot more sense simply to make a gift to the United Negro College Fund since the Fund has long experience in working out formulae for making an equitable distribution of the money.

If you do not want to confine yourself to fully accredited colleges, this poses another problem. There should probably be some yardstick for selection and one that occurs to me is the identification of teachers colleges.

The next question is a difficult one. Would it be more useful to give $500 or $600 to, say, 20 institutions or would it be better to give $11,000 to one. While I am sure any institution would welcome a $500 or $600 gift, I am not sure such a gift would produce the leverage which ordinarily you would like to produce with your gifts. Perhaps you have in mind making the gift simply as a personal expression of confidence and appreciation, and in that case, of course, the individual grants to a number of institutions would be entirely appropriate. The only disadvantage in such a plan is that I don't suppose these institutions are accustomed to having anybody be so spontaneously generous, and if they have any sense, which we assume they do, they will all deluge us with requests from here on out. To date we have tried to stay clear of this problem by saying that we do not generally give to educational institutions---Harvard and Radcliffe being the exceptions for personal reasons.

JLE:sel

via air mail

September 13, 1960

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

When we last talked, you expressed willingness to consider HOPE's needs again, for the coming year. Your earlier personal gift to HOPE was tremendously helpful, and it was a sore blow to everyone here when the District Judge delayed his desegregation order until September of 1961.

Enclosed is a copy of Mrs. Breeden's letter to me setting forth HOPE's financial situation, prospects, and programs plans. As you will see, salaries are their basic, recurring expense; they feel that, with that cost met or partly met, they can raise a substantial amount of local funds for their public campaigns.

I gather from Jane Lee that I will miss you in New York next week. I do hope we'll be able to have another unhurried talk soon. Meanwhile, my best regards, as always.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Enclosure - 1.

September 14, 1960

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

You may have read in the press about Bob Hughes's recent ordeal in Birmingham.

I thought you would like to see this detailed memorandum from Father Foley, which gives the whole story.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1.

cc: Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy

via air mail

September 16, 1960

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

You will recall your gift of $2,500 to the Burnsville, Yancey County, North Carolina, church that was providing interim schooling for the displaced pupils there.

The enclosed clipping tells of the most recent development -- a court order to integrate eight Negro high school students and to assign the Negro elementary students to schools within the county. There is some hope that the judge, who is keeping the case under supervision, will require some desegregation of the elementary pupils also.

I'm looking forward to seeing you Monday.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1.

September 20, 1960

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Stephen:

This is to acknowledge with our continuing thanks your letter of September 14 transmitting the Foundation's check for $25,000 in support of the work of the State Councils on Human Relations.

This year, the State Councils are turning in the best performance yet, both in program and in local fund-raising. (As you know, we are requiring improved fund-raising as a condition of the grants-in-aid made possible by the Taconic grant.) This brightened outlook for the work in the states is a direct result of the support which Taconic has given.

We will be adding more detail to these generalizations in our subsequent reports. Meanwhile, with appreciation and good wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

September 14, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

We are pleased to send you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $25,000. CR RHC This contribution represents final payment of the Foundation's grant of $50,000 during 1959-60 in support of the work of the State Councils on Human Relations.

With every good wish for the continued fine work of the Southern Regional Council,

I am,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC:sel
Enclosure

via air mail

October 4, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

I was sorry not to get a chance to call you before I left New York last week. My last appointment ran so long it almost caused me to miss my flight.

The affair at Mrs. Roosevelt's was relatively small and very pleasant. What will come of it, if anything, no one can say. I'll reserve my full report until I see you again, which shouldn't be too long. Meanwhile, let me just say that I met Mr. Richmond and talked with him a bit that evening; I found nothing that would contradict Stephen's picture of him, and some things in substantiation. But, then, the exposure was brief.

At the moment,it looks quite possible that the Disciples of Christ (Christian) social action group might take on the Gene Cox project -- if they can secure some financial backing for the first three years. When and if that is officially decided, I would like to raise it with you and Stephen again.

Jane and I are off to San Francisco for a week. (I'll be back in the office Tuesday, October 11.)

The dinner and evening with you and Harry was exceedingly pleasant, as always. My very best to you both.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

via air mail

October 24, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Sorry I couldn't get this done sooner, but as you've probably read we've been having some sit-in excitement here. At the moment, the situation looks most promising. The immediate serious problem remaining is Martin King's incarceration on a charge not directly related to the recent demonstrations. Unfortunately, this charge is under the jurisdiction of the neighboring county, which doesn't have Atlanta's kind of political leadership.

Anyway, here is a list for Lloyd Garrison, which I hope will serve. I didn't include Georgia, since most of the people he should see are in Atlanta and there are an awful lot of those. We'll try to take care of that while he's here.

Let me know if I can help further on this.

As ever,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure

ALABAMA

Rev. Robert Hughes, Executive Director, Alabama Council on Human Relations, Room 1224, Comer Building, Birmingham.

Charles Morgan, lawyer, Comer Building, represented Hughes in recent grand jury contempt case; knowledgeable about "power structure," politically ambitious.

David O. Vann, lawyer, Comer Building, alternative if Morgan not available.

Rev. Welton Gregory, Methodist Educational Director of the Methodist Church, 1125 Woodley Road, Montgomery, board member and former president, Alabama Council on Human Relations.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Durr, 17 Molton Street Building, Montgomery. Long-time liberals, veterans of much harrassment; Durr was an FDR-appointed FCC Commissioner, now practices law.

Rev. Ralph Abernathy, Montgomery Improvement Association, 530 South Union Street. M. L. King's associate in Montgomery bus protest, now the chief leader of the local protest group.

*Luther H. Foster, president, Tuskegee Institute, Tuskegee, Alabama.

*Charles G. Gomillion, head of department of social studies, Tuskegee Institute, veteran leader of civil rights efforts.

Father Albert S. Foley, Spring Hill College, Mobile, Ala. Known widely for his race relations activities, chairman of the Alabama Council on Human Relations.

Rev. Joseph Lowery, Warren Street Methodist Church, Mobile, Alabama. One of the ablest and most important Negro leaders in Alabama.

(I'm sure Mr. Garrison already knows Aubrey Williams, or at least has his name and address.)

FLORIDA

*Herbert Davidson, editor, News-Journal, Daytona Beach. Active in interracial efforts, publishes one of the most liberal newspapers in the South.

Mrs. Mabel Norris Reece, now associated with Davidson's paper in Daytona Beach, but for years editor of the Mt. Dora Topic (Lake County, Fla.) where she battled against the notorious Sheriff Willis McCall and his racial brutalities. A thoroughly enlightened and courageous person, Mrs. Reece is currently chairman of the Florida Council on Human Relations.

*Indicates SRC board members.

Florida - continued

*H. Franklin Williams, Vice-President, University of Miami, Coral Gables, Fla. Has given leadership and encouragement to liberal efforts within the University and in the Miami community.

Rev. William K. Williams, executive director, Florida Council on Human Relations, 4241 S. W. 109th Court, Miami.

Rev. Edward Graham, 301 N. W. 9th Street, Miami, leader in NAACP and interracial organizations. Currently appealing sentence for refusal to turn over NAACP records.

(If it is possible to visit Florida State University in Tallahassee, Mr. Garrison should see John A. Griffin and Lewis Killian of the faculty -- both wise and thoughtful men who have long worked with SRC. The new president, Gordon Blackwell, is also a good man.)

LOUISIANA

*Albert W. Dent, president, Dillard University, New Orleans. (Also, Daniel Thompson, sociologist at Dillard.)

John P. Nelson, Jr., 702 Gravier Building, New Orleans, chairman of newly formed Catholic Interracial Council and a prime mover in the local save-the-schools effort.

Lester Kabacoff, Edgar Stern Family Fund, 521 Royal Street, New Orleans, lawyer, represents the Edgar Stern Family in many local interests, including race relations. An influential and well-informed "moderate."

Father Louis J. Twomey, Director, Institute of Industrial Relations, Loyola University, New Orleans.

William Monroe, News Director, WDSU-TV, (the Stern-owned station,) New Orleans. Liberal and effective influence on public opinion.

(We can't suggest enough really good names to warrant travel elsewhere in Louisiana. But if other suggestions should put Mr. Garrison in or near Lafayette, La., he should look up Father Alexander O. Sigur, Chaplain, Southwestern Louisiana Institute, St. Mary Blvd. at McKinley Street, an SRC board member.)

MISSISSIPPI

*Most Rev. Joseph B. Brunini, Catholic Bishop, 123 North West Street, Jackson. One of the few open supporters of interracial activity left in Mississippi; his family is old and well connected one in the state.

*Hodding Carter, publisher, Delta Democrat-Times, Greenville, Mississippi.

*Rabbi Charles Mantinband, 808 Mamie Street, Hattiesburg. A committed and courageous man, long-time SRC board member, unfortunately in failing health.

Medgar Evers, 1072 W. Lynch Street, Jackson. State secretary of the NAACP, chief spokesman in the state for militant Negro opinion.

SOUTH CAROLINA

*Courtney Siceloff, director, Penn Community Services, Frogmore (St. Helena Island), South Carolina. Penn is the only center for interracial conferences in the deep South.

Esau Jenkins, 244 Spring Street, Charleston, South Carolina. Well known for his voting and education efforts among the Negroes of the South Carolina islands.

Rev. M. D. McCollum, 191 Boulevard, N. E., Orangeburg, S. C., NAACP leader, close to the student protest movement at the Negro state college there.

*James McBride Dabbs, Mayesville, S. C. (His farm is near this small town). A visit with Mr. Dabbs in his native habitat is guaranteed to be pleasant and informative.

Mrs. Alice N. Spearman, executive director, South Carolina Council on Human Relations, 1330 Laurel Street, Columbia, S. C.

W. E. Solomon, executive secretary, Palmetto State Teachers Association (Negro), 1719 Taylor St., Columbia, S. C.

TENNESSEE:

*Stephen J. Wright, president, Fisk University, Nashville.

Herman Long, director, Race Relations Department, AMA, Fisk University, Nashville.

Tennessee - continued

John Hope, II, Herman Long's associate and part-time Chief Consultant for SRC.

*Walter Sharp, head, Department of Fine Arts, Vanderbilt University. Despite the title, an influential and liberal citizen of Nashville; past chairman of Tennessee Council on Human Relations.

*Z. A. Looby, lawyer, 327 Charlotte Ave., Nashville, dean of Negro leaders in Nashville and the state. Most recently in the news when his home was bombed during the sit-in crisis. NAACP counsel and member of the Nashville city council.

Rev. Will D. Campbell, 2001 Division Street, Nashville, director of the National Council of Churches' Southern race relations project.

George Barrett, Stahlman Building, Nashville, lawyer, a prime mover in all local race relations efforts; was a member of the Mayor's bi-racial committee on the lunch-counter problem.

(There are others in Nashville worth seeing, but those listed above could point the way to them.)

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

November 4, 1960

Dr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 201, 5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Thanks so much for the list for Lloyd Garrison, particularly in view of the few other concerns which you have at this time.

It now looks as though the trip is off, except for the Atlanta section, for the present time. The idea will probably be resumed in January, when we can make equally good use of all this information.

Hartsfield is coming off like a real hero from our vantage point up here. Good for all of you.

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:dm

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

November 28, 1960
(Dictated 11/23/60)

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council Inc.
5 Forsythe Street
Atlanta 3 Georgia

Dear Harold:

Many thanks to you and Jane for all you did to make our visit to Atlanta such a pleasant and profitable one. I hope that I communicated to you some of my enthusiasm and interest while I was there, but still want to drop you a line to tell you how grateful I am.

I think that your lunch was a great success, and got your quotas properly christened. Perhaps it is prejudice that leads me to think that Lloyd Garrison's few words spoke, more gracefully than I can, the elation and gratitude which we felt.

quarters!

I also was glad to talk with you on divers other matters. We will talk again.

I liked Harris Wofford very much. Also Martin Luther King Jr. Discriminating aren't I?

Audrey and I both send our warmest thanks and best wishes to you and Jane.

I am,

Yours,

Stephen

Stephen R. Currier

December 14, 1960

Mr. Stephen Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

This is to acknowledge most gratefully your letter of December 8 and the Foundation's check for $25,000, representing the second of three annual grants in support of the Council's general budget.

I speak for both our lay leadership and staff in expressing continuing appreciation of the confidence in the Council which you and other Trustees have so generously displayed.

With warm personal regards, I am

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

December 8, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

We are pleased to send you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $25,000. This contribution represents the second of three equal annual grants to be used for support of the general budget of the Southern Regional Council, Inc.

12/12/60
RHA

I am, with kind personal regards,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC:sel
Enclosure

via air mail

December 15, 1960

Mr. Stephen Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Your invitation to Taconic's Christmas party almost stampeded me to the airline office, but austere reason prevailed. However, Jane and I will have a small private wassail in honor of the occasion, which we are sorry to miss.

Overrun by events, professional and domestic, we are foregoing greeting cards this year. So I take this opportunity to wish you and Audrey and all of Taconic's faithful a very merry Christmas.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

STEPHEN RICHARD CURRIER

666 FIFTH AVENUE

NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

December 7, 1960

Dear Harold:

We hope you and Jane can come to a party we are giving for our friends and colleagues on Thursday, December 22, between 4:30 and 7:00 o'clock at 666 Fifth Avenue, 35th Floor.

I do hope that we will see you then to wish you both a Merry Christmas.

I am, with best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Stephen.

Stephen R. Currier

Fly up — !
ahem!

R.S.V.P. PLaza 7-5920

December 16, 1960

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

This is belated thanks for letting me see the Lincoln proposal. It is an interesting idea, although I share your doubts about Lincoln as the place. Why wouldn't this be a good thing to do for a wide assortment of foreign students, not just Africans, perhaps at several different places?

Also belatedly, the proposal to the Ford Foundation for an educational program with women's groups rings no bells for me. Some work of this sort, in the South, has been done by the church women, part of it through the coordination of Mrs. Tilly. But club women, as club women, have shown little receptivity to the study of racial conditions. A lot depends, of course, on sponsorship. But I'm inclined to believe that, here at any rate, the church women and their groups are going to have to lead in such matters for some time to come. If there is serious interest in this approach, I could furnish some examples out of recent years.

I have heard nothing further yet about the New Orleans economic study.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

December 2, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Thanks for the copy of your letter outlining ideas for Hampton. This all makes even more sense on paper than it did in conversation.

Do you know anything about a proposal which was made to the Ford Foundation a year or two ago to provide support for the education of women's groups on matters bound to relate to race problems: prison conditions; hospital practices; etc? I remember that last year you thought it might be useful to alert the community generally to situations such as these. If you know about the woman's club idea, was it any good? I somehow do not picture the fair ladies of Georgia facing up to the way the jails are probably run, but then things change rapidly these days.

People here are still in a glow over The Atlanta Experience.

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JE:dm

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

December 2, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

When Harry Ashmore mentioned the notion of a race relations program at Hampton, I told him of a similar, and I gather abortive, idea which cropped up at Lincoln University a couple of years ago. I think perhaps I gave him the material on it.

The enclosed proposal re African students has now come to us from Lincoln. During the past two weeks quite a little steam has been generated around here to do something on this order, though I doubt Lincoln is the place from our view. I thought you would be interested in this because of the Hampton program and, of course, I would love to have your reactions.

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:dm
Enclosure

A PROPOSAL FOR A FREE 5-WEEK ORIENTATION PROGRAM FOR NEWLY ARRIVE AFRICAN STUDENTS TO BE HELD AT LINCOLN UNIVERSITY AND THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
July 31 - September 1, 1961

I. General Purpose

The purpose of the seminar is to acclimate newly arrived students from Africa to American life and American educational methods and institutions, and to give such language instruction as may be indicated in each individual case. The first year we will not reject French speaking Africans but we will not encourage their participation. It is proposed that the group will be composed solely of Africans for two reasons. In the first place, Africans, probably more than any other area group because of their background and recent emergence on the world scene, require and know they require more and different orientation than other groups. In the second place, Africans, because of the consistent wester European policy of orientation toward the colonial power, need an opportunity to know each other.

Several orientation centers do limit participation to well-defined continental areas and have found it successful. At the present time there is even more justification for an exclusively African center than would be the case for other areas. Africa is the most recently independent part of the world. It is less prepared for self-government than any other area. It has the greatest immediate need and demand for education, and staggering internal problems. Such education as it does have is modelled on western European systems and is vastly different from the American. It is not contemplated, however, that an exclusively African seminar need be a permanent feature; rather, it is an emergency measure designed to meet an emergency situation and to be modified as circumstances warrant.

It is proposed to divide the orientation period of five weeks between Lincoln University and the University of Pennsylvania. The advantage of Lincoln is that it is a samll college in a rural area which has tremandous prestige in West Africa. It is also a college which, although originally established for Negroes, is today deliberately seeking an integrated student body and has approximately 12% white students enrolled. The University of Pennsylvania will give exposure to a major university in a large metropolitan area. Furthermore, the participation of the University of Pennsylvania will avoid any possible accusation that Negro Africans are being segregated in a predominantly Negro college.

Any African student would be eligible for this course regardless of sponsorship. It is not the intent of this program that it be restricted to U. S. Government grantees. Again, we wish to avoid any possible charge of brainwashing. In addition, we believe students sent by their governments and those who have come on their own merit equal attention and orientation.

The program would be limited to 200 students and would be co-

educational. Hopefully, there would be as even a geographical distribution as feasible across Africa.

II. Program Outline

The course would last five weeks, divided between Lincoln and Pennsylvania. It would be planned to begin July 31 and end September 1. Recognizing that most African students already have some competence in English but are likely to be unfamiliar with the American idiom and accent, the first step would be language testing and instruction adapted to individual needs. Assumably, much of the language instruction will come informally in simply listening to Americans speak. However, where necessary, formal language instruction would be given. The University of Pennsylvania has conducted an intensive summer language course for the past two years, and will probably this year expand it on a year round basis. It also has excellent laboratory facilities as a result of its participation in the National Defense Education Act language program.

The balance of the daily program would consist of formal lectures on various aspects of American life and education, to be followed by small group meetings, under experienced leadership, to afford opportunity for questions and exchanges of ideas and reactions. An essential feature of this part of the program would be the preparation of papers by the participants in order to give practice in composition and experience in using an American library and learning classroom methods and laboratory techniques.

The major topics to be covered - one each week - would be:

1. American University Education:
   Its place and importance in American society;

   The organization and purpose;

   Classroom and laboratory: lectures, discussions, assignments, voluntary work, term papers, occasional quizzes, examinations, library usage;

   Teacher-student relationships;

   Extra-curricular campus life

2. How To Live in the United States:

   Where students live, eat, have their laundry done, buy incidentals;

   What is involved in doing your own housekeeping and cooking;

Transportation, clothing, money and prices, cleanliness, medical care, etc.;

Social life and manners -- especially men-women relationships.

3. Family and Community:

The family in an industrial society, the changing American pattern, its informality, acceptance of outsiders, physical mobility, apartment and house living;

The urban community: the homogeneous neighborhood and the unrelated neighborhood;

The suburban community and the small town;

Citizen participation in local community activities;

Cultural, religious and recreational opportunities.

4. National Domestic Life:

The anatomy of the political process;

The role of government and its structure;

The social and community role of the American corporate structure in welfare and public services;

The sociological structure of society, mobility, the organized society, the "classless" society, cultural homogeneity out of racial heterogeneity;

The impact of mass communications; (radio, television, press and magazines)

The problem of minorities and their contribution to American civilization;

5. American foreign policy: What, why, and how?

We would also plan two long weekends in which each student would be a guest in a private American home in the southeast Pennsylvania area. We would also propose to have sight-seeing tours in the general vicinity including, if possible, one trip to Washington and one to New York and the United Nations.

III. Staffing and Recruitment of Students

To plan and organize the program, a director would be required immediately on a part-time basis. A full-time director would be required from June 15 through September 1. For the actual seminar period an assistant director would also be required. There would also be two lecturers of professorial rank for the duration of the seminar, eight group discussion leaders, of whom two would be Africans who have been in the U.S. for a minimum of four years, two language instructors and appropriate secretarial assistance. Additional staff will be recruited as far as possible from student placement services at the University of Pennsylvania and Lincoln, utilizing American and foreign students. Where available and desirable, the seminar would also invite visiting lecturers for individual appearances.

Recruitment of students would be done through and with the cooperation of the Institute of International Education, the National Association of Foreign Student Advisors, African American Institute, and the United States Diplomatic and Consular Offices, as well as Ministries of Education in the home country where indicated. The Institute of International Education has agreed to undertake recruitment. Of course, the approval of the Department of State will have to be secured for U. S. Government grantees.

IV. Management

Faculty and personnel would be recruited insofar as feasible from Lincoln University and the University of Pennsylvania. Both institutions have been approached and have indicated their interest in the program subject to the availability of funds.

There should be established The Joint Lincoln-Pennsylvania Committee on Orientation for Africans to be responsible for the program and to be composed of three members from each institution.

V. Budget

(1)	Board and Maintenance*	
	5 weeks - 200 students	$40,000
(2)	Staff:	
	Director (pre-seminar - to June 15)	3,200
	Director (seminar: June 15 - Sept. 1)	2,000
	Assistant Director (seminar: June 15 - September 1)	~~800~~ 1,600
	8 instructors @ $500.	4,000
	2 English instructors	1,250

2 visiting lecturers @ $750.	1,500
Secretarial assistance	5,000
	$57,000
(3) Materials (magazines, books, movies, etc.)	5,500
(4) Tours, transportation, etc.	7,500
(5) Contingency fund (for health insurance, etc.)	5,000
	$75,000

*This is the only item which is subject to revision if enrollment did not reach 200. Items (2), (3) (4) and (5) would remain constant.

Special guest lecturers for single appearances would be added on a voluntary basis.

VI. Potential Sources of Funds

It is estimated that the cost per student would be $350. (I.I.E. supplied figure.) Since it is estimated approximately one-third of the students will be Smith-Mundt grantees, it is expected the government's share of the program would be under $25,000. Lincoln has already appropriated $5,000. Additional funds would be sought from foundations which have encouraged the development of the program.

October 24, 1960

Approved by the Board of Trustees, Lincoln University, October 13, 1960

January 5, 1961

Reverend Martin Luther King, Jr.
Associate Pastor
Ebenezer Baptist Church
413 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. King:

I noted in this morning's New York Times that you will be honored here in New York the evening of January 27th, and I understand from Harold Fleming that there is a possibility that you will be in the City during the following week.

If your schedule permits I should very much like to arrange a small luncheon for you with two or three of our Foundation's closest advisors, in order to pursue the discussion we had in Atlanta. Would it be possible for you to join us on February first? The second or third are alternatives, but the first is a particularly good date for us as I am sure we can get together the group which I especially wnat to have meet with you. Should you be already committed for lunch on these days, would there be another time, perhaps late afternoon, when we might arrange a meeting? Again the 31st or 1st are preferable from our point of view.

I do hope we may look forward to seeing you in early February. In the meantime, I trust that

the benefit for the Southern Leadership Conference is succeeding beyond all expectation, but if there should be anything we can do to help, please let me know.

I am, with kindest regards and all good wishes for the coming year,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

SRC:lm

January 25, 1961

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Thanks for your good letter about our civil rights opus and for the social note on Martin King.

If I didn't make it clear in our earlier communication, perhaps Stephen has told you my New York timing as it finally worked out. I am coming up -- by train of all things -- Sunday night and will be in the big town Monday and Tuesday. I am looking forward to seeing you then.

As ever,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

P. S. -- The Fieffer strip is, in fact, a little master piece. You would think he grew up down here.

HCF

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

January 19, 1961

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I read your civil rights document last night with the greatest interest. The clarity, logic, and brevity is not only a tribute to your mastery of the language, but most impressively to your profound grasp of the problems. This, of course, is no news to your New York-or other area-cheering sections, but the impact cannot fail to be made on the President. Indeed, Mr. Nixon was quickly persuaded. Who is the Republican in your midst or was it purely coincidental?

We have just had word from James R. Wood saying that Dr. King wants us to be advised that he wishes to have luncheon with us and that February 3 is satisfactory. I wish you were going to be here, but I guess that won't be possible from what you said about your schedule. Will you be here Wednesday in any case? sic!

The enclosed masterpiece is something which Stephen came across in THE VILLAGER and he thought you might admire it.

We look forward to seeing you week after next.

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLE:sel
Enclosure

Feiffer

YOU SEE WHAT THE PROBLEM IS, A LOT OF THESE NEW COUNTRIES ARE COLORED AND THEY'RE- YOU KNOW- VERY OVER SENSITIVE.
BOY, DON'T I KNOW! YOU SHOULD SPEAK TO THE GIRL I HAVE COME IN ON MONDAYS.
AND I DON'T HAVE TO TELL YOU THE WAY IT IS- THEY DON'T HAVE OUR WEALTH OF EXPERIENCE - I MEAN BASICALLY THEY'RE A VERY INNOCENT PEOPLE - I MEAN - THEY'RE NOT SOPHISTICATED!
WELL, YOU'RE EITHER OR YOU'RE NOT I SAY.
THEN THEY COME TO THE UNITED NATIONS IN NEW YORK AND THEY EXPECT EVERYBODY TO BE THEIR FRIEND. THEY DON'T UNDERSTAND ABOUT NEW YORK. NOBODY'S ANYBODY'S FRIEND.
CAN YOU IMAGINE? THEY'RE VERY INNOCENT IF YOU ASK ME.
SO IF THEY GET TREATED NASTY IN A RESTAURANT OR FOR INSTANCE GET SHOVED IN THE STREET THEY THINK IT'S BECAUSE WE DON'T RESPECT THEM.
WELL I'VE DISCOVERED AFTER A LONG LIFE THAT YOU HAVE TO EARN RESPECT. IF YOU'RE NOT IN TOO MUCH OF A HURRY- IF YOU KNOW YOUR PL-
BUT YOU DON'T UNDERSTAND! DON'T YOU SEE THEY ALL HAVE CHIPS ON THEIR SHOULDER! SO NOW IT LOOKS LIKE IF WE DON'T SERVE THEM NICE IN OUR RESTAURANTS, THEY'LL ALL GO COMMUNIST.
COMMUNIST! AND I USED TO THINK THEY WERE ALL SO GOOD-NATURED. WELL YOU TURN YOUR BACK ON PEOPLE FOR A MINUTE AND--
SO RATHER THAN LET THEM GO COMMUNIST I SUPPOSE ITS OUR DUTY TO HELP THEM- BUT AFTER ALL ITS A HARD LIFE FOR EVERYBODY. I MYSELF DON'T ALWAYS GET THE BEST SERVICE IN RESTAURANTS. BUT I'M A GOOD SPORT. I LAUGH IT OFF.
AFRICA WOULD BE A LOT BETTER OFF IF IT WAS MORE LIKE YOU, DORIS.

via air mail special February 6, 1961

Mr. Stephen Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

This is a hasty letter to put before you the main background of the proposed survey of government contract employment by five of the state advisory committees to the U. S. Commission on Civil Rights.

The five states are Tenn. Kentucky, Louisiana, North Carolina, and South Carolina. Tennessee's survey has been the pilot project, and is nearing completion. The other states are in varying stages of the fact-finding process, which consists of mailing standardized questionnaires to contract employers. I won't have a copy of the questionnaire until tomorrow, at which time I will send it off to you. The questions, however, deal with employment policies and practices, categories in which Negroes are employed, recruitment procedures, and the like.

The Commission on Civil Rights has agreed to publish the results of these surveys in an official report, provided the results can be tabulated and analyzed by April 1. The data collection presents

no problem, since the state advisory committees have assumed full responsibility for it and are well under way. But approximately $5,000 will be required for IBM tabulation of the findings, and for preparation of a suitable analysis.

It is estimated that the survey will cover some 2,500 contractors.

To meet the deadline will require a "crash" effort. Fortunately, John Hope (who serves SRC as chief consultant, is vice chairman of the Tennessee Advisory Committee, and has counselled all of the state committees on the survey) could see the job through. In addition to his other identifications, Hope is associate director of the Race Relations Department at Fisk University, which has access to the IBM equipment and experienced personnel required for the project. The experience of the Tennessee survey has put Hope in a good position to see the whole process through.

A grant, if made, could be received by the Race Relations Department, which, as an arm of the Congregational Church, should present no problem of tax-exemption.

I do not have a breakdown of the $5,000 budget, but I expect to receive that also tomorrow and will forward it promptly.

My apologies for this hasty and probably inadequate summary of the project. If more information is needed for board action, I can supply it within the next few days.

In any case, this does seem to be an instance in which a rapid infusion of a relatively modest grant would release some useful information under effective Federal auspices. Hopefully, the independent study which Taconic is financing would be assisted and reinforced by the availability of these data.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

via air mail

February 7, 1961

Mr. Stephen Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Supplementing my "crash" letter of yesterday, enclosed are several exhibits that will further clarify the proposed contract employment surveys.

The budget, questionnaire, and sample letters to contractors are the main items. John Hope's memorandum is much too long to read entire, but at best may supply some answers I have neglected, and at worst will add to your burgeoning files.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures

via air mail

February 8, 1961

Mr. Stephen Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

This is a hasty note to let you know that I finally got some word on Harris Wofford's status.

The account I get is this: Bobby Kennedy decided Harris was too hot for the Assistant Attorney General spot; however, the appointee, Marshall, is Harris's choice and is supposed to be a good man. Harris's other preference was the White House position. But so far Kennedy et al. have turned down the idea of appointing a civil rights adviser. They expect to satisfy this demand by Reeves' appointment and the appointment of other Negroes within the administration, most particularly Weaver.

The upshot was that Harris got offered the directorship of the Civil Rights Commission -- deadline for decision, this morning. As I would expect, Harris doesn't want this; instead, the new acting man, Berl Bernhardt, will be appointed.

So... no Harris Wofford, apparently, in the civil rights picture. No doubt he will get an appointment in some other field, international perhaps.

My informant paints a dismal picture of the prospects for vigorous action generally on civil rights. We can discuss this further when I next see you.

As ever,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

February 17, 1961

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Here are brief memos on two of the matters we touched on but never really discussed when I was in New York. I have one more, which I will probably be writing you about shortly.

I am looking forward to seeing you again soon.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures - 2.

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

MEMORANDUM February 17, 1961

To: Mr. Stephen R. Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc.

From: Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director, SRC

Re: THE PROPOSED MISSISSIPPI PROJECT.

- : -

Thanks for your willingness to consider this one yet again; whatever the decision, I will regard it as final.

There is no point in repeating the details of the original proposal, which you have. The only new ingredient is a commitment of $15,000 - $17,000 (from liquidation of a trust fund), if Gen Cox can secure otherwise $40,000 for a four-year period. He is prepared to operate on a $10,000 annual budget. The new funds would be applied on the project for an additional two-year period of operation.

Conceding that this modest effort isn't going to change the face of Mississippi, it should be considered in somewhat the same light as the state councils on human relations elsewhere. It would provide during the next six years a full-time person who knows Mississippi, understands the problems of that benighted state, and would keep in close touch with developments and people within it. Mississippi has been relatively quiet -- the quiet of the graveyard -- but racial crises will surely come, perhaps sooner than we think. The wretched situation in Fayette and Haywood Counties, Tenn., (really an extension of Mississippi) is a portent.

The eruptions in Mississippi will be unlike those we are most accustomed to, since they will occur mainly in rural and small-town settings in the Black Belt. We are going to need someone badly who knows the terrain

and is in touch with local people who can be of some use. Accurate, first-hand information alone will be at a premium, if for no other purpose, as a basis for advocating appropriate Federal action.

We have time and again been asked by civil rights investigators (from the Commission on Civil Rights and Department of Justice) for names of whites and Negroes in trouble areas who will furnish reliable information. When Mississippi gets convulsed by the pressures for change, we will be hard put to meet such requests without someone like Cox on the job. Moreover, we will be trying to diagnose these situations on the basis of poor newspaper accounts or ad hoc investigations by inexperienced persons.

Cox, as I have pointed out before, is not a polished, sophisticated intergrouper. But his personal commitment is deep and unshakeable, he knows the rural South as few people do, and he can get information and acceptance where most workers in this field would fail utterly.

The payoff on this investment might come slowly and might never be as clear or tangible as we could wish. Yet I have a hunch that occasions may arise when we will rejoice that Mississippi wasn't left unmanned.

March 16, 1961

Price Waterhouse and Company
56 Pine Street
New York 5, New York

Gentlemen:

We have been asked by Mr. Stephen R. Currier, President of the Taconic Foundation, Inc., to confirm the contributions received during the period September 1, 1960 - December 31, 1960. We have received the following contributions from the Taconic Foundation:

September 16, 1960	$25,000.00
December 12, 1960	$25,000.00

If additional information is needed, please let us know.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Memo FROM THE DESK OF RUTH HOUSE ALEXANDER

September 16, 1960 $25,000. (states)

December 12, 1960 25,000. (gen. oper.)

$50,000.

3/15/61

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

March 13, 1961

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

In connection with the annual examination of our financial statements, please confirm directly to our accountants, Price Waterhouse & Co., 56 Pine Street, New York 5, New York, the dates and amounts of all grants made to you by Taconic Foundation, Inc. during the period September 1, 1960, to December 31, 1960.

An envelope is enclosed for your convenience.

I am,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

~~Stephen R. Currier~~
President

SRC:lm
Enclosure

May 26, 1961

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Executive Director
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

Maybe you will remember that a few days ago I mentioned coming to New York, and you tentatively put me down for a visit to your place on the afternoon of Thursday, June 8th. If this is still a good time, could we say 3:00 o'clock in your office? I want to see you, of course, and would hope that this might be a convenient time for me to spend a little while with Stephen Currier.

I expect to come in to New York on a dinner flight on Tuesday, June 6th and will have to leave about noon on Friday. If the afternoon of June 8th doesn't suit, I could come up earlier on Tuesday, or could try to work out another time.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:a

file

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

May 31, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

The afternoon of Thursday, June 8th has become very complicated since I talked with you on the telephone. Could you possibly manage 10:30 on the morning of the 7th? The other possibility would be Wednesday afternoon after 2:30.

I admired your position on the Freedom Rides as reprinted in the Times this morning.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

file

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

June 15, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

It was awfully nice to see you last week. Stephen Currier and I both hope you will stop in again soon.

The enormous book full of results of the Springfield College work for Taconic is being mailed off to you separately. We would welcome any reactions you may have. Please send the book back when you have looked it over.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

file

Tatonnee Foundations

STEPHEN RICHARD CURRIER
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

July 21, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W., Rm. 201
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

I am pleased that you can join us at the Foundation's office, on the 35th floor of 666 Fifth Avenue, on Friday, July 28th.

We appreciate your willingness to give the Foundation the benefit of your knowledge and experience in the field of voting rights. I know that the discussion will be an interesting and fruitful one for us all.

We will plan to meet at 10:00 a.m., have lunch in our office, and will adjourn no later than 4:00 p.m.

I am very much looking forward to seeing you on the 28th.

I am

Sincerely, — and warmly —

Stephen

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mf

July 25, 1961

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Executive Director
Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

From time to time we have prepared Newsletters for mailing to the offices of the state Councils. Because of your interest in the state groups, I thought you would like to have a file of these.

Sincerely,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/sm
Enclosures

PRV
SM-file

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

August 1, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Thanks so much for sending along the file of Newsletters to the state councils. I was especially interested in the most recent one which raised the basic question for interracial agencies in this era of swift and militant activity.

The issue was certainly present, if not met directly, last Friday, and I wanted to say that the lion's share of the credit for whatever resolution was achieved goes to you. Your talk in the afternoon was a masterpiece of firmness and tact, and its effect around the table was quite remarkable. We can all now pray that it sticks.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

August 3, 1961

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Stephen:

I did not have an opportunity during our recent meeting in New York to raise this concern with you. I did have a chance to discuss it briefly with Harold.

We have been working with several citizens' groups in New Orleans again this year in an attempt to assist their efforts to create a climate of peaceful acceptance of the next step in school desegregation this fall. Two weeks ago Paul Rilling and I spent several days in New Orleans with leaders of the Save Our Schools group, exploring program ideas and needed financial resources. I am enclosing a report summarizing their activities and outlining plans for this fall. The revised budget shown in the final page was drawn up at our request. I believe the revised figures represent an honest and reasonable working budget for the weeks preceeding the school opening this fall. We also feel that S.O.S. is an organization with demonstrated skills and effectiveness, and is the group most likely to follow through with a community-wide effort of preparation.

S.O.S. expects to be able to raise approximately $5,000 toward this budget from members and supporters in New Orleans. We have applied to the Stern Family Fund for further assistance and have received a grant of $4,750 to assist with the radio, TV, mail to businessmen and the reprints of the newspaper headlines and pictures of last year's events. The funds were made available to S.R.C. and will be expended only for specific education purposes as approved by me. The Sterns

plan to use additional funds toward the same objective, working through other channels. Last year, both through foundation and personal giving, the Sterns expended a considerable amount of money and carried virtually the entire burden of attempting to awaken the city to reality.

We would like to suggest that the Taconic Foundation consider a similar grant to S.R.C. to assist in this critical situation in New Orleans. There is definite danger of additional disorder this fall. Every reasonable effort should be made to avoid a repetition of last year's tragic events. Perhaps you would consider a grant of around $3,000 to SRC. The funds would be carefully supervised to protect the tax exempt status of the Taconic Foundation and the Southern Regional Council. These additional funds would make possible the mailings to teachers, the educational television programs (which cannot be handled through public service time) and some of the on-going office expenses of the organization.

We might be able to help this situation a little bit ourselves through a "Special fund for educational projects" which is made available to us by the New World Foundation. We have discussed with Vernon Eagle the possible use of some of these funds in New Orleans and he has agreed that they might appropriately be used if an unforseen or special emergency develops. This is, however, a very small fund.

Let me know if you need any information in order to give consideration to this request.

Sincerely,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mm
Enclosure

cc: Mr. Harold C. Fleming

CONFIDENTIAL NOTE TO HAROLD FLEMING:

The Sterns spent somewhere in the neighborhood of $25,000 in New Orleans last year, of which around $16,000 was channeled through S.R.C. and the rest represented whole dollars. I know that they are prepared to expend more funds this year for a special effort to mobilize businessmen throughout the state and perhaps to support a new possible citizens' committee which the school board is attempting to organize.

TR ✓
SM-file

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

August 10, 1961

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Your letter to Stephen Currier of August 3rd arrived in both his and my absence. Stephen has now had a chance to see it, but he is in town so briefly, that I wanted to let you know it is here and being thought about.

Harold mentioned the project to me when he was last here, but I do not know whether he talked with Stephen about it. It seems likely to me that we would be able to do this, but of course I cannot let you know for sure until the machinery moves. That will be very soon, I hope.

Yours,

Jane Lee J. Eddy/mh
(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

(Dictated by Mrs. Eddy, signed in her absence.)

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a fast message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

WESTERN UNION

TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

SF-1201 (4-60)

SYMBOLS

DL = Day Letter

NL = Night Letter

LT = International Letter Telegram

The filing time shown in the date line on domestic telegrams is LOCAL TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is LOCAL TIME at point of destination

857P EST AUG 17 61 AF525

SSD23 A NA436 NL PD NEW YORK NY 17

LESLIE W DUNBAR, SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

5 FORSYTH ST NORTHWEST ROOM 201 ATLA

WE ARE LOOKING FORWARD TO HAVING YOU WITH US AT THE FOUNDATION OFFICES 666 FIFTH AVENUE ON WEDNESDAY AUGUST 23RD. WE WILL MEET AT 10 OCLOCK IN THE MORNING AND HOPE TO ADJOURN AT 330PM BEST WISHES

STEPHEN R CURRIER PRESIDENT.

Foundation - Tacoma - Currier

File Form

August 17, 1961

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Stephen:

We sent off by air mail Monday our memo regarding the voting project, for discussion next week. It probably is too much to expect that the second meeting will go as amiably and successfully as the first, but let's hope so.

Regardless of how all this may turn out you have done a magnificent thing in opening up the possibility and in raising the challenge of (and I choose my words advisedly) intergroup relations.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie Dunbar
Executive Director

LD:mbb

File

TELEGRAM Sent 8/23/61

TO: Helen Hill Miller

Taconic has committed $3000.00. Hope to hear definitely from you soon.

LWD

LWD:Mb

N.O. Proj

Foundation S.C.

September 1, 1961

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

We acknowledge with sincere thanks the Taconic Foundation's grant of $3,000.00 for the support of our current work in New Orleans.

I shall, in time, send you a report on what is done.

With very best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

August 24, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

The Board of Trustees of the Taconic Foundation voted at its recent meeting to make a grant to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in support of its current work in New Orleans.

We are pleased to send you the enclosed contribution in the amount of $3,000 for the above stated purpose.

CR RHA 8/30/61

Funds card acknowledged 8/30/61

I am,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

Enclosure
MH/mh

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
JOSEPHINE WILKINS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
JOHN H. WHEELER, CHAIRMAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
LESLIE W. DUNBAR, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 FORSYTH STREET, N. W. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA
JAckson 2-8764

A Council to attain the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South

September 13, 1961

Mr. James Farmer, National Director
Congress of Racial Equality
38 Park Row
New York 38, New York

Mr. Roy Wilkins, Executive Secretary
National Association for the Advancement of Colored People
20 West Fortieth Street
New York 18, New York

Mr. Whitney M. Young, Executive Director Elect
National Urban League
14 East 48th Street
New York 17, New York

The Rev. Wyatt Tee Walker, Executive Director
Southern Christian Leadership Conference
208 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Mr. Charles McDew, Chairman of the Executive Committee
Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee
197½ Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Mr. Timothy L. Jenkins
National Affairs Vice President
United States National Student Association
3457 Chestnut Street
Philadelphia 4, Pa.

Dear Associates:

You will recall that the August 23 meeting at Taconic closed with a request to SRC to submit to each of you a sketch of the manner in which SRC would administer its responsibilities under

a grant for voter registration work. Much of this letter will be only a re-statement of points made in our memorandum presented at the August 23 session, and a summary of discussion that took place then.

This letter will be concerned only with SRC's role as recipient and administrator of a proposed grant; this letter will not deal with the voter registration programs of your agencies.

Our understanding is that your agencies plan both to enlarge your present efforts in behalf of increased voter registration in the South, and to coordinate your activities. I want to affirm SRC's wholehearted support of your objectives, and to wish you the greatest of success. A more active and aware citizenry has been a traditional aim of the Council.

It is, therefore, our decision that SRC can accept the proposed grant, for the opportunity it offers to deepen and perfect our research into voting in the South.

Through past research and publications, SRC has ascertained the geographic areas of lowest registration and voting, and reasons which cause these conditions. The proposed grant, as well as the readiness of your agencies to cooperate under it, now gives us the opportunity to study and evaluate the methods which can best change these conditions. We are, therefore, prepared to accept the responsibility of administering the proposed grant in order that, by empirical evaluation of the results accruing from the programs which you will carry on with funds allocated under the grant, SRC can subsequently draw publishable conclusions.

SRC will, to summarize, accept the proposed grant; it will allocate portions of it to your agencies and other groups following agreed upon programs to increase voter registration; it will offer necessary consultant services to assure that programs receive the best possible trial; and it will evaluate the results.

The administrative and organizational sketch which follows has been drawn up in consultation with our Executive Committee. After your replies to this letter have been received, we shall, if it appears there is a viable agreement, submit to Taconic a formal request for funds, with the understanding that Taconic may obtain help from other foundations and friends in providing the money. As accompanying documents with that request, we shall transmit a copy of this letter, a copy of each of your replies, and a memorandum setting forth our reactions to suggestions or comments which may appear in your letters; copies of the entire submission, as well as Taconic's final response to it, will be furnished you. Funds adequate for a two year program will be requested.

SRC does not assume any obligation to engage in further fund raising.

ORGANIZATION

1. SRC will create a special project, with a distinct name.

2. The Project will continue research to determine the areas of lowest voter participation in the South, and the most effective means of encouraging increased voter registration. The Project will grant funds and offer consultants to registration programs of other agencies and groups, when pursued through means that accord with the Project's research findings and objectives, and when of a nature consistent with SRC's tax exemption charter. The Project will study and evaluate the results of these programs.

3. Publicity regarding the Project will be held to the necessary minimum, and will be handled exclusively by SRC* or the Project. Publicity regarding your programs will be fully within your control and initiative.

4. The Project will not affect the autonomy of agencies or groups cooperating with it. The expectation is that each will work in its field, will formulate its own programs, and will be publicly identified with them.

5. Each of your agencies, and such other agencies as will be agreed upon, will be invited by SRC to appoint one representative to serve on an Advisory Committee to the Project's Director; SRC will not have a member on the Committee, but an SRC representative will sit with the Committee to maintain liaison. The Committee should meet frequently and regularly to review policies and decisions, and to advise the Project Director to the end that there be neither overlap nor omissions in the programs. The Committee shall be advisory only. If cases arise where the Advisory Committee finds itself in disagreement with the Project Director, SRC shall, on request of the Committee, immediately meet with it to discuss and attempt to settle the differences.

6. The Project Director and his staff will be appointed by SRC; recommendations of qualified persons will be sought from your agencies.

7. Project headquarters will be in Atlanta.

8. Effective registration work may depend not only on the work of your agencies, but on that of local voters leagues, churches, Urban Leagues, local ad hoc groups, etc. Consequently, such local groups should be eligible to receive funds and services from the Project.

---

* Although the Project will be a part of SRC, for convenience and clarity the term "SRC" is used in this letter to denote the present structure of SRC.

FUNCTIONS

1. The functions of the Project will be principally

   a. in cooperation with SRC, to plan research and publications;

   b. consistent therewith, and to assure the integrity of evaluation and results:

      1) to help agencies and local groups allocate areas in which to work,

      2) to assist in coordinating and following through on local drives,

      3) to advise all grant recipients on public relations,

      4) to allocate Project funds and services among cooperating agencies and groups.

2. In allocating and terminating funds and services, the Project Director will have undivided responsibility and authority, except that he must report regularly and fully to the Advisory Committee, and will be subject to the restrictions set out in paragraph 1 under "Southern Regional Council Authority." (See below.)

3. The first task of the Project will be a careful study and definition of the best methods for encouraging registration in the various sections of the South. On the basis of this study, the Project, with the advice of SRC and the Advisory Committee, will draw up a statement of policies to guide the Project in determining whether to cooperate financially and administratively with the programs of any agency or group.

4. Funds and services will be allocated after review by the Project Director of program outlines, including justifications of requests for funds, submitted by cooperating agencies and groups.

5. The Project staff will include travelling consultants, in a number to be determined by need, who can be assigned by the Director to aid a cooperating agency or group. Consultants will be selected on the basis of qualifications for voter registration work and will at all times be responsible directly to the Project Director.

6. In providing assistance to the program of any cooperating agency, the Project will determine in each case:

   a. how much, if any, of the agreed upon assistance can be provided through grants to tax exempt groups (e.g., churches) which may be sharing in the program of the cooperating agency or group?

b. how much, if any, can be provided by direct Project payment for certain items (e.g., printing)?

c. how much, if any, can be provided through grants to a non-tax exempt agency or group?*

7. Payments of funds allocated any cooperating agency or group shall be advanced on a quarterly basis. If conditions arise which prevent compliance by a cooperating agency or group with the terms of the grant, no further advances will be made. The Project Director will establish the necessary reporting procedures to assure accountability of funds; sincere effort will be made to keep reports from being cumbersome.

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL AUTHORITY

1. SRC shall:

a. have a veto over any grant of funds or services incompatible with the statement of Project policies;

b. withhold any grant of funds until the recipient has assured adequate accounting of the use of the funds;

c. appoint the Project staff: SRC recognizes, however, that Project effectiveness requires that staff have the confidence of your agencies;

d. supervise the administrative practices of the Project.

FINANCES

1. SRC will receive and hold funds granted by the Taconic Foundation and other foundations and friends.

2. Your agencies are free to raise funds for voter registration purposes from other sources and to use such funds in whatever ways you decide. The question has been raised as to whether SRC would accept funds raised by you: SRC may, at its discretion in each particular case, and with the concurrence of the Advisory Committee, do so, but only if the funds are designated for and administered by the Project.

---

* At the August 23 meeting, someone suggested that nearly all staff needed by a cooperating agency for voter work could be hired by the Project, usually on nomination of the agency, and assigned by the Project to work with that agency; the thought behind the suggestion was that SRC might find it administratively simpler to transfer personnel rather than dollars. Further thought convinces us that staff assignment would not be a wise procedure, from any point of view.

3. SRC will disburse Project funds, subject to the limitations expressed in paragraph 1 under "Southern Regional Council Authority," upon requisition of the Project Director.

4. A semi-annual accounting of all Project receipts and disbursements, including those for SRC overhead, will be made available for the inspection of your agencies.

* * *

In conclusion, we would like to affirm again, as John Wheeler and I have at the two meetings, SRC's complete willingness to work on this program. We believe that there exists enough mutual trust to assure a satisfying and successful achievement of a meritorious goal.

Sincerely yours,

LWD:A
CC:

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

Mr. Thurgood Marshall, Chief Counsel
Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc.
10 Columbus Circle
New York 19, New York

Mr. Robert L. Carter, General Counsel
National Association for the Advancement of Colored People
20 West Fortieth Street
New York 18, New York

Mr. Henry Lee Moon, Director
Public Relations Department, N.A.A.C.P.
20 West Fortieth Street
New York 18, New York

Mr. Lester B. Granger, Executive Director
National Urban League
14 East 48th Street
New York 17, New York

The Rev. Martin Luther King, Jr., President
Southern Christian Leadership Conference
208 Auburn Avenue N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Mr. Marion Barry, Field Secretary
Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee
197½ Auburn Avenue N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

September 21, 1961

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive,Secretary
Taconic Foundation, Inc
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

You will undoubtedly see Les before this reaches you. However, in reference to your letter of the 14th, we know of no specific plans for the Holloway article from the July-August issue of "New South". A Swedish student,who has been here for the summer,is translating it and it is likely it will appear in one or more papers in that country as it is the kind of thing they would like to have.

Under separate cover we are sending you the six copies of "New South" you requested. Please let us know if you have need of more.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:mbb

ML

MMB-file

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

September 14, 1961

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Leslie:

I have just read the July-August issue of New South with fascination, and I wonder whether you could send me six copies for members of our Board.

Mr. Holloway's contribution is the most remarkable travel piece I have seen and certainly one of the most remarkable pieces of literature to come out of recent southern history. Has this been published anywhere else?

Cordially yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

September 25, 1961

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Thank you so much for your note and also for sending the six copies of "New South."

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee J. Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

October 5, 1961
Air Mail

Mr. Stephen R Currier, President
Taconic Foundation, Inc
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

Knowing of your keen interest in the prompt start of the voter registration effort I thought you would like to be informed of progress

We wrote on September 13 to the six agencies which had participated in the conference you convened. In our letter we committed ourselves to the undertaking and outlined the basis on which we could administer it. We asked each of the agencies to reply, indicating its understanding of and reaction to the outline.

By letter of September 22 the National Urban League expressed its agreement. The Southern Christian Leadership Conference did likewise by letter of October 2.

We do not feel that we can proceed with plans for the registration effort until and unless replies from others of the agencies are received.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb
cc: Farmer, Wilkins, Young
Walker, McDew, Jenkins
Wheeler.

✓ Air Mail

October 20, 1961

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary
Taconic Foundation, Inc
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

It was very good to have had some time with you Tuesday and Wednesday and we hope there will be another trip to Atlanta soon.

On October 3 you wrote asking for comments on the request you had received from the Tennessee Council. We think the proposal of a campus project has great merit. Indeed, as you probably know, the Field Foundation has supported for several years a southern project of the National Student's Association directed toward goals similar to those sought by the Tennessee Council. To enlist the good will, the energies, and the thoughts of college students is always a highly desirable end. At the present time, when Negro students are sparking a tremendous wave of reform throughout the South, there is added worth in efforts to involve the concern of more students, and to bring Negro and white students into fruitful dialogue with each other.

The Tennessee Council, after a shaky start, has in the past two years developed strongly and is today under able leadership and has great promise. We believe, therefore, that you could count on adequate supervision and planning of the project.

Although I have not seen a detailed budget, the amount requested - $9000.00 - would seem to me reasonable in terms of the work to be done.

In short, I believe the request of the Tennessee Council merits sympathetic consideration.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb

PRV Lets discuss

LD

air mail
Rec'd 10/5

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

October 3, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Thanks so much for your report today. I will pass all this information along to Stephen.

Enclosed is a copy of the letter we received from the Tennessee Council on Human Relations. We should appreciate any comments you or Paul Rilling may have. In view of the Council's present budget, the amount requested seems extraordinarily high. Perhaps this little project has more merit than appears on the surface, but on the face of it I cannot see any very high priority here.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

Encl.
JLJE/mh

COPY

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

October 3, 1961

The Reverend James D. Glasse
President
Tennessee Council on Human
Relations
2011 Grand Avenue
Nashville 12, Tennessee

Dear Reverend Glasse:

Thank you for your letter and request for support of the college program of the Tennessee Council on Human Relations.

While we are most interested to know of the work you are doing and will give this proposal the most careful consideration, I should tell you that a favorable decision does not seem likely in view of the Foundation's other commitments to Southern projects at this time.

The proposal will be submitted to our Trustees at an early date, and we shall let you know as promptly as possible the outcome of the decision.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

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President

The Rev. John Charles Mickle, Memphis
Herman H. Long, Nashville
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TENNESSEE COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS

2011 Grand Avenue • Nashville 12, Tennessee • CYpress 1-7544

Katherine Jones
Executive Director

September 27, 1961

10/2/61
10/2/61

Taconic Foundation Incorporated
666-5th Avenue
New York 19, New York

Gentlemen:

The Tennessee Council on Human Relations wishes to ask the Foundation for a grant, to make possible an urgently needed extension of our program. The enclosed brochure describes our purposes, structure, and principal activities, and lists our current officers and staff. Attached is a summary of our membership growth, our current budget, and our source of funds for the last fiscal year.

With the rise of the student protest movement, spearheaded in the South by Negroes, the urgency for understanding across campus barriers has become even more compelling. The old methods of accommodation for both white and Negro students are no longer relevant. Channels of communication and association, formerly utilized, have fallen into disuse, and, in some instances, are discouraged by college administrations. There is an uneasiness among college students, both white and Negro, as the old images are outmoded, and the new ones not clearly defined. Since the Council's inception there has been a special emphasis on student participation.

In light of this, we recognize the urgent need to expand our services in the college and university communities, most of which are clustered in or around our major cities as follows:

Memphis

Memphis State University
Southwestern University
LeMoyne College
Owen College
University of Tennessee
Medical School and
Extension Service

Knoxville

University of Tennessee
Knoxville College
Maryville College
(20 miles from
Knoxville)

Nashville

Vanderbilt University
George Peabody College
Scarritt College

Jackson

Lane College
Lambuth College
Union University

Nashville

Fisk Univeristy
Meharry Medical College
Belmont College

Tennessee A & I State University
American Baptist Seminary
University of Tennessee
School of Social Work and
Extension Service

Chattanooga

University of Chattanooga

In each of these centers the Tennessee Council on Human Relations has members, in addition to others known to be in sympathy with our purposes. We have found college and university faculties the likeliest groups from which to gain support and membership. They have had wider opportunities for thoughtful study of human relations, and recognize the necessity to modify old concepts; they have diverse geographical, social and academic background; they are relatively free from pressures to conform, and are often in creative communication with one another. In many cases, however, they lack direct encounter in local community matters, and in some cases, they desire to overcome this insulation for themselves and their students. Within the total of sixty officers and board members of our Council, there are fourteen who are college professors and administrators.

We propose adding a full time staff member to our Council to work exclusively with college leadership--undergraduate, graduate and faculty--in bringing together students in different colleges in the same or nearby communities. We do not evision the creation of a new campus organization, but the utilization of existent groups which might be stimulated to broaden their outlook by wider associations. Groups serving in this capacity might include the following:

(1) Baptist Student Union, Canterbury House, Westminster House, Hillel Foundation, Newman Club, The Wesley Foundation
(2) Political Science Club
(3) Student Association for the United Nations
(4) Student Christian Associations
(5) International Relations Clubs
(6) History Majors
(7) National Student Association Chapters

This project has already been considered by a faculty group in Nashville, representing several of the colleges, and has their enthusiastic endorsement. Upon their recommendation, our staff member has attempted to assess the willingness of the already existing organizations to do the necessary recruiting across campus lines for the formation of such groups. In each instance, the organizations approached have offered their cooperation but could not supply the staff time required. Our Memphis membership, including students, was also enthusiastic about the program.

In each "college cluster", our staff member would need to determine the most feasible channels and work out the procedures. Resident adult members of the Tennessee Council would assist in program planning in the local college community. Considerable time would be involved necessarily in locating comparable groups in Negro and white colleges who might be stimulated toward this broadened interest. This project is designed to bring students together across racial lines, but on a basis of mutuality of interest and respect for individual achievement and ambition. We believe that it is imperative that college students have successful experiences along these lines before

they take their places in the business and professional world.

Tennessee Council on Human Relations Contributions

The Council would offer office space, clerical service, administrative supervision, and all other resources of our continuing program. Students have always had a vital part in the Council's program, and with the continuing support of college faculty, we anticipate increased interest in student activities.

Council faculty members across the state would form a supporting committee. As this inter-campus interest became standard procedure, it is hoped that faculty advisors would accept and promote it just as they do on-campus clubs. Hopefully, we would not need a special staff at the end of three years, but could include this as a continuing program responsibility carried by local members as part of their contribution.

Staffing

A recent college graduate or other young adult with group leadership experience, preferably male, free to spend time in travel to colleges over the state. Candidate should be able to meet students, faculty and college administrators comfortably and effectively. Perception and commitment to ideals of full and free opportunity for all people is more important than specific courses completed.

Request

Grand of $9000 per year for a three year program as outlined.

We will be most grateful for your consideration of this request. If additional information is desired, we will be happy to supply it.

Cordially,

James D. Glasse

James D. Glasse
President

JDG:nlo
Enclosures

TENNESSEE COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
2011 Grand Avenue
Nashville 12, Tennessee

Chartered by the State of Tennessee, July 22, 195-

Originally the Tennessee Council was an integral part of the Southern Regional Council, as were the state councils in eleven other southern states. Large scale program and financial assistance to state councils was made by the Southern Regional Council with the goal of having the state councils become autonomous and effective interracial organizations. Three years ago, the state councils became independent cooperating agencies. The Tennessee Council secured the services of an Executive Director on November 1, 1958. Previously there had been no paid staff except intermittent coverage by a part-time office secretary.

Membership Growth	Financial Support	S.R.C.	TENNESSEE
1958 - 120 Members	1958	$ 3750.00	$ 810.00
1959 - 300 Members	1959	6375.00	1317.65
1960 - 460 Members	1960	7300.00	5146.00
1961 - 654 Members to date	1961	4725.00	4105.00 to date

BUDGET for 1961

EXPENSES

Salaries	
Executive Director	$ 6,000
Office Secretary	2,100
Travel	
Executive	500
Board Members	500
Office	
Rent	500
Equipment	100
Supplies and Maintenance	200
Telephone and Telegraph	400
Postage	400
Books and Subscriptions	150
Miscellaneous	
Annual Membership Meeting	200
Contingent	150
New South subscriptions	2,300
Total	$13,500

INCOME

Membership Dues	$ 4,500
Contributions	4,500
Southern Regional Council	3,500
Balance from 1960	1,000
Total	$13,500

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

file

October 26, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Thanks so much for your reactions to the Tennessee Council proposal. On the basis of your judgment, we shall go ahead and give the proposal careful consideration.

Of course you were quite right that Foster had given us some Little Rock background. I seem to have filed that memorandum in my mind under legal analysis.

I so enjoyed seeing you and Peggy. Many thanks for taking such good care of me.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

11/15/61

November 10, 1961

Mr. Stephen R. Currier, President
Taconic Foundation, Inc
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

In December 1959 the Taconic Foundation granted to the Southern Regional Council $75,000.00 for general support, to be paid in three equal installments during the years 1960,1961, and 1962. We have received two-thirds of this amount, without which we could hardly have carried out our program in the South. Our gratitude for this support adds to the reluctance with which we now approach you for further aid.

Additional responsibilities and activities being assumed by the Council will tax our resources beyond their present limits. These will affect our research programs, as well as our budgets for office administration and travel.

We ask, therefore, that you give consideration to increasing the 1962 portion of your grant to us for general support from $25,000.00 to $35,000.00.

Sincerely,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD;mbb

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

November 21, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Thanks so much for sending the reprints from Phylon and The Virginia Quarterly Review. I am fascinated that the Phylon piece was written in the first half of 1960. "The Annealing of the South" addresses our common concern with a rare combination of passion and intellectual precision. I enjoyed it greatly.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/rk

November 22, 1961

Mr. Stephen R. Currier, President
Taconic Foundation, Inc
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

We submit herewith to the Taconic Foundation a request for a renewal of the Foundation's grant to us for the purpose of assisting the several state Councils on Human Relations. In December, 1959 the Foundation granted $50,000.00 for this purpose, for the calendar year 1960 and 1961.

In view of the Taconic Foundation's past and recent heavy contributions to the welfare of the South, we submit this application for renewed assistance with considerable hesitancy. We think, however, that Taconic has manifested so strong an interest in this particular program that you would want to consider continued participation. It is also our belief that the Councils on Human Relations represent the kind of effort which, over the next few years, may steadily diminish the need for special aid for the special problems of the South.

We have endeavored to keep the Foundation informed as to the changing status and progress of the Councils on Human Relations. Enclosed with this letter, and incorporated with it, is a recently completed staff analysis of them and their programs. We believe and trust that you will find in this staff paper an assurance of growth and influence, as well as a candid recognition of problems.

In view of the Foundation's already close knowledge and understanding of the Councils on Human Relations, supplemented by the enclosure, there is little for us to add in justification of this request except a statement of our conviction that these groups, representing as they do the only widespread lay bi-racial effort in the South, are deserving of confidence and support. They have perhaps not fulfilled all the expectations

To: Stephen R. Currier
November 22, 1961

which accompanied their founding. The fact probably is, however, that those expectations were overly optimistic, and that now, after hard struggle, the state Councils are better prepared than they have ever been to effect social progress.

We ask, therefore, that you give consideration to a renewal of the grant, in the amount of $25,000.00 in each of calendar years 1962 and 1963.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb
Enc.

PRV - 6 yr
MMB - file

December 13, 1961

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary
Taconic Foundation, Inc
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

The enclosed is a belated and unexpected return from the inquiry I made in North Carolina for you a couple of weeks ago.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb
Enc. Robert E. Seymour letter
of 12/12/61

The Olin T. Binkley Memorial Baptist Church

Chapel Hill, North Carolina

December 12, 1961

ROBERT E. SEYMOUR
MINISTER

CHURCH OFFICE
507 EAST FRANKLIN STREET
TELEPHONE 942-4964

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsythe St.
Atlanta, 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I have received an inquiry from the Reverend Tom Thrasher about the work of the Human Relations Committee of the North Carolina Council of Churches. He requested that I convey the following information to you.

I am the Chairman of the Social Service Commission of the Council, and the Human Relations Committee is one of five Committees of the Commission. The current Chairman is the Reverend W.R. Grigg, % the Baptist Building, Hillsboro St., Raleigh.

The Committee's work has not been spectacular, I regret to report. It has acted primarily as an arm of moral support, making official statements in the name of the N.C. Council. This was done at the time of the Sit-ins, for example., Recently letters were written to Mayors and Bus Station Managers commending them for their wise response to the Freedom Riders.

The Committee has had several meetings of "Power Structure" people in a number of North Carolina cities. The purpose of these meetings has been to anticipate the areas of tension and to try to provide some opening of communications between those vitally concerned in the making of community decisions.

Also, the Committee has been on call for leadership in several Human Relations Conferences, the most recent of these being among the ministers and laymen of Cleveland County.

We are hopeful that the future will afford a full-time person to work with the Human Relations Committee, but resources are not available at the moment.

Sincerely,

Robert E. Seymour

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

TR
MMB file

December 15, 1961

Mrs. James Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

One of the conclusions of my study of the race problem in the Catholic Church is that there is a need for a bridge between Church administrators who must do the work of desegregation in their schools, hospitals, etc., and the body of people who by profession and experience understand its larger dimensions. There is in other words, still too wide a gap between people and institutions like Omer Carmichael, Benjamin Muse and the Southern Regional Council on the one side and Catholic Bishops, school and hospital administrators on the other.

It is my intention, my hope I should say, that these two groups be brought together for a five-day "workshop" or conference, this coming June so that Fall desegregation plans might benefit.

Lesie Dunbar of the Southern Regional Council, with whom I discussed the idea on the phone, has been very encouraging and is mailing further suggestions for consultants, panels, etc.

I wonder if I might discuss with you at your earliest convenience, the detail of our plan, the ultimate objective being, a request for the necessary funds from the Taconic Foundation? May I hear from you?

Cordially yours,

William A. Osborne
Asst to the Pres
St Johns Univ
Jamaica 32, NY

December 15, 1961

Mr. Maxwell Hahn
The Field Foundation, Inc.
250 Park Avenue
New York 17, New York

Dear Mr. Hahn:

One of the conclusions of my study of the race problem in the Catholic Church is that there is a need for a bridge between Church administrators who must do the work of desegregation in their schools, hospitals, etc., and the larger body of people who by profession and experience understand its dimensions. There is in other words, still too wide a gap between people and institutions like Omer Carmichael, Benjamin Muse and the Southern Regional Council on the one side and Catholic Bishops, school and hospital administrators on the other.

It is my intention, my hope I should say, that these two groups be brought together for a five-day "workshop" or conference, this coming June so that the Fall desegregation plans might benefit.

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I wonder if I might discuss with you at your earliest convenience, the detail of our plan, the ultimate objective being, a request for the necessary funds from The Field Foundation? May I hear from you?

Cordially yours,

William A. Osborne
Asst to the Pres.
St John's Univ
Jamaica 32 N.Y.

DOMESTIC SERVICE	
Check the class of service desired; otherwise this message will be sent as a full rate telegram	
FULL RATE TELEGRAM	
DAY LETTER	
NIGHT LETTER	

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W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

1206 10-51

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FULL RATE	
LETTER TELEGRAM	
SHIP RADIOGRAM	

NO. WDS.-CL. OF SVC.	PD. OR COLL.	CASH NO.	CHARGE TO THE ACCOUNT OF	TIME FILED

Send the following message, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to

December 20, 1961

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Executive Secretary
Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, N. Y.

CAN YOU AIR MAIL TWO OR THREE SETS OF THE VOTER MEMORANDA SUBMITTED TO YOU IN AUGUST BY THE AGENCIES.

LESLIE W. DUNBAR

December 29, 1961

Miss Marilyn Hainesworth
Taconic Foundation, Inc
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Miss Hainesworth:

Many thanks for sending me the memoranda I requested. I am returning (enclosed) one complete set.

Best wishes for the New Year.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD;mbb

January 9, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy,
Executive Secretary
Taconic Foundation, Inc
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

I am glad you sent me a copy of Matt Ahmann's comments on Osborne's idea. It makes a point which, after some thinking and some discussion with others, I was about to make myself.

I have some doubt that a conference designed for administrators of Catholic schools and other institutions would work well without support from the hierachy. Most desirably, it would have sponsorship by a bishop or bishops; at least, I suspect it would have to have endorsement.

The general idea seems to me valid. The record of the Catholic church in the South has been one of fine statements from the hierarchy followed by inaction. In a curious way there is a similarity here with the record of much of the Protestant clergy and their congregations. One liberal Catholic priest once said to me that he only wished that the Proestant allegations about hierachial domination of the Catholic church were true! I think that the Catholic administrators are, as Osborne fears, probably more cut off from intellectual and political currents than are secular officials in similar capacity. I think Osborne is right in his thinking that some setps could well be taken to remedy this.

Outside of Louisiana, of course, the Catholic church is not strong in the South. It could make a tremendous difference in Louisiana. Elsewhere it could effectively leven community reactions.

I have met Osborne only once, and that at a time when he was traveling through the South. He impressed me well.

Since then he and Ben Muse (perhaps you know that Ben is Catholic) have exchanged letters and information - mostly, I think, Ben has been the supplier of information. Osborne called me before writing to you and outlined his idea over the phone. I may have reacted a bit more favorably at the time than I now feel toward the proposal but even so I suggested to him only that he work out his ideas in detail and put them on paper. Judging from his letter to you of December 15 he has not yet really done this.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

December 19, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Enclosed is a letter from one William A. Osborne of St. John's University. I replied that experience has led us to be cautious both in our expectation and in our support of conferences. I should welcome your candid views.

Would it be out of line to suggest that this fellow come to the interagency conference? Is there anything else already going which could be hitched up to his concerns?

Yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

Encl.
JLJE/mh

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

file

January 19, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I have made a reservation for you for a single room at the Gotham Hotel, 55th Street and Fifth Avenue, for Tuesday, January 23rd.

Sincerely yours,

Marilyn Hainesworth
(Miss) Marilyn Hainesworth
Secretary to:
Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

MH/mh

February 2, 1962

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, N.Y.

Dear Stephen:

At Max Hahn's request that it be done now, subject to a favorable Treasury ruling, we have mailed today a formal application to The Field Foundation. Max wished this in time for a committee meeting February 5.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:jl

February 19, 1962

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Southern Regional Council I wish to convey our thanks to the Taconic Foundation for your check in the amount of $25,000, representing the final payment under your grant to us for general support. The assistance of the Foundation has meant a great deal to us not only financially but also as evidence of your confidence in our work.

Our official receipt is enclosed.

I take this opportunity also to convey copies of our 1961 Annual Report and Financial Statement.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
enclosures - 2.

Received Feb 12

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

February 2, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

We are pleased to send you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $25,000. This contribution represents the third and final equal annual grant to be used for support of the general budget of the Southern Regional Council, Inc.

CR
2/12/62
RHH

I am, with kindest personal regards,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

file
N.O. Proj.
ck wd conf

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

March 13, 1962

PR
MT-file

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Thank you for reporting to us on the unexpended funds from the grant for programming in New Orleans.

We think it would be useful to continue this work in cooperation with existing or emerging organizations in New Orleans which are actively interested in the adjustment of the Negro children and community preparations for the next step of desegregation. This letter will constitute authority to expend the $840.50 for this purpose.

Thank you again for giving us such a complete accounting.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

D R A F T

file

February 8, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

Last fall the Taconic Foundation generously agreed to make available the sum of $3,000 for programming in New Orleans in preparation for the second year of desegregation there. These funds were placed in a New Orleans account here along with a donation of $4,279 from the Edgar Stern Family Fund. The Stern Fund matched the Taconic donation, and also, $1,279 which was raised locally.

An accounting of the funds expended is enclosed. — get this from M.M. or P.H.

Much to everyone's surprise, the New Orleans schools were desegregated last fall several weeks earlier than had been anticipated, thus cancelling out the need for some rather expensive efforts at last minute interpretation to the public which had been planned.

$840.50

We estimate that the share of the Taconic contribution which is unexpended amounts to ~~$1,128.~~ Inasmuch as the immediate need for which the funds were granted has passed, we felt that we should consult with you about the disposition of this sum. There are two obvious alternatives: (1) we could return $~~1,128~~ to the Taconic Foundation; or (2) you could authorize us to use this money in further programming in New Orleans. We feel that there are a number of useful purposes to which these funds could be applied: ~~the~~ to assist in the adjustment of the Negro children, to help with community preparations for the next step of desegregation next fall, to establish more effective channels of interracial communication, etc..

$840.50

May we again express our appreciation for the New Orleans contribution, which came at a time when the need was critical.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

Enclosures:

1. Financial Statement, New Orleans Project, September, &&&&& 1961 - February, 1962

2. "Close Our Schools?"

3. "The High Cost of Conflict..."

4. Times Picayune Ad, 9/5/61 - Statement of Mayor Victor H. Schiro

5. Times Picayune Ad, September 6, 1961 - "C&&&& Civic Leaders Have Stepped Forward!"

6. Reprint of newspaper headlines (pasteup)

March 7, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Last summer the Taconic Foundation generously agreed to make available the sum of $3,000 for programming in New Orleans in preparation for the second year of desegregation there. These funds were placed in a New Orleans account here along with a donation of $4,279 from the Edgar Stern Family Fund. The Stern Fund matched the Taconic donation, and also, $1,279 which was raised locally.

An accounting of the funds expended is enclosed. Much to everyone's surprise, the New Orleans schools were desegregated last fall several weeks earlier than had been anticipated, thus cancelling out the need for some efforts at last minute interpretation to the public which had been planned.

We estimate that the share of the Taconic contribution which is unexpended amounts to $840.50. Inasmuch as the immediate need for which the funds were granted has passed, we felt that we should consult with you about the disposition of this sum. There are two obvious alternatives: (1) we could return $840.50 to the Taconic Foundation; or (2) you could authorize

us to use this money in further programming in New Orleans. By the latter we mean, specifically, programs undertaken in cooperation with existing or emerging organizations in New Orleans that are actively interested in the adjustment of the Negro children and community preparations for the next step of desegregation in the Fall of 1962.

May we again express our appreciation for the New Orleans contribution, which came at a time when the need was critical.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

New Orleans Project
September, 1961 - February, 1962

RECEIPTS

Edgar Stern Family Fund	$ 4,279.00	
Taconic Foundation, Inc.	3,000.00	
Total Receipts		$ 7,279.00

DISBURSEMENTS

1.	Newspaper Headline Reprint, "We Can't Afford This Again," (copy attached.)	
	Printing 20,000 copies of 4-page reprint of newspaper headlines, pictures, from paste-up	$ 530.45
	Layout and pasteup for above	100.00
	Mailing of above to 10,000 businessmen: envelopes, addressing, and mailing costs	590.93
	Postage: mailing 125 copies of above to Consultative Conference on Desegregation, at request of SRC ...	1.24
	15,000 mailing labels of registered voters in precincts of 6 desegregated schools, for mailing of newspaper headline reprint	231.65
	Mailing: printing, addressing envelopes, stuffing, sealing, stamping	342.02
2.	Newspaper Ads, (copy attached).	
	Two 750 line ads, Times Picayune-States Item, 1 each day on September 5 and September 6	1,500.00

Financial Statement - 2.
New Orleans Project
September, 1961 - February, 1962

DISBURSEMENTS - Continued

Multilith copies of proposed newspaper ads	10.26	
Typographical layouts for ads	25.00	
3. Public Relations Services: preparation of educational material, counseling and advice in preparation of educational material.		
August	500.00	
September	500.00	
4. "High Cost of Conflict" booklet, (copy attached).		
Purchase, 2,300 of above, to send to businessmen and professional men in area	575.00	
Mailing: envelopes, printing and attaching notes, stuffing, stamping, sealing	159.96	
5. Telecast		
Multilith television scripts for telecast over WYES-TV	13.88	
6. "Close Our Schools" folder, (copy attached).		
Purchase of envelopes for mailing of above to registered voters in precincts of two desegregated schools	26.60	
Mailing of above	114.92	
Total Disbursements		$ 5,221.91
Balance (Before Paul Rilling's expenses)		$ 2,057.09
Due for Paul Rilling's expenses*	463.02	
Total in account March 1, 1962	$ 1,594.07	

* $ 2,057.09
463.02
$ 1,594.07

March 16, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Thank you for sending me a copy of the outline of Matthews and Prothro. I think you will find that they are people with good professional standing, and that what they are doing and the way they are going about it accords with current professional thinking.

I hate to disabuse you, but we are not the "SRC" referred to in their outline. They mean the Survey Research Center of the University of Michigan. On the other hand, I have been close to their undertaking from the beginning, though not so much during the past year. Matthews is an old friend, so too is his chairman - Fred Cleaveland -, and I know Prothro well and also Dan Price. They are all able people, and even if I can't share their faith in Univacs (I have, in fact, sincere doubts as to the value of the "massive statistical analysis" mentioned on page 2; speaking as one who has been partly responsible for a mite of the registration

figures now in use, I doubt that they are sound enough to justify all that effort.)

I don't know what help this sort of research can be to an action program; usually not much. We hope to find out soon, however. If the Voter Project comes off -- I have stopped saying "when" -- we intend to pull together a small group -- ten or so -- of researchers whom we regard as doing the most interesting work on southern politics for a conference. We shall want to discuss with them how we can help them and they can help us, and also to talk over with them our own research interests and get their suggestions. Certainly Matthews and Prothro or both will be among those we invite.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

March 6, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

This outline was just sent to us by Professors Matthews and Prothro at the suggestion of Professor Likert of the University of Michigan. I see from the material that these gentlemen are already consulting and working with SRC. Is this study as useful as it appears to be for our purposes? And if so, will some data be available before January, 1964?

My real reason in asking your opinion of the study is to help clarify our thinking here about the relationship between this sort of research and action programs.

Sincerely,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

Encl.
JLJE/mh

October, 1961

Institute for Research in Social Science

University of North Carolina

NEGRO POLITICAL PARTICIPATION IN THE SOUTH

The Institute for Research in Social Science of the University of North Carolina received, in 1959, a substantial grant from the Rockefeller Foundation to inaugurate a program of research on "The Changing Position of the Negro." The first major study begun under this grant is a study of "Negro Political Participation in the South" under the direction of Professors Donald R. Matthews and James W. Prothro of the Department of Political Science at Chapel Hill. The purpose of this document is to provide a brief description of this study.

The Problem: The changing political position of the southern Negro is one of the most dramatic and important events in recent southern history. The "white" primary and other "legal" devices for barring Negroes from the polls have virtually collapsed. The social and economic pressures which, in the past, have contributed heavily to the Negro's de facto disenfranchisement, have weakened with the industrialization and urbanization of the region. Two federal civil rights acts have been passed, both aimed at ensuring Negro access to the polls, and based upon the assumption that if the southern Negro gains the vote other changes will naturally follow. These developments have had a number of significant results, e.g., an increase in Negro voting, a sudden growth in Negro power (especially in the cities), the improvisation of Negro political organizations, the election of occasional Negroes to city councils and school boards, and new campaign and decision-making problems for white political leaders. At the same time, there is a general feeling among informed observers that even the enfranchised portion of the southern Negro community has far less leverage over public policy than their numbers would indicate. Sit-in demonstrations and other protests dramatize the Negroes' dissatisfaction with their rate of progress toward acceptance as "first-class citizens."

To date these developments have received surprisingly little attention. True, there have been numerous studies of the legal aspects of Negro enfranchisement. There have been, too, a few scattered articles and monographs on Negro registration in some of the southern states. As yet, however, there have been no studies of Negro voting and non-voting in the South. Negro political organizations and Negro political leaders in the South have received almost no attention. Nor has anyone attempted to study southwide opinions of Negroes and whites on the emerging political roles of the Negro. The "Negro Political Participation in the South" study aims - within the limits of available data, time, and money - to help fill this void.

In this study we seek to describe and explain rates of political participation among adult Negroes in the former Confederate states. The study is not merely concerned with Negro voting and non-voting, although these modes of political participation have a particular significance to southern Negroes, but is also concerned with such forms of political activity as talking politics,

joining political organizations, taking part in demonstrations, communicating with public officials, and the like. Comparisons with whites of similar socio-economic status and education are being made. Particular attention is being paid to the impact of political variables - the quality of Negro leadership, the effectiveness of Negro organizations, attitudes of white leaders and officials, electoral laws, etc. - on Negro participation.

The Data and the Approach: The study attacks the problem of Negro political participation at different but complementary levels of analysis, using several kinds of data.

1) A massive statistical analysis of Negro registration figures, by county, obtained from the U.S. Civil Rights Commission Report and other sources will be made. These data are non-existent for some Tennessee and Texas counties and vary widely in quality everywhere else. The figures probably exaggerate the extent of overt Negro political participation in the rural South, where registration books are sloppily kept and rarely purged. Nonetheless, these data are the best available on a southwide basis.

A multiple correlation and residual analysis of these registration figures is being performed on the University's UNIVAC 1105 high-speed computer using 21 demographic factors as independent variables. An analysis of variance is also being performed, using both demographic and political factors as independent variables.

2) A southwide opinion survey is being conducted with a random sample of approximately 1,000 adult Negroes and 1,000 adult whites in the former Confederate states. The questionnaires, while varying slightly for the two races, seek to elicit information from both on participation rates, political competence, perceived leadership structures, political life histories, voting records, racial and political attitudes, and expectations about changes in race relations. This survey makes it possible for the first time to generalize - within known limits of accuracy - about the characteristics, behavior, and attitudes of Negro and white citizens in the South.

Since our dependent variable - Negro political participation - seems especially affected by community-related factors, a limited amount of historical, political, and community information is being collected on each of the approximately 30 counties in which the interviews are conducted.

3) Intensive community studies are being made in four counties, ranging from a black-belt county in Mississippi to an industrial city in the Upper South. Members of the staff are conducting depth interviews with both prescribed and attributed leaders, white and Negro, in the four community study sites. Official records and published sources on local history and current conditions are being consulted; and visits to the localities are used to get the "feel" for the sites.

In addition to these routine techniques of the community study, a random sample of both Negro and white opinion is being secured in each. The four communities have been chosen from those falling within our southwide sample so that additional interviews can be taken to obtain a small but serviceable sample of Negro and white opinion in each.

This combination of the region-wide sample survey with intensive studies of at least some of the communities falling within the sample is, we believe, an unusually promising and economical research design. It combines the specificity of the community study with the generality of the region-wide survey.

4) Negro college students have recently become a major element in the race politics of the South. The "Sit-Ins," the Freedom Rides, and various other forms of direct protest have, to a large extent, been originated, led, and manned by southern Negro students. Seldom old enough to vote, and often not living at home, they are largely excluded from our southwide sample. Yet they are the future leaders in the region. For these reasons, the basic questionnaire used in interviewing Negro and white adults has been adapted for student use and is being used to interview a small representative sample - about 250 - of students in Negro colleges and universities in the South.

Leading Propositions: It seems appropriate, in a relatively large-scale study of the sort being undertaken, to combine elements of the descriptive, exploratory, and hypotheses-testing approaches. Given the state of our knowledge about Negro political behavior, it seemed inappropriate for us to enter this inquiry restricted to clear-cut hypotheses for rigorous testing.

However, a number of general hypotheses have shaped our thoughts on research design. We assume that political variables have an independent effect on Negro political participation, that Negro political participation occurs most frequently in urban areas, that the existence of a Negro leadership group organized for political purposes also has a great impact, etc. We also believe that a number of generalizations about white voting behavior are not true for southern Negroes, e.g., that men vote more frequently than women, that older persons vote more than younger persons, that the most "adjusted" persons are more active than the frustrated, and so on. But so far, we have thought less in terms of specific hypotheses than in terms of trying to describe Negro political participation, to compare this picture with southern whites, and to explain the conditions under which the rates and types of Negro participation vary.

The Staff: Professor Daniel O. Price, Director of the Institute for Research in Social Science, is the Director of the Research Program on "The Changing Position of the Negro."

Associate Professor Donald R. Matthews and Professor James W. Prothro of the Department of Political Science and the IRSS are Directors of the "Negro Political Participation" study.

Mr. R. Lewis Bowman, a Ph.D. candidate in the Department of Political Science, is the Field and Staff Director for the study and carries substantial responsibilities in carrying out the community studies.

Miss Barbara Bright is Research Assistant and Office Manager to the study and carries out a wide variety of semi-professional, statistical, and clerical duties.

Mrs. Karen Lawrence is Research Assistant with primary responsibilities for data processing.

A number of part-time (or full-time summer) Research Assistants have been employed by the study at one time or another. These include Miss Helen North, Messrs. Donald M. Freeman, Douglas Gatlin, Jack Fleer, Richard Sutton, Lawton Bennett, David Kovenock, and Robert Boynton.

The sampling and field phases of the opinion survey have been contracted out to the Survey Research Center of the University of Michigan. Professor Warren E. Miller of the SRC serves as the liaison man between this study and the SRC. The interviews with white respondents are being conducted by the SRC's regular interviewers. Negro respondents are being interviewed by Negro interviewers especially recruited and trained for this study by the SRC.

Survey Research Center
U. of Mich

Negro social scientists are being retained as consultants for each of the four communities studied in depth. They are: I.G. Newton (North Carolina College), John Larkins (North Carolina Welfare Department), C.U. Smith (Florida A. & M.), Twiley Barker (Southern University & University of Illinois).

Time Schedule: The Rockefeller grant to the IRSS is a three-year one, which began in September 1959. The schedule to date and a provisional future time schedule is presented below:

Sept. 1959 - May 1960 - Planning of the overall research program on "The Changing Status of the Negro" by Professor Price and other IRSS staff members. Professor Matthews began tentative planning of "Negro Political Participation" Study.

June 1960 - Professor Prothro joined study; inventory of literature begun; collection of county registration and demographic data begun; work on interview schedules begun.

July 1960 - Inventory of literature and collection of county data continued; work on interview schedules continued.

August 1960 - First pre-test of interview schedules with about 200 Negro and white respondents carried out in North Carolina; collection of county data and inventory of literature continued.

September 1960 - Revision of questionnaires on basis of first pre-test; collection of county data continued; coding of county data begun.

October - November 1960 - Revision of questionnaires continued; coding and punching of county data continued.

December 1960 - First UNIVAC analysis of county data completed.

January 1961 - Design of sample survey phase of study completed; consultations with SRC held; revisions of questionnaires completed.

February 1961 - Second pre-test of interview schedules conducted with SRC field staff in Tallahassee, Florida. Interviews revised. Recruitment of Negro interviewers for study initiated.

March 1961 - Questionnaires completed and printed; recruiting of Negro interviewers completed. Training of Negro interviewers from eastern portion of region conducted at Chapel Hill; white SRC interviewers began field work; completed early interviews studied; design for community studies put in specific form.

April, 1961 - Negro interviewers from western portion of region trained in New Orleans; Negro interviewing begun; design for community studies completed.

May 1961 - Interviewing continued; work begun on coding manual.

June 1961 - Interviewing continued; code book completed and coders trained.

July 1961 - Interviewing continued; coding begun; field trip to community # 1.

August 1961 - Interviewing and coding continued; field trip to community # 2.

September 1961 - Interviewing and coding completed; checking of coding begun.

October 1961 - Coding check continued; second field trip to community # 1 and completion of first community study; design of college student study and reactivation of field staff.

November 1961 - Punching of IBM cards begun and completed; community study # 3 begun.

December 1961 - Community study # 2 completed; community study # 3 continued; Community study # 4 begun; preliminary analysis of southwide adult sample begun; training session of extra interviewers needed for college student sample.

January 1962 - Community study # 3 completed and # 4 continued; analysis of southwide adult sample continued; student interviews begun.

February 1962 - Community study # 4 completed; analysis of southwide adult sample continued; student interviews continued; Professor Matthews goes on leave to work full-time on project for 12 months.

March 1962 - Student interviews completed; analysis continues.

April 1962 - Student interviews edited, coded, punched; all data gathering activities completed.

May 1962 - Jan. 1964 - Analysis and writing.

BUDGET

		1960-1961		1961-1962		TOTAL
Staff (in Chapel Hill)		$13,152		$18,849		$ 32,001
County Data Analysis		550		2,450		3,000
Data Collection & Analysis	$ 550		$ 450		$ 1,000	
Publication of Data	---		2,000		2,000	
Southwide Sample Survey		44,898		15,272		60,170
Sampling and Interviewing	41,228		8,772		50,000	
Editing, Coding, Punching	3,670		1,500		5,170	
Analysis	---		5,000		5,000	
Community Studies		500		3,500		4,000
College Student Survey	-	---		7,000		7,000
Sampling and Interviewing	---		5,000		5,000	
Editing, Coding, Punching	---		1,000		1,000	
Analysis	---		1,000		1,000	
Consultants (General)		623		---		623
Misc., Equipment and Contingency		3,193		1,000		4,193
TOTAL		$62,916		$48,071		$110,987

April 6, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

We here have a very good feeling about the work which the Catholic Conference for Interracial Justice is doing in New Orleans. With the decision now finally made to desegregate parochial schools, the need for its presence and active leadership are increased: the Catholics of New Orleans are both numerous and of varying shades of enlightenment.

The decision this week by the District Court setting aside use of the Louisiana placement law in the public schools of Orleans parish may mean a renewal of conflict. This would give even greater urgency and complexity to the problem of orderly and genuine desegregation of parochial schools.

The Conference is, however, of value in a larger context. It has a role to play in exerting influence in behalf of better human relations throughout the whole New Orleans community. It is

involved in the whole range of issues now before the city.

I hope these remarks, which are sincerely believed, will be of help to you.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

April 6, 1962

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Southern Regional Council I wish to acknowledge your letter of March 30, 1962 notifying us of a grant by the Taconic Foundation of $250,000 over a period of two years to our Voter Education Project.

Enclosed is our official receipt for the check for $50,000, transmitted with your letter,

I think I need not tell you how greatly we and all those interested in civil rights value this commitment of the Taconic Foundation to the aims of the Project.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

March 30, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

The Board of Trustees of the Taconic Foundation voted at a recent meeting to make a grant of $250,000 to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in support of the proposal you have made for a Voter Education Project. This sum will be payable over a period of two years.

In accordance with this action, I am happy to forward to you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $50,000, representing the initial payment on the commitment to the Voter Education Project.

$ 50,000.00
CR
4/4/62
RHA

I am,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

April 20, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Thanks so much for the information you have sent recently both about the Catholic Conference for Interracial Justice and about Bill Foster's work. Your judgment in both these instances was very helpful to us.

I do hope your back is better by this time.

Cordially yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

April 24, 1962

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 18, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

We have your letter of April 16, notifying us that the Board of Trustees of the Taconic Foundation has voted $25,000 in support of the state Councils on Human Relations for the calendar year 1962. Our official receipt for this amount, forwarded with your letter, is enclosed.

We wish to acknowledge our deep and continuing gratitude to the Foundation for the support of these state Councils, which we believe constitute an endeavor in behalf of strengthened social justice in the South of unexcelled value.

When we placed before you our application for renewal of your grant, we incorporated with it a memorandum reporting on the status of each Council, and analyzing its prospects. We did this in order to give you a clear picture of problems and progress.

I would like periodically to keep you informed. I hope there may be an opportunity sometime in the months ahead for me to discuss with you the work of the Councils and to take up any questions you may have regarding them.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

April 16, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

The Board of Trustees of the Taconic Foundation voted at a recent meeting to renew our grant to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in support of the State Councils.

We are pleased to send you the enclosed contribution in the amount of $25,000 for the aforementioned purpose for the current year. We should like to state that a subsequent request from you for next year will be given consideration based upon demonstrated progress and specific program need.

I am,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

~~Stephen R. Currier~~
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

$25,000.00 CR
4/23/62
RHA

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

RECEIVED
MAY 10 1962

May 8, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

replied by phone 5/14/62

Do you have any particular information about the Olin T. Binkley Memorial Baptist Church in Chapel Hill? I am enclosing a copy of a letter from Reverend Seymour of that institution, and I am hoping you can provide an opinion on whether this church has any very special strategic significance.

It was awfully nice to see you last week, even though briefly.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

Encl.
JLJE/mh

The Olin T. Binkley Memorial Baptist Church

Chapel Hill, North Carolina

DATE
REC'D 5/7/62
ACK. 5/8/62

May 3, 1962

ROBERT E. SEYMOUR
MINISTER

CHURCH OFFICE
507 EAST FRANKLIN STREET
TELEPHONE 942-4964

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Attention: Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy, Executive Secretary

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

I am the Pastor of a new Church which is meeting temporarily on the campus of the University of North Carolina. One of the reasons why this Church came into being was to guarantee a Church home for the Negro students who are now beginning to be admitted to UNC in increasing number.

Our Church has thus become the first interracial Baptist Church in the State. Three Negros are now members, and others are frequent visitors in our congregation. The remaining membership of nearly two-hundred persons reflects the entire community, though half of our families are graduate students with minimum income.

The controversial nature of our Church has cut us off from the usual sources of denominational support and from many persons who might otherwise be interested in North Carolina. Indeed, there are pressures at work seeking to snuff out our effort in the early stages.

The time has come when we must become an established institution in the community. In order to do this, we must secure the assistance of friends who see the significance of our venture and who are concerned about its survival. I am writing to you because of my awareness of your interest in interracial affairs.

We believe that the future of our congregation could become a crucial factor in influencing the South. We are working within the framework of the strongest and most conservative denomination of the region, and we are located in the most strategic University center of the Southeast.

I plan to be in New York City during the week of May 14th. If our situation commends itself to your interest, I would appreciate an opportunity to speak to you personally about it.

Sincerely,

Robert Seymour

Robert E. Seymour

via air mail

May 9, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Stern gave $124,000 for a two-year period to the Voter Project.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

June 8, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

If convenient for you we could and would like to accept payment of the remainder of the voting grant as follows:

September 1962	$ 10,000
January 1963	65,000
April-October 1963	125,000

In regard to the April-October 1963 payment, we would, if agreeable, like to have the whole by October, and would like some of it as early as April. If the entire $125,000 could be paid before October that would, of course, be eminently satisfactory.

The attachments I would like for you to hold confidential; i.e., not to go beyond your Board members.

The chart represents all program planned with reference to this year's elections; except that something will be done in New Orleans, this represents probably the entire effort. We are now engaged in planning longer range program.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures

bcc: Wiley Branton

VOTER EDUCATION PROJECT
(Grants as of June 7, 1962)

All-Citizens Registration Committee (Atlanta)	$ 3,600
Durham Committee on Negro Affairs	2,500
C.O.R.E.	8,625
SCLC	11,500
SNCC	5,750
NAACP	17,250
NUL	5,750
Davidson County Independent Political Council	3,000
National Student Association	1,140
American Friends Service Committee	2,000
Federated Organization for the Cause of Unlimited Self Development (FOCUS) (2nd Precinct, East Baton Rouge)	1,000
	$ 62,115

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

RECEIVED
JUN 13 1962

file

June 11, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Thanks so much for your quick reply. Both figures and charts help us a lot.

In haste,

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/rk

PR
MJ-file

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

RECEIVED
JUN 15 1962

June 14, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Thank you for your report on the Virginia Council. I can only hope that the outcome of yesterday's election in South Carolina will ~~be~~ make the grants highly productive.

I am afraid there is not a prayer for the Virginia Council here. The extent of our present commitments makes it seem pretty unlikely that we will be making many grants at all during the remainder of the year.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/rk

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

NAME OR SUBJECT

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Mr. Maxwell Hahn
Mrs. H. Hill Miller

REGARDING

Memorandum to each from LWD re: VEP and COPE grant of $5,000 for non-partisan voting registration work in New Orleans.

DATE

June 22, 1962

(SEE)
NAME OR SUBJECT

Voter Education Project Folder

WB
MJ file

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

RECEIVED
JUL 12 1962

July 10, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

Belated thanks for your memo describing the AFL-CIO grant. That was very good news. Congratulations.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

July 12, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Both the Alabama and Tennessee Councils on Human Relations have recently had Vivian Henderson lead workshops on employment opportunity; these have been interesting and we believe useful. I thought you might like to have copies of the reports for your files. Enclosed also is a rather skillful little brochure of the Alabama Council.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures

File, Jacones
Note: cross ref. sheets could be made for Stern + Field

MEMORANDUM August 3, 1962

To: Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation

Mrs. Helen Hill Miller
Edgar Stern Family Fund

Mr. Maxwell Hahn
Field Foundation, Inc.

From: Leslie W. Dunbar
Southern Regional Council

-:-

The Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America have contributed $200 to the Voter Education Project.

-:-

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

File

August 14, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Thank you for your memorandum of August 3rd regarding the contribution made by The Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America to the Voter Education Project. Mrs. Eddy is out of the City at this time, however, I am certain she will will be pleased to hear of this contribution.

Sincerely yours,

Marilyn Hainesworth
(Miss) Marilyn Hainesworth
Secretary to:
Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

October 4, 1962

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

I acknowledge with thanks in behalf of the Council the Taconic Foundation's check in the amount of $10,000 representing the second payment on the first year's grant to the Voters Education Project. Our official receipt is enclosed.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar

LWD:A
Enclosure

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

September 20, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

We are pleased to forward at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $10,000 representing the second payment on the first year's commitment to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. for support of the Voter Education Project.

I am,

With kindest regards,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

check to RHA - $10,000
MA

RHA
9/27/62

October 5, 1962

Miss Jane Lee Eddy
Executive Director
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

CONFIDENTIAL

Dear Jane Lee:

Our understanding as of today is that Jack O'Dell is withdrawing entirely from SCLC's voter work and will be assigned exclusively by SCLC to fund raising in the north.

Sincerely yours,

LWD:A

Leslie W. Dunbar

October 10, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Executive Secretary
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

I was, of course, pleased to have had the opportunity while in New York to discuss with you, Stephen, and Harold again the question which we raised last November, of expense to SRC's central office resulting from the Voter Education Project. I can assure you this has been real. In addition to demands in time and travel of central staff members, we have incurred as a direct result of the Project such expenses as the employment of a part-time aid to our Secretary-Treasurer, now keeping accounts on roughly twice as much money as ordinarily; and the creation of another secretarial position to serve our Executive Assistant in or der to permit him to take over some duties from me, to compensate for time which I have to put on the Voter Project. We have taken a modest overhead tap ($2,000 for the first year) from the Project, to cover research for it and the use of office services such as mimeographing, mail room, etc. It does not, however, cover the strengthening of the central office which we have had to undertake.

We hope you can see your way clear toward granting the $10,000 requested during this calendar year. It is quite certain that we shall have a deficit this year, and that it will be attributable to the Voter Education Project.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

LWD:A

Leslie W. Dunbar

October 24, 1962

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council, I acknowledge with deep thanks your check in the amount of $10,000 in support of our general operations; our official receipt is enclosed.

I need not tell you how appreciative we are of this renewed expression of the good will of the Taconic Foundation.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar

LWD:A
Enclosure

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

October 17, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

At its recent meeting, the Board of Trustees of the Taconic Foundation voted to make a grant to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. for general support of its program.

We are pleased to send you the enclosed contribution in the amount of $10,000 for the aforementioned purpose.

CR. 10/22/62
RHH

I am,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

Files
"Encounter"

November 5, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Executive Director
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

After we talked last, I learned that Joan Titus did come to the office here on Monday, October 29, when I was out of town; unhappily, none of our staff with whom she talked thought to tell me after I returned to the office on Tuesday afternoon.

I am extremely sorry about all this. I want to thank you for all the effort you made.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar

LWD:A
AIRMAIL

December 6, 1962

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Executive Secretary
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

The enclosed came marked "personal," but I see no reason that I cannot share it with you and would like to.

Sincerely yours,

LWD:A

Leslie W. Dunbar

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

December 11, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Leslie:

Thanks so much for sending me the letter about the Lillian Smith film. I do hope it will be good. Won't you let me know when you see it.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

Franklin

December 11, 1962

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Stephen:

I do wish so much that Peggy and I could be at your party on December 20th. I am afraid that this year we cannot. Perhaps some other year I shall plan this so that I can be in the vicinity at the time, but for this year we'll have to drink a cup with you from Atlanta.

With all best wishes for the Season,

Sincerely yours,

LWD:A

Leslie W. Dunbar

STEPHEN RICHARD CURRIER

666 FIFTH AVENUE

NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

December 7, 1962

Dr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

We hope that you can come to a party we are giving on Thursday, December 20th, from 5:00 to 7:00 at 666 Fifth Avenue, 35th Floor.

Our special guests, a young group of The Minnisink Singers will sing Christmas carols at 6:30.

I hope so much that we will have the pleasure of seeing you then to wish you a Merry Christmas.

I am,

With best wishes,

Stephen

Stephen R. Currier

R.S.V.P. PL 7-5920

Wouldn't it be nice if your wife could join us too!

Gen support
+
State Councils
Fice - Freeman Fd., 1962

January 4, 1963

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council, I acknowledge with deepest gratitude your letter of December 26, 1962 informing us that the Taconic Foundation has granted $75,000 in support of our general operations, to be paid in equal installments during 1963, 1964, and 1965; and $50,000 for the Councils on Human Relations, payable in equal installments during 1963 and 1964.

The Taconic Foundation's interest in and contribution to the cause of equal opportunity have been immense. We feel privileged to have had the confidence of the Board of Trustees, and to have been able to participate with you in this work.

With every good wish,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

December 26, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I am glad to tell you that at its most recent meeting, the Board of Trustees of the Taconic Foundation voted a grant of $75,000 to the Southern Regional Council for general operations, payable in equal installments during 1963, 1964, and 1965. In addition, $50,000 was voted to the Southern Regional Council for the work of the Councils on Human Relations, payable in two equal installments during 1963 and 1964.

With all good wishes for the coming year,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh

January 4, 1963

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Lately when speech-making I have ususally said that the most basic - as well as the most trite - thing we have to grasp about race relations now is that a tremendous lot has been achieved and a tremendous lot is yet to be done, and that both of these facts have to be honestly faced. I think you have had much to do with the first fact, and are one of the few people I know who has a clear comprehension of the second. To my formal letters of this same date I want to add this personal note of appreciation (I heard Robert Graves once plead for that word to be used in its accurate meaning, and I am trying), and my hope that you, Jane Lee, and Harold will continue to give us both counsel and opportunities to assist.

It's been a long time since you visited. We wish that you may be able to come down again soon.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

January 4, 1963

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council, I acknowledge your letter of December 21, 1962 and the accompanying check for $65,000, representing the final payment of the first year's commitment to the Voter Education Project; our official receipt is enclosed.

We are deeply grateful to the Foundation for this support. We have from time to time sent to you information regarding the progress of the Project. We hope, however, that you will feel free to call on us for any additional information you may wish. We are, incidentally, planning a comprehensive report as of the end of the Project's first year (March 31, 1963).

Wiley Branton joins me in extending our best regards to you and your associates.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (An Official Receipt)

bcc: Wiley A. Branton

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

December 21, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

We are pleased to forward at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $65,000, representing the final payment on the current year's commitment to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. for support of the Voter Education Project.

CK $65,000.—
1/2/63
RHA

With kindest regards,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

MK folder - 1963

January 8, 1963

Price Waterhouse & Co.
60 Broad Street
New York 4, New York

Dear Sirs:

Taconic Foundation, Inc. has requested that we confirm directly to you the dates and amounts of all grants made to us by the Foundation during the calendar year 1962. They were as follows:

Date Entered on SRC Books	Amount	Purpose
February 12, 1962	$ 25,000	general operations
April 6, 1962	50,000	Voter Education Project
April 23, 1962	25,000	state councils
September 26, 1962	10,000	Voter Education Project
October 22, 1962	10,000	general operations
January 2, 1963 for 1962	65,000	Voter Education Project

Please let me know if any additional information is needed.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
cc: Taconic Foundation, Inc.

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

RECEIVED
JAN 7 1963

December 28, 1962

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

In connection with the annual examination of our financial statements, please confirm directly to our accountants, Price Waterhouse & Co., 60 Broad Street, New York 4, New York, the dates and amounts of all grants made to you by Taconic Foundation, Inc. during the period January 1, 1962 to December 31, 1962.

An envelope is enclosed for your convenience.

I am,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

SAME LETTER TO: Maxwell Hahn, Vernon Eagle, David Freeman, Helen Hill Miller,

February 22, 1963

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Enclosed is our annual output of best sellers.

With all good wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:nm
Enclosures

1. Approved Budget - 1963
2. Financial Statement - 1962
3. Executive Director's Report for 1962

April 4, 1963

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Wiley Branton and I have both looked over the letter and data of Miss Laurel Files. She does have attractive credentials, but we are afraid we don't have an opening.

All the best, and I may be getting up your way in a month or so.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

666 FIFTH AVENUE

NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

RECEIVED
~~JAN~~ Mar 13 1963

March 11, 1963

WB - I am going to New Haven on April 28 & could interview her if you are interested

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

LD

Dear Leslie:

file

I heard from this girl* out of the blue but she seems to be working with the tutorial program of the Northern Student Movement. They are a very good bunch, and if there are any jobs which she appears to be qualified for, we could easily follow up on her references if that would be any help to you.

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

Enclosures

*see enclosed

COPY

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

March 11, 1963

Miss Laurel A. Files
200 Linden Street
New Haven, Connecticut

Dear Miss Files:

Thank you for your recent letter describing your graduate work and summer plans.

The Taconic Foundation does not itself operate any programs in voter education, and we therefore have no staff openings for the summer. However, I have taken the liberty of sending your letter on to the Southern Regional Council which does conduct a voter education program. If there are openings, and if your experience appears to be acceptable, I am sure you will hear from them directly.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh

bc: Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar

200 Linden Street
New Haven, Connecticut
February 18, 1963

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

RECD DATE 2/21/63
FILE
OK

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

I am a third year graduate student, a Ph.D. candidate in Political Science, at Yale University. I am taking my comprehensive examinations in May of this year, and plan to receive my degree sometime between June of 1964 and June of 1966.

I know that your organization is doing work in inter-racial relations, and I have recently become aware of the fact that you are doing work in voter registration. I am looking for a full-time job, to begin this summer, and am very interested to know if there will be any available positions with your organization.

While my plans are not detailed enough for me to prepare a prospectus, I am quite certain that I will be writing my dissertation on the voter registration provisions of the new Civil Rights Act, and their effect upon the Negro (and White) in the South. Although my dissertation will be somewhat limited, I am nevertheless very anxious to do any kind of professional work in the area of inter-racial relations.

I am enclosing a curriculum vitae, which contains more detailed information on my academic work, and my job experience. I will be happy to forward transcripts of all my work, along with faculty references, if you are interested. If you think there might be a suitable opening for me, I will be available for an interview.

I am looking forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely yours,

Laurel A. Files

(Miss) Laurel A. Files

CURRICULUM VITAE

Name Laurel Ann Files **Date of Birth** 12/18/38 **Citizenship** USA
Place of Birth Brooklyn, New York
Present Address 200 Linden St.; New Haven, Conn. **Phone** 562-5389
Permanent Address 14 Silversmith La.; Levittown, N.Y. **Phone** PY6-2775
Marital Status Single

ACADEMIC AND PROFESSIONAL TRAINING

Institutions (above high school) at which I have studied:

Inclusive dates	Name and address of institution	Major subject of study	Degree awarded	Date
9/56-6/60	Hofstra College Hempstead, N.Y.	Political Science	B.A.	6/60
9/60-6/61	M.I.T. Cambridge, Mass.	Political Science	no terminal degree	
9/61-Present	Yale University New Haven, Conn.	Political Science	M.A.	6/63 (already officially approved)

I am presently a candidate for a Ph.D. in Political Science, at Yale University. I expect to receive my degree sometime between June of 1964 and June of 1966. My areas of study (in which I will take comprehensive examinations in May of this year - 1963) are Politics and Policy Formation (American national government, decision-making processes, etc.) and Public Law (constitutional law, political and civil rights, jurisprudence, administrative processes).

My dissertation plans are to work with the voter registration provisions of the new Civil Rights Act, and the effect of their enforcement upon the Negro (and White) in the South. I have not yet prepared a prospectus, as I have still to plan the details of the study.

Scholastic Honors (Hofstra College): Dean's List - 4 semesters; Member of the National Honorary Journalism, and Social Science Fraternities; B.A. Cum Laude, with High Honors in Political Science.

Extra-Curriculum (Hofstra): Political Affairs Club; Hofstra Literary magazine, yearbook, and newspaper; campus women's organization; representative to two Mock Legislative Assemblies; member of one student government organization - appointed; member of a faculty-administration-student committee; Editor of the Student Handbook (1 year).

I am at the present time working as a volunteer tutor with the Northern Student Movement at Yale.

Scholarships, Fellowships: Hofstra Academic Competitive Scholarship; Citizenship Clearing House Intern; Falk Foundation Scholarship and Research Assistantship - M.I.T.; Cowles Scholarship, Research and Teaching Assistantships, University Fellowship - Yale University.

EXPERIENCE RECORD

Most relevant positions, in chronological order, beginning with most recent position held:

Length of service	Position title	Description of work	Salary received	Name and address of institution
9/62 - 1/63	Teaching Assistant	I taught an undergraduate discussion group in constitutional law	$280/term	Yale University; New Haven, Conn. (Dept. Pol. Sci.)
Summer 1962	Summer Interne	Research and writing reports	GS-7	Agency for International Development; Washington 25, D.C.
10/61 - 5/62	Research Assistant	Decision-making study	$1.75/hr.	Charles E. Lindblom Dept. Economics Yale University
9/61 - 10/61	Research Assistant	Trade study	$1.75/hr.	Karl W. Deutsch Dept. Pol. Sci. Yale University
9/60 - 6/61	Research Assistant	Urban studies	Tuition + $250/month	Robert C. Wood Dept. Pol. Sci. M.I.T.

Other job experience: I have also worked (beginning with the summer of 1953) as a counsellor (4 summers), a salesgirl, a typist, a dental assistant, Executive Secretary to a student committee supporting a candidate for town election in Hempstead, N.Y., an usher, a student assistant - Hofstra Political Science Department, a library clerk, and a "guinea pig" in an audio experiment

April 8, 1963

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue,
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

I acknowledge, on behalf of the Council, the Taconic Foundation's check in the amount of $50,000, representing the first payment on the current year's commitment to the Voter Education Project; our official receipt is enclosed.

We have now in preparation the first annual report of the Voter Education Project which would have been, in fact, completed before now had recent events in Mississippi and elsewhere not so pre-occupied us. We shall, however, send you the report as soon as it is ready.

With very best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

bc: ~~Mr. Harold C. Fleming~~
Willy Brantor

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

April 2, 1963

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

CR
4/8/63
RHA

We are pleased to forward at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $50,000. This contribution represents the first payment on the current year's commitment to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in support of the Voter Education Project.

With kindest regards,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

April 23, 1963

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council I acknowledge with gratitude the Taconic Foundation's check for $25,000 in support of the work of the Councils on Human Relations for the year 1963; our official receipt is enclosed.

We are deeply encouraged by this mark of continued cooperation of the Foundation.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Official Receipt)

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

April 16, 1963

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

In accordance with our letter to you of December 26, 1962, we are pleased to send you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $25,000. This contribution represents support to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. for the work of the Councils on Human Relations and is the first of two equal annual grants for this purpose.

CR
4/19/63
RDA

With kindest regards,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

Same ltr. to Mr. Maxwell Hahn, Field Foundation

June 3, 1963

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

To further my attempt to keep you from time to time posted on the doings of the state councils, herewith two recent releases.

All the best.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures - 2.

A&&&& Ga. Council "Program Highlights" for May 1963
"An Adventure in Understanding"
Richmond-Petersburg Area Chapter of VA. C. H. R.

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

June 11, 1963

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Leslie:

We would be appreciative of your reactions to the enclosed. I have held off getting in touch with Bob Moses in order to get your advice. Could you call me in the morning?

Cordially,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary

JLJE/mh
Enclosure

Inter-Office Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

CONFIDENTIAL

To: Mr. Currier

Date June 11, 1963

From: Mrs. Eddy

Subject: Film of Pete Seegar Folk Singing Festival in Greenwood, Mississippi

We have just had a telephone call from Mr. Revis who is a free lance documentary film-maker together with two people who are associated with Susskind: Jack Willis and Fred Wardenburg. The group has its offices at Talent Associates. Their films have been produced by Susskind, National Educational Television, and others.

Revis says that at the Pete Seegar concert last Saturday, a group of people got excited about the idea of holding a folk singing festival in Greenwood, Mississippi on July 6th. The plan is to have a bus take the people to Memphis where they would meet with Martin King, Jim Farmer, and others. From there, they would go to Greenwood. I asked if they had been in touch with Bob Moses. They haven't. They would like to talk to him. I said I would see whether we could get him to get in touch with them. I know he is in New York, but I didn't tell them so. James Baldwin is not in town, but his agent thinks this is a splendid plan. So do King and Farmer. So does someone named Roy Rogers at HARYOU.

Revis and Co. propose to film the entire expedition and the folk festival. They say that a work print would cost $2,000 to $3,000. Then the real money is needed to edit and finish it. They are looking for the preliminary investment.

Pete Seegar has been banned by the networks, but they have some hopes that once the film is produced, NET might use it. BBC and CBC think it's a splendid plan, and presumably would be prepared to use it.

Revis did a documentary for San Francisco ETV on homosexuality. NET said they wouldn't dream of using it, but finally did after seeing the finished product. He also has done a film recently on schizophrenia and is currently doing a series on young people and their view of contemporary society. His associate, Jack Willis recently finished a film on NATO which NET showed.

I told Revis that we don't generally support films, and that we are not able to make grants to non-tax exempt groups. I said that I didn't see any tax exempt organizations related to this enterprise. He says that if worse comes to worse, they will try to borrow the money from Pete Seegar and pay him back when he gets through with his European tour. I said that we would talk about it and see what reactions we had and would let him know.

Inter-Office
Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To:

Date

From:

Subject:

I doubt that this is just what we need in Greenwood. Since it affects our interest in the voter program, I have a call in for Leslie Dunbar to get his reactions. Even if it seems wise to stop the thing, I don't know whether it can be stopped, and if not, the question becomes whether anything sensible can be accomplished.

JLJE/mh

August 13, 1963

Mr. Stephen Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Linda, her friends, and I were delighted by "Beyond the Fringe." I want to thank you again for the thought, and for the ensuing tickets.

The long conversation with you was instructive for me and continuously interesting. I am sorry that some of my contributions to it were pessimistic -- or, at least, were not brightly confident. I suppose that I tend to look on the civil rights struggle as our generation's chore in an unending enterprise to make life civilized.

Wiley is approaching his new responsibilities with typical straightforwardness and hard sense. That he also has, as I have concluded after months of association, about the cleanest ideals I have ever met with makes him uniquely valuable.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

SB - fyi
MJ - file

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

September 19, 1963

RECEIVED
SEP 23 1963

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Leslie:

The recent publicity about Taconic has produced a flood of mail, including letters from people who seem to be operating somewhat in a vacuum. As we are not able to help most of these people, I have thought that at the least we might refer them to agencies which know a lot about whatever it is they are interested in.

I hope you won't mind, therefore, if I put people like Dr. Green in touch with you. Perhaps you have not done any study on inter-racial negotiations, but you certainly are in a position to let him know if what he wants to do has already been done.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary

JLJE/ta

Enc.

September 17, 1963

Jerome Green, Ph.D.
Los Angeles State College of
Applied Arts and Sciences
5151 State College Drive
Los Angeles 32, California

Dear Dr. Green:

Thank you for your letter of August 29th.

While we are interested to know of your work on "The Social Psychology of Desegregation", I am sorry to tell you that the Taconic Foundation supports relatively little research, and that our unusually heavy commitments preclude acceptance of many interesting and worthwhile requests at this time. We are, therefore, unable to entertain your request.

In relation to your proposed study of inter-racial negotiations, may we suggest that you might be interested in the work of the Southern Regional Council, Inc., 5 Forsyth Street, N.W., Atlanta 3, Georgia. I believe this organization has conducted some study in this field.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary

JLJE/ta

LOS ANGELES STATE COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS AND SCIENCES

5151 State College Drive • Los Angeles 32, California

Eastern Avenue at San Bernardino Freeway

9/3/63
9/3/63

August 29, 1963

The Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Sir:

May I inquire whether the Taconic Foundation supports research dealing with race relations and, if so, how I may apply for such support?

I am currently conducting a research on "The Social Psychology of Desegregation: Activation of the Oppressed" under a grant from the Society for the Psychological Study of Social Issues (SPSSI). The data has been collected and partially transmitted to IBM cards but my funds are now exhausted and I am unable to ccomplete the research. SPSSI will not meet again to consider extending additional funds until next year.

I expect that I shall need from $800 to $1000. to complete the analysis of the data. The money would go toward paying for the labor of data analysts at the rate of $2.50 per hour. Part of the work to be done involves transmitting open-ended data to IBM cards, part of it for computer analysis.

A bit about my research. I have administered questionnaires to 600 Negro college students in May and June of this year. Many of my subjects were involved in demonstrations. I am seeking to discover what social and psychological characteristics distinguish those persons who demand equality from those who accept inferior status. The findings will be of interest to change agents as well as to the scientist.

In addition to what has already been done, I am planning to examine in the coming year the process of interracial negotiation and change in some Southern situations where local biracial committees have been established. Would it be possible to get financial support for such research? I am hoping to hear from you at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely,

Jerome Green

Jerome Green, Ph.D.

September 30, 1963

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council I acknowledge with deep thanks your letter of September 20, 1963 and the enclosed check for $75,000 as final payment for the Taconic Foundation's current year's commitment to the Voter Education Project. Our official receipt is enclosed.

I thank you deeply for the comment in your letter regarding the work of the Southern Regional Council. It is a great satisfaction to us to have your confidence and good will.

With very best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

September 20, 1963

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

We are pleased to send to you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $75,000. This contribution represents the final payment for the current year's commitment to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. for the Voter Education Project.

CR
9/25/63
RHA

With all good wishes for the continued fine work of the Southern Regional Council, Inc.,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

October 9, 1963

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council I acknowledge with thanks your letter of September 27 and the Foundation's check in the amount of $25,000, representing the first of three equal, annual grants in support of our general program; our official receipt is enclosed.

We are, as always, deeply grateful for the support and confidence of the Taconic Foundation, and for your personal good wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1.

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

September 27, 1963

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

In accordance with our letter to you of December 26, 1962, I am pleased to forward to you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $25,000. This contribution represents the first of three equal annual grants to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in support of the general program of the Council.

With all good wishes for the continued fine work of the Southern Regional Council, Inc.,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

CR 25,000.
10/2/63
RHA
Sigh!

confidential
via air mail

October 11, 1963

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

This is not a letter to be read all at once. I'll try to suggest some thoughts for you on several of the matters we discussed last week in your office. I am sorry that we could not have talked longer.

First, I meant it when I said that you should trust your own judgment regarding the various civil rights groups: few other persons, including myself, are able to give detached opinions. I would be willing, nevertheless, to claim a measure of objectivity for one view which, for whatever it is worth, I mention here. It is my conviction of the high value we all ought to place on local Negro and bi-racial committees.

One of the beauties of the VEP is that it does not by-pass the local groups and, indeed, has been a means of strengthening them. In voter registration they generally do the best work, especially in the cities where they are well established. But I am thinking also, and more importantly, of the future, when the drama and the excitement may have stilled, and when the necessity will be to meet and solve the countless issues and rubs of integration. Local leadership and local community organization will be of crucial importance. This is something which I hope the CUCRL and WELD can keep in mind.

Second, this same view may have some relevance in the legal field, and might suggest some directions in which Berl can help.

In two ways -- about neither of which can I be specific as to methods. I can only indicate what seems to me to be needs.

The underpinning of everybody and every development in the civil rights battle is and has been the lawyer, and this is as true of so-called direct action as of school desegregation. (There really are only two important methods which don't depend, ultimately, on the lawyer: education, in the broad meaning of everything from SRC publications to church discussions groups; and economic boycotts. But the former effects change too slowly and the latter is tooouncertain, given the present level of organization.) The Legal Defense Fund has always done a terrific job, but it can't do enough. We have, for example, 159 counties in Georgia alone, and Lord knows how many school districts. Greenberg cannot do more than win a few leading cases; he can't get to everyoone of those Georgia counties and school districts, and a depressing lot of them are going to have to be taken into court. The other side of the picture is that we have in Georgia 30 or so Negro lawyers; this is scandalously few, and that is a problem in itself, but of them all there are not more than a handful who are engaged in any kind of civil rights action, and these are the few who have some kind of relation to Legal Defense Fund. Some thinking and planning needs urgently to be done to get these other lawyers, hopefully supplemented by white lawyers, into action.

Well, that thinking and planning is being done, but by the wrong people, by the National Lawyers Guild. I am afraid there is every reason to expect that the Guild will be seen much more of in the South, and in connection with SCLC and SNCC, in months to come.

A second way Berl might help is by resuming and furthering the dialogue you and Mr. Garrison began last winter with southern law schools. As I said, I am short on specifics. Correspondence, the sort of useful missionary work Bill Foster did, seminars or conferences -- these are pat possibilities. I am generally little impressed by efforts to reform the bar from the top, and urgently impressed by the value of reaching it through the normal channel of its intellectual and moral guidance; viz., the law school. I

If either or both of these concerns would be of interest to you and Berl, I would be glad to be of such limited help as I could in devising approaches.

Third, I have talked with a couple people, and Carl Elliott may well be in trouble, though it seems too early to say how much. He is a very good man, though, and the country could ill afford to lose him. As you know, in 1962, because of failure of the legislature to re-district, the Alabama Representatives first ran in the nine old districts and then ran against each other state-wide, with the low man of the nine being eliminated. They probably will have to do the same next year, and this could be Elliott's undoing.

He ran seventh in 1962, with 507,990 votes. This put him well ahead of the eighth man -- about 19,000 ahead -- and was only about 40,000 votes behind the first man. The eighth man, however, was Jones, also a moderately liberal man, and so you have to recognize that the two "liberals" -- Elliott and Jones -- ran at the bottom of the list, and may well have been both re-elected only because of general disgust with Boykin of Mobile, who ran ninth by far, and was eliminated.

Assuming both Jones and Elliott win next year in their districts, and therefore qualify for the state-wide race, there may not be a Boykin to deflect votes to them. Moreover, assuming they do win in the state-wide primary, one or both could go down in the general election. Martin, who almost unseated Lister Hill last year, is regarded as likely to run next year for the House. Incidentally, the leading Republican candidate in 1962 polled 141,202 votes in the general election -- and he wasn't a Martin.

Knowing as little as I do about campaign finances, I think it is obvious that this crazy Alabama system is inordinately costly for a lower house election.

Successful candidates will have to run three times: once in their "districts" and twice state-wide, and, if one or more strong Republicans file, that second state-wide run will be a serious one.

With very best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

SEY LOW BIO

confidential November 13, 1963

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

When I saw you in Washington you raised with me the question of possible new appointees to the Commission. I have been thinking about this since, and I have one name which is, I believe, worth a strong recommendation. I am thinking of Robert J. Harris, Dean of the Faculty of Arts and Sciences at the University of Virginia.

The resignations of Storey and Robinson remove two of the three Southerners from the Commission. Harris would be a first-rate replacement. He is a political scientist and, unlike Mr. Rankin who is still on the Commission, a scholar of first-rate national reputation. I have not looked up his entire background, but he has been successively a full professor at Louisiana State, Vanderbilt, and now, of course, at Virginia. Bob has written some very fine stuff, including a couple of years ago an excellent study of the constitutional history of civil rights called, The Quest for Equality. He is a native Southerner, thoroughly committed (a member of the SRC), a first-rate public speaker, and a man of wit, and, more importantly, of good judgment. He would do well.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/nmj

File: Foundations: Jacobs, 1963

STEPHEN RICHARD CURRIER
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

December 2, 1963

Dr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsythe Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Leslie:

We would like you and Mrs. Dunbar to come to our Christmas party on Thursday, December 19th from 5:00 to 7:00 at 666 Fifth Avenue, on the 35th floor.

We do hope that we will see you then so that we can have the pleasure of wishing you a very Merry Christmas.

I am,

With best wishes,

Stephen.
Stephen R. Currier

R.S.V.P. PL 7-5920

On the off chance that you may have some better reasons to be in N.Y.
SRC

63

COPY

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

VJ-fg
MJ

December 4, 1963

President Herman Long
Talladega College
Talladega, Alabama

Dear President Long:

Although I have not had the pleasure of meeting you, I have heard much about you from our mutual friends including Wiley Branton, Leslie Dunbar and Whitney Young. I am therefore taking the liberty of writing to say how much all of us on the Program Committee for the Fifteenth Annual Conference of the National Council on Committee Foundations hope that you will find it possible to take part in a discussion session on civil rights and related social needs on Friday morning, May 8th in Chicago.

If you have not already received a letter of official invitation from R.C. Hiller, Jr., Chairman of the Committee, one will reach you shortly giving you all details. In the meantime you may be interested to know that President Proctor of North Carolina Agricultural and Technical College has agreed to address the General Session which will immediately precede the discussion group in which we hope you can participate. Others who have been invited to be on the same panel are: Edwin C. Barry of the Chicago Urban League, Clifford Campbell of the Ford Foundation, John R. May of the San Francisco Foundation, James A. Norton of the Greater Cleveland Associated Foundation and Samuel Sheppard, Jr. of the St. Louis Public Schools.

I have attended the last three of the Council's conferences, and I have been impressed not only with the programs, but with the capacity which the Council represents for useful

COPY

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

President Herman Long

December 4, 1963

community philanthropy. At its conference in Cleveland last May, the group for the first time indicated real interest in Civil Rights questions, although I think it is fair to say that up until that time, many members of the group were not particularly well informed in this area.

This year's two-day program will be held at the Sheraton-Blackstone Hotel. We would hope that your schedule would permit you to come for at least part of the Thursday meetings in addition to Friday when the discussion session is planned.

I do hope that we will have the pleasure of hearing from you at the conference in May.

Sincerely yours,

JLE

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary

JLJE/jt

cc: Mr. Leslie Dunbar

Dear Leslie - Everyone is very eager to have Long participate - I hope he won't feel that a discussion group does not justify the time. Thanks again for your help in all this. Jane Lee

file: Foundations 1963

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

COPY

file

December 17, 1963

Mr. Stephen R. Graubard
The American Academy of Arts and Sciences
Jefferson Laboratory
Harvard University
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

Dear Mr. Graubard:

Thank you for your letter of December 9th.

I wish we could be of help, but the Taconic Foundation does not itself have available the kinds of records and reports which you seek. May I suggest that you get in touch with Harold Fleming, Executive Vice President of The Potomac Institute, 1501 Eighteenth Street, N.W., Washington 6, D.C. and with Leslie Dunbar, Executive Director of the Southern Regional Council, Inc., 5 Forsyth Street, N.W., Atlanta 3, Georgia. These two men are both extremely knowledgeable about the field in general and their organizations might be able to provide some of the kinds of materials which would be useful to you. They could also direct you to other people and organizations.

I am,

With kind regards,

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/jt

cc: Mr. Harold Fleming
Mr. Leslie Dunbar

File
Foundations, Taconic
1964 - ~~Make file~~

January 8, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

This is to request consideration by the Taconic Foundation for a terminal grant to the Voter Education Project of the Southern Regional Council.

On March 30, 1962 the Foundation granted $250,000 for this Project for the two-year period ending March 31, 1964.

We believe that all concerned in the establishment of the Voter Education Project have understood that its success would require that its field work continue into the fall of 1964. Attachment "A" shows for each southern state the date up to which registration activity may be carried on in 1964.

It is our hope and belief that during 1964 great gains can be made, supported by the organizational preparation done through the Project during 1962-63 and by the Project's continuous research. We expect the period also to yield research discoveries of the greatest value for the future, which we shall report in the book to be written after conclusion of the Project's field work.

We believe, therefore, that we can during 1964 responsibly spend at a rate considerably higher than during the earlier years. For this reason, we ask your consideration of a terminal grant of $150,000 for the period beginning April 1, 1964 and extending to the completion of the writing of the final report, with the understanding that disbursements for field work in each state will stop as of the registration cut-off dates for the general election indicated in Attachment "A" (unless they are revised). We anticipate that the preparation of research results for publication will be completed by mid-1965.

It is our intention at that time to advise all donors to the Project of the amount of unexpended funds, if any, and to request their instructions for dispostion of them.

As you know, the principal donors to the Project have been the Taconic and Field Foundations and the Stern Family Fund. A formal request to Field for renewal has recently been submitted. A formal request to Stern was considered some weeks ago: $20,000 was voted at that time, and the Stern Board will consider the remainder of the request this month.

Attachment "B" is a synoptic statement of Project finances to date.

A statistical report on registration results will be ready for forwarding to you later this month.

The Southern Regional Council continues to believe that the Voter Education Project is of unsurpassed importance for the strengthening of American democracy. Voting is not a panacea. Yet it is unmistakably the indispensable pre-condition to all other civic advance. The Project does not and should not embrace all southern voter registration

work. Its true worth is its function in leading, in seeding on-going effort, in harnessing energies and ideas and skills, and in supplementing strongly the normal pace of work.

With very best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures - 2.

bc: Harold Fleming
Wiley A. Branton

January 8, 1968

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Of the enclosed two proposals, you were, I am sure, expecting the one for the Voter Education Project, probably not expecting the other; I hope that one will merit your consideration.

As to the V.E.P. request, there seemed nothing to be gained by making it lengthy or detailed. We shall issue a V.E.P. annual report, probably in April or early May. If you would at this time, however, like additional information, please let me know.

The size of the request may be greater than you expected, though I call your attention to the statement therein that we shall report all unexpended funds to the donors for instructions. We hope for great opportunities and accomplishments this year; if money can ever help do the job, now is the time when it can. Frankly, neither Wiley nor I can, in January, predict how much money we can put to good use by next Fall -- and we don't intend to

put it to any other kind of use. We want, and I don't mind confessing this, to have enough.

After this fall, expenditures will be low -- just enough to sustain the report preparation. I am hopeful that the situation will permit me to give a lot of personal time to its writing. The material we are accumulating is fascinating; I think we can make a good book out of it.

I hope you or Jane Lee will call if there are any matters in either proposal you would want to discuss.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures

bc: Wiley A. Branton

January 8, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On December 26, 1962, the Taconic Foundation granted $75,000 to the general support of the Southern Regional Council for the three-year period 1963-65. One-third of this generous amount was paid during 1963.

At this time, we ask the Foundation's consideration for an increase of the 1964-65 portion of this grant, in the amount of $15,000 per year, or a revised total for each year of $40,000.

We make this request most reluctantly, both because of the Foundation's faithful support of the Council for years past and because of the matchless contribution the Foundation is making to the entire civil rights and human relations progress of this nation.

In 1964, however, for the first time in several years our budget will include a substantial increase -- nearly $35,000. A copy of the budget

is enclosed. (Because of President Kennedy's death our Annual Meeting had to be postponed from November 25 - 26 to January 29 - 30; this budget has not yet, therefore, been formally approved. It has been approved by our Executive Committee.)

This increase, though not great, adds a very considerable burden to our fund-raising, because it comes on top of an already difficult financial situation.

Basically, our expectable and probable income during the last couple of years, and despite the generous aid of Taconic and others, has fallen about $15,000 - $20,000 short of requirements. This amount has had to be made up from small contributions, and staff time in fund-raising for them has been a serious burden. We did not in 1963 succeed: our income for the year fell nearly $9,000 below the budgeted amount. Expenditures were kept somewhat below those budgeted, but we had still a deficit of about $8,000, which wiped out a small operating surplus accumulated through the years. In effect, this request to you for an increased grant during 1964 and 1965 will relieve us of most of the old problem, and permit us to concentrate solely on the finding of another substantial grant to meet the increased budget.

The budget increase is necessary. Without adding large new programs (which, during this VEP period, it would not be prudent to do), we are simply doing more of everything, and additional staff is a necessity. That we are not afflicted with creeping expansionism is, we believe, made clear by our success over the last couple years in holding expenditures fairly constant. But we must face the necessities not only of our job but of the continually growing demands made on us by others.

Unlike most other secular organization with similar concerns, the Council is not only a series of programs but is an institution as well. It is an institution which exists without endowment, and that is probably as it should be. But we are an institution on which the whole civil rights movement and its friends draw, and we must grow as we need to grow in order to give the services which are asked. Our specific programs and projects

should be, and we want them to be, evaluated in comparison with those offered by others, and supported accordingly. But our institutional nature and services are unique, and it is for their support that we put this request before you.

We shall, as always, forward to you as soon as they are completed copies of the 1963 audit and annual report of program activities.

Both on behalf of the Council and of myself, I would like to express our gratitude to the Foundation, and not only for its past and present assistance to us. We are just as appreciative of your partnership in the whole, nation-wide endeavor for a better and more humane American democracy.

With very best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (1964 Budget)

bc: Mr. Harold C. Fleming

ATTACHMENT A

Prepared by the Voter Education Project
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

1964 VEP ELECTION INFORMATION

STATE	U.S. CONGRESS		GOVERNOR		STATE LEGISLATURE				Filing Deadline For Candidate	DEADLINE FOR REGISTRATION		Primary Date	Runoff Primary Date	SPECIAL REMARKS
					UPPER HOUSE		LOWER HOUSE							
	Elect Senator	No. of Representatives	Elect Governor	Term	Elect	Term	Elect	Term		Primary	General Election			
ALABAMA	No	8	No	4	No	4	No	4	March 1	April 24	Oct. 23	May 5	June 2	Pay Poll Tax by February 1
ARKANSAS	No	4	Yes	2	17	4	100	2	April 29	POLL TAX IS ONLY REGISTRATION Oct.1,'63	Oct.1,'64	July 28	Aug. 11	
FLORIDA	Yes	12	Yes	4	22	4	112	2	March 3	April 4	Oct. 3	May 5	May 26	
GEORGIA	No	10	No	4	54	2	205	2	July 24	May 2*	May 2*	Sept. 9		
LOUISIANA	No	8	Yes	4	39	4	105	4	May 29	June 26	Oct. 5**	July 25	Aug. 29	
MISSISSIPPI	Yes	5	No	4	No	4	No	4	April 3	May 2	July 3	June 2	June 23	Pay Poll Tax by February 1
NORTH CAROLINA	No	11	Yes	4	50	2	120	2	March 20	May 16	Oct. 24	May 30	June 27	
SOUTH CAROLINA	No	6	No	4	23	4	124	2	To be set***	May 11	Oct. 5	June 9	June 23	
TENNESSEE	Yes (2)	9	No	4	33	2	99	2	June 8	July 6	Oct. 3	Aug. 6		
TEXAS	Yes	23	Yes	2	16	4	150	2	Feb. 3	POLL TAX IS ONLY REGISTRATION Jan. 31	Jan. 31	May 2	June 6	Pay Poll Tax by Jan. 31
VIRGINIA	Yes	10	No	4	No	4	No	2	Apr. 15	June 13	Oct. 3	July 14	Aug. 18	Pay Poll Tax by May 2

*Election Law Study Committee has recommended that registration deadline be changed to July 3.
**General Election for State Officers, March 3, 1964.
***Third Thursday after State Convention.

AS OF JANUARY 1, 1964, 36 STATES HAVE ADOPTED THE ANTI-POLL TAX AMENDMENT AND ONLY TWO (2) MORE ARE NEEDED FOR PASSAGE. UPON PASSAGE, ADDITIONAL TIME MAY BE ALLOWED FOR REGISTRATION IN ARKANSAS, TEXAS, MISSISSIPPI, ALABAMA, AND VIRGINIA.

ATTACHMENT B

January 7, 1964

VOTER EDUCATION PROJECT
of the
Southern Regional Council

* * * *

Financial Summary

Income

Received to date:

Field Foundation	$ 150,000.00
Stern Family Fund	144,000.00
Taconic Foundation	250,000.00
Other	40,732.98
Total income	$ 584,732.98

Expenditures

For V.E.P. operations, 1962 and 1963 (audited through 6/30/63)	$ 106,780.40
For S. R. C. overhead, 1962 and 1963	16,856.75
For grants-in-aid to date	385,823.21
Total expenditures	$ 509,460.36

* * * *

Grants-in-Aid to date

Congress of Racial Equality (for work in Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina)	$ 51,425.00
National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (for work in Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia)	75,830.00

National Urban League (for work in Winston-Salem, N. C., Fort Worth, Tex., Richmond, Va.)	$ 15,960.98
Southern Christian Leadership Conference (for work in Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, North Carolina, Virginia)	32,700.00
Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (for work in Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina)	23,884.00
Total for Five Agencies:	$ 199,799.98
Independent Groups	186,023.23
Total Grants-in-Aid:	$ 385,823.21

* * * *

Grants-in-Aid to Independent Groups

ALABAMA

Madison County Coordinating Committee	$ 2,700.00
Jefferson County Voter Registration Committee	20,999.26
Alabama Coordinating Association (certain rural counties)	3,779.05
Tuskegee Civic Association	3,000.00
Montgomery Voter Education Project	1,712.00
Colbert County Voters League	500.00
Mobile County Voter Education Project	2,250.00
Citizens' Improvement League (Gadsden)	300.00

ARKANSAS

Greater Little Rock Voter Registration Movement	$ 1,511.60
Pine Bluff Council on Community Affairs	270.00

GEORGIA

Doughtery County Voters League	$	4,000.00
Bibb County Coordinating Committee		3,750.00
All Citizens Registration Committee (Fulton County)		14,995.00
Southeastern Georgia Crusade (Chatham and other counties of the First Cong. Dist.)		4,577.35

LOUISIANA

Federated Organizations for the Cause of Unlimited Self-Development (Baton Rouge)		1,000.00
Coordinating Council of Greater New Orleans		7,500.00
The Grail (LaFayette Parish)		200.00

MISSISSIPPI

Council of Federated Organizations (statewide)	$	18,000.00
Warren County Citizens Improvement League		150.00
Woman Power Unlimited (statewide)		1,000.00
Mississippi VEP (statewide)		21,000.00
Mississippi Human Rights (statewide)		2,500.00

NORTH CAROLINA

National Student Association (Raleigh)	$	1,140.00
Durham Committee on Negro Affairs		2,500.00
American Friends Service Committee (Guilford County)		952.74
Non-Partisan Voting Project (Charlotte)		2,000.00
Voter Registration Project of Winston-Salem		1,500.00

SOUTH CAROLINA

VEP of Charleston County	$	2,802.00
South Carolina VEP (Second Cong. Dist.)		5,000.00
First Congressional District Voter Education Project		1,535.00

TENNESSEE

YWCA-National Student Christian Federation-VEP (Nashville)	$ 1,519.23
American Friends Service Committee (Jackson)	2,000.00
Middle Tennessee Voter Registration Project (Davidson and adjoining counties)	3,000.00

TEXAS

Voters of Texas Enlist (statewide)	$ 40,400.00

VIRGINIA

All Citizens Registration Committee of Virginia (Northern Virginia)	$ 400.00
Virginia Voters League (statewide)	500.00
Peninsula Coordinating Committee (Newport News)	1,800.00
Tidewater Voter Registration Project (Norfolk)	3,280.00
Total:	$ 186,023.23

See "Jane Dickson" Taconic, 1964

January 17, 1964

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Secretary
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10019

Dear Jane Lee:

I was pleasantly surprised by your note of January 15. It would be a great pleasure to have you come down.

Sincerely,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:nm

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

January 15, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Leslie:

Just a note to let you know that we received both the VEP and Council requests. I hope the Board will have a chance to review them within the next month.

I keep hoping to arrange to come to at least part of your meeting, but I am not being very successful.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary

JLJE/jt

file Taconic-Albany.

via air mail February 10, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation — 1964
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Harold was down, as you probably know, for our Annual Meeting, and we wish this might become a precedent for our Taconic-Potomac friends. I wonder if you won't seriously consider coming down next Fall. We shall not have dates selected until later, but when we do I intend to write you again; very likely, the dates will be just before Thanksgiving.

Wiley has told me that he reported on the Voter Education Project at the last conclave of CUCRL. He undoubtedly distributed then copies of the statistical report on VEP results through 1963, but I am enclosing another copy in case. We shall be revising these statistics frequently and regularly during this climactic year, and shall keep you supplied with the revisions.

Harold raised some questions when he was here about the publications plans of VEP, and some of his questions make me fear that we have not communicated well with you regarding them. We think that we can prepare something which will not only have general interest, but, more importantly, will have considerable

value for public policy and validity for political science. The concept and plans were sketched in a research statement we did about a year ago, a copy of which is enclosed here. For the last six months, Dr. Samuel DuBois Cook, Professor of Political Science at Atlanta University, has been research adviser for the Project.

The VEP field work will be finished this Autumn. We shall then put our concentrated efforts into the preparation of the report, which should be a fair-sized book. I intend to do a large part of the work myself. We should have a manuscript to send off in the Summer of 1965 and although we have made as yet no approach to a publisher, we don't anticipate difficulty on that score.

Our VEP expenses will, of course, be far lower during the post-November 1964 period, indeed only a small fraction of what they have been and will be during the present period of active field programs.

As I said in my covering letter to you of January 8, we cannot be certain as to what pace of registration activity will be generated these next few months, and therefore, cannot estimate precisely what amount of funds can be used. VEP programs are of two kinds: (1) those proposed to us by cooperating agencies; (2) and those Wiley and his staff stimulate and help organize. We hope that both kinds will push us to the limit.

There is, therefore, some degree of unavoidable speculation about financial requirements, and if the Taconic Foundation would think it wiser to grant only a portion of the requested $150,000 until a clear picture of needs can be established, we would fully understand.

We do, however, face now an urgent problem, in that the VEP bank balance is too low to permit the authorization of some opportune and needed programs.

What VEP has achieved, and can achieve this year, will affect this country's race relations in a fundamental way. We are all determined that it will achieve a lot.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures - 2.

Tax: Foundations: Taconic, 1964

February 12, 1964

Price Waterhouse & Company
60 Broad Street
New York, New York

Dear Sirs:

At the request of Mr. Stephen R. Currier, President of the Taconic Foundation, we confirm below receipt of grants from the Taconic Foundation during 1963:

Date Received		
April 8	$ 50,000.00	(for Voter Education Project)
April 19	25,000.00	(for the state Councils on Human Relations)
September 25	75,000.00	(for Voter Education Project)
October 2	25,000.00	(for general support)

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
cc: Mr. Stephen R. Currier

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

RHA
Pls give me the information

December 31, 1963

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Avenue, N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

In connection with the annual examination of our financial statements, please confirm directly to our accountants, Price Waterhouse & Co., 60 Broad Street, New York, New York, 10004, the dates and amounts of all grants made to you by Taconic Foundation, Inc. during the period January 1, 1963 to December 31, 1963.

I am,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/sc
Enclosure

February 25, 1964

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

I am enclosing a copy of a manual we have prepared which I thought you might like to have for your files. This has not been given a general circulation; indeed, we are being rather careful as to who receives it. It was intended as a manual for ad hoc and other lay groups.

All the best.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Transition Without Tragedy)

PA ✓
VJ ✓
MJ - file

Foun. letters

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

February 27, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia, 30303

Dear Leslie:

Thank you for sending the "how-to-do-it" volume. I have had only a chance to glance through it, but it seems very good indeed. I should think it would be useful for our present purposes.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary of the Foundation

JLJE/jt

File
Foundations - Taconic

March 9, 1964

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Enclosed are our financial statement and my annual report for 1963.

For your possible interest, I am also enclosing a copy of the "Program Review and Evaluation" which we did last year, and which is now guiding our mighty efforts.

Enclosed also is an ad from Friday morning's paper which was repeated in the afternoon Journal. It is the opening public shot of the Atlanta effort.

My plans have changed, and I shall not be coming up this month. I hope to see you and Stephen sometime during the week of April 13.

All the best.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mg

Enclosures: Partners for Progress ad, financial statement, Annual Report, Program Review and Evaluation.

File
Foundations - Taconic, 1964

March 10, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council I wish to express our most sincere gratitude to the Board of Trustees of the Taconic Foundation for its supplementary grant of $15,000 a year for two years in support of our program.

I think you know, without any further elaboration from me, how much this means to us.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

February 25, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

At its most recent meeting, the Board of Trustees of the Taconic Foundation voted to make a supplementary grant to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in support of the general program of the Council. This grant, in the amount of $15,000 a year for two years, will be forwarded at the same time our previous commitment is forwarded (in early September).

With all good wishes,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh

file

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

March 12, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Leslie:

Thank you for your letter and for the documents. I shall be interested to read them, but I am sorry not to see you until April.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary of the Foundation

JLJE/jt

Encls: Ltr. of Feb. 24 from Mr. Hoagland, Amer. Academy of Arts + Sciences

Lee
Foundations
Taconic
Operation Opportunity
Dr. Ney
Jacobs
Hatson

March 26, 1964

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

At your request and Harold's, we have estimated the budget for Operation Opportunity. This is the name for what we are doing; Potomac may use its own name.

As you know, the primary concern was staff. We believe that the success of the project depends on having available someone to give it day to day, undivided attention. This does not mean that this person will represent SRC's complete staff involvement by any means. He will work under the guidance of the Director of Field Activities (Paul Anthony) who will, himself, be actively engaged in the project, as shall I. In addition, we shall be calling on our research and information staff, and on the field services of Benjamin Muse.

A basic premise to our budgetary estimates is that SRC has responsibilities which we should discharge whether or not a special project had been established. Consequently, the budget estimates are intended to reflect solely the added expenses to SRC for performing a coordinating function in the field work of other agencies and persons.

As you know, the person we selected as coordinator is Louis Mitchell, Director of the Florida Council on Human Relations. We believe Lou is uniquely qualified, as I believe you will agree if, as I hope will be the case, you have occasion to meet him. The Florida Council, most commendably we think, granted Lou a leave of absence for a three to six month period. He began his duties March 16, 1964.

We agreed to pay Lou a salary at exactly the rate which he has been getting with the Florida Council, plus his salary for preaching on a regular basis at a Daytona Beach Episcopal church. In addition, we have granted him a living allowance in consideration of the fact that while his family is in Daytona Beach he has to support, as it were, two households. We have also agreed to pay rent on a downtown furnished efficiency apartment, and Atlanta apartments now are approaching New York prices. Finally, we have agreed to reimburse Lou for two (2) trips per month home; this will help him not only to keep acquainted with his wife and five children, but to look after office details at the Florida Council.

The other expenses included in the budget are travel for him, and a figure for printing, conferences, etc. I would like to say a word about the latter. I am sure there will be one or more SRC publications. We do not intend to charge these to the project on the premise that this is something we ought to do anyhow. If, however, it seems desirable to make extra printing runs because of the project, we would charge the over-runs to the project. Frankly, the figure below is too low to be very meaningful for printing over-runs; we were trying to keep within the $15,000, and anyway none of this may be used for that purpose. What we hope is that any over-runs could be financed by sale to other agencies. We do not intend to change conferences as long as we can persuade the other agencies to keep on paying their own way. The figure we have below may help, however, with contingencies that come up.

Included in the figures is an SRC overhead charge (which will be applied against actual expenses, not estimates) to cover telephone, mailing, and other office expenses of the coordinator, and such additional travel and other expenses as Paul Anthony and I or others here may incur because of the project.

I would like to emphasize that the estimates below are for six (6) months. If it is not necessary to keep Mitchell here this long, the figures will decrease proportionately.

Because of all this we are very much in favor of what I understand to be your wish; that is, to make payment of the grant to us as funds are required. We are short of cash now, and if an initial $5,000 could be paid at once, with other payments as required pending a final accounting, we would be grateful.

However, if Taconic would conveniently forward to us now all, or a substantial portion, of its 1964 grant to SRC for general support, we would be in a position to carry, I think, this project through to its conclusion without additional funds in advance. We could then give you whatever accounting you needed at the termination of the project, for reimbursement up to the agreed upon $15,000. I might add that this is the procedure we would much prefer.

Estimated Budget

Coordinator	
Salary, living allowance, Atlanta apartment, trips to Florida	$ 7,677.50
Travel of Coordinator	3,000.00
Printing, conferences, etc.	2,250.00
Overhead (15%)	1,939.00
Total:	$14,866.50

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

File: Foundations - Income
Cr. ref. "Operation Opportunity"

$15,000 Recorded in financial book
MMJ

April 24, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council I acknowledge with warm appreciation your letter of April 8, 1964 granting $15,000 to the Council in support of Operation Opportunity; our official receipt is enclosed for the check in full payment which accompanied your letter.

This project is a most important one, and we shall make every effort to be able to report in time that it has been a successful one.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

Rec'd 4/15

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

April 8, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

At its most recent meeting, the Board of Trustees of Taconic Foundation voted to make a grant to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in the amount of $15,000 in support of "Operation Opportunity."

CR RHA 4/14/64

We are pleased to forward to you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $15,000 for the aforementioned purpose.

With kindest regards,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

File
Foundations - Taconic
1964

VIA AIR MAIL April 28, 1964

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Executive Director
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Ken Moreland will be here the weekend of May 17 to discuss the summer assignment. So far, he as sounded interested.

I hate like sin to bring up this subject again, but could you please look into the status of checks for general support and the Voter Education Project. Sadly, it is a bit urgent.

All the best,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:slw

File: Foundations: Taconic

May 1, 1964

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Enclosed is a copy of a progress report on Operation Opportunity. I am having Lou do these frequently. Would you like to receive copies?

The checks arrived in the mail on the day following my last letter to you. Thank you, and I am sorry to have been importunate.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Summary report on Operation Opportunity, April 30, 1964)

File: Foundations: Taconic 1964
Cr. re: V.E. Project

P

$80,000 recorded in Financial Book MMJ

(corrected copy)

May 1, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council I acknowledge with deep gratitude your letter of April 22, 1964 and the enclosed check for $80,000 in support of the ~~Voter Education Project~~, our official receipt is enclosed.

We note from your letter that the Foundation is prepared to consider in June the further requirements of the Project.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)
cc: Mr. Wiley A. Branton

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N. Y.

April 22, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

At a recent meeting, the Board of Trustees of Taconic Foundation voted to make an additional grant to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in the amount of $80,000 in support of the Voter Education Project. Consideration will be given to making further funds available upon receipt in June of a plan and budget for the evaluation and continuation of the work of VEP through October.

CR
4/29/64
RHA

We are pleased to forward to you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $80,000 for the aforementioned purpose.

With kindest personal regards,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

cc: Mr. Wiley A. Branton
Project Director

File
Foundations
January 1964

Cr. ref. State Councils on Human Relations

$25,000 - State groups
15,000 - Gen. Support
recorded in Financial Book

Gen. Support
State Councils

May 1, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

I acknowledge with gratitude your letter of April 20, 1964 and the enclosed check in the amount of $40,000; our official receipts are enclosed.

As noted in your letter, this represents payment in the amount of $25,000 on the second and final grant of the Foundation's current pledge to the state Councils on Human Relations, and $15,000 for general support to the Southern Regional Council.

All good wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures - 2. (Official receipts)

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

April 20, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

We are pleased to forward to you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $40,000. This contribution represents $25,000 for the second and final grant for the State Councils on Human Relations and $15,000 in support of the general program of the Southern Regional Council, Inc.

RHA
4/29/64

With kindest regards,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

File: Foundations "Taconic"

May 26, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Our Annual Meeting for 1964 will be November 20 - 21, beginning at 10:00 a.m. the first day, concluding with lunch on the second. A number of the members will be in on November 19 for an all-day discussion of the state Councils on Human Relations.

I would like to extend you a very sincere invitation to be with us. I think you would find the Council members an interesting and stimulating group to be with. If you think there is any chance that you may come down, please mark the dates on your calendar.

All best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

Jane
Taconic Foundation
1964

July 22, 1964

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

I thought you might like to have for your "Operation Opportunity" files the enclosed review of compliance in Georgia.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1.
cc: Mr. Arthur J. Levin

Void

July 28, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

This is to place before the Foundation a request for a three-year renewal of its grant for aid to the state Councils on Human Relations, in the amount of $25,000 per year for the period 1965-1967.

The earlier assistance of the Taconic Foundation, continuing through the present year, has been indispensable in sustaining and enlarging the state council movement, and in making of it a creative force. We have tried to keep the Foundation regularly and frequently informed, and consequently do not accompany this application with bulky enclosures. We hope, however, that you will address to us any questions you may have, either for additional information or explanations.

There are strongly based and strongly influential councils now in Virginia, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Arkansas, and in the city of Houston. The North Carolina Council, under new and imaginative leadership, is beginning a transformation of program which we believe will at last fulfill the great promise of that body, a process already well under way in Florida. The Mississippi Council, re-established

in 1962, has achieved stability and is now prepared to engage a full-time staff director. We continue to work for the re-establishing of a Louisiana council, and prospects are brighter than they have been ever before. Only in Tennessee is progress of the state Council not encouraging.

In requesting this renewal, we propose to the Foundation we shall administer the grant in a new fashion; viz.:

-- for the year 1965, approximately half of the grant may be used, as in the past, for grants-in-aid for the general support of the state Councils of Mississippi, Florida, North Carolina, (and possibly Louisiana);

-- the remainder of the grant in 1965, and the entire grant in 1966 and 1967, will be used for the costs of clearly described program activities of the various state councils.

We intend to administer the grant on the above basis because we believe that membership organizations should cover their own administrative expenses. This has not been altogether possible for the state councils, under the conditions they have faced in the past, and is still not expectable for the next year or so in a certain few states. But in the others, this expectation is now a reality, and in all it should be soon. We shall, therefore, not pay out, except as noted above any of the Taconic grant until assurance has been received each year that the recipient has raised or has assurance of all its needs for staff salaries, office costs, and normal travel.

As you know, the Field Foundation has granted also $25,000 a year for this program; its current grant runs through 1967. No such terms as we suggest here apply now to the Field grant, but it is our intention to adopt similar policies for it at a prudent time.

The council on human relations movement is, we believe, of utmost importance and value. It attacks two of the root problems of American race relations: (1) the pressing practical need for bi-racial communication and cooperation; and (2) the great urgency for deepening the education and commitment of whites. It is also a movement of permanence, because it builds local strength for seeing through changes as well as causing them to occur. We trust that the Foundation will see the movement as continuing to merit its support.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures

PA-Zip
U-L
LWD
Mg-files
file-7

Rec'd 8/10/64

attach this ltr. to Leslie of July 30

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

August 5, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Thank you for your letter of July 30th and for the material which accompanied it addressed to Mr. Currier.

Please be assured that this request for renewal of the grant in support of the State Councils will be presented to the Trustees at an early meeting.

Sincerely yours,

Marilyn Hainesworth

(Miss) Marilyn Hainesworth
Administrative Associate

File: Foundations - Taconic
Cr. ref State Councils on Human Relations

July 30, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

This is to place before the Foundation a request for a three-year renewal of its grant for aid to the state Councils on Human Relations, in the amount of $25,000 per year for the period 1965-1967.

The earlier assistance of the Taconic Foundation, continuing through the present year, has been indispensable in sustaining and enlarging the state council movement, and in making of it a creative force. We have tried to keep the Foundation regularly and frequently informed, and consequently do not accompany this application with bulky enclosures. We hope, however, that you will address to us any questions you may have, either for additional information or explanations.

There are strongly based and strongly influential councils now in Virginia, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Arkansas, and in the city of Houston. The North Carolina Council, under new and imaginative leadership, is beginning a transformation of program which we believe will at last fulfill the great promise of that body, a process already well under way in Florida. The Mississippi Council, re-established

in 1962, has achieved stability and is now prepared to engage a full-time staff director. We continue to work for the re-establishing of a Louisiana council, and prospects are brighter than they have been ever before. Only in Tennessee is progress of the state Council not presently encouraging.

In requesting this renewal, we wish to advise the Foundation that we propose to administer the grant in a new fashion; viz.:

-- for the year 1965, approximately half of the grant may be used, as in the past, for grants-in-aid for the general support of the state Councils of Mississippi, Florida, North Carolina, (and possibly Louisiana);

-- the remainder of the grant in 1965, and the entire grant in 1966 and 1967, will be used for the costs of clearly described program activities of the various state Councils.

We intend to administer the grant on the above basis because we believe that membership organizations should cover their own administrative expenses. This has not been altogether possible for the state councils, under the conditions they have faced in the past, and is still not expectable for the next year or so in a certain few states. But in the others, this expectation is now a reality, and in all it should be soon. We shall, therefore, not pay out, except as noted above, any of the Taconic grant until assurance has been received each year that the recipient has raised, or has assurance of, all its needs for staff salaries, office costs, and normal travel.

As you know, the Field Foundation has granted also $25,000 a year for this program; its current grant runs through 1967. No such terms as we indicate here apply now to the Field grant, but it is our intention to adopt similar policies for it at a prudent and early time.

The Council on human relations movement is, we believe, of utmost importance and value. It attacks two of the root problems of American race relations: (1) the pressing practical need for bi-racial communication and cooperation; and (2) the great urgency for deepening the education and commitment of whites. It is also a movement of permanence, because it builds local strength for seeing through changes as well as causing them to occur. We trust that the Foundation will see the movement as continuing to merit its support.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures:
A. Roster of councils
B. Selection of newspaper comment
C. Selection of brochures

File: Taconic Fd.

September 22, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

John Simon may have mentioned to you that I'll be in and out of New York during October 7 - 9. I have nothing in particular to bring up, but if you are in I would, as always, enjoy seeing you. Will phone when I arrive.

All good wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

File. Acknowl'd.

September 22, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

This is to acknowledge your letter of September 14, 1964 and the enclosed check for $25,000 which completes the Foundation's grant for 1964 in support of the general program of the Council; our official receipt is enclosed.

We are deeply appreciative of the Foundation's continued interest in and support of our work. We shall report to you, as requested by your letter, and will at all times endeavor to keep you informed of our activities and of developments in the region.

With very best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

Rec'd 9/21/64

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

September 14, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

In accordance with our letter to you of December 26, 1962, we are pleased to forward to you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $25,000. This contribution represents the second of three equal annual grants to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in support of the general program of the Council.

CR 9/21/64 RHA

In accordance with the Foundation's policy, we shall expect to receive reports on program development at six-month intervals during the life of the grant, and we shall expect a full financial accounting at the end of each year.

With kindest personal regards,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

September 25, 1964

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Leslie:

It was so nice to hear from you and to know you are planning a visit to New York. Stephen would like for you to join him for lunch on Thursday, October 8th -- say about 12:30. We are both looking forward to seeing you then.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary of the Foundation

JLJE/jt

File Fds.
Taconic Foundation

October 2, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council I acknowledge your letter of September 28, 1964 informing us of the Foundation's additional grant in support of the Voter Education Project and the enclosed check for $9,000 in payment of the same; our official receipt is enclosed.

We are highly appreciative of this further strengthening by the Foundation of this most important project.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

September 28, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

At its most recent meeting, the Board of Trustees of the Taconic Foundation voted to make an additional grant to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in support of the Voter Education Project.

We are pleased to forward to you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $9,000 for the aforementioned purpose.

CR
9/30/64
RHA

In accordance with the Foundation's policy, we shall expect to receive reports on project development at six-month intervals during the life of the grant, and we shall expect a full financial accounting at the end of the year.

With kindest personal regards,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

cc: Mr. Wiley Branton
Project Director

October 13, 1964

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

After your call today about Joseph Mire, I thought you might be interested in the fulminations I sent last summer to Bill Pincus.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1.
(Lwd ltr. to Wm. Pincus dtd. Aug. 4, 1964)

File
Tds: Taconic Fd.

October 13, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

I greatly enjoyed our conversation last Thursday, and will be back to you soon with thoughts on some of the matters we discussed.

Your dismal observations about the Virginia countryside are all too true. But in Manhattan all the barbers are white and all the shoeshine boys are Negro. There is so much to do.

I left your office in too great a rush. One thing I had not wanted to fail to do was to repeat our very warm invitation to you to attend our Annual Meeting November 20 and 21. (November 19 there will be a special all-day session devoted to the affairs of the state Councils on Human Relations. You would be welcome here also.) I do hope that you may find it possible to come down.

Could you give Henry my sincere apologies for treating his food so casually? It is not meant for that kind of treatment.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

Foundations / Taconic, Inc.

December 4, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

On behalf of the Council, I acknowledge your letter of November 5, 1964 informing us that the Foundation has granted $25,000 a year for the period 1965 through 1967 in support of the state Councils on Human Relations.

I am quite sure that we do not need to re-state our sense of obligation and deep gratitude to the Foundation. I can only say that Taconic's unique role in the strengthening of American democracy causes us to feel a special pleasure in your support of our operations and projects. The comprehensiveness of your program and of your assement of needs signifies that any undertaking receiving the Foundation's confidence has been measured against demanding standards.

We shall as in the past, keep you informed of the work and accomplishments of the State Councils.

With every good wish,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:slw

TAC
VJV
AV
LD

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

November 5, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

At a recent meeting, the Trustees of the Taconic Foundation voted to make a grant to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in the amount of $25,000 a year for three years in support of the State Councils on Human Relations.

The first of these three equal annual grants will be forwarded on or before March 31, 1965.

With kindest personal regards,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh

December 9, 1964

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

Thank you for the invitation to your Christmas party. Much as I want to be there, and much as I enjoyed the party last year, I am afraid I can't this year. I know that the party will be as wonderful as always, and Peggy and I wish for you and Mrs. Currier a very happy holiday.

We enjoyed having you and Jane Lee down for our meeting. I think sometimes people outside the South see the Southern Regional Council as being me and Wiley and maybe a couple others. I was glad for you to see that the Council is a good bit more.

All good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:slw

Rec'd 12/7/64

STEPHEN RICHARD CURRIER

666 FIFTH AVENUE

NEW YORK CITY

December 3, 1964

Dr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Leslie:

We would like you and Mrs. Dunbar to come to our Christmas party on Tuesday, December 22, from 5:00 to 7:00 at 666 Fifth Avenue, on the 35th floor.

We do hope that we will see you then so that we can have the pleasure of wishing you a very Merry Christmas.

I am,

With best wishes, — in hopes that this somehow provides a colorable excuse! —

Stephen

Stephen R. Currier

R.S.V.P. PL 7-5920

January 26, 1965

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

Confirming several phone conversations I have had with Mrs. Eddy, we would be grateful for your assistance in support of a meeting in Atlanta, January 30-31, to discuss problems of disadvantaged rural people. I understand you have considered making a contribution of $1,500 toward this purpose. I want to assure you that amount would be most gratefully received.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:slw

January 29, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Executive Director
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

I am enclosing three copies of the report of the Southern Teaching Program; I have sent one separately to John Simon. Let me know if you would like additional copies, as we have run a few extra.

This was fun to do.

Sincerely,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:nm
Enclosures

File

March 8, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Executive Director
Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

I enjoyed it, and hope you all found it helpful. I'll get up the expenses soon.

I am enclosing some of the comments we have received on the report for the Southern Teaching Project.

All best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:slw
Enclosures

February 23, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Currier and Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

On behalf of the Council, I acknowledge with gratitude your letter of January 25, 1965, informing us of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier's gift of 26 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock; our receipt is enclosed.

We shall inform the Bank of New York as to disposition of the stock.

With very best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:slw
Enclosure - 1.

Recd 2/10/65

CURRIER & COMPANY
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10019
PLAZA 7-5920

January 25, 1965

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to let you know that arrangements have been made to transfer 26 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock with an approximate value of $1,500 to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. They have today authorized The Bank of New York, 530 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10036, to deliver these shares to a temporary account in the name of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. If you wish, The Bank of New York will be glad to arrange for the sale of these shares and to remit the net proceeds of the sale to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. I am enclosing a copy of this letter which you may find convenient for indicating to The Bank of New York your instructions as to the disposition of the shares.

This contribution is being made in accordance with your recent request.

As it is Mr. and Mrs. Currier's custom to make their contributions without publicity of any kind, would you kindly see that their wishes are respected in this matter and that their anonymity is preserved in every respect.

CURRIER & COMPANY

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Executive Director

January 25, 1965

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her in care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10019.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee J. Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. & Mrs. S. R. Currier

JLJE/mh

1-7-35-011

THE BANK OF NEW YORK

1/25/65

R 47629

ACCOUNT NO.
94003

IN REFERENCE TO ACCOUNT SAFEKEEPING GIFT ACCOUNT
SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL INC

WE HAVE ( ) PURCHASED AND WILL DEBIT ACCOUNT WHEN SECURITY IS RECEIVED
( ) RECEIVED AGAINST PAYMENT (X) RECEIVED FROM
GIFT FROM AUDREY CURRIER

TRADE DATE
SETTLEMENT DATE

26 GULF OIL CORPORATION PAR $8.33 1/3

PRICE

AMOUNT	BROKERAGE	FEDERAL TAX	STATE TAX	PRINCIPAL DEBIT	INCOME	TOTAL DEBIT

THE BANK OF NEW YORK

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE

2A

PLEASE KEEP THIS ADVICE AS IT MAY CONTAIN INFORMATION WHICH WILL BE REQUIRED IN YOUR FUTURE INCOME TAX RETURNS

March 16, 1965

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

The President's address of last night promises the conditions of which I spoke in answer to Mr. Garrison's question when I met with you on March 2. Until the bill is available for study one cannot be sure what effectiveness it will have, but hopefully it will for the first time make possible significantly large registration in the resistant areas -- Mississippi, and most of the states of Alabama and Louisiana.

Again depending on the terms of the bill, as well as litigation now pending, registration opportunities in Virginia for state elections may be greatly enhanced.

Arkansas, with a new and liberal voter registration law, is a state today without a single registered voter.

In Georgia and South Carolina, Negro registration is well below 50% of the eligibles.

These are the states in which I believe there is a special need for resumption of VEP-type activity. If resources are available, there remains much work to do in Florida, North Carolina, Tennessee, and Texas.

A sensible approach would seem to be to start as soon as possible to plan for and to organize work that would be undertaken at appropriate times, and after planning development, in the localities of each state. As I have indicated in earlier conversations, we believe that a renewed VEP should not have prior commitments with any of the national civil rights organizations, though it should be free to work or not to work with their local branches and programs.

We are prepared to pursue this further in any way you may think best, and to contribute suggestions for citizenship education that goes beyond VEP-type activity. If you would think it desirable, Wiley and I could come up to New York. It would seem to me that the other supporting foundations -- Field, Rockefeller Brothers, and Stern -- should also be involved in any consideration that may be given to a resumption of the work, but I shall be guided by your advice in this matter.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:slw

cc: Wiley Branton
Lloyd Garrison
Jane Lee Eddy (Mrs.)
John Wheeler
BC: Harold Fleming

File
Tacoma Fd

March 18, 1965

Mr. Peter H. McCreary
Assistant Vice President
The Bank of New York
530 Fifth Avenue
New York 36, New York

Dear Mr. McCreary:

Thank you for your letter of March 12 and the enclosed check for $11.70 representing the March 10 dividend on the 26 shares of Gulf Oil stock.

Frankly, I had delayed writing to you sooner because we had hoped Gulf Oil might recoup some of its losses since this gift was made to us. I suppose, however, that the amount of money involved does not justify delaying disposition of it. We would, therefore, be obliged to you if you would sell the stock whenever you see fit and forward the proceeds to us.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:slw

THE BANK OF NEW YORK
NEW YORK'S FIRST BANK - FOUNDED 1784 BY ALEXANDER HAMILTON

FIFTH AVENUE BANK OFFICE

PETER H. McCREARY
ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT

530 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 36, N.Y.

March 12, 1965

Mr. Leslie Dunbar, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I am enclosing our official check in the amount of $11.70 which represents the March 10 dividend on the 26 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation which we are holding for the Southern Regional Council, Inc.

Dividend on Stock 3/14/65 RHA

I should appreciate your letting me know as soon as is convenient what disposition you wish to make of the stock.

Very truly yours,

Peter H. McCreary

Assistant Vice President

Enclosure

$25,000 /
4/16/60
LK

PA ✓
MJ - file ✓

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

March 31, 1965

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

In accordance with our letter to you of November 5, 1964, we are pleased to forward to you at this time the Foundation's check in the amount of $25,000. This contribution represents the first of three equal annual grants in support of the State Councils on Human Relations.

In accordance with the Foundation's policy, we shall expect to receive reports on program development at six-month intervals during the life of the grant, and we shall expect a full financial accounting at the end of each year.

With kindest personal regards,

I am,

Stephen R. Currier

Stephen R. Currier
President

SRC/mh
Enclosure

All good wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Annual Report)

Foundations - Taconic

April 29, 1965

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

I thought you might like to have a copy of our annual report. The first pages deal with the Voter Education Project, and may be of special interest to you.

All good wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Annual Report)

Recd 5/7/65

File

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

May 5, 1965

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street N.W.
Atlanta
Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

As Mr. Currier is out of the city I am writing to thank you for sending him a copy of your annual report.

I shall be glad to give this to Mr. Currier when he returns to the office.

Sincerely yours,

Jill Watkinson

Miss Jill Watkinson
Secretary to Stephen R. Currier

file — Foundations — "Taconic"

May 18, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

It was delightful to see you, your beautiful daughters, and Harry.

I am sure urban America is enough of a problem for those of us who don't have to capitalize the name. Good luck to you.

Forget about Arkansas; and please give our thanks to Carl McCall for all his effort. We do appreciate it. We have worked it out, and have got a $1,000 grant to the Arkansas Council.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

file
Taconic Foundation

June 2, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary of the Foundation
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

Mr. Dunbar asked that I acknowledge receipt of the $1,160.62 check from the Taconic Foundation in payment of expenses incurred in connection with the Mississippi Study Project.

The Council is grateful for this contribution and our official receipt is enclosed for your files.

Sincerely yours,

Ruth House Alexander
Secretary-Treasurer

RHA/ha
Enclosure

Rec'd 6/1/65

RHA
pl. each

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

May 24, 1965

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Enclosed please find the Foundation's check in the amount of $1,160.62 in payment of expenses incurred in connection with the Mississippi Study Project.

With kindest personal regards,

I am,

Jane Lee J. Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary of the Foundation

JLJE/mh
Enclosure

Check
$1,160.62
6/1/65
MPA

VIA AIR MAIL

file

June 23, 1965

Mr. Stephen R. Currier, President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Stephen:

I thoroughly enjoyed our conversation in Washington on June 15. I value your advice as highly as I value your insights, and I hope that I may continue to have the benefit of both.

We do of course hope that Taconic will take favorable action on the NILE proposal, and I am glad to have had an opportunity to discuss it with you. Yesterday, John Ehle of the Ford Foundation spent the day here, and we agreed on the components which will go into our proposal to Ford. The labor union program will be included. Ford will act on the whole package, not, presumably, on individual items. What Ford may do with the SRC proposal remains highly speculative and, in any event, will not consider it until its September board meeting. This timing means, I think, that the best we can practically hope for is that Ford will take the second and third years of the project. I thought, however, you would like to know this development.

With all good wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:js

file

June 25, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Executive Director
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Enclosed are six advance copies of, "Encounter" by Pat Watters. I recommend it to you highly; we have as much satisfaction in it as with any SRC publication that has come out in my time here. You will recognize that it grows out of the Mississippi Summer Project which Taconic put us up to. We are grateful to the Foundation, both for the initial stimulus, and for support.

All best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:js
Enclosures - 6.

File - Foundations
Taconic

June 29, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

On behalf of the Council I acknowledge with gratitude your letter of May 24, 1965, and the enclosed check for $2,000 granted toward expenses incurred by us in connection with the evaluation of the Summer Teaching Program; our receipt is enclosed.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

Rec'd 6/1/65

File

Cr. ref. Summer Teaching Proj. 1964

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

May 24, 1965

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Enclosed please find the Foundation's check in the amount of $2,000 in payment of expenses incurred in connection with the evaluation of the Summer Teaching Program.

With kindest personal regards,

I am,

Jane Lee J. Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary of the Foundation

JLJE/mh
Enclosure

$2,000.00 Check
6/1/65
MPA

Foundations
Taconic, 1965

April 28, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

I have been negligent in reporting expenses to you for our evaluation of the Southern Teaching Program and for the Mississippi Study. I hope this has not inconvenienced you.

On the evaluation of STP we spent:

Fees for consultants	$ 1,925.00
Travel of consultants	1,201.72
Reproduction and distribution of report	200.00
Total:	$ 3,326.72

I seem to recall that when we undertook this last Summer you and I discussed a probable figure of $2,000.00. You may, therefore, justifiably think the expenditure too large; it is certainly larger than you committed. I do hope you feel the report was well done. It seems to have been well received and, most importantly, to have proved helpful in several ways to STP. The

persons we drew in as consultants are continuing in various ways their interest in STP; I believe Schulze has consulted some of them on 1965 plans and is using one or more at his New Haven orientation in May.

On the Mississippi Study Project we spent:

Fees for consultants	$ 600.00
Travel of consultants and staff	560.62
Total:	$ 1,160.62

In addition to my report to your board, the findings of this study have been most useful to us in our constant work of helping newspaper and magazine writers interpret events. They have also helped guide our policies and those of the Mississippi Council on Human Relations. I believe I told you earlier that, as by-products of this study, both Pat Watters and Reese Cleghorn have published Mississippi articles this year in the New York Times Magazine. I can now also inform you that the study laid the groundwork for a full-sized report on the movement which we have nearing completion.

May I use this letter also to transmit herewith our annual records: audit for 1964, budget for 1965, and program report for 1964.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures - 3.

File Income Fd. 1965

August 5, 1965

Mr. Ernest R. Dickson
The Bank of New York
530 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Dickson:

I am enclosing a copy of Currier and Company's letter to us of August 2, 1965, which I have signed according to the directions in the letter as authorization for you to sell 281 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock and to remit proceeds to us.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1.

XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY

COPY

August 2, 1965

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to let you know that arrangements have been made to transfer 281 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock with an approximate value of $15,000 to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. They have today authorized The Bank of New York, 530 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10036, to deliver these shares to a temporary account in the name of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. If you wish, The Bank of New York will be glad to arrange for the sale of these shares and to remit the net proceeds of the sale to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. I am enclosing a copy of this letter which you may find convenient for indicating to The Bank of New York your instructions as to the disposition of the shares.

This contribution represents the first of two equal annual grants to be matched in support of the education program for labor union leaders from the South.

As it is Mr. and Mrs. Currier's custom to make their contributions without publicity of any kind, would you kindly see that their wishes are respected in this matter and that their anonymity is preserved in every respect.

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Executive Director

August 2, 1965

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her in care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10019.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. & Mrs. S. R. Currier

JLJE/mh

cc: Mr. Joseph Mire

COPY

The Bank of New York
530 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10036

Attention: Mr. Ernest R. Dickson

Dear Mr. Dickson:

This will authorize you to sell the foregoing shares for our account and to remit the net proceeds of the sale to us.

Leslie W. Dunbar Signed

This will authorize you to have these shares registered in the name of the Southern Regional Council, Inc., 5 Forsyth Street, N. W., Atlanta 3, Georgia, and sent to that address for the attention of Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Executive Director.

_____ Signed

Re
File:
Income 7-1-1965

August 19, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Currier and Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

On behalf of the Council I acknowledge with deep thanks your letter of August 2, 1965 informing us that Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have granted 281 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock as the first of two equal, annual grants to be matched in support of the human relations program for southern labor union leaders. We requested the Bank of New York to sell this stock, and it has done so, forwarding to us $15,534.07 in net proceeds. Our receipt is enclosed.

This grant makes it possible for the program to go forward under the direction of Dr. Emory Via, who is taking leave of absence from his position as Associate Professor of Labor Education at the University of Wisconsin. We are fully confident that the program will be a valuable contribution, and we shall keep you advised of its progress.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (official receipt)

CURRIER & COMPANY
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10019
PLAZA 7-5920

August 2, 1965

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to let you know that arrangements have been made to transfer 281 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock with an approximate value of $15,000 to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. They have today authorized The Bank of New York, 530 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10036, to deliver these shares to a temporary account in the name of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. If you wish, The Bank of New York will be glad to arrange for the sale of these shares and to remit the net proceeds of the sale to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. I am enclosing a copy of this letter which you may find convenient for indicating to The Bank of New York your instructions as to the disposition of the shares.

This contribution represents the first of two equal annual grants to be matched in support of the education program for labor union leaders from the South.

As it is Mr. and Mrs. Currier's custom to make their contributions without publicity of any kind, would you kindly see that their wishes are respected in this matter and that their anonymity is preserved in every respect.

CURRIER & COMPANY

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Executive Director

August 2, 1965

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her in care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10019.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee J. Eddy

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. & Mrs. S. R. Currier

JLJE/mh

cc: Mr. Joseph Mire

File - Jacobus Fd - 1965

August 24, 1965

Mr. Ernest R. Dickson
The Bank of New York
530 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Dickson:

I am enclosing a copy of Currier and Company's letter to us of August 20, 1965, which I have signed according to the directions in the letter as authorization for you to sell 716 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock and to remit proceeds to us.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director, Designate

PW/mmj
Enclosure - 1.

August 20, 1965

COPY

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to let you know that arrangements have been made to transfer 716 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock with an approximate value of $40,000 to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. They have today authorized The Bank of New York, 530 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10036, to deliver these shares to a temporary account in the name of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. If you wish, The Bank of New York will be glad to arrange for the sale of these shares and to remit the net proceeds of the sale to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. I am enclosing a copy of this letter which you may find convenient for indicating to The Bank of New York your instructions as to the disposition of the shares.

This contribution represents the third and final equal annual grant in support of the general program of the Southern Regional Council, Inc.

As it is Mr. and Mrs. Currier's custom to make their contributions without publicity of any kind, would you kindly see that their wishes are respected in this matter and that their anonymity is preserved in every respect.

Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Director

August 20, 1965

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her in care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10019.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. & Mrs. S. R. Currier

JLJE/mh

COPY

The Bank of New York
530 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10036

Attention: Mr. Ernest R. Dickson

Dear Mr. Dickson:

This will authorize you to sell the foregoing shares for our account and to remit the net proceeds of the sale to us.

Paul Anthony Signed

This will authorize you to have these shares registered in the name of the Southern Regional Council, Inc., 5 Forsyth Street, N. W., Atlanta 3, Georgia, and sent to that address for the attention of Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Director.

_____ Signed

File Income Fd. 1965

August 24, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Currier & Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of August 20 announcing Mr. and Mrs. Currier's gift of 716 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock. We accept this contribution as the third and final instalment of the 3-year grant made to us by letter of December 26, 1962. Our official receipt is enclosed.

Please express to Mr. & Mrs. Currier our deepest gratitude.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director, Designate

PA/mmj
Enclosure - 1.

CURRIER & COMPANY
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10019
PLAZA 7-5920

August 20, 1965

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to let you know that arrangements have been made to transfer 716 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock with an approximate value of $40,000 to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. They have today authorized The Bank of New York, 530 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10036, to deliver these shares to a temporary account in the name of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. If you wish, The Bank of New York will be glad to arrange for the sale of these shares and to remit the net proceeds of the sale to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. I am enclosing a copy of this letter which you may find convenient for indicating to The Bank of New York your instructions as to the disposition of the shares.

This contribution represents the third and final equal annual grant in support of the general program of the Southern Regional Council, Inc.

As it is Mr. and Mrs. Currier's custom to make their contributions without publicity of any kind, would you kindly see that their wishes are respected in this matter and that their anonymity is preserved in every respect.

CURRIER & COMPANY

Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Director

August 20, 1965

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her in care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10019.

Sincerely yours,

Jane Lee J. Eddy
By: C V Bergen

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. & Mrs. S. R. Currier

JLJE/mh

$39.36 631.02 362.02

File - Income Tax 1965

via air mail September 1, 1965

Miss Marilyn Hainesworth
Currier & Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Miss Hainesworth:

I am sorry for the error. Enclosed is a corrected receipt.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Mildred M. Johnson
Secretary to theDirector

MMJ
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

CURRIER & COMPANY
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10019
PLAZA 7-5920

August 31, 1965

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director, Designate
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Reference is made to your letter of August 24th and the receipt which accompanied it. The number of shares involved with the gift in support of the general program of the Southern Regional Council was 716 with an approximate value of $40,000. The receipt is incorrectly made out for $10,000. Would you be good enough to issue a new receipt for the correct amount of the transfer.

Sincerely yours,

Marilyn Hainesworth
(Miss) Marilyn Hainesworth

Encls.

Southern Regional Council, Inc.

5 FORSYTH STREET, N. W. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

Date Aug. 24, 1965

ACKNOWLEDGES WITH APPRECIATION THE CONTRIBUTION OF $10,000.00

— FROM —

Name Mrs. Stephen R. Currier

Address 666 Fifth Avenue

City, State New York, New York

DATE
REC'D 8/26/65
R. L.
ACK.

FOR SUPPORT OF ITS PROGRAM
General operations

Ruth Hause Alexander
Secretary-Treasurer

JOHN H. WHEELER, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
JOSEPHINE WILKINS, VICE-PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, VICE-PRESIDENT
STEPHEN J. WRIGHT, VICE-PRESIDENT
RAYMOND M. WHEELER, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
LESLIE W. DUNBAR, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Southern Regional Council, Inc.

5 FORSYTH STREET, N. W. ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30303
JAckson 2-8764

DATE
REC'D 8/26/65
R. L.
ACK.

August 24, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee J. Eddy
Currier & Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of August 20 announcing Mr. and Mrs. Currier's gift of 716 shares of Gulf Oil Corporation Capital Stock. We accept this contribution as the third and final instalment of the 3-year grant made to us by letter of December 26, 1962. Our official receipt is enclosed.

Please express to Mr. & Mrs. Currier our deepest gratitude.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony

Paul Anthony
Executive Director, Designate

PA/mmj
Enclosure - 1.

XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY

File - Taconic Fd. 1965

September 1, 1965

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

May the retiring head boy of the Southern Regional Council add his sentences of thanks? Paul Anthony wrote to Jane Lee on August 24 acknowledging your most recent contribution to the Council. Better than he can yet be aware, I know what your support and counsel has meant to us and, if I may say so, to me personally these last 4½ years.

The Taconic Foundation sets a hard example of creative philanthrophy. I hope I have learned a little bit from watching you.

All good wishes to you, Mrs. Currier, and Jane Lee, and I hope you will call on me in my new job often.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

File
Taconic Fd. 1965
Cr. ref
Vep. 1965

September 22, 1965

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

I believe that Harold spoke to you some days ago regarding our intention of preparing some program ideas for voter education in the South. As you and I had discussed almost a year ago, to do so was appropriate to our VEP responsibilities and I am sorry that we were not in a position to undertake it earlier.

I am enclosing, herewith, a memorandum we have now prepared. As you can note on pages 1 and 2, in preparing the memorandum we interviewed quite a number of people. By and large, these interviews turned out to be less fruitful of new ideas than of affording an opportunity for testing ideas in conversation. I think we could fairly say, moreover, that among the people we interviewed there was virtual unanimity as to the need.

This memorandum has also been submitted to Stern and to Field, the two other principal contributors to VEP. Because of RWF's large contribution to VEP I am sending a copy to David Freeman.

I shall soon be gone from SRC, but I am sure Paul Anthony and his associates will be ready to develop implementing plans for any portions of the memorandum.

Best regards.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mm:j
Enclosure - 1. (Programming for Civic Education)

cc: Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy

Bc: David Hunter
Vernon Eagle

October 19, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

At an early date, perhaps next week, I hope we can talk about a number of things, including the matter of state Councils directly approaching Taconic. As you can see from the enclosed I am, today, writing Stephen about the possibility of visiting your offices next week.

I look forward to seeing you then, if that is at all possible.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosure - 1.

Rec'd 10/18/65

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

October 11, 1965

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Paul:

This is my first chance to write to you in your new capacity, and I want to tell you how much we at Taconic look forward to working with you as Southern Regional Council's executive.

Periodically we receive a request from State Councils. As you will see from the enclosed copies of correspondence, the most recent group of requests have caused us to restate a policy which we have generally adhered to in the past. I hope none of the local people will misinterpret this decision as lack of interest, but I know you will understand that we feel we need your judgment, guidance, and recommendation in relation to requests from individual councils.

With all good wishes,

Jane Lee

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary of the Foundation

JLJE/jt

Enclosures:

COPY

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10019

October 8, 1965

Mrs. Frances Pauley
Executive Director
Georgia Council on Human Relations
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mrs. Pauley:

Mr. McCall has told me what a nice visit he had with you earlier in the fall. I am sorry to have missed you.

Subsequently, we have done some thinking here in the Foundation about our relationship with the State Councils. The upshot of discussions is that the Foundation has decided that we should not entertain direct requests from individual state councils but that we should consider any special needs through the Southern Regional Council itself. Of course we hope you will continue to send us reports and keep us informed on any developments which you feel we should be aware of.

With very best wishes,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary of the Foundation

JLJE/jt

cc: Mr. Paul Anthony

COPY

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

October 8, 1965

Mr. William F. Roberts
Chairman
South Carolina Council on
Human Relations
1330 Laurel Street
Columbia, South Carolina

Dear Mr. Roberts:

Mr. McCall has told me of his interesting conversation with you and your wife.

I am writing to tell you that subsequently the Foundation has given considerable thought to the question of individual proposals from State Councils on Human Relations. We have concluded that in view of our support to state councils through the Southern Regional Council itself, any individual requests for special funds should be submitted to Taconic through the SRC.

I would therefore suggest that you be in touch with Paul Anthony about the needs of the Student Council's program.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
Secretary of the Foundation

JLJE/jt

cc: Mr. Paul Anthony

October 5, 1965

Mr. David H. Scull
President
The Virginia Council on Human Relations
17 East Cary Street
Richmond 19, Virginia

Dear Mr. Scull:

Thank you for your letter of September 27 which brings me up to date on the situation of the Virginia Council on Human Relations.

While I am interested to know of the Council's work and progress, I want to tell you that it is the Taconic Foundation's policy to provide any support for state councils through the Southern Regional Council itself. It is true that in the past we have occasionally made grants to individual councils, but the Board has decided that we will consolidate all our grants for such purposes through the Southern Regional Council.

I do not know about the chances you might have with the Old Dominion Foundation. I would suggest that a direct, forthright approach would be best.

It is a pleasure to hear from you, and I appreciate being brought up to date on the work you are doing.

I am,

Sincerely yours,

Stephen R. Currier

XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY XERO COPY

via air mail

October 19, 1965

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Stephen:

On October 28-30 I shall be in New York. If possible, I would like very much to see you during that time. The only commitment at this point is for 11:00 a.m., on the 29th. Unless I hear from you in the meantime, I'll call your office on the morning of the 28th to determine if we can get together.

Very probably several of us should get together to discuss some plans for a new VEP, but I would appreciate an opportunity for the two of us to talk about this before hand. As you probably know, we have just received notice of a grant from the Ford Foundation of $324,000 a year for 3 years. This, too, I would like to discuss with you.

If your schedule permits I look forward to seeing you next week.

All best wishes.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

Original w/PA
File: Foundations - Taconic
1965

November 22, 1965

Mr. H. Carl McCall
Project Director
The Taconic Foundation
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Carl:

We are delighted that you will be with us on the 29th, and will hold that date open to do whatever we can to make your visit worthwhile. As I mentioned earlier, let us know if there is anything we can arrange, either in Atlanta or elsewhere.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

File

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

MN

November 23, 1965

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul:

I am glad we had a chance to say hello in Washington, although there was not much time for more than that. I returned here to find that my scheduled visit to Atlanta on November 29 through December 2 must be changed. I had planned to meet with several college people during that time. Now I find that the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools will be meeting on those dates and the people I wanted to see will not be available.

I would like to push the trip up to the following week which means I will be in Atlanta on Monday, December 6, and would like to reserve that day and be available to you.

Please let me know if this will be convenient for you.

Sincerely yours,

Carl

H. Carl McCall
Project Director

HCM:kbf

See Taconic Fd - 1965

Cr. Ref - Vep - 1965 - Proposal

December 7, 1965

Mr. Stephen R. Currier
President
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Currier:

Enclosed is a request for a proposed project concerned with voter registration and leadership training. We shall deeply appreciate the Foundation's consideration of this proposal.

Please let us know if there is any additional information which you feel is needed.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Proposal - Citizenship Participation)

See Vep project - 1965

File
Foundations -
Jacobs

December 13, 1965

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Perhaps this should go to Carl McCall, I'm not sure. But to my chagrin, after the rush of getting out the VEP proposal we have discovered an error in the budget. The figure for "salaries and benefits" should have been $48,500 rather than $38,500, and the total should have been $358,900.

Perhaps the gremlins will some day either leave us alone, or we'll get organized.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

Rec'd 12/15/65

File: Foundations: Taconic

MS file

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.
666 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10019

December 13, 1965

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul:

I want you to know how much I enjoyed my recent visit to Atlanta and the opportunity I had to meet with you and other members of the SRC staff. I am grateful to you for all the time you gave me and the opportunity provided for me to learn first-hand about some of your exciting programs. My visit was much too brief and I do hope I will have other opportunities to come again.

Jane Lee has received your new proposal and wants you to know that it will be considered very soon. I am sure you will hear from her sometime before Christmas.

Thanks again for your time and hospitality. I send my best wishes for your continued success as the Director of a vital organization in the life of our country.

Sincerely yours,

Carl

H. Carl McCall
Project Director

HCM:kbf

Taconic Foundation Report · December 1965

Race Relations *(continued)*	Amount	Year
Potomac Institute, Inc., Washington, D.C.		
To support research, educational and action programs designed to eliminate racial discrimination and advance equal opportunity for all Americans	$ 25,000	1962
	103,724	1963
	136,455	1964
Princeton University, Princeton, N. J.		
For a study of racial discrimination in the policies or practices of firms supplying the Federal government	5,000	1960
Puerto Rican Hispanic Leadership Forum, Inc., New York City		
To support an educational and vocational guidance service for Puerto Rican youth in New York City	20,000	1961
	20,000	1962
	5,000	1963
	15,000	1964
Southern Regional Council, Inc., Atlanta, Ga.		
To support basic research, educational and action programs designed to further racial understanding and attain equal rights of citizenship and opportunity for all people in the South	2,500	1959
	25,000	1960
	35,000	1962
	25,000	1963
	40,000	1964
To encourage the development and strengthening of state and local councils on human relations in 12 Southern states	25,000	1960
	25,000	1962
	25,000	1963
	25,000	1964

Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

To: H.F. Date 12/8

From: Jane Lee J. Eddy

Random notes re Hampton

Did I mention that Rev. James Robinson planned be a key person in concocting the scheme? He knows opinion at all levels as well or better than anyone.

Also, there is some impression that the Lincoln orientation program might be a

Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

To: Date

From: Jane Lee J. Eddy

good thing to do at Howard.

Incidentally, Willa Player, Pres. of Bennett was in. She already has 10-12 African students & desperately wants A Program including exchange, etc. The exchange part seems naive, but she appeared

Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

To: Date

From: Jane Lee J. Eddy

to be a pretty able lady. at least her students are highly motivated to learn — unusual enough on the higher educa. scene.

JL

TACONIC FOUNDATION
INC.

Expenses incurred on behalf of Taconic Foundation for:

Dates:_____

TRAVEL	$_____
HOTEL	_____
TAXIS & FARES	_____
FOOD	_____
MISCELLANEOUS	_____
TOTAL	_____

Date:_____ Signed:_____

Please fill out this form and return to Taconic Foundation, Inc., 666 Fifth Avenue, New York 19, New York.

/mh

NJ-file: Foundations: Taconic

PA
LM

DRAFT

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.

Dear Jane Lee:

At your request and Harold's, we have estimated ~~the level of~~ the budget for Operation Opportunity. This is ~~the~~ the name for what we are doing; Potomac may use its own name.

As you know, the primary concern was staff. We ~~do~~ believe that the success of the Project depends on having available someone to give it day to day, undivided attention. This does not mean that this person will represent SRC's complete staff involvement ~~xxx~~ by any means. He will work under the ~~direct~~ guidance s~~upervision~~ of the Director of Field Activities ~~x~~ (Paul Anthony) who will, himself, be actively engaged in the project, as ~~will~~ shall I. In addition, we shall be calling on our research and information staff, and on the field services of Benjamin Muse.

A basic premise to our budgetary estimates is that SRC has responsibilities which we should discharge whether or not a special project has been established. Consequently, the budget estimates are intended to reflect solely the added expenses to SRC for performing a coordinating function in the ~~for~~ field work of other agencies and persons.

As you know, the person we selected as coordinator is Louis Mitchell, Director of the Florida Council on

Human Relations. We believe Lou is uniquely qualified, as I believe you will agree if , as I hope will be the case, you have occasion to meet him. The Florida Council, ~~did,~~ most commendably we think, granted Lou a leave of absence for a three to six month period. He began his duties March 16, 1964.

We agreed to pay Lou a salary at exactly the rate which he has been getting with the Florida Council, plus ~~a~~ his salary ~~he has been paid on a~~ for preaching on a regular basis ~~for preaching~~ at a Daytona Beach Episcopal Church. In addition, we have granted him a living allowance in consideration of the fact that while his family is in Daytona Beach he has to support, as it were, two households. We have agreed to pay rent on a downtown furnished efficiency apartment, and Atlanta apartments now are approaching New York prices. Finally, we have agreed to reimburse Lou for two (2) trips per month home; this will help him not only to keep acquainted with his wife and five children, but to look after office details at the Florida Council.

The other expenses included in the budget are travel for him, ~~,~~ And a figure for printing, conferences, etc. I would like to say a word about the latter. I am sure there will be one or more SRC publications. We do not intend to charge these to the project on the premise that this is something we ought to do anyhow. If, however, it seems desirable to make extra ~~heavy~~ printing runs because of the project, we would charge the over-runs to the project. We do not intend to charge conferences as long as we can persuade the other

more

agencies to keep on paying their own way. The figure we have below may help, however, with contingencies that come up. Frankly, ~~it is~~ the figure below to low to be very meaningful for printing over-runs; we were trying to keep within the $15,000, and anyway none of this may be used for that purpose. What we ~~did~~ hope is that any over-runs could be financed by sale to other agencies.

Included in the figures is an SRC overhead charge (which will be applied against actual expenses, not estimates) to cover telephone, mailing, and other office expenses of the coordinator, and such additional travel and other expenses as Paul Anthony and I or others here may incur because of the project.

I would like to emphasize that the estimates below are for six (6) months. If it is not necessary to keep Mitchell here this long, the figures will decrease proportionately.

Because of all this we are very much in favor of what I understand to be your wish; that is, to make payment of the grant to us as funds are required. We are short of cash now, and if an initial $5,000 could be paid at once, with other payments as required pending a final accounting, we would be grateful.

However, if Taconic could conveniently forward to us now all, or a substantial portion, of its 1964 grant to SRC for general support, we would be in a position to carry, , I think, this project through to its conclusion without additional funds in advance. We could then give you whatever accounting you needed at the termination of the Project, for reimbursement up to the agreed upon $15,000. I

might add that this is the procedure we would much prefer.

Estimated Budget

Coordinator

Salary, Living Allowance, Apartment, Trips to Florida	~~$5,187.50~~ ~~(@ rate of $10,375 per yr.)~~	~~$7677.50~~
Living Allowance	600.00 (@ rate of $100 per mo.)	
Atlanta apartment	1,050.00 (@ $175.00 per mo.)	
Trips home	840.00 (@ two per mo.)	
~~Total:~~		~~$7,677.50~~
Travel of Coordinator		3,000.00
Printing, conferences, etc.		2,250.00
		$12,927.50
Overhead (15%)		1,939.00
		$14,966.50
		14866.50

With best regards,

Sincerely yours, LWD

NOTE TO LWD.

On final typing the budget will appear in better form.

Files: Jun. C.R.C.

DRAFT

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Eddy:

I was overjoyed to hear from Harold Fleming that the Taconic Foundation will make it possible for me to provide the assistance to the state advisory committees to the United States Commission on Civil Rights which they so urgently need at this time. I wish to express my deep personal appreciation and that of the Race Relations Department for the Foundation's very tangible evidence of your confidence in this project.

Harold advises me that you want to know to whom the funds should be given and would like evidence of the recipient's tax-exemption. The Race Relations Department is a division of the Board of Home Missions of the Congregational Christian Churches. As such, it enjoys, of course, the Church's normal tax-exempt status.

Please direct the funds to the Race Relations Department, Congregational Christian Churches, and mail to Fisk University, Nashville (for processing and analyzing SAB-CCR employment data.)

Please express my personal thanks to Mr. Currier not only for his interest in this endeavor, but also for several others in the field of my major interest, intergroup relations, which I feel important and timely.

Sincerely,

John Hope, II

$600 to Houston
Carries funds.

This is a request for a renewal of the $25,000 grant extended for aid to state councils on human relations during 1959.

The funds received in 1959 were responsible for the survival of several of the nine state council organizations. In other cases they strenthened and assisted state programming and made possible special efforts in new directions.

The state councils are active in nine key states of the South. They remain the main channels in these states for planning and action by Southerners on an inter-racial basis. They in turn coordinate and assist scores of local inter-racial councils and committees in communities across the South. These groups will be increasingly needed in the months and years ahead as the momentum of change steps up throughout the South.

Although the state councils all conduct fund raising efforts in their own behalf they can raise only a portion of funds required to maintain full-time staff and carry out energetic state-wide programming. The Southern Regional Council is allocating around $33,000 of general funds to the state councils during 1960. If another $25,000 could be made available for these purposes there would be more than a corresponding increase in the activity and effectiveness of some of these groups.

Aid to state groups during 1959 and contemplated from SRC funds for 1960 as follows:

(insert sheet made up for executive committee showing regular aid '59, special grant '59, suggested SRC aid '60).

It should be noted that $2,000 of last year's grant, the money originally set aside for council groups in Louisiana and Texas, was not allocated to these states. In our opinion these groups did not

PROPOSED ALLOCATIONS TO STATE ORGANIZATIONS, 1960

State	Special Grant 1959*	Regular Allocation 1959	Suggested Allocation 1960
Alabama	$3,500	$4,200	$4,200
Arkansas	2,500	3,600	3,500
Florida	2,500	3,500	3,900
Georgia	2,500	3,800	3,500
Kentucky	1,000	2,000	1,500
Louisiana	0	600	0
North Carolina	2,500	4,000	3,900
South Carolina	3,000	3,800	3,900
Tennessee	2,500	3,500	3,500
Texas	0	2,000	0
Virginia	3,000	4,000	3,900
State Aid Discretionary Fund			1,200
Total	$23,000	$35,000	$33,000

* from anonymous donation

develop sufficient activities during 1959 to justify this further assistance. No aid to these groups is planned during 1960. The $2,000 was used primarily for program help to local groups and other special work in Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas where there are no staffed state councils on a full basis. Speakers and other consultants were made available in these areas.

The Southern Regional Council proposes to distribute the amount suggested among the state councils on the basis of need and merit. It would not be feasible at this time to indicate the breakdown of the funds. They should be used in such a way as to stimulate the maximum amount of self-help and program expansion. It is entirely possible that to achieve this end some councils will receive much larger sums than others.

Following is a brief description of each state group in terms of its activity during 1959 and planned emphasis during 1960.

ALABAMA. In the state which is emerging as the center of resistance to desegregation the Alabama Council has been able to survive as a center of bi-racial communication. This group has 600 members and assists six local, affiliated committees. The Rev. Robert Hughes, executive director of the group, has worked extensively through religious channels. The Alabama Council has organized a state-wide inter-racial ministers group. During 1960 the Alabama Council plans to expand into new areas of the state, to carry through a larger educational effort in existing white organizations, to bring together groups of college students across racial lines.

ARKANSAS. The Arkansas Council operates primarily as a strategy center for individuals and groups working for better human relations in the state. The Arkansas Council is the only state council with two professional staff members, one white and one Negro.

During 1959 the Arkansas staff was very active in Little Rock and

in the Dollarway school crisis in Pine Bluff. There were conferences with school superintendents in the western part of the state; there were efforts to locate and help develop Negro leadership in several key, semi-rural Arkansas communities.

FLORIDA. The Florida Council has over 700 members, works through 11 local community groups. This year the FCHR was active in preparing the Dade County area for the orderly acceptance of school desegregation. The group completed a survey of the situation of the Latin-American population of the Miami area and coordinated an inter-agency evaluation of the civil rights situation in Dade County.

Next year the Council intends to expand into new communities. Also planned is the organization of a state consultative group of specialists which could be available to local communities facing problems in human relations. The Florida Council is working on a state-wide consideration of the state of human relations by a conference which would be co-sponsored by the state bar, the state PTA, the United Churchwomen, and others.

GEORGIA. The focus of the Georgia Council during 1959 has been on the Atlanta situation. With the Atlanta school board facing a probable desegregation order for the fall of 1960 it is expected that Atlanta will be a critical spot in the whole school crisis during the coming year.

The main branch of the Atlanta Public Library was quietly desegregated through the efforts of the Georgia Council this year, largely. In preparation for the school desegregation showdown the Georgia Council sponsored a series of special half-hour Television programs featuring the school superintendants of Baltimore, Washington, and Louisville. In each case the guest was closely questioned by a panel of prominent Atlantans.

KENTUCKY. With the schools of the state well along toward desegregation the Kentucky Council is currently concentrating on merit employment problems and on the process of teacher integration.

Merit employment surveys are ~~well~~ under way in Louisville and in Lexington. Efforts have been made to place 1959 ~~graduax~~ Negro graduates in non-traditional jobs in these cities and ~~xxxx~~ several firms have agreed to change their employment pattern.

NORTH CAROLINA. The North Carolina Council this year has carried forward two special efforts, one in the area of merit employment, the other an effort in communication and eduation with key leadership figures in the state. The merit employment effort was concentrated in Durham and in Raleigh. A survey has recently been completed on the Durham situation and follow-up conferences are planned with ~~key~~ employers.

Monthly mailings of special materials have gone out to several hundred educators and political leaders in the state. The funds to provide for printing and postage in connection with this effort have been exhausted.

SOUTH CAROLINA. The South Carolina Council is the only inter-racial group which continues to be active in the state. Working ~~a~~ quietly and primarily with and through existing groups, the SCCHR this year has been instrumental in organizing a state adult education council, pooling the educational efforts of the state's leading Negro organizations. Next year the South Carolina Council hopes to stage a series of leadership workshop to bring together inter-racial representation from various communities on neutral ground.

TENNESSEE. The Tennessee Council, completing its first year of staffed operation, has launched a formidable program and shows great potentialities for 1960. The climate of opinion in Tennessee is such that the group has relatively easy access to ~~important~~ significant individuals and groups.

The council is concentrating efforts on the school problem in Nashville and in Memphis. There have been a number of approaches to public leadership in Nashville to ensure that the "Nashville Plan" of grade by grade desegregation be administered in good faith. There have been conferences with Negro parents to encourage more widespread use of the plan by qualified Negro students.

In Memphis the Council is working through sympathetic officials to encourage the voluntary acceptance of a desegregation plan for this conservative city. Next year the Council also plans an attack on job discrimination in Nashville. It is hoped that this effort can be carried out in cooperation with the Tennessee Advisory Committee of the Civil Rights Commission.

VIRGINIA. The Virginia Council during 1959 increased its membership to 1400 and organized four new local groups affiliated with the VCHR. The Council employed a new director in the summer of 1959, Daniel Bowers, a native of Georgia and an ordained Presbyterian minister.

The VCHR has been active in trouble-shooting crisis situations in Front Royal, in Norfolk and in Prince Edward County. In Front Royal the Council has been the principal agency of communication between Negro leadership, public officials, and moderate white leaders in the community. The Council arranged several conferences between the school superintendent and legal counsel of the NAACP.

During the 1959-60 year the VCHR plans to publish an analysis of the Norfolk experience, concentrate on job discrimination in Charlottsville and in Fairfax County and organize new groups in Norfolk and in Radford.

Write Yarmolinsky file

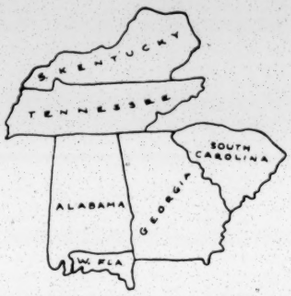
file

Southeast Convention

CONGREGATIONAL CHRISTIAN CHURCHES

REV. JAMES H. LIGHTBOURNE, JR.
SUPERINTENDENT

REV. ANNIE R. CAMPBELL
MINISTER OF CHRISTIAN EDUCATION



MRS. ARNOLD SLATER
MODERATOR

MR. W. J. STRICKLAND
TREASURER

673 PIEDMONT AVENUE, N. E., ATLANTA 8, GEORGIA
TELEPHONE: TRINITY 4-2558

December 9, 1958

Mr. Paul Anthony
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Paul:

Mrs. Albright called me on Saturday concerning names of Congregational Christian ministers in the parish ministry who have been doing solid work in race relations and to whom recognition should be given.

It is as obvious to you as to me that many ministers who are doing solid work cannot be recognized because to do so would put an end to their efforts. More often than not the minister's congregation is his first problem and quite properly the object of his efforts. It is rare that minister and congregation together bring to bear their Christian influence upon the community.

I have full confidence in the judgement of the Southern Regional Council. However, I must remind you, and once again I know you are as much aware of this as I am, that the source of any recognition and financial gifts is of relevance.

I am glad to have the opportunity to present several names to you, but I do request that you contact any you propose to recognize and determine whether, in the mind of the minister, such recognition would be helpful or harmful.

The list is attached to this letter.

I know that you are delighted to have Mrs. Albright working with you. She is greatly missed here, but we rejoice in your good fortune.

Very truly yours,

Jim

James H. Lightbourne, Jr.

List for Southern Regional Council

Rev. Thomas Anderson, 675 Piedmont Ave., N.E., Atlanta 8, Ga. Pastor of Central Congregational Church, signer of both Atlanta "Manifestos". Central Church one of first in Atlanta to permit inter-racial meetings and meals.

Rev. Clyde C. Flannery, 722 Bresslyn Rd., Nashville, Tenn. Pastor of Brookmeade Congregational Christian Church. Long active in inter-racial activities. Church permits inter-racial activities and members of other races to attend services.

Rev. Arnold Slater, 1800 Crestwood Drive, Chattanooga 5, Tenn. Pastor of Pilgrim Congregational Church. Long active in inter-racial activities. Church permits certain inter-racial activities. Church members, influenced by pastor, active on community front.

Rev. George D. Alley, Box 364, Suffolk, Virginia. Pastor of Suffolk Christian Church. Chairman, Race Relations Committee of Congregational Christian Churches.

Rev. Hubert S. Beckwith, P.O. Box 186, Annandale, Va. Pastor Fairfax County Congregational Church. President, Virginia Conference on Human Relations.

Rev. Beverly R. Cosby, 4415 Boonsboro Rd., Lynchburg, Va. Pastor, Church of the Covenant. (I'm not familiar with his work and do not know him, but understand he has done interesting things. You might check.)

Rev. Gaylord B. Noyce, 1326 Dixie Trail, Raleigh, N.C. Pastor the United Church. Long active in inter-racial activities. Church has DVBS with neighbor Negro CC Church.

Rev. Olin B. Pendleton, 129 Hardy Ave., Norfolk 6, Va. Pastor First Congregational Christian Church. Has assumed several positions of leadership in Norfolk Ministerial and Church groups in inter-racial matters.

Rev. Charles M. Jones, 379 Tenney Circle, Chapel Hill, N.C. Pastor of Community Church. Mr. Jones used to be a Presbyterian. Long been active in inter-racial activities. I understand church is liberal at this point.

For other names I would suggest that you write to the following:
Supt. W. T. Scott, Southern Convention, Elon College, N.C.
Supt. Royal J. Gibson, Central South Conference, 231 N.W. 13th St., Oklahoma City 3, Okla.
Supt. Robbins Ralph, Florida Conference, P.O. Box 1056, Avon Park, Florida

December 14, 1958

Mr. Adam Yarmolinsky
c/o Stephen Currier & Co.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, N. Y.

Dear Adam:

Here is a list of Southern ministers who have given notable leadership in race relations. I have a few more names that need checking for exact name of church, address, and so on; time permitting, I'll send you a supplement. If you find you have to be selective, let me know and I will assign some priorities.

As we agreed, the letter transmitting a contribution should be cast in terms that will permit the clergyman maximum flexibility in handling it. Announcement, even to their congregations, that a gift was made because of racial liberalism would compromise all but a few of the ministers listed. Otherwise, I think it would strengthen both their morales and their positions.

Out of respect for my secretary I should make it clear that the list, like this letter, is a weekend do-it-yourself job.

All the best.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming

Up to $2500

Rev. Thomas R. Thrasher (SRC)
Church of the Ascension (Episcopal)
315 Clanton Street
Montgomery, Alabama

Rev. Herman L. Turner (SRC)
Covenant Presbyterian Church
2461 Peachtree Rd., N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Rev. Dow Kirkpatrick (SRC)
St. Mark Methodist Church
781 Peachtree St., N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Rev. Hubert Beckwith (SRC)
Congregational Christian Church of Fairfax County
P. O. Box 186
Annandale, Virginia

Rabbi Charles Mantinband (SRC)
The Temple
808 Mamie Street
Hattiesburg, Mississippi

Rev. Colbert S. Cartwright (SRC)
Pulaski Heights Christian Church
Hillcrest & Spruce Streets
Little Rock, Arkansas

Rev. William Abbott (VCHR)
Oakdale Presbyterian Church
Norfolk, Virginia

Rev. Edward A. Cahill (SRC)
United Liberal Church
605 Boulevard, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Up to $1,000

Rev. Allen Phillips SRC
Wesley Memorial Methodist Church
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Rev. Robert B. McNeill SRC
First Presbyterian Church
~~First Avenue at 11th~~ St.
~~Columbus, Georgia~~ Brown Memorial Presby. Ch.
Charleston, W. Va.

Up to $1,000 (continued)

Rev. Charles M. Jones (WDC)
Community Church
379 Tenney Circle
Chapel Hill, N. C.

Rev. Duncan Hunter (SRC)
First Methodist Church
Semmes & Green Streets
Alexander City, Ala.

Rev. Paul Stagg (VCHR)
First Baptist Church
Front Royal, Va.

Rev. Alfred Hobart (ACHR)
Unitarian Church
Birmingham, Ala.

Rev. Preston Hughes (ACHR)
Mt. Tabor Methodist Church
Robinhood Road
Winston-Salem, N. C.

Rev. Blake Smith (WDC)
University Baptist Church
Austin, Texas

Rev. James Brewer (VCHR)
Norfolk Unitarian Church
Norfolk, Va.

Up to $500

Rev. O. Norman Shands (SRC)
West End Baptist Church
1040 Gordon St., S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Rev. Carl Garrison (Morris)
St. Bartholomew's Episcopal Church
Hartsville, S. C.

Rev. Robert E. Lee (SRC)
Lutheran Church of the Redeemer
731 Peachtree St., N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Rev. Gaylord B. Noyce (Lighthouse)
The United Church
1326 Dixie Trail
Raleigh, N. C.

Up to $500 (continued)

Rev. Olin B. Pendleton (VCHR)
First Congregational Christian Church
129 Hardy Avenue
Norfolk 6, Va.

Rev. Robert Scott (Grissmed, WDC)
Primrose Methodist Church
Little Rock, Ark.

Rev. W. A. Willcox (Grissmed) (Trouble-returned?)
St. Mark's Episcopal Church
Little Rock, Ark.

Rev. T. B. Hay (Grissmed)
Pulaski Heights Presbyterian Church
Little Rock, Ark.

Rev. William Wilson (VCHR)
Tuckahoe Presbyterian Church
Richmond, Va.

Rev. James Fox (VCHR)
Marlow Heights Baptist Church
Front Royal, Va.

Rabbi Emmet Frank (VCHR, FBR)
Temple Beth-El
Alexandria, Va.

Rev. James Weldon (SRC)
Jonesboro Methodist Church
Jonesboro, Ga.

Father Alexander O. Sigur (SRC)
Our Lady Seat of Wisdom Church
Lafayette, La.

Rev. Henry Cheetham (VCHR)
Thomas Jefferson Unitarian Church
Charlottesville, Va.

Rabbi Jacob Rothschild (SRC)
The Temple
Peachtree Road
Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. Olof Anderson (SRC)
Harvey-Browne Memorial Presbyterian Church
4213 Churchway
Louisville, Kentucky

Up to $500

Rev. Styles Lines (WDC)
The Episcopal Church
Camden, S. C.

Rev. John Rutland (Hughes)
Woodlawn Methodist Church
Birmingham, Ala.

Rev. Ernest Flaniken (Hughes)
Central Park Presbyterian Church
Birmingham, Ala.

Rev. John Leith (Hughes).
~~Auburn Presbyterian Church~~ Union Theol. Seminary
~~Auburn, Ala.~~ Richmond Va.

Rev. Eugene Peacock (Hughes)
St. Francis Street Methodist Church
Mobile, Ala.

Rev. Tom Butts (Hughes)
Michigan Ave. Methodist Church
Mobile, Ala.

not Pastor Rev. Carl Landes (Hughes)
(Congregational Christian Church)
Wadley, Ala.

Rev. Otis Kirby (Hughes)
First Methodist Church
Sylacauga, Ala.

Rev. Fletcher McLeod (Hughes) (Trouble returned?)
Brewton Methodist Church
Brewton, Ala.

Rev. Joseph T. Holifield (Hughes)
Grace Episcopal Church
Birmingham, Ala.

Rev. James Short (Hughes)
Cahaba Heights Methodist Church
Birmingham, Ala.

Up to $250

Rev. John Fuller (FBR)
The Unitarian Church
200 East Livingston
Orlando, Florida

Rev. W. Carroll Brooke (SRC)
Trinity Episcopal Church
Staunton, Va.

Up to $250 (continued)

Rev. Jack Bozeman (DT)
Dunwoody Methodist Church
Mount Vernon Road
Dunwoody, Ga.

Rev. Marion Boggs (Griswold)
Second Presbyterian Church
Little Rock, Ark.

Rev. E. L. Williams (Griswold)
Gardner Memorial Methodist Church
North Little Rock, Ark.

Rev. Elbert Jeans (Griswold, WDC)
St. Luke Methodist Church
Little Rock, Ark.

Rev. Richard C. Jahn (Griswold)
First Lutheran Church
Little Rock, Ark.

Rev. Ross Weston (VCHR)
Arlington Unitarian Church
Arlington, Va.

Rev. Eugene Pickett (VCHR)
First Unitarian Church
Richmond, Va.

Rev. Leigh R. Scott (Driscoll)
First Presbyterian Church
Rome, Ga.

Rev. G. Avery Lee (WDC)
First Baptist Church
Ruston, La.

Rev. Don Campbell (WDC)
Crossett Presbyterian Church
Crossett, Ark.

Rev. Duncan Gray, Jr. (WDC)
St. Peter Episcopal Church
Oxford, Miss.

Rev. Dana Green (WDC)
St. Luke's Methodist Church
Austin, Texas

Rev. James Hand (Hughes)
Citronelle Methodist Church
Citronelle, Ala.

Rev. Newton Maloney (Hughes)
Austinville Methodist Church
Decatur, Ala.

Up to $250 (continued)

Rev. Joe Ed Hastings (Hughes)
Spring Hill Avenue Methodist Church
Mobile, Ala.

Rev. Alton Paris (Hughes)
Lake Highlands Methodist Church
8300 6th Avenue North
Birmingham, Ala.

Rev. Tom Stevenson (Hughes)
Hewey~~Hervey~~town Methodist Church
Hewey~~Hervey~~town, Ala.

Rev. O. D. Gregg (Hughes)
Beaverton Circuit Methodist Church
Beaverton, Ala.

Rev. Merritt [Merrill] Stevens (Hughes)
The Episcopal Church
Auburn, Ala.

Rev. Powers McLeod (Hughes)
First Methodist Church
Auburn, Ala.

Rev. James Gregory (Hughes)
Woodham Presbyterian Church Woodlawn
Birmingham, Ala.

Rev. Nelson Guthrie, Jr. (Hughes) (Returned)
First Methodist Church
Birmingham, Ala.

Carrier
Yarmolinsky
Cc

Income Td.

THE NATIONAL COUNCIL

Protestant Episcopal Church

CHURCH MISSIONS HOUSE, 281 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

P.O. Box 853
Lynchburg, Virginia
December 22, 1958

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold,

Thanks for your good letter of December 19. I was delighted to know that the thousand dollars from the Episcopal Church finally found its way into your coffers.

We have not heard anything from Mr. Yarmolinsky. Both Arthur and I think he reacted favorably when we talked with him. We were quite hopeful, and still entertain some hope. No matter how it comes out, we certainly appreciate all that you have done on our behalf. We will continue to keep you posted.

Thanks for sending the material to Bishop Murray. If he reads all that was sent him from several sources he will be busy indeed. See you in January.

Sincerely,

Neil.

Cornelius C. Tarplee
Associate Secretary
Division of Christian
Citizenship

1958

S.O. - Research
26 - Studies
20 - Consult. Tech.
95

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF
. . . . HAROLD C. FLEMING . . . .

Dec. 24, 1958

Memo for the Currier-Yarmolinsky file

We stimulated and/or advised about the following requests for contributions:

(1) Continuation of Will Campbell's program by National Council of Churches.

(2) John Griffin's course on the Crisis in the Schools, at Emory U.

(3) The Atlanta Friends Center

(4) Southern Nieman Fellows' program (Sylvan Meyer)

(5) Atlanta University - for conference facilities

(6) Ministers and churches deserving recognition for race relations effort.

(7) YMCA (Carlton Parker) and YWCA (Florence Harris) College Race Rels. Projects.

(8) Methodist Women's Division of Christian Service (Thelma Stevens)

(9) Denominational groups -- Episcopal (Tarplee), Baptist (A.C. Miller), Presbyterian U.S. (Malcolm Calhoun), Christian (Lewis Deer.

(10) Asked by telephone about NAIRO, Galen Martin's program, ADL (Oscar Cohen), and Norfolk project by Presby USA (Freeman). Consideration of support to Catholic race relations effort in South and Penn Community Center evidently deferred, the suggested by HCF.

December 31, 1958

Dr. W. C. Cowart
Executive Director
Georgia Council on Human Relations
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Cowart:

This is a sort of New Year's message that I am especially glad to be able to send.

Through the generosity of an individual donor who prefers to remain anonymous, we have secured a contribution to be applied to the needs of the state councils on human relations. The gift to the Georgia Council from this source is $2,500.

This is, of course, over and above the aid from SRC's general funds which was approved by our Annual Meeting. And, unlike our regular grant-in-aid, this gift will be sent to you in a lump sum. Since the contribution was made in the form of securities, disposition of which calls for action by our Executive Committee, it will probably be about the first of February before we can send you a check. But meanwhile you have not only hope, but assurance.

All good wishes for 1959.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
cc: Dr. McDowell Richards

IMPORTANT

1 - This material is highly confidential and is compiled solely for informational purposes for the Southern Regional Council and appropriate persons associated with the Courier family. None of these persons should be approached in any other than a very general way concerning the material related about them without first consulting with this writer.

- Robert E. Hughes

C O N F I D E N T I A L

Alabama Council on Human Relations
1218 Comer Building
Birmingham 3, Alabama

December 31, 1958

PARTIAL LIST OF ALABAMA MINISTERS WORKING CONSTRUCTIVELY FOR BETTER RACE RELATIONS

JOHN RUTLAND, BIRMINGHAM - has condemned segregation in society and in the church from his pulpit on numerous occasions; serving as the chairman of the bi-racial Birmingham Brotherhood of Clergy; on one occasion went directly into a large Klan-inspired mob scene at the white high school in his community persuading persons to leave the scene and dispersed a group of hecklers surrounding a Negro lady pedestrian.

ERNEST FLANIKEN, BIRMINGHAM - member of the Birmingham Brotherhood of Clergy and bi-racial state ministers conference; has delivered a number of sermons on constructive race relations from his pulpit; wrote letter to Birmingham News condemning Faubus' attack on Little Rock clergy and was subjected to continuous telephone intimidation night and day for six weeks.

JOHN LEITH, AUBURN - has condemned segregation from his pulpit for years developing a relatively enlightened congregation; has been the moving spirit behind local council of churches which has: (1) an active social betterment program for the Negro community, and has (2) brought the Tuskegee Institute choir to annual community-wide functions each year until last Spring in face of White Citizens Council opposition. Active member Alabama Council on Human Relations.

POWERS McLEOD, AUBURN - until recently pastor in Andalusia where he preached freely on racial justice; was chairman of the Andalusia Chapter and Wiregrass District of the Alabama Council on Human Relations; has served on the Council's Board of Directors for over a decade.

GENE PEACOCK, MOBILE - has brought numerous Negro speackers into his fashionable downtown church and moulded an enlightened congregation over 12 years; organized and led a petition movement by 31 white Mobile area ministers of various denominations publically calling for voluntary bus desegregation. These met with 38 Negro petitioning ministers regularly at his church prior to release of petition.

TOM BUTTS, MOBILE - as a young minister in first year of first pastorate in a Klan-infested community, carefully considered consequences and signed bus desegregation petition; courageously defended his action in face of tremendous community and parish reactions to win new respect and strength from rebelious members.

OTIS KIRBY, SYLACAUGA - until recently served in Decatur where he counseled and assisted many younger ministers through racial controversies; served as chairman of Decatur Chapter, and on Board of Alabama Council on Human Relations. Leader of bi-racial state Ministers Conference.

FLETCHER McLEOD, BREWTON - Has preached prophetically on race relations for years challenging local Klan activity; has had Negro groups in his church despite opposition; member of State Ministers Conference and Alabama Council on Human Relations.

JOSEPH P. HOLLIFIELD, BIRMINGHAM - Founding chairman of Birmingham Brotherhood of Clergy; went to Klan mob in his parish, witnessing for reason, where he was physically assaulted; member of State Ministers Conference.

JAMES G. SHORT, BIRMINGHAM - Has preached repeatedly on race, vigorously attacking the Klan and White Citizens Council active in his community. Member of Birmingham Brother-

hood of Clergy, State Ministers Conference; active in many informal ways for racial justice.

JAMES HAND, CITRONELLE - While at Livingston served as district chairman of the Alabama Council on Human Relations and on state Board of Directors; police invaded one of his district meetings and reported his activities to his laymen; subsequent community and church reactions failed to make him resign from the Council although it cost him his pulpit a month later; helped in the formation of bi-racial Alabama Ecumenical Student Conference.

NEWTON MALONEY, DECATUR - In first pastorate in Sylacauga kicked over burning cross as Klan paraded in front of church; life of wife and baby threatened; preaches prophetically on race; member of State Ministers Conference and Board of Directors, Alabama Council on Human Relations.

JOE ED HASTINGS, MOBILE - While at Midway assisted Negroes who suffered economic retaliation for signing a school desegregation petition; in Mobile signed bus desegregation petition and refused to remove name when congregation reacted.

ALTON PARRIS, BIRMINGHAM - Preached in Negro churches and spoke prophetically on race in own church; vigorously worked on social problems among Haleyville Negroes until recent promotion. Member Alabama Council on Human Relations.

THOMAS STEVENSON, HUEYTOWN - Preaches openly against segregation; key leader in formation of Ecumenical Student Conference; member Birmingham Brotherhood of Clergy; State Ministers Conference; district officer and on Board of Directors, Alabama Council on Human Relations.

ODIE GREGG, BEVERTON - Member, Alabama Council on Human Relations. Preached vigorous sermon on racial understanding at Calera where Klan very active; lost pulpit within days amid strong community and church reaction.

MERRILL STEPHENS, AUBURN - Active member Alabama Council on Human Relations; key figure in forming local bi-racial group which meets in church; assisted formation of Ecumenical Student Conference.

JAMES GREGORY, BIRMINGHAM - Serves on Executive Committee, Birmingham Brotherhood of Clergy, State Ministers Conference; during recent school disorders secured crucial resolution from a city-wide church body condemning violence which "broke the ice" for other similar reactions.

NELSON GUTHERIE JR., BIRMINGHAM - While pastor at O'Hatchee consistently attacked segregation in sermons arousing congregation and local White Citizens Council eventually resulting in his forced transfer.

SAM SHIRAH, MONTGOMERY - Prophetically attacked segregation and defended Supreme Court from pulpit at Clayton and Montgomery; launched fund in white community to help rebuild bombed Negro churches; responsible for public ministerial reactions against Klan intimidation of bi-racial womens group; key leader local Alabama Council on Human Relations chapter; chairman, State Ministers Conference.

PRESTON HUGHES, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA - While at Montevallo preached prophetically on integration to congregation and student groups dispite vigorous church and community opposition; helped lay ground work for Ecumenical Student Conference; organized and served as chairman of a twelve county Alabama Council on Human Relations organization; eventually lost pulpit directly because of stands and activities.

ALFRED HOBART, BIRMINGHAM - Has consistently championed racial justice and understanding from pulpit, molding an enlightened congregation; member State Ministers Conference; Executive Committee, Birmingham Brotherhood of Clergy; organizing chairman, Birmingham Council on Human Relations; formerly on Board of Directors, Alabama Council on Human Relations.

EDWARD SIVIS, BIRMINGHAM - Initiated successful movement within his denomination to block local effort to condemn national church stand for integration; helped initiate formation of local bi-racial church youth group; active member, Birmingham Brotherhood of Clergy.

CECIL JARMAN, BIRMINGHAM - Preaches prophetically on racial issues and has successfully weathered strong congregational reactions; member, Birmingham Brotherhood of Clergy.

THOMAS R. THRASHER, MONTGOMERY - During bus protest period initiated or was deeply and openly involved in virtually every constructive white or bi-racial movement including Montgomery Council on Human Relations, Ministerial Association, Men of Montgomery, and many informal efforts. At climax just prior to bus integration made crucial TV appeal for law observance and understanding; during first days of desegregation rode busses sitting behind Negroes; object of telephone intimidation, White Citizens Council smear sheets, strong congregational opposition; key figure in initiating and leading State Ministers Conference; for decade active in Board of Directors, Alabama Council on Human Relations and current state president of Council.

-Rev. Robert E. Hughes
Executive Director

$500

Rev. Alof Anderson, Jr.
Harvey-Browne Memorial Presbyterian Church
4213 Churchway
Louisville, Kentucky

$500

Rev. Sam Shirah
Frazier Memorial Methodist Church
Montgomery, Alabama

Rev. Sam C. Shirah 250
565 Clayton St.
Montgomery, Ala.

Rev. Paul Turner
Brook Hollow Baptist Church - ?
Nashville, Tenn.

Rev. Clyde C. Flannery United 500
Brookmeade [redacted] Church
722 Bresslyn Road (Congregational)
Nashville, Tennessee

Very Rev. M. V. Shean
Father Maurice Shean
Box 895
Rock Hill, S. C.

Rev. A. Ronald Merrix $500
Monumental Episcopal Church
Richmond, Va.

Rev. Eugene Smathers (United Presby USA) $250
Mail Crossville, Tennessee (Bristol, Tenn)

Rev. Ebb G. Kilpatrick Jr. 250.00
Boldercrest Baptist Church
Boldercrest Rd., S. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. Jack Crum (Meth) Rev. J. H. Crum 250
Raleigh, North Carolina Wynnewood Park Meth. Ch
2281 Boldercrest Rd

W.
Jan Owen 250
University Presbyterian
Charlottesville, Va.

111 Monticello Circle

Finnis R. Petty, Jr. 250
Church of Christ
Texarkana, Arkansas

E. United U.S.A. 250
Rev. Wendell Hines (Presby) ~~U.S. Box~~
Huntsville, Ark. Box 488

Rev. Ramsey (Meth)
(Ayltimer, Oyltimer Ark.)

$250

162

Rev. Theodore Evans
St. Paul's Episcopal Church 120 Chancellor St.
Charlottesville, Va.

Rev. Theodore Evans 250 ch
St Paul's Episcopal Church
Charlottesville, Va.

III Rabbi Emmet Frank ~~1,000~~ 500
Temple Beth-El
Alexandria, Va.

III Rev. James Weldon 500
Jonesboro Methodist Church
Jonesboro, Ga.

IV Leigh R. Scott 250
First Presbyterian Church
Rome, Georgia

III ~~IV~~ Rabbi Jacob Rothschild ~~250~~ 600
The Temple
Peachtree Rd.
Atlanta, Ga.

C. O.
Father Maurice Shean 1,000 ch
The oratory
Rock ~~Spring~~ Hill, S. C.

Father Alexander O. Sigur 500
Our Lady Seat of Wisdom Church
P.O. Box 532 - S.L.I. station
Lafayette, La.

? III Msgr T. JAMES McNamara 500
Cathedral of St. John the Baptist
222 East Harris ST.
Savannah, Ga.

MOST REV Joseph B. Brunini 500
? III ST. PETERS ROMAN CATholic Church
123 North West Street
Jackson, Miss.

III Thomas Jefferson Unitarian Church - ~~250~~ 500
Charlottesville, Va.

Rev. Henry Cheetham

Fund Raising Special

12/12/58

Preachers

Recommended by Bob Hughes -

III John Rutland - ~~1000~~ 500
Woodlawn Methodist
B'ham - Ala.

III Ernest Flanikan ~~1000~~ 500
Central Park Pby -
B'ham Ala

X

III John Leith - ~~1000~~ 500
Auburn Pby Ch.
Auburn, Ala.

OK Rev JR Sam Shirah 500
Frazier Memorial Meth -
Montgomery Ala

IV James Hand - ~~500~~ 250
Citronelle Meth -
Citronelle, Ala -

III Rev. Eugene Peacock ~~1000~~ 500
St. Francis St. Meth. Ch.
Mobile Ala

* Tom Butts - ~~1000+~~ 500 III
Mich Ave. Meth Church
Mich Ave, Mobile - Ala.

Rev. Newton Maloney 250
Austinville Meth Church
Decatur, Ala

II Rev. Alfred Habort - 1,000+
The Unitarian Church
B'ham

IV Joe Ed Hastings - 250
Spring Hill Ave Meth. Ch.
Mobile Ala

Carl Landes - 500
Congregational Church III
Wadley Ala.

* Rev. Preston Hughes 1,000+
Mt. Tabor Meth Ch. II
Robinhood Road
Winston Salem, N.C.

Rev. Otis Kirby 500
First Methodist III
Sylacauga, Ala

Rev Merritt Stevens - Auburn Episc Church IV 250

Powers McLeod 1st Meth. Ch. Auburn IV 250

QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Date _____

Flitchen McLeod Brewton Meth Brewton, Ala IV 500

THE _____ COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING _____, 19__

INCOME

From SRC	
Memberships	
New South Subscriptions	
Contributions	
Other (specify)	
TOTAL INCOME	

EXPENDITURES

Salaries	
Travel	
Rent	
Utilities	
Phone & Telegraph	
Postage	
Office Supplies	
New South subscriptions to SRC	
Other (specify)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	

- * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * - * -

Balance on hand (Beginning of quarter)	
Income for quarter Total	
Expenditures for quarter	
BALANCE	

Joseph T. Holifield 500 + III
Grace Episcopal
B'ham -

250
James Gregory
Woodlawn Presb Church IV
B'ham

Ed E. Sivis 250
Ensley Christian Church
B'ham Ala

Dr. Cecil Jarman 250
1st Christian Church
B'ham

III Rev. James Short - 500
Cahaba Hts Meth Ch.
B'ham, Ala

IV Nelson Guthrie Jr. 250
1st Meth Ch -
Bham

IV O.W. Hogg 250
Beaverton Circuit Meth Ch
Beaverton, Ala.

Tom Stevens 250
IV Henryetta Meth Ch
Henryetta, Ala

Alton Parris 250
Lake Highlands Meth -
8300 Gt Ave N.
B'ham

III Dr. O. Norman Shands
West End Baptist Church 500
1040 Gordon St., S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

* Rev. Allen Phillips
II Wesley Memorial Methodist Church
63 Auburn Ave., N. E. 1,000
Atlanta, Georgia

* Rev. Edward A. Cahill
I United Liberal Church (Unitarian) 2,500
605 Boulevard N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

I ~~II~~ * Rev. Thomas Thrasher 2500 ~~1,000~~
Church of the Ascension (Episcopalian)
315 Clanton St.
Montgomery, Alabama

I * Rev. Hubert S. Beckwith 2500
Congregational Christian Church of Fairfax County
P. O. Box 186
Annandale, Virginia

IV Rev. John Fuller
The Unitarian Church 250.00
200 East Livingston
Orlando, Florida

II Rev. Robert B. McNeill
The First Presbyterian Church 1000
First Ave. at 11th Street
Columbus, Georgia

IV Rev. W. Carroll Brooke
Trinity Episcopal Church 250.00
Box 208
STAUNTON, Va.

IV Rev. Jack Bozeman
Dunwoody Methodist Church 250.00
~~xx~~ Mount Vernon Road
Dunwoody, Georgia

II Rev. Duncan Hunter
First Methodist Church 1,000.00
Semmes & Green Streets
Alexander City, Alabama

II Rev. ~~Charles Jones~~ CHARLES M. JONES
Community Church 1,000
~~P. O. Box 2~~ 379 Tenney Circle
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

I Herman Turner 2500.00
Covenant Presbyterian Church
Atlanta, Ga.

I Dow Kirkpatrick 2500.00
St. Mark's Methodist Church
Atl, Ga

III Rev Carl Garrison 500
St. Bartholomew's
Episcopal church
Hartsville, SC

Inter-Office
Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To:

Date 11/20

From:

Subject:

Dear Harold,

a million thanks from all of us and a million extra from me.

Yours.

Jane Lee

e[redacted]NTIAL

cc: Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc., Atlanta, Ga.

November 20, 1959

Griffith's Methodist Church
Star Route
Burnsville, North Carolina

Attention: Mr. Ted Jackson, Treasurer

Dear Mr. Jackson:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to send to you the enclosed contribution to the Griffith's Methodist Church in the amount of $2,500. It is Mr. and Mrs. Currier's hope that these funds will be of some help in defraying the expenses of the school which is being conducted under the auspices of the Griffith's Methodist Church at this difficult time.

You will understand that Mr. and Mrs. Currier have no wish for personal publicity of any kind in connection with this gift. Would you be kind enough to see that their anonymity is preserved.

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York 19, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Currier send their good wishes for the continued fine work of the Griffith's Methodist Church.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. and Mrs. Currier

JLE:sel
Encl.

MEMORANDUM

TO : Harold Fleming Date: December 9, 1959

FROM : Will D. Campbell

SUBJECT: Ministers active in race relations
A = $2500. B = $1,000. C = $500. D = $250.

1. The Rev. Gordon Blanchard (C)
Highland Park Baptist Church
Augusta, Georgia

Mr. Blanchard has recently led this church to affiliate with the American Baptist Convention. Although the move was made to escape the conservatism of the Southern Baptist Convention in general race was a considered factor.

2. The Rev. John Brand (D)
Carrolton, Texas
First Methodist Church

Bishop Martin has talked to me about Mr. Brand in previous discussions, describing him as the most effective and forthright man in the Conference on race.

3. The Rev. Colbert Cartwright (B)
Pulaski Heights Christian Church
Little Rock, Ark.

Mr. Cartwright has continued to be among the more influential citizens in the Little Rock crisis. Though it is confidential, he drafted the statement approved by the Chamber of Commerce and was in large part responsible for its passage. His influence has been felt in the entire community and not just within the church.

4. The Rev. Caxton Doggett (C)
Winter Park Methodist Church
Winter Park, Fla.

One of the few white ministers active in the work of the NAACP. Has been under severe attack because of his views but seems to survive because of his ability as a pastor.

5. The Rev. Ray Ferris (C)
Christ Church
9th at Broad
Nashville, Tenn.

Among those who are able effectively to influence the power structure, Mr. Ferris remains consistently at the top. His work in Nashville over the past four years has done much to effect the transition from a segregated to a desegregated system.

6. The Rev. Clyde Flannery (B)
Brookemead United Church of Christ
Nashville, Tenn.

The Brookmead Church is one of the few Protestant churches open to members of minority groups. The choir is interracial and the child of a Negro couple is soon to be baptized by Mr. Flannery.

COPY

7. The Rev. J.H. Germany(B)
The Church of God
Union, Mississippi

The Rev. Mr. Germany is a farmer-preacher near Union, Miss. The farm is for the purpose of doing agricultural missions among the Negro farmers of the area. He has been under severe attack from the Citizen's Council and ordered to move a trade school he was conducting from the county. The outcome at present is uncertain.

8. Dr. Kyle Haselden (C)
The Baptist Temple
Quarrier St. at Morris
Charleston 1, West Virginia

Dr. Haselden, author of one of the most important books on race relations to be published during the past year, The Racial Crisis in Christian Perspective, has worked with numerous groups in the South and has probably been absent from his pulpit for the purpose of working in race relations than any other minister in the country. He has done a creditable job in Charleston as well as throughout the nation.

9. The Rev. Woodrow Hasty (D)
River Road Baptist Church
Richmond, Virginia

Through preaching, teaching and civic leadership Mr. Hasty has been a leader among the clergy of Richmond in improving race relations.

10. The Rev. Edward Harrison (C)
3536 Hawthorne Dr.
St. Andrews Episcopal Church
Jackson, Miss.

Mr. Harrison has been under constant pressure from some members of the vestry and congregation because of his unwillingness to be stampeded into a WCC position. A petition has been circulated within the congregation stating the history of his involvement in the racial crisis and demanding his removal.

11. The Rev. Duncan Hobart (C)
St. Paul's Episcopal Church
Meridian, Miss.

Through work with the press, police and civic leaders Mr. Hobart has avoided many serious crises in Meridian and Mississippi. His work is never public but his position is well known. His most recent contribution was to avoid serious trouble when a Negro singer was reported to have asked a white girl for a date after the dance at which he was singing. Mr. Hobart was able to keep the news out of the local paper, even after it was national news, and to attend the questioning of several parties until the real story was known. He also helped to get the man out of town before further trouble began.

12. Dr. Alex W. Hunter (D)
First Presbyterian Church
New Orleans, La.

Dr. Hunter has through sermon and personal conversation been most outspoken on the subject of race in the city and throughout the South.

COPY

13. The Rev. A.E. Joffrion (B)
Church of the Nativity
209 Eustis St.
Huntsville, Ala.

Here is another case of behind the scenes operation. Mr. Joffrion has been in close touch with several of the industries and agencies at the Huntsville ~~xxxx~~ Missile Base with regard to their employment policies. I know he has asked me to direct Negro engineers and other qualified people in that direction and to keep him informed if they are turned down because of race. He has also done a great deal in the church and with considerable opposition. He was also the brain in the clerical boycott of the University of Mississippi.

14. The Rev. John Johnson (D)
Idlewild Presbyterian Church
Memphis, Tenn.

Mr. Johnson has worked hard for an interracial fellowship in Memphis and has been one of the more liberal influences in the Presbytery. He has been helpful in fighting the laymen's movement to preserve segregation in the churches and his strategy to prevent them from using church property has been effective and outstanding.

15. The Rev. Hugh C. McKee (D)
St. Martin's Episcopal Church
Metairie, La.

At the time the problem was receiving the most attention Mr. McKee published in his weekly bulletin on the first page a series of statements on the subject. Among other things he said that his church was not open to receive those members who would be leaving churches of other faiths because of a stand which their churches were taking. This came at a time when many clergymen in New Orleans were looking with eager anticipation toward the defection of a number of members of other churches-primarily Roman Catholic because of the strong stand of that Church.

16. The Rev. Myron Madden (D)
St. Charles Ave. Baptist Church
New Orleans, La.

Mr. Madden has been the spokesman for the Protestant group in several interviews and audiences with the Mayor concerning bus, part and school desegregation. In a recent survey made in the congregation it was discovered by researchers of Tulane that a great percentage of the congregation would not be opposed to an integrated fellowship.

17. The Rev. Carlyle Marney (D)
Myers Park Baptist Church
Charlotte, N.C.

Through writing on the national level, work in the community and preaching from the pulpit Mr. Marney has come to be known as one of the strongest liberal leaders in the South.

18. The Rev. Laurin Mead (C)
Church of the Holy Family
Chapel Hill, N.C.

Mr. Mead is rector of an integrated parish and has established an interdominational and interracial vacation Bible school for the children of the community.

19. The Rev. L.F. Modschiedler (D)
Jackson Ave. Evangelical and Reformed Church
New Orleans, La.

The Rev. Mr. Modschiedler is a native of Germany and has been quite aware of the many problems which face nations and peoples on the matter of interracial and inter-faith understanding. As a boy he lived under the Hitler regime. Because of his experience and a very liberal attitude, Mr. Modschiedler has found himself in difficulty with his congregation on several occasions.

20. The Rev. Walter Moore (D)
First Baptist Church
Meridian, Miss.

Dr. Moore has been forthright from the beginning of his ministry in Mississippi as to what he considers the right position on race relations. He was among the first to commend the Supreme Court in 1954 and throughout the struggle in that state has not changed his ground. In January he goes to the Vineville Baptist Church in Macon, Georgia.

COPY

21. The Rev. Carlos E. Martin (A)

The work and problems of Mr. Martin are too well known to require comment. This is a most delicate situation and care must be taken that his position is not hurt by those of us anxious to help him.

22. The Rev. Finnis R. Petty, Jr. (C)
The Church of Christ
8th and Austin St.
Garland, Texas

Mr. Petty has continued to write and distribute tracts-often at his own expense-in a denomination which is probably more conservative than any on this list. His writings, theologically fundamentalist, have exerted an influence on individuals and groups which most of us are failing to reach.

23. The Rev. D.W. Poole (C)
4044 South Ramsey Dr.
Baton Rouge 6, La.

Mr. Poole is a District Superintendent in the Methodist Conference of Louisiana. More than any man I know in that area he has protected the ministers under his charge and has made his views known in legislative halls, newspapers, pulpits and wherever he can get an audience.

24. The Rev. Lewis Prince (D)
University Baptist Church
Tulsa, Okla

Integrated church,

25. The Rev. Paul Ritch (C)
St. Paul's Episcopal Church
Jacksonville Beach, Fla.

Formerly of Americus, Georgia where he became the subject of much controversy because of his kindness to Koinonia Farm, Mr. Ritch continues to minister to the social ills of society in his present setting.

26. The Rev. Henry Rouark (D)
First Methodist Church
Laurinburg, N.C.

Mr. Rouark has been outstanding in Southern race relationsfor a long time. As a reporter for THE CHRISTIAN CENTURY he keeps informed of developments in the Carolinas and is a frequent speaker to groups considering the subject of race.

27. The Rev. E.E. Russell (D)
St. Charles Ave. Christian Church
New Orleans, La.

Dr. Russell has received considerable criticism from within his congregation because of his position on the race question. He has used the statements emanating from his denomination and other Christian bodies in his ministry and does an excellent job of interpreting them to the community through his life and work. Despite criticism from a minority of the congregation his church has voted to accept members of any race wishing to join their fellowship.

COPY

28. The Rev. Paul Seastrand (A)
2017 Wheeler St.
Augustana Lutheran Church
Houston 4, Texas

The Augustana Lutheran Church is one of the very few truly integrated congregations in the country, North or South. Mr. Seastrand found the church in a changing neighborhood and instead of running away led the majority of the congregation into seeing the opportunity for a vital Christian witness.

29. The Rev. Robert Seymour (C)
Binkley Memorial Baptist Church
Chapel Hill, N.C.

A new church which, due to the good work of Mr. Seymour, has been integrated from the beginning.

30. The Rev. Dallam Simpson
Box 1958
Port Neches, Texas

The College Heights Baptist Church of which Mr. Simpson is minister is an integrated congregation which split with the parent church over the question of an open fellowship. Mr. Simpson went with the group voting for open membership and formed a new congregation. Not only is it integrated, it is now affiliated with the American Baptist Convention. This is a major break and if many Baptist churches in the South follow this lead to the American Convention, the conservatives of the Southern will be forced to reexamine their position. Mr. Simpson has been exposed to cross burnings, anonymous phone calls and all sorts of personal harrassment. The congregation meets in the local armory and the commander of the armory has also come in for criticism and harrassment. This is certainly one of the more noteworthy things to happen in Southern race relations this year.

31. The Rev. Arnold Slater (D)
Pilgrim Congregational Church
Chattanooga, Tenn.

32. Dr. Blake Smith (B)
University Baptist Church
Austin, Texas

Dr. Smith has continued to be one of the more courageous men in the South where any social problem is concerned. As pastor of the Negro student at the University of Texas who was removed from the lead role in the University opera the day of dress rehearsal he did a lot for her in easing the personal trauma and for the liberal cause in interpreting the incident to the nation. His church is now sponsoring this student at the Julliard School of Music. Two other students, one a Negro, the other white, from his congregation have been leaders in the US National Student Association and were helpful in getting a full time program of human relations on college campuses in the South.

33. The Rev. John Teeter (D)
196 Woodland Ave.
Church of the Good Shepherd
Lynchburg, Va.

Mr. Teeter resigned his church in Rocky Mount when the vestry voted to instruct delegates to any meeting to vote against integration of anything. He is now minister of two churches in Lynchburg, one white, the other predominantly Negro.

34. The Rev. Paul Turner (B)
Brook Hollow Baptist Church
Nashville, Tenn.

Mr. Turner is doing some effective work in the Nashville area by attempting to bring the Negro and white Baptist leaders closer together. He works closely with the Negro seminary in Nashville but favors abolishing it eventually or merging with one of the white schools. It was Mr. Turner who was beaten by the mob in Clinton, Tenn. when he walked to school with the Negro children.

35. The Rev. William S. Turner (D)
Trinity Episcopal Church
New Orleans, La.

Mr. Turner has insisted that the church open the doors for any interracial meetings or to anyone for membership. He serves as convenor for the Christian Communications Fellowship, an interracial group of ministers in the New Orleans Metropolitan area.

36. The Rev. Robert Walkup (C)
First Presbyterian Church
Starkville, Miss.

Mr. Walkup is one of the few dynamic liberals to survive in Mississippi. His position is clear and he never fails to festate it at synodical meetings as well as from the pulpit. He is doing a creative work at Mississippi State University and is a valuablecontact man for many human relations agencies.

37. The Rev. McRae Werth (D)
St. Andrew's Church
8th and Chipley
Wilmington, Del.

Mr. Werth felt it necessary to leave Lynchburg, Virginia following two years of struggle and harrassment. Formerly an attorney, Mr. Werth was outspoken in the church on the legal aspects of the problem as well as moral and spiritual.

38. The Rev. Albert Winn (D)

Dr. Winn is a teacher at Stillman College, Alabama and not pastor of a church. Nevertheless, his writings, speaking, etc. throughout the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, U.S. has made his ministry at this Negro Presbyterian College a significant one.

39. The Rev. J.P. Woodland (C)
Broadmoor Methodist Church
Baton Rouge, La.

Mr. Woodland has been active in forming an interracial fellowship in Baton Rouge and helped plan a human relations institute for the month of January ~~xxxxxxx~~ this year. He was also instrumental in getting ministers to testify at legislative hearings when repressive bills were being considered.

40. The Rev. Julius Corpening (D)
Hampton Baptist Church
Hampton, S.C.

Mr. Corpening, as a member of the Southern Baptist Convention Christian Life Commission, has helped promote a program to improve race relations in the entire South.

41. The Rev. C. Leon Smith, Jr. (D)
793 Park St. S.W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Has declared the position of the Church to be his personal one and works ~~xx~~ as minister of the Park St. Methodist Church to implement it.

42. Dr. Robert McCan (D)
First Baptist Church
Clarksville, Tenn.

Leader in many race relations projects in the area.

43. Dr. W. Howard Lee
West Main Baptist Church
Danville, Va.

Has forced the ~~xxxx~~ hand of the Virginia Baptist Convention on several occasions and led them to a forthright position regarding race and the public schools.

44. Dr. R.B. Culbreth (D)
Main Springs Baptist Church
Main Springs, Fla.

Dr. Culbreth is considered one of the leading liberals in the Florida Baptist Convention and has also assumed leadership in the work of the total church regarding race and other social issues.

COPY

Inter-Office
Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To: Mr. Fleming

Date December 11, 1959

From: Mrs. Eddy

Subject:

We have found the second list of ministers beginning with Rev. Shirah in Montgomery and ending with Rev. Thomas Fry in Atlanta. It is clear that we did not send Christmas presents to the ministers on the second list last year.

I'm enclosing a copy of the form letter which we used last year. It seems to me that if we simply changed it to say that the Curriers would like to have their gift listed as from a friend of the church because they wish to be anonymous, etc., that this would take care of the problem. However, take a look at the whole letter and make any suggestions you think would be helpful. Please!

JC

December 22, 1958

The Rev. Ross Weston
Arlington Unitarian Church
Arlington, Va.

Dear Dr. Weston:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to tell you that they have been deeply impressed with the courage and conviction which you and other church leaders in the South have shown in your approach to the problems of racial tensions, so crucial to the whole nation. They are sending the enclosed contribution in the amount of $250. to the Arlington Unitarian Church in recognition and appreciation of the work you are doing, with the hope that these funds will be used in whatever way you feel they are most needed.

You will understand that Mr. and Mrs. Currier have no wish for personal publicity of any kind in connection with this gift. Would you be kind enough to see that their anonymity is preserved.

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her c/o Currier and Co., 666 Fifth Avenue, New York 19, N.Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Currier send all their good wishes for Christmas and the coming year.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. and Mrs. S.R. Currier

Supplementary list for Dec. 1958 — none received gifts; some nominated for 1959.
HCJ

Up to $250

Rev. Sam C. Shirah
Frazier Memorial Methodist Church
565 Clayton Street
Montgomery, Alabama

Yes WDC
Rev. Eugene Smathers
United Presbyterian Church of Big Lick, Tenn. (c)
Crossville, Tennessee

Yes WDC
Rev. J. H. Crum
Wynnewood Park Methodist Church (C at Act)
Raleigh, North Carolina

No
Rev. Ebb G. Kilpatrick, Jr.
Bouldercrest Baptist Church
2281 Bouldercrest Rd., S. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Yes WDC
Rev. Jan W. Owen
University Presbyterian Church (C)
111 Monticello Circle
Charlottesville, Va.

ok
Rev. Finnis R. Petty, Jr.
Church of Christ
Texarkana, Arkansas
on WDC list

No
Rev. Wendell E. Hines
United Presbyterian Church
Huntsville, Arkansas

Rev. Theodore Evans
St. Paul's Episcopal Church Do (c)
120 Chancellor Street
Charlottesville, Va.

Up to $500

Rev. Olof Anderson, Jr.
Harvey-Browne Memorial Presbyterian Church
4213 Churchway
Louisville, Kentucky

NO
Rev. A. Ronald Merrix
Monumental Episcopal Church
Richmond, Virginia

ok
Rev. Clyde C. Flannery
Brookmeade United Church (Congregational)
722 Bresslyn Road
Nashville 9, Tennessee
on WDC list

(E. Briscoe checking)
Rev. Harry Fifield
First Presbyterian Church
Peachtree Street
Atlanta, Georgia

No
Rev. Thomas Fry, Jr.
Druid Hills Presbyterian Church
1036 Ponce de Leon Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia
now in Texas

GEORGIA COUNCIL *of Churches*
63 AUBURN AVE., N. E. - ATLANTA, GA.

From the desk of
The Executive Secretary

12-16-59

Harold:

Withdraw the name of Fitzhugh Legerton, Oglethorpe Presbyterian Church. This seems the wise decision in this situation. I can explain more at another time.

Ed. D.

via air mail special

December 16, 1959

Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy
The Taconic Foundation, Inc.
666 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Jane Lee:

Herewith the first, and main, instalment of the ministers. Each of them has expressed the view that an anonymous gift to his church, in recognition of his contribution to good race relations, would be welcome and would create no serious difficulties. There are an additional 15 to 20 names for which we haven't yet received this "clearance," but the lines are out and we should have reports on them shortly. In fact, we may have word on some of them this afternoon, in which case I will enclose supplement number one with this letter.

If my arithmetic is correct, the total of recommended gifts to individual churches should be $40,000, give or take a little.

We have virtually ready a list of state and local Councils of Churches which deserve support for their race relations activities. Since one or two remain to be checked, I will mail the entire list to you no later than tomorrow. The total recommended amount for the Councils will not exceed $15,000.

I trust that this year all names and addresses will prove current and correct! If any complications

should arise, don't hesitate to dump them in my lap

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (List)

SOUTHERN CLERGYMEN PROPOSED FOR RECOGNITION
December 1959

Category A ($2500 each)

(1) Rev. Carlos E. Martin
St. Luke Methodist Church
3 Carol Street
Pine Bluff, Arkansas

(2) Rev. Paul Seastrand
Augustana Lutheran Church
2017 Wheeler Street
Houston 4, Texas

(3) Rev. Dallam Simpson
College Heights Baptist Church
Box 1958
Port Neches, Texas

(4) Rev. Dow Kirkpatrick
St. Mark Methodist Church
781 Peachtree Street, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Category B ($1,000 each)

(1) Rev. Clyde Flannery
Brookemeade United Church of Christ
Nashville, Tennessee

(2) Rev. A. E. Joffrion
Church of the Nativity
209 Eustis Street
Huntsville, Alabama

(3) Dr. Blake Smith
University Baptist Church
Austin, Texas

(4) Rev. Paul Turner
Brook Hollow Baptist Church
Nashville, Tennessee

(5) Rev. Caxton Doggett
First Methodist Church
P. O. Box 825
Winter Park, Florida

Category B - continued

(6) Rev. William O. Byrd
First Methodist Church
Pine Bluff, Arkansas

(7) Rev. C. Leon Smith
Park Street Methodist Church
793 Park Street, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

(8) Dr. Herman L. Turner
Covenant Presbyterian Church
2461 Peachtree Road, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Category C ($500 each)

(1) Rev. Gordon Blanchard
Highland Park Baptist Church
Augusta, Georgia

(2) Rev. Ray Ferris
Christ Church
9th at Broad
Nashville, Tennessee

(3) Dr. Kyle Haselden
The Baptist Temple
Quarrier Street at Morris
Charleston 1, West Virginia

(4) Rev. Duncan Hobart
St. Paul's Episcopal Church
Meridian, Mississippi

(5) Rev. Laurin Mead
Church of the Holy Family
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

(6) Rev. Finnis R. Petty, Jr.
The Church of Christ
8th and Austin Streets
Garland, Texas

(7) Rev. Robert Seymour
Binkley Memorial Baptist Church
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

(8) Rev. J. P. Woodland
Broadmoor Methodist Church
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Category C - continued

(9) Dr. W. Howard Lee
West Main Baptist Church
Danville, Virginia

(10) Rev. George Foster
Park Temple Methodist Church
Fort Lauderdale, Florida

(11) Rev. John Fuller
First Unitarian Church
200 East Livingston Avenue
Orlando, Florida

(12) Rev. Harold Buell
White Temple Methodist Church
Miami, Florida

(13) Rev. William M. Wilder
The Methodist Church
Heber Springs, Arkansas

(14) Rev. Milton Wood
All Saints Episcopal Church
634 W. Peachtree Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

(15) Rev. F. Bland Tucker
Christ Episcopal Church
Savannah, Georgia

(16) Rev. Harry Fifield
First Presbyterian Church
1328 Peachtree Street, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Category D ($250 each)

(1) Rev. John Brand
First Methodist Church
Carrolton, Texas

(2) Rev. Woodrow Hasty
River Road Baptist Church
Richmond, Virginia

(3) Dr. Alex W. Hunter
First Presbyterian Church
New Orleans, Louisiana

(4) Rev. Hugh C. McKee
St. Martin's Episcopal Church
Metairie, Louisiana

Category D - continued

(5) Rev. Myron Madden
St. Charles Avenue Baptist Church
New Orleans, Louisiana

(6) Rev. Carlyle Marney
Myers Park Baptist Church
Charlotte, North Carolina

(7) Rev. Lewis Prince
University Baptist Church
Tulsa, Oklahoma

(8) Rev. Henry Rouark
First Methodist Church
Laurinburg, North Carolina

(9) Rev. E. E. Russell
St. Charles Avenue Christian Church
New Orleans, Louisiana

(10) Rev. Arnold Slater
Pilgrim Congregational Church
Chattanooga, Tennessee

(11) Rev. John Teeter
Church of the Good Shepherd
396 Woodland Avenue
Lynchburg, Virginia

(12) Rev. William S. Turner
Trinity Episcopal Church
New Orleans, Louisiana

(13) Rev. McRae Werth
St. Andrew's Church
8th and Chipley
Wilmington, Delaware

(14) Rev. Julius Corpening
Hampton Baptist Church
Hampton, South Carolina

(15) Dr. Robert McCan
First Baptist Church
Clarksville, Tennessee

(16) Dr. R. B. Culbreth
Main Springs Baptist Church
Main Springs, Florida

Category D - continued

(17) Rev. McKay Brabham
The Methodist Church
Union, South Carolina

(18) Rev. John Rustin
First Methodist Church
Kingsport, Tennessee

(19) Rev. James Hooten
First Christian Church
Gainesville, Georgia

(20) Rev. A. M. Von Almen
First Christian Church
Rome, Georgia

(21) Rev. Ellison Smyth
First Presbyterian Church
Blacksburg, Virginia

SUPPLEMENTARY LIST OF CLERGYMEN
December 1959

Category B - ($1000 each)

Rev. Emory Burton
Highlands Methodist Church
318 West Holmes Avenue
Huntsville, Alabama

Rev. Thomas Reeves
Denman Memorial Methodist Church
407 Fourth Avenue, West
Birmingham, Alabama

Rev. George Telford
First Presbyterian Church - Campus Christian
Life Committee*
Auburn, Alabama

Category C - ($500 each)

Rev. Theodore Evans
St. Paul's Episcopal Church
120 Chancellor Street
Charlottesville, Virginia

Rev. W. W. Finlator
Pullen Memorial Baptist Church
Raleigh, North Carolina

Rev. John Johnson
Idlewild Presbyterian Church
1750 Union Avenue
Memphis, Tennessee

Rev. Paul Ritch
St. Paul's By the Sea
1150 North Fifth Street
Jacksonville Beach, Florida

Rev. Chilton Thorington
First Presbyterian Church
Selma, Alabama

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*If possible, the check should be made out as shown; if not, some mention of the Campus Christian Life Committee in the letter would be helpful.

Clergymen
Supplementary list - 2.

Category C - continued

Rev. Robert Walkup
First Presbyterian Church
Starkville, Mississippi

Rev. A. C. Winn
Goodhope Presbyterian Church
c/o Stillman College
Tuscaloosa, Alabama

Category D - ($250 each)

Rev. J. H. Crum
Wynnewood Park Methodist Church
3329 Avent Ferry Road
Raleigh, North Carolina

Rev. Jan W. Owen
Westminster Presbyterian Church
190 Rugby Street
Charlottesville, Virginia

Rev. Sam C. Shirah
The Methodist Church
Chipley, Florida

Rev. Eugene Smathers
Calvary Presbyterian Church
Route 5, Box 180
Crossville, Tennessee

RECOMMENDED COUNCILS OF CHURCHES
December 1959

Category A - ($2000 each)

The Tennessee Council of Churches
3804 Woodmont Lane
Nashville 12, Tennessee
Executive Secretary, Rev. Tom Baker

The Texas Council of Churches
504 West 24th Street
Austin 5, Texas
Executive Secretary, Mr. Harold Kilpatrick

The Georgia Council of Churches
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia
Executive Secretary, Rev. Edward A. Briscoll

Category B - ($1000 each)

The Virginia Council of Churches
109 Grace Street
Richmond 20, Virginia
Executive Secretary, Rev. Myron S. Miller

The Kentucky Council of Churches
152 East High Street
Lexington, Kentucky
Executive Secretary, Rev. John S. Chambers

The Houston Council of Churches
9 Chelsea Place
Houston, Texas
Executive Secretary, Rev. Virgil Lowder

The Alabama Council of Churches
1107 - 22nd Avenue
Tuscaloosa, Alabama
Treasurer, Rev. Arthaniel Harris

The Arkansas Council of Churches
1719 Broadway
Little Rock, Arkansas
Executive Secretary, Br. Joseph Hunter

The Florida Council of Churches
343 East Adams Street
Jacksonville 2, Florida

Recommended Councils of Churches - 2.

Category B - continued

The North Carolina Council of Churches
Box 6637 College Station
Durham, North Carolina
Executive Secretary, Rev. Morton Kurtz

Category C - ($500 each)

The Greater New Orleans Federation of Churches
330 St. Charles Avenue
New Orleans 12, Louisiana
Executive Secretary, Rev. George H. Wilson

The San Antonio Council of Churches
301 East Martin Street
San Antonio 5, Texas
Executive Secretary, Rev. Don Baugh

The Nashville Association of Churches
YMCA Building
Nashville, Tennessee
Executive Secretary, Rev. Thomas Baker

The Greater Dallas Council of Churches
406 Gibraltar Life Building
Dallas, Texas

CURRIER & COMPANY
666 Fifth Avenue

New York 19, N. Y.
PLaza 7-5920

December 23, 1959

Rev. Edward A. Driscoll
Executive Secretary
The Georgia Council of Churches
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Rev. Driscoll:

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen R. Currier have asked me to tell you that they have been deeply impressed with the courage and initiative which the Council has taken in its approach to the problems of racial tensions, so crucial to the whole nation. They are sending the enclosed contribution in the amount of $2,000 to the Georgia Council of Churches with the hope that these funds will be used to carry forward the Council's fine work in this field during the coming year.

As Mr. and Mrs. Currier make all of their charitable gifts without personal publicity of any kind, would you be kind enough to designate this contribution as coming from a friend of the Council, or to follow whatever custom you may have in order to preserve their anonymity in every way.

Will you kindly prepare your official receipt in the name of Mrs. Stephen R. Currier and forward it to her care of Currier & Company, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York 19, New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Currier send all good wishes for Christmas and the new year.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. & Mrs. S. R. Currier

JLE:lm
Encl.

Inter-Office Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To: Mr. Harold Fleming

Date December 28, 1959

From: Mrs. Eddy

Subject: Returned check

This is the first return.

December 28, 1959

Rev. Julius H. Corpening
Hampton Baptist Church
Hampton, South Carolina

Dear Rev. Corpening:

Mr. and Mrs. Currier have asked me to thank you for your kind letter of December 26th and to tell you that they can well understand the regrettable situation in which your church finds itself.

Although those of us far removed from the Southern scene cannot possbily have the immediate sense of the problems there as you know them, it is inspiring to us to know that there are men of good will, like yourself, whose voices are being heard. We send you every good wish.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy
For Mr. & Mrs. S.R. Currier

JLE:lm

cc: Harold Fleming

Hampton Baptist Church

Hampton, South Carolina
December 26, 1959

JULIUS H. CORPENING
Minister

FRANKLIN HOOKS
Min. of Music & Ed.

DEC 28 1959

Mr. & Mrs. Stephen R. Currier
% Currier and Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, N. Y.

Dear Mr. & Mrs. Currier:

Your very thoughtful and generous gift to our church arrived in yesterday's mail. As much as I would like to pass it on to our Treasurer, I do not feel that it would be proper for me to accept it. When first approached concerning the matter the information transmitted to me was that this would be a personal gift. Now that it is clear to me that this is a gift to the church I must decline it because our people here are not in sympathy with either you or me in matters of human relations. To accept such a gift on behalf of our church would presume upon both you and our people here.

Even though I cannot accept this gift for our church, please do accept my profound appreciation for your thoughtfulness. The knowledge of your active interest in the very critical problem of human relations in the South today is heartening.

With every good wish for a joyous year ahead, I am

Sincerely yours,

Julius H. Corpening

Julius H. Corpening

Inter-Office Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To:

Date

From:

12/23

Subject:

Dear Harold-

Christmas tidings: Letters and checks to all ministers and all Councils of churches are out, may they be merry; the Catholics want to survey costs and needs before taking $$$$, may they be ever conscientious; Campbell is assured, I think---we will try to see Espy & Co. on Monday.

And to all a Good Night.....

the last mouse

Supplementary List of Clergymen
December 1959

Category B ($1,000 each)

Rev. Emory Burton
Highlands Methodist Church
318 West Holmes Avenue
Huntsville, Alabama

Rev. Thomas Reeves
Denman Memorial Methodist Church
407 Fourth Avenue, West
Birmingham, Alabama

Rev. George Telford
First Presbyterian Church - Campus Christian Life Cttee*
Auburn, Alabama

Category C ($500 each)

Rev. Theodore Evans
St. Paul's Episcopal Church
120 Chancellor Street
Charlottesville, Va.

Rev. W. W. Finlator
Pullen Memorial Baptist Church
Raleigh, N. C.

Rev. John Johnson
Idlewild Presbyterian Church
~~Memp~~ 1750 Union Avenue
Memphis, Tenn.

Rev. Paul Ritch
St. Paul's By the Sea
1150 North Fifth Street
Jacksonville Beach, Fla.

Rev. Chilton Thorington
First Presbyterian Church
Selma, Ala.

Rev. Robert Walkup
First Presbyterian Church
Starkville, Miss.

Rev. A. C. Winn
Goodhope Presbyterian Church
c/o Stillman College
Tuscaloosa, Alabama

~~*xThex Rev.xMrxxTelfordxwouldxlikexthex checkxmadexoutxas shownxifxpossiblexifxmadexoutxsimply~~

* If possible, the check should be made out as shown; if not, some mention of the Campus Christian L fe Committee in the letter would be helpful.

Inter-Office
Memorandum

TACONIC FOUNDATION, INC.

To: Mr. Harold C. Fleming

Date January 19, 1960

From: Mrs. Eddy

Subject:

This fellow McCan seems to be having a little difficulty. I rather hesitate to send a letter spelling everything out for him. Do you suppose that Will Campbell or someone could clarify things?

Letter from Robert McCan, 1st Baptist Church, Clarksville, Tenn., dtd 1/11/60, asking for ltr stating intention that gift be for his personal use. Either a note from ~~Carr~~ Currier and Co. or from Campbell.

cc: Mr. Harold C. Fleming

January 26, 1960

John L. Mitchell, D.D.S.
1522 Medical Arts Building
Dallas 1, Texas

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Thank you for your letter of January 12.

The gift to the First Methodist Church in Carrollton to which you refer was the personal contribution of a young man and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. Currier, here in New York who have a deep concern for human understanding. They regularly support their own church, which is Protestant Episcopal, in this city, and as they travel about the country, it is their habit to make occasional gifts to other churches which seem to be doing an unusual job in furthering the Christian ethic.

In this instance, The Reverend Mr. Brand was suggested by Bishop William Martin, who spoke of the fine job which the First Methodist Church of Carrollton is doing toward better human understanding.

You may also be interested to know that Mr. and Mrs. Currier make all of their charitable contributions in as quiet and anonymous a manner as possible because of their intense distaste for personal publicity of any kind.

I hope this will answer your questions about the gift which was made by these young people in sincere appreciation of the fine work which they understand is being carried on by The Reverend Mr. Brand at First Methodist Church.

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Jane Lee J. Eddy

JLE:sel

JOHN L. MITCHELL, D. D. S.
1522 MEDICAL ARTS BUILDING
DALLAS 1, TEXAS

JAN 13 1960

Rec'd John Brand
$250 acknowledged

January 12, 1960

Currier and Company
666 Fifth Avenue
New York 19, New York

Dear Sir:

As chairman of the finance committee of the First Methodist Church in Carrollton, Texas, I would like to acknowledge receipt of your check dated December 22, 1959 to First Methodist Church of Carrollton, Texas for the amount of $250.00.

As this form of offering is most unusual both in amount and method of giving, I am most interested in your company identified as Currier and Company.

Being unable to understand why we were the recipients of such a fine donation, I would appreciate further information as to your Christian goals and ideals.

Yours Sincerely,

Dr. John L. Mitchell

JLM:ph

Bishop's Matter

Industrial Relations Counsellors - publication on full employment (Ann)

Send DTF analysis of Fed. Reorganization proposal.

Sumet - Dade Co recipient of 2 Reports.

Ken Clark - pay adjustment

~~$500~~

$500 Rev. John Rutland Woodlawn methodist church, Birmingham, Ala. Possibly a repeater. During past year has spoken out almost alone against methodist Laymens Union and was publically attacked in Birmingham news as result. Has helped many younger ministers oppose the W. L. U. in their local churches.

~~$1,500~~
~~$~~
~~$1,500~~
~~$1,500~~
$1,000

Rev. Tom Reeves (wrote Reeves) B'ham Sou. College Box 101 ~~B'ham Ala.~~ → meth. Ch. mem. → 407 4th ave. w. B'ham Associate pastor, Denman

Performed signal service with tremendous courage for publically opposing to organization of the methodist Laymens Union at their huge state-wide rally. Was placed under Klan surviellance, threatened, fired from his student pastorate, remained true to principle in face of overt opposition by his denominational superiors. Has lead students since this into bi-racial meetings. Wrote experiences up in "Christian Century" dispite danger ~~to~~ from pushing the matter.

Ala. Council of Churches

In formative stages - first bi-racial exploratory conference in ~~year~~ war. "exposed" in a B'ham news sensa story resulting in tremendous pressure on certain leaders. Regardless the body reconvened in September with

twice the attendance. Plans made for continuation without regard for losses sustained thus far which includes the loss of the pastor of the First Christian Church, Birmingham, who was ~~fired~~ released from his pulpit directly as a result of the smear article.

address - Ala. Council of Churches
Res Rev Arthaniel Harris, Treasurer
Sturing Co. Ala Council of Ch
1401 22nd Ave, Tuscaloosa

Sam Shirer

Alabama Council on Human Relations, Inc.

ROOM 1218 COMER BLDG. - - BIRMINGHAM 3, ALABAMA
PHONE AL 2-2722

REV. THOMAS THRASHER, President
MR. J. T. BROOKS, Vice President
FATHER A. S. FOLEY, Vice President

DR. A. D. GRAY, Vice President
MR. W. G. IRBY, Secretary
REV. J. C. WILSON, Treasurer

REV. ROBERT E. HUGHES, Executive Director

"AN ORGANIZATION TO ATTAIN, THROUGH RESEARCH AND EDUCATION, EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR ALL PEOPLE OF ALABAMA."

$250 Shirah

ALABAMA MINISTERIAL NOMINATIONS

1960

$1,000 Rev. George Telford
Minister to Presbyterian Students, Westminster House, Auburn, Ala. (Check would be made payable to Campus Christian Life Committee, First Presbyterian Church, Auburn.)

3

Telford for some two years has led his white Presby. students into exchange situations, programs, etc., with the Tuskegee Institute Westminster Fellowship. This was "exposed" with radical interracial, intersex" charges by one Alabama Presbytery which overtured the Synod of Alabama to halt his work. Telford refused to drop these interracial activities and finally in June, 1959, the Synod upheld and commended him. Was publically defamed throughout the state and within denomination. When he leaves next spring for graduate study probably won't be able to return later to an Ala. presbytery - the penalty.

$~~500~~ 250 Rev. Chilton Thorington
1st Presbyterian Church, Selma, Ala.

5

Has shown considerable courage in preaching for racial justice, attacking the powerful and active W. C. C.'s and K. K. K. of area from pulpit of staid old church which services are broadcast. Has provided unique opportunities for his parishioners to discuss race relations in a context of Christian principles. Stood for right of a Negro to return to morning worship when local church committee reacted in strong terms. Is probably largely responsible for one violent K. K. Klansmen reforming and a local W. C. C. board member resigning his W. C. C. post.

$1,000 Rev. J. G. Short
St. Pauls Methodist Church, Huntsville, Ala.

Short, a repeater from last year, made a significant in Birmingham in March new contribution in opposing the strong Methodist Laymens Union in his local church, suffering grievously as a result. Publically attacked through letter to editor of "Birmingham News" in April the infamous "Putmam Letter". Some 100 Klansmen burned a cross in front of his church in July. He was moved to Huntsville in September as result of his position.

500 ~~$1,000~~ Rev. A. C. Winn Stated supply Ch
Interim part-time pastor, Goodhope Presbyterian Church, Bessemer, Ala. (Only address would be c/o Rev. A. C. Winn, Stillman College, Tuscaloosa, Ala.) 1323 6th Ave - Bessemer - Wm Thomas

To church?

4

Winn has spearheaded the launching of the Alabama Council of Churches, performed outstanding service in race relations as financial secretary of the Ala. Council on Human Relations and as chairman of the Tuscaloosa Council on Human Relations and as moderator of the Presbyterian Synod of Alabama.

$1,000

~~$1,500~~

Alabama Ministerial Nominations - 2

Rev. Emory Burton - 318 West Holmes Avenue, Huntsville, Alabama

Is in process of establishing the still unorganized ~~Lakewood~~ Highlands Methodist Church in Huntsville. Wrote fine letter to editor of Birmingham News 2 years ago as student and upon returning to state in September to begin work was assigned to a church at a $3,900 year salary but Klansmen dug up letter, circulated it to Official Board of his church. He refused to compromise his stated position before two inquisition session and finally lost pulpit after four days. No support at all from Methodist officials. Was transferred to Huntsville work at $3,000 per year salary. Active in Huntsville bi-racial group.

To Church?

2

Continued

Rev. Sam C. Shirah
The ~~First~~ Methodist Church
Chipley, Fla.

HCF

Southern Ministers Who Have Received Notable Publicity
For Their Views on Race and Desegregation

Rev. Thomas Reeves, Methodist, Birmingham, Ala., made protest to Methodist Layman's Union on their statement on race in the Union's pronouncement (Ministerial Student). Summer 1959.

Rev. Fred L. Shuttlesworth (Negro), Baptist, Birmingham, Ala., leading Negro fighter for integration in Ala. 1958-1959.

Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. (Negro), Baptist, Montgomery, Ala. Pastor of Dexter Avenue Baptist Church; leader of Montgomery Improvement Association; organizer of Montgomery bus boycott. 1956.

Rev. George Telford, Presbyterian, Tuscaloosa, Ala., was strongly criticized by fellow church ministers and laymen for his encouraging of race mixing through student activities in Auburn. July 1959.

Rev. Robert Hughes, Birmingham, Ala, Executive Director of the Alabama Council on Human Relations. Attacked the policies on segregation of the Methodist Layman's Union in his "News Letter." 1959 Organized biracial ministerial association. 1957.

Rev. Robert B. McNeill, Presbyterian, Columbus, Ga., pastor of First Presbyterian Church. Was dismissed from his pulpit because of his liberal views in regard to race relations. His article in Look magazine, 1957, "The answer is neither Integration nor Segregation" made clear his moderate views. June 1959.

Dr. Dow Kirkpatrick, St. Mark Methodist Church, Atlanta, Ga. Got considerable rebuff from his congregation over a sermon on race relations. The subject of talk, "You've got to be carefully taught." Feb. 1959.

Dr. Herman L. Turner, Covenant Presbyterian Church, Atlanta, Ga. Leader in getting out the Atlanta Ministers' Manifestoes. 1957, 1958

Dr. Ernest Trice Thompson, Professor at Union Seminary, Richmond, Va. Was the object of a layman's movement originating in Selma, Ala., protesting an "ecclesiastical machine of liberal ministers." Oct. 1959.

Dr. Roy O. McClain, Pastor, First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Ga. Received headlines for his sermon on race relation and the school situation, making slanderous remarks about the Augusta Courier. Dec. 1959.

Rev. Robert S. Graetz, Pastor of Trinity Lutheran Church (all Negro) Montgomery, Ala. Has endured all kinds of threats and violent acts because of his pastorship at the all Negro church. Was finally forced to leave. 1956-1958.

Bishop William Marmion, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Southwest Virginia, Roanoke, Va. Insisted that the diocese make its conference center open to use of all people. May 1958.

Rev. Harrison McMains, A Disciple of Christ minister, Atlanta, Ga. A leader in putting together the Atlanta Manifesto, has been instrumental in organizing interracial committee whose aim is to consult with influential civic officials on any race problem that arises in Atlanta. 1958.

Rev. William Williams, Methodist Minister, Miami, Fla. Executive Director of Dade County Council on Community Relations, lead a movement "to spur church people to do more about integration." His coundil has done much to prompt the school board to make plans for integrating its schools. 1958.

Rev. Albert Foley, Catholic, Mobile, Ala. Professor at Spring Hill College, a Jesuit-run Catholic institution, the only integrated college in Ala. Father Foley has supported school integration from the pulpit and before alumni groups; he also played a leading role in getting a resolution passed in Ala. condemning Ku Klux Klan violence. 1957.

Rev. Robert Guste, Catholic, New Orleans, La. Author of pro-integration pamphlet "Men of Good Will," a 71-page piece in support of school desegregation. 1958.

Rabbi Jacob M. Rothschild, Jewish, Atlanta, Ga., received considerable publicity for his part in getting ministers to sign Ministers' Manifesto. 1957, 1958

Dr. Harry Fifield, pastor of First Presbyterian Church, Atlanta, Ga. Has spoken out repeatedly in support of desegregation. Fall 1958.

Dr. A. S. Turnipseed, Methodist, Mobile, Ala. Was ousted from his post as superintendent of the Mobile Methodist district by the Association of Members of Methodist Churches in Mobile District for his endorsement of a petition to the Mobile City Commission asking elimination of segregation on city buses. 1958.

Dr. O. Norman Shands, West End Baptist Church, Atlanta, Ga. Gave a sermon on Negro status at his church and received considerable publicity. January 1959.

Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam, President of Methodist Church's Council of Bishops, Washington, D. C. Has repeatedly asked that his organization encourage for racial inclusiveness. 1958.

Rev. John Lyles, Presbyterian, Marion, S. C., was dismissed from his ministerialship at the Presbyterian Church, Marion, S. C., because of his sponsorship of "South Carolinians Speak" a book on race relations in S. C. 1958.

Rev. Dunbar H. Ogden, Pastor, First Presbyterian Church of Huntington, W. Va. President of the Ministerial Association of Little Rock. Personally led (the first) Negro pupils into Central High School. 1958.

I ~~2~~ Rabbi Charles Mantinband
The Temple
808 Mamie Street
Hattiesburg, Mississippi 2,500 ~~2~~

II Rev. Paul Stagg
First Baptist Church 1,000 II
Front Royal, Va.

III Rev. Gaylord B. Noyce
The United Church
1326 Dixie Trail
Raleigh, North Carolina ~~250.00~~ 500.00 III

III Rev. Olin B. Pendleton
~~129 Hardy Ave.~~
First Congregational Christian Church 500 III
129 Hardy Ave.
Norfolk 6, Virginia

I ~~4~~ * Rev. Colbert S. Cartwright
The Pulaski Heights Christian Church 2,500
Hillcrest & Spruce
Little Rock, Arkansas

* The Georgia Council of Churches
Rev. Edward Driscoll, Executive Secretary
63 Auburn Ave. N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

The Texas Council of Churches
Rev. Harold Kilpatrick, Executive Secretary
504 W. 24th Street
Austin 5, Texas

? Rev. Ebb G. Kilpatrick, Jr. 250
IV Baldecrest Baptist church not in book
Baldecrest Rd., S. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

1328 pt. ns.

Category C (continued)

~~Roxie~~

12. Foster, Ft. Lauderdale
13. Fuller, Orlando
14. Buell, Miami
15. Wilder, Heber Springs (Ark.)
16. Wood, Atlanta
17. Tucker, Savannah
18. Fifield, Atlanta
~~19. Ledgerton, Oglethorpe ?~~

19. Smathers, ~~Bick Lick~~ Crossville (Tenn.)? had
20. Crum, Raleigh ? had
21. Owen, Charlottesville ? had
22. Evans, Charlottesville ? had
23. W. W. Finlator
Pullen Memorial Baptist Ch.
Raleigh, N.C.
11,000

Category D (5250 each)

1. Brand, Carrolton (Tex.)
2. Hasty, Richmond
3. Hunter, New Orleans
4. Johnson, Memphis ? has 1750 Union Ave
5. McKee, Metairie (La.)
6. Madden, New Orleans
7. Marney, Charlotte
8. Prince, Tulsa
9. Rouark, Laurinburg (NC)
10. Russell, New Orleans
11. Slater, Chattanooga
12. Teeter, Lynchburg
13. Turner, New Orleans
14. Weth, Wilmington (Del.)
15. Corpening, Hampton (SC)
16. McCan, Clarksville (Tenn.)
17. Culbreth, Main Springs (Fla.)
18. Brabham, Union (S.C.)
19. Rustin, Kingsport (Tenn.)

Upgrade

Category D (continued)

20. Hooten, Gainesville (Ga.)

21. Von Almen, Rome

22. Shirah, ~~Montgomery~~ Chipley, Fla. ?

23. Ellison Smyth, Blacksburg, Va.

5,750

59
48 cleared

Southern Clergymen Proposed for Recognition 21 43
December 1959

Category A ($2500 each)

1. Martin, Pine Bluff
2. Seastrand, Houston 10,000
3. Simpson, Port Neches (Tex.)
4. Kirkpatrick, Atlanta

Category B ($1,000 each)

1. Flannery, Nashville
2. Germany, Union (Miss.) ? — hold
3. Joffrion, Huntsville
4. Smith, Austin
5. Turner, Nashville
6. Doggett, Winter Park
7. Byrd, Pine Bluff
8. Smith, Atlanta 9,000
9. Turner, Atlanta

Category C ($500 each)

1. Blanchard, Augusta
2. Ferris, Nashville
3. Haselden, Charleston (W.Va.)
4. Hobart, Meridian
5. Mead, Chapel Hill
6. Petty, Garland (Tex.)
7. Ritch, Jacksonville Beach ? — hold
8. Seymour, Chapel Hill
9. Walkup, Starkville (Miss.) ? — hold
10. Woodland, Baton Rouge
11. Lee, Danville

Category D ($250 each)

Rev. J. H. Crum
Wynnewood Park Methodist Church
3329 Avent Ferry Road
Raleigh, N. C.

Rev. Jan W. Owen
Westminster Presbyterian Church
190 Rugby Street
Charlottesville, Va.

Rev. Sam C. Shirah
The Methodist Church
Chipley, Fla.

Rev. Eugene Smathers
Calvary Presbyterian Church
Route 5, Box 180
Crossville, Tenn.

250 - 500 1000 - 2000
500 - 1000 2000 - 2500

NY —

Ministers' —

L. R. Centurifo
Jean Scott
? ~~Pegg~~

~~Alg~~

IV C. Avery Lee 250
1st Baptist Church
Ruston, La.

Jim Petty 250
Church of Christ
Texarkana, Ark.
(& booklet) — 250.00

JR Huntsville, Ark 250
Rev Wendell Hines
Presbyterian, ~~Ark~~

JR Rev. Ramsey 250
Aylmer, Ark.

IV Rev Don Campbell 250
Crossett Presby Church
Crossett, Ark.

Aylmer
The Meth. Church

500

III Styles Lines
~~The Episcopal~~ church —
Camden SC

IV Rev. Duncan Gray, Jr. 250
St. Peter's Episc
Oxford, Miss

Dana Green 250 IV
St Luke's Metha.
Austin, Tex.

Rev Blake Smith 1000 II
University Baptist Church
Austin, Tex.

Nashville

Rev. Paul Turner 500.00

Brook Hollow Baptist ? ck

* Clyde Flannery 2500? ck

* For Council of Churches

Rev. Eugene Smithers (Presby USA) CK

~~The~~ Crossville, Tenn. 250

Rev. ~~Jack~~ Crumb 250 ck

Meth.

Raleigh, N.C.

~~Rev. Thomas Baptist~~

Jan Owen 250

Presby ?

Charlottesville, Va. ck

Memo FROM THE DESK OF **HAROLD FLEMING**

Cleared by WDC

Martin Robt McCann

Ferris

Flannery

Haselden

Hobart

Joffrion

Pettis

Seymour, (WC)

Arnold Slater

Paul Turnley

Woodland (Jr.)

Kill - Walter Moore (Meridian)

Declined

Ed Harrison, Jackson

WDC Sure

Blake Smith

McRae Werth

Louis Prince

Cleared by Rev Lowden
for WDC —
Paul Seastrand

Cleared by Ed Driscoll
Herman Turner

Cleared by Griswold
Byrd
Wilder

Memo from **VERNON E. JORDON, JR.**

Les

Any suggestions as to additional persons for this mailing?

Do you think a press release appropriate on these reports? I do and recommend same.

Memo from **VERNON E. JORDON, JR.**

Proposed Distribution - Louisville + Charlotte

#1 — Chamber ?
3 — Interagency ?
4 Bd.
5 Labor
6 State groups
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8 (1) All purpose
9 Mass Media ?
10 Gov't Agencies
17 CCR
18 Business, Industry ?
FCR
VIP
U.S. Conference of Mayors

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF
. . . . HAROLD C. FLEMING . . . .

PH - Add to our ministers for future use.

Rev. Paul Seastrand
Augustana Lutheran Ch
2017 Wheeler St.
Houston, Tex

Integrated Cong.
Lost some, gained some. (per Bill Campbell)

please file with current list.

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF
. . . . HAROLD C. FLEMING . . . .

III
500

Rev. Olaf Anderson, Jr.
Harvey-Browne Memorial
Presbyterian Church
4213 Churchway
Louisville, Kentucky

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF
. . . . HAROLD C. FLEMING . . . .

*Rev. Robt Scott 500
III Primrose Meth Ch
L R

IV Rev. Marion Boggs 250
2d Presby Ch.

III *Rev W. A. Willcox 500
St Mark's Epsc. Ch.

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF
. . . . HAROLD C. FLEMING . . . .

LR Ministers ~~* Cartwright~~

* Rev. T. B. Hay 500
III Pulaski Heights Presby Church

Rev E B Wms 250
IV Gardner Mem. Meth Ch
N. LR

IV * Rev. Elbert Jeans 250
St Luke's Meth

Rev. Richard C. Jahn / ~~Meth.~~
IV 1st Luth. Church 250
LR

Memo FROM THE DESK OF **FRED ROUTH**

III Rev. Wm Wilson — 500.00
→ Tuckahoe Presby Church
Richmond, Va —

OK
III Rev. A. Ronald Merrix — 500.00
→ Monumental Episcopal Church
Richmond, Va.

— ~~Arlington Congregational Christian Church~~
~~Arlington, Va.~~

Rev Ross Weston
IV Arlington Unitarian Church 250.00
Arlington, Va.

Rev. Eugene Pickett
IV 1st Unitarian Church 250.00
Richmond, Va

→ Rev. Wm Abbott
Oakdale Ply Church 2,500
I Norfolk, Va

III Rev James Fox -
Marlow Heights Baptist Church 500
Front Royal, Va.

II Rev James Brewer
Norfolk Unitarian Church 1,000
Norfolk, Va.

Ministers

For Dec '55
Driscoll

Leon Smith - Park St. Meth. Church (E.D.)

Don Kirkpatrick, St. Mark Meth.,

James Hooten, 1st (ED)

Herman Turner, Covenant Presby. Church, Atl.

Christian Church, Gainesville, Ga (E.D.)

Fitzhugh Ledyard (ED)

Oglethorpe Presby. Ch (Chm RR Cttee Atl Chr. Council) (E.D.)

Milton Wood, All Saints Episc Ch. (E.D.

Raymond Berry, No United Church (Cong'l) ~~LaGrange, Ga.~~ (CK w/ Lightbourne)

(over)

The Rev.
F. Bland Tucker (ED)
Christ Epsc.
Savannah, Ga.

Harry Fifield (ED)
1st Presby

A. M. Von Almen
1st Christ Ch
Rome, Ga

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND

41 EAST SEVENTIETH STREET · NEW YORK 21 · N. Y.

AUGUST HECKSCHER *Director*

January 11, 1960

Mr. Morris B. Abram
Heyman, Abram & Young
1504 Healey Building
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Morris:

Just a line to acknowledge your letter of January 7 and the interesting possibilities which it raises in connection with Harold Fleming and Ralph McGill. I should like to discuss this matter with the staff and then, as you suggest, sound out Adolf Berle as well as Erwin Canham. It may be you would want to write them directly; let me just keep the matter in the staff until we have had a chance to think about it.

I have been planning to be in touch with you about the economic study of segregation. Donald Dewey, of Duke, and William Nicholls, of Vanderbilt, are both coming up in the near future to talk over the possibilities with us. Nicholls seems to feel that his forthcoming book—"Southern Tradition and Regional Progress"—covers the field. But I would suppose that this is far from the last word.

I shall be away on a trip to India and Russia during February and most of March. During that time Tom Carskadon may well be in touch with you. I have asked him to keep a special eye on this project.

With best wishes,

Cordially yours,

August Heckscher

AH/b

ARTHUR HEYMAN (1867-1951)
HERMAN HEYMAN
MORRIS B. ABRAM
ROBERT G. YOUNG

MAURICE N. MALOOF
JOHN H. HICKS

LAW OFFICES OF
HEYMAN, ABRAM & YOUNG
1504 HEALEY BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GA.

March 28, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

I received from Tom Carskadon of the Twentieth Century Fund a letter which indicates interest in the Fleming-McGill project. I will keep you advised of the reaction at the annual meeting on May 5th and 6th.

File

Sincerely,

Morris B. Abram

A/c

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND

41 EAST SEVENTIETH STREET NEW YORK 21 N.Y.

AUGUST HECKSCHER *Director*

March 29, 1960

Mr. Morris B. Abram
Heyman, Abram & Young
1504 Healey Building
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Morris:

The enclosed annual report of the U.S. Information Agency may be of interest to you. You will note on page 13 a section entitled "Projecting the U.S. to Africa." I agree that this does seem rather weak and that there could be much improvement along the lines which you have suggested.

As Tom Carskadon wrote you, there will be occasion to bring up the idea at the Trustees Meeting. I must say for my own part, however, that I rather question whether a research project is the best way to go about getting the improvement - the new life and insight - which programs of this kind need.

I am a little disappointed to find upon my return that we have not been able to get further along with the Economic Results of Discrimination. This is, however, a difficult project which needs to be approached with care; to rush into it could well do more harm than good.

I look forward to seeing you at the Board Meeting in May.

Cordially,

August Heckscher

AH/b
Enclosure

LAW OFFICES OF
HEYMAN, ABRAM & YOUNG
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ATLANTA 3, GA.

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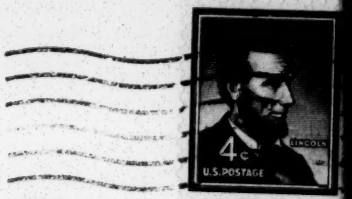

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

BC: Morris Abram

December 2, 1960

Mr. August Heckscher
Director
The Twentieth Century Fund
41 East 70th Street
New York 21, New York

file

Dear Mr. Heckscher:

The invitation extended in your letter of November 28 is most welcome. I shall be happy to take part in the discussions of January 6 and 7.

Along with the other bebefits of the conference, I look forward with pleasure to seeing you again.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND

41 EAST SEVENTIETH STREET · NEW YORK 21 · N. Y.

AUGUST HECKSCHER *Director*

November 28, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The Twentieth Century Fund is planning to set on foot an economic study which will deal with aspects of the racial problem in relation to the growth and development of the South. On Saturday, January 7, we plan to hold a conference in Atlanta, limited to some half dozen participants, to discuss the problems involved and to help us set our course.

It would give us great pleasure if you are able to attend.

A preliminary memorandum has been prepared by W. Paul Brann, former Director of the Mississippi Industrial Research Center. Excerpts from this are enclosed, to serve as a starting point for the discussion. In general, it is our hope to arrive by an impartial economic survey at the results which might be anticipated as tendencies now at work in the South develop further. The problem of defining the project in a way which will insure its usefulness and acceptability is not an easy one, and we have been reluctant to go ahead without the advice we can hope to get from a small group of men thoroughly familiar with the South.

Mr. Morris Abram of Atlanta, a trustee of the Twentieth Century Fund, will be our host for the meeting. Mr. and Mrs. Abram have invited those attending to dine with them at their home Friday evening, January 6. The next day we would start the meeting in good time, and plan to be through by that afternoon.

The Fund will provide for your accomodations and expenses. We are also able to offer an honorarium of $100—what must necessarily be a token sign of our appreciation to those who take part.

I would appreciate your letting me know whether you are able to participate.

Sincerely yours,

August Heckscher

August Heckscher

AH/ng
Enclosure

PLANNING RESEARCH ON ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF
THE SOUTH'S RACIAL PROBLEM

Excerpts from a Report to the Twentieth Century Fund

W. Paul Brann
September 15, 1960

1. The Southern Economy Today

Essentially the Southern region is a study in contrast. Since the Civil War it has been characterized as a paradox of rich resources and poor people. But since World War II, with high levels of national prosperity, the South itself has prospered and a "new South" has emerged. New industry, diversified sources of employment, government installations, greater productivity, and higher incomes have generally placed the "new South" into a period of great economic change. But with all the progress of recent years the economic structure of the "new South" still carries with it many of the traditional mores and characteristics of the old South.

Today the population structure in the South is like an hour glass with a build up of older people on one end creating social pressure upon the economy for welfare and other programs, and with a concentration of younger people on the other end which places great strain upon the regional economy to maintain adequate levels of education. Then, too, with a higher than national birth rate, there is a buildup of labor force from the bottom.

And beyond all this, with the technological change in agriculture and with increased productivity, great numbers of agricultural workers have been released into the labor force, resulting in a condition where there are pressures of more people than jobs. Migration has been a partial answer with the South making adjustments by exporting people. Similarly, the South has worked hard to create more and more non-farm jobs through industrial development. Each of the states except Texas and practically all major cities and towns in the region have formal organized programs for industrial development.

But even with industrial progress, the income pattern of the South has not improved as much as one might expect. The income position of the South, although moving toward the national average, is low primarily because of unused and under-utilized resources. It is due primarily to the fact that manufacturing income is low because a high proportion of the industrial development of the South is in manufacturing plants which nationally are regarded as low wage or in plants which nationally are either declining or growing only slightly. Agricultural income is held back, with the income benefits due to increased productivity going more to the consumer than to the farmer.

These conditions do not take anything away from the strides which have been made in trade, service and recreational employment. The South more and more has become closer to the national economy. It is an improved market. It has an attractive labor supply for national industry. It has benefited from the relocation and modernization of plant equipment and from new plant investment. The dominating character of the "new South" is to be found in its industrial development, and there are three major aspects of this improvement over the past fifteen years: (1) There is more industry in the South. (2) There are more diversified types of industry. The

region is no longer dominated completely by woodworking and textiles, but today the Southern industrial complex includes chemicals, electronics, metal workings, etc. (3) The new industrial pattern is characterized by widespread location of plants. There is no longer concentration of industry in only a few of the cities of the South, such as Birmingham, Atlanta, Dallas, etc., but today there is an industrial plant located in practically every county seat city in the South.

Looking ahead, the South in its economic progress faces certain trends, for:

(1) This is an age of urbanization.
(2) This is an age of science and technology.
(3) This is an age of trained manpower.

Each of these trends has special meaning for the "new South" and all of them affect the productivity of new investment and of people.

2. A Fundamental Difficulty

Certainly as you look at the Southern economy today one important feature is clear. There are already more people than jobs, both white and colored, and changes are occurring to compound this fact through release of people by mechanization in agriculture, through a higher than national birth rate and through concentration of labor supplies in growing cities and towns. Whatever is done to improve job opportunity for the Negro has to be done with these facts in mind. It means realistically that the opportunity for employment of the Negro in the South is limited not only by social tradition but by the economic fact that there are not enough jobs at the moment for all the people.

Furthermore, if racial discrimination in employment could be eliminated entirely and instantly, there would still be a major Negro problem in the South, in the sense that much of the Negro population is not prepared at the moment through education, training, and ability to perform certain jobs. One could say that we must start from where we are. So, whatever can be done to develop skills and trades among the present Negro population would be desirable not only for the South but for the nation. But beyond this, will the South and the nation have to maintain this population as a social cost through welfare programs and in other ways? This poses a basic question of what do we do with the next generation of Negroes in the South. In the absence of economic opportunity, wouldn't we reasonably expect that they would grow up into another generation adding still further social cost for a region of the country which is already under economic pressure to support public services?

Then the alternative question becomes—what can you do realistically to change this? Is migration the answer? It may very well be; and if so, then there is posed a whole set of questions about education, vocational training, labor mobility, wage differentials, productivity, etc., which must be answered broadly for the nation rather than for the South.

What is to be found as an answer in present trends and changes now under way in the South? The South is emphasizing industrial development. Is there hope that this can be the solution for the Negro? Certainly there is some evidence of progress in the South in the employment of Negroes in industry. Southern leaders describe many examples where Negroes have entered new jobs, new industry, new occupations where they have been upgraded. Mention has been made of industrial advancement of the Negro where government contracts were important and where the Negro has found competitive opportunity with whites because it is forced by law.

3. The Question of All-Negro Factories

Also, there are many examples of industrial employment in all-Negro plants and their record of productivity has been good. In some areas of the South where the population of Negroes is high, chamber of commerce groups are promoting the location of plants to employ Negroes. In one state, for example, the white business leaders have said to the Negro leaders that for every dollar raised in the Negro community, ten dollars would be invested by the white leaders to build plants to employ Negroes.

Many Negro leaders object to this on the basis that it is a segregated approach to employment opportunity. But many industrial-development people point out that, even so, it at least gives the Negro a breakthrough to production jobs in industry from which he can move on to other higher skilled work. Generally it is reported that the professionally trained Negro has found opportunity for employment. The difficulty here is that the training of professional Negroes has not been encouraged in the past because employment opportunities have appeared to be limited and discrimination has been a factor. But most observers of the South say that a Negro well trained in professional work would have no difficulty in finding attractive opportunities.

Beyond industrial employment, Southerners also describe the progress of Negroes in government jobs: local, state and federal; and in the trades and services.

4. Looking to the Future

Looking to future trends in the South, what do these present in the way of answers? Does the trend toward concentration of Negroes in Southern cities present opportunities for Negro entrepreneurs tapping a growing Negro market? And what about the trend towards technological change in industry, which means that fewer production jobs will be required by manufacturing in the future? This poses a question for the South, not only in terms of opportunity for Negroes, but basically whether or not the South itself can achieve its economic improvement by emphasizing industrial development alone. It would also mean that for both white and colored workers, industry ten years from now will be needing a more highly skilled and trained worker, thus requiring adjustments and changes in the present educational programs to meet the needs of the future.

Next, another question: As the South moves from its historical industries of textile and lumber to higher wage and skilled industries such as chemical, electrical, etc., can we reasonably expect in time the progression of white workers from these older plants into the new plants, leaving opportunity for Negro employment? When can we reasonably expect labor shortages to develop in the South which would bring into focus its supply of Negro workers? Certainly against the social tradition of the South, as long as there is a supply of white workers, it is not likely that the Negro will find as much oppotunity as under conditions where there is full utilization of resources.

Thus we can summarize some of the relevant questions which are important to cover in defining a plan of research:

(A) How can the Negro make economic advancement in the South against a background where there are more people than available jobs, both for white and colored?

(B) To what extent is migration the answer to better opportunity for the Negro and for complete use of this human resource not only in the South but in the nation?

(C) What is the impact of recent industrial expansion in the South upon Negro employment? Is he participating fully? What industries and occupations are giving him the greatest opportunity for advancement?

(D) What effect will the technologicaly change now under way in industry have upon the number of jobs available to white and colored? And what special meaning does this have for planning education and in the development of skills and vocations for Negroes?

(E) What effect does management and labor union policy in the South have upon Negro employment?

(F) What effect will the progression of industry in the South, moving from low wage industries of textile, lumber, etc., to high wage industries of chemical, electrical and metal working, have upon the movement of white labor into these new plants, leaving new job opportunities in the older industries to the Negro?

(G) When can we reasonably expect within the rate of economic growth of the South and against national growth projections to find labor supply shortages? And in what kinds of industry and occupations are these likely to occur?

(H) What will trends toward urbanization mean for the Negro in terms of business entrepreneurial opportunities, Negro markets, and as improved opportunity for employment through a concentrated labor supply?

5. A Right Time for Research

To understand the situation in the South at the moment requires an appreciation of a region which differs within itself. There are, in fact, many Souths. In some cities and in some states of the region solutions come easier than in others. Progress can be made here. In those areas where there is a high proportion of Negro population, the problems of social and economic improvement of the Negro are more difficult to resolve.

Yet, throughout all parts of the South I have found in my interviews general interest in proposed research on this subject, particularly from the economics approach. Leadership prefers this as a "common sense" approach in contrast to much of the study and writing to date which has been focused more upon social crisis and change. They comment readily that the racial problem of the South begs for facts, documentation and understanding rather than publicity, pressures and controversy.

So if I can appraise the atmosphere at the moment, I would say that in the South today there is an advancement in thinking which makes it possible to do some research; to secure cooperation where case studies, experiences and examples are required; and to secure a group of leaders who would lend the prestige of their name and support research in an advisory way.

But I would not want to be misleading. There is certainly not overenthusiastic support for all types of study, nor complete agreement that the results can be used effectively. Even after six years, there is some reluctance on the part of responsible leaders to talk freely and publicly about their views. In balance I would say that the time is right to initiate research.

6. The Viewpoint of Different Groups

For the Negro leader in 1960, gradualism, even if progressive, is not the answer to all the problems. He talks primarily in terms of rights and opportunities. He speaks of new and vigorous leadership. He points to economic weapons and to legal approaches. He speaks of fast-moving events both national and international, of continuing pressures, and he appears to have great hopes for improvement in the economic field.

White leadership of the South expresses concern that sound and orderly progress does take time, and you will find more of a willingness of leaders to approach economic opportunity for the Negro in this way.

Specific leadership groups face different sets of problems. The businessman we have seen when put under pressure has been effective in finding economic solutions even while under counter pressures of the consumer market and the traditional culture of his city. Since profits are involved, the businessman is more inclined to act to maintain his profit margin. Again this cannot be generalized for the South, for in some cities businessmen have taken reverse positions.

Other groups whose thinking is important on this problem include the people who work for industrial development of the South, the labor union leaders and the leaders in government.

The industrial development man is very much concerned about the racial issue, but primarily because it is a public controversy which can create an unfavorable outside image about the South. He is not agreed upon the Weight and significance which should be given to the racial crisis as a factor in industrial location. In areas of the South where there has been violence, such as Little Rock, the professional industrial development man will tell you that this has been a decisive factor in keeping industry away. In areas where there has been moderation in dealing with the problem and where there has been an absence of violence and disorder, this fact alone is pushed by industrial-development people as a favorable influence reflecting stability which makes their area attractive. The industrial development professional is interested in helping the Negro advance through industrial employment, but he is free to admit that with a surplus of white workers the Negro opportunity is limited.

The labor union officials and members point to anti-discrimination policy well defined by national unions. In many instances it is reported that local practices in the South are not always in keeping with national labor union policy. Differences between policy and practice appear to vary greatly in local areas depending upon the over-all pressure for jobs, types of industry involved, specific occupations and the influence of social traditions. Labor union officials comment that they would follow the lead of industrial management on the employment of the Negro, but you secure the reverse impression in talking to many of the management people. To the contrary they indicate that labor unions themselves, since they are a strong force and sensitive to the wishes of their membership, can be a strong factor in helping or hindering the advance of Negro employment.

Government leaders speak, of course, in terms of policy and legislation. Recognizing the social tradition of the South, Southern politicians have been well aware of racial segregation as a political issue. Responsible government leadership, however, seems to be following two approaches. Both of these approaches assume that with the Supreme Court decision of 1954 schools in the South will move from the present point of segregation with equal facilities to the point of some integration in the schools. How much time it will take to move between these two points is unknown and will vary by local areas throughout the South in accordance with the power structure, pressures of Negro leaders and effectiveness of local leadership.

Generally the responsible government leaders in the South agree that the region will move from one of these points to the other. Therefore, the two approaches which have been taken provide for (1) a plan whereby state government gives leadership in moving between these two points, by setting up an organizational framework including such things as race relation committee and by providing legislation whereby initiative may be

taken within local areas of a state, and (2) a second approach with a framework whereby a state can be "pushed" between the two points rather than "leading." This implies, however, that no roadblocks would be created as barriers to the "pushing," but it would not provide for leadership to move the process in one direction or another. It simply provides for a flexible situation whereby a state can be pushed in whatever direction and at whatever time seems to be appropriate and effective.

Government leaders hold generally that the long history and court interpretations for equal but separate facilities will not be easily or quietly changed. But in my judgment there is evidence that many leaders of government in the South today are very sincere in wanting to find answers to these problems in a smooth orderly way rather than creating violence and disorder. In the economic field the Negro sit-ins and boycotts have become effective weapons. Government leaders are generally looking to businessmen to find their solutions.

7. A Plan of Research

On the basis of my discussions with business leaders and professional economists in the South, I would specifically suggest the following framework as a series of monographs. The over-all title could be "Utilizing the Negro in the Southern Economy," or "Improving the Productivity of Human Resources in the South," or "Southern Economic Development and the Negro," or some variation of these. Certainly other ideas will occur to the research director and to the research team as it is organized and as detailed study outlines are prepared. But as a starting point these are the specific studies which seem to me to be the most relevant and strategic.

(A) Effects of racial problems upon Southern industrial development

This is a kind of opening study which is strategic in getting into some other things. Industrial development is perhaps the strongest economic goal in the South today. Even in the South's political system, promoting economic development often dominates some of the issues of changing social tradition. While some studies have been made of the effects of school closings in Little Rock and Norfolk, we do not have in the literature any clear measure of the effects of racial conflict upon industrial location. Many of the reports we have are conflicting. Industrial development people in the South can give cases and examples to support either point of view. They are generally concerned, however, with public controversy, violence and struggle as factors in creating an unfavorable public image of the South. I am not optimistic that any statistical measurement can be made, but I would suggest extensive case studies with management of American industry located within and outside of the South. The simple question at hand would be to determine what management is thinking about racial problems and conflicts in selecting industrial location, in evaluating the general business climate of an area, in appraising sales and marketing position and in its general public relations. With case studies as a starting point, there might later come some idea about statistical measurements.

(B) The Southern economy in 1975 with particular reference to the employment of the Negro

To understand the nature and extent of the economic problem of the Negro in the South, I would suggest a major study of economic model building, including existing trends and projections for the future.

For example, one model could be built on the assumption of starting with the South as it is, taking the existing occupational and industrial employment of the Negro, and assuming no change. Then, where are we going in the South in the next ten, twenty, thirty years, and where will the Negro be? What will be the employment outlook for the Negro in the South if there is little change in existing tradition and trends? Will the jobs now occupied by Negroes increase or decline? In effect, what we're asking in this kind of model is whether or not we can reasonably expect the South to be an effective area for employment of the Negro or does the end result of all this point to the need for future migration and how much?

Still other conditions can be assumed in the model building. For example, what would the South gain if all Negroes, without discrimination, could be placed into employment on the basis of their ability, education, training and aptitude; and used fully, efficiently, and at competitive wages with other workers? Will the South run into labor shortages, wage competition, technological changes, etc., which will retard or help the advance of the Negro? With different rates of national economic growth, what can we expect in the use of human resources, particularly of the Negro?

This kind of model building, introducing different sets of assumptions, could give an effective basis for policy thinking. To build realistic assumptions into the models, however, would require specific studies. These would include such things as a study of the occupational and professional job structure of the Negro in the South, a study on educational skills and vocational needs of the Negro, case studies on existing experience with Negro employment in industry, a study of the effects of urbanization upon Negro employment and a study on effects of technological change upon Negro employment. These are but a few of many individual studies which would be helpful to the model-building exercises. Until specific studies can be made as a basis for the assumptions, however, it is suggested that this kind of model building is needed early in the series and that modifications can be made later as the results of more detailed studies become available.

(C) Policy of American business on employing the Negro

In connection with study number one and perhaps by combining the fieldwork there should be a determination and review of American business policy on employment of the Negro. In the South where I estimate that slightly over half of manufacturing workers are employed in plants whose board of directors meet outside the South, it is quite possible that the solution to economic advancement of the Negro in the South actually lies in management policy outside of the South. There are some studies in this general direction, particularly on the internal and external problems facing American industrial

management in the employment of the Negro. But in this case I would recommend an emphasis upon industry in the South; and again a case study approach would be the method.

(D) Labor union policy and practices in Southern industry as related to employment of the Negro

To distinguish between stated policy and operating practices of labor unions in the South would be extremely difficult, but some approach needs to be made here and by outside economists in cooperation with labor union officials and members. Furthermore, this study would be related to Number Three so that management and labor policy and practices could be related.

(E) Action programs for economic improvement of the Negro

The business leader in the South needs to know of existing programs and experiences to determine new approaches. Case studies and descriptions of these experiences are needed. How is the problem being met? What techniques work? How does government organize to do this? How effective are such techniques as race relations committees? Where are examples of businessmen action groups who have provided some experience on this problem and how effective have they been?

In other words, these materials would give business leadership an evaluation of action programs in the South and elsewhere. Perhaps this kind of study might even show that what is needed in the economic field is a kind of employment reporting service which deals with the economic progress of the Negro similar to the existing Southern Educational Reporting Service financed by a grant from the Ford Foundation.

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND

41 EAST SEVENTIETH STREET · NEW YORK 21 · N.Y.

AUGUST HECKSCHER *Director*

January 11, 1961

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Just a line on my return to thank you again for the hospitality of your headquarters during Saturday's conference. It was good to have you a part of the group in what was, I think, a most successful meeting.

I have read the literature of the Council which I carried back with me. This was most helpful, and I congratulate you on its quality. The writing throughout is particularly clear and good. I hope that you will send us your subsequent reports, letting me know if there is a charge for these.

Enclosed is a check for $100 for the honorarium.

I shall be in touch with you again.

Sincerely yours,

Augis
August Heckscher

AH/b
Enclosure

file

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND

41 EAST 70 STREET · NEW YORK, N.Y. 10021 · LE 5-4441

AUGUST HECKSCHER *Director*

file

September 13, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

I do want to tell you how pleased I am that you will be joining us for the discussion on administration of justice in the South, on Thursday, October 6. This promises to be a highly interesting and rewarding day, and I am pleased to say that, with a single exception, all who were invited are planning to join us. I attach a list of the participants.

As you will recall, we expect to start at 9:30. After coffee, we will get into the conference by 10, and with a good break for lunch end the discussion by about 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

It remains only for me to say how much I am looking forward to seeing you on this occasion.

Sincerely yours,

August Heckscher

AH/b
Enclosure

CONFERENCE ON JUSTICE IN THE SOUTH

October 6, 1966
9:30 A.M.

Morris B. Abram	Attorney, Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton and Garrison, New York City
Paul Anthony	Executive Director, Southern Regional Council, Atlanta
Berl Bernhard	Executive Director, Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights Under Law, Washington, D. C.
Lindsey Cowen	Dean, School of Law, University of Georgia, Athens
John H. Doyle, III	United States Attorney, Southern District of New York, New York City
Leslie W. Dunbar	Executive Director, The Field Foundation, New York City
Christopher F. Edley	Public Affairs Program, The Ford Foundation, New York City
Terrell L. Glenn	United States Attorney, Eastern District of South Carolina, Columbia
Jack Greenberg	Director-Counsel, N.A.A.C.P. Legal Defense and Educational Fund, New York City
Vivian W. Henderson	President, Clark College, Atlanta
A. Leon Higginbotham, Jr.	Judge, United States District Court, Eastern District of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia
M. Carl Holman	Deputy Staff Director, United States Commission on Civil Rights, Washington, D. C.
Herbert Johnson	Attorney, Johnson & Hayes, Atlanta
Burke Marshall	Vice President and General Counsel, International Business Machines Corporation, Armonk, New York
Charles Morgan, Jr.	Director, Southern Regional Office American Civil Liberties Union, Atlanta
Joshua M. Morse III	Dean, School of Law, The University of Mississippi, University, Mississippi
Henry Schwarzschild	Executive Secretary, Lawyers Constitutional Defense Committee, New York City
William B. Spann, Jr.	Attorney, Alston, Miller & Gaines, Atlanta
Elbert P. Tuttle	Chief Judge, Fifth Judicial Circuit, United States Court of Appeals, Atlanta

File
20th Century Fund

October 12, 1966

Mr. August Heckscher
The Twentieth Century Fund
41 East 70 Street
New York, New York 10021

Dear Mr. Heckscher:

Enclosed is the travel expense form indicating my air transportation costs to the Fund's conference on October 6.

It was a pleasure having this opportunity to meet you and be with you for the day. I found the conference helpful and stimulating. And, I was particularly impressed by the calibre of the persons you had collected for this meeting.

I do hope the Southern Regional Council will have further opportunities for program cooperation with the Twentieth Century Fund.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

Enclosure

Brief to Mr. PA's attention on late Sept.

(5)

August 22, 1966

Mr. August Heckscher
The Twentieth Century Fund
41 East 70 Street
New York, New York 10021

Dear Mr. Heckscher:

Thank you for the invitation to participate in the Funds's meeting on the administration of justice in the South. This is an extremely important subject and I shall be pleased to take part.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND

41 EAST 70 STREET · NEW YORK, N.Y. 10021 · LE 5-4441

AUGUST HECKSCHER *Director*

XX

(5)

Rec'd 8/17/66

August 15, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

This letter is to invite you to participate in a day's discussion at the Twentieth Century Fund on problems surrounding the administration of justice in the South.

The Twentieth Century Fund has, along with other foundations and organizations, been concerned with the ways in which the Negro in the South can secure more adequate legal services and more certain justice. Two grants, considerable in relation to the Fund's annual budget, have been made in order to help bring northern lawyers into Mississippi. It is unlikely that the use of northern lawyers can provide more than a temporary expedient, and the Fund has interest both in seeing candidly what has been done and what the long-range prospects ahead may be. Among the kind of topics we shall be looking at (obviously we cannot cover them all) are those listed on the attached page.

Accordingly, we are asking a dozen or so individuals who have been concerned with various aspects of the problem to sit down and consult with us in a meeting which will begin at 9:30 on Thursday, October 6. We see the discussion as running until about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, with lunch served at the Fund. If it seems advisable to the group, other meetings will be arranged.

The Twentieth Century Fund will want to pay your travel expenses, a per diem of $25 and a modest honorarium of $100 for this consultation with us. Mr. Morris Abram, Trustee of the Fund, plans to be present and particularly joins me in this invitation.

Sincerely yours,

August Heckscher

AH/jc
Enclosure (1)

CONFERENCE ON JUSTICE IN THE SOUTH

October 6, 1966
9:30 A.M.

Morris B. Abram	Attorney, Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton and Garrison, New York City
Paul Anthony	Executive Director, Southern Regional Council, Atlanta
Berl Bernhard	Executive Director, Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights Under Law, Washington, D. C.
Lindsey Cowen	Dean, School of Law, University of Georgia, Athens
John H. Doyle, III	United States Attorney, Southern District of New York, New York City
Leslie W. Dunbar	Executive Director, The Field Foundation, New York
Christopher F. Edley	Public Affairs Program, The Ford Foundation, New York City
Terrell L. Glenn	United States Attorney, Eastern District of South Carolina, Columbia
Jack Greenberg	Director-Counsel, N.A.A.C.P. Legal Defense and Educational Fund, New York City
Vivian W. Henderson	President, Clark College, Atlanta
A. Leon Higginbotham, Jr.	Judge, United States District Court, Eastern District of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia
M. Carl Holman	Deputy Staff Director, United States Commission on Civil Rights, Washington, D. C.
Herbert Johnson	Attorney, Johnson & Hayes, Atlanta
Charles Morgan, Jr.	Director, Southern Regional Office American Civil Liberties Union, Atlanta
Joshua M. Morse III	Dean, School of Law, The University of Mississippi, University, Mississippi
Carl Rachlin	President, Lawyers Constitutional Defense Committee, New York City; General Counsel of CORE
Denison Ray	Chief Counsel, Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights Under Law, Jackson
Henry Schwarzschild	Executive Secretary, Lawyers Constitutional Defense Committee, New York City
William B. Spann, Jr.	Attorney, Alston, Miller & Gaines, Atlanta
Elbert P. Tuttle	Chief Judge, Fifth Judicial Circuit, United States Court of Appeals, Atlanta

SUGGESTED TOPICS

1. Negro representation in federal, state and local systems of justice.

2. Role of the southern law schools.

3. Role of the southern bar.

4. Role of the southern business community.

5. Possible reforms and institutional changes in systems of local justice and law enforcement.

6. Acceptance of federal law by and in state and local judicial systems.

7. Broad program of legal aid assistance.

8. Positive policies to increase the income and economic independence of the Negro, e.g. small business loans, agricultural programs, community development, housing programs, etc.

10/24/66

MS

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND

41 EAST 70 STREET · NEW YORK, N.Y. 10021 · LE 5-4441

AUGUST HECKSCHER Director

file Foundations

October 18, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

I hope you share with us the feeling that the Conference on Justice in the South turned up some highly useful alternatives and set lines for discussion which I think will be of value to all those working in the field. I am deeply grateful for your participation in the meeting and want to tell you how much I appreciate your coming here and the contribution you made.

We shall be in touch with you about the possibility of a brief pamphlet based on our deliberations.

Sincerely yours,

August Heckscher

AH/j/b

P.S. I do very much appreciate your good words of October 12. Our bursar is processing your expense account.

File
20th Century Fund

June 8, 1967

Mr. John E. Booth
Acting Director
The Twentieth Century Fund
41 East 70th Street
New York, New York 10021

Dear Mr. Booth:

Thank you for the pamphlet growing out of the conference on the Administration of Justice in the South. It is quite a good summary.

May I have ten (10) copies for very selective distributipn?

Best regards.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND

41 EAST 70 STREET · NEW YORK, N.Y. 10021 · LE 5-4441

JOHN E. BOOTH *Associate Director*

June 2, 1967

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

This pamphlet is being sent to you as one of the group invited to participate in the conference on the Administration of Justice in the South held at the Twentieth Century Fund. We are distributing it to a rather wide list of persons who are likely to be interested, and also offering limited numbers of copies free, with a charge for quantity orders.

We deeply appreciate your interest and help in the conference, and hope that you may find this summary informative and useful.

Cordially yours,

John E Booth

John E. Booth
Acting Director

THE COSTS OF SEGREGATION

Herewith are three approaches to an estimate of the cost of segregation. Each is valid, though each employs a different concept of "cost."

I.

Some costs can be itemized through patient and skilled fact-finding. As yet, for example, no comprehensive investigation of the governmental costs of segregated facilities has been made. A systematic accounting would for the first time enable citizens and legislators to draw upon established facts for the shaping of policies. The accounting would be valuable even if confined to one state, or even if limited to one function (such as education or public health).

A second area wherein itemized costs, or reliable cost estimates, would be possible is that of the duplicate facilities which private businesses have to provide for customers and employees.

A third group of costs that can be itemized have to do with the funds, which must be vast, being spent to defend or eradicate segregation. These would include the expenses of litigation, to both sides; and the public funds used by Southern states for agencies, propaganda, special legislative sessions, and other efforts directed at preserving segregation.

II.

A second approach would probe the indirect costs of segregation. It would require that certain relationships be initially described, and here the economist might, at least in some cases, need the assistance of other social scientists. If valid relationships can be defined, the assignable costs would in all probability exceed those which could be itemized under the Approach I.

The easiest relationship to establish is that between segregation and slums. By this time, the evidence has been well secured as to the high price which the whole community pays for the maintenance of slums. The bill includes abnormal allocation for police, fire, welfare and other municipal services; put differently, it includes a high ratio of expenditures to revenues. There are also identifiable costs arising from inefficient land use and the deterioration of the central city.

The hypothesis that segregated housing, apart from slums, diminishes real estate values generally can also be tested. There is evidence that "exclusiveness" contributes less to value stability than does a wide, unrestricted market of potential buyers. If so, this may be a cost individuals are willing to bear; they should at least know what it is.

More difficult to describe quantitatively would be the relationship between segregation in the Southern states and their position as net migration losers. The question merits examination, however, both because of its implications for Southern industrialization, and because of its patent plausibility. In one important respect, a relationship is seemingly clear: i.e. the loss by the South of many of its best Negro talent; and the reluctance of many well-educated and highly productive white persons to accept positions in the South.

Another relationship is similar: i.e. the loss of new capital investment, because of the continuing Southern educational crisis. The obscurity of investors' motivation would, however, probably make the loss, if there is one, difficult to demonstrate. Comparative data on a time and regional basis would be possible, and would provide an interesting test for an hypothesis which is worth investigating.

More basically, the relationship between segregation on the one hand, and purchasing power and capital investment on the other, ought to be studied, though it would be well in advance of any existing research. Hypotheses such as the following would seem to merit testing:

1. Segregation retards purchasing power
   - by holding Negroes in low-income jobs. Although the jobs may well be economically necessary, the assignment of a whole "caste" of workers to them is uneconomic, in that the jobs could be done by fewer people: thus, a large number of Negroes are prevented from moving upward to higher paying jobs.
   - by diminishing the incentives of many white workers, who derive a satisfaction from simply being in a "white job."
   - by contributing to the general underemployment of Southern labor, and thus helping to attract a disproportionate number of marginal industries.
   - by maintaining a circular effect: purchasing power is the principal attraction for durable consumers goods industries to move South; segregation retards regional purchasing power and thus also these "new type" industries; "new type" industries are the strongest stimulants to purchasing power.
2. Segregation retards capital investment
   - by lowering purchasing power and thus savings.
   - by its drag on Southern savings, which contributes to the dependence of the South on Northern capital, and contributes to the thinning of capital funds nationally.

The relationship suggested by the Supreme Court, in its finding that no segregated school system can be equal throughout, could be studied. It is well known that education improves an individual's earning potential, i.e. enhances his value to society. If a segregated school system cannot provide an equal education for Negroes, can the resulting loss in potential value to society be stated quantitatively?

The above are only several of the topics that could be researched; others will occur to any student of the Southern economy. There are such issues, for example, as the inability of Southern cities, because of segregation, to attract their full share of convention engagements; or the tendency of what is reportedly a growing number of middle-class Negroes, especially those residing outside large cities, to buy personal and household effects through mail order houses instead of from local merchants: or the tendency of middle-class Negroes to go outside the South for medical, dental, and hospital services.

A final note concerns a problem of considerable economic interest, and one which is on the border between the indirect costs proposed for study in this section, and the itemizable costs dealt with in Approach I. It is well known that for some goods and services Negroes pay a higher average price than do whites. Whether this results in an eliminable cost for society probably depends on the circumstances. Negroes, for example, pay generally higher life insurance rates: if actuarial tables were recast on a non-racial basis, the resultant savings to Negroes presumably would be offset by an added expense to white insurors; whatever the gain to morality and justice, there might be none to public purchasing power for other services and commodities. On the other hand, because Negroes, typically, pay

more than do whites for housing, and because this price penalty results from the workings of a segregated market, there would be a clear gain in Negro purchasing power, in the entire measure of the differential, if segregation were ended; what now is pocketed solely by the landlord, landowner or lending institution, would be added to the general pipeline of economic demand.

III.

The most interesting approach to the costs of segregation would adopt a method unlike either of the above, more traditional, inquiries. It would form, instead, a chapter in the emerging science of development economics. Starting from a problem, rather than from observed facts or plausible hypotheses, it would seek to describe the conditions and policies necessary for the equalization of Southern and national ~~economic~~ economic indices; or, alternatively, it might try to describe the prerequisites of a selected annual growth figure for the regional economy.

Recent economic studies of underdeveloped countries have generally concluded that an economic "catch up" is often effect, and not cause, of altered cultural practices and attitudes, or that there is interacting cause and effect. There is, consequently, widespread attention to those non-economic factors which affect economic growth.

This sort of analysis could be applied to the South, and segregation brought into it only where, and if, it were encountered as an important element in the South's ability to reach economic parity with the rest of the country.

This would be an appropriate place to note that although this proposal has dealt specifically with the South, the study could be broadened to a

national one. The development problem could be cast in terms of the effects of segregation - North and South - on the ability of the whole country to sustain some desired rate of increase in gross national product. Several of the questions raised in Approach II are likewise susceptible to a national, as well as merely Southern, analysis.

A GENERAL PROJECT PLAN

A Southern economist of national standing should direct the study. An advisory committee should be established, though greatest care should be taken to insure the project director's freedom to plan the study responsibily and creatively. The committee should include several senior economists, recruited from both Southern and Northern ranks, and representing both academic and business vocations; it should also include a representative of the Southern Regional Council, as the responsible Southern organisation concerned with the full development of the region's resources. The committee should be bi-racial. Administration of the project and its finances would be supervised by the grantor.

The results of the study should be presented in two phases. One would be the final report, designed and written by the project director and his associates. The second would be a program of releases throughout the life of the project, which would be issued to bring the findings of the study into public discussion. Various forms of release could be used, including press releases and pamphlets. The project director should not be saddled with this function, though he should of course review any materials before release. A possible procedure would be the submission of preliminary findings by the director to the foundation, and preparation and release of the findings by it, perhaps with the assistance of the Southern Regional Council, which has developed skills in this sort of publishing, and which has proven distributive and communications techniques.

INADEQUACY OF PRESENT RESEARCH

In his highly theoretical book, The Economics of Discrimination (University of Chicago Press, 1957), Gary S. Becker noted that his was the first book-length treatment of the subject. Probably the only other investigation is the article by Donald Dewey, "Negro Employment in Southern Industry," in The Journal of Political Economy, August 1952. Both Becker and Dewey conclude that the economic status of the Negro, relative to that of whites, has hardly improved since 1900, and that the cause for the imbalance is discrimination. Professor Dewey, who teaches at Duke, is currently at work on a pamphlet for the Southern Regional Council, with completion expected in Spring, 1960.

Dewey was also among the group of authors who wrote several case studies for the NPA, published in 1955 under the title Selected Studies of Negro Employment in the South. Another of that group was John Hope II (of Fisk University), who has written extensively on employment discrimination. An unpublished study, Post-War Industrial Development in the South, prepared by Hammer and Company for the SRC, is oriented toward the segregation issue.

There are available in many sources a mass of data on the Southern economy, and many sociological, political, and psychological studies of segregation.

William H. Nicholls

Born Lexington, Kentucky, 1914. A.B., University of Kentucky; M.A., Ph.D., Harvard. Has taught at Iowa State College, University of Chicago, and, since 1948, at Vanderbilt. He has been a fellow of the Social Science Research Council, and was editor from 1946-48 of the Journal of Political Economy. He was a staff member of the Council of Economic Advisers 1953-54. President of the Southern Economic Association 1958-59, and President-elect of the American Farm Economics Association. He is understood to be at work on a book dealing with the non-economic factors inhibiting Southern economic growth.

Benjamin Higgins

A Canadian by birth, and formerly on the faculty of McGill University. Has been for several years visiting Professor at M.I.T. In 1959, he moved to the University of Texas as Chairman, Department of Economics. He is the author of Economic Development: Problems, Principles and Policies. In a letter of July 6, 1959 to Southern Regional Council he wrote:

> What I should like to discuss with you is the possibility of setting up a small team at the University of Texas to study segregation in the American South as a parallel to the "dualism" so apparent in underdeveloped countries--in short, to consider the thesis that segregation, like dualism, is both a symptom and a cause of underdevelopment. My own thinking on this subject is outlined in my recent book on economic development called Economic Development: Problems, Principles, and Policies. What I'd like to do, with the help of another economist and perhaps a sociologist and an anthropologist, would be to apply some such analytical framework to the economic development of the South.

MJ - file fund-raising

Rec'd 8/11/65

Make folder
file - Fds -
cr. ref.
"Fund raising, 1965"
New Prospective Sources
Done

PH
these people have a lot of money mostly for Philadelphia. You might try them. Perhaps we have an Atlanta tie.

PHOEBE WATERMAN FOUNDATION, INC.
330 BOULEVARD BUILDING
1819 JOHN F. KENNEDY BOULEVARD
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA 19103
TELEPHONE
LOCUST 8-2870

August 9, 1965

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar,
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia.

Dear Leslie Dunbar:

I've just read the news release of your appointment to the Field Foundation. This is a perhaps too-early welcome to a new philanthropoid. I am an old AFSC hand , having been Barbara Moffett's predecessor. So we have much in common and I will be glad to help in any way that may be useful.

I've just written Max Hahn, hoping that this doesn't mean his loss to the foundation field or, for that matter, the Field Foundation. As you know he's a great guy and Field is a great institution.

Please call for anyaid or advice. Best wishes for great success and satisfaction in one of the key spots that philanthropy -with-a-conscience has to offer.

Sincerely yours,

Dick Bennett

Richard K. Bennett
Executive Director

RKB:D

March 23

Dear Mlle. Gene,

Warm thanks! Receipt. New South a'coming, and three Q and A on the way. Balance (so big) applied to reduce void.

But I hear a whisper that we are to be helped, and that right soon. Cross all fingers.

I'll be up there, but I don't yet know when. Shad come in about now, don't they?

When are <u>you</u> coming back this way? When you do I'll be glad to try my hand at corn bread, too.

Best,

G.

Tuesday, March 16, 1954

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Hi! Isn't it about time for another New York visitation? Heavens, we're running out of stories and people are going to get rusty in making corn bread and all sorts of dire catastrophies.

Thanks so much for sending a copy of your letter to Mr. Long. Dr. Johnson mentioned while he was here last week that part of the Institute is going to be devoted to integration - sounds fine. It should be interesting - there will be Indian representation as well as Spanish-American (both Puerto Rican and Mexican) participants - the Foundation came through with two small grants to help this along.

How goes the work? Bob came back from DC last week with the rumor that the DEcision would be coming through yesterday - now I guess we'll just be waiting from Monday to Monday.

The enclosed tiny check has these purposes: $1.50 for a subscription to NEW SOUTH for a year - is that still the price? Also would like three copies of your pamphlet on the SCHOOLS & COURTS. The balance may help to inform one person down there what all of this means.

Love to the family:

Jane Lawrence

$12.00

18

Foundations - labels

May 3, 1954

Miss Georgene B. Lovesky
444 East Twentieth Street
New York, New York

Dear Gene:

Grand party -- the first fixings, and chicken and the corn bread quite in particular, the very special dessert, and the copany, and the conversation.

My best to Mademoiselle Sutton Courtney.

On your trip you would have a good time afoot in Cornwall, or in the Cotswolds, or walking through from Stirling to Ballachulish. If you go to Oxford, by all means find the dock where one takes a punt on the Cherwell. Pack some lunch and get in a punt and poke your way a mile or two up the Char and moor to a willow, push under a bank, and hop to a buttercuppy meadow and spread out the strawberries and clotted cream, and lobster salad, and a bottle of white wine, and some cake. One of the bigger tea shops at the Cornmarket would happily pack you such a lunch for eighteen bob, and it would be worth it. But pick a sunny day!

Principle of poling a punt is that when you are at the stern pushing one way, the bows go another. After you catch on, simple enough. Wear not your shiniest clothes because an amateur punter always gets dripped on from the pole coming up from the water.

Also at Cambridge, I suppose, they punt along the Backs and go up to Granchester for tea, and they hope for the sly shade of a Rural Dean.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

April 19, 1954

Miss Gene Lovecki
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Gene:

Very many thanks to you. I will be up there for the 28th and 29th, will call Freeman when I get in on the 28th, and will see Coombs at 10 a.m. on the 29th, and will look forward to dinner with Miss L. and roommate and with the Weavers on the evening of the 28th.

All straight. Coming.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

RECEIVED
APR 19 1954
Southern Regional Council

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

Friday

Hi -

Report on appointments:

Coombs - 10 AM April 29.

Hahn - out of town all that week; is so sorry to miss seeing you -

Freeman - free both days & (PLAZA 1-3170) asks that you call upon arrival the 28th.

I have taken the liberty of making another appointment. Bob sends his congratulations and said he hoped to see you while you're here. Can we all come down to dinner at our house 28th? Mrs. Weaver will be there too. Hope it will be okay.

Happy Easter to the Mitchells! — Regards, Jim

April 3, 1954

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
444 East Twentieth Street
New York, New York

Dear Gene:

I talked briefly with Miss or Mrs. Theiss at the Doris Duke Foundation. She has come on more latterly. I knew pretty well Mrs. Georgea Furst who used to be the secretary, but all I know about Miss or Mrs. Theiss is her last name. Apparently she did child welfare work in New York City. Could you send me a line or two about her, including her name and titlements?

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA
NEW YORK 20, N.Y.

October 23, 1953

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

I plan to be in Atlanta for a few days starting October 31 in connection with our program of John Hay Fellowships. Is your office open on Saturday, and if so, may I stop in to see you? I need some advice and a replenishment of "good stories".

I look forward to seeing you.

Sincerely yours,

Gene Lovecky

Georgene B. Lovecky
Coordinating Secretary

Mr. George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

GBL:cp
AIRMAIL

RECEIVED
OCT 26
Southern Regional Council

September 22, 1954

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Gene:

The Herald-Tribune Forum pays the freight for a trip to New York for the evening of October 18. This is fair notice that I will come to see Bob Weaver and Gene Lovecky sometime around the 18th or the 19th.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

October 1, 1954

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Miss Gene:

Good job. See if we can all have lunch at 12:20 on the 19th, and I will show up at your place.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

RECEIVED
9/30/54
Southern Regional Council

September 28, 1954

Hello!

What good news! Will you be here just for the two evenings of the Forum? If so, will you count on a long lunch with RCW and me on either day -- say the 19th?

I would imagine things are rather busy at your shop these days!

Regards,

Gene

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

GBL:mc

appointment with Doris Duke Foundation at 11:00 a.m.

October 14, 1954

Miss Georgene Lovecky
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York

Dear Gene:

While I was on my last run, Frank Loescher called from New York and talked to Harold Fleming. A luncheon has been a'brewing with ADL and other agencies to talk about Milford desegregation material and other matters. They set it at 12:30 on Tuesday, October 19, which is the time of your and my luncheon with Bob Weaver. Loescher was told that this was the arrangement, and he said for goodness sake to get Miss Lovecky and Bob Weaver to come to the luncheon with the others. Sounds all right with me, and I hope it will be all right with you and Bob.

I do not know where the Loescher luncheon is to be, but I will know shortly after I get to New York and I will call you.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
cc: Mr. Frank Loescher

November 1, 1954

Dictated October 29

Mr. Robert C. Weaver
John Hay Whitney Foundation
30 Rockefeller Plaza
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Weaver:

The Whitneys and the Foundation have put substance under a good many useful things which we have been able to do in the past. One comes up now that I would like to ask the Foundation to consider supporting with some such sum as a thousand dollars.

It is the opportunity of doing further work with the Church people, and particularly the church women of the South.

The consensus of the Court's decision on the schools, threatens, in the lower South, and in too many parts of the upper South, to strain beyond the breaking point the region's poor resources in lay and civic democracy. The churches can do a lot to repair or prevent the breaks. As Harry Ashmore pointed out the other evening at the Herald-Tribune Forum, the leadership of every significant religious group in the South which broke off from their national body over the issue of slavery has, within the last few months made strong pronouncements supporting the moral rightness of the Supreme Court's decision. But pronouncements by Senates and Conferences and Conventions and Associations, though significant and very useful, do not automatically reach into the minds of local Church people. And our observation is that something more needs to be done organizationally than is likely to be done within most of the formal Church bodies.

The Council is newly armed with a pretty good device for getting much of this done. We now have paid staff in six of the states and will shortly have it in the rest. Our membership in the state organizations will be growing in local communities across the South. And so will our program. And nearly all of it will involve Church people.

We have got Mrs. Tilly full-time as an employee of the Southern Regional Council in charge of work with the church women leaders for at least a single large meeting on this issue that funds are needed.

It might be thought that our handsome grant from the Fund for the Republic should take care of this and other needs. The truth is that that grant had to be trimmed to the barest minimum necessary for the job of getting a dozen state race relations agencies going, and we are without funds for many rewarding things that we know should be done. One of them is a job of what I call research interpretation, and I am asking for help from another foundation for that. Still another is improving New South, and the Marshall Field Foundation has agreed to help with that.

You are familiar with the Fellowship of the Concerned, into whose treasury we put the entirety of the grant which the John Hay Whitney Foundation so kindly made in April, 1953. I wrote you October 29th of the success of the meeting which used up the greater part of that grant. I do not think it unfair to say that that meeting had quite a lot to do with the alert and forthright way in which the various denominations spoke out officially after the Supreme Court's decision.

The Fellowship of the Concerned has in its treasury a present balance of It is a most convenient vehicle for getting things done. The women like it and its informality enables it to have just about the desired links with the religious groupings.

A thousand dollars this year or next year, put into the Fellowship of the Concerned, would be richly rewarding in improved responses from public opinion over the South to the whole matter of integrated education. It is not the Council's business, though it is Mrs. Tilly's, to lay out in exact detail the travel and conferences which she would arrange if she had a thousand dollars in the Fellowship treasury. And I assure you that we would all be interested, as we have been in the past, in seeing that the sum contributed its utmost to a great response from people in Southern communities.

I enclose the audit for 1953, a copy of which you may have in any case.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encl.
cc: Mrs. Tilly

FISK UNIVERSITY

NASHVILLE 8, TENNESSEE

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

10 December 1954

Dr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Room 432
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Attached is a corrected copy of my letter of December 9 to you. In the last sentence of the second paragraph, it reads "or it might be arranged," and it should read "so it might be arranged." The error involved actually changes the meaning of the statement.

Sincerely yours,

Charles S. Johnson

Charles S. Johnson

RECEIVED
12/13/54
Southern Regional Council

after Jan 1 --
~~before~~ 9th
or after Jan 15th.

COPY

FISK UNIVERSITY

NASHVILLE 8, TENNESSEE

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

10 December 1954

Dr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Room 432
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I presented to the Trustees of the John Hay Whitney Foundation your request for renewal of the grant of $1,000, in general support of Mrs. Tilley's work with church women, which I believe you addressed to Dr. Weaver.

Each year the story of Mrs. Tilley's work seems to get fresh interest and this time it was given a little extra embellishment. The result is that Mrs. Whitney asked if I would find out when and if Mrs. Tilley plans to be in New York, so it might be arranged to have her for dinner and informal conversation about her work.

Would you like to talk with Mrs. Tilley about this? I would appreciate any suggestion regarding this expression of interest.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Charles S. Johnson

CSJ:vlr

December 13, 1944

Dr. Charles S. Johnson
Fisk University
Nashville 8, Tennessee

Dear Dr. Johnson:

Mrs. Tilly says she could be in New York at any time between January 1st and 7th or after January 15th.

Mrs. Tilly would be much pleased to have dinner with Mrs. Whitney and to talk with her about the situation in the South.

It is so clear to us all that the churches have a major part of the work to do.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

cc: Mrs. Tilly

Whitney Foundation

March 2, 1955

Dr. Charles Johnson
Fisk University
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Dr. Johnson:

Some account for you and for Mrs. Whitney, and for others in the Fund office, of a meeting which Mrs. Tilly held on February 24th and 25th here in Atlanta. She selected with great care church women leaders from over the South, mostly the lower South. Many of them were people who came in two capacities, as officials of women's groups in their own denominations, and as leading personnel of the state councils of church women.

They included fourteen Southern Presbyterians, nineteen Methodists, seven Baptists (including one or two from the National Baptist Convention), four Episcopalians, and scattered representatives of the Disciples of Christ, Jewish organizations, Congregationalists, Catholics, and other Church bodies. And nine came as from the State Councils of Church Women, or from the United Church Women. One or two also came from the National Council of Churches and from the YWCA.

Of purpose, the Negro church women were only eight or ten among the group, but they were widely representative in their leadership positions.

Another seventeen women who had proposed to come to the Conference for one reason or another did not get there, mostly bad weather and no planes, but they will receive the materials arising from the Conference. The states covered were South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Florida pretty well, with scattered persons from Tennessee or other states in the upper South. Outside leadership was limited; it was a conference of Southern Church women working to bring religious principles to bear on the problem of integration in the schools.

Most of the meeting went to discussion of the actual situations confronted by the women in their own communities and states. The rest went to making plans to bring their views to bear.

One of the comfortable features of the meeting was the absence of any purpose to perfect additional organization. The women simply came together to discuss their common problems, and went away after two days to put into effect what they had learned, doing so within their own religious groupings. While they had been summoned on behalf of the Fellowship of the Concerned and by Mrs. Tilly, no contributions resulted to the treasury of the Fellowship, no officials were elected, and no by-laws adopted. They simply met as religious Southern women with a problem to talk over together.

There is no way of estimating how much good such a meeting does. Maybe a little, but maybe a very great deal.

In any case, Mrs. Tilly and the Southern Regional Council are deeply grateful to Mrs. Whitney for the $1,000 which made the meeting possible. I think the $1,000 was very well used.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
cc: Mrs. Tilly

March 14, 1955

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Gene:

Glad to know about Avalle, and have written him welcoming note.

Tilly's meeting was a good 'un. I've started a long letter giving the dope, and duly it will arrive.

It just happened that Mrs. Tilly had that New York trip a'coming up anyway. We wrote ahead through CSJ, but not long enough ahead! Better luck next time. Anyway the meeting did a thousand's worth of good.

My next run North at all is to Washington, April 13, and I have no present plan to go on, but maybe I will. If and when, I visit the Hon. the JHWF and contents!

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

August 29, 1955

GSM:

Make an early report to the John Hay Whitney Fund on what we have done with the money.

GSM/eab

September 19, 1955

Miss Georgene B. Lovekky
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Gene:

I have begun a long letter to Bob Weaver and should get it off in a day or so.

Meanwhile, I have written to Bob Weaver and asked him to save lunch time for me on the 27th, and if you will save supper time we can try again the Gramercy Park, or whatever.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Dictated by Dr. Mitchell/signed in his absence.

September 19, 1955

Mr. Robert Weaver
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Bob:

The Presbyterians are paying for me to be in New York the end of this month for three or four days. Could I try to tie you down for lunch on Tuesday, September 27th. If you will be free, I will be at your door at five minutes to 1:00 p.m.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Dictated by Dr. Mitchell/signed in his absence.

SEP 14 1955

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

September 13, 1955

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Just a short p.s. to yesterday's letter: Bob will be here on the 27th. Would you like to suggest any special time -- luncheon at one o'clock, perhaps?

Sincerely,

Gene

Georgene B. Lovecky

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

GBL:pt

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

SEP 13 1955

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Tried to reach Bob today, but wasn't successful so far. When we spoke to him last week, though, he expected to be in N.Y. most of the month so we shouldn't have any difficulty for the 27th. And I'd like very much to have dinner that evening.

Our next meeting of the Board is Oct. 4. If you would like to place your request before them, it would perhaps be a good idea for you to write Dr. Johnson a letter here right away which can then be included with other items for the agenda. If we wait until 27th to introduce it for the first time, the request may have to be held over for another

meeting. Oh, the mysterious ways of there, our organization.

Regards,
Gene

12
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2400

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November 10, 1955

Mr. Charles S. Johnson
President
Fisk University
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Mr. Johnson:

Some weeks ago I wrote in to Bob Weaver at the John Hay Whitney Foundation, officially, and asked that the John Hay Whitney Foundation for 1956 be so good as to find for the Southern Regional Council $4,000 for the Fellowship of the Concerned. Here's a copy of the letter.

We think that in view of the good that Mrs. Tilly and the church women can do, this is a modest step-up to request. Mrs. Tilly is doing what she can of the job anyway. But she has to have money to bring the women together. The various local societies have no treasuries. We agreed at our SRC Board meeting yesterday that no force could be more effective against the Citizens Councils than the church women.

I do greatly hope that the John Hay Whitney Board will want to stay with us on that increase. Every penny goes into the work with church women.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Encl.
cc: RA

COPY

September 23, 1955

Mr. Robert Weaver
The John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Weaver:

The Southern Regional Council requests the John Hay Whitney Foundation to make a grant to it for the calendar year 1956 for the work with church women, in the sum of $4,000.

The Foundation and its principals have been generous to us in the past, and so far as I recall we have always used your help for the work with the church women.

I have reported to Dr. Charles Johnson, in a letter of March 2, 1955, on a Southwide meeting of church women which Mrs. Tilly held in Atlanta, February 24 and 25, 1955. I enclose a couple of copies of a small mimeographed bulletin which resulted from that meeting and which Mrs. Tilly has called "Gleanings." The report has its choppy spots, but it obviously reflects the sincere purpose which the women had.

Mrs. Tilly has followed that meeting with similar gatherings of the women from each of six states:

South Carolina. A planning meeting only, of a dozen women from four denominations, the YWCA, and the State Council of Church Women. July.

Louisiana. Really a New Orleans meeting, though there were a few from up-state. Over 200 present, representing seventeen groups. June.

Alabama. About a hundred, from all over the state. The first time in the history of Alabama church women that the white and Negro women had met together.

Georgia. Two meetings, the second in September, an outgrowth of the first in May. The first one mainly got out the facts, and the second (a retreat) gave opportunity to consider more deeply the religious implications.

Florida. Proceeding as this is written.

Mississippi. Four separate locality meetings. Spring of '55.

Mrs. Tilly travelled out to each meeting, but depended upon her state people to do the work of getting the meeting together.

Again, in each of these state meetings the women laid plans for action, within religious purpose, toward compliance with the Supreme Court's decision.

Other such meetings should be held in Texas, North Carolina, and perhaps Tennessee and Arkansas. Also in 1956 each of the states in which meetings have been held this year should have their women called together again.

The Southern Regional Council has held to the view that the friendly link which it has so long had with the principal organizations of church women in the South ought not to be made to carry a high-powered and expensive program. The women in the local communities are moved by churchly conscience, and that is the precious thing. If we artfully substituted a pressure from outside, it would be resented, and that would be far less effective than what now comes welling up from within the conscience of local people. In pursuit of that idea, we have been parsimonious not to say chinchy in what we have put into operation. The Fellowship of the Concerned, which, as you know, coordinates this effort, continues to be an organization without officers or staff. Mrs. Tilly receives a by no means magnificent salary from us. We have been affording her, if you please, for each of these state meetings, the noble sum of $200, and the reason for even that sum is that church women's organizations on a state or district basis have almost no money of which they can dispose on their own. Out little $200 goes into paying the travel expense of the women from over the state to some central point. Confront, if you please, the task of organizing such a meeting in Texas on $200!

It has taken about a thousand dollars in each recent year for a single Southwide meeting -- the thousand dollars which the John Hay Whitney Foundation has so kindly made available. There should be more to enable state meetings to be held. If the John Hay Whitney Foundation could find us $4,000 next year, there would be enough for a Southwide meeting costing $1,000, and three thousand dollars toward the meetings that should be held in about ten Southern states in 1956. We can and will put in a little money from other sources ourselves.

No need to argue the importance at this juncture in the South of a firmer stand by people with religious convictions. Here is an arrangement which for years of history can produce, natively, considerable firming of the stand. I do greatly hope the Foundation, generous in the past, will care to increase its aid for this work in this critical year.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encls.

Dr. Charles S. Johnson,
John May Whitney Foundation,
630 Fifth Avenue,
New York 20,
NEW YORK.

December 9th, 1955.

Dear Dr. Johnson,

We will be deeply grateful for the grant of a thousand dollars for Mrs. Tilly's work. I'll need to get some more from Goodness knows where, but the thousand is the long leg, and we will push on to do the rest of the job that she can do. In any case, what she has done these years back is very largely owing to the help her work has had from Mr. and Mrs. Whitney and from the John May Whitney Foundation; and we think their and her contribution has been sizeable!

Appreciatively yours,

(Dr. George S. Mitchell,
Executive Director.)

GSM:rl.

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

December 7, 1955

RECEIVED DEC 9 1955

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

At its meeting yesterday, the Board of Trustees discussed the request of the Southern Regional Council for assistance in its work with church women.

As you know, the major portion of the Foundation's funds is committed to the several programs which it operates, leaving a very small fund for assistance to other organizations. Since the Board wishes to continue its support of the Southern Regional Council for 1956, however, it voted a grant of $1,000 for that purpose. The Trustees regret that the grant cannot be for the full amount requested, but hope you will interpret the action as an expression of their enthusiasm for Mrs. Tilly's leadership and accomplishments among the church women.

Sincerely yours,

Charles S. Johnson
Consultant

June 28, 1956

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
La Fonda Hotel
Santa Fe, New Mexico

Dear Gene:

I am trying to put together some money for Mrs. Tilly's business. I think probably Dr. Patterson will put up some. I hope the John Hay Whitney Fund will help us again and a little more substantially. But that leaves the big chunk. She needs say $18,000 a year for three years.

Rufus Clement told us to ask Lindsley Kimball for the chunk. Mr. Kimball said sorry but his answer would be disappointing, etc.

I am going to New York July 12th. Have that morning free in big city. Have asked Patterson for his advice as to whom to see about the chunk.

Mrs. Tilly thought you might give me some advice too about whom I might begin negotiations with toward obtaining the chunk.

Your office said you weren't going to get back to New York until deep into August. If you ride this way, please come to see us.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

August 27, 1956

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Miss Lovecky:

Again we are making application to the John Hay Whitney Foundations for funds for the work with the women of the South.

I know you are familiar with all of this and have in your files some reports of the meetings that have been held. I hope your foundation will find it possible to grant two thousand dollars this year. Please be my Portia at court.

We are having a South-wide meeting, October 30-31, bringing together the state churchwomen leadership of the three faiths, both races. This is the only time an interfaith and interracial church leadership gets together and plans together for a better South.

With a deep appreciation of your interest, and best wishes to you, I remain,

Yours sincerely,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly,
Director of Women's Work

MET:mef

A formal request will go to the Foundation.

August 28, 1956

Dr. Charles A. Johnson
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Dr. Johnson:

Just talking to you over the phone last evening gave me renewed courage and really bodily strength to keep on kicking on at this job of attempting to build understanding in our South.

Through the years you have been a friend that I have greatly appreciated.

The request has gone into you at the Foundation headquarters and the request is for two thousand dollars, and I know you will do the best you can for this work.

Deeply grateful to you, I remain

Yours sincerely,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly,
Director of Women's Work

MET:mef

August 29, 1956

Dr. Charles A. Johnson
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Dr. Johnson:

A word of explanation about the enclosed formal request for assistance to Mrs. Tilly's work with the churchwomen for the next calendar year: I am sending it to you in Dr. Mitchell's absence from the office. I wanted you to know, however, that the request is being made at his direction and with his knowledge and approval.

Mrs. Tilly has told me of her telephone conversation with you. We deeply appreciate your support and assistance.

With kindest regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF:mbo
Encs.

August 29, 1956

Dr. Charles A. Johnson
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Dr. Johnson:

The Southern Regional Council requests of the John Hay Whitney Foundation a grant of two thousand dollars for its work with the churchwomen of the South in the calendar year 1957.

The Foundation has been generous to us and has made possible Southwide meetings of churchwomen of the three faiths and both races to face together the critical problems of the region.

This work, as you know, is directed by Mrs. M. E. Tilly under an SRC program called "The Fellowship of the Concerned" -- churchwomen concerned about their South.

The Southwide assemblies have been followed up with more localized meetings in the various states, as follows:

South Carolina, Columbia - 72 state denomination leaders.

Louisiana - A meeting with the Executive Committee of the United Church Women in New Orleans and a larger meeting at Baton Rouge.

Alabama - A state meeting of about 100. A larger meeting at Montgomery, with 110 present, and another at Birmingham with 75 or more.

Georgia - A planning meeting in January at which ten workshops were outlined. Another meeting will be held September 18 and 19.

Florida - Two meetings: The larger one at Orlando, and a second one at Daytona Beach with church leadership.

Mississippi - Four different trips, meeting with small groups at various places. The conditions are such in Mississippi that the churchwomen have to meet in small groups, but there are courageous and fine women there seeking to find a way to ease tensions.

Texas - The meeting in Texas was the day before the meeting of the United Church Women. The attendance was very large.

Tennessee - Mrs. Tilly has been in Tennessee three times - twice to meet with the Board of Education of the Methodist Church and Dr. A. C. Miller, Executive Secretary of the Christian Life Commission of the Southern Baptist Convention, discussing with them the place of the church in these days of social change in our South. She also took part in a workshop in Memphis for church women.

Now, as to our need for this year. It has taken one thousand dollars each year for the Southwide meeting. The strains within the South demand this year as wide and representative an attendance as possible, in order that every vestige of local churchwomen's leadership may be involved. To this end, Mrs. Tilly has requested from the various denominations a preferred list of the women to be invited. Such a meeting will require a minimum of $2,000.

It is hardly necessary for us to elaborate to you the South's crucial need for leadership in this time of transition, or to emphasize the key role of churchwomen in quickening the conscience of the South. A grant of $2,000 from the John Hay Whitney Foundation will provide critical assistance in bringing these forces to bear.

Since we have sent frequent reports on the use of last year's grant, we omit the usual detailed account from this request. If further information is desired, however, please let us know and we shall supply it at once.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF:mbo

September 20, 1956

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Gene:

Here I come to make a speech at the New School the night of October 2nd. Shall be hanging around New York from the dawnings of October 2nd until sometimes October 5th. Expect to stay at the Abbey Hotel.

How about trying to save supper-time for me October 4th, and I will set you up at the Gramercy Park or wherever.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

September 21, 1956

Dr. Charles Johnson
Fisk University
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Dr. Johnson,

I have been out of town for the last three days at a work shop on intergration with the United Church Women of Georgia.

Reaching the office this morning, I found your letter giving me the news of $2,000 from the John H. Whitney Foundation. I know that I owe you a debt of graditude for pushing this through for me and for the church women of the South.

All during the years you have understood what I have been trying to do to further my work with the church women of the South. This has given me encourgement, support, and daring to do the things that I know should be done.

Please accept my sincerest graditude.

Sincerely,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
Director of Women's Work

MET/bms

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

September 17, 1956

Dear Mrs. Tilly:

I am very pleased to inform you that the Board of Trustees of the John Hay Whitney Foundation approved the full amount of your request ($2000) for work of the Southern Church-Women under its program "The Fellowship of the Concerned".

You will hear shortly from the treasurer of the Foundation.

It may please you to know that Mr. and Mrs. Whitney have a very high regard for this program and for you personally and this feeling is shared by other members of the Board.

Sincerely,

Charles S. Johnson
Consultant

Mrs. M. E. Tilley
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, North East
Atlanta 3, Georgia

CSJ:dm

September 28, 1956

(Dictated September 27)

Miss Georgene Lovecky
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Gene:

October 4th for suppertime is still a firm date. Meanwhile I have promised some college at Willimantic, Connecticut, that I will in the forenoon of October 4th fuss at them. So I cannot be leisurely dropping by at the John Hay Whitney Foundation in the afternoon hours of the 4th. Hence, I suppose I should promise to be at your apartment door at 7:10 p.m., October 4th intent upon taking you to supper. I will hunt you up in the telephone book to get all that A. B. & C. and 12th Street business right.

And if I find you aren't in the telephone book, I will telephone to your office come Tuesday, the 2nd and try to nail down where you live. I will still stumble around a couple of ~~house~~ lawns trying to get to your front door, but I will get there.

Cordially,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

September 25

Hi!—

Supper-time, October 4, is saved, with a great deal of pleasure!—

Sincerely,

Gene

RECEIVED SEP 27 1956

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

RECEIVED JAN 3 1957

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MRS. JOHN HAY WHITNEY
John Hay Whitney Foundation

December 31, 1956

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Boris Stanfield is high on the list of those to receive awards. Whether or not he is finally selected now depends on whether one of the colleges applying for participation has submitted a program to which his experience is suited.

We saw your picture in the New York Times; in case you didn't, the article is enclosed.

There's nothing in the offing to bring me south, unfortunately, but could you and Mrs. Mitchell save the evening of the 7th -- or 6th if you are in the city that early?

A very happy New Year to you!

Sincerely,

Georgene B. Lovecky
Program Secretary
Whitney Visiting Professors

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

GBL:pt

Enclosure

Mailed "the South & the Supreme Court Decision" to ~~[illegible]~~ persons as listed in that attached the

February 11, 1957

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Miss Lovecky:

Dr. Mitchell has already left his desk at the Council in order to prepare for his trip Northward and thence to Scotland.

We do have extra copies of the special report on the South and the Supreme Court decision, and I am sending a copy to each of the Whitney-Fulbright Visiting Scholars whom you name.

Please accept our warm thanks for your check, which I take to be a contribution to the work of the Council.

I hope it will be possible for me to see you upon some early trip to New York.

Meanwhile, kindest regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/eab
Encl. - SRC Official receipt $10.00

Same ltr to: Professor Simone d'Ardenne
University of Alabama
Tuscaloosa, Ala

February 11, 1957

Professor Cecil Hadgraft
Louisiana State University
Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Dear Professor Hadgraft:

The enclosed is being sent you at the suggestion of Miss Georgene B. Lovecky of the John Hay Whitney Foundation.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/eab

Encl.

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

RECEIVED FEB 9 1957

February 7, 1957

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Thank you so much for sending the Special Report on the South and the Supreme Court Decision. Two of our current Whitney-Fulbright Visiting Scholars have just started to teach in the South - Professor Simone d'Ardenne, University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, Alabama, and Professor Cecil Hadgraft, Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, Louisiana. Both, I feel sure, would appreciate receiving copies of the Report. Are there any extras?

See you next month.

Sincerely,

Gene

Georgene B. Lovecky

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, North East, Room432
Atlanta 3, Georgia

GBL:dm

April 16, 1957

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Miss Lovecky:

I thought you would be interested in this well-deserved tribute to Mrs. Tilly's work with the church women of the South. All of us here share Mrs. Tilly's appreciation for your continuing interest and for the generous assistance to the program by the John Hay Whitney Foundation.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/eab
Encl. - thermo-fax clip from: Interracial Review
"The Silent Force"

April 29, 1957

Miss Georgena B. Lovecky,
Program Secretary,
Whitney Visiting Professors
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Miss Lovecky:

One of the disappointments I had on my last trip to New York, was that I did not have an opportunity to talk with you. Your secretary may have told you that I called several times hoping that I might be able to see you. You are always such a good listener to the stories of what the women of the South are trying to do. I invariably, come away encouraged and strenghtened--almost like I had put on a new armour to fight the things that are wrong.

I do want you to know that I have always been exceedingly grateful to you for listening to me and for your sympathetic understanding.

Deeply grateful, I remain,

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) M. E. Tilly,
Director of Women's Work

MET:cj

June 11, 1957

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky,
Program Secretary,
Whitney Visiting Professors,
JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Miss Lovecky:

Please let me know at which time I should put in an application again to the John Hay Whitney Foundation.

As soon as the date is settled for our South-wide Meeting of Churchwomen, I will let you know and hope against hope that you will find it possible to be with us.

To say that we miss Dr. Charles Johnson, is to express it tritely. He was a stay and a helper to me many years and I know the Foundation must miss him also.

Here's hoping that you will have a nice Summer Vacation. We are having such a cool spell here that neither the seashore or the mountains appeal to us right now.

Thank you very much for your patience and understanding. I remain,

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly,
Director of Women's Work

MET:cj

August 15, 1957

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
Program Secretary
Whitney Visiting Professors
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Miss Lovecky:

I regret that I did not see you when I was in New York two or three months ago, because you always give me added courage to do the things I feel I must do.

It is about time for me to make an application for funds and I would appreciate it if you would let me know who took Dr. Johnson's place, that I may send in an application.

With the hope that again there will be funds available for us to gather the women together again, it is through this means we have been able to keep ~~communities~~ communicated open that otherwise would be closed.

Deeply appreciative of your interest and hoping that you can be with us on the dates of October 28 and 29, I remain

Sincerely,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
Director of Women's Work

MET:lec

August 20, 1957

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
Program Secretary
Whitney Visiting Professors
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Miss Lovecky:

Thanks for your letter of August 8 and your kind comment on the Council's semi-annual report.

I am very happy that you mentioned the Southern Regional Council to Dr. Brown as a possible resource. We will be delighted to give him any assistance we can in the development of his program.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

RECEIVED AUG 9 1957

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

August 8, 1957

Dear Dr. Fleming:

Thank you very much for your letter of July 12 and for the accompanying report of the Council's work during the last six months. I have read it with a great deal of interest and it merely strengthened my long-standing opinion of the work of the Southern Regional Council.

We had a visit recently from Dr. G.W C. Brown, Supervisor of the Evening College and Adult Services of the Norfolk Division of Virginia State College. Dr. Brown is also serving as Chairman of the Interim Policy Committee on the National Conference on Adult Education whose specific concern is that Negro colleges expand their facilities to provide adult education for the communities in which they are located. I understand from a brief conversation with Dr. Brown that the interest is on two "levels". One, for continuing liberal education and the other, fundamental education.

While Dr. Brown was discussing the latter proposal, he mentioned that a workshop had been held for training of lay leaders and it occurred to me that the Council might be able to offer some advice and assistance. I took the liberty of mentioning it* to him and he seemed to be anxious to become acquainted with you.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Georgene B. Lovecky

Georgene B. Lovecky
Program Secretary
Whitney Visiting Professors

Dr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

GBL:oc

P.S. Let me hasten to add that I did not say the SRC can help, but rather mentioned its program + accomplishments. GBL

Enclosures
1 Request for Grant
1 "~~[illegible]~~" for facing of these Days"
1 "Dare they Witness" — Koinonia Leaflet by United Church women of Ga.
1 fellowship of the Concerned Workbook

August 28, 1957

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
Program Secretary
Whitney Visiting Professors
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Miss Lovecky:

Enclosed is our request for renewal of this year's grant of $2,000.00 in support of the Council's work with church women.

I hope this request conveys something of our own enthusiasm for Mrs. Tilly's tireless and effective contribution to the mobilization of conscience in the South at this time. We regard her program as one of the most vital activities of the Southern Regional Council.

If I can supply further information that will assist the Foundation in considering this request, please let me know.

With warm regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures

A REQUEST TO THE JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION

FOR A RENEWAL OF GRANT TO THE SOUTHERN

REGIONAL COUNCIL

August 28, 1957

In submitting this request for a renewal of the Foundation's grant of $2,000 in support of the Council's work with church women, we are deeply conscious and appreciative of the generous support which the Foundation has given this program. At the same time, we wish to make it clear that there is nothing complacent in our view of this steady assistance from the John Hay Whitney Foundation. The critical situation in the South demands the most effective use of the limited resources available for work of this kind. This request is submitted in the hope and belief that the church women's program meets this test of usefulness and merits the continued assistance of the Foundation.

We have often commented upon the uniquely important moral leadership which the women of the South -- particularly the church women -- have provided over the years. Today, in the climate of fear and resistance which prevails in much of the region, this role is even more vital. Enlightened, courageous leadership is at a premium. In church after church, in state after state, in community after community, the church women have provided the only rallying point for constructive action.

It is both a strength and a weakness that the church women of the South have no highly organized or tightly knit channels of communication and action across the region. A strength in that voluntary action counts for much, and much can be accomplished at relatively little cost; a weakness

in that there are no formal auspices for regionwide planning, coordination, and mutual encouragement. Traditionally, the Southern Regional Council has been looked to for this latter function. Through the devoted services of Mrs. M. E. Tilly, quietly and self-effacingly, the Council has served as convener, adviser, and communications center for race relations efforts of the informal "Fellowship of the Concerned."

During the past year, this program has been an active and fruitful one. Under Mrs. Tilly's direction, leadership of the Protestant, Catholic, and Jewish women's groups, representing 11 states and both races, came together in Atlanta last Fall for a two-day assembly. Among the matters receiving special attention were such tension spots as Montgomery, Ala., and discrimination against would-be Negro voters in many parts of the region. Representatives of such national organizations as the United Church Women of the National Council of Churches, the Methodist Women's Division of Christian Service, and the Council of Jewish Women took part in the meeting. The women leaders went back to their states and communities with a sense of renewed purpose and skill.

During the succeeding months, follow-up workshops at state and local levels were held in Alabama, Georgia, Florida, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Louisiana. With Mrs. Tilly's assistance, these meetings translated into detailed local programs the information and techniques developed by the Southwide conference. A dramatic example of local implementation was the action of Montgomery church women when the long bus boycott was ended. As Negro Montgomerians sat desegregated on local buses for the first time, white women rode every bus throughout the first crucial day, serving as observers and, if trouble arose, agents of peaceful adjustment.

In Georgia, the United Church Women issued a sane and Christian note

in the bitter controversy over interracial Koinonia Farm, near Americus. Enclosed is a leaflet published by the church women, which had wide distribution and publicity in the state.

In October of this year, the Director of Women's Work once again will assemble the women leadership of the region for two days of conference. With assistance from other staff members, she is issuing the invitations, drawing together the informational material and arranging for outstanding resource persons for the conference. With tension still running high, and with school desegregation in its first uncertain steps in North Carolina, Tennessee, and Arkansas, the challenge will be even greater than last year.

Rather than extend this request unduly, we are enclosing materials that will give further details of the program of women's work. We earnestly hope that the John Hay Whitney Foundation will share the Southern Regional Council's feeling that this program, modest in cost but incalculable in effect, deserves its renewed support in the coming year.

December 2, 1958

Miss Georgene B. Lovecky
Program Secretary
Whitney Visiting Professors
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Miss Lovecky:

For a number of years the John Hay Whitney Foundation has given generous support to the Council's work with church women under the direction of Mrs. M. E. Tilly. This is to request a renewal of the Foundation's grant for continued support of this program during 1959.

In making this request we are deeply grateful for the steady assistance from the John Hay Whitney Foundation. We are also conscious of the need to make the most effective use of the limited resources available for work in race relations in the South at this critical time. It is with an awareness of both of these things, and a conviction that the church women's program merits continued assistance, that we address this request to the Foundation.

During the past year, with a limited amount of funds, the church women of the South have continued uniquely effective work. The "Fellowship of the Concerned" has directed its energies wherever injustice is found. At numerous places of voter registration, church women have appeared this year quietly observing procedures; oftentimes bringing

an orderly dignity to the proceedings and subtly reminding the white leadership of the concern of Southern women for justice. In areas of tension and conflict, church women have continued to work and to hold interracial meetings - sometimes in the face of intimidation, anonymous telephone calls, and social ostracism.

In all of these programs, some of them very nearly impossible in the most difficult areas of the South, the church women have been able to continue and expand their activities because of a unique strength which is theirs. They have deep religious conviction, moral indignation at injustice and firm confidence in the ultimate outcome.

The pioneering role of these women in the South is currently being illustrated here in Atlanta. This strategic Southern city, unlike Little Rock and the Virginia cities, is setting something of a record in foreseeing the difficulties ahead and in attempting to plan for them. There is a general public awakening to the fact that the fate of Atlanta's public school system is at stake, and many of the city's foremost groups and individuals are seriously working at the problem. This is due in large part to the work of the women of the city, much of it under the guidance of Mrs. Tilly and those persons who attended this year's workshop of the "Fellowship of the Concerned." There is no easy solution in sight, but it is safe to say that a group of courageous women have given valuable leadership.

Under separate cover Mrs. Tilly is sending you a report of some of the specific work of the church women during the current year. If I can supply further information that will assist the Foundation in considering this request, please let me know.

We earnestly hope that the John Hay Whitney Foundation will share the Southern Regional Council's feeling that this program deserves its renewed support in the coming year.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

RECEIVED JUN 18 1959

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE: MONDAY, JUNE 22, 1959

EDUCATORS AND EXPERTS SELECT 52 WINNERS OF

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION OPPORTUNITY FELLOWSHIPS

In the ten years of its Opportunity Fellowship program, the John Hay Whitney Foundation has awarded 500 Fellowships. This year, fifty-two have gone to young Americans of outstanding ability in twenty-three states, the District of Columbia, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands and Puerto Rico.

Included among this year's winners are Negroes, Spanish-Americans, American Indians, Puerto Ricans, residents of the Appalachian Mountain area and of the Territories. They will commence or continue their training in the arts and sciences in 24 American colleges and universities. Five will study privately, and eight will travel to Europe, Africa or the Caribbean area. (A complete list of winners is attached)

The Opportunity Fellowship program was conceived to further the careers of promising young Americans who because of racial, cultural and other artificial barriers might be prevented from realizing their full development and making their fullest contribution to society.

These Fellowships continue to provide an inspiration and stimulus to individuals and groups where higher educational attainment is considerably below the national average.

Former Fellows who have returned to their communities to apply the fruits of their learning are Peter Tali Coleman, Governor of American Samoa; Thomas M. C. Chang, Director of the Program for Gifted Children of the Department of Public Instruction, Hawaii; I.L.G. Iriarte, Chief of Epidemiology, Vital Statistics and Medical Record Section, Guam.

(more)

Other former Fellows are Mattiwilda Dobbs of the Metropolitan Opera Company; Tetsuo Ochikubo, recent exhibitor for the second time at the Krasner Galleries in New York and winner of a Guggenheim Fellowship; and Frank London Brown, author of "Trumbull Park."

The program's Committee of Award is composed of:
Miss Rosemary Park, President of Connecticut College, New London, Connecticut; Huntington Cairns, Secretary, National Gallery of Art, Washington, D. C.; Rene d'Harnoncourt, Director of the Museum of Modern Art, New York, New York; Martin D. Jenkins, President of Morgan State College, Baltimore, Maryland; Kenneth Macgowan, Professor Emeritus of Theater Arts, University of California, Los Angeles, California; D'Arcy McNickle, Director, American Indian Development, Boulder, Colorado.

Applications for next year's awards should be submitted to the John Hay Whitney Foundation, 630 Fifth Avenue, New York 20, New York, no later than November 30, 1959.

Pertinent data and a complete list of winners by states is attached.

OPPORTUNITY FELLOWS

ALABAMA

Mrs. Jacquelyne J. Clarke, of Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, graduate of the University of Wisconsin, to complete the Ph.D. degree in sociology at The Ohio State University.

Mr. Tobe Johnson, of 416 Avenue G, Birmingham, Alabama, graduate of Morehouse College, Atlanta, Georgia, to complete the Ph.D. degree in political science at Columbia University.

ARIZONA

Mr. Philip A. Cassadore, of San Carlos, Arizona, to spend an apprenticeship year in the Superior Court of Maricopa County, Arizona.

CALIFORNIA

Mr. Henry J. Fujioka, of 505 South Railroad Avenue, Santa Maria, California, graduate of the California College of Arts and Crafts, to paint for a year in New York.

Mr. Nathan I. Huggins, of 1719 - 48th Avenue, San Francisco, California, graduate of the University of California, to complete the Ph.D. degree in history at Harvard University.

Miss Velma K. Montoya, of 3917 Portola Avenue, Los Angeles, California, graduate of Occidental College, to complete a year of advanced study in international relations at the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy.

Mr. James F. Truitte, of 1401 South Van Ness Avenue, Los Angeles, California, to spend a year at the Dance Notation Bureau, New York, in the study of dance composition and Labanotation.

COLORADO

Mr. Ralph H. Vigil, of Trinidad, Colorado, now residing at 11416 S. Jay Street, Tacoma, Washington, graduate of Pacific Lutheran College, Parkland, Washington, to complete the Master of Arts degree in history at the University of New Mexico.

(more)

GEORGIA

Mr. Frederick D. Browne, II, of 169 Florida Avenue, S. W., Atlanta, Georgia graduate of Northwestern University, to complete the Master of Science degree in mathematics at the University of Michigan.

HAWAII

Miss Lillian Y. Nakai, of 2296 Makanani Drive, Honolulu, Hawaii, graduate of the University of Hawaii, to begin Soviet area studies at the Far Eastern and Russian Institute, University of Washington.

Mr. Harry S. Tsuchidana, of Waipahu, Oahu, Hawaii, now residing at 107 West 109th Street, New York, New York, to paint in New York.

Miss Helen Y. Yamada, of Mt. View, Hawaii, graduate of the University of Hawaii, to begin study for the Ph.D. degree in physics at the University of Michigan.

Mr. George K. Yamamoto, of 1627-B, Keller Road, Honolulu, Hawaii, graduate of the University of Hawaii, to complete the Ph.D. degree in sociology at the University of Chicago.

ILLINOIS

Mrs. Margaret Danner, of 8847 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, to spend a year of travel, research and creative writing.

Miss Edna C. Williams, of 7406 South Rhodes Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, graduate of Roosevelt University, Chicago, to spend a year abroad in vocal training.

LOUISIANA

Miss Debria M. Brown, of 1637 North Tonti Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, graduate of Xavier University, New Orleans, to spend a year in vocal and operatic study.

MARYLAND

Mr. Howard P. Rawlings, of 208 North Edgewood Street, Baltimore, Maryland, graduate of Morgan State College, to continue for the Ph.D. degree in mathematics at the University of Wisconsin.

(more)

MASSACHUSETTS

Miss Margaret Dalton, of Nissi, Estonia, now residing at 56 Boylston Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts, graduate of Radcliffe College, to continue her study of Slavic languages and literature for the Ph.D. degree at Harvard University.

MICHIGAN

Miss Nancy C. Curtis, of 18600 Dean Street, Detroit, Michigan, graduate of Fisk University to continue her graduate training in education under the Harvard-Radcliffe program.

NEW MEXICO

Miss Anna L. Archer, of 303 Rim Road, Los Alamos, New Mexico, graduate of Colorado College, to spend a year of advance training in the dance in New York.

Miss Nancy R. Benally, of Shiprock, New Mexico, graduate of the University of New Mexico, to continue graduate studies in cellular physiology at the University of Wisconsin.

Mr. Dave Warren, of P. O. Box 6211, Albuquerque, New Mexico, graduate of the University of New Mexico, to complete the Master of Arts degree in history at the same institution.

NEW YORK

Mr. Thomas Carey, of 29 Hampton Place, Brooklyn, New York, to spend a year abroad in vocal training.

Mr. Harry B. Dunbar, of 180A Madison Street, Brooklyn, New York, graduate of New York University, to conduct research in France toward the Ph.D. degree in education at New York University.

Mr. Domingo Izquierdo, Jr., of 1566 Vyse Avenue, New York, New York, to study and paint abroad.

Mr. Luther James, of 725 Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive, New York, New York, graduate of the Dramatic Workshop, New School for Social Research, to spend a year of travel and study of the European theatre.

(more)

Miss Gloria A. Marshall, of 1122 Tinton Avenue, New York, New York, graduate of Oberlin College, to continue study toward the Ph.D. degree in anthropology at Columbia University.

Mr. Samuel M. Middleton, of 53 West 24th Street, New York, New York, to study fine art in Mexico and Spain.

Mr. Vincent D. Smith, of 1565 Union Street, Brooklyn, New York, to paint in the West Indies.

Mr. Arnold Stancell, of 113 West 131st Street, New York, New York, graduate of The City College of New York, to continue studies toward the Ph.D. degree in chemical engineering at Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Mr. Walter L. Wallace, of 826 East 167th Street, New York, New York, graduate of Columbia College and Atlanta University, to complete the Ph.D. degree in sociology at the University of Chicago.

NORTH CAROLINA

Dr. Charles A. Clark, of Belhaven, North Carolina, graduate of Hampton Institute, Ohio State University, and the Howard University School of Dentistry, to complete the Master's degree in oral surgery at the University of Pittsburgh.

OHIO

Mr. Ragan A. Henry, of 142 Washington Street, Hamilton, Ohio, graduate of Harvard College, to continue toward the LL.B. degree at the Harvard School of Law.

OKLAHOMA

Mr. Donald E. Barrett, of 2237 Emporia Street, Muskogee, Oklahoma, graduate of Oberlin College and College of the Pacific to continue work toward the degree of Doctor of Musical Arts at the Eastman School of Music, Rochester, New York.

Mrs. Wynona Gunter Day, of Muldrow, Oklahoma, graduate of Northeastern State College, Tahlequah, Oklahoma, to complete her Master of Social Work degree at the University of Oklahoma.

Mr. Melvin B. Tolson, Jr., of Langston, Oklahoma, graduate of Wiley College and Oklahoma State University, to continue studies toward the Ph.D. in Romance languages at the University of Oklahoma.

(more)

PENNSYLVANIA

Mrs. Betty L. Burleigh Glaser, of 2075 Bentley Drive, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, graduate of the University of Pittsburgh, to begin the Master of Arts program in anthropology at the University of California, Berkeley.

Mrs. Kristin E. Hunter, of 1735 West Erie Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, to spend a year of creative writing.

Mrs. Dolores G. Norton, of 5533 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, graduate of Temple University, to complete the Master of Social Work degree at Bryn Mawr.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Miss M. Lucia James, of 1726 Campbell Street, Camden, South Carolina, graduate of North Carolina College, Durham, and the University of Illinois, to continue study for the Ph.D. degree in education at the University of Connecticut.

SOUTH DAKOTA

Mr. Ira H. Grinnell, of Pierre Agency, Pierre, South Dakota, graduate of the University of South Dakota, to begin the Ph.D. program in political science at Stanford University.

TENNESSEE

Dr. Thomas W. Johnson, of 1720 - 21st Avenue North, Nashville, Tennessee, graduate of Howard University of Illinois, and Meharry Medical College to complete Medical Board requirements in the field of dermatology at Boston City Hospital.

TEXAS

Joe J. Cramer, Jr., of 3414 Pierce Avenue, Houston, Texas, graduate of Southern University, to begin graduate study in business administration at the University of Indiana.

Mr. George Neely, Jr., of 8779 Flossie Mae Street, Houston, Texas, graduate of Texas Southern University to begin the Ph.D. program in physics at the University of Texas.

(more)

Mr. Lionel A. Pena, of Elsa, Texas, graduate of Pan-American College, Edinburg, Texas, to complete the LL.B. degree at the University of Texas School of Law.

VIRGINIA

Mrs. Jean Page Gilbert, of 835 Madison Avenue, N.W., Roanoke, Virginia, graduate of Bluefield State College, Bluefield, West Virginia, and the University of Buffalo, to complete the Doctor of Education degree at the latter institution.

Miss Alice R. Manicur, of Banner, Virginia, graduate of Berea College, to complete the Ph.D. degree in education at the University of Indiana.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Mr. Theodore R. Horne, Jr., of 22 Ingraham Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. graduate of Howard University, to begin law studies at the Harvard School of Law.

AMERICAN SAMOA

Mr. Iosefa F. Sunia, of Fagatogo, Tutuila, American Samoa, to complete training in the field of economics at the University of Hawaii.

PUERTO RICO

Mr. Hector A. Puig, of Comercio Street, Lares, Puerto Rico, graduate of the University of Puerto Rico and the University of Toronto, to complete the Ph.D. degree in psychology at Michigan State University.

Mr. Ruben E. Santiago, of Calle A No. 20, Santa Maria, Ponce, Puerto Rico, now residing in Missoula, Montana, a graduate of Montana State University, to continue work towards the Ph.D. degree in anthropology at Tulane University.

VIRGIN ISLANDS

Miss Marilyn A. Francis, of St. Thomas, Virgin Islands, graduate of Spelman College, Atlanta, Georgia, to begin graduate study in the field of history at Columbia University.

December 21, 1959

Mr. Harry J. Carman, Consultant
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Carman:

We regret that you could not be with us at the South wide Workshop of The Fellowship of the Concerned, November 5 and 6. It was a wonderful experience. We have always wanted some one from your Foundation to see the funds at work that are given to us. Under separate cover, we are mailing you a copy of the Gleanings.

The delegation is always interracial and interfaith. We know the questions of human relations are both moral and spiritual questions. We had with us a Rabbi, a Catholic Bishop and a Protestant minister as well as lay leaders who are giving their time to help solve the problems of our sections. We have the cooperation of the overhead church bodies. Each send us the names of women who hold state or south wide positions in the field of social action. This year they came from the following places: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, the Carolinas, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, Indiana, Illinois, Washington, D. C., New York. The out of State women were consultant.

State Workshops. The state workshops are similar to the South wide one, but they do have leeway to fit their state needs. Because of the suit against Atlanta Public Schools and the general thinking over the State, "That's just Atlanta's problem," the Georgia group found it necessary to spend their efforts to awaken the whole State to the fact that if one school is ordered closed by the State to defy the Supreme Court decision, all schools, under the Norfolk, Virginia decision, will have to close.

At all workshops, basic causes are studied and usually some humor comes out of this as they face the inconsistencies of both State and Church. It is growing increasingly difficult to have an interracial meeting in a church and have lunch served. At the Florida Workshop, this was discussed at length and as the women exchanged experiences, they were saying almost the same thing and saying it in serious tones, "When we have the World Day of Prayer or World Community Day and seek a church for a meeting place, we are asked about the social features. When we say, we will serve only coffee and cookies and stand around eating, permission is given us." Suddenly, after this had been said over and over again, they began to laugh and say, "Why, that's Harry Golden's vertical integration." A laugh always helps (It may be they will use this as ridicule to secure a place in the future."

In Houston, Texas, we had over 400 women together, the first time Houston had ever had a conference across faith and interracial lines. This was well planned with 20 workshop leaders and recorders appointed ahead of time. Out of it came a permanent Committee, meeting at intervals to study how the action program that came out of the great Workshop was being developed and to make plans for a 1960 Workshop.

The Tennessee Workshop was another very large one. One of the most encouraging things was how they got together across racial and faith lines to travel together to Nashville. There were 20 from Memphis with five cars. Some of the cars were owned by Negroes and the others by white people, but they picked up those nearest to them and the fellowship bids fair to the forming of something permanent for Memphis. This was a two day meeting.

Louisiana women are planning a workshop in one of the northern parishes which is more or less Protestant. If they succeed in finding a place to have it, it will be quite a fete. Mr. Tiffany of the Commission on Civil Rights says these Parishes are the hard core spots in the nation. North Carolina works all right but South Carolina and Mississippi are so full of fear and are so under intimidation, but please know that we are still working in spots in these States.

These women of our South, out of deep conviction are very daring and courageous. At the Alabama workshop, held in the St. Jude Catholic Hospital, Montgomery, someone connected with the Citizen's Council, took the numbers of all automobile tags and a community paper printed the tag numbers and the names of the owners and their business connections. This started telephone calls and threats to such an extent that the FBI came into the picture. This has not

stopped these women, though, although the Negro women are afraid to meet with the white women, they meet separately and confer over the telephone, but these Montgomery women of both groups go to the Workshops when they are held in other places in the State.

Birmingham is our worst spot and on top of this, the Citizens Council, according to the Christian Century controls the Methodist Church (my denomination). At any rate, there is a well planned organization of Methodist laymen who are determined the Methodist should not become a fully integrated church. They held a State meeting at one of the Methodist churches in Birmingham. A Methodist white woman collaborating with her Negro Methodists and with some of other denominations, who helped with the printing, prepared a leaflet showing how small the change would be for an integrated Methodism in Alabama. On the day of the laymen's meeting, she stood at the door of the church and put this leaflet in the hands of every person. (I wonder if her knees did not tremble)

Bringing the women together from different towns and different States, strengthens all of us. They draw strength and courage from each other to stand against the mores of the community and even in some cases against their families. They themselves set up the slogans under which they work - "We seek a conviction that will not let us rest, a faith that will not shrink and a courage that will not waver."

There is no money for these women to meet together, many of them, do not have it themselves nor is there money in church budgets for them. Without the grant from the John H. Whitney Foundation and some other gifts, we could never corral this great and strong force that in spite of many odds is tempering the climate of our section. The women are being the shock absorbers and interpreters of social change that is upon us. We are most grateful to the John H. Whitney Foundation.

Sincerely,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
Director of Women's Work

MET/lec

FBR ✓
EV ✓
PA ✓
DT ✓
JC ✓
MH ✓

RECEIVED SEP 12 1957

PLEASE POST

ANNOUNCEMENT OF

Opportunity Fellowships

FOR 1958 | 1959

Purpose

To broaden opportunities in America. Specifically to give opportunity for special experience or advanced study to outstanding individuals who otherwise might not be able to reach their fullest development or make their fullest contribution.

Eligibility

The competition for Opportunity Fellowships is open to any citizen of the United States (including residents of territories) who has given evidence of special ability and who has not had full opportunity to develop his talents because of arbitrary barriers, such as racial or cultural background or region of residence. Awards have been made to the following groups: Negroes, Spanish-Americans, Chinese- and Japanese-Americans, American Indians, residents of the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, Hawaii, Guam, Alaska, Samoa and the Appalachian Mountain area.

Candidates are expected to be mature enough to have given *positive evidence of superior promise,* yet young enough to have their careers before them; in general to be between the ages of 22 and 35 and to have completed their undergraduate college education. Although all factors are taken into consideration by the Committee of Award, candidates under 35 are given decided preference.

Fields

The fellowships are open not only for academic study (graduate) but for any kind of training or experience (journalism, industry, labor, the arts, et cetera) which may be most useful in developing varied talents and varied forms of leadership.

THE ARTS. Candidates in music other than musical composition will be asked to audition before a special jury. Those applying in such fields as musical composition, creative writing, photography, painting and sculpture, will be asked to submit representative samples of their work. Ample notification will be given candidates to facilitate scheduling of auditions and preparation of materials.

APPRENTICESHIPS. Applicants for apprenticeships in such areas as agriculture, industry, and labor will be welcomed. Persons interested in programs of this type should write the Foundation for additional information.

Duration of Fellowship

Awards are for a full year of serious work, not for incidental or temporary projects. In special cases grants may be renewed for a second year.

Amount of Stipend

Awards are expected normally to range from $1,000 to $3,000 depending on the nature of the proposed project and the financial need of the candidate. It is hoped that in many cases funds from other sources may supplement these awards (for example fellowships for study in foreign countries, additional scholarship aid from universities, payments for certain types of apprentice work, etc.).

Application

Awards are made annually on the basis of formal written applications by the candidates on forms provided by the John Hay Whitney Foundation.

Deadline for Filing

Complete applications must be filed not later than November 30 so as to insure ample time for processing applications, assembling references, and making selections.

Announcement of Awards

The results of the competition will be announced in the latter part of April.

ADDRESS INQUIRIES TO:

Opportunity Fellowships
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue, New York 20, N. Y.

file

January 5, 1960

Mr. Harry J. Carman
Consultant
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Carman:

The continuing aid given by the John Hay Whitney Foundation to Mrs. M. E. Tilly's work with church women, under the sponsorship of the Southern Regional Council, has meant a great deal to the Council and to the South.

Since Mrs. Tilly has recently sent you a report of the Southwide Workshop and other activities of the "Fellowship of the Concerned" during 1959, I will forgo further details here. I speak for both the officers and the staff of the Council, however, in saying that we regard these activities as uniquely important to the progress of race relations in the region.

I use "uniquely" advisedly, for it would be impossible to duplicate the special quality of leadership which these thoughtful women are giving in their communities and states. This unique character applies, too, to the skills and experience which Mrs. Tilly brings to the direction of the program. She is loved and trusted by the people with whom she works in a way that few, if any, others are.

I hope this letter may be considered the Council's request for a renewal of the John Hay Whitney's grant of $2,000 toward support of the "Fellowship of the Concerned" in 1960. Please let me know if further information would be helpful to your consideration of this request.

With appreciation and kindest regards, I am

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, N. Y.

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
June 6, 1960

FIFTY-FOUR OUTSTANDING YOUNG AMERICANS RECEIVE JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION OPPORTUNITY FELLOWSHIPS

In the eleven years of its Opportunity Fellowship program, the John Hay Whitney Foundation has awarded 554 Fellowships to outstanding Young Americans of all races and creeds. This year fifty-four have gone to men and women of outstanding ability in twenty-three states, District of Columbia, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico and Hong Kong.

Included among this year's winners are Negroes, Spanish-Americans, Japanese-Americans, Chinese-Americans, American Indians, Puerto Ricans, displaced persons, residents of the Ozark Mountain area and of the Territories. They will commence or continue their training in the arts and sciences in 29 American colleges and universities. Six will study privately, and six will be abroad for research or special projects.

The Opportunity Fellowship program was conceived in 1949 to further the careers of promising young Americans who because of racial, cultural and other artificial barriers might be prevented from realizing their full development and making their fullest contribution to society.

These Fellowships continue to provide an inspiration and stimulus to individuals and groups where higher education attainment is considerably below the national average.

Among former Fellows applying the fruits of their learning in various parts of the world are John Artichoker, Director of Indian Education, South Dakota and Chairman of the Governors' Inter-State Indian Council; Edwin Seda Bonilla, professor and staff member of the Social Science Research Center, University of Puerto Rico; Anacleto G. Apodaca, consultant to the Ministry of Agriculture,

Madrid, Spain, and Antonia Pantoja, Director of Community Relations, New York City Commission on Inter-Group Relations.

Others are Edward P. Dozier, Professor of Anthropology, University of Arizona, now conducting research work in the Philippines; Ulric Haynes, formerly of the UN Secretariat, Geneva, Switzerland, now specialist in office management and procedure for the Ford Foundation pilot project in Nigeria; Evelio Grillo, Community Relations Consultant, Department of Recreation, Oakland, and member of the California State Commission on Metropolitan Area Problems, and Dr. Felix A. Jacques, conducting studies under a grant from the National Heart Institute at the Saint Louis University School of Medicine.

The program's Committee of Award is composed of:
Miss Rosemary Park, President of Connecticut College, New London, Connecticut; Huntington Cairns, Secretary, National Gallery of Art; Rene d'Harnoncourt, Director, Museum of Modern Art; Martin D. Jenkins, President, Morgan State College; Kenneth Macgowan, Professor Emeritus of Theatre Arts, University of California, Los Angeles; D'Arcy McNickle, Director, American Indian Development. Selections of Fellows in music, creative writing and the fine arts is facilitated by juries composed of authorities in these fields.

Applications for next year's awards should be submitted to the John Hay Whitney Foundation, 630 Fifth Avenue, New York 20, New York, no later than November 30, 1960.

Pertinent data and a complete list of winners by states is attached.

OPPORTUNITY FELLOWS

ARKANSAS

Mr. Bruce K. Braswell, of 111 Pritchard Street, Berryville, Arkansas, graduate of the University of Arkansas, to complete the Licentiate of Mediaeval Studies at the University of Toronto.

Mr. John W. Walker, of 917 West 13th Street, Little Rock, Arkansas graduate of Arkansas A M & N College, to begin the Master of Arts program in human relations at New York University.

CALIFORNIA

Mr. Ramiro Cortes, of 833 East Edgeware Road, Los Angeles, California, graduate of the University of Southern California, to spend a year of musical composition in New York.

Mr. Albert J. Johnson, of 2122 Dwight Way, Berkeley, California, graduate of the University of California, to begin the Master of Arts degree in theatre arts at the University of California, Los Angeles.

Mr. Sylvester R. Mireles, of 2747 Guirado Street, Los Angeles, California, graduate of the University of California, Los Angeles, to complete the Master of Arts degree in zoology at the same institution.

Miss Frances C. Tanikawa, of 3387 Gale Avenue, Long Beach, California, graduate of the University of California, Los Angeles, to continue for the Ph.D. in history at Radcliffe College.

COLORADO

Mr. Ernest Lucero, of 933 Box Elder, Pueblo, Colorado, graduate of the Universities of New Mexico and Washington, to complete the Ph.D. degree in geography at the University of Texas.

(more)

FLORIDA

Dr. Louis W. Sullivan, of 801 North West 22nd Road, Fort Lauderdale, Florida, graduate of Morehouse College and the Boston University School of Medicine, to spend a year in clinical pathology at Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston.

HAWAII

Mr. Kenneth D. H. Chong, of 2021-A 9th Avenue, Honolulu, Hawaii, graduate of the University of Hawaii, to continue for the LL.B. degree at the Yale University School of Law.

Miss Lillian S. Kitaguchi, of 663 Hoomalu Street, Pearl City, Oahu, Hawaii, graduate of the University of Hawaii, to continue for the Ph.D. degree in education at New York University.

ILLINOIS

Mr. Thomas H. Jenkins, of 5028 South Ellis Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, graduate of the University of Chicago, to begin the Master of City Planning degree at Harvard University.

Mrs. Charlotte Hanley Scott, of 5242 Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, graduate of Barnard College, to continue for the Ph.D. degree in economics at the University of Chicago.

Mr. Shinkichi Tajiri, of 520 Oakdale Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, residing in Amsterdam, Holland, to continue experiments in techniques of sculpture.

INDIANA

Mr. William Majors, of 312 Bernard Avenue, Indianapolis, Indiana, graduate of the John Herron Art Institute of Indianapolis, to study fine art in Italy.

(more)

KENTUCKY

Mr. Fred J. Clifton, of Dunham, Kentucky, graduate of the University of Buffalo, to begin graduate studies in philosophy at the same institution.

MARYLAND

Mrs. Jean Camper Cahn, of 639 North Carey Street, Baltimore, Maryland, graduate of Swarthmore College, to complete the LL.B. degree at the Yale University School of Law.

Mr. Donald G. Gwynn, of 3304 Powhatan Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland, graduate of Morgan State College, to begin graduate studies at the School of Fine Arts, Yale University.

Miss Elaine McCoy, of 1105 East 20th Street, Baltimore, Maryland, graduate of Morgan State College, to complete the Master of Business Education degree at New York University.

Mr. Robert J. Wilson, of 2010 Madison Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland, graduate of Morgan State College, to spend a year of vocal training abroad.

MICHIGAN

Mr. Joseph W. Scott, of 8690 St. Aubin, Detroit, Michigan, graduate of Central Michigan University and Indiana University, to continue for the Ph.D. degree in sociology at the latter institution.

MISSISSIPPI

Miss Johnnie E. Porter, of 1227 Montgomery Street, Jackson, Mississippi, graduate of Tougaloo College, to begin the Master of Science program in zoology at Syracuse University.

NEW JERSEY

Mr. Daniel R. Graves, of 421 Collins Avenue, Moorestown, New Jersey, graduate of Georgetown University, to spend a year of research in West Africa for the Master of Science degree in international relations at the same institution.

(more)

NEW JERSEY (CONT'D.)

Miss Nancy J. Kirby, of 219 Douglas Avenue, Haddonfield, New Jersey, graduate of Bennett College, to begin the Master of Arts degree in psychology at the University of Chicago.

NEW MEXICO

Mr. Dave Warren, of 1708 Gold Avenue, S.E., Albuquerque, New Mexico, graduate of the University of New Mexico, to conduct research in pre-Spanish civilization at Mexico City College, Mexico.

NEW YORK

Mrs. Joan Ann Miller, of 1146 Dean Street, Brooklyn, New York, graduate of Brooklyn College and Teachers College, Columbia University, to complete the Bachelor of Arts degree in dance at the Juilliard School of Music.

Miss Alida Vazquez, of 784 Columbus Avenue, New York, New York, to spend a year in the study of dance therapy.

Mr. Warren G. Wilson, of 111-23 166th Street, Jamaica, New York, graduate of the Juilliard School of Music to spend a year of advanced study in the field of vocal coaching and accompanying.

NORTH CAROLINA

Mr. Julius L. Chambers, of Mt. Gilead, North Carolina, graduate of North Carolina College and the University of Michigan, to continue for the LL.B. degree at the University of North Carolina School of Law.

Miss Hildred E. Roach, of Route 6, Charlotte, North Carolina, graduate of Fisk University, to begin study toward the Master of Music degree at Yale University School of Music.

(more)

NORTH DAKOTA

Mr. George A. Sarosi, formerly of Budapest, Hungary, now residing at 2313 University Avenue, Grand Forks, North Dakota, graduate of the University of North Dakota, to continue toward the M.D. degree at the same institution.

OHIO

Mr. James H. Crosby, Jr., of 309 Forest Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio, graduate of Howard University, to complete the Master of Social Work degree at The Ohio State University.

Mr. Ragan A. Henry, of 142 Washington Street, Hamilton, Ohio, graduate of Harvard College, to complete the LL.B.degree at the Harvard University School of Law.

Mr. Richard Louie, of 1462 Hopkins Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio, graduate of Princeton University, to begin the Master of Arts program in Far Eastern Studies at the University of Washington.

PENNSYLVANIA

Miss Alice S. Huang, formerly of Kweiyang, China, now residing at 924 South Aiken Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, to continue for the M.D. degree at the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine.

Mr. James P. Rolls, of 1919 North 25th Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, graduate of Villanova University, to begin advanced study in biology at the University of Pennsylvania.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Miss Marian E. Wright, of 119 Cheraw Street, Bennettsville, South Carolina, graduate of Spelman College, to begin law studies at the Yale University School of Law.

(more)

SOUTH DAKOTA

Mr. Gerald L. One Feather, of Oglala, South Dakota, graduate of the University of South Dakota, to begin the Master of Arts program in government at either the University of New Mexico or Oklahoma University.

Miss Francine J. Zephier, of Pine Ridge, South Dakota, graduate of the University of South Dakota, to begin the Master of Arts program in Spanish at the University of New Mexico.

TEXAS

Mr. Leroy R. Bogan, of Wichita Falls, Texas, graduate of Bishop College, to complete the Master of Arts degree in education at the University of Denver.

Miss Carroll J. Fluellen, of Elysian Fields, Texas, graduate of Wiley College and Texas Southern University, to continue for the Ph.D. degree in English at the University of California, Berkeley.

Mr. Simon Gonzalez, of 202 Eastgate Drive, Corpus Christi, Texas, graduate of the Texas College of Arts and Industries and Stanford University, to complete the Ed.D. degree at Stanford.

Mr. James I. Kirkwood, of Prairie View, Texas, graduate of Kansas State College, to complete the Ph.D. degree in soil science at Michigan State University.

VIRGINIA

Mr. Alvin N. Puryear, of 2705 Shell Road, Hampton, Virginia, graduate of Yale College, to begin study for the Master's degree in business administration at Columbia University.

(more)

WISCONSIN

Miss Ada E. Deer, of Keshena, Wisconsin, graduate of the University of Wisconsin, to complete the Master of Social Work degree at the New York School of Social Work.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Miss Marie H. Buncombe, of 3784 Hayes Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. graduate of Howard University, to continue for the Ph.D. degree in English at Stanford University.

HONG KONG

Miss Elaine M. Tsien, of 62 Cameron Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong, graduate of Wellesley College, to begin studies for the M.D. degree at the Harvard University School of Medicine.

AMERICAN SAMOA

Mr. Iosefa F. Sunia, of Fagatogo, Tutuila, American Samoa, graduate of the University of Hawaii, to begin the Master of Arts program in economics at the same institution.

PUERTO RICO

Mr. Jenaro Baquero, of Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, graduate of the University of Puerto Rico, to continue for the Ph.D. degree in economics at Harvard University.

Miss Josefina Iglesias, of Catano, Puerto Rico, graduate of Manhattanville College, to complete the Master of Arts degree in philosophy at Columbia University.

Mr. Carlos F. Lavandero, of San Juan, Puerto Rico, graduate of Catholic University, to complete the Masters' degrees in city planning and landscape architecture at Harvard University.

Mr. Milton Pabon, of Lajas, Puerto Rico, graduate of the University of Puerto Rico, to continue for the Ph.D. degree in political science at the University of Chicago.

(more)

PUERTO RICO (CONT'D)

Mr. Demetrio Fernandez-Quinones, of Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, graduate of the University of Puerto Rico, to begin studies for the S.J.D. degree at either the Yale or University of Chicago Schools of Law.

Mr. Ruben E. Santiago, of Calle A. No. 20, Santa Maria, Ponce, Puerto Rico, graduate of Montana State University, to continue for the Ph.D. degree in anthropology at Tulane University.

VIRGIN ISLANDS

Mr. Alexander A. Farrelly, of Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, Virgin Islands, graduate of St. John's College and St. John's University Law School, to complete the LL.M. degree at the Yale University School of Law.

* * * * * *

January 12, 1961

Mr. Harry J. Carman, Consultant
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Carman:

Enclosed is our request for assistance to the Fellowship of the Concerned for 1961.

Mrs. Tilly advises me that she is writing you of some of the program highlights of the past year. Therefore, we have omitted these details from our formal request and have chosen instead to emphasize the Council's conviction of the importance of this work and our belief that few programs accomplish so much in relation to cost.

Of course, we shall be happy to supply additional information if it is needed.

Please know that we are deeply grateful to you and to the John Hay Whitney Foundation for your interest and support.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/sm

Phelps-Stokes Fund
1/13/61

A REQUEST TO THE JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION FOR RENEWED ASSISTANCE TO THE FELLOWSHIP OF THE CONCERNED, SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

January 12, 1961

For a number of years the John Hay Whitney Foundation has given generous assistance to the Southern Regional Council's work with church women under the direction of Mrs. M. E. Tilly. Much of this work is done through the informal association of Southern women known as the Fellowship of the Concerned.

The Foundation has been kept informed of the programs and activities of the Fellowship of the Concerned. However, in requesting a renewal of the grant of $2,000 for 1961, we should like to emphasize that these funds provide a remarkably high return in program effort.

From the Council's general budget, provisions are made to cover Mrs. Tilly's salary, secretarial costs, travel and related expenses. All funds earmarked for use by the Fellowship of the Concerned are directed solely to program effort. On a program budget of approximately $5,000 per year the Fellowship of the Concerned is able to accomplish the following:

a) A two-day regional meeting of the leadership of the Protestant, Catholic, and Jewish women's groups, representing 11 states and both races. Held in the fall of each year, these meetings focus on the immediate and long range problems of race relations in the region. Specific programs in the protest movements,

and the like, are developed for implementation during the coming year;

b) Follow-up meetings in each of the Southern states, in which the information and techniques developed by the Southwide conference, are translated into detailed local programs;

c) The rallying of moral leadership of local church women in areas where tensions and emergencies develop. There have been many of these situations in the past in which the women of the South have played a vital role. And as the challenge of integration now reaches into the heart of the deep South there are likely to be many more crises of this nature.

That so much can be accomplished with relatively modest funds is an indication of the dedication of this body of Southern church women and the extent to which they are willing to volunteer their efforts and limited personal resources.

The Council feels that it is fortunate, indeed, to have the devoted services of Mrs. Tilly and the strength of this body of committed women during the difficult period of transition in the South. We are deeply grateful to the John Hay Whitney Foundation for assistance provided over the years. It is our earnest hope that the Foundation will share the Southern Regional Council's feeling that this program deserves its renewed support in the coming year.

July 6, 1961

Mr. Frank Streeter, Treasurer
John Hay Whitney Foundation
111 West 50th Street
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Streeter:

Enclosed is our receipt for the John Hay Whitney Foundation's grant of $1,000 to the work of the Fellowship of the Concerned during 1961.

We are, of course, unhappy to learn of the Trustees decision to discontinue assistance to this program. We do understand, however, the problems involved and the thinking of the Trustees on this matter. In fact, we have long been aware that this particular area of giving was somewhat beyond the normal policies of the Foundation.

On behalf of Mrs. Tilly and the Southern Regional Council, please convey to the Trustees our deep gratitude for the long and generous assistance which has been provided to the Fellowship of the Concerned. This has been of substantial help to the church women of the South during the difficult period since 1953.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely yours,

LWD/sm
Enclosure - official receipt

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
111 WEST 50TH STREET
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

June 23, 1961

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 201
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Attention: Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

Dear Sirs:

At a meeting of the Trustees of the John Hay Whitney Foundation, held yesterday, your request for a renewal of our support to your Fellowship of the Concerned program came up for consideration.

After reviewing the record of this Foundation's assistance to the above program which, begun in 1953, now totals $11,500, the Trustees voted to extend such aid for one more year, in the amount of $1,000. Normally, as I think you understand, our funds are expended entirely on our own programs. One of these, the Opportunity Fellowships program, is devoted in good part to assisting qualified negroes complete their education, but there is no direct relation between it and your work with the Fellowship of the Concerned. Valuable though the latter is, and devoted though we know Mrs. Tilly to be, the Trustees felt that continuation of our assistance beyond this year's terminal grant would not be in keeping with our basic policies. I hope you will understand the reasons for their decision and meanwhile, I am enclosing a Foundation check in full settlement of the aid voted. At your convenience, please send a receipt.

1/ 1,000 00
CR
6/26/61
RHA

Sincerely yours,

Frank S. Streeter

Frank S. Streeter
Treasurer

May 17, 1960

Mr. Frank S. Streeter
Treasurer
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Streeter:

On behalf of the Southern Regional Council, this is to acknowledge most gratefully your letter of May 11 transmitting the Foundation's check for $2,000 in support of the Fellowship of the Concerned.

In this time of accelerating change and accompanying tension in the South, the role of the church women is more crucial than ever. The work carried on under Mrs. Tilly's direction is accordingly high on our list of priorities, and I know she will wish to join in this expression of warm appreciation to the Foundation.

Our official receipt is enclosed and, as in the past, periodic reports will be furnished the Foundation.

Cordially yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

cc: Mrs. M. E. Tilly

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

May 11, 1960

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Attention: Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

Dear Sirs:

I am writing to advise you that at a meeting of the Trustees of the John Hay Whitney Foundation held on May 9, 1960 your request for a renewal of the Foundation's previous support of the work of the Fellowship of the Concerned under your sponsorship was approved.

Accordingly, please find enclose the Foundation's check to the order of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in the amount of $2,000.00 representing a grant-in-aid for the purposes noted above.

CR
RHA 5/13/60

Sincerely,

Frank S. Streeter

Frank S. Streeter
Treasurer

May 6, 1959

Mr. Frank S. Streeter
Treasurer
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Streeter:

On behalf of the Southern Regional Council I should like to express to you our most sincere appreciation for the continued support of the Fellowship of the Concerned by the John Hay Whitney Foundation. Our receipt is enclosed.

Mrs. Tilly is presently ill and away from the office. However, I am certain that immediately on her return she, too, will wish to thank you for this invaluable aid.

This support over the years has meant, and continues to mean, a great deal to the churchwomen of the South.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1 (Official receipt)

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

RECEIVED APR 23 1959

RECEIVED APR 28 1959

April 21, 1959

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Attention: Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

Dear Sirs:

The Trustees of the John Hay Whitney Foundation have voted to continue for another year their support of the work being done by the "Fellowship of the Concerned" through your organization.

Accordingly, there is enclosed herewith a Foundation check to your order in the amount of $2000 for which we would appreciate your receipt in due course.

CR
RHA
4/22/59

Very truly yours,

Frank S. Streeter

Frank S. Streeter
Treasurer

Mrs. Kelly
for your info
Please return
to M.F.

December 3, 1957

Mr. Charles F. Deshler
Assistant Treasurer
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Deshler:

We are warmly grateful to the John Hay Whitney Foundation for its renewal of aid to the Southern Regional Council. This further support means a great deal to the continuance of our services to church women and other religious leadership in the South. There has never been a time when more was required of these Southerners of conscience.

Again, our thanks and kindest regards.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1 (Official receipt)

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

November 29, 1957

RECEIVED DEC. - 2 1957

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, North East
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I am enclosing herewith the John Hay Whitney Foundation's check drawn to the order of Southern Regional Council, Inc., in the amount of $2,000.00 in payment of a renewal of it's grant-in-aid to the Council for one more year.

Very truly yours,

Charles F. Deshler
Assistant Treasurer

CR
rha
12/2/57

November 20, 1956

Mr. Frank S. Streeter, Treasurer
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Streeter:

We are deeply grateful to the John Hay Whitney Foundation for its $2,000 grant-in-aid to assist the Southern Regional Council's work with church women in the South.

The southwide meeting of church women, made possible through the generosity of the Foundation, was unusually successful. We will be sending you shortly Mrs. Tilly's summary of the meeting, its effectiveness, and the proposed follow-up activities.

Appreciatively,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF:mbo
Enc.

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

November 14, 1956

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Assistant Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, North East
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

On September 17, 1956 the late Dr. Charles S. Johnson wrote Mrs. M. E. Tilly to notify her that the Trustees of the John Hay Whitney Foundation had approved a $2,000 grant-in-aid to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. for the program of "The Fellowship of the Concerned".

Please find enclosed the Foundation's check to the order of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. in the amount of $2,000 representing full payment of this grant-in-aid.

Sincerely yours,

Frank S. Streeter

Frank S. Streeter
Treasurer

CR
11/19/56
rha

Foundation -
John Hay Whitney

Mr. Charles H. Deshler, Jr.,
John Hay Whitney Foundation,
630 Fifth Avenue,
New York 20,
NEW YORK.

December 16th, 1955.

Dear Mr. Deshler,

We are deeply grateful for the John Hay Whitney Foundation's grant of $1,000. We will use this for Mrs. Tilly's work through the Fellowship of the Concerned. That helpful program could not go on without the generous help of the Foundation, and we are all most appreciative of it.

Sincerely yours,

(Dr. George S. Mitchell,
Executive Director.)

GSM:rl.
Encl.

Foundation -
John Hay Whitney

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

December 13, 1955

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

RECEIVED DEC 15 1955

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I am enclosing herewith the John Hay Whitney Foundation's check drawn to the order of Southern Regional Council, Inc. in the amount of $1,000 in payment of the grant mentioned in Dr. Johnson's letter of December 7th.

Very truly yours,

Charles F. Doehler, Jr.
Assistant Treasurer

CR 1,000.00
rha

December 21, 1954

Mr. Frank A. Streeter
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Streeter:

We are deeply grateful for your letter of December 15th and its check for $1,000, being the proceeds of the grant to the Southern Regional Council to facilitate the work of Mrs. M. E. Tilly with the Fellowship of the Concerned.

This is the greatest of help and aid in a spot where a great deal of good can be done.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encl - official SRC receipt.

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
630 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

December 15, 1954

RECEIVED
12/17/54
Southern Regional Council

Dr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

In reply to your letter of November 1, 1954 requesting a grant from the John Hay Whitney Foundation for the benefit of the Fellowship of the Concerned and the work of Mrs. M. E. Tilly with that organization, Miss Georgene B. Lovecky advised you on November 16th that your request would be taken up at the December meeting of the Board of Trustees.

I am now happy to report that the Trustees have authorized a grant-in-aid in the amount of $1,000 to the Southern Regional Council to facilitate Mrs. Tilly's work. A Foundation check in this amount, drawn to the order of the Southern Regional Council is hereby enclosed in full payment of this grant.

18

Sincerely yours,

Frank S. Streeter

Frank S. Streeter
Treasurer

PLEASE POST

ANNOUNCEMENT OF

Opportunity Fellowships

FOR 1960 | 1961

Purpose

To broaden opportunities in America. Specifically to give opportunity for special experience or advanced study to outstanding individuals who otherwise might not be able to reach their fullest development or make their fullest contribution.

Eligibility

The competition for Opportunity Fellowships is open to citizens of the United States (including residents of territories) who have not had full opportunity to develop their talents because of arbitrary barriers, such as racial or cultural background or region of residence. The following are eligible: Negroes, Spanish-Americans, Chinese-Americans and Japanese-Americans, American Indians, residents of Guam, Puerto Rico, Samoa, the Virgin Islands, the Appalachian and Ozark Mountain areas, and the Trust Territories.

Candidates are expected to be mature enough to have given *evidence of superior promise,* yet young enough to have their careers before them, and in general to be between the ages of 22 and 35. Academic applicants must have completed their undergraduate college education. Although all factors are taken into consideration by the Committee of Award, candidates under 35 are given decided preference.

Fields

The fellowships are open not only for academic study (graduate) but for other types of training or experience which may be most useful in developing varied talents and varied forms of leadership.

THE ARTS. Candidates in music other than musical composition will be asked to audition before a special jury. Those applying in such fields as musical composition, creative writing, photography, painting and sculpture, will be asked to submit representative samples of their work. Ample notification will be given candidates to facilitate scheduling of auditions and preparation of materials.

APPRENTICESHIPS. Applicants for apprenticeships in such areas as journalism, business and industrial management, extension work, labor education, et cetera will be welcomed. This category does not include regular vocational training. Persons interested in the apprenticeship type of program should write the Foundation for additional information.

Duration of Fellowship

Awards are for a full year of serious work, not for incidental or temporary projects. In special cases grants may be renewed for a second year.

Amount of Stipend

Awards are expected normally to range from $1,000 to $3,000 depending on the nature of the proposed project and the financial need of the candidate. It is hoped that in many cases funds from other sources may supplement these awards (for example fellowships for study in foreign countries, additional scholarship aid from universities, payments for certain types of apprentice work, etc.).

Application

Awards are made annually on the basis of formal written applications by the candidates on forms provided by the John Hay Whitney Foundation.

Deadline for Filing

Complete applications must be filed not later than November 30 so as to insure ample time for processing applications, assembling references, and making selections.

Announcement of Awards

The results of the competition will be announced in the latter part of April.

ADDRESS INQUIRIES TO: Opportunity Fellowships
John Hay Whitney Foundation
630 Fifth Avenue, New York 20, N. Y.

PLEASE POST

ANNOUNCEMENT OF

Opportunity Fellowships

FOR 1961 | 1962

Purpose

To broaden opportunities in America. Specifically to give opportunity for special experience or advanced study to outstanding individuals who otherwise might not be able to reach their fullest development or make their fullest contribution.

Eligibility

The competition for Opportunity Fellowships is open to citizens of the United States with racial or cultural backgrounds or regions of original residence as follows: Negroes, Spanish-Americans, Chinese-Americans and Japanese-Americans, American Indians, residents of Guam, Puerto Rico, Samoa, the Virgin Islands, the Appalachian and Ozark Mountain areas, and the Trust Territories.

Candidates are expected to be mature enough to have given *evidence of superior promise*, yet young enough to have their careers before them, and in general to be between the ages of 22 and 35. Academic applicants must have completed their undergraduate college education. Although all factors are taken into consideration by the Committee of Award, candidates under 35 are given decided preference.

Fields

The fellowships are open not only for academic study (graduate) but for other types of training or experience which may be most useful in developing varied talents and varied forms of leadership.

THE ARTS. Candidates in music other than musical composition will be asked to audition before a special jury. Those applying in such fields as musical composition, creative writing, and the fine arts, will be asked to submit representative samples of their work. Ample notification will be given candidates to facilitate scheduling of auditions and preparation of materials.

APPRENTICESHIPS. Applicants for apprenticeships in such areas as journalism, business and industrial management, extension work, labor education, et cetera will be welcomed. This category does not include regular vocational training. Persons interested in the apprenticeship type of program should write the Foundation for additional information.

Duration of Fellowship

Awards are for a full year of serious work, not for incidental or temporary projects. In special cases grants may be renewed for a second year.

Amount of Stipend

Awards are expected normally to range from $1,000 to $3,000 depending on the nature of the proposed project and the financial need of the candidate. It is hoped that in many cases funds from other sources may supplement these awards (for example fellowships for study in foreign countries, additional scholarship aid from universities, payments for certain types of apprentice work, etc.).

Application

Awards are made annually on the basis of formal written applications by the candidates on forms provided by the John Hay Whitney Foundation.

Deadline for Filing

Complete applications must be filed not later than November 30 so as to insure ample time for processing applications, assembling references, and making selections.

Announcement of Awards

The results of the competition will be announced in the latter part of April.

ADDRESS INQUIRIES TO: Opportunity Fellowships
John Hay Whitney Foundation
111 West 50th Street, New York 20, N. Y.

April 25, 1963

Mr. Charles F. Jones
Program Director
John Hay Whitney Foundation
111 West 50th Street
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Jones:

I appreciated your letter of April 4. The clippings which you enclosed we forwarded to Bob Moses.

I am planning to be in New York May 6 and 7, and probably on May 8 as well. I would like to call you when I get in, and if you have a few minutes free, I would enjoy coming by your office. The only commitments I have are for Monday afternoon and Tuesday morning, and I could get in at other times pretty well to suit your convenience.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
111 WEST 50TH STREET
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

file

April 4, 1963

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

I enjoyed meeting you and Mrs. Dunbar while in Atlanta last week and hope we will have more chance for a conversation when I am again in the city.

Monday when I returned, I found the newspaper strike had ended, the first papers were on the stands and the price had gone up to ten cents. In the Tribune were the enclosed four articles. The first three, at least, strike a positive note. I don't know if there is a way to reach Bob Moses but I send the articles through you in case there is. His work and that of so many others is slowly making headway and having its influence.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Charles F. Jones

Charles F. Jones
Program Director

CFJ:pac
Enclosures

May 14, 1963

Mr. Charles F. Jones
John Hay Whitney Foundation
111 West 50th Street
New York 20, New York

Dear Mr. Jones:

This is just a note to say thank you for the most enjoyable lunch and conversation last week. I do hope that you will be in Atlanta soon, and that you will let me know in advance.

On the matter of scholarships for SNCC people. I learned, after seeing you, from Vernon Eagle that CORE is attempting to raise funds for the same purpose. It has established a CORE Scholarship, Educational and Defense Fund, headed by Katrina McCormick Barnes. The Field Foundation also made a grant to the American Baptists which offers some possibility of help.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
111 WEST 50TH STREET
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

April 30, 1963

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Thank you very much for your letter of April 25. Would you be free for lunch either Monday, the 6th or Tuesday the 7th? I am free both days if you would let me know which would be convenient. Your telephone call (JUdson 2-5252) Monday morning would be in ample time.

Sincerely,

Charles F. Jones

Charles F. Jones

CFJ:rr

Tom T
SNCC
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JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
111 WEST 50TH STREET
NEW YORK 20, N. Y.

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MAY 20 1963

May 17, 1963

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Leslie:

I thoroughly enjoyed our conversation last week and I am glad to know that several other organizations are working on the matter of SNCC scholarships. Even if we can act affirmatively, it would probably not be within the next year.

I appreciate your telephoning the name and address of the Japanese lady. We have written to her.

With very best regards.

Sincerely,

Charles

Charles F. Jones

CFJ:rr

JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
111 West 50th Street
New York 20, New York

FOR RELEASE: Monday
June 24, 1963

AWARDS MADE TO FORTY-SIX AMERICANS

FROM MINORITY GROUPS

Awards totaling $110,000 were made to forty-six members of minority groups for graduate and professional study by the Opportunity Fellowship Program of the John Hay Whitney Foundation, it was announced today.

These young Americans of all races and creeds joined the more than six hundred former winners who are contributing significantly in such fields as education, science, medicine, business, literature and the fine arts. Negroes, American Indians, Spanish Americans, Puerto Ricans and Japanese and Chinese Americans make up the bulk of the Opportunity Fellows.

Many of the winners are now occupying important positions in government, industry and education. Among former fellows active in various parts of the world are Andrew F. Brimmer, former faculty member of the Wharton School and presently Deputy Assistant Secretary of Commerce; Gregory F. Simms, Deputy Chief of the Peace Corps Mission to the Dominican Republic; and M. Carl Holman, Information Director for the Civil Rights Commission.

Others are A. Leon Higginbotham, Jr., Commissioner to the Federal Trade Commission; Samuel J. Cullers, Project Director of Chicago's Community Renewal Program; and Julian Nava, presently a visiting Fulbright scholar at the University of Valladolid, Spain.

The Opportunity Fellowship program was conceived in 1949 to further the careers of promising young Americans who because of racial, cultural and other artificial barriers might be prevented from realizing their full development and making their fullest contribution to society.

(more)

The program's Committee of Award is composed of: Miss Rosemary Park, President, Barnard College; Huntington Cairns, Secretary, National Gallery of Art; Rene d'Harnoncourt, Director, Museum of Modern Art; Martin D. Jenkins, President, Morgan State College; D'Arcy McNickle, Director, American Indian Development. Selection of Fellows in music, creative writing and the fine arts is facilitated by juries composed of authorities in these fields.

Applications for next year's awards should be submitted to the John Hay Whitney Foundation, 111 West 50th Street, New York 20, New York, no later than November 30, 1963.

Pertinent data and a complete list of winners by states is attached.

OPPORTUNITY FELLOWS

ARIZONA

Mr. Cipriano J. Manuel, of P. O. Box 346, Sells, Arizona, to spend a year studying public administration at the University of Arizona and observing court procedures in the Southwest.

CALIFORNIA

Mr. John H. Blake, of 2608 Grant Street, Berkeley, California, graduate of New York University to continue for the Ph.D. degree in sociology at the University of California, Berkeley.

Mr. Daniel L. Johnson, of 3934½ Brighton Avenue, Los Angeles, California, to devote a year to painting.

Mr. Robert Singleton, of 16211 Napa Street, Sepulveda, California, graduate of the University of California, Los Angeles, to continue studies toward the Ph.D. degree in economics at the same University.

CONNECTICUT

Mrs. Nannie B. Rogers, of 231 West Hazel Street, New Haven, Connecticut, graduate of West Virginia State College, to complete the Master of Arts degree in guidance at the Bank Street College of Education.

FLORIDA

Miss Maxine A. Thurston, of 34 South 13th Street, Fernandina Beach, Florida, graduate of Indiana University, to complete the degree of Master of Social Work at Florida State University.

GEORGIA

Miss Electa B. Twyman, of 145 John Hope Drive, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia, graduate of Spelman College, to begin the program for the Master of Fine Arts degree at the State University of Iowa.

(more)

HAWAII

Mr. Ernest C. Chang, of 2350 Wilder Avenue, Honolulu, Hawaii, graduate of the Juilliard School of Music, to continue advanced studies in piano at the same institution.

IDAHO

Mr. Gerald L. Ignace, of DeSmet, Idaho, graduate of Gonzaga University to continue studies toward the M.D. degree at Marquette University.

ILLINOIS

Mr. James H. Lowry, of 727 East 60th Street, Chicago, Illinois, graduate of Grinnell College, to begin studies for the Master's degree in public administration at Syracuse or Cornell University.

IOWA

Mr. James A. Thomas, of 1704 Walker Street, Des Moines, Iowa, graduate of Connecticut Wesleyan University, to complete the Bachelor of Laws degree at the Yale University School of Law.

MARYLAND

Mr. Moses R. Lewis, of 3521 Holmes Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland, graduate of Morgan State College, to begin studies for the Master of Arts degree in African Studies at Boston University.

MASSACHUSETTS

Mr. Stephen G. Hamilton, of 10 Ruthven Street, Boston, Massachusetts, graduate of Boston University, to complete the Ph.D. degree in theoretical physics at the same University.

Miss Iris M. Johnson, of 2 Schuyler Street, Dorchester, Massachusetts, graduate of Bard College, to spend a year in the African studies program at the University of London.

(more)

MICHIGAN

Mr. Ernest Coleman, of 3923 Ash Street, Inkster, Michigan, graduate of the University of Michigan, to begin the Ph.D. program in theoretical physics at the same University.

MISSISSIPPI

Mr. Marcus H. Whitfield, Jr., of Box 52, Tougaloo, Mississippi, graduate of Tougaloo College and the University of Indiana, to begin study for the Ed. D. degree in mathematics at Oklahoma State University.

NEW MEXICO

Mr. Angel D. Sandoval, of 518 Walter Street, S.E., Albuquerque, New Mexico, graduate of the University of New Mexico, to begin the Ph.D. program in economics at the University of Wisconsin.

NEW JERSEY

Miss Mattie M. Fountain, of 1319 Garfield Avenue, Pleasantville, New Jersey, graduate of Morgan State College, to complete the degree of Master of Social Work at Rutgers University.

Mr. Joseph S. White, Jr., of 124 Barclay Street, Newark, New Jersey, to devote a year to creative writing.

NEW YORK

Mr. George H. Bass, of 20 East 127th Street, New York, New York, graduate of Fisk University, to complete the Master of Arts degree in communication at New York University.

Mr. James A. Bynoe, of Oak Summit Road, Millbrook, New York, to devote a year to painting in Italy.

(more)

Mr. James N. Clark, of 818 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, New York, graduate of the College of the City of New York, to complete the degree of Doctor of Dentistry at the Columbia University School of Physicians and Surgeons.

Mr. Adger W. Cowans, of 331 West 85th Street, New York, New York, graduate of Ohio University, to devote a year to a project in documentary photo-journalism.

Miss Iris Crump, of 346 East 9th Street, New York, New York, to devote a year to painting in New York.

Mr. Lonne Elder, III, of 226 West 47th Street, New York, New York, to spend a year in playwriting.

Mr. Reginald W. Griffith, of 732 Marcy Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, graduate of Massachusetts Institute of Technology to complete the degree of Master of City Planning at the same University.

Mr. Clarence B. Jackson, of 308 East 6th Street, New York, New York, graduate of the University of California at Los Angeles, to devote a year to music composition.

Mr. William M. Kelley, Jr., of 3900 Manhattan College Parkway, New York, New York, to devote a year to the completion of a novel.

Miss Juanita King, of 502 West 151st Street, New York, New York, to spend a year in vocal studies.

Miss Magdalena Miranda, of 31-40 85th Street, Jackson Heights, Queens, New York, graduate of Hunter College, to complete the degree of Master of Social Work at the New York School of Social Work.

Mr. Jong W. Ra, of 562 West 113th Street, New York, New York, graduate of Harvard College, to continue studies toward the Ph.D. degree in government at Columbia University.

Mr. Wen-Ying Tsai, of 601 Sixth Avenue, New York, New York, to devote a year to painting.

(more)

NORTH CAROLINA

Mr. Woodrow B. Sneed, of Cherokee, North Carolina, graduate of Brigham Young University, to complete the Bachelor of Laws degree at the Harvard University School of Law.

PENNSYLVANIA

Mr. Charles H. Bell, of 4345 Dakota Street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, graduate of Carnegie Institute of Technology to continue his studies in musical composition at the same University.

Mr. Paul B. Moses, of 358 West Spring Avenue, Ardmore, Pennsylvania, graduate of Haverford College, to complete the Ph.D. degree in the history of art at Harvard University.

Miss Herschelle S. Sullivan, of 200 Cedarhurst Street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, graduate of Spelman College and the Johns Hopkins University, to continue studies for the Ph.D. in political science at Columbia University.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Mr. Daniel B. Mitchell, of P. O. Box 355, Walterboro, South Carolina, graduate of Clark College, to continue studies for the Ph.D. degree in political science at Syracuse University.

SOUTH DAKOTA

Mr. Robert V. Dumont, Jr., of Box 381, Pine Ridge, South Dakota, graduate of Montana State University, to begin study for the Master of Arts degree in anthropology at Michigan State University.

TENNESSEE

Mr. Eugene W. Madison, of 355 Leath Street, Memphis, Tennessee, graduate of LeMoyne College, Memphis, and Michigan State University to complete the Ph.D. degree in mathematics at the University of Illinois.

(more)

Mr. Floyd L. Weakley, of Box 143, Millington, Tennessee, graduate of LeMoyne College, Memphis, to begin studies toward the Master of Science degree in Mathematics at the University of Arizona.

TEXAS

Mr. Nickolas S. Barrera, of 5426 Willowglen Street, Houston, Texas, to continue studies toward the Bachelor of Laws degree at the South Texas College of Law.

Mr. Emerson A. Lattimore, of 1204 Morrison Street, Marshall, Texas, graduate of Bishop College, to begin study toward the Ph.D. degree in chemistry at the University of Texas.

VIRGINIA

Mr. Kennell A. Jackson, Jr., of Farmville, Virginia, graduate of Hampton Institute, to spend a year in the School of Oriental and African Studies at the University of London.

WISCONSIN

Miss Dorothy W. Davids, of Bowler, Wisconsin, graduate of Wisconsin State College, to spend a year of advanced study in human development at the University of Chicago.

GUAM

Mr. Jose S. Guerrero, Jr., of P. O. Box 561, Agana, Guam, graduate of Regis College, Denver, to complete the Master of Arts degree in education at San Jose State College.

PUERTO RICO

Mrs. Sara Gregory de Torres, of University Faculty Residences, Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, graduate of the University of Puerto Rico and the University of Chicago, to complete the Ph.D. degree in education at the Institute of Education, London University.

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JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION
111 West 50th Street
New York 20, New York

FOR RELEASE: Monday, June 22, 1964

WB - see page 3
VI
MI - file

file

AWARDS MADE TO FIFTY-SIX AMERICANS

FROM MINORITY GROUPS

Awards totaling $127,500 were made to fifty-six members of minority groups for graduate and professional study by the Opportunity Fellowship Program of the John Hay Whitney Foundation, it was announced today.

These young Americans of all races and creeds joined the more than seven hundred former winners who, in the Program's fifteen year history, are contributing significantly in such fields as education, science, medicine, business, literature and the fine arts. Negroes, American Indians, Spanish Americans, Puerto Ricans and Japanese and Chinese Americans make up the bulk of the Opportunity Fellows.

Many of the former Fellows are now occupying important positions in government, industry and education. Among these are Mrs. Yolande L. Chambers, Vice President and Director of Personnel for Davidson Brothers, Inc.; LeRoi Jones whose play "The Dutchman" has been named the best American play done off Broadway during the past season; and Julian Samora, Chairman of the Department of Sociology, University of Notre Dame, and recently visiting lecturer to the National University of Colombia, South America.

Others are James T. Harris, Jr., Program Associate in the Middle East and Africa program of the Ford Foundation; Dr. Lonnie MacDonald, Chief Consultant of the Psychiatric Division of Harlem Hospital and consultant to Harlem Youth Opportunities, Inc.; Robert P. Moses, Director of the Freedom Summer program in Mississippi; and Shirley Verrett who sang the title role last winter in the premiere of Hugo Weisgall's opera "Athaliah" at Philharmonic Hall, New York.

(more)

"Even more impressive than a doubling of candidates in recent years," said Dr. Harry J. Carman, Chairman of the Foundation's Advisory Committee, "has been the rise in caliber of these young men and women desiring to pursue academic studies beyond college. Their ambitions and talents provide the best possible answer to the need for highly trained leaders from minority backgrounds to take advantage of rapidly expanding professional opportunities."

The Opportunity Fellowship program was conceived in 1949 to further the careers of promising young Americans who because of racial, cultural and other artificial barriers might be prevented from realizing their full development and making their fullest contribution to society.

The program's Committee of Award is composed of:
Mrs. Esther Raushenbush, Director, Center for Continuing Education, Sarah Lawrence College; Huntington Cairns, Secretary, National Gallery of Art; Rene d'Harnoncourt, Director, Museum of Modern Art; Martin D. Jenkins, President, Morgan State College; D'Arcy McNickle, Director, American Indian Development; George I. Sanchez, Director, Center for International Education, University of Texas. Selection of Fellows in music, creative writing and the fine arts is facilitated by juries composed of authorities in these fields.

Applications for next year's awards should be submitted to the John Hay Whitney Foundation, 111 West 50th Street, New York 20, New York, no later than November 30, 1964.

Pertinent data and a complete list of winners by states is attached.

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OPPORTUNITY FELLOWS

ARKANSAS

Mr. Ernest R. McKinney, of 1700 Havis Street, Pine Bluff, Arkansas, graduate of Morehouse College, to begin study toward the Master of Arts degree in the School of Public and International Affairs, the University of Pittsburgh.

CALIFORNIA

Mr. Melvin E. Edwards, Jr., of 4369 South Van Ness Avenue, Los Angeles, California, to devote a year to painting and sculpture.

Miss Gloria G. Macias, of 1654 Vine Street, San Bernardino, California, graduate of the University of California, Riverside, to begin study toward the Master of Arts degree in Spanish Literature at the same institution.

COLORADO

Mr. Edward Cordova, of 1722 Spruce Street, Pueblo, Colorado, graduate of Adams State College, to begin studies toward the Master of Arts degree in American studies at the University of Wyoming.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Miss Gladys M. Fry, of 19-40th Street, N.E., Washington, D.C., graduate of Howard University, to complete the Ph.D. degree in folklore at Indiana University.

Miss Helen T. Gott, of 5 MacDonald Place, N.E., Washington, D. C., graduate of Syracuse University, to complete the Master of Arts degree in international affairs at Columbia University.

Miss Marilyn J. Mitchell, of 616 Aspen Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., graduate of the University of Wisconsin, to begin studies toward the Ph.D. degree in political science at Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

(more)

Mr. Charles A. Watkins, of 1847-24th Street, N. E., Washington, D. C., graduate of The Ohio State University, to continue study toward the Ph.D. degree in English Literature at the same institution.

Miss Joyce A. Wright, of 1219 Hamilton Street, N. W., Washington, D.C., graduate of Howard University, to begin the program for the Master of Social Work degree at Smith College.

FLORIDA

Mr. Lee C. Jenkins, of 425 Osceola Street, Tallahassee, Florida, graduate of Fisk University, to begin the Ph.D. program in theater arts at Iowa State University.

GEORGIA

Mr. Johnny Campbell, Jr., of 3108 Thompson Street, Thunderbolt, Georgia, graduate of Savannah State College and Atlanta University, to begin study toward the Ph.D. degree in government at the University of Pittsburgh.

ILLINOIS

Mr. John W. Hatch, of 7746 South Vernon Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, graduate of Marquette University, to continue studies toward the Bachelor of Laws degree at the Harvard University School of Law.

Mr. Leslie B. Rout, Jr., of 727 East 83rd Street, Chicago, Illinois, graduate of Loyola University, to continue studies toward the Ph.D. degree in history at the University of Minnesota.

LOUISIANA

Mr. Roger D. Dickerson, of 2330 Gravier Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, graduate of Dillard and Indiana Universities, to continue his work in musical composition.

(more)

Mr. Tilden J. LeMelle, of 655 Jacob Alley, New Iberia, Louisiana, graduate of Xavier University, to continue study toward the Ph.D. degree in international relations at the University of Denver.

Mr. Rudolph J. Lombard, of 516 Newton Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, graduate of Xavier and Syracuse Universities, to continue work toward the Doctor of Social Science degree at the latter institution.

MARYLAND

Mr. Curtis R. Smothers, of 701 West Mulberry Street, Baltimore, Maryland, graduate of Morgan State College, to begin work toward the Bachelor of Laws and Master of Science in Foreign Service degrees at the Georgetown University Law Center.

MASSACHUSETTS

Mr. Robert M. Coard, of 31 Pasadena Road, Dorchester, Massachusetts, graduate of Dillard and Boston Universities, to complete the Ph.D. degree in city and regional planning at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Miss Iris M. Johnson, of 2 Schuyler Street, Dorchester, Massachusetts, graduate of Bard College, to complete the degree in anthropology at the University of London.

MICHIGAN

Mr. Robert L. Church, of Route #1, Hopkins, Michigan, graduate of Asbury College, Wilmore, Kentucky, to begin medical studies at the University of Michigan.

(more)

Miss Arcola E. Clark, of 1765 West Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Michigan, graduate of Michigan State University, to continue advanced studies in music education and applied music at the same institution.

Miss Delores L. Ivory, of 2510 Elmhurst Street, Detroit, Michigan, graduate of Wayne State University, to spend a year in vocal studies.

MISSISSIPPI

Mr. Memphis Norman, of Wiggins, Mississippi, graduate of Tougaloo Southern Christian College, to begin study towards the Master of Arts degree at the School of Public and International Affairs, the University of Pittsburgh.

NEW JERSEY

Mr. Leonard Jeffries, Jr., of 1 West Alpine Street, Newark, New Jersey, graduate of Lafayette College and Columbia University, to complete the Ph.D. degree in public law and government at the latter institution.

Mr. Earl P. Thomas, of 10 Warren Street, South Bound Brook, New Jersey, graduate of Rutgers University, to complete the degree of Master of Social Work at the same institution.

NEW MEXICO

Mr. Alfonso A. Ortiz, of Box 841, San Juan Pueblo, New Mexico, graduate of the the University of New Mexico, to complete the Ph.D. degree in anthropology at the University of Chicago.

Mr. Moises Venegas, of 2128 Coal Street, S.E., Albuquerque, New Mexico, graduate of the University of New Mexico, to begin study for the Master of Arts degree in history at the same institution.

(more)

NEW YORK

Mr. Jorge L. Batista, of 406 East Tremont Avenue, New York, New York, graduate of Columbia College, to begin study for the Ph.D. degree in sociology at Columbia University.

Mr. Emilio Cruz, of 700 East 11th Street, New York, New York, to devote a year to painting in Italy.

Mr. LeRoy Fentress, of 541 West 49th Street, New York, New York, graduate of Brooklyn College, to complete the Master of Library Science degree at Pratt Institute.

Mr. James N. Finney, of 203 Hart Street, Brooklyn, New York, graduate of The Columbia University School of General Studies, to continue work for the Bachelor of Laws degree at Columbia.

Mr. Fernando Illanes, of 85-02 139th Street, Jamaica, New York, graduate of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute and Yale University, to devote a year to voice study.

Mr. Frank P. Lima, of 57 Second Avenue, New York, New York, to devote a year to creative writing.

Mr. Herbert E. Randall, Jr., of 693 Beck Street, Bronx, New York, to spend a year on a photographic essay of contemporary Negro life.

Miss Pearl A. Reynolds, of 438 Third Avenue, New York, New York, to study dance composition and notation at the Juilliard School of Music.

Mr. George K. Terasaki, of 866 Broadway, New York, New York, to devote a year to painting.

Mr. Jacky Whitten, of 319 Church Street, New York, New York, to devote a year to painting.

(more)

NORTH CAROLINA

Mr. James E. Ferguson, II, of 97 Blanton Street, Asheville, North Carolina, graduate of North Carolina College, to begin studies toward the Bachelor of Laws degree at Columbia University.

Mr. James R. Robinson, of Route 1, Scotland Neck, North Carolina, graduate of North Carolina College, to begin study toward the Bachelor of Laws degree at the University of North Carolina School of Law.

Mr. Earl A. Sanders, of 2510 Weaver Street, Durham, North Carolina, graduate of Roosevelt University, to continue his study toward the Ph.D. degree in musicology at Indiana University.

Miss Betty V. Stevens, of 801 East Lane Street, Raleigh, North Carolina, graduate of Spelman College, to begin study toward the Bachelor of Laws degree at the Harvard University School of Law.

OREGON

Mrs. Shirley Keith, of 1132 S.W. Broadway Drive, Portland, Oregon, graduate of Portland State College, to begin study toward the Master of Arts degree in anthropology at the University of Washington.

PENNSYLVANIA

Mr. George N. Carter, of 3303 North 17th Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, graduate of Temple University, to begin study for the Master of Arts degree in political science at the University of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Paul B. Moses, of 358 West Spring Avenue, Ardmore, Pennsylvania, to complete the Ph.D. degree in the history of art at Harvard University.

TENNESSEE

Miss Earline L. Houston, of 935 Leath Street, Memphis, Tennessee, graduate of LeMoyne College, to begin study toward the M.D. degree at the University of Tennessee.

(more)

Mr. Robert S. Townsend, of 1112 Paris Avenue, Nashville, Tennessee, graduate of the University of Missouri, to devote a year to playwriting.

Mr. Andrew N. White, III, of 1621 Haynes Meade Circle, Nashville, Tennessee, graduate of Howard University, to study at the Paris Conservatory of Music.

TEXAS

Mr. Nickolas S. Barrera, of 5426 Willowglen Street, Houston, Texas, to complete the Bachelor of Laws degree at the South Texas College of Law.

Mr. Alfredo G. de los Santos, Jr., of 1313 Grant Street, Laredo, Texas, graduate of the University of Texas, to continue study toward the Ph.D. degree in college administration at the same institution.

Miss Vilma S. Martinez, of 1069 Ivy Lane, San Antonio, Texas, graduate of the University of Texas, to begin studies for the Bachelor of Laws degree at the Columbia University School of Law.

Mr. Thomas L. Roberts, of 3327 K Street, San Antonio, Texas, graduate of Talladega College and Trinity University, San Antonio, Texas, to continue study toward the Ph.D. degree in microbiology at Clark University.

VIRGINIA

Mr. Albert Hinton, of 2828 Merrimac Court, Norfolk, Virginia, graduate of Hampton Institute, to begin study toward the Master of Arts degree in English and American Literature at New York University.

WASHINGTON

Miss Mary E. Hillaire, of Box 963, Bellingham, Washington, graduate of Western Washington State College, to study for the Master of Arts degree in education at the same institution.

(more)

WEST VIRGINIA

Miss Angela H. Gallion, of Box 12, Institute, West Virginia, graduate of West Virginia State College, to begin study for the Master of Social Work degree at Wayne State University.

PUERTO RICO

Mrs. Idalia C. Bobonis, of Rio Piedras, Puerto Rico, graduate of the University of Puerto Rico and the University of Maryland, to begin the Ph.D. program in Spanish literature at the latter university.

Miss Katherine Gonzalez, of 59 Canal Street, Catano, Puerto Rico, graduate of the University of Puerto Rico, to continue studies toward the M.D. degree at the University of Chicago.

****

January 29, 1965

Mr. Charles Jones
The John Hay Whitney Foundation
111 W. 50th Street
New York, New York

Dear Charles:

I am sending enclosed, a copy of the report I promised to you when you called long ago.

All best wishes.

Sincerely,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:nm
Enclosure

OPPORTUNITY FELLOWSHIPS
JOHN HAY WHITNEY FOUNDATION

30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York 20, N. Y.

Purpose

To broaden opportunities in America.

Specifically to give opportunity for special experience or advanced study to persons of exceptional promise who otherwise might not be able to reach their fullest development or make their fullest contribution.

Information for Applicants

ELIGIBLE CANDIDATES. The competition for Opportunity Fellowships is open to any citizen of the United States (including residents of territories) who has given evidence of special ability and who has not had full opportunity to develop his talents because of arbitrary barriers, such as racial or cultural background or region of residence. Awards have been made to the following groups: Negroes, Spanish-Americans, Indians, Chinese- and Japanese-Americans, residents of the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, Hawaii, Guam, Alaska, Samoa and the Appalachian Mountain area, and to Displaced Persons, who are naturalized or in the process of becoming citizens of the United States.

Candidates are expected to be mature enough to have given positive evidence of exceptional promise, yet young enough to have their careers before them; in general to be between the ages of 22 and 35 and to have completed their general education. While the Committee of Award has full discretion to take all factors into account and make awards outside the above ages and qualifications, candidates under 35 are given decided preference.

The fellowships are open not only for academic study (graduate) but for any kind of training or experience (journalism, industry, labor, the arts, et cetera) which may be most useful in developing varied talents and varied forms of leadership.

The Arts. Candidates in music other than musical composition will be asked to audition before a special jury early next year. Those applying in such fields as musical composition, creative writing, photography, painting and sculpture, will be asked to submit representative samples of their work at about the same time. Ample notification will be given candidates to facilitate scheduling of auditions and preparation of materials.

Apprenticeships. Applicants for apprenticeships in such areas as agriculture, industry, and labor will be welcomed. Persons interested in programs of this type should write the Foundation for additional information.

GRANTS. Awards are expected normally to range from $1,000 to $3,000 depending on the nature of the proposed project and the financial need of the candidate. It is hoped that in many cases funds from other sources may supplement these awards (for example fellowships for study in foreign countries, additional scholarship aid from universities, payments for certain types of apprentice work, etc.).

Awards are for a full year of serious work, not for incidental or temporary projects. In special cases grants may be renewed for a second year or more.

APPLICATIONS AND AWARDS. Awards are made annually by a special Committee on the basis of formal written applications by the candidates on forms provided by the John Hay Whitney Foundation. Completed applications must be filed not later than November 30 so as to assure ample time for processing applications, assembling references, and making selections. Awards are announced in April or May.

Communications should be addressed:
Opportunity Fellowships, John Hay Whitney Foundation
30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York 20, N. Y.

Please return

In 1948 the church women leaders of the South -- three faiths and both races -- were called together by the Southern Regional Council to face the problems of the South. Out of that meeting the Fellowship of the Concerned came to be (1) out of the concern for what was happening in our courts -- injustice and discrimination (2) the realization that courts were no stronger than judges and juries thought was the climate of public opinion in the community, (3) church people, church women, were unaware of what was happening in the courts and the courts were not thinking in terms of help and cooperation from the church. As a woman expressed it, "The court and the church were unaware of each other".

Out of that meeting came a two-fold program: (1) visiting sheriffs and law enforcement officers and giving them copies of "RACE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT" (a pamphlet prepared by the Southern Regional Council). Over three hundred law enforcement officers were visited. (2) Church women sitting in the courts as observers and giving strength and courage to judge and jury alike.

It has been an effective program -- a two-way one. Officers everywhere courteously received the women and oftentimes welcomed them. The women proved good listeners to the problems of the officers and officers were appreciative of an interested audience. As a result the women received a good lesson in citizenship and are continuing to inverview law enforcement officers as they are elected.

In some instances surveys were made of community needs; several jails and courthouses have been renovated; a few neglected children have been placed in homes of the visiting women by the courts. Today we no longer have many sordid stories of injustice and discrimination because of race in our courts.

In 1953 the women leadership of the church and some civic groups from the states of Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee and the Carolinas were called together for a day's study on the pending Supreme Court school decision. Since then these women have attempted to be interpreters of the Court in their communities, but they still need help. The South is not prepared for integrated schools and politicians are making a hey-day of the situation. Women are disturbed and genuinely puzzled. They need help and direction and are looking for it.

What we need now is: (1) money that we may go to the women leaders in at least Mississippi, Florida, South Carolina, Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee -- spend several days, sitting with as many as possible in their own homes, about their desks and papers. (2) money for a South-wide meeting with a larger attendance then the 1953 meeting, bringing before them the best experts in the field of human relations.

107 women - all church leaders

Catholic, B'nai Brith, Temple Sisterhood - Methodist, African Methodist, Christian Episcopal Methodist, Presbyterian U.S. Presbyterian U.S.A. Congregational, Disciples. Lutheran. Nazarene, Southern Baptist. American Baptist, The Friends, Unitarian.

States - Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, North and South ~~Georgia~~ Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia, Kentucky, Virginia

Follow up. 2 work shops in Alabama
1 each in Georgia (which carried information to 10 community work shops),
Florida.
Met with executive committee of United Church Women and some other women - in states of South Carolina, Tennessee, Louisiana, planning for workshops

Southern Regional Council, Inc
63 Auburn Avenue, N E
Atlanta, Georgia

October 27, 1953

Sample of paid orders received and filled, covering both Questions and Answers and Check List:

Girl Scouts of America, Region 5 - Atlanta	25
Butler Street Y M C A - Atlanta	100
Dr P W Hill - Clarksdale, Mississippi	20
Catholic Interracial Council of New York	40
Board of Home Missions - The Congregational Church	100
Morehouse College - Atlanta, Georgia	200
Virginia Council of Churches	200
Father Marvin Bordelon - Simmesport, Louisiana	10
American Friends Service Committee - Greensboro, North Carolina	100
Mississippi State Department of Education	2000
American Friends Service Committee - Philadelphia	100
American Friends Service Committee - Washington	250
The American Jewish Committee	100
North Carolina Council of ~~Christ~~ Churches	100
Anti-Defamation League - B'nai B'rith - New York	500
Jewish Community Relations Council - St Louis	25
Mississippi Division - Southern Regional Council	200
Georgia Teachers & Education Association - Atlanta	2500
Superintendent of Schools of Suffolk County, Va	7
Public Affairs Forum of Y W C A - Atlanta	16
Florida A & M College - Tallahassee, Florida	23

Sample of Paid Orders -
Two
October 27, 1953

Arlington (Va) Council of Church Women	10
Board of Education - Methodist Church - Nashville, Tennessee	40
National Committee for Defense of Democracy Through Education - Washington, D C	25
National Student Council - Y W C A - So Region	25
National Board - Y W C A - Southern Region	40
Atlanta Urban League	12
Reverend Stephen Mackey - Charleston, S C	100
Carl B Hutcherson, Member, Board of Education, Lynchburg, Virginia	10
Prof H H Barnett, Southern Baptist Theological Seminary - Louisville, Kentucky	36
Kentucky State Teachers Association	400
Department of Christian Social Relations (Protestant Episcopal) Diocese of Virginia	40
N A A C P - Winston-Salem, North Carolina	6
Wofford College - Spartanburg, South Carolina	20
North Carolina Conference of Negro Colleges	50
Race Relations Institute, Fisk University Nashville, Tennessee	150
University of Miami (Florida)	25
Fellowship of Southern Churchmen - Durham-Raleigh(NC) area	20
North Carolina Division of Southern Regional Council - to members of local school boards	250
Students at Southern Labor School - A F L Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	50

Sample of Paid Orders
Three
October 27, 1953

Bishop S L Greene - A M E Church - Atlanta	50
Catholic Committee of the South	60
Anti-Defammation League - Richmond, Virginia	30
Tom Foster - Norman, Oklahoma	50
Commission of Human Relations - Kansas City, Kansas	10

Similar orders continue to come in.

October 26, 1953

J.P.+

Mr Milton C Rose, Secretary
William C Whitney Foundation
120 Broadway
New York 5, N Y

Dear Mr Rose:

We would be most grateful if the William C Whitney Foundation would consider whether or not it could still in this year aid the Southern Regional Council. Mr Straight is here and has suggested that we write.

We are carrying a heavy load in educating the South on the issues coming up as to the Supreme Court's decision on the schools and we think we are doing a great deal of good. But we are at the end of the rope on funds and hardly know how to get through the coming couple of months.

We have covered much of the Southern states through our local SRC State Divisions which have picked people as volunteers who are building up special knowledge of the problem in every State. We have no money to pay them salaries; but we do pay their modest expenses for traveling over their states.

We have put out quite recently the enclosed two pamphlets directly on the school question. They are to be widely used by local discussion groups. The first develops the issues and the second enables a local group to find the facts. Wherever we can get such a group going, we think it is quite important in influencing the setting of public opinion when the Court has given its decision. Incidentally, these are the precious weeks in which to do an educational job of this kind because people are open-minded and curious as of today but will divide into partisanship once the Court has given its decision.

The sale of the pamphlets has been truly remarkable; and I enclose a sample of the way they have been going.

That's our job for the next few months and we greatly need the strength which the William C Whitney Foundation can give us for doing it with a firmer base under us here at home.

Do look down toward the bottom of the barrel and see what can be found!

Sincerely yours

George S Mitchell
Executive Director

gsm-t
enclosures - 5

February 8, 1954

Mr. Milton Rose
William C. Whitney Foundation
120 Broadway
New York 5, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Rose:

Here is some report of the program of the Southern Regional Council for 1953. I send also an Audit.

The generous contribution of the William C. Whitney Foundation went entirely into our effort to build an informed and tolerant public in the Southern States on the problems involved in whatever may be the forthcoming decision of the Supreme Court in the school segregation cases.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive-Director

GSM:hh
Enclosures 2

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
120 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

RECEIVED
FEB 8
Southern Regional Council

February 4, 1954

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

As you are aware, it is necessary for us to have a report in connection with each grant made by this Foundation. Will you, therefore, advise us as to the accomplishments of the Council in 1953?

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Secretary

MCR:ED

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
120 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

February 10, 1954

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Thank you for your letter of February 8, 1954 addressed to Mr. Rose. As Mr. Rose is on a short vacation trip, I wish to advise you that the printed matter you sent will complete our 1953 record for the information of all Directors.

Sincerely yours,

Harriett Evison

Assistant Secretary

HE:ED

Ralph Rose
B'ham England.

March 26, '54

Dear Ralph,

Friendly hands across all the distance.

Thelma Babbitt wrote that you are into some fact-gathering on employment matters in Birmingham, and could use material on the Greenville Survey. I send separately the manual, and the Greenville results, with a most interesting editorial from a vigorous Negro editor in Columbia, on the changes the survey accomplished in Greenville. Since then Shreveport has done a similar job, and Rock Hill is near to starting one. I was in Greenville just a few days ago, and found the results still in evidence. The trick is to have the Committee most carefully constructed, of just the right people, and to make the Committee do the work itself; and then meet regularly after the survey is done, to tick off accomplishments and concentrate plans for the next ones.

.....

Quite largely with Loescher's help, and with Freeman's cordial interest, too, the F for R people do seem almost ready to take something off the stove. That's a fire you had a lot to do with the building of.

Best to all of you,

Sincerely,

For Hq's use

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
120 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

September 5, 1956

RECEIVED SEP 7 1956

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

I have for acknowledgment your letter of August 24, 1956, as well as the printed matter enclosed and also sent under separate cover. I note that you are requesting a grant of $5,000. annually for the next five year. For many years, it has not been our general practice to make grants for a period of more than one year. We shall be glad to consider this appeal at our next Meeting.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

J.C. attached
esp

MCR:RS

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
120 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

August 27.

Dear Harold.

I was delighted to get your letter of August 24 on my return here, together with the enclosed application to the Foundation. We will certainly give it the most careful consideration at our autumn meeting. I was happy to learn meanwhile that Nancy Foundation had picked the Council as a major recipient.

I'm pleased that you and Jane had a good if brief vacation.

My very warmest regards to you.

Mike.

(1224 19th St N.W.)
MICHAEL STRAIGHT

FILE COPY

August 24, 1956

Mr. Michael Straight
The New Republic
1244 19th Street N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Mike:

I tried to call you about this but found that you were vacationing in Colorado, presumably resting up from the hyper-stimulating experience of the Republican Convention.

As you will see from the enclosed letter, I'm following up your generous suggestion of last Spring that we ask the William C. Whitney Foundation for help over the next five year period. There could hardly be a better time for the Council to get assurance of this kind of support. The Fund for the Republic money is tailing off, and though they might conceivably give us more it is going to be tough to get enough, from all sources, to do the kind of job that the next few years call for.

I'm sorry that your projected tour of the south never came off. We remember your visit to Atlanta with all kinds of pleasure, and I hope it won't be too long before you get here again.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF:mbo
Enc.

P. S. Jane and I and the young ones just had a two week vacation near Jacksonville. We spent quite a bit of time with Les Persells, who asked after you.

August 24, 1956

Mr. Milton C. Rose, Vice President & Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
120 Broadway
New York 5, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Rose:

This is to request the assistance of the William C. Whitney Foundation in financing the program of the Southern Regional Council during the next five-year period.

You will recall that the William C. Whitney Foundation has several times in the past come to the aid of the Council; the last such grant was made in 1953. In the interim, the Council has received substantial grants from the Fund for the Republic. The object of these grants was to enable us to provide financial assistance and field services to affiliated interracial organizations in the twelve Southern states. A minor part of these funds was available for the needs of a stronger and somewhat enlarged regional organization; but the greatest portion was earmarked for aid to the state groups. Our original agreement with the Fund for the Republic called for diminishing aid for three years, and concomitantly a sharply increasing demand for funds from other sources.

Today, the need for the Council's services is greater than ever. It is the only southwide body which has as its aim the mobilization of white and Negro leadership across racial lines. It provides information and consultative services not only to its twelve state affiliates, but to the national press, major religious groups, and a host of agencies, public and private, which are concerned with race relations. In the strain and controversy that have developed over the question of school desegregation, the Southern Regional Council is looked to for leadership by those Southerners of both races who favor compliance with the law of the land and the transition of the South to a more truly democratic society.

The role of the Council in the South today imposes solemn responsibilities. It carries with it the obligation to enlist the skills of the ablest staff persons available, and to provide both wise counsel and practical assistance to the local

people who stand for what is right at so difficult a time. To meet these heavy responsibilities effectively, the Council must have a substantial and stable financial base on which to operate.

The orderly resolution of the South's racial problems is perhaps the greatest domestic challenge facing the United States today. The Southern Regional Council as an organization of enlightened Southern people has the experience and the skills to make a rich contribution to this adjustment. To this end, we ask the William C. Whitney Fund for aid in the amount of $5,000 per year for a five-year period.

I am sending several documents which may assist your board in considering this request: (1) The last four quarterly reports of the Council's activities, including quarterly audits; (2) a copy of the Council's letter of tax-exemption from the United States Department of the Treasury; and (3) selected publications of the Council (mailed separately).

If further information will be helpful, we shall be glad to supply it.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

Encs.

November 20, 1956

Mr. Michael Straight
William C. Whitney Foundation
120 Broadway
New York 5, New York

Dear Mike:

Warmest thanks for your letter and the welcome news it contains of the action in principle by the William C. Whitney Foundation.

I note that we sent with the original request the reports for several quarters, as well as some printed material. We will supplement this with a more concise current summary of activities, which may give your Directors a clearer view of SRC's program.

I am in hopes that the Foundation will agree to assist our Information staff and activities, which is carrying on work of heroic proportions. The reasons I will set forth in the up-coming statement.

Your personal help in all this is deeply appreciated by all of us - with a special added earnestness on my part since in January I am to take over the Directorship. It is not yet announced but George Mitchell is leaving to pursue some long suppressed interests. Despite the loss of his leadership, we are all encouraged by the fresh planning and commitment to the work that took place at our Annual Meeting last week. I will try to communicate something of this in our supplementary statement, but even more hope for a chance to see you soon and enjoy some conversation.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF:mbo

cc: Mr. M. Straight

November 26, 1956

William C. Whitney Foundation
120 Broadway
New York 5, N. Y.

Dear Sirs:

At Mr. Straight's suggestion, I am sending the enclosed material in support of our request of August 24, 1956.

The memorandum dated November 26 attempts to summarize briefly the current activities of the Southern Regional Council. The other enclosure is a proposal adopted by our annual meeting just held at Williamsburg, Virginia, November 14 and 15; this memorandum sets forth policy and program orientation for the coming period. I trust these two documents, as supplemented by several other exhibits, will give the directors of the William C. Whitney Foundation sufficient background to act on the Council's request.

It would be our hope that the aid requested might be applied on staff and program of the Council's information services. That embraces those activities described in the memorandum of November 26 under the headings "Clearinghouse," "Information," and "Fact-Finding." We believe that the Council is in a strategic position to make an invaluable contribution to national as well as Southern understanding of segregation problems and their solutions. Moreover, we feel that the Council's competence in this field has been - and is being - demonstrated sufficiently to justify the Foundation's confidence.

If further information is needed, please advise us. Meanwhile, our gratitude for the sympathetic consideration of the Foundation.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF:mbo
Encs.
Memorandum, November 26
Memorandum, Rufus E. Clement, October 22
Current list of Board Members
Newspaper clippings

MEMORANDUM

November 26, 1956

PROGRESS REPORT ON THE WORK OF THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

The Southern Regional Council entered, as of October 1st, the third year of its state-organization program. The main emphasis during this grant period has been on the development of integrated, professionally staffed organizations in each of the twelve Southern states. In addition, the Council has carried on varied program activities through its regional staff. Following is a brief run-down on the main activities of the Council and where they stand today.

1. State Organizations

SRC has placed considerable emphasis upon the development of strong, staffed organizations in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia. Integrated lay Boards of Directors plan program, raise funds, and guide the work of professional staff. In Arkansas, Kentucky, and Texas these state affiliates of the Council have had a direct part in bringing about desegregation. There, and also in North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia, it has been possible to work directly with either state or local school authorities. Several of the state organizations have created local chapters or affiliates in various communities. The work in the hard-core states of Alabama, Louisiana, Georgia, South Carolina, and Mississippi has been to a considerable extent a holding action, with SRC affiliates serving as a channel of communications between the racial groups. Most of the state organizations, in spite of the difficulties of the times in the South, continue to grow in membership, in fund-raising abilities, and in productive program activities.

2. Women's Work

Under the direction of Mrs. M. E. Tilly, this effort has brought together Southern church women of the several faiths and denominations for the sharing of ideas and convictions and joint planning in the field of race relations. Such meetings have been held on both region-wide and statewide bases and have confirmed our belief that the women of the South -- most particularly the church women -- continue to play a unique part in giving vitality to the conscience of the region. On October 30-31 more than 100 leaders in church women's work over the region convened in Atlanta. The object was to arm this key leadership with resolution and specific ideas that they may translate into action in their states and communities. Follow up statewide meetings are planned to carry these plans to the local level.

3. Clearinghouse

Since the Council has a full-time concern with Southern race relations and extensive informational resources, it has been able to assist and advise many other agencies that have a subsidiary concern with these matters. The Council is called upon with increasing frequency for information and advice to religious, labor, civic, and professional organizations carrying on programs in the South. Closely related to this function is that of supplying knowledgeable speakers and resource people for conferences, workshops, and the like. On October 24, the Council sponsored a meeting of representatives from religious and human relations agencies with staffed programs in the field of race relations. Agreement was reached on several strategic communities where local efforts of the various agencies might be concentrated. These include Charlottesville, Virginia, Miami, Florida, Nashville, Tennessee, Tuscaloosa, Alabama, and a piedmont city of North Carolina.

In addition, the Council has had a close advising relationship with such groups as the YMCA and YWCA; the Methodist, Baptist, and Presbyterian

social action agencies; the American Friends Service Committee; the several Jewish "defense" agencies, and others.

4. Information

The Council has one professional staff member charged with the responsibility of maintaining reference files based on newspaper clippings, first-hand reports, and other materials that document current developments in Southern race relations. In the course of a year, we service some hundreds of mail requests for information, as well as requests made in person by a variety of visitors to the Council's offices. We are particularly called upon for both facts and interpretation by journalists, Southern and non-Southern. As a further medium of disseminating facts the Council publishes a monthly bulletin New South and special pamphlets. These publications aim to supply general informational background and specific program material for persons interested or active in the race relations field.

5. Fact-Finding

For the past several months, the Council has carried on a special fact-finding program. Its purpose is to assemble and disseminate those facts that will assist in diagnosing the ills of the region and devising effective action programs. The first completed project was a survey of specific instances of desegregation since the Supreme Court decision of May 1954; the findings were published, along with those of a similar survey of the non-South, by the Fund for the Republic, under the title Integration North and South.

A second project is a state-by-state survey of the status of Negro voters in the twelve Southern states; the findings are almost all in, and a region-wide report will be released by the Southern Regional Council within a few months.

A third study, also nearing completion, is a detailed analysis of Southern industrialization in the last ten years and its implications for

racial developments.

Additional field studies deal with the growth of pro-segregation movements in the South and race relations within the trade unions. In the coming period, the Council's information staff will be heavily concerned with the reporting and interpretation of these and other findings through newspapers, magazines, television, and through appropriate organizational channels.

Already the fact-finding results have been drawn on for major briefing to the following:

a. Emmet Hughes for a full-dress treatment in Fortune of the Negro's economic status.

b. Harper and Bros. publishers for a proposed book treatment of desegregation "success stories" in the South.

c. The New York Times for a roundup of integration progress since May 1954, and an upcoming article on the organized pro-segregation movement.

d. The New York Post for a 16-article series on the White Citizens Councils.

e. The Department of Justice for a broad-gauged investigation of the Negro voter in the South.

f. Daily newspaper features on Negro voting in Kentucky, Georgia, and North Carolina.

g. The Associated Press (Newsfeatures) for articles on desegregation, Deep South opinion, economic reprisals, and the social sciences and segregation.

h. Time and Life Southern bureaus for various articles on Southern racial developments.

i. The Christian Science Monitor - editorial briefing.

j. News releases on the Council's integration and voting surveys received nationwide publicity.

6. Consultant Services

Under the direction of Mr. John Hope II, the Council has assembled a team of able social scientists experienced in action programs. The skills and insights of these consultants have been made available to the state groups affiliated with the Council and have greatly assisted these affiliates in planning sound organizational and program activities. We now contemplate broadening this consultative function and making it available to interested private agencies and public bodies, such as school boards, which are concerned with desegregation and related processes.

In seeking to help meet the need of these groups, SRC will undertake to "tailormake" services to need. For example, if a community wants the advice of a school superintendent who has experienced school integration, a knowledgeable high-school principal, a specialist on law-enforcement problems, a public relations expert, or what not, we will try to line up the right one. Similarly with private groups and their needs for specialized counsel.

In the program to date, serving SRC's affiliates, we have used the following consultants:

Mr. Robert Johnson, American Friends Service Comm., 20 S. 12., Phila., Pa.
Mr. Louis Killian, Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida
Mrs. Preston Valien, Fisk University, Nashville, Tennessee
Mr. Whitney Young, Atlanta University, Atlanta, Georgia
Mr. Harry J. Walker, Howard University, Washington, D. C.
Mr. Lee Coleman, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky
Mr. Kenneth Clark, Northside Center, 31 W. 110th Street, New York City
Mr. William Jones, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee
Mr. Hylan Lewis, Atlanta University, Atlanta, Georgia

7. Foreign Visitors

The Council plays host to a steady stream of visitors from other countries travelling under State Department and private fellowships or exchange programs. During recent months, the Council has made its staff and facilities available to visitors from India, England, the Netherlands, Belguim, Indonesia, South Africa, Switzerland, Germany, Scandinavia, and other nations. The Council has

a vital role to play in this field, since it provides, almost uniquely, the example and insights of white and Negro Southerners working together in a spirit of equality. We are able to demonstrate convincingly to emissaries from other lands that, however severe our racial problems, indigenous people are working to solve them.

* * *

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
120 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

November 15, 1956

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

The Whitney Foundation directors met yesterday to consider grants for 1957. They approved in principle some appropriation for the Southern Regional Council, but asked that you send first some annual statement of the Council's covering the recent past, in order to give them a closer idea of where our grant would fit into your plans.

My very best to you and your wife.

Sincerely,

Mike

Michael Straight

MS:r

RHA ~~E~~
recent audit
+ 4-mo budget
12/4/56

File

RECEIVED DEC 3 1956

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
120 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

November 28, 1956

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

When the appeal of the Southern Regional Council, Inc., was discussed at our Meeting on November 13, 1956, Mr. Straight was requested to ask you to send us full budget information, as well as additional data on the present program of the Council. In order to present this application for further consideration with respect to a grant in 1957, it will be necessary for me to have complete budget information. Will you kindly send this to me as soon as possible?

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:RS

December 7, 1956

Mr. Milton C. Rose, Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
120 Broadway
New York 5, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Rose:

I'm sorry I misinterpreted Mike Straight's request for further information.

By telephone, during my absence from the office I asked Mrs. Alexander to send you a copy of our audit as of September 30th and a copy of a budget proposal approved by our annual meeting on November 14th. I should explain the fact that only a four-month budget - through January 31st - was acted on. Because of internal changes, our Board felt that the formulation of budget beyong January should be left in the hands of the Executive Committee. However, the information on the 1955-56 budget gives a fairly good indication of how the money has been going.

If further financial information is needed, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Assistant Director

HCF:mbo

HCF

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
120 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

December 5, 1956

RECEIVED DEC 7 1956

Mrs. Ruth House Alexander
Secretary-Treasurer
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Alexander:

I wish to acknowledge your letter of December 4, 1956, with which you enclosed complete financial data. This will complete our file. Thank you for sending it.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:RS

Air Mail

December 4, 1956

Mr. Milton C. Rose, Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
120 Broadway
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Your letter to Mr. Fleming requesting a copy of our budget came while he was away from the office.

Mr. Fleming has asked that I send you a copy of the budget, and, a copy of our audit for the fiscal year, October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956. I am enclosing a copy of both for your convenience.

Sincerely yours,

Ruth House Alexander
Secretary-Treasurer

rha
Enclosures

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

PROPOSED BUDGET

For Fiscal Year - October 1, 1956--September 30, 1957

CENTRAL OFFICE ONLY

	Budget 1955-56	Actual 1955-56	Estimated 1956-57
Income:			
Contributions from Individuals, organizations, Churches, etc.	$ 14,000.00	$ 31,865.00	$ 45,970.00
Dues	500.00	356.00	350.00
New South Subscriptions	6,000.00	6,222.17	10,000.00
Sale of Literature	3,000.00	1,325.48	1,500.00
Honararia	1,000.00	1,567.80	1,000.00
Interest Income	800.00	2,432.00	1,000.00
Fund for the Republic	25,000.00	25,000.00	10,000.00
Unexpended balance in Duke and Field Funds - 1955-56	12,100.00	8,350.00	4,350.00
Unexpended Balance in Christopher Reynolds Fund - 1955-56			3,300.00
Unexpended Balance in State Funds for 1955-56			6,000.00
Surplus - Prior year	2,500.00	3,022.17	
Sub-Total	64,900.00	80,140.62	83,470.00
Anticipated Revenue from other sources to balance budget	28,180.00	18,868.40	16,861.00
TOTAL	$ 93,080.00	99,009.02	100,331.00

Estimated expenditures for four months of fiscal year 1956-57 -- October 1, 1956 to January 31, 1957, in comparison with budget and actual expenditures for fiscal year 1955-56.

Expenses:	Budget 1955-56	Actual 1955-56	Proposed 10/1/56-1/31/57 4 Months	% Change in rate of Expenditures
Salaries	$ 61,600.00	63,122.74	23,317.00	10.8%
Social Security Tax	800.00	889.08	467.00	**
Travel	7,500.00	8,469.39	2,834.00	
Printing New South & Postage	6,500.00	6,285.43	2,133.00	
Printing - Other	2,000.00	1,146.28	400.00	
Rent	1,680.00	1,680.00	560.00	
Telephone & Telegraph	2,500.00	2,775.94	833.00	
Postage	2,000.00	1,049.40	400.00	
Books & Subscriptions	300.00	399.97	100.00	
Accounting Fees & Legal	500.00	565.00	167.00	
Ins. & Misc. Expense	300.00	244.61	100.00	
Office Supplies & Equip.	2,900.00	2,243.45	833.00	
Annual Meeting & Executive Committee Meetings	2,000.00	2,169.03	2,000.00	
Special Meetings - Women's Work	2,500.00	1,000.00	2,400.00	
Printing Special Pamphlet		1,004.22		
	$ 93,080.00	93,044.54	36,544.00	11.0%

* Increase covers within-grades promotions for staff.

** Slight increase

FUNCTIONAL DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENSES

	Budget 1955-56	Actual 1955-56	Proposed 10/1/56-1/31/57 (4 Months)
Administration and Overhead			
Salaries	$ 24,100.00	24,912.65	8,534.00
Social Security Tax	800.00	889.08	467.00
Annual Meeting & Executive Committee Meetings	2,000.00	2,169.03	2,000.00
Travel	7,000.00	8,469.39	2,667.00
Rent	1,680.00	1,680.00	560.00
Telephone & Telegraph	2,500.00	2,775.94	833.00
Office Supplies & Equipment	2,500.00	2,243.45	833.00
Postage (other than New South)	2,000.00	1,049.40	400.00
Printing (other than New South)	2,000.00	1,146.28	400.00
Audit Fees	500.00	565.00	167.00
Miscellaneous Expense & insurance	300.00	244.61	100.00
Sub-Totals	$ 45,380.00	46,144.83	16,961.00
Information Services and New South			
Salaries	$ 21,750.00	22,247.78	9,299.00
New South, printing & postage	6,500.00	6,285.43	2,133.00
Envelopes, addressograph plates, etc.	400.00	(Included in Printing & Postage)	
Books and Materials	300.00	399.97	100.00
Sub-Totals	$ 28,950.00	28,933.18	11,532.00
Laison - State Organizations			
Salaries	$ 9,750.00	10,086.42	3,417.00
Women's Work			
Salaries	$ 6,000.00	5,912.36	2,067.00
Travel	500.00		167.00
Meetings	2,500.00	1,000.00	2,400.00
Sub-Totals	$ 9,000.00	6,912.36	4,634.00
TOTAL	$ 93,080.00	92,076.79	36,544.00
Special Project *			
Program Development (John Hope)			
Salaries	$ 3,000.00	4,270.00	1,500.00
Consultants Travel & Fees	4,000.00	3,899.89	2,167.00
Travel	1,500.00	1,883.24	1,500.00
Total	$ 8,500.00	10,053.13	5,167.00

* Funds available from 1956 grant of $17,000.00 from New World Foundation

11/10/56

Atlanta, Georgia
October 22, 1956

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir:

An examination has been made of the books and records of the SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., Atlanta, Georgia, for the period of October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956.

The following Exhibits and Schedules, together with comments, comprise our report:

EXHIBIT A - Balance Sheet, September 30, 1956
EXHIBIT B - Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - Central Office, October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956
EXHIBIT C - Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - State Organizations, October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956
EXHIBIT D - Statement of Receipts and Disbursements - Fellowship of the Concerned, October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956
SCHEDULE 1- Bank Reconciliation - First National Bank
SCHEDULE 2- Bank Reconciliation - Citizens Trust Company

COMMENTS

Cash in Bank - Central Office - $18,164.31
Cash in Bank - State Organizations - $51,611.52

All recorded receipts were compared with bank deposits, and disbursements were compared with cancelled checks. Bank balances at September 30, 1956, were confirmed by correspondence with the banks.

Inventory - Pamphlets - $1,230.00

This represents cost of printed materials on hand at September 30, 1956.

Payroll Taxes - $2,381.10

This consists of Old Age Benefit Taxes and Income Taxes withheld at September 30, 1956, for both the Central Office and State Organizations.

Due to Special Projects - $2,140.48

The amounts shown on Exhibit A are for the use of the projects indicated. No activity has occurred in the Commission on Equal Penalties during the year.

Advance Appropriations - $45,946.70

This represents unexpended funds for the Special Projects named in Exhibit A.

General

Exhibits B and C reflect the transfer of funds from State Organizations operation to the Central Office. Several of the State Organizations did not have an Associate Director, so permission was granted to make this transfer.

In our opinion, the attached Balance Sheet and Statements of Receipts and Disbursements present fairly the financial condition at September 30, 1956, and the results of operations for the year then ended.

Respectfully,

L E Campbell

L. E. Campbell, C.P.A.

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Atlanta, Georgia

Balance Sheet
September 30, 1956

ASSETS

Cash in Bank - Central Office (Schedule 1)		$ 18,164.31	
Cash in Bank - Special Projects (Schedule 2)		51,611.52	
Inventory - Pamphlets		1,230.00	
Total Assets			$71,005.83

LIABILITIES

Payroll Taxes		$ 2,381.10	
Georgia Sales Tax		.96	
Due to Special Projects:			
Commission on Equal Penalties	$ 341.07		
Fellowship of the Concerned	1,799.41	2,140.48	
Advance Appropriations:			
Fact-Finding Program	30,499.83		
John Hope II Consultant Training Program	15,446.87	45,946.70	
Total Liabilities			$50,469.24
Surplus, September 30, 1956			20,536.59
Total Liabilities and Surplus			$71,005.83

NOTE: A Check for $110,000.00 from the Fund for the Republic for the fiscal year, October 1, 1956 to September 30, 1957, was in the safe at September 30, 1956. It was deposited in the bank on October 2, 1956.

EXHIBIT A

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Statement of Receipts and Disbursements
Central Office
October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956

RECEIPTS

CONTRIBUTIONS:		
Individuals		$ 3,449.00
Organizations:		
Consolidated Charities Committee	$ 21.00	
Congress of Industrial Organizations	375.00	
Community Work Shop Association	200.00	
United Steelworkers of America	1,000.00	
International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union of America	500.00	
International Union, United Automobile, Aircraft & Agricultural Implement Workers of America	1,000.00	
American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations	2,000.00	5,096.00
Churches:		
Woman's Society of Christian Service	25.00	
Georgia Conference of the AME Zion Church	25.00	
The Board of Home Missions and Church Extension of the Methodist Episcopal Church	1,000.00	
The Board of National Missions of the Presbyterian Church	250.00	
The National Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the U.S.A.	1,000.00	
The General Board of Education of the Methodist Church	300.00	
Fisk Union Church	20.00	
Woman's Division of Christian Service of the Board of Missions of the Methodist Church	1,200.00	3,820.00
Foundations:		
John Hay Whitney Foundation	$ 1,000.00	
The Marshall Field Foundation	5,000.00	
The Doris Duke Foundation	7,000.00	
The New World Foundation	17,000.00	
The Christopher Reynolds Foundation	5,000.00	
The Sigmund Silberman Foundation	400.00	
Edgar Stern Family Fund	100.00	35,500.00
Total Contributions		$ 47,865.00

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Statement of Receipts and Disbursements
Central Office
October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956

RECEIPTS

Brought Forward from EXHIBIT B, Page 1		$ 47,865.00	
Associate Members Dues		356.00	
NEW SOUTH Subscriptions		6,222.17	
Sale of Literature		1,325.48	
Honoraria		1,567.80	
Interest Income		300.00	
Total Income Independent of Grant from the Fund for the Republic			$ 57,636.45
Other Income:			
Fund for the Republic Grant		$ 25,000.00	
Special Grant for Printing and Distribution of Pamphlet		1,000.00	
Loan paid by State Organizations from Duke and Field Foundation Funds		8,350.00	
Transfers from State Organization Unexpended 1955-56 Funds	$ 21,000.00		
Fact-Finding Program	30,000.00	51,000.00	
Commission on Race and Housing		200.00	85,550.00
Total			$143,186.45
Bank Balance, October 1, 1955			3,022.57
Total Receipts			$146,209.02

DISBURSEMENTS

Salaries		$ 62,090.24	
Travel		8,469.39	
Printing - other than NEW SOUTH		1,146.28	
Printing and Postage - NEW SOUTH		6,285.43	
Rent		1,680.00	
Telephone and Telegraph		2,775.94	
Postage		1,049.40	
Consultants Fees		1,032.50	
Special Services		159.50	
Accounting and Legal		565.00	
Executive Committee and Annual Meetings		2,169.03	
Books and Subscriptions		399.97	
Georgia Sales Tax		17.96	
Office Supplies		1,255.07	
Social Security Taxes		889.08	
Fact-Finding Program		18,000.17	
Printing - Special Pamphlet		1,004.22	
Miscellaneous		41.65	
Office Equipment		788.38	
Office Alterations		200.00	
Commission on Race and Housing		25.50	
Transfers:			
New World Foundation	$ 17,000.00		
Fellowship of the Concerned	1,000.00	18,000.00	
Total Disbursements			$128,044.71
Balance, September 30, 1956			$ 18,164.31

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Atlanta, Georgia

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements
State Organizations
October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956

RECEIPTS

Appropriation from Fund for the Republic:			
For State Organizations	$ 125,000.00		
Fact-Finding Program	50,000.00	$175,000.00	
New World Foundation - John Hope II Consultant Training Program		17,000.00	
Interest Income		2,132.00	
U. S. Treasury Certificates - 1954-55		60,000.00	
TOTAL			$254,132.00
Bank Balance October 1, 1955			1,565.12
TOTAL RECEIPTS			$255,697.12

DISBURSEMENTS

Salaries		$ 113,668.89	
Consultants Fees		5,545.14	
Travel		89.47	
Local Expense		4,357.50	
Consultants Training Program		3,899.89	
Liability Insurance		108.24	
Social Security Taxes		2,180.55	
Transfers to Central Office:			
From Fact-Finding Program	$ 30,000.00		
Unexpended 1955-56 Funds	21,000.00		
Duke and Field Fund	8,350.00	59,350.00	
Fellowship of the Concerned		1,500.00	
Items chargeable against unallocated State Funds:			
Irene Osborne	$ 6,032.66		
John Hope II	7,153.24		
Miscellaneous	200.02	13,385.92	
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS			204,085.60
Balance September 30, 1956			$ 51,611.52

EXHIBIT C

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Atlanta, Georgia

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements
Special Projects
October 1, 1955 to September 30, 1956

FELLOWSHIP OF THE CONCERNED

Receipts

Balance October 1, 1955	$ 3.37
John Hay Whitney Foundation	1,000.00
Transfer from unspent State Organizations Funds 1955-56	1,500.00
Total Receipts	$ 2,503.37

Disbursements

Workshop Expense	$ 163.61	
Travel	497.83	
Postage and Supplies	42.52	
Total Disbursements		703.96
Balance, September 30, 1956		$ 1,799.41

EXHIBIT D

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Central office

Bank Reconciliation First National Bank - Atlanta
September 30, 1956

Balance per bank		$ 21,904.51
Less checks outstanding:		
Number	Amount	
281	$ 2.00	
305	7.00	
332	3.00	
337	2.00	
358	244.00	
360	15.00	
365	271.00	
366	75.00	
368	44.51	
369	20.40	
371	33.00	
373	105.30	
374	116.17	
377	397.33	
378	276.70	
379	751.28	
380	209.10	
381	185.67	
382	175.26	
383	138.43	
385	138.43	
386	94.95	
387	108.39	
388	104.80	
389	118.08	
390	204.10	
392	219.10	
394	91.52	
395	45.85	
396	22.54	
397	10.29	
398	10.00	
		$ 3,740.20
Balance per books, September 30, 1956		$ 18,164.31

SCHEDULE 1

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
STATE ORGANIZATIONS

Bank Reconciliation Statement - Citizens Trust Company
September 30, 1956

Balance per bank $ 57,730.79

Less checks Outstanding:

Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
2842	58.71	3295	187.26	
2895	118.01	3296	88.19	
3068	177.26	3297	182.26	
3206	125.00	3298	88.19	
3243	35.00	3299	172.26	
3251	88.19	3300	98.19	
3266	83.19	3301	88.19	
3269	102.09	3302	182.26	
3277	140.00	3303	187.26	
3281	350.00	3305	177.26	
3283	110.00	3306	182.26	
3284	60.00	3307	83.19	
3285	182.26	3308	187.26	
3286	182.26	3309	172.26	
3287	197.26	3310	102.09	
3288	82.79	3311	182.26	
3289	192.26	3312	63.80	
3290	177.26	3313	60.27	
3291	88.19	3314	500.00	
3292	182.26	3317	91.38	
3293	102.09	3318	99.30	$ 6,119.27
3294	109.80			

Balance per books, September 30, 1956 $ 51,611.52

SCHEDULE 2

Wm. C. Whitney

January 23, 1957

Mr. Michael Straight
The New Republic
1244 Nineteenth Street, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Mike:

I am chagrined by the conclusion that some of your Directors reached -- not because it was adverse, but because only the ineptness of our financial reporting could have made it possible. In all earnestness, Mike, a grant of the size available from the William C. Whitney Foundation would be of tremendous importance to the Council's work, particularly just now. Although our budget may seem relatively large, it is little enough for an agency trying to cope with these problems in twelve states, and the budget is mainly achieved by putting together contributions of $4,000 or less.

I will shortly send you the information you suggest substantiating this point. We are in the middle of a two-day meeting of staff representatives of agencies working in the South. But as soon as it is over, tomorrow afternoon, documentation to you will be my first order of business.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/eab
Dictated but not read

RECEIVED JAN 19 1957

The New Republic
1244 19TH STREET, NW WASHINGTON 6, D.C.

Michael Straight, EDITOR AT LARGE

January 17, 1957

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Harold:

The Southern Regional Council application was considered very fully at the last meetings of our foundation. Everyone agreed that the work was important and very much in our field. However, it was felt by some of our directors that the Council has received as much in the way of grants as it can effectively use for the present, and that in the present enlarged budget the sum that we could contribute would not make a substantial difference.

I see by the latter part of Clements' report that the need for more funds is urgent, in his opinion. Do you suppose you could draft a letter showing what the total budgets are for this year and next, and what an additional sum of the size we could contribute ($2-4,000) would achieve?

Best,

Mike

Michael Straight

Telephone: REpublic 7-8656
Cable Address: NEWREPUB

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Wm. C. Whitney Foundation

January 31, 1957

Mr. Michael Straight
The New Republic
1244 Nineteenth Street, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Mike:

Enclosed is a follow-up letter which I have written as you suggested to the William C. Whitney Foundation. I hope it clarifies the points which were raised in your Board meeting. I only wish it were possible to get out of the daily pressures long enough to do a job of interpreting our situation better.

Since I took on the responsibilities of the Executive Director a little over two weeks ago, all of us have been pleased by the evidence of staff allegiance and effectiveness, and of support from Board members and other concerned people over the South. We feel that we are in a better position than ever before to make a fundamental difference in what happens down here. But, as you will see from the enclosed budget and my letter, we have a very demanding fund-raising job to do. The William C. Whitney Foundation would have an honored place on our rolls if it came through at this time.

Warm regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/eab
Encls.

FILE COPY

January 31, 1957

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
120 Broadway
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Mr. Straight has suggested that we follow up our request of August 24, 1956, with some additional interpretation of our financial needs. This I am happy to do, because I feel that the material sent earlier may not have made clear the importance to the Council's work of assistance on the scale possible to the William C. Whitney Foundation.

Enclosed is a budget for the Council's central operations for the next eight months, approved only yesterday by our Executive Committee. Our current fiscal year ends on September 30th, and in view of an impending change in the Executive Directership of the Council, our annual meeting approved only the first four months of the fiscal year, now elapsed. I am sorry that I cannot send a budget for the subsequent year, since that has not yet been formulated. I might say, however, that our aim will undoubtedly be to maintain approximately the same level of general operation provided for in the budget enclosed.

Our earlier financial material may have caused some confusion because of the inclusion of figures on several special projects financed by grants specifically earmarked for those purposes and not available for the general operating expenses of the Council. In the coming period, only one such project of consequence is anticipated -- namely our consultant service program which has been assisted by the New World Foundation. It should be emphasized that if the New World Foundation renews its aid to this program such a grant would assist the general budget only to the extent of the overhead allocation itemized under "Staff Forecast of Income."

The enclosed budget demonstrates, I believe, how important relatively small grants are in enabling the Council to carry out its substantive program. So far in this fiscal year, for example, we have received only one contribution in excess of $5,000. The Fund for the Republic, as a final grant in a three-year series, made a contribution of $110,000. Of this amount, however, $100,000

was specifically earmarked for subsidy to interracial state organizations affiliated with the Council. Thus only $10,000 from the Fund for the Republic is available to the Council's own operation during the present fiscal year. Even including the $10,000 from the Fund for the Republic, the average size of grants to the Council is only $2,390. The same kind of analysis over a longer period -- the calendar year 1956 -- shows that we received only three grants in excess of $5,000, four in the range of $2,000 to $4,000, twelve of less than $2,000, and 19 of less than $200. These facts, added to the relatively large sum of $43,740 which the Council must raise from new sources within the next eight months, should indicate how valuable the William C. Whitney's aid will be in continuing the efforts of the Council during this critical period in the South.

As to what might be achieved by a grant of $2,000 to $4,000 -- and we would earnestly hope that it might be the higher figure -- I could offer a great many examples. I shall confine myself, however, to pointing out that $4,000 would pay virtually the entire year's salary of one of the Council's most vital staff members, the Research Assistant. This staff person is wholly responsible for the collection, maintenance, and continuing analysis of the information and reference files on which this whole movement in the South depends. In an earlier communication I have discussed at some length the importance of our reference and information service. Without it, our efforts to interpret the South clearly and constructively to the press and other media, to church, labor, and civic organizations planning important programs of their own, to governmental agencies, and to opinion-moulders of many kinds would be quite impossible.

I only wish it were possible for a representative of the William C. Whitney Foundation to pay a visit to our offices and to see at first hand what the needs are and what the Council is doing in an effort to meet them. I am sure that the Foundation would conclude that its assistance to the Council would not only be deeply appreciated in the South, but would be a direct contribution to the achievement of the aims of the Foundation itself.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/eab
Encl.

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION

~~120 Broadway~~
~~New York 5, N.Y.~~

Temporary Address:
16th Floor
40 Wall Street
New York 5, New York

February 4, 1957

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

We wish to acknowledge your letter of January 31, 1957, with enclosure. Presently, Mr. Rose is absent from the office and expects to return about the middle of February, when your letter will be called to his attention. If the information you have supplied is not sufficient for his needs, you may be sure that he will let you know.

Sincerely yours,

Harriett Evison

Assistant Secretary

HE:RS

March 8, 1957

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
Forty Wall Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Warmest thanks for your telephone call and subsequent letter informing me of the William C. Whitney Foundation's approval of a $5,000 grant to the Southern Regional Council. This support strengthens and encourages us more than I can say.

Please convey the Council's sincere thanks to the Directors of the Foundation and assure them of our determination to merit their confidence and support.

Our official receipt will be sent as the funds are received.

I hope I will have the pleasure of talking with you again in the not-too-distant future.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/eab

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION

~~[illegible]~~
~~[illegible]~~

Temporary Address:
16th Floor
40 Wall Street
New York 5, New York

March 5, 1957

RECEIVED MAR 6 1957

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Subsequent to my conversation with you on Friday last and to your recent talks with Michael Straight and Mr. Roger Baldwin, I have had an opportunity to take up with our Directors individually the question of a grant to Southern Regional Council, Inc., for 1957. I am very glad to be able to advise you that the Directors have expressed themselves as favorable to a grant-in-aid for this work and have requested me to advise you of their intention of making $5,000.00 available for this purpose.

In order to meet the exigencies of our own budget, I propose to make payment of this grant in two equal instalments, the first of which, in the sum of $2,500.00, will be sent to you shortly after April 1st; the second instalment will be paid on, or shortly after, July 1st if this is convenient for you.

I enjoyed meeting and talking with you and hope that your work will grow with great success.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:RS

April 8, 1957

Mr. Milton C. Rose, Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
40 Wall Street - 16th Floor
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

In Mr. Fleming's absence, I wish to acknowledge receipt of your letter of April 4, 1957, enclosing a check in the amount of $2,500.00 representing the first instalment of a $5,000.00 grant to the Southern Regional Council, Inc. for the year 1957.

I am enclosing your receipt properly signed as requested along with an official receipt of the Council.

Sincerely yours,

Ruth House Alexander
Secretary-Treasurer

Enclosures (2)

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION

~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~
~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~

Temporary Address:
16th Floor
40 Wall Street
New York 5, New York

April 4, 1957

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

We are enclosing herewith our check No. 3091 to the order of SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., in the amount of $2,500.00, in satisfaction of the first instalment of the commitment of the Foundation to the Council in 1957.

$ 2,500 00
CR

We are also enclosing our usual form of receipt and request that you sign and return it for our records in due course.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

Enclosures (3)
Check No. 3091...$2,500.00
Receipt
Addressed envelope

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION

ANNOUNCES THE REMOVAL OF ITS OFFICES

TO

20 BROAD STREET

NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

TELEPHONE: HANOVER 2-2177

APRIL 24, 1957

July 8, 1957

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Many thanks for your letter of July 4 transmitting the Foundation's check for the remainder of the 1957 grant to the Southern Regional Council. The receipt form, signed by our Secretary-Treasurer, is enclosed.

We shall shortly be submitting a progress report on the work of the Council.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1 receipt form

RECEIVED JUL 5 1957

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

July 4, 1957

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

We are enclosing herewith our check No. 3141 to the order of SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., in the amount of $2,500.00, in satisfaction of the second and final instalment of the commitment of the Foundation to the Council in 1957.

CR
Rha
7/5/57

We are also enclosing our usual form of receipt and request that you sign and return it for our records in due course.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

Enclosures (3)
Check No. 3141...$2,500.00
Receipt
Addressed envelope

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

July 16, 1957

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thank you for your letter of July 12, 1957, with which you enclosed a report for the first six months of 1957. Presently, Mr. Rose is abroad. This is an excellent record to report to the Directors at our first Fall Meeting.

Sincerely yours,

Harriett Evison

Assistant Secretary

HE:RS

December 2, 1957

Mr. Michael Straight
1224 - 19th Street, N. W.
c/o New Republic
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mike:

Here is a copy of our request to the William C. Whitney Foundation for 1958. I have sent two extra copies to Mr. Rose and have told him that I am sending one to you.

I appreciated your call of several weeks ago and only hope that my delay in getting this in will not complicate matters.

Your interest and help mean a lot to me and to the Council. I only wish circumstances permitted us to see each other more often.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures.

December 2, 1957

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

The accompanying letter to you represents our request for further assistance during 1958 from the William C. Whitney Foundation.

Since Mike Straight and I discussed this a few weeks ago, I am taking the liberty of sending him a copy directly. Two extra copies are enclosed, with the thought that this may simplify consideration by the Trustees.

Our annual report of program activities for 1957 should be completed and ready for distribution soon. At that time, I will send you several copies. Meanwhile, I am enclosing with the request another copy of our report on the first six months of the year. Please let me know if further information on any point would be helpful.

With appreciation and kindest regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure

December 2, 1957

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

I hope that this letter may serve as our request to the William C. Whitney Foundation for a renewal of aid to the Southern Regional Council in 1958.

The Foundation's 1957 grant of $5,000 was vital to the Council's work, coming as it did at a time of urgent need. We hope that the Trustees of the Foundation feel that the contribution the Council was able to make during the critical year just ending has justified their confidence.

For us, it was a year of much new and expanded activity -- and, we believe, growth of the Council's effectiveness. Since our activities have been summarized rather fully in periodic reports, I won't prolong this letter unduly with a discussion of past program. However, it might be appropriate to mention a few highlights.

1. The findings of the Council's survey of Negro suffrage in the South figured importantly in the national debate over the proposed civil rights legislation. These were the only reliable facts available on the size of Negro registration throughout the region and the nature and extent of disfranchisement.

2. The Council's Consultant Service Program developed new techniques and outreach. In two instances, we supplied consultants -- school superintendents experienced in desegregation -- to workshops of school personnel in North Carolina and Arkansas. Consultations in Jacksonville, Memphis, Charlottesville, and other cities involved an encouragingly high quality of community leadership. We feel that this program will become an increasingly valuable service to a region profoundly disturbed by the pressures of social change.

3. The Council has continued to serve as coordinator of joint efforts by church and intergroup agencies carrying on staffed programs in the South. New cooperative activity has been developed in the areas of fact-finding, field work, and preparation and distribution of program materials.

4. Beginning in January 1957, the Council has had the full-time services of a well-qualified Labor Consultant. In the absence of any considerable staffed activity by the unions in the field of civil rights, our Labor Consultant has met an important need. One measure is the receptivity to his services shown by national, regional, and local union leadership.

5. The state human relations groups created by the Council have continued to claim a substantial part of our services, as well as financial aid. Their value is illustrated by the unique role of the Arkansas Council on Human Relations as a rallying point for constructive elements in Little Rock. No final resolution of that tragic situation is yet in sight. But without the Arkansas Council, there would have been no organized means through which whites and Negroes could work together under a label other than that of a "Negro" effort.

6. Other ongoing activities have been continued at a higher level of intensity -- work with the church women, briefing of foreign visitors, interpretation to the nation's press, assistance to victims of segregationist pressure and reprisals.

None of this is meant to imply that we are complacent about the situation in the South or the Council's part in meeting it. The long-run trend toward integration is probably irreversible. But the short-run prospects are far from encouraging, and the likelihood of further resistance and conflict is all too great.

No single organization like the Council can pretend that its role in so large and complex a national crisis can be decisive. But we do believe that the Council, as the only Southwide organization of its kind, has a special contribution to make. We know from our daily experiences how great are the needs and the opportunities for the kinds of services which the

Council makes available. The far-reaching effects of Little Rock, the passage of the civil rights bills affecting the ballot, and the establishment of a national Civil Rights Commission all create urgent new demands for Council program in 1958.

As to finances, the task confronting the Council is greater than it has ever been before. Effective October 1 of this year, the Fund for the Republic has made available to us a substantial terminal grant in the amount of $200,000. This terminal grant, however, must be stretched over a 39-month period. To carry on the Council's activities at the present level, we must raise from other sources a total of $400,000 during the next three years. I am enclosing a projected budget for 1958, showing the dimensions of our fund-raising task during the coming year. You will note that, aside from the Fund for the Republic money, there are no really large sums in hand or in prospect. As I am sure you know, the large foundations and contributors are shy of so "controversial" a field as race relations in the South today. And raising funds in the South for this work has never been more difficult.

If we are to succeed at all in the job confronting us, we must count on the continuing support of those contributors who already know and have confidence in the Council's efforts. Hence, we make this request for a further grant of $5,000 from the William C. Whitney Foundation with more than ordinary earnestness.

We are deeply grateful for the aid given last year, and we greatly hope that we have earned the Foundation's further support. Of one thing we are certain -- it is vitally important to us.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosures - Proposed Budget, 1958
Congressional Record Reprint - Douglas Speech
Semi-Annual Report (SRC)

December 31, 1957

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

We could have had no more heartening news on the eve of the holiday season than your letter informing us of the favorable action of the William C. Whitney Foundation. We are deeply grateful for this renewed evidence of confidence in the work of the Council.

I shall see that you receive full reports of our program activities and finances during and at the end of 1958. You will be receiving a copy of our annual report of program for 1957 shortly.

It will be perfectly convenient for us to receive the grant in equal installments on or about July 1 and October 1.

With all good wishes of the New Year to you and the other Board members, I am

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Encl: N. York Times Reprint

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

December 19, 1957

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am writing to advise you that our Board of Directors, at a Meeting on December 16, 1957, thoroughly discussed the appeal of Southern Regional Council, Inc., for continued financial assistance in 1958. As a result of this discussion, it was unanimously decided to make a grant of $5,000.00 for payment to the Council next year. As you know, at the end of the fiscal period for which the foregoing grant has been made, I shall of course require from you a formal report covering the use of this grant and an appraisal of the result. This report should be accompanied by pertinent financial information. I shall expect from you a copy of the annual report of program activities for 1957, mentioned in your letter of December 2, 1957, as soon as it is ready for distribution.

In order to meet the requirements of our budget, we propose to make payment of this grant in two equal instalments of $2,500.00 each on, or shortly after, July 1, and October 1, 1958. We trust that this arrangement will be a satisfactory one to you.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:RS

January 27, 1958

Miss Harriett Evison
Assistant Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Miss Evison:

This is just to let you know that we have returned the statement to Price Waterhouse and Company, confirming the 1957 payments as shown.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

VIA AIR MAIL SPECIAL

February 12, 1958

Miss Harriett Evison
Assistant Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Miss Evison:

I hope that you and Mr. Rose will accept my apologies for this delay in forwarding our Annual Report of Program Activities for 1957.

The new year started for us with a series of unexpected emergency situations in which the Council was heavily involved, and we have only just managed to complete the report.

If you have questions that the report leaves unanswered, please call on me for more information.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/smf
Enclosures - 3 (1957 Annual Report)

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

February 3, 1958

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

With further reference to your letter of December 2, 1957, will you be kind enough to send us the complete 1957 report as soon as possible?

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Harriett Evison

Assistant Secretary

HE:EL

Rec 2/17

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

February 14, 1958

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thank you so much for your letter of February 12, 1958, with which you enclosed copies of the Annual Report of Program Activities for 1957. This contains the information which we require for the completion of our file.

Sincerely yours,

Harriett Evison
Assistant Secretary

HE:EL

September 12, 1958

VIA AIR MAIL

Mr. Milton C. Rose, Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Thank you for your welcome letter of September 2.

I expect to be in New York, briefly, Thursday and Friday of next week - September 18 and 19. If your schedule will permit, perhaps we can arrange an appointment. I shall call your office to see if this is possible.

Meanwhile, kindest regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF:ls

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

September 2, 1958

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thank you so much for your letter of August 22, 1958, with which you enclosed a copy of the MIDSUMMER REPORT OF PROGRAM ACTIVITIES 1958. I am glad to be in a position to report to our Directors on the work of the Council to date.

Your letter implies that you expect to be in New York soon. If this is the case, I shall be happy to have you telephone this office (HAnover - 2 - 2177) in order that we may plan a mutually convenient time for an appointment.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:BP

September 25, 1958

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

On behalf of the Southern Regional Council, this is to request the William C. Whitney Foundation's renewed assistance to our general operating budget for 1959. At the same time, we want to express the Council's deep appreciation for the support already received; it has been, quite literally, invaluable.

Since the Foundation has been rather fully informed of the Council's activities -- most recently by the Midsummer Report -- I will not prolong this request with another detailed account of program. However, a full financial analysis for 1958 and, prospectively, for 1959 is attached.

From these financial data and the program reports previously submitted, it should be evident that the William C. Whitney Foundation's annual grant of $5,000 is of great importance to the Council. It represents one of the very few recurring grants for the general support of the Council's work. And aside from the terminal grant of the Fund for the Republic, only two other "expectable" grants for 1959 are as large. (See

exhibit II.) An impressive total of foundation support may be anticipated for special projects (see exhibit III), but these earmarked funds contribute only slightly to the central financial base of the Council on which our ongoing effectiveness depends.

As George Mitchell once said of foundations, "A good many are willing to help you grow a rose, but a precious few will water the main stem." In these colorful terms, the William C. Whitney Foundation's support has been blessedly "main-stem."

To illustrate the importance of this briefly, following are the main functions that must be carried on with general support:

(1) Administration and overhead. There would be no program at all, of course, if the Council could not maintain an effective professional and clerical staff, carry on promotion and fund-raising, combat public attacks by the organized segregationists, and so on.

(2) Public information. All of the Council's information functions are dependent on general support -- the monthly publication New South, special reports, work with the press and other media, the handling of thousands of information requests from community leaders and organizations, and the maintenance of the reference files on which these activities depend.

(3) Financial and program aid to state and local Councils on Human Relations. These councils, which in many areas are the only channels for communication and cooperation by whites and Negroes, could hardly survive without the services and financial assistance of the Council.

(4) Work with government agencies. The Council is in a strategic position to advise and strengthen the performance of those official agencies with responsibilities in the field of civil rights -- e. g., the Commission on Civil Rights, the Department of Justice, the President's Committee on Government Contracts.

(5) Services to foreign visitors. The Council now plays host to more than 100 influential foreign leaders a year. Through the Council, they get a view of the South that serves, as nothing else could, to offset the damaging effects of propaganda and adverse publicity abroad.

(6) Assistance to beleaguered individuals and groups. As our program reports have pointed out, the emotionalism of Southern resistance to desegregation has led to increasing pressures and reprisals against liberals and moderates, white and Negro. The Council is one of the very few organizations in the South to which they can turn for advice and help.

These are some of the many -- and, we feel, vital -- activities which the William C. Whitney Foundation's support helps make possible. I need hardly say that, as the crises continue to multiply in the region, the demand for these activities grows daily. Thus we submit this request for renewed aid in 1959 not out of habit or complacency, but out of a sense of urgency which I know you and the other Trustees share.

If further information will assist the Foundation in considering our request, please call on me for it. Meanwhile, our appreciation and warm regards.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Enclosures - 5

4 copies of 1958 Financial Analysis + Ltr. of request
1 Board List

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

GENERAL OPERATIONS BUDGET
Actual 1958 and Estimated Minimum 1959

	Actual 1958	Estimated 1959
Salaries	$70,368.00	$77,600.00
Social Security Taxes	1,355.00	1,750.00
Travel	8,500.00	8,500.00
Printing & Postage, NEW SOUTH	7,150.00	8,850.00
Printing, Other	1,500.00	1,500.00
Rent	3,600.00	3,600.00
Telephone & Telegraph	4,880.00	4,880.00
Postage	1,400.00	1,800.00
Accounting & Legal Fees	600.00	600.00
Insurance	300.00	500.00
Office Equipment)	4,550.00	(1,800.00
Office Supplies)		(3,600.00
Office Repairs & Maintenance	1,750.00	750.00
Sales Taxes & Other Special Charges	—	200.00
Bank Charges	—	200.00
Commercial Clerical Services	—	750.00
Board and Executive Committee Meetings	3,300.00	3,300.00
Miscellaneous	2,200.00	900.00
Aid to Independent State Councils on Human Relations	40,500.00	40,000.00
Total, General Operations	$152,703.00	$161,080.00

General Operations	
Estimated Minimum Needs, 1959	$161,080.00
Income Expectable, 1959 (See Page II)	104,000.00
BALANCE TO BE RAISED:	$ 57,080.00

II.

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

GENERAL OPERATIONS INCOME
Actual 1958 and Expectable 1959

	Actual 1958	Expectable 1959	Totals 1959
Foundations			
Fund for the Republic	$ 74,600.00	$ 60,000.00	
N. Y. Fund for Children	7,500.00	5,000.00	
Christopher Reynolds Foundation	5,000.00	5,000.00	
Wm. C. Whitney Foundation	5,000.00	5,000.00	
Sigmund Silberman Foundation	400.00	400.00	
Edgar B. Stern Family Fund	100.00	100.00	
The Chace Fund	5,000.00	— *	
Hopkins Charitable Trust	2,500.00	— *	
New York Foundation	5,000.00	— *	
New Land Foundation	1,000.00	—	
	($106,100.00)		$75,500.00
Labor			
AFL-CIO	1,000.00	1,000.00	
United Auto Workers	—	1,000.00	
United Steelworkers	1,000.00	1,000.00	
ILGWU	500.00	500.00	
	($ 2,500.00)		3,500.00
Churches			
Nat'l. Council, Protestant Episcopal Church	—	1,000.00	
Women's Div. of Christian Ser., The Methodist Church	1,200.00	1,200.00	
Div. of Nat'l. Missions, Bd. of Missions, The Methodist Church	1,000.00	1,000.00	
Gen'l. Bd. of Education, The Methodist Church	300.00	300.00	
Presbyterian Church, U.S.	250.00	250.00	
Presbyterian Church, U.S.A.	250.00	250.00	
	($ 3,000.00)		4,000.00
Other			
Individual Contributions	2,000.00	3,000.00	
Office Related Income	6,500.00	7,500.00	
Overhead from Project Funds	10,500.00	10,500.00	
	($ 19,000.00)		21,000.00
1959 TOTAL, GENERAL OPERATIONS:			$104,000.00

*Contributed for first time in 1958. Though further grants will be requested, there is no basis in experience for predicting renewed support.

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

SPECIAL PROJECTS BUDGETS AND INCOME
Actual 1958 and Expectable 1959

BUDGETS

	Actual 1958	Estimated 1959
Southern Leadership Project	$40,000.00	$40,000.00
Consultant Service Program	15,000.00	20,000.00
Labor Consultant	7,000.00	8,000.00
Fellowship of the Concerned (Work with Church Women)	6,000.00	9,500.00
Fact-Finding (Voting Survey)	10,000.00	--
Interagency Coordination	5,000.00	5,000.00
TOTAL FOR PROJECTS, 1959	($83,000.00)	$82,500.00

INCOME

Rockefeller Brothers Fund (Leadership Project)	40,000.00	40,000.00
New World Foundation (Consultant Ser. Program)	15,000.00	20,000.00
Trade Union Program on Civil Rights and Liberties (Labor Consultant)	7,000.00	8,000.00
John Hay Whitney Foundation	2,000.00	2,000.00
Phelps-Stokes Fund	2,000.00	2,000.00
Ella Lyman Cabot Trust Fund (Work with Church Women)	2,000.00	2,000.00
Field Foundation (Voting Survey)	10,000.00	--
Norman Fund (Interagency Coordination)	5,000.00	5,000.00
TOTAL FOR PROJECTS, 1959		$79,000.00
BALANCE TO BE RAISED		$ 3,500.00

The Southern Regional Council, Inc.

63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.

Atlanta 3, Georgia

OFFICERS

President: JAMES M. DABBS
Mayesville, South Carolina

Vice-Presidents:

DR. ALBERT W. DENT
New Orleans, Louisiana

PAUL D. WILLIAMS
Richmond, Virginia

MARION A. WRIGHT
Linville Falls, North Carolina

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

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Atlanta, Georgia

DR. B. R. BRAZEAL
Atlanta, Georgia

PAUL CHRISTOPHER
Knoxville, Tennessee

DR. JOHN A. GRIFFIN
Atlanta, Georgia

MRS. GRACE T. HAMILTON
Atlanta, Georgia

REV. DUNCAN HUNTER
Alexander City, Alabama

VERY REV. ALEXANDER O. SIGUR, J.C.D.
LaFayette, Louisiana

MISS JOSEPHINE WILKINS
Athens, Georgia

JOHN H. WHEELER
Durham, North Carolina

COUNSEL

JOSEPH HAAS
Atlanta, Georgia

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Little Rock, Arkansas

MRS. W. F. BATES
North Little Rock, Arkansas

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Staunton, Virginia

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Jackson, Mississippi

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DR. C. G. GOMILLION
Tuskegee, Alabama

PAUL E. GREEN
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

DR. M. LAFAYETTE HARRIS
Little Rock, Arkansas

DR. GUY B. JOHNSON
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

MRS. AUSTIN KIMBALL
Gainesville, Florida

Z. A. LOOBY
Nashville, Tennessee

RABBI CHARLES MANTINBAND
Hattiesburg, Mississippi

DR. BENJAMIN E. MAYS
Atlanta, Georgia

DR. E. A. MCDOWELL
Wake Forest, North Carolina

L. D. MILTON
Atlanta, Georgia

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Lexington, Kentucky

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Hampton, Virginia

BENJAMIN MUSE
Manassas, Virginia

RT. REV. E. A. PENICK
Raleigh, North Carolina

DR. E. C. PETERS
Atlanta, Georgia

DR. SAMUEL PROCTOR
Richmond, Virginia

MRS. J. N. RAYZOR
Houston, Texas

DR. J. L. REDDIX
Jackson, Mississippi

DR. J. M. RICHARDS
Decatur, Georgia

DR. H. V. RICHARDSON
Atlanta, Georgia

MRS. E. U. ROBINSON
Gallatin, Tennessee

RABBI JACOB M. ROTHSCHILD
Atlanta, Georgia

MISS DORCAS RUTHENBURG
Louisville, Kentucky

WALTER SHARP
Nashville, Tennessee

CHARLES A. SHAW
Houston, Texas

COURTNEY SICELOFF
Frogmore, South Carolina

J. EDWIN SMITH
Houston, Texas

W. E. SOLOMON
Columbia, South Carolina

MRS. E. M. SPARLING
Hot Springs, Arkansas

CHARLES T. STEELE
Louisville, Kentucky

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Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

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Newport, Tennessee

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New Orleans, Louisiana

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Lewisburg, Tennessee

DR. H. C. TRENHOLM
Montgomery, Alabama

RAYMOND WHEELER, M.D.
Charlotte, North Carolina

REV. DAN WHITSETT
Sylacauga, Alabama

DR. BELL I. WILEY
Atlanta, Georgia

THOMAS W. YOUNG
Norfolk, Virginia

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

September 29, 1958

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I wish to acknowledge your application of September 25, 1958, on behalf of Southern Regional Council, Inc., requesting continued support in 1959. I shall be glad to present this to our Board of Directors at the October Meeting and will advise you shortly thereafter as to the decision reached.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:BP

October 7, 1958

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter to Mr. Fleming of October 3, 1958, transmitting the William C. Whitney Foundation's check in the amount of $2,500.00, representing the second and final instalment of their $5,000.00 grant to the Council for 1958.

Enclosed is the Foundation's receipt signed as requested.

Again our thanks for this generous contribution toward the work of the Council.

Sincerely yours,

Ruth House Alexander
Secretary-Treasurer

Enclosure (Receipt)

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

October 3, 1958

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

We are enclosing herewith our check No. 3343 to the order of SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., in the amount of $2,500.00, in satisfaction of the second and final instalment of the commitment of the Foundation to the Council in 1958.

Our usual form of receipt also is enclosed with the request that you sign and return it for our records in due course.

May we remind you that we will require a report at the end of the year with respect to the work accomplished during the current year?

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

Enclosures (3)
Check No. 3343...$2,500.00
Receipt
Addressed envelope

July 7, 1958

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

This will acknowledge with appreciation your check for $2,500.00 representing the first instalment of the Foundation's 1958 grant to the Council. The signed receipt is enclosed.

You will be receiving reports on finances and program at the year's end, in addition to appropriate interim reports.

With kindest personal regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1 (Signed receipt)

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

July 3, 1958

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

We are enclosing herewith our check No. 3304 to the order of SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., in the amount of $2,500.00 in satisfaction of the first instalment of the commitment of the Foundation to the Council in 1958.

OK
RHA
7/7/58

Our usual form of receipt is also enclosed with the request that you sign and return it for our records in due course.

As you are aware, we will require a report at the end of the year with respect to the work accomplished with this 1958 grant.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

Enclosures (3)
Check No. 3304...$2,500.00
Receipt
Addressed envelope

Check to RHA

October 24, 1958

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Thank you for the heartening news that the William C. Whitney Foundation has approved a grant of $5,000 to the Southern Regional Council in 1959. This assurance of renewed support is tremendously valuable to us as we plan the Council's program for the coming year. It is also especially timely, since our Annual Meeting takes place on November 11.

The method of payment proposed is perfectly satisfactory. We understand that a full report on program activities and finances will be expected at the end of the current grant year and of that forthcoming. We shall also continue to send you interim reports from time to time.

With appreciation and kindest regards to you and the other directors of the Foundation, I am

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

RECEIVED OCT 22 1958

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

October 20, 1958

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am glad to be able to advise you that our Board of Directors, at a Meeting on October 14, 1958, thoroughly discussed the appeal of Southern Regional Council, Inc., for a grant of financial assistance in 1959. As a result of this discussion, it was unanimously decided to make a grant of $5,000.00 for payment to the Council next year. At the end of the fiscal period for which the foregoing grant has been made, I shall of course require from you a formal report covering the use of this grant and an appraisal of the result. This report should be accompanied by pertinent financial information.

We propose to pay this grant in two equal instalments of $2,500.00 each on, or shortly after, the first days of July and October 1959 and trust that this arrangement will be satisfactory to you.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:BP

VIA AIR MAIL

January 19, 1959

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Thank you for your letter of January 7, which was awaiting me after several days' absence from the office.

Our annual report is in preparation, and I shall see that you receive copies shortly. Meanwhile, kindest personal regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

January 7, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3,
Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Will you be kind enough to send us a report on the work accomplished with our 1958 grant of $5,000.00 as soon as this conveniently can be arranged? We have received your Midsummer Report.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:BP

file

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

February 5, 1959

Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

We would appreciate your confirming directly to Price Waterhouse & Co., 56 Pine Street, New York 5, New York, our independent public accountants who are making a regular annual examination of our financial statements, grants paid to you during 1958.

According to our records the following payments were made to you:

July 3, 1958.....$2,500.00
October 3, 1958..... 2,500.00

If the above is correct, please sign the original of this letter and return it directly to Price Waterhouse & Co., in the enclosed envelope. Please indicate any exception from your records.

Yours very truly,

Assistant Secretary

The above is correct except as noted.

/s/ Southern Regional Council Inc.

By Ruth Anne Alexander Sec.-Treas.

Enclosures (2)
Copy of letter
Addressed envelope

Sent Fin. Rept

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

February 17, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3,
Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thank you for your letter of February 16, 1959, with which you enclosed the Annual Report of Program Activities 1958. We will be glad to receive the financial statement you mentioned in your letter and will then be in a position to consider the file on last year's grant as complete.

I also was happy to have the talk with you and send best wishes for the continued success of the Council program.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:IF

VIA AIR MAIL

February 16, 1959

Mr. Milton C. Rose, Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 6, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Please accept my profound apologies for this delay in sending you the enclosed Annual Report. Shortly after I wrote you last, the onset of 'flu and a series of organizational emergencies stalled the nearly completed report. I do hope the delay has not inconvenienced you.

An audited financial statement for 1958 will follow in a few days.

I enjoyed our conversation in December and was glad to have that chance to tell you personally how much the support of the William C. Whitney Foundation has meant to the Council's work.

With kindest personal regards,

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1 (Annual Report of Activities, 1958)

February 25, 1959

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

To complete the 1958 file, I am enclosing a copy of the Council's audited financial statement for the year.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1.

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, NEW YORK

March 2, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3,
Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am in receipt of your letter of February 25, 1959, with which you enclosed a copy of the Council's audited financial statement for 1958.

I am most grateful to you for your prompt attention to the matter of completing our file for last year with respect to your organization.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:IF

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

July 3, 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

RECEIVED JUL 6 1959

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am enclosing herewith our check No. 3450 to the order of SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., in the amount of $2,500.00, in satisfaction of the first instalment of the commitment of the Foundation to the Council in 1959.

CR' rha 7/6/59

Our usual form of receipt is also enclosed with the request that you sign and return it for our records in due course.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

Enclosures (3)
Check No. 3450...$2,500.00
Receipt
Addressed envelope

October 14, 1959

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

This is a word of grateful acknowledgment for your letter of October 5, transmitting the Foundation's second and final instalment of its 1959 commitment to the Council. In my absence, the receipt was signed and returned by Mrs. Alexander, our secretary-treasurer.

We will be submitting a year-end report on both program activities and finances. The months since I last saw you have been very significant for the South and unusually productive for the Council. I hope we can convey in our report some notion of the important shifts going on in the region and our efforts to adapt the Council's program to these new emphases.

With appreciation and best personal regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

October 5, 1959

RECEIVED OCT 7 1959

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am enclosing herewith our check No. 3500 to the order of SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., in the amount of $2,500.00, in satisfaction of the second and final instalment of the commitment of the Foundation to the Council in 1959.

10/7/59
Signed RHA
Mailed Receipt.

Our usual form of receipt is also enclosed with the request that you sign and return it for our records in due course.

As you are aware, at the end of the year, we will require a report as to the work accomplished with our grant during the current year in order that our file may be complete.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

Enclosures (3)
Check No. 3500...$2,500.00
Receipt
Addressed envelope

JAMES M. DABBS, PRESIDENT
MARION A. WRIGHT, VICE PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, VICE PRESIDENT
PAUL D. WILLIAMS, VICE PRESIDENT
RUFUS E. CLEMENT, CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
JOSEPH HAAS, COUNSEL
HAROLD C. FLEMING, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
ROOM 422, 63 AUBURN AVENUE, N.E., ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA
Telephone 2-8764

January 8, 1960

Mr. Milton C. Rose, Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Rose:

For some time prior to the end of the year, I had hoped for a chance to discuss with you personally the Council's work in 1959 and the prospects for 1960. Unfortunately, this opportunity has not developed. And, with the turn of the year, I do not want to delay further in writing you.

In many ways, 1959 was a rewarding year for the Council. The turn of events in the South enabled our work to reach further into the main stream. The conservative leadership of the Southern states is finding itself face to face with the practical consequences of last-ditch resistance to desegregation. This means new receptivity to the kind of services and information the Council offers.

Of course, the region as a whole is far from over the hump. The advance of legal pressures for desegregation into the "hard core" states of the Deep South portends a period of serious difficulty, perhaps even conflict. But, even here, the issue has become an immediate, practical one which has to be faced; hence the opportunities for solid program effort, rather than mere prophecy or moral exhortation, have multiplied.

The Council's work in this changing climate is summarized in the enclosed report. During 1959, we departed from our usual practice of preparing an annual report after the year's end. Instead, the

enclosed report was prepared and distributed in anticipation of our Annual Meeting in November. Though a copy was sent to you routinely at that time, I thought it appropriate to send another with this letter.

Our auditor is at work on the annual financial statement, which I shall forward as soon as it is completed. Meanwhile, from the unaudited figures, I can report that we ended the year without a deficit -- thanks in no small part to the assistance of the William C. Whitney Foundation.

Our request for renewed support in 1960 probably should have been submitted earlier. It will be sent to you, however, within the next week. I apologize for this tardiness and sincerely hope that it will not make consideration by the trustees inconvenient.

With every good wish, I am

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

enc.

Multiple copies to Clarenman

Recast as Requests for NY + Reynolds

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

January 11, 1960

Dear Mr. Rose:

This is to submit to the William C. Whitney Foundation the Southern Regional Council's request for renewed assistance in 1960, in the amount of $5,000.

$10,000 for NY Found this is for Reynolds

See Substitute for NY Found. Same for Reynolds

Your confidence and help have been indispensable to the Council during these years of change and upheaval in the South. We do not want to seem to presume upon your continued interest in our work. But it is our hope that the Trustees of the Foundation share our view of the South as an area of critical importance, calling for sustained effort by an organization like the Council.

The Council's aim has been to work on more than an emergency basis, to build program that seeks lasting effects rather than merely improvising to meet short-run crises. Thus our program for 1960 in many respects will be continuous with the activities of the past years ~~it will be a question of~~ extending the activities we have already reported to you further and more effectively into the life of the region.

There are, however, various new directions and emphases that we feel the changing situation calls for in the coming year and which may be summarized as follows:

(1) Economic leadership. We have commissioned Professor Donald Dewey, respected Duke University economist, to prepare a report on Negro manpower utilization in the industrializing South. The object of this project is to awaken more Southern business leaders to the importance of incorporating Negroes fully into the work force. Also planned is an analysis of the stake which major American corporations have in orderly transition to desegregation in the South. This publication, it is hoped, can be followed up by face-to-face consultation with national executives of firms with Southern holdings. Several state and local councils on human relations, with SRC's assistance, will promote equality of opportunity in employment with private industries and government agencies in their areas during 1960.

(2) Medical care. Preoccupation with school desegregation has led to neglect of other areas of discrimination which may be attacked with better prospects of early results. One such area, vitally important to the individual and the family, is medical care. We hope to survey physician practices and hospital facilities in detail and to give the findings wide distribution and publicity. Our exploratory interviews with health and hospital officials have uncovered much interest in such a survey.

(3) The right to vote. SRC's pioneer fact-finding in this field has paid satisfying dividends. We plan next an examination of the literacy test -- now the main discriminatory device in the deep South. The results would have the same thorough public interpretation as our earlier investigations.

(4) The schools. Educational discrimination and desegregation will, of course, continue to demand major attention. We expect to supplement our regular staff resources this year with the part-time services of an able Southern school superintendent, J. J. Brewbaker of Norfolk, who retires in June. Mr. Brewbaker has given outstanding leadership in the desegregation of the Norfolk public schools and is known and respected by school men and public officials throughout the South.

In addition, we will continue to prepare and distribute the frequent reports directed to school administrators, editors, and other community leaders. One subject of special emphasis will be the evidence of sharply improved achievement by Negro pupils and teachers in desegregated situations.

It is essential that the negative image of the Negro as a hopelessly downgrading influence be counteracted by factual material disseminated through the press and through strategically distributed publications.

(5) Assisting other groups. SRC is increasingly looked to for guidance by religious, youth, and other special-purpose organizations in the South. We will devote an even larger proportion of staff time and resources to this purpose in 1960. Citizen groups committed to preserving public schools (by compliance with law) will, as last year, have high priority in our program. Added to our cooperation with existing agencies -- whose staff members we convene quarterly -- will be two new staffed efforts, the Episcopal Society for Cultural and Racial Unity and the National Student Association's Southern race relations project.

INSERT (6) →

Of course, there will be no dimimution of our assistance, program and financial, to state and local human relations councils throughout the South. Within the next few weeks, we expect to bring together the personnel of these councils for joint planning.

This partial description of program plans for the coming year may suffice to indicate the variety and scope of the Southern Regional Council's opportunities in 1960. To carry out these plans as well as continuing aspects of its work, the Council must raise $49,000 not now committed or in hand. The enclosed financial analysis shows the general operating budget and expectable income from which this balance is derived.

If further information would assist in the consideration of our request, please call on me for it. Meanwhile, with appreciation and kindest regards, I am

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (Financial Analysis, 1960)

January 19, 1960

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Thank you for your prompt letters of acknowledgment, which I found on my return from a brief trip.

I am deeply embarrassed by our delinquency in applying so late for a 1960 grant. Most of our contributors take action around the turn of the calendar year, which helps to explain though not to excuse our lapse.

We will be most grateful for the consideration of the Trustees at your April meeting, and equally apologetic for any inconvenience this may cause.

With kindest regards, I am

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

January 14, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

This will acknowledge your letter of January 11, 1960 in which you apply to this Foundation for continued support, in the amount of $5,000.00, during the current year. As a matter of fact, we held a Meeting on the day you wrote this letter and, therefore, our next formal Meeting will not be held until mid-April.

I shall be glad to present your appeal to the Board at the latter Meeting and will advise you of the decision reached as soon as possible thereafter.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:WL

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

January 13, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

In reply to your letter of January 8, 1960, I shall anticipate receiving an application for support in 1960. As you state, the appeal for a 1960 grant should have been in my hands by September 1, 1959. We already have had two formal Meetings with respect to our 1960 program and, therefore, have allocated a large portion of our 1960 grants.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:WL

via air mail

April 26, 1960

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Thank you so much for your letter of April 20 advising us of the William C. Whitney Foundation's approval of a $5,000 grant for the work of the Council in 1960. We are deeply grateful to the Directors for this continuing support.

Payment of the grant in equal instalments in July and October will be quite satisfactory to us.

I will, of course, see that you receive periodic reports on the Council's work and will render a full accounting of program and finances after the end of the year.

With kindest regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Rec'd 4/22/60

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

April 20, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I am glad to be able to advise you that, at our Board of Directors' Meeting on April 12, 1960, a grant of $5,000.00 was approved for payment in 1960 for the work of Southern Regional Council, Inc.

We propose to make payment of this grant in two equal instalments on, or shortly after, July 1, and October 1, 1960 and trust that this arrangement is satisfactory to you.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:MWL

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

Signed + mailed 7/29/60

July 27, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

In reply to your letter of July 26, 1960, we are enclosing a duplicate receipt. If we seem to be insistent about this, it is the first record our Auditor checks when he examines the books. I am personally responsible for these receipts and, therefore, have a double check method to be sure they are on file. Apparently, this receipt did go astray.

Sincerely yours,

Harriett Evrson
Assistant Secretary

HE:rhh

ENCLOSURES: (2)
Receipt
Addressed envelope

July 26, 1960

Via Air Mail

Miss Harriett Evison
Assistant Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Miss Evison:

The receipt for your check No. 3606 was signed, and mailed in the envelope provided, on July 6. I am at a loss to account for its failure to reach you and can only assume some inexplicable error by our mail clerk or by the post office.

Would it be satisfactory if we executed a duplicate of the lost receipt? If so, I shall see that it is signed and returned to you promptly. I am sorry this mix-up has occurred and trust that we can resolve it without further difficulty.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/sm

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

July 21, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Will you be kind enough to return the receipt sent with our check No. 3606 as soon as possible? We dislike to bother you about this but it is a very important part of our record. Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Harriett Evison
Assistant Secretary

HE:rhh

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

July 5, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

We are enclosing herewith our check No. 3606 to the order of SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., in the amount of $2,500., in satisfaction of the first instalment of the commitment of the Foundation to the Council in 1960.

CR 7/6/60 RHA

We also are enclosing our usual form of receipt and request that you sign and return it for our records in due course.

done HCF

Sincerely yours,

Harriett Ericson

Assistant Secretary

Enclosures (3)
Check No. 3606...$2,500.
Receipt
Addressed envelope

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

September 6, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming,
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432,
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

I wish to acknowledge your application of August 31, 1960 for continued support in 1961 in an amount of $5,000.

You may rest assured that I shall be glad to bring this to the attention of our Board of Directors at the next formal Meeting, now scheduled to be held in mid-October. While our Directors are anxious to have full financial data, I understand that it is not possible for you to send it until later and, as you state, we do have a large file on the accomplishments of the Council during 1960.

You will hear from me as soon as possible after the Meeting has been held as to the decision reached.

Yours sincerely,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:rhh

via air mail

August 31, 1960

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

This is to put before the William C. Whitney Foundation the Southern Regional Council's request for a renewed annual grant of $5,000 in 1961.

Meeting the Foundation's September deadline makes it impossible for us to support the request with as complete information on program and finances as we should like. Our annual program report and audit will be forthcoming in due course; meanwhile, I trust that this letter and our frequent mailings will serve to inform you of SRC's work.

It is not difficult, in this presidential election year, for us to present SRC's major program concerns for the present and the immediate future. The sit-ins and other student demonstrations have generated astonishingly rapid desegregation in some areas, and mounting tensions -- even violence -- in others. Within the next few weeks, thousands of Negro college students will be returning to Southern campuses, and we can expect vastly intensified protest activity, on a larger scale than any seen so far.

At the same time, the opening of public schools will bring court-ordered desegregation to a number of communities where resistance has run high. Most crucial of these is New Orleans, where for the first time Federal authority and Deep South intransigeance are locked in a life-or-death struggle. The outcome will vitally influence the future of desegregation, for better or worse.

A third major development is the contest over the right of Negroes to register and vote -- in which, again, the role of the Federal government looms large. Underlying these big and dramatic issues is the ongoing push-and-pull over housing, employment, administration of justice, and the other daily problems of race relations throughout the South.

The implications of all this for the Southern Regional Council are clear. The presidential campaign seems certain to focus importantly on crises in Southern race relations. SRC's increasingly recognized responsibility to provide swift, accurate, and constructive interpretation of these events will be rigorously tested. By the same token, Federal agencies concerned with civil rights may be expected to step up their already heavy demands for advice and information. We are likely to receive more requests for consultation and guidance from officials and citizens groups in troubled communities than we can handle with the care and thoroughness we should like.

With the advent of 1961 and a new national administration (of whichever party), a new Federal "charter" for civil rights will almost certainly be the order of the day. The Council hopes to gear itself to infuse all of the information and insight it can muster into this process.

A brief summary of the Council's major recent efforts will suggest the nature of its activities during the coming year:

The "Sit-ins"

This remarkable and unforeseen movement sprang into existence on February 1, 1960, and spread rapidly over the South. As in all such developments, it was critically

important that the meaning of this movement be quickly and properly understood by opinion leaders and, as far as possible, by the public at large. The Council is proud of the fact that its major report on the sit-ins was prepared, published, and distributed within three weeks of the first, embryonic protest in Greensboro, N. C. The report still stands as the most complete and authoritative, as well as the first and most widely publicized, interpretation of the protest movement.

In the months that have followed, the Council has chronicled the notable cases of community success and failure in meeting the challenge of the sit-ins. We have furnished community relations consultants to cities seeking solutions and interracial harmony. Through materials and field staff, we have translated successful precedents in one place to official and private leadership in others. We have provided some of the same service to Negro leaders, including many of those active in the protests. And we have worked closely with a host of organizations, including our associated Councils on Human Relations, to promote agreement between Negro and white decision-makers. The need for these functions is, if anything, greater than ever; and the end is not in sight.

The Schools

Another turning point has been reached with the legal thrust of school desegregation into the Deep South, the ultimate stronghold of segregation and massive resistance. The issue has been joined in the two largest metropolitan areas, Atlanta and New Orleans; rather unexpectedly, the climax is coming first in New Orleans, where the next few weeks will be decisive. At the invitation of influential local citizens, SRC is playing a quiet but central role in this troubled city. The two groups organized to preserve public schools (by compliance with desegregation orders) have relied heavily on the counsel and coordination of SRC's Field Director. Our materials and reference files have been the major sources for the positive community-wide efforts.

We sent to consult with New Orleans and Baton Rouge school authorities and community leaders J. J. Brewbaker, who was school superintendent of Norfolk during the era of massive resistance, closed schools, and finally desegregation there. Through both private conferences and the

press, Mr. Brewbaker did an able job of awakening the people of Louisiana to the cataclysm with which they are threatened. We also made possible in New Orleans a public appearance and private discussions by William A. Shepheard, a leading Norfolk business man, who interpreted the economic dangers of school closing.

I will not prolong this letter by further examples of SRC's activities in these fields and in voting, work with religious leaders, government agencies, the press, and so on. But perhaps the foregoing examples will serve to illustrate the richness of opportunities for the diverse program efforts that SRC can offer in this region of rapid social change and upheaval.

We cannot say too often that the William C. Whitney Foundation has been one of a relatively few sources on which SRC has been able to depend for continuing support. By this we are immeasurably stronger, and for it we are immeasurably grateful. We are well aware that this kind of steady assistance to ongoing program is not in the conventional foundation pattern. But we hope that you feel, as we do, that the demands in the South and SRC's efforts to help meet them justify your continued help.

If further information is required at this time, please let me know. Meanwhile, with appreciation and kindest regards to you and the other Trustees, I am

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

October 14, 1960

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

This is to acknowledge with appreciation receipt of the Foundation's check for $2,500 in payment of the final instalment of the 1960 commitment to the Council. The receipt form was signed and returned to the Foundation in my absence by our Secretary-Treasurer.

We shall be sending to you in due course the Council's annual report of program activities and audited financial statement for 1960.

Kind regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

RECEIVED
OCT 6 1960

October 5, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming,
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432,
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

We are enclosing herewith our check No. 3641 to the order of SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., in the amount of $2,500., in satisfaction of the second and final instalment of the commitment of the Foundation to the Council in 1960.

RHA

We also are enclosing our usual form of receipt and request that you sign and return it for our records in due course.

We realize that you are aware of the fact that we will require a report at the end of the year as to the work accomplished by the Council during the current year.

Receipt signed
and returned 10/11/60
RHA

Yours sincerely,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:rhh

Enclosures (3)
Check No. 3641...$2,500.
Receipt
Addressed envelope

October 25, 1960

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Many thanks for your letter of October 18 and the welcome word of the Board's favorable action on the Council's application.

We shall look forward to further word in late December as to the amount granted.

With best personal regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

RECEIVED
OCT 20 1960

October 18, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming,
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 201, 5 Forsyth Street N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Your application of August 31, 1960 was thoroughly discussed at our Meeting of the Board of Directors on October 11, 1960. It was the concensus that some measure of support should be given to the Council in 1961. However, at this Meeting we did not decide on amounts to be given, merely whether or not grants should be made next year.

The applications on which favorable action was taken will be discussed further at our December Meeting and, late that month, I should be in a position to give you definite advice as to the amount agreed upon.

Yours sincerely,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:rhh

January 4, 1961

Mr. Milton C. Rose
Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

Thank you for your letter of December 27 and the gratifying word that the William C. Whitney Foundation has approved a grant of $3,500 to the Council in 1961. We are deeply grateful for this further support of the Council's work.

We are well aware of the circumstances that cause most foundations to limit the number of grants to a given organization. While the support of the William C. Whitney Foundation will be sorely missed in subsequent years, we shall understand and respect the Foundation's decision.

You will receive from me the usual reports on program activities and finances during, and at the end of, the coming year.

With kindest regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

December 27, 1960

Mr. Harold C. Fleming,
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

At our Board of Directors' Meeting held on December 19, 1960, the application of Southern Regional Council, Inc. was discussed at length. It was finally decided that this Foundation would make a grant of $3,500. in 1961 but I was asked to inform you that it is not the general practice of this Foundation to make continuing grants to any organization and that, presently, it was felt that you should be advised that it is quite possible that this might be the last time we would be in a position to take favorable action on an application from the Council.

We propose to make payment of the full amount on, or shortly after, October 1, 1961.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose MCR

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:rhh

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

March 10, 1961

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 201
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Anthony:

Thank you for your letter of March 9, 1961, with which you enclosed financial statement from the 1960 audit of the Council. We are now in a position to consider our 1960 file as complete.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:mms

October 10, 1961

Mr. Milton C. Rose, Secretary
William C. Whitney Foundation
20 Broad Street
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Rose:

We acknowledge with sincere thanks the William C. Whitney Foundation's check in the amount of $3,500.00. We are, as always, deeply grateful for your interest and support.

We shall send you a copy of our annual report when it is released as well as our end of the year audit.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb

WILLIAM C. WHITNEY FOUNDATION
20 BROAD STREET
NEW YORK 5, N.Y.

October 5, 1961

Dr. Leslie Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 201
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Dunbar:

We are enclosing herewith our check No. 3782 to the order of SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC., in the amount of $3,500., in satisfaction of the complete commitment of the Foundation to the Council in 1961.

ck.
MA
10-6-61

We also are enclosing our usual form of receipt and request that you sign and return it for our records in due course.

As you are aware, we will require a report on the work accomplished with this grant at the end of the current year.

Sincerely yours,

Milton C. Rose

Milton C. Rose
Secretary

MCR:mms

Enclosures (3)
Check No. 3782...$3,500.
Receipt
Addressed envelope

Annual report
+ audit

Separate mailing:

Publications list

The Will to Survive - Dunbar
Black Candidates - Bond
Atlanta Housing Study - Adams
Special Report - Public Assistance in the South
Special Report - Hungry Children
Black Youth in a Southern Metropolis
Winter and Spring, 1969 New Souths

July 8, 1969

Mr. Abner Haynes
Zale Corporation
512 South Akard Street
Dallas, Texas 75202

Dear Mr. Haynes:

Enclosed are several documents about the Council which I believe will answer the questions raised in your letter of inquiry.

Under separate cover we are sending you several of our most recent publications. If you wish additional information, we will be more than pleased to provide it.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosures

Program Report, 1968
Audit, 1968
Board List
SRC Promotion Leaflet

Bring up on Friday from
Ed

July 7, 1969

Mr. Edwin Stanfield
Executive Director
Southwest Intergroup Relations Council
1503 Guadalupe, Suite 206
Austin, Texas 78701

Dear Ed:

We have received an inquiry from a Mr. Abner Haynes of the Zale Corporation. At your earliest convenience please let me know anything you know about this Corporation.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
P. S. The letterhead bears the following address: 512 South Akard Street, Dallas, Texas 75202.

JW

Jim didn't know the Zale Corp. so he didn't feel he could handle this.
wj

ZALE CORPORATION

June 26, 1969

Mrs. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Dunbar:

I would be most interested in learning more about your organization and its functions.

Could you furnish me with information concerning your goals and tactics, the members of your Executive Board, and your financial supporters.

Any other literature you have concerning your organization would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Abner Haynes

AH:ks

EXECUTIVE OFFICES: 512 SOUTH AKARD STREET, DALLAS, TEXAS 75202

DALLAS
JUN 27 1969
TEX.
U.S. POSTAGE
06
PB 394850

Mrs. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

FOR	NAME	DATE
	Mr. Paul Anthony	1-20-67
	ADDRESS: Executive Director Southern Regional Council Atlanta, Georgia	Chatta ☐ Knox ☐ Wilson ☐

Fold here for mailing

FROM	NAME	EXTENSION
	Office of Frank E. Smith	
	ADDRESS: 405 NSB	Chatta ☐ Knox ☒ Wilson ☐

TEL. CALL	CALL NUMBER:	TIME CALL RECEIVED	☐ Returned Your Call

Talk Paul
Talk Frank Smith
re project
SS
PA

☐ Per Your Request ☐ Comment ☐ Note and Return ☐ Approval
☐ Information ☐ Handle ☐ Call Me ☐ Signature
☐ Per Conversation ☐ Prepare Reply ☐ See Me ☐ File

TVA 45 (OS-9-63) INTEROFFICE MAILING SLIP — TELEPHONE CALL SLIP

Make file "Four Mississippians"

Four Mississippians

by

Audrey Warren

INTRODUCTION

The contributions of Mississippians to all phases of American life have been important throughout the 150 years of statehood. Through the years many have been acclaimed nationally and throughout the world for their achievements, and many more, who would have achieved national prominence if their work had been done in or near some of the big metropolitan centers, have been recognized for the superior quality of their work in many crafts and arts.

With the advent of increasingly better educational opportunities for all Mississippi citizens, we can confidently look forward to even greater contributions by Mississippians to the quality of American life.

Valor and talent and enterprise are not exclusively Mississippi qualities, but pride in the achievements of those who belonged first to us is one of the essential ingredients of true community spirit. The achievements by Mississippians in recent years are well worth the attention and admiration of all of us today, and these brief sketches of the lives of four Mississippians are presented so that we may all be mindful of what our own men and women have added to the heritage of the nation and of mankind.

For 150 years men from Mississippi have been prominent among the military heroes of our country. None, however, is entitled to greater glory than those who have been awarded the highest honor our country can bestow upon its citizens--The Medal of Honor. Sgt. Jake Lindsey and Pfc Milton Olive are examples of the many Mississippi military men who have been awarded this high honor.

The quality of the creative and performing artists is an important measure of any civilization. Mississippi can be proud to have contributed to the world the outstanding American novelist of the 20th century--William Faulkner. Our state can also take credit for two of the great women artists of our time--Eudora Welty and Leontyne Price. They exemplify the achievements of Mississippi women.

Jake W. Lindsey

"For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his own life, above and beyond the call of duty . . . ." So begins the roster of men whose combat heroism and sacrifice for their country and comrades were so extraordinary as to earn for them the highest honor this nation can confer. They are few, the holders of the Medal of Honor. Among the more than 12 million soldiers, sailors and airmen who served in World War II, only 292 were awarded the Medal. One among those 292 was (and is) T/Sgt. Jake William Lindsey of Lucedale, Mississippi, a veteran of three assault landings and seven campaigns when his heroic, single-handed repulse of an enemy attack in Germany won him the award.

The battle for which he was cited (he had already received the Silver Star, the Purple Heart, and the Infantryman's Badge) lasted for 4 days and 4 nights in November 1944 in the Huertgen Forest in Germany, and occurred during a counterattack by the Germans. When the fourth day rolled around, Sergeant Lindsey and 6 men were all that remained of his 40-man company. He had been wounded in the leg on the first day of battle.

On the fourth day he and his men took shelter in a large foxhole, still continuing to fight with one machine gun, two Browning

automatic rifles and tommy guns. Sgt. Lindsey used a rifle with a tank grenade attachment. As for that fourth day, he recalled:

> "I stopped the first tank when it was ten yards in front of me. Then the crew came out and we killed them. We knocked out a few hundred Germans (200 Germans were killed) and seven tanks before it was finished. At one point we were surrounded, and we called for our artillery to pour it on."

The small group was finally relieved by another unit.

President Harry S. Truman bestowed the Medal of Honor upon Sgt. Lindsey at an unprecedented and cheering joint session of the Congress, the only time the Medal has been so awarded. Highest ranking officers of the military and naval commands and members of the Cabinet came and heard the tributes paid by the Commander-in-Chief to this 24-year-old, slight, wiry, and soft-speaking Mississippian, and through him, to all other American fighting men of great valor. The mother, father, and married sister of the sergeant were there also, sitting tense and proud. His brother James and his brother-in-law, Jack Smith, were with the Navy in the South Pacific.

The citation of the exploit which had won the sergeant the nation's highest distinguished combat award was read by General of

the Army George C. Marshall, then Chief of Staff. As General Marshall told the story, the young man who had left high school in 1939 to enter the service stood alongside, at rigid attention, apparently wanting it all to be over with quickly.

They stood awaiting the President while the assemblage cheered. Another ovation broke loose as the President entered the chamber, smiling broadly, and walked at fast pace down the center aisle to the rostrum. Mounting it, he moved up to the sergeant, who broke attention only sufficiently to bow for the medal to be placed in position. Mr. Truman stepped around the sergeant and fastened the ribbon securely at the back. The sergeant gave a wide salute to the Commander-in-Chief, who extended his hand. Then he banged the sergeant on the back affectionately, and turned to address the Congress:

> "We are assembled here today to confer the Nation's highest decoration on a young American soldier. It so happens that Technical Sergeant Jake W. Lindsey of Lucedale, Mississippi, is the one hundredth Infantryman to receive the Medal of Honor in this war for bravery above and beyond the call to duty. Through him, we pay a grateful Nation's tribute to the courage of all our fighting men.

"The history of this war is filled with countless acts of valor by our soldiers and sailors and marines under fire. Those who win the Medal of Honor have displayed the highest quality of courage.

"We have heard in the citation what Sergeant Lindsey did. His inspiring deeds on the battlefield require no further praise from any man. They stand--with the deeds of the others on whom this decoration has been conferred--in the finest tradition of American heroism.

"This Medal, to repeat, is given for gallantry at the risk of life beyond the call to duty. No officer ordered Sergeant Lindsey to stand alone against a company of the enemy. No officer ordered him when wounded to engage eight Germans in hand-to-hand combat. Those decisions came from his own heart. They were a flash of the nobility which we like to think is a part of every American. They were the unselfish valor which can triumph over terrible odds. They were the very essence of victory.

* * * * *

"It seems fitting that in this symbolic ceremony we should honor an infantryman. There is little glamor in his service. He faces not only the enemy before him, but

the cold and the heat, the rain and the snow, the dust and the mud, which so often makes his life miserable. These things he endures, and rises above them to such deeds as those we celebrate today.

"This is a proud and moving occasion for every American. It follows the complete victory of our Allied Forces over a powerful enemy in Europe. It finds us striking devastating blows in the Pacific. We are preparing to strike them later in overwhelming force.

"Before the battle against Japan is won, we shall have other men to honor--men whose deeds, like those we celebrate today, will have brought closer our inevitable victory.

"I hope that every man and woman in our Nation today will reverently thank God that we have produced such sons as these. With their high courage as an inspiration, we cannot fail in the task we have set for ourselves.

"It is with gratitude and pride that as President of the United States, and in the name of the Congress, I have presented this Medal of Honor to Technical Sergeant Jake W. Lindsey."

When the President, Cabinet members and others left and the Senate had filed back to its own smaller chamber, Sergeant Lindsey was taken downstairs to a Mississippi fish luncheon given by Rep. William M. Colmer of his district. Mr. and Mrs. Lindsey and the sergeant's sister, Pauline, attended, along with the whole Mississippi Congressional delegation. The President looked in for a moment, but hurried back to the White House to keep his appointments.

More than half the men who have received the Medal of Honor in this century gave their lives in the heroic acts for which the Medal was awarded them. Sgt. Lindsey is one of the lucky ones. Mississippi has continued to be his home, and he has continued to serve with distinction in the United States Army.

General Orders

No. 43 Washington, D. C., 30 May 1945

AWARD OF THE MEDAL OF HONOR

By direction of the President, under the Joint Resolution of Congress approved 12 July 1862 (amended by act of 3 March 1863, and act of 9 July 1918), the Medal of Honor for gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty is awarded by the Department of the Army in the name of the Congress to:

Technical Sgt. Jake W. Lindsey, Sixteenth Infantry, who led a platoon reduced to 6 of its original strength of 40 in the attack on an enemy position near Hamich, Germany, on the 16th of November, 1944.

His men had captured their objective and were digging in when counterattacked by a German infantry company and five tanks. Armed with a rifle and grenades, Sergeant Lindsey took position on the left and in advance of the remainder of his platoon and although exposed to heavy rifle, machine gun, and tank fire beat off repeated enemy attacks. Tanks moved to within 50 yards of him but were forced to withdraw because of his accurate rifle and grenade fire.

After driving off the tanks he knocked out two machine guns to his front. Although painfully wounded, he continued firing and

throwing grenades until his ammunition was expended.

An enemy squad attempted to set up a machine gun 50 yards from him. Unmindful of his wounds and enemy fire he rushed these 8 German soldiers, single-handedly closed with them, killed 3 with his bayonet and captured 3. Two others escaped.

In his fearlessness, inspiring courage, and superb leadership, Sergeant Lindsey carried on a brilliant defense of his platoon's hard-won ground, securing the position and inflicting heavy casualties on the numerically superior enemy.

Milton Olive

Pfc. Milton Lee Olive III had not yet been born when Sgt. Lindsey stood embattled in that German forest, but 21 years later he was to join the long line of Mississippians who have earned the Medal of Honor. The war in which Milton Olive fought was half a world removed from Germany, the place in which he died a jungle in Vietnam. A boy from Holmes County unhesitatingly gave his life that his comrades in arms might live.

Milton was born on a farm near Ebenezer, a village in Holmes County. His father was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Milton B. Olive, Sr. Mr. Olive, Sr., was a well known farmer in southern Holmes County, and Mrs. Olive taught school for a number of years at Durant. Milton's mother, whose maiden name was Clara Lee, was a native of Indianola. Milton Olive, Jr., moved to Chicago to seek employment, but Milton III was raised by his grandparents in Mississippi. After attending the Ebenezer grammar school, he moved on to the Saints High School in Lexington. His schoolmates remember him as a quiet, religious boy.

After enlisting in the Army at the age of 17, Milton volunteered for airborne infantry training, and received special courses at Ft. Sill, Oklahoma, and Ft. Knox, Kentucky. He came home for a visit with his grandparents at Christmas 1964, and in the following July was shipped to Vietnam as a member of the 173d Airborne Brigade. To keep his grandparents back in Mississippi from worrying, Milton did not tell them about going overseas. They learned of his death only when his father made a special trip down from Chicago to tell them.

On October 22, 1965, just 16 days before his 19th birthday, Milton went out with his platoon on a search and destroy patrol in Viet Cong territory. With four other men he was moving along a jungle trail when an enemy grenade was thrown into their midst.

Shouting "Look out!" to his comrades, Pfc. Olive instantly fell on the grenade, pulled it to his body, and took the full impact of the blast. At the ceremony in which he awarded the Medal of Honor posthumously to Milton Olive, President Lyndon B. Johnson said:

> "There are occasions on which we take great pride, but little pleasure. This is one such occasion. Words can never enlarge upon acts of heroism and duty, but this nation will never forget Milton Lee Olive 3d.
>
> "President Harry Truman once said that he would far rather have one Medal of Honor than to have been the

President of the United States. I know what he meant. Those who have earned this decoration are very few in number. But true courage is very rare. This honor we reserve for the most courageous of all of our sons.

"The Medal of Honor is awarded for acts of heroism above and beyond the call of duty. It is bestowed for courage demonstrated not in blindly overlooking danger, but in meeting it with eyes clearly open.

"That is what Private Olive did. When the enemy's grenade landed on that jungle trail, it was not merely duty which drove this young man to throw himself upon it, sacrificing his own life that his comrades might continue to live. He was compelled by something that is more than duty, by something greater than a blind reaction to forces that are beyond his control.

"He was compelled, instead, by an instinct of loyalty which the brave always carry into conflict. In that incredible brief moment of decision in which he decided to die, he put others first and himself last. I have always believed that to be the hardest but the highest decision that any man is ever called upon to make.

"In dying, Private Milton Olive taught those of us who remain how we ought to live.

* * * * *

"Men like Milton Olive die for honor. Nations that are without honor die, too, but without purpose and without cause. It must never be said that when the freedom and the independence of a new and a struggling people were at stake that this mighty, powerful nation of which we are so proud to be citizens would ever turn aside because we had the harassments that always go with conflict and because some thought the outcome was uncertain or the course too steep, or the cost too high.

"In all of this there is irony, as there is when any young man dies. Who can say what words Private Olive might have chosen to explain what he did? Jimmy Stanford and John Foster, two of the men whose lives he saved that day on that lonely trail in that hostile jungle 10,000 miles from here, are standing on the White House steps today because this man chose to die. I doubt that even they knew what was on his mind as he jumped and fell across that grenade.

"But I think I do know this: On the sacrifices of men who died for their country and their comrades our freedom has been built. Whatever it is that we call civilization rests upon the merciless and seemingly irrational fact of history that some have died for others to live, and every one of us who enjoys freedom at this moment should be a witness to that fact.

"So Milton Olive died in the service of a country that he loved and he died that the men who fought at his side might continue to live. For that sacrifice his nation honors him today with its highest possible award."

Pfc. Olive was the third United States serviceman to be awarded the Medal of Honor for heroism in Vietnam. He was the first Negro to receive it in that conflict and the eighth of his race to be so honored in United States history.

Milton Olive is buried at the West Grove Missionary Baptist Cemetery near Lexington, eternal tribute to the knowledge that valor knows no nation, courage no geography, and loyalty no race.

General Orders

No. 18 Washington, D. C., 26 April 1966

AWARD OF THE MEDAL OF HONOR

By direction of the President, under the Joint Resolution of Congress approved 12 July 1862 (amended by act of 3 March 1863, act of 9 July 1918 and act of 25 July 1963), the Medal of Honor for conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty is awarded posthumously by the Department of the Army in the name of the Congress to:

Private First Class Milton L. Olive, III, RA16810165, United States Army, who distinguished himself by conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his own life above and beyond the call of duty while participating in a search and destroy operation in the vicinity of Phu Cuong, Republic of Vietnam, on 22 October 1965. Private Olive was a member of the 3d Platoon of Company B, 2d Battalion (Airborne), 503d Infantry, as it moved through the jungle to find the Viet Cong operating in the area. Although the Platoon was subjected to a heavy volume of enemy gunfire and pinned down temporarily, it retaliated by assaulting the Viet Cong positions, causing the enemy to flee. As the

Platoon pursued the insurgents, Private Olive and four other soldiers were moving through the jungle together when a grenade was thrown into their midst. Private Olive saw the grenade, and then saved the lives of his fellow soldiers at the sacrifice of his own by grabbing the grenade in his hand and falling on it to absorb the blast with his body. Through his bravery, unhesitating actions, and complete disregard for his own safety, he prevented additional loss of life or injury to the members of his platoon. Private Olive's conspicuous gallantry, extraordinary heroism, and intrepidity at the risk of his own life above and beyond the call of duty are in the highest traditions of the United States Army and reflect great credit upon himself and the Armed Forces of his country.

Eudora Welty

Few states have contributed as many outstanding writers to modern American literature as has Mississippi. The famous names include such diverse and perceptive talents as Stark Young, author of "So Red the Rose," and Richard Wright, author of "Native Son" and "Black Boy," but by far the best known is William Faulkner, perhaps the greatest American novelist of the twentieth century.

As in other artistic fields, however, Mississippi's contribution has not been limited to talented men. Active women writers include such widely recognized authors as Elizabeth Spencer, Ellen Douglas, Margaret Walker, and Berry Morgan. Among women writers today, however, Eudora Welty of Jackson is considered by most critics as the best in the United States. For thirty years Miss Welty's fiction has delighted, and sometimes puzzled, a steadily growing audience no longer limited to American readers. She has, like Faulkner, immortalized a part of the Mississippi countryside that has moved into American literature as Eudora Welty's Mississippi.

Eudora Alice Welty was born at Jackson in 1909. Her parents, Christian and Mary Chestina Andrews Welty, were natives of Ohio and

West Virginia who had moved to Jackson soon after their marriage. Mr. Welty became president of one of Mississippi's best known financial institutions, the Lamar Life Insurance Company, named for Senator L. Q. C. Lamar. Eudora was an only daughter who grew up with two brothers.

The Welty daughter was fortunate to grow up in a home where her precocious talents were encouraged by her parents. She became an avid reader while still a child, and the endless reading quickened, rather than dulled, a vivid imagination that drew the world and its past in bright and contrasting colors. While attending Central High School in Jackson, Eurdora began to develop her writing ability in school activities, and she took lessons in painting in after school hours. From Central High she went on to Mississippi State College for Women at Columbus, where the same development continued. Broader exposure to other talents and teachers made it clear Eudora could profit from an enlarged curriculum at a school better equipped for the training of a prospective writer. After two years at Columbus, Eudora transferred to the University of Wisconsin.

At Wisconsin she enrolled as an English major, and began a more systematic study of some of the same writers she had been reading for many years. In addition, she received a more formal

introduction to the work of the great Russian novelists, and modern writers like Yeats, Virginia Woolf and William Faulkner.

Miss Welty received her bachelor of arts degree in English Literature at Wisconsin in 1929, but the degree carried no assurance of making a living, unless it was in teaching English literature. Her father suggested that the next thing to writing for a living would be writing advertising, and so she was enrolled for a year in the Columbia University School of Business, with courses in writing and selling advertising. The most important part of this course, however, was exposure to the theater, concerts, and cultural opportunities of New York City. Miss Welty might have liked to stay with them, but after the year of schooling there were no jobs available in New York City in the first year of the great depression. She had to return to Mississippi to find work.

Jobs in Mississippi were scarce also, but her family's prominence helped her find part-time work related to her chosen field of writing. The Lamar Insurance Company owned Jackson's pioneer radio station, WJDX, and for a while Eudora was a part-time script girl, advertising writer, and performer of odd jobs that included cleaning the canary bird cage. For several years she wrote a weekly column about Jackson and Mississippi social events for the Sunday society section of the Memphis Commercial Appeal.

Like hundreds of other writers throughout the country, she had her first full-time job as a writer with the WPA (Works Progress Administration). Miss Welty was hired as a "Junior Publicity Agent" in 1933, and continued in this role until 1936. It was a period in which she really learned Mississippi, especially the small towns and villages that were to provide the locale for so much of her future work. She traveled over the state, interviewing all types of people and watching all sorts of activities as she helped report the story of WPA in Mississippi at a time when the agency was the chief economic refuge in an area badly battered by the depression. Her job was to provide publicity for various WPA projects, and she achieved this doing an exceptional job as a newspaperwoman for both the city dailies and the country weeklies. Hers was undoubtedly the most active and varied career for a newspaperwoman in the state up until that time.

Miss Welty not only wrote WPA publicity for the country weeklies--she read the papers avidly, and in the columns of county correspondence she learned immensely of the rural and small town life she was watching. She built a large collection of Mississippiana, and one of the prizes was a scrapbook of country correspondence which preserved the real flavor of rural Mississippi. Much of her fiction has been about the same sort of people who wrote the columns, or were written about in them.

To provide good newspaper coverage for the WPA projects, she also had to provide pictures, so she had to learn how to take them. Characteristically, she became an expert photographer with the second-hand camera made available by the WPA. In addition to her coverage of the WPA stories, she began to make special photographs of the small towns and rural countryside, with unposed character studies of representative Negro citizens.

The Lugene Gallery, a camera and photography store in New York City, presented a month long exhibit of Miss Welty's photographic studies in 1936. They attracted a great deal of favorable comment, but no buyers, from the publications just then beginning to specialize in photography. During this period Miss Welty had temporary hopes that photography might offer a method of entering the world of commercial journalism, but the hopes faded after the one-man show produced no concrete offers for the use of her work.

1936 was an important year in Miss Welty's career. State political conflicts caused her to lose her job with the WPA. She then went to work for the Mississippi Advertising Commission, a state agency established by Governor Hugh White to encourage tourists to visit the state and new industries to come in.

By far the most important event of 1936, however, was the publication of her first short story, "Death of a Traveling Salesman,"

in the magazine Manuscript. Manuscript was a "little" magazine, an example of a literary phenomenon especially popular in the 1920's and 1930's, a period when very few commercial magazines published short stories of literary quality. Manuscript was one of the most highly regarded of the "little" magazines, and acceptance was a much-needed boost for the morale of an unpublished author. Miss Welty had been writing short stories from the time she returned to Mississippi after her sojourn in New York, and the first acceptance of a story instead of a rejection was a major milestone.

Shortly afterwards she had a story published in River, a little magazine published at Oxford, Mississippi. River was one of the few little magazines ever published in Mississippi, and it survived only a few months, but the fact that it gave Eudora Welty her first recognition in Mississippi is now its chief claim to fame.

At about this time Louisiana State University began publishing "The Southern Review," a literary quarterly which won immediate acclaim throughout the country for its outstanding quality. During these first years Eudora Welty was the most promising Southerner the quarterly published, and the presentation of her work has become part of the legend of "The Southern Review" when it was edited by Robert Penn Warren and Albert Erskine. Some of these stories were included in the collection of short stories "A Curtain of Green," which established her as one of the

country's most promising writers when it was published in 1941. Katherine Anne Porter wrote an introduction to the book with lavish praise. There were enthusiastic reviews in most of the major Eastern publications, but the enthusiasm was also evident in Mississippi. In the Mississippi Literary Review for November 1941, Dale Mullen published a critical essay (perhaps the first of hundreds that have since been published) on Miss Welty's work, including these excerpts:

> "The point I wish to make is that she is a Mississippian and has felt Mississippi all about her. It has been easy in the last few years to become interested in Mississippi: there is a growing body of Mississippi literature; there have been many studies made and books written about the South, and there have been studies made and books written about Mississippi itself. Thus when she began to write, she wrote about that Mississippi which has fascinated such diverse writers as Faulkner, Cohn, Kroll, and Evans Wall.
>
> "There is a thesis or an essay to be written on the idea that Mississippi writers are creating not simply a number of books but rather a body of literature. . . . Eudora Welty has undoubtedly been influenced by Mississippi's literature; her work has now become a part

of it and is influencing and will influence more and more the work of all the state's writers.

"But do not imagine for a moment that Miss Welty's work is not superior to most Mississippi writing. In fiction only Faulkner has done better work."

With the impressive recognition which followed the publication of "A Curtain of Green," Miss Welty was able to devote her full time to serious writing. Her first novel, "The Robber Bridegroom," with a locale along the Natchez Trace, was published in 1942, followed by another collection of stories, "The Wide Net," in 1943. The novel, "Delta Wedding," came in 1946, and another collection of stories titled "The Golden Apples" in 1949. "The Ponder Heart" was a brilliantly comical long story or short novel published first in a complete issue of the New Yorker in 1954, and later adapted into a highly successful Broadway play. She has published little since another collection of short stories, "The Bride of Innisfallen," in 1955, but her international audience has been pleased to see her resume publication of individual short stories during the past year.

Many awards have come to her since the O. Henry Memorial Contest first-prize in 1942. Chief of them are the William Dean Howells Medal for "the most distinguished work of American fiction" for the

period 1950-55 for "The Ponder Heart," and election to the National Institute of Arts and Letters. The most significant recognition, perhaps, is the fact that her work appears in more anthologies than any other living American writer. Her books have been published in translations throughout Europe.

Miss Welty is not an aggressive personality, but she has overcome this inclination and developed into a compelling and forceful teacher and lecturer on the art of writing fiction. Her essay "Place in Fiction" is a landmark of writing in this field, in which she develops fully her thesis that great fiction depends upon the inevitability of the characters being placed exactly where they are because of the accumulated feelings which are associated with places. "Perhaps it is the sense of place that gives us the belief that passionate things, in some essence, endure," she has said. "Whatever is significant and whatever is tragic in a place live as long as the place does, though they are unseen, and the new life will be built upon those things--regardless of commerce and the way of rivers and roads and other vagrancies."

Miss Welty can instruct from the platform, but she can also entertain. Anyone who has heard her read one of her great short stories, "I Live at the P. O.," will agree.

Eudora Welty is a Mississippian whose talent is helping to enrich the literate senses of the whole world.

Leontyne Price

Throughout history, the world has closely associated music with its events involving pomp and pageantry. Musical events themselves have often become well known for glitter and pomp, as we know from the role of opera, symphony, and ballet in all of the capitals of the world.

The Metropolitan Opera of New York City has long been recognized as the most fabulously rich and talented operatic organization in the world. Never in musical history has there been an event with such pageantry and publicity as opening night at the new fifty million dollar Metropolitan Opera House at Lincoln Center in New York in September 1966.

The opera for the evening was the world premiere of Samuel Barber's "Antony and Cleopatra," a new musical setting for Shakespeare's great drama. The ticket supply for the great event was soon exhausted, and thousands were disappointed, even though they applied to pay as high as $250 a seat to attend the evening's performance.

The part of Cleopatra in this fabulous premiere was obviously the most coveted operatic role of the decade. There was little speculation about the choice, however. For the first night at the new Met,

Manager Rudolph Bing had made the obvious choice--the Metropolitan's greatest soprano, Leontyne Price of Laurel, Mississippi.

The fabled first night was a long way from the humble home in Laurel, but Leontyne Price was the Mississippi girl who had risen against all odds, taking advantage of every opportunity to gain recognition as one of the greatest singers of all time. Leontyne Price has not only proved herself a great singer--the quality of character she has displayed throughout her career marks her as one of the greatest American artists.

Leontyne was born in Laurel in 1927, and raising children in the depression-filled 1930's was no easy task for her parents, James and Kate Price. Mr. Price worked in the local sawmills, but he often had to turn to odd jobs as a carpenter to maintain an income, and Mrs. Price had to help support the family with work as a midwife. Mrs. Price was a talented singer herself, a member of her church choir, and from the first knowledge that Leontyne had musical talent, Mr. and Mrs. Price persisted, making every sacrifice essential to getting the best schooling and musical training available to a Negro girl in Laurel. Leontyne began piano lessons with Mrs. Hattie McInnis at the age of 3-1/2, and from that time forward she was involved in music at home, at school, and at church.

One of Leontyne's aunts was Mrs. Everlina Greer, who worked for a white couple, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Chisholm, who expressed an early interest in the talented niece of their maid. Mr. Chisholm was a prominent Laurel banker, and he and Mrs. Chisholm were more than willing to help contribute some of the cost of special training that special talent must receive if it is to develop into great artistic ability.

At Oak Park High School in Laurel Leontyne was always one of the student leaders, remembered as a particularly active cheer leader as well as a singer for most school ceremonial occasions. In the Negro community of the town she was always in demand for participation in church programs, and for weddings and funerals. In her own mind was the question of how could she move from the center stage at Laurel to the world outside?

The start came when an Army chaplain at nearby Camp Shelby helped arrange a partial scholarship at Central State College in Wilberforce, Ohio. She signed up for a public school music teacher's course, because that seemed the best professional opportunity, but by the time she had reached her senior year (through a combination of jobs, scholarships, and help from home) her plans had shifted toward the specialized training of the Juilliard School of Music in New York.

Leontyne's first recognition as a developing singing star came when Mr. and Mrs. Chisholm, together with the late A. Boyd Campbell

and symphony conductor Ted Russell of Jackson, sponsored a special concert for her in Jackson in August of 1949. Her later stardom was no surprise to some of the hundreds who heard her in the Jackson concert, where she was accompanied by Mrs. Chisholm.

At the Juilliard School, Miss Price appeared in many of the school's concerts and operatic productions, where she attracted the attention of the composer Virgil Thompson, who asked her to take the leading role in a revival of his well-known modern opera, "Four Saints in Three Acts." From this production she was signed for a starring role in a historic road company revival of the George Gershwin folk opera, "Porgy and Bess." The "Porgy and Bess" production was a great theatrical as well as artistic success, throughout the United States and in Europe as well. At the height of this triumph Miss Price married William Warfield, the baritone who sang the role of Porgy.

In 1955 came significant new recognition. Miss Price was chosen to sing the role of Tosca in an NBC-TV production of the Verdi opera. The announcement of the forthcoming appearance of the first Negro in televised opera brought controversy and criticism over the country, but most of it was forgotten when the performance was viewed by millions of people over the country.

Other significant operatic roles followed, on TV, and with the great opera companies of Europe, and in concerts which showed

her great affinity for modern composers. It was natural that she be signed by the Metropolitan Opera Company of New York, where she made her debut in 1961 in "Il Trovatore."

The Met debut was typical of Miss Price's individuality, and her firm insistence upon recognition first of all as a performing artist. As part of her onstage operatic debut at San Francisco in 1957 she had appeared in "Aida," and she repeated this triumph at Vienna in 1958, in the same style that would later make a critic at La Scala in Milan say that "our great Verdi would have found her the ideal Aida."

But as the fifth Negro to appear in the Metropolitan, Miss Price did not want her first role to be that of the Ethiopian princess in the Verdi classic. She insisted in starting in a role where skin pigmentation was not any part of the background of the part. After the performance the Met impresarios were first to admit the soundness of her judgment.

Her other roles that season proved it. After Leonora in "Il Trovatore," she was just as convincing as the noblewoman Donna Anna in Mozart's "Don Giovanni." After appearing as an Oriental in Puccini's "Turandot," she gave a uniquely appealing performance as the same composer's "Madame Butterfly," and then gave what many experienced critics hailed as the greatest rendition ever of Aida.

This was made clear when the Met paid her the supreme tribute of asking her to open the 1961-62 season with a performance in the starring role of Puccini's "Girl of the Golden West." She thus became the first Negro ever to open a season at the Met. Her operatic performances from that time have continued to be a succession of new triumphs.

The special quality of Miss Price's voice is the capacity to send her soprano flooding through the Lincoln Center auditorium without straining, and with the assurance that there is still power to spare. No singer today possesses a voice that is more secure throughout its considerable range--the G below middle C to the D above high C--and with it the feather-lightness of a much smaller voice.

Her voice is her greatest achievement, but critics are quick to point out that she is not merely a superb singer, she is a superb actress as well. Her regal carriage sets off a stately figure. Her performance reflects a security which comes only through an inner strength of strong character, with none of the arrogance that sometimes reflects bravado and insecurity. She is frank to tell that when she was first onstage at San Francisco "I enjoyed a real cold petrification," and a keen sense of the ridiculous protects her from the overbearing projection of vanity which too often afflicts many performing artists.

She reminds interviewers that "I never go on stage without saying a prayer."

For her operatic roles, Miss Price usually uses a make-up that lightens her skin but does not change its color. "Corrective make-up I'm for," she has said, "but I don't believe in putting white stuff on me. Corrective make-up makes my own skin look more attractive. Some people have better sides than others. Why shouldn't you try to make your jaw look like Garbo's? I can accentuate my cheekbones or keep my nose from blotting out my eyes."

She has appeared on most of the great musical stages of the world, but Leontyne Price will always rank as one of her greatest experiences the homecoming performance at Laurel in 1963, when she presented a concert at Oak Park High School for the benefit of her church, the St. Paul Methodist. More than 2,000 persons from at least ten states, but mostly from Mississippi, overflowed the school auditorium and cafeteria, and some had to be seated on the stage to keep from turning them aside.

The unsegregated audience, one of the first in Mississippi, gave a tremendous response to the program which included a full repertoire to show the great range of the Price voice. There were repeated encores and standing ovations. She announced a special song for her aunt, Mrs. Greer, and as a final encore she presented the

Negro spiritual "Ride On, King Jesus." There were no dry eyes in the audience.

In addition to her parents and other members of her family, the Alexander Chisholms were also honored guests at the concert. Through the years Mrs. Chisholm had not only been her benefactor, but also her friend and first fan. Mrs. Chisholm has described her part in Miss Price's career:

> "I feel that God has favored us more than most by allowing us to participate in Leontyne's career. Our reward has been the fun--the privilege--of helping her when she needed it. I think someone with a talent like hers is one of God's chosen creatures."

Through the years new honors piled up for Leontyne Price. She participated in the inauguration of President Lyndon Johnson, and sang at other official functions as representative of supreme American lyric talent. When the curtain dropped for the last time at the historic old Metropolitan Opera House in April of 1966, it was appropriate that Leontyne Price, as prima donna of the company, should ring down the curtain for the last time at the farewell gala.

It was even more appropriate for Miss Price to be the star of opening night at the new Met, a social event more glittering and exciting than any before in the history of New York City. Prominent

in the distinguished audience were her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Price, up from Laurel, and her brother George, an Army lieutenant colonel, given special leave to be on hand.

Miss Price's costume of golden cloth and jewels was designed to evoke the riches and opulence of Cleopatra's court. She was so heavily costumed, said Time Magazine, that "it was a wonder she could sing at all, though sing she did, and her burnished voice never sounded better."

From time to time Leontyne Price has made it clear that she prefers to stress her achievements as an American singer than as an American Negro singer.

"I know what I'm about," she has said, "but if I can't convince anybody else what I'm about, then my time is better spent trying to sing better. I've given up too much to let people who don't understand detour me. I don't 'react' in any way except like a normal human being. It is incidental that I am pigmented. I am a relaxed American. I am living what I have to say and singing what I have to say. I'm not going out in front of any groups. I am what I am.

"As to my background, I think my mother and my father were Mr. King and Mrs. Queen. My mother's flamboyant vivacity and wonderful sense of excitement--that's what gets me out onto the stage. And my father's character and pacing about life--that is what sustains me. That's the background I'm proud of. If that's Negroid, that's part of

what it's all about. I'm just as proud of it as anybody whose family came over on the Mayflower.

"I'm living proof, living proof, that in everyday life I can move as a person, as an individual, a personality. It goes beyond singing, although I'm sure the Omnipotent had a plan when He gave me my talent. I'm not excited about being in certain social or non-social situations. I don't stop to be self-conscious any more."

Leontyne Price is now at the peak of a career that will rank her as one of the great singers of American and perhaps world history. In spite of that, she remains a vital, realistic young woman who recognizes the necessity of continuing hard work, knows how to make the most of opportunities affording pleasure and diversion, and--more important than anything else, perhaps--holds fast to a keen appreciation and enjoyment of other human beings. Thus her work as an artist is continually enriched by an instinctive understanding of human experience, while her life as an individual remains simple enough to make it possible for her neighbors to think of her simply as Lee Warfield.

January 6, '53

Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Frazier
N. Ann St.
Mobile, Ala.

Dear the Fraziers,

You were kindness itself to me, and I am warmly grateful.

Most interesting experiences in Greensboro, where various people of importance thought the city could very soon appoint a Negro member of the School Board, and could go on, in an orderly and honestly-consulting way to get unsegregated schools.

Appreciatively,

George S. Mitchell

January 7, 1953

Mr. A. De Jongh Franklin
1415 Healey Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Franklin:

I want to express to you and the Aaron E. Norman Fund, the Council's sincere appreciation for the gift of $150.00 which you so kindly sent to Dr. Mitchell on December 27th. It was of immense help in meeting our "end-of-the-year" expenses.

Please accept my apoligies for having been so long in acknowledging the contribution. I was out of the office all of last week.

Thank you for your interest in SRC.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

12/26/52

Dear George:

Please call me when you get a chance.

Merry Christmas and a very Happy new Year.

De Jongh Franklin

Check enclosed: $150.00

A. DE JONGH FRANKLIN
1415 HEALEY BUILDING
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

EC please deposit
GM

ATLANTA DEC 26 3 4 PM 1952 GA.

Sat am Dec 27.

check for $150
from Aaron E. Norman
Fund, Inc.

Mr. George Mitchell
c/o Southern Regional Council
Wesley Memorial Bldg.
Atlanta, Ga.

THE METHODIST CHURCH
JACKSON AREA
MARVIN A. FRANKLIN
RESIDENT BISHOP
MILLSAPS BUILDING
JACKSON 1, MISSISSIPPI

CONFERENCES
MISSISSIPPI
NORTH MISSISSIPPI

September 21, 1953

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Your letter to Bishop Franklin has reached the office during his absence from the Country. He will not return until the latter part of November at which time your letter will be brought to his attention.

Sincerely yours,

Thos. E. N. Lewis

Secretary

lcl

RECEIVED
SEP 23

October 23, 1953

Mr A Dejongh Franklin
1415 Healey Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr Franklin:

Last year, on December 27, the Aaron E Norman Fund most kindly send the Southern Regional Council a contribution of $150.00. It arrived last year at a time of real need.

If the Fund could send us a contribution again in 1953, we would be extremely grateful. We have contrived to come through this far in the year with no debts at all; but correspondingly we are almost without visible means of support for the next two months.

I enclose, showing the tendency of our efforts, two pamphlets we have lately got out on the matter of the schools and the courts. They are to be used by local discussion groups in building opinion in the South favorable to whatever changes may be ordered by the Court. Their timeliness is attested by the remarkable flow of orders we have had from organizations and individuals all over the South.

Sincerely yours,

George S Mitchell
Executive Director

gsm-t
enclosures - 2

December second, 1953

Mr A Dejongh Franklin
Suite 1415-17 Healey Building
A t l a n t a

Dear Mr Franklin:

We are deeply grateful again this year for the kindness of the Aaron E Norman Fund which contributed a hundred dollars to the Southern Regional Council.

Somehow that gift seems always to come at a time of emergency need and we are doubly grateful for it.

Sincerely yours

George S Mitchell
Executive Director

gsm-t
Receipt enclosed

MEMO from LIPSHUTZ, MACEY & FRANKLIN

ATTORNEYS AT LAW
SUITE 1415-17 HEALEY BUILDING
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
LAMAR 5661

11/27/53

Dear George:

It's a little early but Merry Xmas anyway.

George Franklin

$100.00

18

WE ARE USING THIS FORM TO EXPEDITE HANDLING;
IF REQUIRED—PLEASE REPLY OR ACKNOWLEDGE

The New York Public Library
Astor, Lenox and Tilden Foundations

THEATRE COLLECTION
FIFTH AVE. & 42ND ST.
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

New York, February 18, 1954

George Mitchell, Esq.
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear George:

I am terribly sorry that you came in on an afternoon that I was not at the Library. I was critically ill last summer and had a long period of recuperation before returning to work last October 15th. As yet, it has not been possible for me to work every day since then. I get stronger all the time and increase my hours accordingly. I hope the next time you come to New York I shall be here.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely,

George Freedley (EPB)

George Freedley
Curator

GF:MK

RECEIVED
FEB 23 1954
Southern Regional Council

May 31, 1954

Dictated May 28

Mr. Barry M. Freeman
19 Cherry Lane
Caldwell, New Jersey

Dear Barry:

I do not know how much I can do, but why not see what the AFSC is doing in Washington. That girl, Irene Osborne, ought to be in need of new able people to help with the newly announced program of the Washington school board of doing what is right.

Meanwhile, if you ever come to Atlanta, come to see us and let's talk.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

19 Cherry Lane
Caldwell, New Jersey
May 26, 1954

George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear George Mitchell:

I'm sure that you don't remember our having had a chat in your office in about January 1952 when I was working with AFSC on a plan for the expansion of their Youth Projects.

My interest in writing you at this time is to determine whether you know of any opening, in connection with your study of school integration, that might use the services of a person with my background.

Before coming to work with AFSC I taught in a small liberal arts college in Illinois, near St. Louis. After about a year in the Youth Projects work, where I consulted with community groups and leaders in many parts of the country and contributed to the development of several work camps and Interne in Industry projects, I went to Mexico for seven months with AFSC. In Mexico I participated in two community projects concerned with community development.

At present I am working with AFSC's Maine Indian Program in work of community development and integration with three Indian reservations. In this capacity I have been consulting with the Indians on their community and personal problems, speaking to other groups and individuals on behalf of better understanding and acceptance of the minority group, and working with State officials for a long range legislative program for the reservations. The work is contracting this month for financial reasons.

I cannot claim, though I wish I could, that I am a southerner, but two of my grandparents were born and raised in South Carolina and my mother has tried to give us a sympathetic understanding of the South and her southern heritage.

I am in accord with the Council's policy, as I understand it, of a constructive and peaceful approach to the problem of integration, and would like very much to be a part of this work if there is any place for me. If you are interested I will be happy to provide any references or other information which you might wish.

Sincerely,

Barry M. Freeman

Barry M. Freeman

May 11, 1954

Miss Mary E. Frayser
316 Aiken Avenue
Rock Hill, South Carolina

Dear Miss Mary:

I wrote Mr. Edwards and told him that if ever a lady from Virginia deserved to have answered her request to come home to Virginia and be made comfortable, t'was thee.

I think from Culpepper one can see pretty clearly the Blue Ridge. The town was my grandfather Broadus' birthplace, and somewhere in it to this good day are certain old ladies named Stringfellow. Cousins, and of that generation.

Virginia boasts of many things, some rightly and some wrongly. I suppose her proudest and mightiest boast is that trickle of her sons and daughters having the quality of public-mindedness. And high on her banner is a star for Mary Frayser.

You and I sat together once in a meeting in the hall of the House of Representatives at Columbia. Nearby was a large plaque for some dear lady from South Carolina who had kept alive -- save the mark -- the UDC. And the legislature of South Carolina praised her with the words: "Gifted in the art of persuasion to noble ends."

Affectionately,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

May 7, 1954
316 Auburn Ave.,
Rock Hill, S. C

Dr. George S. Mitchell.
Atlanta, Ga

RECEIVED
MAY 10 1954
Southern Regional Council

Dear George.

May I use your name as reference in making application to Rev. J. I. Edwards, Superintendent The Virginia Baptist Home for the Aged

Culpeper, Va

Your father was an inspiration to me. He guided me.

Now as I near the end of my life here, it is you, his son whom I wish to be one of my two sponsors to the Home for the Virginia Baptists.

I am asking Mrs J. B. Stackhouse, Dr Eminy to be the other sponsor.

I am well. when I tell you that I attended S. C. F. W. C. annual Convention at Clemson April 22, 23 and the morning of 24 crossed the State with Mrs Stackhouse to the meeting of S. C. S. R. C. Board called by Judge Richard Foster for 2:30 P. M Sat and caught the 4:20 Bus from Cola to Rock Hill, you will know that the Judge hewed to the line and that I am well.

It does not hasten my going for me to set my house in order, since I am going to run the little house 316 Auburn Ave.,

as long as my strength lasts. If it gives out, I wish to have plans made. I do not approve of living with two younger generations. The nieces and nephews, and great nephews are dear to me — the in-laws almost as dear as the blood kin. But their obligation is chiefly to their children.

I have never changed my membership from First Baptist Church, Richmond, Va. Wrong. But it entitles me to application to the Culpeper Institution. They have a waiting list of 420.

Have I ever sent you a copy of my biography by Eunice Stachelhouse. I would like for you to have one.

Consider my request confidential — other matters — Judge Tatum and the Ford Foundation offer. It will be exceedingly helpful if we get the right person for each state director.

I am keen for wider use of the potentialities of women; but I believe we should have a man director for South Carolina at this time. Can you name a person fitted for the responsibility

You are doing wonderful work. Race in the News has been epoch making. Mr. Wright — you do select the right people for leadership. He was chairman of State Selective Board for several years. I worked with him. I hold you in affectionate admiration. Good night.

I will never forget your morning call.

Mary E. Craighead

Winthrop College
Rock Hill, South Carolina
May 1, 1954

Dr. J. T. Edwards, Superintendent
Virginia Baptist Home for Aged, Inc.,
Culpepper, Virginia

Dear Doctor Edwards:

Will you consider my case after a long interim?

Radical changes in one's way of living are difficult to face. Try to understand.

The lost application was finally located in Richmond and returned to me.

In the meantime, I had become much involved in autumn work. It is absorbing, the work with various organizations and it drains my resources of strength and finances. But I love it all.

Now the urge is insistent to know whether I may be admitted to The Virginia Baptist Home for Aged on financial terms that I can meet and with a room to myself.

The home is beautiful. I could be happy there.

You have a copy of my finances. My income is less now, rents in Rock Hill are lower than a year ago. The Herald has a long list of advertisements of vacant rooms, apartments and dwellings each evening, mine among them. Rock Hill residents have altered old large homes- made apartments of them, one new apartment houses and residences have been built since World War II.

Reverend James C. Cammack, pastor of First Baptist Church here, is interested in a home for aged Baptists.

The South Carolina House of Representatives is considering a bill for a York County nursing home for the aged at $100 per month. Several states have changed their County Homes for the indigent to nursing homes.

It is Christ-like that the world is considering the need of the steadily increasing aged proportion of the population.

I am still well, but not as strong as I was and have recently had a birthday.

Dr. S. H. Shippey is one of the leading Rock Hill physicians and an ardent Baptist, a deacon in Oakland Baptist Church-new Baptist made up of members in Oakland area and new ones from First Baptist. He is beloved.

With regard and appreciation for the consideration I believe you will give my application.

Yours sincerely,

(Miss) Mary E. Frazer

MEF:mdk

June 16, 1954

Miss Mary E. Frayser
Winthrop College
Rock Hill, South Carolina

Dear Miss Mary:

So glad to hear that Dr. Edwards is being helpful.

Here's a copy for you of our Memorandum #1. With this one on hand you can return Miss Finley's copy to her.

My gratitude for all you say and do and think.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Winthrop College
Rock Hill, South Carolina
June 9, 1954

RECEIVED
JUN 14 19
Southern Regional Council

Dr. George Mitchell, Executive Director
Room 432, Auburn Avenue, N. E.,
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear George Mitchell:

Dr. Edwards writes that application has received favorable action. The annex to the present building within a year will be ready. I hope it will be considerably longer before I go to it.* I liked the vein in which you replied and I am grateful for your abiding interest.

Miss Finley sent me Memo I for Ford Foundation. She wishes it returned. Is a copy of it available? If so, please send. Miss Finley also supplied minutes of the Columbia meeting of May 24.

"It is nor provided that individual members of S. R. C. shall be members only of their state organizations and that state units are expected to adopt new or altered by-laws of their own, providing for their own governing bodies and officers."

The foregoing is more like our state national governmental relationship.

I helped Mrs. McGowan organize 1922-23 with the predecessor of S. R. C. and I do rejoice in the change in attitude from philanthropy to civil rights and brotherhood which the years have brought to many.

See enclosure.

* The interest in the aging group is beautiful and on the increase. What we want is to be part of the work of the world, not just parties and hobbies. Physical strength is less, but we should be able to contribute something because we have lived long and learned.

Your leadership is wonderful.

God bless you!

Yours sincerely,

Mary E. Frayser

Mary E. Frayser

MEF:mdk

Clipping to AN

March 21, 1955

Mr. W. H. Frey
Puritan Chemical Company
916 Ashby Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

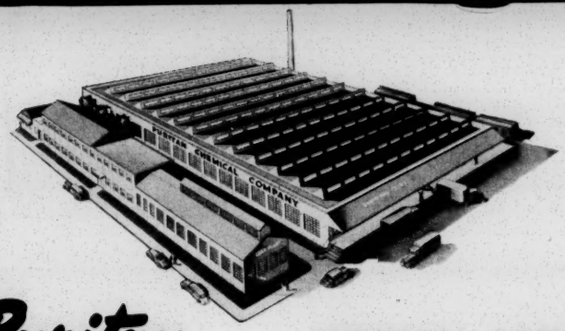
Dear Mr. Frey:

Heaven for guys who run organizations is going to be made up of guys like you.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encl. - Official Receipt $20.00



W. H. FREY
secretary and treasurer

Puritan CHEMICAL COMPANY
916 Ashby Street, N. W., Atlanta, Georgia • VErnon 0721

March 14, 1955

Dr. George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave.
Atlanta, Ga.

MAR 16 1955

Dear George:

As always, I enjoyed our conversation of last week. I am pleased to enclose two checks in the amount of $20 each, one from my brother-in-law, Ted V. Fisher, and one from myself. As I told you over the phone, we are both interested in the fine work which the council does. I certainly wish to continue our friendship, George, and I know that Ted and Carlyn Fisher both are looking forward to meeting you and your wife.

Here's wishing you lots of luck in your campaign to raise funds for the worthy cause you represent.

Sincerely,

Bill

W. H. Frey

2 - $20 ck's.
pha

WHF:mq
ENC.

Puritan's 35th year of progress
Manufacturing Chemists Established 1920

RECEIVED NOV 21 1956

Box 41
Winthrop College
Rock Hill, South Carolina
November 19, 1956

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director, Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear George,

You have ably led the crusade for justice to races, regardless of color. It has taken courage, intelligence and the spirit of Christ.

I care deeply for S.R.C. and you.

Will you tell me why you are resigning? I will regard the information as confidential, if you wish me to do so.

You doubtless have had offers embodying opportunity in fields which are sanctioned by far larger proportions of the educational, civic, social, and religious leadership of the land than the one to which you have devoted many years.

May the years ahead use your fine and tireless capacity for service and be rewarding in the finer values with less stress than S. R. C. leadership has entailed. For the modification of predjudices which your intelligent leadership has helped to bring about, many are grateful, among them this friend of long standing.

With regard to you and to Mrs. Mitchell

Yours devotedly,

Mary E. Frayser

Mary E. Frayser

MEF:SP

Acked w. paid bill
Nov 28. '56.

February 5, 1957

Mr. W. H. Frey
1607 Briardale Lane
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Frey:

You have been an understanding and generous friend of the Southern Regional Council. As 1957 gets underway and we plan increased activity -- diminished as we are by George Mitchell's retirement! -- we face a special and immediate need. If you can assist the Council again at this time, we shall be deeply grateful and the work of the Council will be benefitted out of all proportion.

In this, the third and last year of assistance to our state-organization effort from the Fund for the Republic, the allocation for our central activities is drastically reduced. Accordingly, we are faced with a greatly enlarged fund-raising task at precisely the time when we are undertaking expansion of our efforts to meet the mounting demands for an organization of this kind in the South.

We have tried to convey in the enclosed report some idea of the various efforts which we expect to carry on this year on an expanded and more effective scale. I hope it conveys, too, some sense of the eagerness and resolve with which our Board and staff approach opportunities that the Council, almost uniquely, is equipped to meet.

On a personal note, I might add that I have been vastly encouraged, on assuming a position of formidable responsibility, by the spirit of dedication which both the staff members and lay leadership of the Council have shown.

I hope we will have a chance one day soon to get acquainted. Meanwhile, kindest regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/eab
Encl.

March 24, 1958

Mr. W. H. Frey
Puritan Chemical Company
916 Ashby Street, N. W.
Atlanta 18, Georgia

Dear Bill:

Thanks ever so much for your contribution and, above all, for your kind and encouraging letter. Both kinds of support -- financial and moral -- mean a lot to us.

The thing that keeps an organization like the Council going is the thoughtfulness and help of people like you.

With warm regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1 (Official Receipt)

Puritan Chemical Co. ■ 916-932 ASHBY ST., N.W., ATLANTA 18, GEORGIA

March 20, 1958

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
Wesley Memorial Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

The Southern Regional Council is to be commended on another fine year of accomplishment. Your annual report certainly speaks well for the work of the Council.

Your good friend, Morris Abram, informs me that, although the Council is still receiving funds from the Ford Foundation, it continues to have a need for financial support. I am, therefore, enclosing my annual donation, as has been my practice over the past several years.

Congratulations to you on a job well done.

Sincerely,

Bill Frey

W. H. Frey

WHF/i
encl.

3/24/58
$25.00 CR
rha

VIA AIR MAIL SPECIAL

May 2, 1958

Mr. Baer Frimmer
Pictorial Features
130 West 42nd Street
New York 36, New York

Dear Mr. Frimmer:

We have given considerable thought to your request for photos and, as promised, here are the results:

(1) Our own office reveals nothing suitable. However, we may be able to follow-up with with pictures on Monday.

(2) We have called Mr. Tartt Bell, director of the American Friends Service Committee, High Point, North Carolina, who believes that he can help us. He is to send you a collection of photographs this afternoon. We have not seen them, of course, but I suspect that they will be of help to you.

(3) We have contacted Mrs. Ruby Hurley, director of the Southeast Office of the NAACP. She has nothing. However, she feels that the New York office of the NAACP might well have. That office is supposed to have undertaken a project of collecting the type of photographs you need. A call to them might help.

(4) If you still need new sources, you might try Mr. Thomas Young, publisher of the Norfolk Journal and Guide. The Journal and Guide has an excellent collection of

photographs some of which should be usable. Most of them are news service photographs and the like and clearance for their use might cause you some problem.

If we are able to come up with anything else you will hear from us. I am sorry that our efforts have not been more productive but if we can be of further service, please let us know.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Administrative Assistant

PA/mf

January 22, 1959

Mrs. Leland L. Fricke
705 North 48th Avenue
Pensacola, Florida

Dear Mrs. Fricke:

Thank you for your letter concerning New South subscription.

When Florida became an independent organization rather than an affiliate of the Southern Regional Council, the Florida group decided to make New South optional for its memberships. That is, each member of the Florida group who is to continue receiving New South must remit two dollars to us directly or through the Florida Council. I do appreciate your interest, and we hope you will want to continue your subscription to New South.

In answer to the second item in your letter, I think the book to which you referred is "Willie Mae." It is published by Knopf and I understand they mailed printed material to persons whose addresses we furnished. As I understand it, the royalties from copies coming from these persons were to be given to the Council.

Again thanks for your interest and best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

File

MRS. LELAND L. FRICKE
705 NORTH 48TH AVENUE
PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

January 20, 1959

Mr. John Constable
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

1. In regard to my subscription to the New South, per your inquiry of January 15, I have been under the impression that it was included in my membership in the Florida Council, in which my dues are paid up to date. If this is incorrect, please let me know and I will send you the $2.00 requested.

2. Several months ago I received some advertising material on a new book titled (I think) "Mirandy" with the notation that the SRC would benefit by my purchasing it through the organization. I have misplaced this material and would like to have the information in regard to the book at this time. Can you oblige me in this?

Sincerely yours,

Gerald R Fricke

April 9, 1959

Mr. W. H. Frey
Puritan Chemical Company
916-32 Ashby Street, N. W.
Atlanta 18, Georgia

Dear Bill:

This is by way of a written word of thanks and also of apology for the mix-up over your New South mailing. The error was ours, not the Georgia Council on Human Relations'. Even if you hadn't subscribed through the Georgia Council you should have received New South as a contributor to SRC.

In any case, the records have been straightened out -- for good and all, I trust.

We are most grateful to you, not only for your contribution just received, but for your steady support of SRC over the years. If the occasion ever arises, I should like nothing better than to perform a specific service for you in this field.

With appreciation and warm regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1 (Official receipt)

PURITAN CHEMICAL COMPANY

916-932 ASHBY STREET, N.W., ATLANTA 18, GEORGIA · TRINITY 2-0721

March 31, 1959

Mr. Harold Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Harold:

It has been many years, as I recall, since I subscribed to New South. I do, however, every year make a contribution of $25.00 to the Southern Regional Council, and I would like to do so this year and in future years, so long as I am able.

PA

I do read New South and follow the activities of this fine organization, so by all means keep me on the mailing list.

Sincerely,

W. H. Frey (Bill)

W. H. Frey

WHF:mq

April 18, 1960

Mr. W. H. Frey
110 Blackland Drive, N. W.
Atlanta 5, Georgia

Dear Bill:

Many thanks for your annual contribution to SRC. We have no more faithful -- or more appreciated -- supporter.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Enclosure - 1. (Official receipt)

Mr. Harold Flemming

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Harold,
accept my annual contribution.

Please ~~enter my subscription to NEW SOUTH for one year~~. Enclosed is my check (or money order) for ~~$2.00.~~ $25.00

Sincerely,
Bill

CR 4/14/65
RHA

Name W. H. FREY

Street 110 BLACKLAND DR. N.W.

City ATLANTA Zone 5 State GA.

"One of the best sources for materials on the South today."

Current Events

* * * *

"*New South* . . . provides editors, students and public-minded citizens with timely, authentic information on developments in the South."

Avery County (N. C.) News

* * * *

"[The Council has] earned a reputation for sound, constructive research and publication of factual material."

Atlanta Constitution

* * * *

"The Council has put out a notable series of studies in Southern life and needs."

Christian Century

January 3, 1961

Mr. Martin Frost
Treasurer
National Federation of Temple Youth
915 Richmond
Columbia, Missouri

Dear Mr. Frost:

We are enclosing material which I believe will answer the questions in your letter of December 22. Please let us know if you need additional information or if we can otherwise be of help.

Please note our new address.

With best wishes for your project,

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA/mf
Enclosures - 2.

HCF

Dec. 22, 1960

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I'm Martin Frost, Treasurer of the National Federation of Temple Youth which is the youth arm of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations. One of our national projects this year is a "Fund for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties." We are encouraging our local youth groups to contribute to various organizations through this fund.

In order to give our members a better understanding of the organizations working in this field we are preparing a booklet describing about a dozen such groups. We would like to include the Southern Regional Council in this booklet.

If possible, we would appreciate the following information about your organization:

(1) a brief history
(2) statement of purpose or basic beliefs
(3) main projects, past and present

We feel that by presenting our groups with facts instead of just a list of names they will be able to judge more intelligently what organizations merit their aid.

I will be looking forward to hearing from your office in the near future. My address is:

Martin Frost
915 Richmond
Columbia, Mo.

Sincerely yours,

Martin Frost

Martin Frost
Treasurer, National Federation
of Temple Youth

ATLANTA CHAPTER
THE FRONTIERS OF AMERICA, INC.
A National Service Club

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
JESSE O. THOMAS
220 GRIFFIN STREET, N.W. ATLANTA 14, GEORGIA JAckson 5-2338

JESSE O. THOMAS
President
REV. PHENIZEE F. RANSOM
Vice President
M. R. AUSTELL
Executive Secretary
WILLIAM W. BENNETT
Recording Secretary
JEFFERSON BRYANT
Assistant Secretary
DR. R. A. BILLINGS
Treasurer
H. S. MURPHY
Chaplain

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

THE OFFICERS AND
DR. H. A. BOWEN
R. R. MOTEN
DR. X. L. NEAL

MEETINGS ON TUESDAY
5:00 - 6:30 P.M.
HOLIDAY ROOM
JOE'S COFFEE BAR
200 AUBURN AVE., N.E.
ATLANTA 3, GA.

Advancement

Through

Service

January 3rd, 1962.

Mr. Leslie Dunbar,
5 Forsyth Building,
Atlanta, Heorgia.

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Reference is made tothe unecpected Birth Day gift which we received on the occasion of my recent Birth Day dinner observance.

Its intrinsic value and serviceability were gratly enhanced by the congenial fellowship toward which you contributed so much.

Mrs. Thomas joins me in this expression of sincere appreciation and thanks.

Gratefully yours,

Jesse O. Thomas.

ATLANTA CHAPTER

THE FRONTIERS OF AMERICA, INC.

A National Service Club

JESSE O. THOMAS
President Emeritus
REV. PHENIZEE F. RANSOM
President
H. S. MURPHY
Vice President
M. R. AUSTELL
Executive Secretary
ATTY. JAMES W. HAWKINS
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HOLIDAY ROOM
JOE'S COFFEE BAR
200 AUBURN AVE., N.E.
ATLANTA 3, GA.

Advancement

Through

Service

August 6, 1963

Fed. employment
Z-6-3311
ex. 5794

Mr. Leslie Dunbar
Southern Regional Council Ind.
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

The contribution made by the Institution with which you are officially connected toward financing the study made under the auspices of the GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON EDUCATION OPPORTUNITIES, has culminated in an agreement to build a six million dollars intergrated Area Trade in the Atlanta Community.

At the time the project was initiated Yokefellow Jesse O. Thomas who became Chairman of the Conference, was president of the Atlanta Chapter of Frontiers of America.

In consideration of the above, the members of the Atlanta Chapter of Frontiers International, are extending you an invitation to be our Guest at our next regular meeting August the 13, 1963, at 6:00 O'clock P. M. You will not be called upon to make a speech.

In order that we might know that this letter has come to your attention a reply will be appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

P. F. Ransom Jr.

Rev. P. F. Ransom, Jr.

PFR:gj

Line replied by Telephone 8/12/63

October 28, 1964

Mrs. Phoebe Franklin
1585 W. Paces Ferry Road, N W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Phoebe:

I am enclosing an analysis, done shortly after the September 9 primary. You may find it interesting. It is my only copy, and so could you return it when convenient?

I don't believe anyone can prove anything from the returns; they are subject to several interpretations. My own interpretation, in the light of the second primary, is that Webb could not have won in a two man race.

There is probably something to the widely held supposition that Negro voters were confused by conflicting advice from their leaders and so stayed home. There was no such little better, still far below normal. The apparent truth is that the rank and file voters, white and Negro, were not remotely as interested in this race as we assumed they were. Such interest as was stirred came from Hollowell's candidacy. Without him, I suspect the turn out would have been even lower, and especially on the Negro side; and, because that is where Webb got nearly all his votes, he would have suffered most. The interest which Don generated carried over into the second primary, and a new factor was added; viz., campaigning by Pye's friends on the race issue, which

would in all likelihood have been injected into any two-man race Pye were in. Had Hollowell not been running, my guess is that the vote for Webb would have been in the precincts he could have carried, about what Weltner's vote was and that would not have been enough. Compare, e.g., the Weltner vote with the Hollowell and Webb votes in 3B, 3E, 3H, 3L, 7B, 7D. Webb was a pretty unstimulating fellow, however good a judge he might have been.

My further guess is that Webb lost whatever chance he may have had the day the Bar Association endorsed Pye. From that day on, no white voter had to believe anything he read or heard in the Constitution or in Webb's campaigning.

But as I said, the figures do not seem to me to prove anything, and your interpretation may well be sounder than mine. One fact does seem to me crystal clear, however. It is that the white voters who will vote right when a racial issue is presented are few and, for the present, getting relatively fewer. The kind of government which you and I are interested in depends on the Negro vote; whatever better fortune future elections may bring, we can't afford to forget that in the run off 4 of 5 white voters chose Pye, that he even carried every precinct in the 8th ward. To me this means that the "coalition" cannot endure unless the Northside recognizes where the voting power is, and the coalition becomes truly one in the process of selecting candidate as well as trying to elect them.

All the best,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:slw
Enclosure

Recd 11/2/64

LEV ✓
VI ✓
WB ✓
PW ✓
SW - file

October 30, 1964

Dear Les,

Thank you for sending me the very interesting material about the primary races. I enjoyed seeing it even though I don't think it either proved or disproved either of our theories.

As you know, I thought long and hard before deciding

who I would support in the Pye, Webb, Hollowell race. The main point on which I felt most strongly ~~about~~ for Hollowell was the point you mention—That if the Negroes and the Northside were to continue their "coalition" the Northside would have to consider the needs and desires of the Negro community in the selection of the candidates. Obviously, Hollowell, a well qualified candidate, would have been a good place to start. But, to me, as to most people who

even thought about the matter, beating Pye was the thing of paramount importance in this race, and I don't think Hollowell even considered that, or if he did, it was secondary.

However dull and uninteresting you consider Webb to be, you will have to admit it wouldn't have been very difficult to have mustered almost complete Negro community support behind any ~~lady~~ one person who could even conceivably have

been an improvement on Rye.
The Northside was, and probably
still is, simply unprepared
to support someone as
closely identified with the race
issue as Hollowell, and we
all might as well admit that
fact to ourselves. Most
Northsiders, other than lawyers
knew and cared very little about
the legal merits of Webb and Rye.
I think they, and perhaps even
the mystifying Bar Association
could have been persuaded

to support Webb, on the basis of his being more moderate on the race question and certainly more intelligent on legal questions, had Hollowell not been in the race. Frankly, I think the white community was just as confused as the Negro in this race.

Perhaps, I am very naive, but since your figures never compare the primary to the run-off, ~~and~~ until

someone proves me wrong I will continue to believe that if Hollowell had not been in the race Webb would have won.

Just for the record, I don't always, or even usually, care about supporting a "winner." I hope I have made myself clear, the reason I chose the course I did was because I didn't want to have to live with Pye as a judge for the next eight years and I'm sorry it will be that way.

Sincerely,
Phoebe Franklin

file
Fri gen.

January 28, 1966

Mrs. Virginia Frank
3320 "N" Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Ginna:

Thank you again for the good evening and the good meal in your lovely home. I hope you will have an opportunity soon for us to return the hospitality.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

May 27, 1969

Mr. R. Aaron Frier
Chesterfield Baptist Church
207 E. Main Street
Chesterfield, South Carolina 29709

Dear Mr. Frier:

Thank you for your expression of interest. I believe the best course for you would be to write to Mr. Paul Matthias, Executive Director, South Carolina Council on Human Relations, 1420 Lady Street, Columbia, South Carolina. Mr. Matthias is probably the most knowledgeable person in South Carolina on matters related to race and poverty. I believe he could be of help to you, and that the relationship would be mutually beneficial.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
cc: Mr. Paul Matthias

May 22, 1969

Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I have just looked through the book Still Hungry in America and am interested in getting involved. During the summer vacation from the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary I shall be youth leader at the Baptist church in a small S.C. town.

Please send me information and suggestions for projects that may be used to arouse our teen-agers, and through them the town, to the problem of poverty and hunger in our area.

What other agencies and groups in our state can we contact about related matters?

Many thanks for your consideration.

Cordially,

Aaron Frier

R. Aaron Frier
Chesterfield Baptist Church
207 E. Main Street
Chesterfield, S.C. 29709

August 12, 1969

Mrs. Helen Adams Friedman
607 Longwood Avenue
Glencoe, Illinois

Dear Helen:

I shall arrive on the 19th on Delta, flight #880 at 11:15 a.m. I have reservations on flight #445 returning on the 20th.

I look forward very much to seeing you.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

Separate mailing:

Still Hungry in America (hardback)
American Serfs, Paul Good
Volumes 1 and 2, SOUTH TODAY
The Will to Survive, Dunbar
John Willie Reed - Weltner
Ray Wheeler in New South before the Senate
sub-committee

August 26, 1969

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Friedman
607 Longwood Avenue
Glencoe, Illinois

Dear Helen and Harold:

It was wonderful to see you. Under separate cover I am sending you some of the things I promised.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

September 25, 1969

Janet,

I'm sorry I didn't pass this information on to you. The former Mrs. Paul Furman is now (as of August when we learned about it) Mrs. Harold Friedman. Mr. and Mrs. Friedman live at 607 Longwood Avenue, Glencoe, Illinois. I'm sure Paul would want ~~them~~ her and her new husband to get our materials.

1

September 30, 1969

Mrs. Harold Friedman
607 Longwood Avenue
Glencoe, Illinois

Dear Helen:

First of all, my sincere gratitude to you and Harold for the contribution to our Hunger Fund. In time I hope to distribute a report on how we are using those funds. To date, we have received about $10,000. This is, of course, a pitifully small amount and it is heartbreaking to get some of the requests and do so little about them. Nevertheless, I am encouraged by the fact that the assistance we are able to officer is more moral than physical.

I am happy to know you found the materials helpful. We only had a library copy of the Coles book, but have ordered one for Judy and will forward it soon.

You will see from the enclosed that I have taken the liberty of mentioning your name to Jeffrey Haas, a young lawyer who, with other young lawyers, has opened up a store-front law office. I do not know Jeff, but his father, Joseph Haas, is a good friend of mine and our legal counsel. Joe's uncle was our first counsel;

Joe took over on his uncle's retirement. If Jeff is one-half the lawyer that is father is, or one-half the man, he is worth looking at.

Our day of testimony was cancelled because of the death of Senator Dirksen. I am now scheduled to testify on October 8th.

My warmest regards to you both.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosure - 1.
Copy of PA's ltr to Mr. Jeffrey Haas dtd. 9/30/69 re: financial asst. for his Law office in Chicago.

February 11, 1970

Mr. John W. Francis
Special Assistant to the
President
California State Polytechnic
College
Kellogg-Voorhis
Pomona, California

Dear Mr. Francis:

Please forgive me this long delay in responding to your request for suggestions for Director of the Urban Affairs Center. I would like to suggest one person who might either be interested, or more likely to be in a position to suggest appropriate candidates. He is Dr. Anthony Cataneese, Professor, City Planning Department, Georgia Institute of Technology, 225 North Avenue, N. W., Atlanta, Georgia 30332.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA:js

CALIFORNIA STATE POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE

December 29, 1969

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Mr. Anthony:

This college has just established an Urban Affairs Center and is now searching for the individual to serve as its director. A primary responsibility for the director will be the development of curricular offerings in urban studies. We would also anticipate that he would bring to the college some experience in the development of urban-related project proposals that would receive a favorable response from public and private fund-granting organizations.

The enclosed position description describes the nature of the Center and the responsibilities of its director in some detail. We have selected February 15, 1970 as the date by which all potential candidates should have identified themselves and sent us all materials we would require for evaluation purposes. We will make a final determination on the directorship early next spring. We would anticipate that the individual selected would commence his duties on July 1, 1970; but earlier or later entry may be possible if special circumstances would so require.

We would appreciate any assistance you might give in helping us reach individuals who would match the criteria we have developed for the director of our Urban Affairs Center. Any inquiries in this regard should be directed to me in care of the Urban Affairs Center at this college.

Very truly yours,

John W. Francis

John W. Francis
Special Assistant to the President

Enclosure

CALIFORNIA STATE POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE
Kellogg-Voorhis
Pomona, California

POSITION DESCRIPTION: DIRECTOR OF THE URBAN AFFAIRS CENTER

I. FUNCTION

The Director of the Urban Affairs Center carries out the policies of the Board of Governors of the Center. He is responsible for directing the activities of the Center and for coordinating those activities with related on- and off-campus programs. He assists college administrators, faculty, and students in the formulation of urban focused programs.

II. MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS

A. Possession of an earned doctorate from an accredited college or university or equivalent professional experience.

B. Experience and other qualifications which would be recognized for appointment to a senior administrative position and to full professor rank in a recognized discipline in the college. Experience desirable in urban affairs concerns, including matters related to curriculum development, research studies, grant preparation and supervision, program development and budgeting, personnel administration and office management.

III. ANNUAL COMPENSATION

$18,288 to $22,236 for 12 months with one month vacation.

IV. RESPONSIBILITY AND AUTHORITY

The Director of the Urban Affairs Center is responsible for and has authority to accomplish the duties set forth below:

A. <u>Community Service</u>

1. Cooperate with local groups and governmental jurisdictions in the solution of community problems.

2. Maintain a repository for information on community affairs.

B. On-Campus Coordination

1. Serve as a coordinator of urban affairs activities on campus; resolve conflicts and channel responsibilities.

2. Serve as a clearinghouse of urban affairs information originating on campus or coming to the campus. Keep every department and faculty member interested in urban affairs informed on all such activities on campus.

3. Encourage and facilitate the exchange of ideas among campus urban specialists.

C. Education

1. Develop an elective specialization in urban affairs.

2. Assist in the training of professional personnel in urban affairs.

3. Vitalize existing teaching programs touching on urban affairs by providing and encouraging the use of new research findings in the classroom, and by exposing students to the on-going programs of the Center.

4. Develop continuing education programs and extended day courses in urban affairs for the benefit of practicing professionals and other interested citizens and community leaders.

D. Conferences

1. Coordinate Kellogg West conferences on urgent current problems.

2. Arrange seminars and workshops in specialty areas of urban affairs (urban sociology, urban planning, urban economics, etc.).

E. Research

1. Develop a variety of research projects involving urban affairs and explore interest and availability of faculty members to carry out these research programs on a multi-discipline basis whenever possible.

2. Make individual faculty members and departments aware of urban affairs research opportunities, and serve in a liaison capacity in bringing parties together and initiating such research projects.

F. Institutional Liaison

1. Participate as the Cal Poly representative on the Los Angeles Consortium.

2. Develop programs of mutual benefit to other institutions and Cal Poly. These could be conferences (e.g., the Annual Urban Problems Conference), faculty exchanges, guest speakers, and cooperative pacts.

3. Set up student exchanges and joint courses with other institutions.

4. Cooperate in mutually beneficial research ventures with other institutions.

V. RELATIONSHIPS

The Director of the Urban Affairs Center observes and conducts the following relationships:

A. Accounts for the fulfillment of his responsibilities to the Vice President for Academic Affairs.

B. Carries out the policies of the Center's Board of Governors.

C. Stimulates and encourages the development of a variety of programs in the broad area of urban affairs between interested students, faculty, and departments.

D. Facilitates the activities of students and faculty engaged in urban projects.

E. Acts as liaison and coordinator between organizations, individuals, and groups concerned with urban affairs when called upon to serve in this capacity.

file "Fr" - gen. corresp. [Possibly 1966 or 70's]

LWD ✓
PWL ✓
PA ✓
ML ✓
BP
MJ - file

Friends of Freedomways
23 West 26th Street,
New York City

Dear Sir:

We are writing to you to express our appreciation for your continued support of our magazine through your yearly subscription. It is through subscriptions such as yours that "Freedomways" is enabled to continue publication as a voice of the Negro freedom movement in this country. At this time of great change and progress for the millions of Negroes in the United States, "Freedomways," we believe, has a message for those Americans, who are seeking higher education and through it, a greater understanding of the social revolution of our time.

As you undoubtedly are aware, racist critics of our magazine have recently sought to smear this voice of the freedom movement by ill-advised, red-baiting attacks. Their criticism of our Managing Editor, ESTHER JACKSON, because she is the wife of the Communist Party spokesman and "Worker" Editor, JAMES JACKSON, is shameful. Their attack of the magazine because JACK O'DELL is a member of its staff and a frequent contributor is based upon Southern newspaper accounts of his dismissal by MARTIN LUTHER KING for non-proven past Communist activity and nothing more. Accusations of past Communist affiliations on the part of Miss BURNHAM, Mrs. BURROUGHS and Mr. HUNTON are typical of rightist hysteria.

Your faith and support, in the face of such unseemly attacks, is deeply appreciated. We will, on our part, continue to present a fresh insight into the methods, activities and progress of the Negro revolution.

Sincerely yours,

Louis Burns

Louis Burns
Friends of Freedomways

February 11, '34

Dear Miss Dolan,

Nice to know about the new Friendship House. I've had the Washington one on my list to visit, and will get there, and to yours in Shreveport. Meanwhile we share admiration for Father Gremillion, and I am sure for mutual friends at Loveland, Ohio. Miss Wilson, who did so much to put through the Shreveport Survey, knows us and is our friend.

I can and do send you New South for the last year. It's only a dollar and a half a year, so why not send in a sub, and we can send it right along.

Meanwhile, do note particularly the Questions and Answers and the Check-List pamphlets; both mighty usable for local interracial discussion groups, which with Q and A develop the issues, and with the Check-List find the facts. But the survey has aleady found the facts for your own city, so you are ahead by that much!

I don'T know when I'll come; mostly I have to get tickets bought to get places (!), but some day I'll be along. And if you are hereabouts, do come to see us.

Warmly,

George S. Mitchell

February 8, 1954

Mr. George Mitchell
The New South
63 Auburn Av. NE
Atlanta 3 Ga.

Dear Mr. Mitchell,

Enclosed is a press release which you may wish to use in your publication. We would appreciate any publicity you are able to give.

We are also wondering how Friendship House of Shreveport might work with the Southern Regional Council. Wherever a Friendship House is located, we work with other organizations interested in better race relations. Do you have organizational memberships? Existing as we do on donations, we may find dues a problem, but if we could have the information, we will see what we can do.

I have seen a few issues of "The New South" and would like to receive it for our library. We try to have as much information as possible available at Friendship House.

If you ever come to Shreveport, we would be glad to have you tell about the work of the Southern Regional Council at one of our meetings, if that can be arranged. At any rate we would like for you to visit our center and discuss our mutual problems.

Sincerely,

Mary Dolan

For FRIENDSHIP HOUSE

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam St., Shreveport, La.

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

SHREVEPORT, LA.--With a series of weekly discussions the fifth Friendship House in the United States will open activities Thursday, February 11, at the new interracial center, 1525 Milam street, Miss Anne Foley, director, announced today.

"Friendship House is working for understanding between Negroes and whites," Miss Foley said, "and for just and reasonable solutions to problems of segregation and discrimination."

Started in Harlem 16 years ago, other Friendship Houses are located in New York City, Washington, D.C., Chicago, and Portland, Oregon. The centers--open to all races and creeds--carry on educational work, recreational activities, and material assistance programs, as well as working to change attitudes, laws, and customs.

Friendship Houses are maintained by donations and are staffed by Catholic lay men and women, Negro and white, who work without salary and live in the Negro neighborhood where the centers are located.

Miss Foley, former director of the Harlem Friendship House, heads the staff of the Shreveport house. Other workers are Miss Mary Dolan, formerly of Chicago Friendship House, and Lawrence Fausback, formerly of Washington, D.C. Friendship House (known as St. Peter Claver Center).

February discussions at the Shreveport Friendship House will cover the topics "Friendship House and Interracial Work in Shreveport," "Natural and Religious Bases of Unity," "Viewpoints--What is My Attitude?" Panel speakers will be white and Negro residents of Shreveport and the Friendship House staff. Another series is planned for March.

###

July 27, 1954

Miss Anne Foley
Friendship House
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

Dear Anne Foley:

I had promised to be at Mineral Wells, Texas, December 5th through the 10th for a workers education session put on by the A.F. of L. in the Southwestern states.

I have written to my own Southern Regional Council people in Texas and told them I would be out there that week and would be glad to meet with any of them before the Mineral Wells week or afterwards. They haven't yet replied, quite naturally, and if I locked with you a Shreveport stop before or after that could be worked out with my SRC people in Texas. If you do want me to stop, let me know. It wouldn't cost anything except what I might eat up and sleep on in Shreveport.

Unfortunately, that is the earliest trip I know of to your area. But it is altogether likely that I will be out that way to Arkansas or Mississippi before then, and if I do get called over in that direction I will let you know as soon ahead of time as I can.

Meanwhile, here's a good new pamphlet we have just done. I should think it would be helpful to you for local discussion groups at $.20 apiece and $15.00 a hundred. But if a hundred is too many I could get you fifty at $7.50 plus postage.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Answers for Action sent under separate cover

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, La.
Phone 5-1081

July 24, 1954

Dear Mr. Mitchell,

We heard that you were in Dallas for the NAACP Convention and we are sorry that we did not realize that you would be there.

We look forward very much to having you visit us in Shreveport and to talk at one of our forums. Do you expect to be in this neighborhood again in the next few months? We could take care of your transportation for a few hundred miles.

If you are going to be , will you be willing to come to Shreveport and will you let us know so that we can be sure to fit you into the program and to make necessary plans.

Naturally the hottest topic these days is schools. Nothing positive has been done here. We have some hopes of doing something and we would be interested in talking with you and getting your ideas.

We look forward to hearing from you soon.

Sincerely yours,

Anne Foley

Anne Foley

P.S. If you will be around in August, will you let us know within the week?

RECEIVED
July 27 1954
Southern Regional Council

Recd

August 26, 1954

Dictated August 24

Miss Anne Foley
Friendship House
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

Dear Anne Foley:

I have misplaced somewhere in the stack the letter saying how I should come on into Shreveport to or from Mineral Wells. I think the best plan will be for me to get to Shreveport as early as I can Friday morning, December 3. I will then get myself on to Mineral Wells Friday night or Saturday, or even Sunday. I have to be at Mineral Wells from Sunday afternoon, December 5, through December 10.

If for some reason it would suit you better for me to be at Shreveport about the 13th, I could still do that. But I reckon it is better to lock it for Shreveport on the out run.

Nobody has to lay themselves out to entertain me. I will just stroll in and have some time during the day to see what is going on. I would like, also, to see Elsie Wilson at the Council of Social Agencies.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

September 9, 1954

Mary Dolan
Friendship House
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

Dear Mary Dolan:

I'll get there, one way or another, by 4:00 p.m., Friday, December 3. Am at the service of Friendship House that p.m. and evening, and as much of Saturday as you can stand me around.

Sorry not to be there for Thursday, the regular Forum night, but would have to be out too long.

Warmly,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana
Phone 51081

August 31, 1954

RECEIVED
Sept 3, 1954
Southern Regional Council

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Mitchell,

Your letter came just as Anne Foley was leaving on vacation so she asked me to answer for her.

We agree that your stopping here on your way to Mineral Wells would be best. By the time you are returning, it will be too near Christmas, I think, to try to plan meetings.

If you could manage to get to Shreveport by 8 P.M. Thursday, December 2, we would prefer it as Thursday is our regular Forum night. However, if that is inconvenient, we will plan our Forum of that week for Friday, December 3.

We will be happy to have you come as early as you can and stay as long as you can. As of now we will plan on your being here December 3 add 4. Father Gremillion has been in Europe since early June, but he is due to return shortly. After he gets back and Anne returns (the end of September), we will get busy on planning. We will check with Mrs. Wilson, too. She may have some people for you to meet also.

Whenever your plans are settled, you can let us know when to expect you, the 2nd or 3rd. We are looking forward to having you.

Sincerely,

Mary Dolan
for FRIENDSHIP HOUSE

November 23, 1954

Mary Dolan
Friendship House
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

Dear Mary Dolan:

Thanks for your letter of November 17th.

By present plans I will leave Atlanta by Delta Air Lines at 8:40 a.m. Friday December 3, and arrive at Shreveport at 11:45 that morning.

I should leave Shreveport at noon either on the following Saturday or Sunday going on toward Dallas and Mineral Wells, Texas.

If you will find me a place to sleep for Friday night, I will be grateful. Somebody's home or hotel -- either way.

For a title, how about "Next Steps About the Schools," or "Towards School Integration," or "The Past, Present, and Future of the Southern School System"?

Or, if you want a vaguer one, think it up and put it on.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana
Phone 51081

RECEIVED
11/19/54
Southern Regional Council

November 17, 1954

Dear Mr. Mitchell,

You can see that I'm still a Yankee--I expect cold weather to warn me that December is approaching. And here it is balmy and warm...and December 3rd is only two weeks away.

Anne Foley got herself elected National Director of Friendship House a few weeks ago, so I am trying to carry on in her place.

I don't know whether she asked you to speak on a specific subject. Since I don't know, I will leave it up to you--anything goes. I suppose Schools are "the thing", but perhaps you would rather not make that your only--or even, chief--point of attack. If you have any preference as to a title for your talk or what we should say about the talk in our monthly program announcement, I would welcome any suggestions. (We'll be getting it out in a week or 10 days.) If I don't hear from you, I'll go ahead with some sort of vague general title...and you can develop it as you like.

I haven't had any luck contacting Mrs. Wilson. First it was the United Fund drive and now she is ill. But her secretary assures me that she is not avoiding me! (One gets sensitive in this business.) At any rate, I have told Mrs. Wilson you are coming. Perhaps you will want to write her.

I had hopes for help from her in either "drumming up business" for your talk here, or getting together a group to meet with you Saturday at her office or here. Perhaps we still can do that.

JR
CHP
Tr Jr

The enclosed copy of my letter to Paul O'Brien is also an attempt to arouse interest in other than the F.H. quarters. Mr. O'Brien was head of the Shreveport Survey committee, and is head of the Interracial Committee which was to implement the findings of the Survey. They haven't done much, if you'll pardon the expression, that I can see. I am hoping a session with you might stimulate some new interest and activity. So I'm hoping to hear on it.

And if all else fails, we will certainly enjoy having you here.

Sincerely,

Mary Dolan

November 16, 1954

Mr. Paul O'Brien
2720 Fairfield
Shreveport, La.

Dear Mr. O'Brien,

Mr. George S. Mitchell, executive-director of the Southern Regional Council, will be in Shreveport Friday, December 3, to give a talk at Friendship House at 8 P.M. I know youare familiar with the find work of the Southern Regional Council.

It occurred to me that the Interracial Committee might like to meet with Mr. Mitchell. Mr. Mitchell will be staying over Saturday, December 4.

If we can help in any way to work out plans for such a meeting, please call on us. You would be welcome to use the facilities of Friendship House.forfsyoh prefer to make other arrangements and would like to contact Mr. Mitchell directly, his address is: Southern Regional Council, Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue NE, Atlanta 3 Georgia.

Cordially,

Director
FRIENDSHIP HOUSE

CC: Mr. Mitchell

December 13, 1954

Miss Mary Dolan
Friendship House
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

Dear Mary Dolan:

I am only back today from all the wandering around. Pleasant enough journey to Mineral Wells. Great barn of a hotel there with forty-eight A. F. of L. guys to be instructed for a week. Such schools end with a chance for the taught to get back at the teacher. All anonymous slips. One man, by way of evaluation of what I spread on him in the way of civil rights said "subject was distasteful, but man taught the truth, so I reckon it is all right." Safely home.

You and all the staff at Friendship House and your wide circle of friends were as kind to me as could be, and I greatly enjoyed the whole stop. So nice to find firm purpose!

Never be discouraged. The friendships that we know today will be everyone's habit tomorrow. And the day will come the quicker for what Friendship House does in Shreveport. I suppose I see in this office fifteen or twenty admirable young women a year who would dearly like to do what you do and can't find a way to do it. So rejoice that a coveted opportunity is yours.

Do make a friend of Mr. Vigo. And if this office over here can ever help you in any way, we want to.

Appreciatively,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encl - ltr to Mr. and Mrs. Daniels
to be forwarded.

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana
Phone 51081

Encouragement
RECEIVED 11/29/54
Southern Regional Council

November 26, 1954

Dear Mr. Mitchell,

I hear you've been hobnobbing with my former boss and Maggie Garrity.

The above is a typical Shreveport comment--what a shock I got from this town, after living in a city like Chicago! Here people know what you're doing practically before you've done it. In Chicago, no one paid any mind. Kind of cold and impersonal--but also gives a feeling of freedom that is pleasant in its way.

Pardon my rambling. What I'm really writing about is, so far no luck on interesting Mr. O'Brien or Mrs. Wilson in any meetings. It's possible something might develop even now...but I'm going ahead to plan otherwise. Whites around here are really refusing to stick their necks out. Of course, Friendship House is a very radical group to many people. Much more so than SRC, for example. So I suppose we've put the kiss of death on you for certain people in town.

However there are Negroes who are interested. The young Negro dentist who will chair the Friday night meeting (Dr. C.O.Simpkins--he said he met you in Dallas last summer--at the NAACP convention perhaps?) is interested in getting a group together. But Saturday is pretty nearly impossible during the day. He wondered whether you could attend a Saturday night meeting. We would be glad to have you overnight Saturday, too. Or there's a train at 3:25 or 3:55 a.m. (an ungodly hour to leave). You said you would stay Saturday as much as we could stand you! But maybe this is overdoing it. I would appreciate it if you could let me know--postcard will do--so Cuth (Dr. Simpkins) will know whether to gather a group.

Either Saturday afternoon or morning (and possibly both) we will have some school people (teachers, mostly) to meet with you. I am not too optomistic, but even half a dozen of a dozen people would be worth the effort, I think.

Anne Foley assures me you have lots of good ideas, so I am planning on plying you with lots of questions between other events. If we get too demanding, you are to feel free to tell us to "let up."

Cordially,

Mary Wolcott

December 20, 1954

Miss Mary Dolan
Friendship House
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

Dear Mary Dolan:

Many thanks for your nice letter.

I will remember.

I send, separately, the two pamphlets.

Let me know what happens on the make-the-stores-behave project.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Under Separate Cover: Race and Law Enforcement
Race in the News

RECEIVED
12/20/54
Southern Regional Council

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam Street, Shreveport, La.
5-1081

December 15, 1954

Dear Mr. Mitchell,

You embarass me by writing before I have even thanked you for your visit with us. I put off doing it right away, as I knew you were away from Atlanta...and then of course, it just doesn't get done.

I guess you know how much we appreciated your coming to Shreveport, the excellent talk at our Forum, as well as the many other "deals" we got you involved in. And your kind words, both while you were here and in your letter, are most welcome! I am not sure that I will be able to live up to your commandment: Never be discouraged. I know you are right--moral rightness in this matter is our only justification for being. And with God on our side, we deny hope if we are discouraged. So I will try to follow your advice. How right you are that it is a coveted opportunity!

I can't help thinking about these 15 or 20 young women. Some, no doubt, have obligations which would prevent their working at Friendship House, even for a few weeks or months. But perhaps there are some who would like to do that? Just in case, I am enclosing our staffworker pamphlet...the permanent, full-time workers are Catholics (although exceptions have been made a few times in the past). But we also have a "category" of workers, "Visiting Volunteers," who live the life of staffworkers but only on a temporary basis (up to 3 months; occasionally exceptions are made to permit someone to stay longer)...non-Catholics are welcome. If you know anyone who might be interested, please pass the pamphlet along, or write us for another copy. And we would be glad to answer any further questions about the work.

P.S. We are still looking for the pamphlets on police treatment and newspapers — whenever handy — would you send them? M —

I had meant to send you the Staffworker pamphlet anyhow as I thogght you would find it interesting. And I intend to write Mr. Vigo today --this is my Anti-Procrastination Day! (I have forwarded the letter to Joe and Ethel Daniel--their address is 605 Delaware if you want it for future reference.)

I loved your student's comment. Wonderful that he could recognize the truth of your teaching. That's a tribute to you--and a most deserved one.

Again our thanks to you. And a special Christmas greeting, and best wishes for the New Year. You can be sure that you and those dear to you have a remembrance in our prayers.

Gratefully,

Mary Dolan

Friendship House Staff Workers

COME·FOLLOW·ME

Ade Bethune

Nihil Obstat
John Tracy Ellis
Censor Librorum

Imprimatur
Patrick A. O'Boyle
Archbishop of Washington

Friendship House Staff Workers

What Is Friendship House?

This will answer only a few basic questions about Friendship House. Its real aim is to acquaint our fellow Americans with what is expected of F.H. staff workers.

Friendship House began its effort for unity and justice among all of God's people regardless of their race or color, when, in 1938, Baroness Catherine de Hueck (now Mrs. Eddie Doherty) opened the first house in Harlem in New York City. Since then other houses have opened in several cities, where for the love of God small groups of people are trying to build a world more pleasing to God.

Friendship House is more than a building found in a run-down section of an American city. Friendship House is

a movement. It exists to change people's minds and hearts. It feels the supreme importance of such an effort, for as the late Cardinal Emmanuel Suhard puts it:

"The first apostolate, at the present cross-roads, is in the field of thought."

Friendship House is a Catholic lay apostolate. It is another of the groups of people who have joined together to help bring a renewal of the Christian spirit within some phase of human life. Thus there is the Christian Family Movement which is dedicated to making the family a place of Christ-like living. There are the Young Christian Workers who are devoted to Christianizing the work environment and life of men and women. There are the Young Christian Students who are striving to have our schools penetrated with the mind and heart of Christ. And, as a last example, there is the apostolate of the press which is devoted to having the printed work reflect Christian ideas and ideals.

The following characteristics of Friendship House taken together will distinguish it from any other apostolate group in the country. Friendship House is interested in the Christianization of the whole of society and is particularly working for interracial justice, since racial prejudice, hatred, and discrimination are such glaring evils here in the United States. It is the policy of Friendship House workers to live with the people they are trying to serve—interracial houses are established in areas where segregation or serious racial tension prevail. At the core of Friendship House are its staff workers who devote them-

selves full time and without salary to the work of Friendship House.

Friendship House exists to challenge the ideas and attitudes which lead to interracial injustice and violence. It promotes peace and justice by applying the social teachings of the Church. It demonstrates that the love and spirit of Jesus Christ do break down barriers and create and intensify human solidarity.

Who runs Friendship House?

The responsibility for Friendship House rests on the shoulders of Catholic laymen and women. That laymen and women should take such responsibility for Christ's work on their shoulders is nothing new. Nor it is new that the Popes and Bishops should allow—even want and command—lay people to exercise responsibility for some of the Church's work. The sad fact is that too many laymen for too long have failed to measure up to their job.

In our days the calls to action given to the laity have come with great frequency and insistence from the Holy Father. All of them have been calls to communicate the love of God to all areas of human life. This is the first meaning of the work of Friendship House.

In making this our basic purpose we are living up to what Cardinal Suhard has said: "The action of the Christian . . . is essentially a Divine work. It is the charity of God communicating itself

to the world through Christ and His Church. To be an apostle is therefore to open oneself to the gift of God in order to be able . . . to communicate it to the world."

Must a Friendship House staff worker be a Catholic?

The daily community life of Friendship House makes it necessary that one be a Catholic in order to become a full-time staff worker. This does not mean that the progress of Friendship House is for Catholics only. Friendship House encourages the participation of all persons of good will as volunteer workers in its activities, and cooperates actively with Catholic and other religious or civic groups working in the field of human relations and social justice.

Is Friendship House directly concerned with the spiritual growth of the staff workers?

"One cannot give what one does not have." Therefore it is fundamental that staff workers, in trying to bring the spirit of Christ to the relations between Negroes and whites, must constantly strive to come closer to Jesus Christ.

Pius XI said: "Every lasting reform has ultimately sprung from the sanctity of men who were driven by the love of God and of men."

The life and work of a F.H. staff worker should be the expression of his

love for Christ. This love of Christ is sustained and deepened by daily prayer and meditation, the daily offering of Mass, spiritual reading, and spiritual direction.

The staff worker has the opportunity to receive Holy Communion every day. Clearly as Father Wendell, O.P., explains: "The lay apostle needs spiritual food and stamina." And with Father Wendell we ask: "What better way to obtain it than by partaking of the Bread of Life, every day if possible?"

Is Friendship House like a religious community?

Friendship House is not a community of Religious. For we are and want to remain lay people.

But Friendship House is a religious community, a community living our religion together. Members of the staff do live a family life—eating together, praying together, working together. Each staff worker is committed to caring for the family life, persevering in Charity, and sacrificing for the common good.

The corporate, public prayer of the Church is part of the daily life of the House. Together the staff praise God, through Prime in the morning and Compline at night.

Is the staff worker's life a vocation?

Cardinal Spellman has said that "vocations are not for the few but for the many."

Father William O'Connor in writing of the laymen's call explains that "every Catholic has a special work to do for God, has a vocation to extend the Kingdom of God in his own world."

Staff workers accept the life of Friendship House as a work done for God, as a vocation. They come to Friendship House because God wants them there. They come to stay as long as He wants. There is a kind of dedication necessary, an earnestness in doing God's will, a resolve to persevere.

The dedication to the work as God's work is accomplished without relinquishing the right to move somewhere else, to undertake some other work, to be married or to become a religious. It means that what is taken up for God is not lightly relinquished, that any change is entered upon only when it, too, is seen to be God's will.

What dedication means to a staff worker's attitudes is described aptly by Catherine de Hueck Doherty:

"Being in Friendship House is like finding one's self inside a room with many doors. The doors are all closed. One door leads back to the old job; one to a new job; one to marriage; one to the convent, monastery, or priesthood; one to another lay apostolate. For the staff worker, his vocation consists in staying **inside** that room, and leaving the opening of one of those doors up to the Holy Spirit."

From the beginning, Friendship House and a staff worker enter into a relationship of love and trust towards each other. Neither side breaks off this relationship except for serious reasons and then only after sufficient notice. For a staff worker "sufficient notice" means at least a month; for a staff worker still in the probationary period it means at least a week.

Do staff workers take vows?

Vows are not required in Friendship House. However, by the very act of joining the staff, staff workers accept life among the poor and under obedience to the spirit and constitution of Friendship House.

What does the spirit of poverty mean in Friendship House?

It means, first of all, that staff workers agree to work without a salary. But this is only a step toward the goal. The goal is a love for being poor and for being dependent on the Providence of God.

Because Friendship House has no regular income or means of support, staff workers trust the personal care of God for their own necessities and for the material goods which they need for their work. "God does provide" is Friendship House's charter.

Staff workers receive a small allowance for personal necessities, carfare

and recreation. At present this is six dollars a month. There are times when even that money is not available, when rent and food bills have to take precedence over allowance.

What is the reason for this poverty in Friendship House?

Friendship House believes that the spirit of poverty is a direct challenge to the materialistic spirit of the modern world. Poverty brings the staff worker close to God's poor. Even then our poverty does not bring us close enough, for in Friendship House poverty is something voluntary, whereas among our neighbors it is often something involuntary, frustrating, and bitter.

The involuntary poverty of our age is a matter which Christians must challenge and correct. We believe that our voluntary poverty fits us to do it. Even while we try to do it we share the burden of the poor.

We would like to see all our neighbors have a certain "modest fortune." Then they could be poor voluntarily. Then they could share with us the freedom of the poor.

Do staff workers give everything away?

Staff workers need not relinquish all their personal belongings when they join Friendship House. They are asked to

give up the use of any money they possess while they are in Friendship House. Allowances and necessities may be drawn from private income, should the staff worker desire to help in carrying a responsibility which belongs to Friendship House.

The tradition prevails that the "lay apostle travels light." A staff worker soon finds that many of his personal possessions, considered indispensable to his former life, become excess baggage in Friendship House.

What about the staff worker's health?

Friendship House accepts the responsibility of providing for the health of the staff workers. Every effort is made to provide a diet, which, while not choice, is sufficient, well-balanced, and appetizing. The staff workers aim, on the other hand, at accepting cheerfully what is set before them.

Staff workers are given a physical checkup once a year, and the house is responsible to the members of the "family" for sickness and dental care.

What do staff workers wear?

Staff workers are requested to bring clothing with them, sufficient to last six months, if possible. When clothing wears out it can be replaced from the clothing room maintained for neighborhood fam-

ilies and jobless men who cannot afford to buy sufficient clothing.

In acquiring clothes from the clothing room, the **spirit** of poverty is again important. It would be a violation of this spirit to take more than is actually needed.

Where do staff workers live?

At the house or in rooms rented in the neighborhood, usually with Negro families. Because of high rents two or more staff workers may live together. Even though a staff worker's family may live in the same city, it is desirable that the staff worker live within the Friendship House neighborhood.

What kind of obedience is expected in Friendship House?

Obedience to the spirit and purpose of Friendship House. Obedience to the Bishop of the diocese and to the chaplain who represents him. Obedience to the director of the House who is primarily responsible for establishing and coordinating the activities of the House.

Obedience that is supernatural. Obedience that accepts authority as coming from God and expressing His will. Obedience that is infused with love for God and love for the community.

Obedience which is the obedience of adults, and not of children. Obedience

which expects staff workers as adults to contribute initiative and active intelligence to the understandings of the house.

Must staff workers accept transfers?

Although anyone wanting to join the staff may apply to the house he chooses, he must be willing to accept transfers to other houses or new houses if and when circumstances demand it. A staff worker in the face of a transfer which for good reasons he feels he should not accept may make an appeal for a judgment to the chaplain or to the national director.

What do staff workers do for recreation?

In the free time allotted, a staff worker is at liberty to select his own type of recreation. It ought to be of a type that will enable him to return to his work with renewed vigor.

Most cities have many recreational facilities open to the public. Friendship House allows a yearly vacation of one month for staff workers and six weeks for directors, the details being worked out by each house.

What kind of work are staff workers called upon to do?

There is a great variety of jobs to be done in Friendship House—such as cooking, cleaning and maintenance of the house, library work, office work of all

kinds, writing, lecturing, recreational work with children and adults, social action, family service. Usually there are a number of departments in Friendship House, each of which has a staff worker in charge. An attempt is made to arrange the work in such a way that each worker has a share of both physical and mental labor. The staff worker accepts whatever work the director thinks he or she should do for the common good of Friendship House.

Do staff workers need a college degree?

No special training is required to become a staff worker. Those who have special training or talents usually find good use for them in Friendship House. A month's course of preliminary information on Friendship House, its way of life, the importance of the liturgy and the program of the Church on social questions, especially the interracial one, is given to every prospective staff worker as soon as possible after he begins his probationary period.

Classes in theology for lay people, study weeks, days of recollection and a yearly retreat, open forums, and panel discussions are a part of the staff worker's "on the job" training.

What qualities are necessary in a Friendship House staff worker?

The prospective staff worker must have good physical and mental health

and above all must be motivated by the love of God and neighbor. He or she should be adaptable to changing situations, capable of accepting responsibility and willing to learn new methods. A sense of humor, strong faith, and patience are very important.

How do you go about joining the staff?

Single Catholic men and women between the ages of twenty and thirty-five may apply to the house of their choice or to the national director. A personal interview with the director and the chaplain is preferable to a written application. Before being accepted as a probationer, the prospective staff worker must present a record of satisfactory health and dental check-up, his baptismal certificate and a letter of recommendation from his confessor or parish priest.

Probationary periods begin October 1st and April 1st of each year. Prospective applicants should make application in advance of these dates. Anyone who has further questions to ask (or would like more specific answers than this pamphlet contains) is invited to visit one of the houses and talk to the director and staff workers, or may write to the national director or a local house for more detailed information.

For further information or to apply to become a Friendship House Staff Worker, please write, or come in person, to the director of one of the following Friendship Houses:

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE OF HARLEM
34 W. 135th Street—Box 16
New York 37, N. Y.

CHICAGO FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
4233 S. Indiana Avenue
Chicago 15, Illinois

ST. PETER CLAVER CENTER
814 7th St, S.W.
WASHINGTON 4, D. C.

BLESSED MARTIN
FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
3310 N. Williams Ave.
Portland 12, Oregon

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana
Phone 51081

February 8, 1955

Dictated February 7th

Miss Mary Dolan
Friendship House
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

Dear Mary Dolan:

Very nice to get back from a week of being at Virginia and Washington and Detroit and finding your letter of January 28th. Meanwhile, in the Washington visit I made another X-mark on my private list for St. Peter's Claver House. There I found one of your friends busy above a great pot of kale, and a hungry, shivery, crowd on the sidewalk wishing the time for dinner would come.

Portland, Oregon I will never get to, but Chicago I should. Where are they in Chicago?

Most interesting minutes of the Stores Committee meeting. I do think that they could get somewhere if they would put the rules out in print.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Dictated by Dr. Mitchell/signed in his absence.

FEB 1 1955

SAINT ANTHONY'S BOOK STORE
"The Catholic Information Center"
616 TRAVIS STREET PHONE 3-2034
SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam
Shreveport, La.
January 28, 1955

Dear Dr. Mitchell,

I'm "holding the fort" here for a friend - not much business so it's a chance to write some long-overdue letters.

Glad you enjoyed the article in the Catholic Interracialist. (Isn't that a terrible name?- It will be changed in a few months - at least that's the plan.) And I'm enclosing notes from the Stores Committee meeting which you attended. The regular monthly meeting two days later (Dec. 6), was all agog about it — and all for getting the brochure done and into the hands of storeowners before Christmas! Of course, it didn't get done — and only three people showed for the regular meeting in January. So at the moment, we are in need of ~~kind of~~ re-gathering our forces and digging in again. I'll keep you posted.

I attended the meeting in New Orleans January 11 with Mrs. Hamilton from your office. Quite a lady! I was interested in the well-worked-out "Criteria for Evaluating Programs." Friendship House needs to do more putting down on paper such ideas about its programs.

Last night we had an exciting Forum - exciting in the good sense. Commissioner of Public Safety Downs and Chief of Police Teasley spoke - and the whole thing went wonderfully well. We were impressed with their sincerity and manner of handling themselves before such an audience - and I feel sure they were impressed by the interest and

cooperative attitude of the interracial audience. (About 75 people) At the very least, by their appearance, they "committed" themselves to a degree.

I've thought many times of your kind letter after your visit with us. Particularly your advice — never be discouraged — and the reminder that I should be grateful that I am able to work at a place like Friendship House. I needed both, more than you could know — though you evidently sensed the need. Your encouragement means a great deal to all of us.

I am glad you got to know the New York crew — and remember, there's Chicago, D.C., and Portland, Oregon — with wonderful people everywhere. Ours is the fanciest physical set-up, a fact which makes us a bit embarassed at times — but we know there is a danger, too, of loving the "glamour" of poverty rather than the Spirit.

Many thanks for all your helps to us. You may be sure you will be hearing from us again.

Sincerely,

Mary

Please excuse this messy writing — no typewriter here.

COMMITTEE ON STORES Minutes of
Special Meeting with GEORGE S. MITCHELL
Dec. 4, 1954, at Mrs. O.S.Simpkins' home

PRESENT: Mrs. Bryant, Mrs. Dickson, Mrs. Flynn, Mrs. Jameson, Mrs. McDonald, Mrs. Rachal, Mrs. C.O.Simpkins, Mrs. O.S.Simpkins, Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Wright, Miss Zdunich.

The meeting opened with Mrs. Simpkins asking whether anyone had been to Selbers since the interview of November 2. Miss Zdunich said that Mrs. Allen had, and she could NOT try on hats.

General discussion of recent indidents in local stores followed. Mrs. Rachal mentioned that Mrs. Amos Wilson had been treated rudely by a clerk in Sears and had complained to the manager. Mrs. Wright also had had a bad experience with a clerk in Sears until the manager of the department (draperies) came in and corrected the clerk. Mrs. McDonald reported that Mrs. Roque recently wanted to try on a dress in Better Dresses at Hearnes; she was told she would have to have a charge account if she wanted to try one on. Mrs. Flynn said that she had understood negroes could not get charge accounts at Hearnes. Five years ago she was told, "We just don't want colored charge accounts." One of the Hearne family who knew her told the person who said this: "Give Beatrice an account if she wants it," but she did not accept one under such terms. Mrs. Wright said she had no difficulty about trying hats in the usual place for all customers at Hearnes. She had tried on hats there a few weeks ago, and also a year or more ago.

Mrs. Wallace reported that she had not been able to get an appointment at Goldrings. She said she would try to do so again on Monday morning.

Mrs. O.S.Simpkins reported on the <u>interview with Hearnes several weeks ago</u>:

> Mrs. Jarrett made an appointment with George Hearne, Jr., and she and Mrs. Simpkins called at the appointed time. Mr. Hearne was extremely rude; he refused to acknowledge Mrs. Simpkins' presence in any way. "I am not discussing Hearnes' policy with you," he told Mrs. Jarrett. When she mentioned that one complaint was that negro customers were not allowed to try on dresses in the Better Dress Department, he said: "I'll take you over there right now, and you can try them on." She explained that this would not solve the problem; they preferred to know whether it was Hearnes' policy to discourage negro customers in this way, or was it the saleslady's personal choice. "We leave it up to the saleslady," he said. He also mentioned that "we give charge accounts to people only if they own property," and "People come in here because we have what they want," inferring that Hearnes was not seeking customers, but rather that customers sought them.

Mrs. Wallace said she had talked to Mrs. Ringgold of Baton Rouge about the campaign there on stores. Mrs. Ringgold said that they used different methods of contacting store managers for interviews. Sometimes they made an appointment, and sometimes they just "happened" to be in the store and call on the manager. They had found the second method worked better. "What would they do if they were treated as we were at Hearnes?" Mrs. Simpkins asked. They continued to call on managers, Mrs. Wallace said; sometimes it took four or five visits before they had a satisfactory interview.

Mrs. Simpkins suggested as a next step on Hearnes that the committee members find out what negroes had charge accounts at Hearnes and get them to close their accounts if they were refused the right to try on any merchandise, explaining that this was the reason for closing the account.

Mrs. McDonald told of an incident that happened some years ago. Mr. Lowe had been fired by the Times and replaced by a white man. Mrs. McDonald's cousin was here at the time, and he took it upon himself to go door-to-door in Mr.Lowe's territory, asking Times subscribers to cancel. 500 cancellations and the next day Mr.Lowe was back at work. Another member mentioned that at present in New Orleans 200 teachers have cancelled subs to Times-Picayune for its stand in favor of segregation. There is no report as yet on what the reaction has been.

Mrs. Flynn mentioned that Penneys and Goldrings had refused to have colored teachers for B-E day. The City Federation sent a letter to the two stores. Penneys did not reply, but Mr. Weiss answered and said he had not been aware that this had happened, and he would see to it. Since then Goldrings has had B-E day for colored teachers, and they have been nicely treated. Mrs. Wright mentioned that Mrs. Johnson and Mrs. Lewis had met Mr. Penney in New York last week at the Allied Youth Conference. He

asked them whether they ever visited the Shreveport Penneys, and he told them to tell the local manager that he had asked them to visit the store and talk to him.

After listening to the group's discussion, Dr. Mitchell complimented the group on their work. He was asked for suggestions and offered the following alternatives:

1. In your conversations with the managers, offer to get a Negro lady to talk to all the store's clerks about grievances of Negro customers (gener[illegible] not specifically about the store involved). This would build sympathy, he[illegible] the clerks understand that it is a fellow human being who has been discourteously treated.

2. Find out somewhere a rough calculation of the purchasing power of the Negro community. People are simply not aware of the vast changes in just the past 5 or 6 years in Negro purchasing power. Certainly clerks are not aware; managers may have some idea of it. Accurate estimates would give the manager a wedge for persuading his salespeople to encourage Negro trade; after all, they want more sales for more commissions.

3. Collect and "polish" accounts of three or four incidents of discrimination (without names of individuals or stores) such as have been described here today, telling exactly how they occurred and how wounding they are. Also give some good incidents. Then provide four or five simple rules to correct these situations, such as no distinction in restrooms, no refusal to try hats, etc. Produce this in mimeographed or printed form. Send twenty copies to each store, over signatures that represent a lot of Negroes. Then the managers have something concrete to use in talking to clerks. It is a great help to have it down on paper. You could work for two or three years with the verbal arrangement, and still might have little to show.

Include in the list of rules some things you know they won't do. Give them a couple of things to turn down, so they can accept part right now. Then work for the rest. To insure getting the material into the hands of the owner or manager, send it by registered mail, return receipt requested.

You might combine the second suggestion with this third one, by including in the brochure statistics on purchasing power. If you can't get a fairly accurate estimate of this, you could give thumbnail sketches of eight Negro families, showing their purchasing power, or give the number of boys and girls in college from here; they spend a lot on clothes each fall.

Mrs. C.O. Simpkins asked what would be the next step if a store refused to follow some of the rules.

"We do like the NAACP," Dr. Mitchell said; "I would accept nothing less than [illegible] asked for--theoretically. Actually, I would accept the best I could get [illegible] continue to work for the rest."

[illegible] for the rules were drawn up by the group:
[illegible] anything, and in non-segregated dressing rooms.
[illegible] titles. (And, of course, no discourteous forms of address.)
[illegible] white signs on drinking fountains or restrooms.
[illegible] all services and special events (drinking fountains, restrooms, [illegible] no separate accomodations.
[illegible] in strict order (first come, first served).
[illegible] Negro clerks and office workers.

[illegible] that the first suggestion could be incorporated in the brochure.

[illegible] Mr. Mitchell's suggestions and to begin work on it at [illegible] 4 P.M. Monday, December 6, at Friendship House.

Mary Dolan for MRS. DAISY ALLEN
Recording Secretary

APR 14 1955

COMMITTEE ON STORES

MINUTES OF MEETING March 7, 1955,
at Friendship House

PRESENT: Mrs. Allen, Miss Dolan, Mrs. Jarrett, Mrs. Mays, Mrs. McDonald, Mrs. Rachal, Mrs. Stewart.

The meeting opened at 4:30 P.M. Monday, at the usual meeting place. In Mrs. O.S.Simpkins' absence, Miss Dolan lead the discussion.

A copy of the Letter to Stores was given to Mrs. McDonald for Circle #1 of Blessed Sacrament Church. Mrs. Jarrett took a copy for Mrs. B.L.Williams of the Women's Missionary Society, St.Paul's Church. Mrs. Allen will check on whether the Hdlywood Teachers' Cultural Club is a women's organization; if it is, she will ask them to sign.

A letter concerning the work of our committee, forwarded to us by Miss Loretta Butler (who worked here last summer), was read by Miss Dolan. It was from Mr. Marvin Caplan of the "Coordinating Committee for Enforcement of D.C.Anti-Discrimination Laws." He suggested that our Stores Committee might do well to see whether any anti-discrimination laws are still on the books, from Reconstruction Days. He also emphasized the need for sticking to a single narrow objective until it was accomplished...then move on to another objective.

Letters indicating the willingness to sign our Letter to Stores have been received from the following groups: Zeta Phi Beta, Iota Phi Lambda, and White Rose Club, turned in by Mrs. Wallace; Jennie B. Moton Cultural Club, turned in by Mrs. Dickson; Phyllis Wheatley Club, turned in by Mrs. Allen; Altar Society of Blessed Sacrament Church, turned in by Mrs. McDonald.

Mrs. Allen reported that Alpha Kappa Alpha had voted in favor of signing, and we should receive a letter from them in a day or so. Miss Dolan reported that Mrs. Wallace had phoned to say that she would turn in letters soon from the Pierians and the Beautifians Club; and that Mrs.C.O.Simpkins had phoned to say that her three organizations had been contacted and she expected letters soon.

Miss Dolan suggested some changes in the first page of the Letter to Stores. Mrs. Jarrett thought the original letter was good as it was.

In discussion about what steps might be planned for following-up on the Letter to Stores, it was noted that there is no address on the Letter, for businessmen to reply. Mrs. Rachal suggested using the chairlady's signature and address, with her permission.

It was suggested the Committee on Stores meet more than once a month ...one meeting to be held at Friendship House and one to be held two weeks later at one of the members' homes. The meeting closed with coffee being served.

Respectfully submitted,

MRS. DAISY ALLEN
Recording Secretary

NEXT REGULAR MEETING
FIRST MONDAY OF APRIL
Monday, April 4, 1955,
at 4 P.M. at Friendship House.
PLEASE COME!

"SUSPENSE" APRIL 24 BENEFIT

NEGRO WOMEN'S STUDY GROUP
(Formerly "Committee on Stores)
1617 Milam Street
Shreveport, La.

Minutes of Meeting April 4, 1955, at Friendship House

PRESENT: Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Dickson, Miss Dolan, Mrs. Jarrett, Mrs. Mays, Mrs. Powell, Mrs.O.S.Simpkins, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. Wallace.

Mrs. O.S.Simpkins, chairman, opened the meeting at 4:30 P.M. April 4. She reported that during the recent NAACP meeting in Shreveport a meeting was arranged with as many members of the group as could be contacted on short notice, with Mr. Madison S. Jones of New York, on Saturday, March 19, at 2:30 P.M. She asked Miss Dolan to report on that meeting.

Miss Dolan reported that Mr. Jones complimented the group on the work that had been done, and he emphasized that in work like this there was no "blueprint," but each group must feel its way according to its own community. He suggested several ideas for future plans: (a) broadening the base by soliciting interest among groups outside the Negro community; (b) organizing a specialized protest of Charge Customers; (c) seeking a conference on this matter with the local Retail Merchants Association; (d) working on chain stores at a regional and national level.

Mrs. Simpkins suggested that, in connection with the last suggestion, the representatives of Allied Youth who had met the head of J.C.Penney's might be asked to write him about this matter.

Next a report was given on clubs contacted to sign the letter:
Mrs. Dickson--City Federation: Mrs. Flynn expects approval at 4th Mon.meeting.
Council of Negro Women: Letter had been misdirected before, but Mrs.Belton, secy., will ask approval at 3rd Monday meeting.
Mrs. Jarrett--Women's Missionary, St. Paul's: Mrs. Williams will bring the matter up at next meeting.
Mrs. Powell-- Women's Missionary, CME Temple: Meeting today.
Mrs. Simpkins-Augusta Savage Art Club: Mrs. Ross said group would approve; she will also ask Deaconess Board and Floral Art Club.
Mrs. Wallace--Beauticians and Pierians--Letters received; will turn in.
AKAs and Voguerettes: Have approved; will send letters.

The group agreed that letters should be turned in this week, so we can go ahead with the printing. Mrs. Stewart reported a bid of $18 for mimeographing 500 Letters to Stores. Mrs. Allen reported a bid of $25 for printing 500. Another bid is to be obtained by Miss Dolan. It was agreed to go ahead at the best price obtained.

Mrs. Wallace suggested that, in order to raise money for the printing and mailing of the Letter to Stores, the group sponsor a presentation of "Suspense" on Sunday, April 24, 4 P.M. at B.T.Washington Auditorium. Price of admission 50¢. The group agreed that Mrs. Wallace should make arrangements for the play and have 500 tickets printed. Two tickets will be sent to each person who receives these minutes, and everyone is asked to sell as many more as possible. Additional tickets will be available at Friendship House.

The question of a name and address to be used on the Letter to Stores was next discussed. It was agreed that this group would be called THE NEGRO WOMEN'S STUDY GROUP, using the address 1617 Milam Street.

"SUSPENSE". LET'S SELL TICKETS!

Mrs. Simpkins then opened for discussion the question of how we could help remove some of the fears and misgivings of Negroes, and help each person to realize that he is possessed of dignity with equal rights. She suggested having a speaker from Baton Rouge (where similar efforts on stores have been carried out) might be a good move, and mentioned Dr. Jemison, Mrs. Ringgold, or Dr. Felton Clark as possible speakers. Mrs. Jarrett mentioned that Dr. Clark is expected to speak at a meeting in May here, and it was decided to ask him to include remarks encouraging the audience to participate in local efforts to gain respect for Negroes. Mrs. Wallace offered to check with the suggested speakers on her next trip to Baton Rouge as to when they might be available for a Mass Meeting in Shreveport, along the lines suggested by the chairman.

It was decided to hold meetings twice a month, one meeting at a member's home and the other at Friendship House. Mrs. Allen invited the group to meet in two weeks at her home, 1535 Milam. At that time members will be asked to report on ticket sales for "Suspense." The meeting closed with coffee being served.

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* NEXT MEETING: *
* APRIL 18, MONDAY, 4 P.M. at *
* Mrs. Allen's home, 1535 Milam *
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

Respectfully submitted,

MRS. DAISY ALLEN,
Recording Secretary

March 14, 1955

Miss Mary Dolan
Friendship House
1525 Milam
Shreveport, Louisiana

Dear Mary Dolan:

I have looked through the draft of the stores business, and I think it admirable and calculated to produce results.

It seems almost quaint to have its evidence of the survival of antediluvian attitudes; but there it is as we well know. I think you will help everybody if you will get it into print.

I will do my best to see the people in Chicago.

I saw Sarah Patton Boyle at a meeting in Virginia. She said that the title of the article was not of her choosing at all, but that the magazine thought it would be a catchy one. I agreed with the maggie and don't mind the title.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Return Postage Guaranteed
FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1520 MILAM
SHREVEPORT, LA.

MAR 14 1955

March 12, 1955

Dear Dr. Mitchell

It's taken quite a while - but eventually I always answer.

We are looking into cost of getting store letter + rules printed. Meanwhile we're working on getting clubs to sign as the mimeo'd enclosure indicates.

Do look up Chicago F.H. - it's at 4233 S. Indiana - my old stamping grounds and I still get homesick for it.

Anne Foley's "headquarters" are there, too — though she's gone a lot. You might catch her in whenever you get there.

Also our newspaper Office is there + Ann O'Reilly (acting editor) would like nothing better than to pick your brains for an article or two — or twenty.

Must send Milton Vigo #3 now.

Mrs. Sarah Patton Boyle's article was fine & thought. Harding Carter's not — though I think he tries to do right.

Sincerely yours,

Mary —

Geo. S. Mitchell

COMMITTEE ON STORES

Minutes of meeting Monday Feb.7, 1955, at Friendship House

PRESENT: Mrs. Daisy Allen, Mrs. Ida Mae Brashears, Mrs. Neater Dawson, Mrs. Mildred Dickson, Miss Mary Dolan, Mrs. M.M.Flynn, Mrs. Mabel Mays, Mrs. Emily McDonald, Mrs.C.O.Simpkins, Mrs.O.S.Simpkins, Mrs.Ollie Stewart, Mrs. M.M.Wallace, Mrs. Myrtle Wilson, and Mrs.Lenora Wright.

The regular monthly meeting of the store committee opened at 4:15 P.M. Monday, Feb. 7. The first order of business was the LETTER TO STORES. Mrs. O.S.Simpkins was to draft the opening statement; Mrs. Wallace and Mrs. C.O.Simpkins were to get material on purchasing power of Negroes; Miss Dolan was to write up incidents (both favorable and unfavorable) which had happened to Negro customers.

Mrs. Wallace reported that she had a reply from Mr. Nabrith of Washington, D.C., to the effect that he had no data on purchasing power, but he had suggested that she write the Department of Commerce. She has written there, but had not yet received a reply. Mrs. Wallace also reported that Mr. Bryant said the Negro Chamber of Commerce would have this information. Mrs. O.S.Simpkins said she had asked the Negro Chamber for these figures, but they did not have it; they referred her to the Shreveport Survey Story, and she had used those figures.

Mrs. C.O.Simpkins reported on her efforts to get information on Negro purchasing power. She had called the Better Business Bureau, and they said they had no figures on consumer spending. She talked to Mrs. Lade of the Community Chest, who said such information had been collected during the Shreveport Survey, but to get information (orther than what was included in the Survey report) would require going through all the IBM cards, which would be quite expensive.

Mrs.O.S.Simpkins explained that she and Miss Dolan had written out all the ideas that had been suggested in Committee meetings about the Letter to Stores. Miss Dolan then read the draft of the letter with data on increased income of Negroes, favorable and unfavorable incidents, and recommendations. Everyone was in accord with the Letter as read.

Mrs. O.S.Simpkins noted that it would be clubs (rather than individuals) who would sign the letter. She also noted that in asking club members to accept the Letter to Stores and have their club sign it--we should also tell the members that they are to demand appropriate service and register a complaint immediately if they do not receive it. She emphasized the importance of looking neat. There was discussion of the fact that we sometimes see difficulties or insults where none is intended.

Mrs. Flynn suggested sending the Letters to store owners and managers by Registered Mail, Return Receipt Requested, to be sure the Letters get to them. It was suggested further that we might circulate letters where clerks could see them.

Mrs. Wallace suggested having a meeting of all presidents of organizations to see whether they would sign the Letter to Stores for their club. She offered to have the meeting at their home, 1443 Jordan, at 6 P.M. Thursday, February 10. She will call presidents of all the organizations she could obtain; Mrs. Dickson will ask Mrs. Lena Jaggers of Bossier City to the Thursday meeting.

Miss Dolan asked that each club who agreed to sign the Letter should write a note to that effect, for future reference. Information was lacking in the Letter on the number of teachers in three parishes, so the following will obtain the information and report it to Miss Dolan: Mrs. Dickson to contact Mrs. Lydia Faye Walker, 460 Hamilton Road, Bossier City, for Bossier Parish teachers; Mrs. Stewart to contact Mrs. Elizabeth Johnson, Box 313, Mansfield, for DeSoto Parish teachers; and Mrs. Wallace to contact Mrs. Grace Landry, Box 229, Minden, for Webster Parish teachers.

Mrs. O.S.Simpkins said there was some need for finances for stamps and stationery used for Store Committee business. A collection was taken up, and $10.00 was given to Miss Dolan of Friendship House for these expenses.

Respectfully Submitted,

MRS. DAISY ALLEN,
Recording Secretary

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
* NEXT REGULAR MEETING-- *
* FIRST MONDAY OF MARCH *
* Monday, March 7, 1955 *
* 4 P.M., Friendship House *
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

(Notes from the meeting of Thursday, Feb. 10, on other side.)

THURSDAY, FEB. 10 MEETING
at Mrs. Wallace's

Each of the persons listed below agreed to contact the clubs given after her name, explain the idea of the Store Committee's efforts and give the club a copy of the Letter to Stores.
She will also ask the club president to send her personally a letter, if the club agrees to sign the Letter to Stores.

Mrs. Flossie M[illegible] — Mary Church Terrell Club
[illegible] Delta Kappa sorority

Mrs. Daisy Allen — [illegible]eatley club (Mrs. Ne[illegible] Dawson)
[illegible] social club (Mrs. D[illegible]ta Ashton)
[illegible]issionary Society, CME Temple (Mrs. Verna Jacobs)

Mrs. M.M.Wallace — [illegible]rs. Seley Collins)
Les [illegible] (Mrs. Seley C[illegible]ins)
[illegible]tes (Mrs. Th[illegible] Jackson)
Voguerettes (Mrs. Julia G. Howard)
Deltas (Mrs. Martha Duncan)
Sigma Gamma (Mrs. Hattie Perry)
Camellia club (Mrs. Hattie Perry)
Beauticians club (Mrs. Martha Robinson)
Iota (Mrs. Martha Robinson)
Nat'l Council of College Women (Mrs. E. Yancy)
Pris[illegible]a Art club (Mrs. Johnella Smi[illegible]h)
Gol[illegible] Star art club (Mrs. Lucy H. Johnson)
Alpha Kappa Alpha (Mrs. Maxine Chambers)
Pierians
White Rose club

Mrs. M.T.Dickson — City Federation (Mrs. [illegible] Flynn)
Metropolitan Council of Negro Women (Mrs. Jewel Thompson)
Jennie B. Moton club (Mrs. T.M.Johnson)

Mrs.C.O.Simpkins — L & [illegible] club (Mrs. Del[illegible])
Up-to-Date Mothers Club
Ministerial Alliance auxili[illegible]

Mrs.O.S.Simpkins — Nautilus club (Mrs. Carroll)
Augusta Savage Art club (Mrs.A.A.Ross)
M[illegible]gnonettes
M[illegible]ron's Cultural Art club (Mrs. F[illegible]ssie Reeves)

Mrs.I.M.Br[illegible] — Altruistic Social club (Mrs. Ann Broussard)
[illegible]actical Nurses of Louisiana

TALKING IT OVER...

"Race relations is primarily a moral question, and secondarily a matter of social science....There can be no defeatism in moral questions. For when men lose confidence in the power of moral principles to effect good in the world, the immediate and terrible result is that force and violence are called into play to solve the social evils that can no longer be endured. The only avenue open to harmonious living is that of mutual respect based on the moral law." --Chicago Catholic Interracial Council

* * * * * * *

Many who heard Bishop John J. Wright last month have asked about obtaining a copy of his excellent talk. We are working on plans to mimeograph a limited number. If you are interested, please call Friendship House (5-1081).

* * * * * * *

Our Forum speaker for March, Mr. Current, is coming to Shreveport to conduct a Conference of NAACP Branches in the Southwest. You are welcome to attend...Friday-Sunday, March 18-20, at St.James Methodist Church, 850 Hope. The theme is "Implementing the Supreme Court Decision."

Highlights of the program: Reports on De-Segregation by president-of-Branches of Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas. "Education and Other Phases of our Legal Work" by Jack Greenberg, who helped argue the school cases, 2 P.M.Saturday. Talk by Roy Wilkins, national administrator, 3 P.M.Sunday.

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE

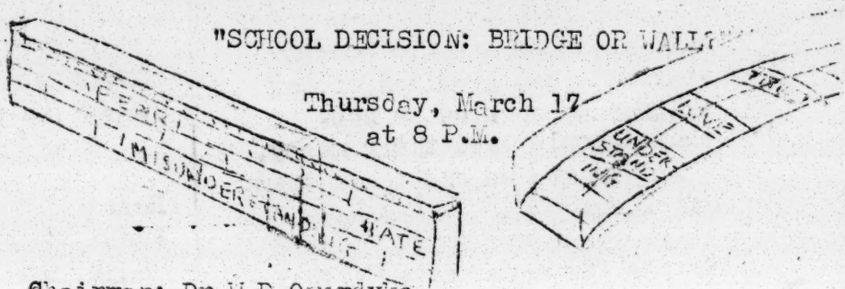
1525 Milam Street, Shreveport, La., Phone 5-1081

invites you to the March 1955 program

GLOSTER B. CURRENT, director of Branches throughout the country of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, will talk

"SCHOOL DECISION: BRIDGE OR WALL"

Thursday, March 17
at 8 P.M.



Chairman: Dr.W.D.Overdyke, professor of history, Centenary College

Branches of NAACP are organized in hundreds of cities across the country--including Shreveport. This is the "grass roots" part of the organization that has led the fight against segregation laws. Mr. Current, director of all these Branches, will tell about NAACP and especially the local work to be done by Branches.

CHILDREN'S PROGRAM--Saturdays 10-11:30--Mar.12 & 26

The group of 4, 5, and 6-year olds who met here last month will continue CLAY MODELLING and Story Time during March and April. The children enjoy getting to know one another and helping each other create something out of a lump of clay. Stories and games further develop the idea of Creation.

We have all the children we can manage for this session...but if you would like your youngsters to have an opportunity to be in such a group, let us know. We will include them in a future play-and-craft group.

EVENING OF RECOLLECTION--Thursday, March 24,7-9:30, at Holy Trinity Church (Marshall and Fannin Sts.)

Rt.Rev.Msgr.John C.Vandegaer will give three talks at 7, 8, and 9 P.M. on "Jesus, Mary, and Joseph." Benediction will follow the last talk.

Christ frequently went apart to pray. You are invited to follow his example. ALL WELCOME.

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE

March 7, 1955

Dear Friend of Friendship House,

You have shown interest in our work so we feel you will want to know our present problem.

As the statement at right shows, as of March 1, we had.....$117.13
But as of March 1, we owed.. 167.55.

OBVIOUSLY, IT DOESN'T BALANCE!

We asked those we owed to accept half-payment, and promised to pay the balance as soon as we can. But these people need their money, too. In justice we can't ask them to wait long.

And in the few days since March 1, some bills have come in--all the utility bills, for instance. In a week we will have to buy more food.

One of the principles of Friendship House is depending on the help of friends. God has always seen to it that we have enough friends to keep us going. We feel sure He will see to it again--right here and now, in Shreveport.

This is an immediate need. But there is approximately $300 needed each month to keep Friendship House going. Perhaps you--or a club you belong to--would like to take care of a monthly bill. (Electric lights average $4.76 monthly, for instance. See the "Average per month" expenses in Statement for other suggestions.)

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
First Thirteen Months of Operation
February 1, 1954, through February 28, 1955

ON FEB.1, 1954, we started with...$1,178.50
(Collected by friends to begin the work of Friendship House here)

INCOME for these 13 months..... 2,670.16
(All but $45.58 was Contributions...$1,287.83 contributed by friends in and around Shreveport alone. Donations came from as far away as Massachusetts and Oregon, Connecticut and California.) $3,848.66

EXPENSES for 13 months..... 3,731.53
(Spent in this way:

	13 months	Average per month
	1,482.00	114.00
Phone, lights, gas, water	241.68	18.59
Office supplies	167.75	12.90
Postage	188.53	14.50
Program expense	174.36	13.41
Books, magazines	171.15	13.17
Pamphlets	119.10	9.16
Charity gifts	94.71	7.29
Maintenance, equipment, etc.	129.63	9.97
Staff food	535.42	41.19
Staff allowance, carfare, etc.	427.20	32.86
	$3,731.53	$287.04)

MARCH 1, 1955--ON HAND.....$ 117.13

(If you wish to know more about our finances, we will be glad to discuss it with you.)

Along with whatever financial help you can (or can't) give, WE EARNESTLY BEG YOUR PRAYERS. Friendship House exists to give glory to God--"that all may be one." Pray that the work may continue, under the direction of the Holy Spirit.

Gratefully, Mary — Diane — Larry

"The Southwide conviction that EVERYBODY ELSE is prejudiced is like a sodden blanket over each individual's impulses toward democracy."-- Sarah Patton Boyle in Southerners will like Integration, February 19th Saturday Evening Post.

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam St.
Shreveport, La.

Sec.34.65(e) P.L.& R.

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Reg.Coun.-Rm.432
63 Auburn Av. NE
Atlanta 3 Ga.

F 3547 Requested

1 CENT 1

UNITED STATES POSTAGE

Dear Members,

This material has been prepared for your consideration.

We feel sure that you agree with our dissatisfaction with many stores' policies and will be glad of this opportunity to join with other groups, and to express effectively our objections to such mistreatment.

When your group has gone over this material, will you please write a letter stating that your organization will join with the other signers?

Thank you for your help!

COMMITTEE ON STORES

Dear Sir,

We, the Negro women of Shreveport, are making this attempt to interpret our human needs and requests for courteous treatment.

We have studied this situation very carefully and completed some research relative to the buying power and the increased income of the Negro community. We have also included incidents--favorable and unfavorable--as experienced by Negro women in Shreveport stores.

We feel sure that you are interested in customer satisfaction and good public relations, knowing as you do that satisfied customers are the measure of your store's business success.

We felt that as managers and owners of stores you were not aware of the feelings of the women of the Negro community.

To help you implement a more satisfactory relationship with your Negro customers, we have included in this report our suggestions for appropriate treatment for Negro women customers. We would also be glad to furnish someone to speak to your salesforce, if you would like to have a Negro lady describe how personally wounding these discourtesies are, and how it causes many to take their business elsewhere.

You will be interested to know that many stores in Baton Rouge and New Orleans have worked through this problem, as related to right treatment of Negro customers.

Sincerely,

Club XXXX	Association XXXX
Group XXXX	Club XXXXXX
Association XXXX	Group XXXXXX

etc.

Friendship House

DATA ON INCREASED INCOME OF NEGROES

Nationally

"The total income of America's 15 million Negroes has DOUBLED since the start of World War II, the Census Bureau estimates. Since 1939 Negroes' average income has climbed almost FOUR times against a rise of less than THREE times for whites.

"It is estimated that the Negro market now reaches 15 billion a year."

--Sylvia Porter, financial analyst and syndicated columnist

South

By 1949 median income of Negro families in urban areas of the South had INCREASED MORE THAN 100%, as compared to 1935-36 in rural areas it had INCREASED MORE THAN 60%. (1949 figures from Census Bureau 1935-36 from National Resources Committee Study.)

--Southern Regional Council

Shreveport

Over a thousand Shreveport Negroes (1,167 in 1952) are included in the two top occupational groupings--(1) Professional, semi-professional, and managerial, and (2) Clerical and sales. This represents a 19.9% INCREASE from 1940 figures.

"The reader will note a general movement of Negro workers into higher skill classifications."

--Shreveport Survey Story

* * *

Shreveport figures indicate only a fraction of the total potential in the Ark-La-Tex shopping area. A look at population figures for only four parishes will reveal the following potential:

Shreveport		42,169 Negroes
Caddo Parish outside Shreveport	24,919	
Bossier Parish	14,049	
DeSoto Parish	13,907	
Webster Parish	13,210	66,085
Total		108,254 Negroes

One indication of the large number of higher-income Negroes in this shopping area is the number of Negro teachers employed in these same four parishes: Caddo 465, Bossier 150, DeSoto ___, Webster ___ totalling ____. In addition, there are also many teachers and students in Negro colleges nearby--Grambling, Bishop, and Wiley--who are also potential shoppers in Shreveport stores.

UNFAVORABLE INCIDENTS

As I was leaving a restroom in X--- store, a clerk came up to me and said, "There are no restrooms in the store for colored."

Strange--no matter how often one is confronted by these indignities, the effect is as though it were for the first time. These wounds never heal; the area of hurt is just wider and more vulnerable as the hurts pile up.

Recovering myself a little, I managed to say, "Where is the ladies' room for colored ladies?"

"There's one up the street in Z--- store," she remarked indifferently. "Thank you," I said. "I saw the sign 'Ladies' and that had always been sufficient for me."

* * *

I had selected a dress I liked in a better dress department, with the help of a clerk. "I'd like to try this one on," I told her. She politely informed me that there were "no fitting rooms available for you." She held the dress up in front of her, saying, "I know this will look good on you; you know your size." Of course, I refused to buy under such circumstances.

* * *

I purchased some ribbon in a Shreveport store recently, and the saleslady made a mistake in figuring my change. I called her attention to it, and she started to re-figure it. Another clerk, who seemed to be in charge of the counter, came over to see what we were discussing.

I smiled and said, "There was a mistake in my change."

"That's what's wrong," she snapped, "with you niggers now--you think you know everything!"

Shocked by her outburst, I said, "But it's my money."

She repeated, "That's what's wrong with you niggers." And then, obviously looking for a way to show her disapproval of me directly, she demanded: "Pick up your packages. You're messing up the counter!"

FAVORABLE INCIDENTS

Shopping for a sweater and skirt, I selected several to try on. The clerk who was waiting on me led the way--past a line of dressing rooms, up a long flight of stairs--and brought me to an attic space, with exposed pipes, dusty. I remarked, "I thought this was a first class store," and she said, "It is." "Yet you bring me up here to a place where it looks as if something might crawl out of the walls. There isn't even a clean spot to put my things on." She pointed to a shelf that was covered with dust and walked out. I went outside and found an alteration worker and told her to tell the clerk, "Thank you, but I don't want anything that bad."

But the story has a happy ending. Sometime later I went back to this store to see whether the same policy prevailed. This time a clerk took me to a dressing room on the first floor, and so I made several purchases there.

* * *

A Negro customer and two white customers were waiting to be served. A clerk came up and started to wait on the white customers first. The Negro customer said, "I think I was first."

"I'm sorry," the clerk replied, "I didn't know who was first. That's right--speak up. I always take people in turn." And the clerk proceeded to wait on the Negro lady.

* * *

I was looking at a table of blouses in a store. The clerk came up and waited on a teen-age girl who was also at the table. After the clerk finished with the girl, she turned and walked away and began visiting with other clerks, although I was still standing there. Finally another clerk came up and waited on me very courteously.

Had not the second clerk waited on me, I would have felt that certainly this store did not want Negro customers. How many Negroes leave this store thinking that and do not come back, I wonder?

* * *

I was shopping for dresses. I had tried some on, but had not made up my mind which ones I wanted. I asked the clerk who had been helping me for her name, and said I would call her to send the dresses out when I made up my mind. She asked my name, and I told her, "Mrs. John Doe." She said, "Thank you, Mrs. Doe, it was nice waiting on you, and I'll be glad to send the dresses out to you when you decide." I subsequently phoned her for the dresses, and she again addressed me as Mrs. Doe.

I would not have bought the dresses if she had called me "customer" or "girl" or any other such term. I never buy from clerks who do this; I can find merchandise elsewhere--out of town, if necessary.

SUGGESTIONS FOR APPROPRIATE TREATMENT OF ALL CUSTOMERS

* Any customer may try on any merchandise in any dressing room (except for those possible exceptions, which are not permitted to anyone).

* Courtesy titles--Miss or Madam. And, of course, no discourteous forms of address (Girl, Customer) or rude remarks.

* No colored and white signs on drinking fountains, restrooms, dressing rooms.

* Serving customers in strict order of first come, first served.

* Free access to all service and special events (such as sewing classes, fashion shows).

April 18, 1955

Miss Mary Dolan
Friendship House
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

Dear Mary Dolan:

I wish I could come, but I can't. I have got to be in Kentucky the latter part of the School.

I was in Washington a couple of days ago and talked with Margaret Garrity and gave her every encouragement to go and be part of your School. Do use Milton Vigo. I like that young fellow.

A student YMCA-YWCA group at Baton Rouge had great success with a role-playing skit, going through the motions and discussions of a small meeting of white and Negro church ladies to talk about opening the schools. Maybe that would furnish some instructive amusement.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Dictated by Dr. Mitchell/signed in his absence.

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana
Phone 51081

April 16, 1955

APR 18 1955

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Av., NE
Atlanta 3 Ga.

Dear Dr. Mitchell,

We are planning a "Summer School"--really, a week workshop on "The Changing South." (I don't know whether we owe that title to you--it is certainly very close to the New South and Changing Patterns in the South. But you don't mind, I am sure.)

A tentative schedule for the week is enclosed. We plan to have it here at Friendship House, and house the students in rooms with neighborhood families.

Any chance of your being in these parts during the week of June 19 to 26? You will note that the Wednesday night discussion suggests speakers from various organizations, including SRC. However, we could "fit you in" any time, any day that would be convenient. In fact, if we can get a union official (Morton Elder of the Steelworkers, Birmingham, Ala., has said he would plan to come) and an NAACP official (plan to ask Clarence Laws or Dan Byrd), I wouldn't want to put "all that brass" on one program, anyhow.

As to the "students." It's always a guess as to who we will attract, especially since this is the First of its Kind in this region. I am hoping a number of college students and seminarians will be interested, and there are a half dozen or so people in other parts of the state who have expressed interest in the Summer School. I expect that the program will interest Catholics primarily, though everyone is certainly welcome. One of the points we hope to get across is the obligation of Christians to be concerned with reforming the social order...and how this action flows from our basic religious beliefs. Discussions on this will be of interest (I hope) to people of all faiths, if not of the same "compelling-ness."

I do hope you can come. We would be delighted if you could stay around for several days, or all week--but considering the fees we don't pay, I hardly hope for that.

If you can't come, perhaps Milton Vigo could make this program an occasion for a visit to Shreveport.

Any suggestions you would have: program, speakers, student-prospects, would be very welcome. We will be looking forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

Mary

Mary Dolan

1955 Summer School at Friendship House
of Shreveport, La.

"The Changing South"

June 19-26, 1955

* * * * * * *

Day's Schedule:

* 7:30 Mass and Prime *
8:30 Breakfast
* 9:30 Session "A" *
12 Lunch
* 2 Session "B" *
5:30 Dinner and Compline
* 8 Session "C" *

* * * * * * *

Sunday 6/19 -

5 P.M. Registration; assignment of rooms.

5:30 Buffet Supper -
Get-acquainted session - Songs
Explanation of schedule, Prime, Compline
Compline

Monday 6/20 -
A - "Psychology of Prejudice" (Who's afraid of whom? Am I prejudiced?)
..Mrs. Rachal, Mrs. Daniell, Dr. C. O. Simpkins
B - Rest. Study (guided by staff).
Rumor Clinic.
C - "Am I My Brother's Keeper?" (Prejudice and morality. "Tacked on" religion?)

Tuesday 6/21 -
A - "Social Problems Met Socially" (Create a climate. Joyville, city with problems.)
..Friendship House staff
Students form Joyville Human Relations Committees on Schools - Jobs - Public Services
B - Rest.
Tour (Shreveport - Centenary College - Barksdale Air Force Base)
C - "Why Worship?" (Nature of God - rendering due homage - share Divine Life.)

Wednesday 6/22 -
A - "Christian, Know Thy Dignity" (Lay apostolate. Mystical Body doctrine.)
B - Rest. Study, in Human Relations Committees.
C - "How to Change 'The System'" (Groups working for social reform.)
..Steelworkers - Southern Regional Council - NAACP officials

Thursday 6/23 -
A - "More on How to Do It" (Groups working with Friendship House.)
..Mrs. O.C.Simpkins, Juanita Carnell, Mrs. David Riley, Mr. Simmons.
Study in Human Relations Committees.
B - Tour of St. Joseph's Parish (Parish life. Building the Mystical Body.)
C - Picnic Supper.

Friday 6/24 -
A - "Joyville Faces a Challenge" (Reports of Human Relations Committees.)
B - Free.
C - "Go and Do Likewise" (Dedication to social reform.)

Saturday 6/25 -
A - "Alone and Lonely" (Plans for students in their own community. Follow-up.)
B - Odds and Ends (Plan "graduation.")
C - Party

Sunday 6/26 -
A - Graduation Breakfast.

\- - - \- - - \- - -

LIMIT 20 students. FEES: Room, board, tuition--$25-$35, according to ability to pay.
Board and tuition only--$15. Tuition only--$5. ($2 payable with registration.)

APR 30 1955

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana
Phone 51081

April 27, 1955

Dear Doctor Mitchell,

Thank you for your letter and your suggestion to ask Mr. Vigo to be on the Summer School faculty. I do not know whether Mary Dolan has sent such a request; I will wait until she returns from a directors meeting in Chicago before sending the invitation.

Enclosed is a copy of the bulletin which we are sending to about 100 persons who we feel will be interested in attending the sessions. If you know of some prospective students, please encourage them to get in touch with us.

May God bless your work. Thank you again for your suggestions and encouragement. I am sorry you will not be able to be with us to share your wealth of wisdom and information. I hope your Kentucky trip will be profitable.

In Christ,

Larry Pausback

Larry Pausback

PURPOSE

TO LIVE AND LEARN interracial justice in the South.

TO SHARE what Friendship House has learned in almost two years in Shreveport, Louisiana, as well as seventeen years of interracial work in the United States.

METHOD

Learn about racial problems of the South from Shreveporters -- white and colored -- who suffer under the "system" and are working to change it.

Learn the basic reason for working to change the "system" -- the love of God which urges us on and its expression in love of neighbor.

Discuss in general sessions, in small groups, in clinics the specialized work on particular problems. Study reference materials and ways of working. Visit points of interest.

Spend free time relaxing or visiting informally with "experts" and others seeking answers.

Participate at daily Mass and prayer and see how it integrates your week with us.

Find what happens when
for a few days
you put your whole heart
toward bringing the world to GOD

COURSE OF STUDY

Psychology and Prejudice
Organizing to Meet Social Problems
Dignity of Man
The Southern Crisis
Doctrine of the Mystical Body of Christ
How to Do It
Community Leadership
What Others Have Done

CLINICS

These "clinics" are the workshops of the Summer School. Students will have the opportunity to describe problems in their own communities -- with the help of experienced discussion leaders the problems are broken down into manageable parts. Tackling specific "road blocks" to harmonious living, the groups will study methods and strategies, examine what has been done by others, and will develop action programs.

OTHER RESOURCES

Friendship House library
Displays of pamphlets, posters, other aids
Planned social activities
Tour of Shreveport, key city of Ark-La-Tex

ACCOMODATIONS

Programs and meals will be at Friendship House. Housing will be in private homes with friends in the neighborhood of Friendship House. Class limited to [illegible] persons; register early.

FEES AND REGISTRATION

Non-resident fee (tuition and materials).....$ 5.

Resident fee (room, meals, tuition, and materials) within ability to pay.....$25. to $35.

$2. registration fee, to apply on tuition and not to be refunded, is requested.

Another Friendship House Summer School is being held in Chicago June 10 to 19. Write to Friendship House, 4233 Indiana Ave., Chicago 15, Illinois, for details.

Friendship House Study Weekends are being held at Maria Laach Farm near Burnley, Virginia, May 27-30, June 10-12, July 15-17, August 12-14, August 26-28, and Sept. 16-18. Write to Saint Peter Claver Center, 814 Seventh St. S W, Washington, D. C.

APPLICATION FOR FRIENDSHIP HOUSE SUMMER SCHOOL

June 19 to 26, 1955
Shreveport, Louisiana

Mail $2 registration fee with this application to:
FRIENDSHIP HOUSE, 1525 Milam St., Shreveport, La.

Your Name _____ Occupation _____

Address _____ Clinic interested in:
○ Education
○ Employment

City _____ State _____

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE SUMMER SCHOOL

The Changing South

JUNE 19 TO 26, 1955

ST. PETER CLAVER CENTER
CATHOLIC INTERRACIAL FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
814 - 7TH STREET, S. W.
WASHINGTON 4, D. C.

APR 28 1955

Feast of St. Joseph

Dear Dr. Mitchell,

We are so very grateful to you for the stimulating talk which you gave us several weeks ago.

The work at the Center is progressing nicely. Our third and last in the series of teas for teachers proved very successful. We have hopes for a similar activity, geared to 'knowing one another better' in the fall. Next week we are looking forward to the visit of Abbé Pierre, the priest from France, who has become noted for aiding the homeless.

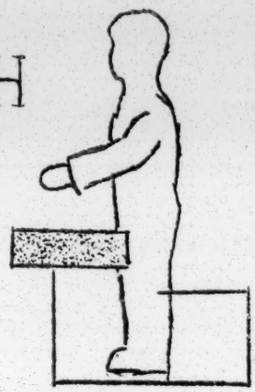
Thank you again for coming and especially for participating so fully at our volunteer meeting. It was so good to have you!

Sincerely in Christ,
Loretta Butler
for the Staff of St. Peter Claver Center

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE

PROGRAM FOR JULY, 1955

LET'S LISTEN TO YOUTH



THURSDAY

July 21, 1955

at 8:00 P. M.

How well prepared
for integration are
high school students?
What adjustments will face
de-segregated classes?

PANEL OF SPEAKERS:
Douglas Edgar, Saint John's
George Friedman, Saint John's
Warren James, Booker T. Washington
Samuel Manson, Booker T. Washington

* * * *

EVENING OF RECOLLECTION

for prayer and meditation
REV. VINCENT P. MICELI, S. J.
will give conferences at
7:00, 8:00, and 9:00 P. M.
on Wednesday, July 20.
Compline and Benediction will
follow last talk.
You are invited to be with us at
Saint John's Parish Library,
923 Jordan Street.

* * * *

During the week of July 25 to 30
inclusive from 9:00 A. M. till noon
children's theatre and play sessions
will be held here at Friendship House.
All the kiddies between the ages of
five and eight are invited. Puppets
will be made, stories told, and re-
freshments served.
On Sunday, July 31, at 2:00 P. M.
both parents and children are invited
to attend the puppet show prepared
during the week.

* * * *

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam St.
Shreveport, La.
Phone 5-1081

TALKING IT OVER

On June 29, 1955, "The Shreveport Times" and the "Shreveport Journal" published the news that a Catholic high school is being planned for Shreveport. Instead of stating that the new school will be open to students without regard to race or creed, the news releases said the school was to be for Negroes.

In the "Editorial Comment" of the July 8, 1955, "North-Central Louisiana Register," official weekly of the Diocese of Alexandria, Paul F. O'Brien, Sr., was commended for his promotion of the new school.

The following statement of goal was then given.

> The goal or end for which the Church is working: Complete and absolute integration of all races into every facet of our society.
>
> Naturally the Negro is included. Naturally all other races are included. Naturally the field of education is included. The goal is clear, crystal clear. This goal is simply in keeping with the doctrine of the unity of the human family, the denial of a super-race, the doctrine of the Mystical Body of Christ, and the law of justice and love toward our neighbor.
>
> Total integration of all the children of the human family is the mind of the Church. Theologians have no doubts here. The Pope and Bishops have not wavered in their teaching. The overwhelming majority of the Catholic community throughout the world is in agreement.

In conclusion, the editorial warned against extreme means of gaining this goal and mentioned obstacles -- stated again and again in the daily secular press -- which have to be overcome.

Let us work the harder for truly Christian integration.

FILE COPY

August 8, 1955

PLEASE FORWARD

Miss Mary Dolan
Friendship House
1525 Milam Street
Shreveport, Louisiana

Dear Mary Dolan:

I don't know what happened, but I am all for you and your friends.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Dictated by Dr. Mitchell/signed in his absence

PLEASE FORWARD

F R I E N D S H I P H O U S E

1525 Milam Street, Shreveport, La.

July 30, 1955

Dear Friend,

On July 27 a statement by Rt. Rev. Msgr. J.C.Vandegaer, head of the Shreveport deanery, appeared in the local papers announcing a decision of Most Rev. Charles P. Greco, Bishop of Alexandria--at whose invitation we came here--to close Friendship House of Shreveport on July 31.

We of Friendship House are deeply grateful to all who made our work here possible. You will always be remembered in our prayers.

In Christ,

Mary Dolan
Mary Dolan, Director

Diane Zdunich
Diane Zdunich, Staffworker

Larry Pausback
Larry Pausback, Staffworker

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
1525 Milam St.
Shreveport, La.

Non-Profit Organization

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Reg.Coun.-Rm.432
63 Auburn Av. NE
Atlanta 3 Ga.

UNITED STATES POSTAGE

September 9, 1955

Miss Mary Dolan
c/o WORK
21 West Superior Street
Chicago 10, Illinois

Dear Mary:

Once upon a time I was trying to get a farm co-op in North Carolina going a bit better. One of the members took me out behind his barn and said, "Mitchell, my daddy was a blacksmith. And he taught me nothing won't weld on the first heat. Hot it up one time, and cool it off. Hot it up the second time, hammer it together, and it'll stick."

I have some recollection of telling you this when last I was at Friendship House, but I write it down, to cheer you and Anne Foley, if you need cheering.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
4233 SO. INDIANA AV.
CHICAGO 15, ILL.
TEL. KENWOOD 8-9033

September 20, 1955

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta 3 Ga.

Dear Dr. Mitchell,

Many thanks for both your letters...and I'm using your 3¢ for postage.

You can probably appreciate why it's taken me so long to write--the whole thing was a terrible shock. I'm not sure that I've fully recovered even yet; as I begin to dig in here in Chicago again, I hope the therapy of work will do the trick.

At any rate I learned an awful lot in Shreveport. Chiefly, that racism NORTH or SOUTH is basically the same evil. And part of me will always belong to the South.

I am confidently expecting that our paths will cross again. I doubt that I will be in Atlanta any time soon, but you must get to Chicago at times. Please be sure to look me up when you do.

Sincerest thanks for all your kindnesses to us.

Cordially,

Mary Dolan

(Would you see that the enclosed note gets to the proper person?)

October 17, 1955

Miss Anne Foley
National Director
Friendship House
4233 South Indiana Avenue
Chicago 13, Illinois

Dear Anne:

The information you asked for is, as you know, hard to come by. It is published from time to time in scraps, but we have not been able to get any authoritative summary other than what was issued in the attached -- too old now to be helpful.

I know of my own knowledge that the parochial school at South Carolina opened to children of both races in the fall of 1955.

You will know that the Archdiocese in Louisiana has announced that there will be no integration in its schools in the current school year.

I am delighted that Mary Dolan will be in charge of Friendship House in Chicago. I get to Chicago two or three times a year, but I am not coming this year to the NAIRO meeting, so that one won't work. But you may be sure that I will let her know ahead of time when I will be coming that way.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encl. - New South, Feb., 1955

October 14, 1955

OCT 17 1955

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear George,

I am looking for some concise information about the progress of integration in the Catholic schools in the south --- specific schools which have integrated, statements by hierarchy and clergy, and specific diocesan policies.

We have a scattering of facts, but I thought that you might have some kind of a compilation or some sets of facts which could be made available to us. If so, we will be glad to be ar any costs involved.

Also, Mary Dolan was recently made director of the Friendship House here in Chicago--- she was in Shreveport. She asked me to inquire if you might be coming through Chicago on your way to the NAIRO meeting in Milwaukee and if so, would it be possible for you to talk here at the house?

We would all enjoy very much having a visit with you.

Sincerely yours,

Anne

Anne Foley
National Director

October 15, 1956

Miss Anne Foley
National Director
Friendship House
4233 South Indiana Avenue
Chicago 15, Illinois

Dear Anne:

I have concluded out of a good deal of looking around that the thing which now will do the most good is for smallish groups of representative white and Negro persons in each community to meet together quite a number of times and cast up the exact local facts about the school system. Out of such facts, and the acquaintanceships -- not to say beginning friendships -- working within the meetings, a plan of compliance with the Supreme Court's decision will pop up. This world being what it is, it takes only about twenty minutes for word of the pop-up to get all around town. And chances are that when and if the matter come to a court decision, the judge will order into effect the plan that appeared in the meetings!

America is a voluntary society. Here is a problem requiring, in my judgement, for its solution different paces of achievement. Some communities at once and some after further but willing postponement. The law is an instrument of crushing uniformity. Agreement is an instrument delicately adjustable to the exact local situation.

Another never stated oddity about such meetings is that people get together through their speciality interests. One lady white will find that she is particularly interested in low level drinking fountains. Also it will appear that there is a Negro lady interested in the same thing. Thereafter peace reigns in that community on the subject of low level drinking fountains. If there is ever a question in the Negro community, everybody understands that Mrs. Wesson is the one. Mrs. Wesson calls her friend Mrs. Jackson and the school board does what is correct.

I need not belabor the point that from such friendly contacts the solution of the whole problem trots along.

As you well understand, work in these Southerns gets nowhere for letters, for pamphlets, for telephone calls, for any normal and cheap means of communication. Nothing happens until Susie sits down with Sadie, where Sadie lives. Sadie presses all the potential weak spots in Susie's argument and if, and only if, Sadie is convinced that Susie is on the level and is discreet will Sadie do something. Which is why you are right to send a team around to community after community.

I trespass now upon a delicate question. It does not seem to me wise for Catholic people to be the only ones conspicuously out in front in attempting solutions of this kind. I think that others ought to be present in their due numbers in the activity of the general community toward solving these matters. Tougher I know. And there should be no inconsiderable latitude to any church group to follow its religious teachings to the end. Still I think there is good reason for tolerable effort to be made to bring other people along with.

I hope that all of the principal agencies that work in this field will put their forces into getting such meetings to occur locally. I never go to one of these upper-crust coordinating meetings but what I beg for this. Father Shean at Rock Hill is as wise a man as I know, and I am satisfied he is in agreement that such meetings are the beginning of solution.

Another thing to be said about the local groups. American towns are touchy about their right of independent action. They will take a lot from some other town, but they won't take a statement that their own town hasn't got the right to do what they think is best. That is a helpful thing! Almost any town can see that it would be smart, just by itself, to obey the law. And in doing so to draw out the full and hitherto withheld cooperation of the Negro portion of the community. If you can get the town leaders to be saying that they don't care what sister city says; they are doing what they think is right, you have won.

Latest revision of our little bulletin enclosed.

I trust and cherish what you will be doing.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encl.

P. S. An important point has been left out. It isn't enough just to get some locals of two colors together. In a great many communities the Negro local person will be timid and ineffective. Take a leaf out of trade unionism! Enable the Negro portion of such a gathering to be buttressed by an imported person. He can be a social scientist from some college, or a priest, or a sister who understands. The poorest of working men will fight like tigers for the right to be represented in bargaining by somebody from outside. If we say that white and Negro from every town will get together and decide, this is an unfair bludgeoning weapon of agression upon the timorous Negro community. So get together, but get together with, in an atmosphere of equality of bargaining power!

FRIENDSHIP HOUSE
4233 S. Indiana Ave.
Chicago 15, Illinois

October 9, 1956

RECEIVED OCT 13 1956

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell,

FH is reorganizing its work to select the most effective work to be done in race relations. It is no longer necessarily limited to the operation of centers, as known in the past.

In this reorganization we think you can help us with ideas and with information.

What do you think a small team of people could do in your area to be effective in race relations?

We will be very much interested in your ideas and grateful for any information you may send us and, of course, we will appreciate hearing from you soon.

Sincerely in Christ,

Anne Foley

Anne Foley
National Director

AF/gv

December 6, 1956

Mr. Edward Chambers
Friendship House
4233 South Indiana Avenue
Chicago 15, Illinois

Dear Mr. Chambers:

I promised to send you the list of our state people. Here 'tis.

Come back.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

Encl.

January 2, 1957

Miss Mary Dolan
Community
4233 South Indiana Avenue
Chicago 15, Illinois

Dear Mary Dolan:

I do appreciate word from you. Enjoyed Ed Chambers.

Our SRC President urged me to give my swansong of advice to the New York Times Magazine, and I wrote out 2500 words and sent it to them. I knew the Washington man, who has some authority in the Sunday issues. Don't know whether they will take it. But if they do, is there anything to hold you back from getting their permission to use such snippets from it as might seem suitable? It's my whole advice, and except for minor emitted fragments I've nothing else to give!

But everybody please come to Scotland. I cherish a circle around our peat fire.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

RECEIVED JAN 2 1957

COMMUNITY

4233 S. Indiana Avenue • Chicago 15, Illinois • OAkland 4-9564

December 29, 1956

Published by Friendship Houses in Chicago, Ill., Portland, Ore., Washington, D.C., and New York, N.Y.

Founded in 1941 to promote interracial justice

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Av., N.E.
Atlanta 3 Ga.

Dear Dr. Mitchell,

You must be looking forward to the New Year ahead! I find it hard to grasp the idea of your leaving SRC, but it will sink in eventually. At any rate, you certainly have all my best wishes and prayerful remembrance.

We were very glad to receive, via Ed Chambers, your ideas and encouragement on our efforts to move forward in Friendship House. At the moment, however, I am concentrating on getting out COMMUNITY--Mary Lou Hennessy, the editor, was badly injured several weeks ago and will be out of action for at least a month more.

Probably you are quite busy winding up your affairs. It occurred to me that you might like to give our readers some comments - ideas - thoughts - observations from your long years of labor in this difficult vineyard. If you are too busy to think about it now, perhaps you would keep it in mind and write something later on.

Many thanks for all your kindnesses to Friendship House. Wherever you are in the coming years, you will always have claim to a special affection in our hearts.

Sincerely,

Mary

Mary Dolan

January 9, 1957

Miss Mary Dolan
Friendship House
4233 South Indiana Avenue
Chicago 13, Illinois

Dear Mary Dolan:

The New York Times maggie didn't take my piece. Implication was that if I had perhaps given the white folks more h---, I would have got in.

So I sent it to The Progressive in Madison, Wisconsin.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab

THE NEGRO WOMEN'S STUDY COMMITTEE

1617 Milam Street
Shreveport, La.

Dear Member,

We would like to bring you "up to date" on what the Committee has been doing the past two months. We have not been sending minutes so this letter will give the highlights.

* OPEN LETTER TO STORES

The open letter was sent by registered mail to sixty owners and/or managers of Shreveport department, ready-to-wear, hat, and shoe stores on June second.

One store has replied -- Graysons. Mr. Bob Clark, district manager, wrote thanking the Committee for the letter, saying they would discuss it with their employees, and inviting customers to report any complaints to Mr. Clark or Mrs. Boyd, local manager.

* MASS MEETING

The Committee sponsored a mass meeting on June fifteenth. This idea came from the meeting with Dr. Jemison of Baton Rouge on May 31. Dr. Jemison complimented the Committe on the open letter and urge all to persevere, even though it was a "thankless" task.

He asked whether there are enough people informed and willing to stick together on the project. You can show the stores you mean business, he emphasized, only by keeping Negroes out of those stores which do not co-operate.

How to get many people interested and informed was discussed. A mass meeting was suggested, with Dr. Jemison as speaker. He stated he would be back in Shreveport in mid-June for the state Baptist convention, and that there would be a "Citizen's Night" duing which this matter might be publicized.

Rev. Retledge, the host pastor, agreed to use the local welcome address to explain the situation in the stores; Dr. Jemison would comment on it.. Publicity was arranged: The Shreveport Sun carried the open letter and an announcement; Pelican Hall had an announcement of the meeting; spot announcements were made over KANV for several days. The Committee had 3,000 handbills printed and distributed by young men. A member in each local church was called and requested to make an announcement of the meeting on the preceeding Sunday, June twelfth. Leaflets showing the total income of Negroes and voting potential were printed and distributed at the mass meeting.

* FUTURE PLANS

The next meeting is this Monday, July 11, at 5:00 P. M. at Friendship House, 1525 Milam St. Each Club that signed the open letter should send a representative to help plan the follow up with the local stores. Your ideas and support are needed.

Yours truly,

Mrs. Daisy Allen
Recording Secretary

October 22, 1953

Mr. Arville M. Fultz
Route 1, Box 96
Williamson, W. Va.

Dear Mr. Fultz:

I am sending you separately several pamphlets which bear directly on past Supreme Court decisions and with the current school segregation suits now facing the courts.

You might write the American Jewish Committee, 386 Fourth Avenue, New York 16, New York for assistance if you have not already done so. That organization would probably be able to send you reprints of many of the major decisions affecting civil rights.

Other sources you might consult:

American Jewish Congress, Commission on Law and Social Action, ANALYSIS OF THE TREATMENT OF CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL LIBERTIES CASES IN THE 1950-51 TERM OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT. Available from the Congress, 15 East 84th St., New York, N. Y.

Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, CIVIL RIGHTS IN AMERICA. Philadelphia: The Academy, 3817 Spruce St. May, 1951 (entire issue)

Berger, Morroe, EQUALITY BY STATUTE. New York: Columbia University Press, 1952

_____, "Supreme Court and Group Discrimination Since 1937," COLUMBIA LAW REVIEW, Vol. 49, February, 1949.

Chicago Council Against Racial and Religious Discrimination, U. S. SUPREME COURT DECISION OUTLAWING ENFORCEMENT OF RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS, 1948. Available from the Council, 123 W. Madison St., Chicago 2, Ill.

Emerson, Thomas I. and David Haber, POLITICAL AND CIVIL RIGHTS IN THE U. S. A COLLECTION OF LEGAL AND RELATED MATERIALS. New York: Dennis, 1952

Guzman, Jessie P. (ed), NEGRO YEARBOOK, 1952. Tuskegee Institute, Ala.: 1952

Saveth, Edward N., "The Supreme Court and Segregation," SURVEY, Vol. 87 (July, 1951), 314-317

If we can be of further help any time in the future, please call on us.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

Charge for materials sent

Pamphlets	.45
Postage	.03
	.48

Stamps acceptable

Legal Status of Negro (1960?) Marquis
Bold Civil Rts, Emerson

Williamson, West Virginia
Route 1, Box 96
October 20, 1953

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

RECEIVED
OCT 22
Southern Regional Council

Gentlemem:

I am taking an extension course for graduate study on " The American Negro". I am to give a report in this class on the recent cases of the U.S. Supreme Court in favor of the Negroes.

Few facilities are available to get such a report on this matter and it would be greatly appreciated if any information could be secured from your office on this matter. If possible, I would like to have the cases or some references where I could find this information dealing with education, labor, transportation, labor unions, and other phases of the Negro where cases have been heard in the Supreme Court and decisions rendered in favor of the Negro.

Housing Covenants
Suffrage
peonage

Q+A, Sweatt, McLaurin decisions (June 1950)
July 1951 Court Takes new Time Q+A
Henderson? Henderson decision

Thank your for your attention to this and it will be deeply appreciated.

Very truly yours,

Orville M. Fultz

November 7, 1956

Mr. William A. Fullagar
Chairman
Division of Education
The University of Rochester
River Campus Station
Rochester 20, New York

Dear Mr. Fullagar:

Yes, you are most welcome!

We have a much-valued category of odd persons called Associate Members. These are good eggs who chance to reside North of the Mason and Pixie Line. We give them every privilege but we don't let 'em vote! As a matter of fact, this is no loss of privilege because the Council's only true members are the eighty-five members who make up the Board of Directors, and everybody else belongs to his or her state organization or lives up North. We are delighted to send you New South, and for a bonus we will send you the last four or five issues for nothing.

O.K. for New South Subscription 11/7/56 mha

I always used to have a good time at the University of Florida. Was sorry they put me on tape, because that meant that I don't get to go back! By now the map speech is a movie, obtainable from the Board of Christian Education of the Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A., 830 Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania, Reverend Ben Sissel, and I can peacefully trot myself off to Scotland.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Material sent under separate cover.

THE UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER
UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF LIBERAL AND APPLIED STUDIES
RIVER CAMPUS STATION
ROCHESTER 20, NEW YORK

DIVISION OF EDUCATION
DIVISION OF NURSING EDUCATION

November 2, 1956

Dr. George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, North East
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Having left the University of Florida after eight years I find myself no longer able to be a member of the Florida Council on Human Relations. I would like to continue my contact with the Southern Regional Council, however, even if it only amounts to receiving the publications. The enclosed check for $4.00 will cover a subscription to New South and I hope will put me on the mailing list for other materials which the Council issues from time to time.

I have greatly appreciated what your visits to the Gainesville campus did for our students in the College of Education, and have, personally, gained greater insight into group relations through my membership in the Council. Please let a Yankee continue to maintain at least nominal ties.

Cordially,

William A. Fullagar

William A. Fullagar
Chairman
Division of Education

WAF:MF
Enc.

RECEIVED NOV 5 1956

Fuchs

April 9, 1957

Mr. Ralph F. Fuchs
American Association of University Professors
1785 Massachusetts Avenue, N.E.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Mr. Fuchs:

I have received your letter of April 2 referring to the situation at Florida State University. I have been in correspondence, as you have noted, with Mr. Hollis Rinehart on the State Board of Control. I have recently received a reply from him regarding this matter, and he assures me that the administration at F.S.U. has accorded Professor Vance a due process hearing on the stated charges. With you, I hope that the situation will be resolved by this means and without violence to the principles of academic freedom or tenure.

I should very much like any further information about subsequent developments as they arise. If I can be of any assistante to you, please let me know. As you probably know, I am a member of A.A.U.P. and for a number of years taught at the University of Miami in Florida.

Sincerely yours,

Frederick B. Routh
Assistant Director

FBR:mm

August 2, 1957

Miss Helen Fuller
1244 - 19th Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Miss Fuller:

In answer to your wire of this morning, I am enclosing a brief memo with some ideas of Fred Routh, Assistant Director of Southern Regional Council and mine. Since you have the earlier report, I am just including the state totals for 1947, 1952 and 1956. I hope this material will be of some aid to you.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Encl.

Return to EV

Industrial Development Branch

ENGINEERING EXPERIMENT STATION

GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

ATLANTA 13, GEORGIA

January 21, 1958

Mr. Emory F. Via
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

Thank you for "Selected Materials on the Economy of the South" which I received in the mail today. As one who has long had interest in the economic problems of the South, I look forward with great interest to perusing this excellent looking report.

Very truly yours,

John L. Fulmer

John L. Fulmer
Research Professor
of Economics

JLF:jo
Dictated: 1/20/58

Frank Swaney

file
B. Fu -gen

October 15, 1965

Mrs. Paul B. Furman
Apartment 1109
Seneca Hotel
Chicago, Illinois

Dear Helen:

Thanks for your good note. My schedule is complicated by the facts that I don't have an agenda for the NAIRO program, and I now must return Wednesday evening, a day earlier. This means that if we get together for dinner, and I shall make every effort to see that we do, it will be Tuesday evening. I shall call you early Tuesday morning.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

File
"Fu" - gen

October 22, 1965

Mr. & Mrs. Paul Furman
The Seneca
200 East Chestnut
Chicago, Illinois

Dear Helen and Paul:

Thank you so much for the lovely evening. My only regret was that it was all too little time. Do hurry up and become Southerners again

With warm regards,

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

Helen Adams -

SUperior 7-2380

THE SENECA

200 EAST CHESTNUT
CHICAGO 11, ILLINOIS

Tuesday - October 19th

Paul, my dear:

Chicago again - how a place so vast and so frequently unpainly can mean home I don't quite know. I do know I feel natural and good here even though I don't want it to be forever -

We are looking forward to your visit - Will you - can you - let us know which night will be this? We want to plan a little -

This is where we are living in a small furnished apartment -

I haven't heard a word from N.C. Strange - to be cut off so completely after such intense absorption.

Hope your cold is a thing of the past - Anyway the rd plan is to be press warmth - Cuddle you - See you soon Helen

200 EAST CHESTNUT • CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

THE SENECA

Mr. Paul Anthony
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsythe Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Paul B. Fussman
apt 1109
Seneca Hotel
Chicago, Ill

December 20, 1965

Mrs. Helen Furman
Seneca Hotel
200 E. Chestnut
Chicago, Illinois

Dear Helen:

Thank you for the lovely card. I rushed this to you to tell you my pleasure that you are going to Europe. I do hope you enjoy yourself and, as much as I look forward to visiting in Florida, I hope you aren't coming back too quickly.

Every good wish to you and to Paul.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

File
Fw - gen

April 12, 1966

Mrs. Paul Furman
9660 West Bay Harbor Drive
Bay Harbor, Florida

Dear Helen:

How good to get your note and to hear the enviable report of your lovely home. I know how happy you must be to have the opportunity to begin settling in.

The Williams' I spoke of are Dr. H. Franklin, and he can be reached through the University of Miami. The Director of the Florida Council is: The Rev. August VandenBosche, 6241 N. W. 17th Avenue, Miami.

Please do let me know when you plan the trip to Carolina. I will make every effort to be in the city when you are either going or coming, and have a good chance of doing so. In fact, I am not travelling a great deal now, except to go to New York rather frequently to ask for money. It may sound as if our financial problems are all solved. Indeed, we have so much money in one pocket that sometimes it's difficult to spend it, but the other pocket remains far from full. It;s the old business of no one wanting to give "rent money."

I know the Wheeler's will be anxious to see you and to fill you in on developments in North Carolina. No director has yet been found, although some efforts have been made. It's not a very encouraging situation at this point, but I still live in the hopes that any day someone will come on who will prove to suit them, and be a good person.

While I do still hope one of these days to get to Miami, it is not likely to be soon. I am due in Orlando on Friday and Saturday, May 6 and 7, but it is likely that I will have to return immediately after that. I will, sooner or later, make it a point to schedule a trip to Miami in such a way that we can visit. I look forward to that very much.

My very best to you both.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

PAUL RAMOS & ASSOCIATES
IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DISTRIBUTORS
SUITE 1612 - 29 E. MADISON STREET
CHICAGO 2, ILLINOIS

CENTRAL 6-1831

PAUL RAMOS & ASSOCIATES
1045 KANE CONCOURSE
BAY HARBOR, FLA. 33154

April 7, 1966

Dear Paul,

As I recall you were planning to be in Florida about this time. I, therefore, hasten to let you know that we are in our apartment and Paul in his office. It has taken quite a bit of doing and besides our children--first Paul's and then mine-- have been here for visits.

We have a lovely home, looking out over a canal (part of the inland waterways). It is like Venice but more enchanting. The smells are sweeter. I do hope you will come and see.

Unexpectedly, I find Miami an interesting city. There is without doubt a cultural lag and the hedonistic atmosphere is like an unpleasant prevailing wind. BUT the integration of the Cubans is marvelous and downtown Miami is nearly a Latin city. I expect there are normal dissatisfactions beneath the surface but looking at the situation from the top is inspirational. Thus far I have not learned much about the Negro enviroment (You see so few of them here compared to Chicago or N.C.) and I want to.

I looked up Dr. Williams in the phone book but did not find a Franklin--several Franks. Will you please send me his address and phone number if you have it. Also your director here. I can't find a listing for the Fla. Council on Human Relations either.

Up to now I have not really had any time but soon I should like to be involved in some work in my own field. I have been helping Paul a little but the business world will never miss me. I hope I have been missed --well, a bit anyway--in N.C.

We are planning a trip to the Carolinas soon. Probably by car. Paul must go on business and I am lonesome for the Wheelers. Perhaps we shall get to Atlanta. I just hope we do not miss each other. Will you let me know when you expect to be here?

Your financial problems sounded as if they were solved when I last spoke with you. You know all the good things I wish for the Council and for you. Paul sends regards and I send love

Helen
(PAUL)
Mrs. Helen Turman

Home Address:
9660 W. Bay Harbor Drive
Bay Harbor, Fla.
Phones: Office: 865-7905
Home: 865-7874

Rec'd 5/9/66

PAUL RAMOS & ASSOCIATES
IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DISTRIBUTORS
SUITE 1616 - 20 E. MADISON STREET
CHICAGO 2, ILLINOIS
CENTRAL 6-1831

MJ-file

File "Fu" general

May 6,1966

Dear Paul,

Thank you for your nice letter and for the copy of New South. I became a subscriber at once. I congratulate you and all of those who had a hand in the format and the material . It is a deeply impressive piece of work.

I sent my copy to the Acting President of Roosevelt University. Would it be too much trouble for your secretary to ask your mail department to send me another? I shall be glad to pay for it and for the postage.

Unfortunately we did not even come near Atlanta on our trip. We were in Charlotte and Raleigh. We left the car there and took a plane to New York.

The N.C. Council is in a bad way. I had an unexpected emotional reaction something like a parent who sees a child in trouble. This is crazy, of course but it is hard to realize that the progress we made last year is lost. Even the Charlotte Council is practically out of business.

Raymond told me wonderful things about SRC and you. This is marvelous.

Today I talked with Dr. Williams who seemed glad to hear from me. He knew we had moved to Florida. Mrs. Williams is away so Dr. Williams is coming to have dinner with us on the 18th. After talking with him perhaps I can be of some use to the council here--at least in the fall and winter.

Now Paul you must need a little vacation. Why don't you come to see us for a long week end--not for business but purely for rest and fun. The guest room and bath may not be completely finished as to interior decoration but it will be comfortable, private and it is yours on request.

Paul seconds the invitation heartily.

All the best always

Fondly

Helen (Furman)

File
A Few "gen."

May 9, 1966

Mrs. Paul B. Furman
9660 West Bay Harbor Drive
Bay Harbor, Florida

Dear Helen:

Under separate cover we are sending you another copy of NEW SOUTH. Actually, we are completely out of these except for file copies but since you have been good enough to become a subscriber so promptly and passed your own copy on this is only right.

Your invitation for the long weekend is deeply appreciated and don't be surprised if one of these days I actually take you up on it.

Best to you both.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

File "Fu" Gen

September 19, 1966

Mrs. Paul B. Furman
9660 West Bay Harbor Drive
Bay Harbor, Florida

Dear Helen:

Lucius has been here during the morning for a meeting and it was good to see him and to hear the expected enthusiastic comments about your help to him.

I am honored that you would want to use my name on the cover of the program. The statement you have drafted is an excellent one. By all means affix my name to it. And thank you.

Best to you both.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

DRAFT

FINAL PAGE

Miles College has survived the ferment of its environment--not only survived (which is remarkable) but developed and grown stronger in the past few years.

This small southern college is a "demonstration" for the entire nation.

There has been no compromising here with "principles". *

There has been no tampering with student and faculty freedom.

But there has been insistence that a college, Miles College, is for concentration on LEARNING, LEARNING, and more LEARNING.

Although 61 years old, Miles is young in dynamic educational ideas and in their vigorous execution. It is a college climbing a steep path, beset with the pitfalls of difficult race relations and a serious lack of funds to meet the many and growing needs of its more than 1200 students.

At the summit there is greater social tranquility and economic health for these young people and through them for our country.

It is our hope that many concerned individuals throughout the nation will help Miles remove the pitfalls and attain that summit.

Principles is not in quotes

(1)

MILES COLLEGE

BIRMINGHAM 8, ALABAMA

L. H. PITTS, PRESIDENT

September 10, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsythe Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Paul:

Since last Tuesday, I have been having a marvelous experience on the campus of Miles College. I really feel as though I belong here.

We have been busy with a number of projects, working, of course, toward the December 7 dinner in Chicago and developing a brochure. The brochure is really coming along beautifully. We want to have a pertinent message on the back cover and I have come up with the idea that you should give us your blessings by signing this. Lucius couldn't agree more. I have been your "ghost" in this case and have written a draft. Lucius and other members of our development committee here have given their unqualified approval to this, so will you do the same and allow us to put your signature at the bottom. Lucius is delighted that you are coming to the dinner on December 7. We both hope to see you long before then. Please drop me a line giving me your "ok" on the statement to my home in Florida.

If my Paul were here, he would send his regards and I, of course, send love.

Cordially,

Helen

Helen Furman

HF:fhj

File
"FW" gen
cr. ref. Miles College

March 22, 1967

Mrs. Helen Adams Furman
9660 West Bay Harbor Drive
Bay Harbor, Florida

Dear Helen:

Thank you again for all you did about that magnificent occasion on Friday.

Warmest regards to you both.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

File "Fu" gen.

October 23, 1967

Mrs. Paul Furman
9660 W. Bay Harbor Drive
Bay Harbor, Florida

Dear Helen:

Ed Lewis may have given you this message by the time you receive this letter. I have explained to Ed that there was some delay about confirming the dates for our trip to Nassau because of Ray's scheduling problems. Now, the whole thing has been tossed out. Ray has committed himself up to 10 days of travel with a CBS TV crew doing a documentary on rural poverty, and he does not feel he can still take time off to do the trip. I, too, have cancelled my reservations.

However, the week remains open, and I can still be at the Pitts dinner on the evening of the 8th, if you can arrange it. For that matter, at least for the moment, my calendar

is very open in December. Needless to say, I would make every effort to come down if it would be of any benefit to Miles College.

Best to you both.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

See
Dr. Fu" gen

December 14, 1967

Mrs. Paul B. Furman
9660 West Bay Harbor Drive
Bay Harbor, Florida

Dear Helen:

Thank you so much for the note included with your card. I do so much want to visit, but it remains the old story.

One of the things that would get me down is the dinner we discussed for Miles College. Is that still a possibility?

In the meantime, every good wish of the Season to you and Paul.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

October 28, 1968

Mrs. Paul Furham
9660 West Bay Harbor Drive
Bay Harbor, Florida

Dear Helen:

How good it was to see you on Saturday.

Please know that we would be most pleased to have you and Paul as our guests at the Annual Meeting, November 13-15 at the Sheraton-Biltmore Hotel. Let Mildred know, on the enclosed form, whether or not you want her to make reservations for you.

The correct spelling of the title of Stokely's poem is, "Catalooche."

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosure - 1.

Kue
mj-files
6 00
11-19/68
GM

November 19, 1968

Mrs. Paul Furman
Sheraton-Four Ambassadors Hotel
801 South Bayshore Drive
Miami, Florida 33131

Dear Helen:

Thanks for the gift subscription for Harold as well as your own.

I, too, was very sorry you could not make the meeting. There is no such thing as a perfect SRC Annual Meeting. The only think approaching perfection is the trauma our annual meetings create for me.

Do visit again soon.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

SHERATON—
FOUR AMBASSADORS
HOTEL & APARTMENTS
801 South Bayshore Drive, Miami, Florida 33131 • Phone: (305) 377-1966

Nov. 18, 1968

Dear Paul,

Thank you very much for the invitation to the annual meeting of SRC. It would have been an exceptional pleasure for me to have been with you. Unfortunately we were out of town until this week end. Please invite me again next year.

It was so much fun seeing you and Paul and your pets--also your lovely new stove and refrigerator. I expect to be asked to dine, gourmet style, with all that fine equipment.

I am enclosing my subscription to NEW SOUTH because I wanted you to know that I am sending a subscription to Harold Friedman. He has been impressed with some issues I have shown him and he told me not long ago that he would make a contribution. If you get to Chicago you should call him and make a dinner date. He will probably ask you out to his house and youx would enjoy that. Anyway keep him in mind. It is worth while to have him interested.

I was with Lucius in N.Y. He had a cold but seemed fine. Keep your fingers crossed, toes too, for accreditation next month!. Still no director of development--its a shame. I may go to Bgham in Jan and stay for a few weeks to get that office functioning unless they find someone in the meantime.

How did the meeting go? I am sure it was perfect.

Paul sends regards and, of course, all the best from

Helen

1st yr. - (raise) Salaries

Total 190,491

Salaries 21,600

108891 F for R

169,786 total

2nd yr 42,000

They raise 127786 F for R

3rd yr 169.786 total

72.000

they 97786 F for R

2)2) 2) 1)

108.891

127.786

97.786

314.463

Salaries, 3 yrs

F for R

314.463

109.872

424,335

Salaries 3 yrs

Central 3 yrs

492.5

They raise salaries

21.600

42.000

72 000

135 600

194.000

229 600

~~500,000~~

Central

Contributed

— 18 mos
— 1 yr
— 1 yr

for final breakdown

he needs to know how much
from F. for L. for

1st 18
2nd full yr
3rd full yr.

1st yr (w. is 15 mos)

12.970
12
25940
12970
155,640

plus 5 assessors @ 8.420
5
40100

155,640
40,100 ex n (12 states) 15 mos (1st yr)
195740

less 1/3 65249
130,491

Each State to raise 1.800 in the 1st yr (15 mos)
12
3600
1800
21.600 total raised by States 1st yr.

2nd yr 12 X 12.370.00
12
24740
12370
147,440
40100 - M's
187,540
18754
169,786

less 10%

but they must raise, per State 3500 each
12
7000
3500
42,000

12 States must raise 3rd yr
3rd yr. each State must raise 6.000
12
7000
6000
72,000

D.F's figures

Stars 1,500 1st yr.
3,500 2nd yr
6,000 3rd yr (7000?? Cum.)

(See if (in practice) can get em to raise more than contributed).

The Honorable J. William Fulbright
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

My dear Senator Fulbright:

Please accept my long over-due expression of appreciation for the opportunity to talk with you on May 11th.

A copy of The Negro and The Schools is being sent to you under separate cover.

As consideration is given to the advantage to the South itself -- as well as to the nation -- inherent in the Supreme Court's Decision of May 17th, we believe the region will accept and use the opportunities before it.

We are grateful for your interest in these matters.

Sincerely,

Grace T. Hamilton
Associate Director

GTH/

Atlanta Negro Fund-Raising

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a full-rate Telegram or Cablegram unless its deferred character is indicated by a suitable symbol above or preceding the address.

WESTERN UNION

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

SYMBOLS

DL=Day Letter

NL=Night Letter

LT=Int'l Letter Telegram

VLT=Int'l Victory Ltr.

The filing time shown in the date line on telegrams and day letters is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

AC819 BB565

1951 AUG 29 PM 9 13

B.UDB023 NL PD=UD NEWYORK NY 29=

DR GEORGE MITCHELL=

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL 63 AUBURN ATE ATLA=

DR TOBIAS DELIGHTED TO ATTEND YOUR MEETING SEPTEMBER FIFTH PROVIDED THIS DOES NOT INTERFERE WITH DR RICHARDSONS CONFERENCE=

RACHEL HUNTINGTON=..

RECEIVED AUG 30 Southern Regional

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

Negro Fund Raising

August 30, 1951

Mr. L. D. Milton
Citizens Trust Co.
212 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Milton:

The Southern Regional Council is in need of our immediate support in one or two matters. You are asked, as one of a selected group, to meet in Bishop Moore's conference room, 410 Wesley Memorial Building, 63 Auburn Avenue, at four o'clock, Wednesday afternoon, September 5.

Dr. Channing H. Tobias will be with us at this meeting.

The gathering will be over within an hour.

We would be most grateful for your filling out the enclosed post card telling us that you can meet with us.

Sincerely,

Harry V. Richardson

Benjamin E. Mays

A. T. Walden

GAMMON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

August 30, 1951

Mr. Harold Fleming
1855 Wellbourne Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The Southern Regional Council is in need of our immediate support in one or two matters. You are asked, as one of a selected group, to meet in Bishop Moore's conference room, 410 Wesley Memorial Building, 63 Auburn Avenue, at four o'clock, Wednesday afternoon, September 5.

Dr. Channing H. Tobias will be with us at this meeting.

The gathering will be over within an hour.

We would be most grateful for your filling out the enclosed post card telling us that you can meet with us.

Sincerely,

Harry V. Richardson

Harry V. Richardson

Benjamin E. Mays

Benjamin E. Mays

A. D. Walden

A. D. Walden

R

August 31, 1951

Dr. Harry V. Richardson
Gammon Theological Seminary
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Dr. Richardson:

For your files, here is a copy of the letter that went out.

And here is the list of those to whom it went.

If Mrs. Jackson will be so kind as to keep a record of the post cards returned, your office ought to have by Wednesday morning a pretty good estimate of the number that will come.

I wish you would consider on Wednesday morning whether it would be wise to have Mrs. Jackson telephone those who have not responded at all, and perhaps even those who have undertaken to come---reminding them.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

August 31, 1951

Mr. L. D. Milton
Citizens Trust Co.
212 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Grace Towns Hamilton ✓
594 University Pl., N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Forrester B. Washington
School of Social Work
Atlanta University
Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Mozelle C. Hill
Department of Sociology
Atlanta University
Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Rufus E. Clement
Atlanta University
Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. J. P. Brawley
Clark College
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. J. R. Henderson ✓
839 Booker Washington Dr., N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. W. H. Aiken
158 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. John W. Dobbs ✓ Sp. Let.
330 Auburn Ave., N. E.

Mr. C. T. Parkins ✓
Butler St. YMCA
22 Butler Street, N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. W. H. Borders
24 Younge St., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. F. Earl McLendon
1367 Hunter St., N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

President John A. Lewis ✓
Morris Brown College
Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Richard C. Hackney
Herndon Building
Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. Homer McEwen
392 Angier Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. H. S. Murphy ✓
279 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. J. L. Wheeler ✓
563 Johnson Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. James E. Martin
148 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. W. A. Mason ✓
208 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. Roger Henderson
190 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. S. M. Lewis
239 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. W. B. Cochrane
Butler Street YMCA
22 Butler St., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. J. B. Blayton, Jr.
239 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. J. B. Blayton, Sr.
239 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Nelson Jackson
~~The Atlanta Daily World~~
~~210 Auburn Ave., N. E.~~
Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. Maynard Jackson
220 Sunset Ave., N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Professor C. L. Harper ✓
250 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. S. G. Sellers
1373 Hunter St., N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Jesse Hill ✓ Sp. let.
Atlanta Life Insurance Company
148 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. I. H. Burney, Jr.
1007 Mayson & Turner Ave., N. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. S. W. Walker
Pilgrim Health and
Life Insurance Co.
250 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. J. C. Johnson
Pilgrim Health and
Life Insurance Co.
250 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Morris B. Abram
Healy Building
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Yates
228 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. M. L. King
193 Boulevard, N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. M. F. Tilly
1013 Highland Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Leonard Haas
Haas-Howell Building
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Paul Williams
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond 22, Virginia

Mr. Walter Smith
Atlanta Life Insurance Company
148 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Bishop J. W. E. Bowen ✓
1197 Fountain Drive, S. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Bishop S. L. Greene
1212 Fountain Drive, S. W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Bishop W. A. Fountain
242 Boulevard, N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Geneva Haugabrooks
364 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Benjamin E. Mays Sp

Dr. Harry V. Richardson

A. T. Walden Sp

Dr. Channing Tobias ✓ Sp.

Dr. M. E. Ellison ✓ Sp.

tick mark means present

September 7, 1951

Mr. L. D. Milton
Citizens Trust Co.
212 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Milton:

At the meeting called on the evening of September 5, 1951, for the Southern Regional Council fourteen persons were present. They agreed on several things:

1. That the work of the Southern Regional Council is highly necessary at this time;

2. That increasing support of the Council is urgently needed;

3. That each of the persons asked to the meeting should be responsible for a contribution of not less than $100.00;

4. That this sum could be provided either by direct contributions or through securing ten dollar sustaining memberships to the Council;

5. That the contributions raised should be paid into the Council before October 1, 1951.

Several of those present made their own contributions on the spot. One person is raising $300.00. President J. M. Ellison of Virginia Union University, Richmond, Virginia, a visitor to the meeting, undertook a hundred dollars. Dr. Channing H. Tobias, who has aided the Council on previous occasions, stated that citizen support of this kind would help him importantly in his efforts in behalf of the Council.

Dr. Mays and Mr. Walden join us in asking that you make your contribution as soon as possible. Checks can be mailed directly to

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

If you wish further details, or if we can assist you in any way, please call upon us.

Yours sincerely,

Harry V. Richardson

George S. Mitchell

HVR:GSM/o

Sept. 10, 1951

Mr. A. T. Walden
Walden Bldg.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Walden:

Mr. Richardson and I are extremely grateful for your kind co-operation in getting out the letter which resulted in the meeting last Wednesday for the Council.

Here is the letter we sent out over the week-end to those who were unable to be present.

I hope that you will find it possible to help personally, in addition to the very great help given the whole enterprise by your helping to call the meeting together.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

Sept. 10, 1951

Mr. Channing H. Tobias
Phelps-Stokes Fund
101 Park Ave.
New York 17, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Tobias:

That was extremely kind of you to give time, energy, and thought to the meeting here in Atlanta last Wednesday for the Southern Regional Council.

Your presence had a lot to do with the success of the occasion.

Mr. Dobbs has already sent in his three hundred, we had the two fifties paid at the time, and a good many of the others have let us know that their pledges are firm. We will send you a report at the end of the month.

With cordial appreciation.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

Sept. 10, 1951

President Benjamin E. Mays
Morehouse College
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Mays:

The Wednesday gathering last week went pretty well, we thought. Channing Tobias spoke usefully. Those present agreed, as you will see, to try to find one hundred dollars apiece.

I recall your own many personal sacrifices for the Council, and we shall not be pressing you for a money contribution. Your help in calling the meeting is deeply appreciated.

With warm regards.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

Sept. 10, 1951

Mr. Jesse Hill
Atlanta Life Insurance Co.
148 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Hill:

Here is a copy of the letter that we sent out to those who did not get to the meeting the other day.

I am grateful for your phone call on Saturday and appreciate your work on behalf of the Council.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

September 10, 1951

Not sent to him.

~~Mr. John W. Dobbs~~
~~330 Auburn Ave., N. E.~~
~~Atlanta, Ga.~~

Dear Mr. Dobbs:

Here is a copy of the letter sent to those who were unable to be present at the meeting you came to last Wednesday.

We are most grateful for your participation and your generous undertaking to aid the Council.

Please send your contribution as early as possible directly to

The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Sincerely yours,

Harry V. Richardson

George S. Mitchell

HVR:GSM/c
Encl.

September 10, 1951

Dr. W. A. Mason
206 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mason:

I want to express the appreciation of the Council's staff for the generous contribution which you made to our work at the meeting last Wednesday. Your gift helped us to get off to a good start; already contributions are coming in from the other men who were there.

I am enclosing a copy of the letter which has gone out to the people who could not be present for the meeting.

With support such as you and these men have given us, the work of the Council will surely go forward.

Kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

September 11, 1951

Mr. John Wesley Dobbs
Masonic Temple,
Auburn at Hillard Street,
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dobbs:

This note is to send you the Council's official receipt for your generous contribution and to add my own word of thanks for the way in which you have come to our assistance. With this sort of backing from people in Atlanta we can certainly continue our work.

I am enclosing the envelopes for which you asked.

If we can be of any help to you, please call on us.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

MOST WORSHIPFUL PRINCE HALL GRAND LODGE

FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS. JURISDICTION OF GEORGIA

X. L. NEAL, D. G. M.
1052 HARWELL ST., N. W.
ATLANTA, GA.

L. P. BOHLER, S. G. W.
BOX 232
AUGUSTA, GA.

D. P. NESBITT, J. G. W.
BOX 1242
COLUMBUS, GA.

DUNCAN PRINGLE, G. TREAS.
634 W. 39TH ST.
SAVANNAH, GA.

OFFICE OF THE GRAND MASTER
JOHN WESLEY DOBBS
MASONIC TEMPLE
AUBURN AVE. AT HILLIARD ST.
PHONE: WALNUT 1358
ATLANTA, GA.

SOL. C. JOHNSON, G. SECY.
TRIBUNE BLDG.
SAVANNAH, GA.

JOSEPH CRAWFORD
SEC.-TREAS. M. R. A.
MASONIC TEMPLE
ATLANTA, GA.

R. W. GADSDEN, CHR. COM. F. C.
608 W. 36TH ST.
SAVANNAH, GA.

September 8, 1951

RECEIVED
SEP 10 1951
Southern Regional Council

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
Wesley Memorial Church Building
Atlanta, Georgia

My dear Mr. Mitchell:

I am enclosing checks to the amount of Three Hundred ($300) Dollars to cover the pledge I made to the Southern Regional Council.

Please send me about ten or twelve envelopes for the ten dollar pledges.

With best wishes and kindest regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

J. W. Dobbs

Grand Master

September 11, 1951

President John A. Lewis
Morris Brown College
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear President Lewis:

This note is to send you the Council's official receipt and my thanks for the generous contribution which you made to the work of the Council at the meeting last Wednesday.

Attached is a copy of the letter which went out to those men who could not be present. Already contributions are coming in from others who were present and we feel greatly encouraged over the future of the Council.

We appreciate your efforts in our behalf.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

RECEIVED
SEP 14 1951
Southern Regional Council

September 13, 1951

Dr. Harry V. Richardson
Gammon Theological Seminary
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Richardson:

Thank you for your letter of September 7th. I was sorry I could not make your meeting on September 5th, for the reason that I had just gone to Oklahoma City to the annual meeting of the National Baptist Convention of which I am auditor.

While I do not know exactly what I shall be able to do for you in the Council program in the way of a contribution, you may be sure that Radio Station WERD is always glad to cooperate with you in any worthy cause. We are sincerely interested in the work of the Southern Regional Council and have the highest respect for the sincerity, ability and integrity of Dr. Mitchell who has the responsibility for carrying the work forward here.

Yours sincerely,

J. B. Blayton
Certified Public Accountant

JBB
wbm
cc: Dr. George S. Mitchell

MOREHOUSE COLLEGE
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

SEP 14 1951
Southern Regional Council

SEP 13 1951
Southern Regional Council

September 13, 1951

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

I am sorry I could not be at the meeting on September 5. It was very necessary for me to go to Oklahoma City and I think I got some results.

I plan within a few weeks to contribute $50.00 to the Southern Regional Council. I can guarantee that. Since I am in a campaign all the time I am not so sure I can raise the other $50.00. I am still trying to bring up the rear end of the United Negro College Fund campaign which I conducted in Atlanta in May. You can certainly count on my personal check for $50.00 in the not too distant future.

Sincerely yours,

Benjamin E. Mays

Benjamin E. Mays
President

BEM.dem

September 17, 1951

President J. M. Ellison
Virginia Union University
Richmond 20, Virginia

Dear Mr. Ellison:

Thank you very much for sending the check for twenty-five dollars as you promised at the meeting here in Atlanta. You will be interested to know that the other people who were at the meeting have been following through well and that already a goodly sum has come in to the Council. I am sure that your presence and generosity helped to make the meeting such a good one.

We appreciate your effotts on our behalf.

Our best wishes to you for the coming year.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

VIRGINIA UNION UNIVERSITY

JOHN MALCUS ELLISON, PRESIDENT
RICHMOND 20, VIRGINIA

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

September 14, 1950

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I am sending you my personal check for twenty-five dollars as a part of my hundred dallars that P romised to get for you. It was good seeing you in Atlanta. I want you to know I appreciate the great work you are doing and I want to help you in every way possible.

K.S.

Sincerely yours

J. M. Ellison

J. M. Ellison

September 27, 1951

Mr. H. S. Murphy
275 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Murphy:

This is to acknowledge the check for ten dollars from Mr. Walker and to express the Council's appreciation for all your efforts in our behalf. It is certainly good of you to give so much of your time and energy to help in raising money for us.

The group who met on September 5th are responding to our appeal well and we are hopeful for the future of the Council.

I am today sending a receipt to Mr. Walker.

With kindest regards, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

Sept. 27, 1951

MEMO TO KATHERINE STONEY

Mr. Murphy, Sr. one of those present at the gathering in Bishop Moore's conference room, yesterday handed me the attached check from Mr. S. W. Walker. I told Mr. Murphy that this would be counted as reducing Mr. Murphy's quota.

I suppose you had best make Mr. S. W. Walker a sustaining member if he is not, and thank both him and Mr. Murphy.

GSM

781 Fraser St SE -
Atlanta -

Pl pin to
[illegible]

October 2, 1951

Mr. P. B. Young, Sr.
727 Reservoir Avenue,
Norfolk, Virginia

Dear Mr. Young:

Your check for twenty dollars was a most welcome addition to the Council's treasury and a generous indication of your support of our work. We do thank you.

Since I joined the Council staff in June I have enjoyed reading the Journal and Guide, especially the news from my home state of North Carolina.

Plans are now being made for our annual membership meeting in December - the next issue of New South will give details about it. We would be delighted to have you with us then.

Kindest regards.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, Inc.

63 AUBURN AVENUE, N.E. -:- ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

Believing in the principals and aims of the Southern Regional Council, I would like to become a SUSTAINING MEMBER

ENCLOSED ARE —

Sustaining dues for one year ~~$10.00~~

Additional contribution . . $20.00

TOTAL ENCLOSED $20.00

K.S.

NAME P B Young

Street 727 Newport Ave

City Norfolk State Va

Invited to membership by Original Member

October 2, 1951

Mr. C. L. Harper
Georgia Teachers and Education Association
250 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Harper:

The Council is most grateful to you and to the Georgia Teachers and Education Association for the generous contribution to our work. You will be glad to know that we have good response to the appeal made at the meeting on September 5th and that contributions are still coming in.

We are always interested in the activities of your organization. If at any time we can be of service in any way, please call on us.

With kindest regards, I am,

Very sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

R. J. MARTIN
President
Ballard School
Macon

HOMER T. EDWARDS
Vice President
Athens High School
Athens, Ga.

C. W. DuVAUL
Treasurer
Spencer High School
Columbus

Georgia Teachers and Education Association

Board of Directors
Lucius T. Bacote
R. E. Blakeney
Daniel F. Davis
E. J. Granberry
Samuel Hubbard
E. J. Jackson
Hodge King
James M. Mixon
George W. Parker, Jr.
Mrs. Ida A. Prather
Joseph F. Smith
J. S. Wilkerson

Aaron Brown
Editor, *The Herald*

C. L. HARPER
Executive Secretary
250 Auburn Avenue, N. E CY. 7046
Atlanta, Georga

RECEIVED
OCT 2 1951
Southern Regional Council

October 1, 1951

Dr. George Mitchell, Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

The Georgia Teachers and Education Association is very pleased to make this contribution of $100.00 to the Southern Regional Council, which is doing such fine work in improving race relations in this area.

K.S.

Sincerely yours,

C. L. Harper

C. L. Harper

CLH:dr
Encl.

October 2, 1951

Mr. J. L. Wheeler
563 Johnson Avenue, NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Wheeler:

Your letter of October 1st and the enclosed checks totaling forty dollars came to the Council to-day. We greatly appreciate your own contribution and your efforts in our behalf. I have written to Dr. Porter and Mr. Abrams to acknowledge and thank them for their gifts.

The response from the group which met on September 5th has been most gratifying. We have been encouraged to carry on with our task.

If at any time we can be of service to you, please call on us.

Very sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

JOHN MERRICK, FOUNDER

DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA

J. L. WHEELER
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF AGENTS
330 AUBURN AVENUE, N. E.
ATLANTA, GA.

Atlanta Ga.
10-1-51

RECEIVED
OCT 2 1951
Southern Regional Council

Sou. Regional Council, Inc.
Atlanta Ga

Dear Sirs:

Find three membership subscrip tion and $10.00 extra donations — $40.00 in all.

Very truly
J. L. Wheeler

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, Inc.

63 AUBURN AVENUE, N. E. -:- ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

Believing in the principals and aims of the Southern Regional Council, I would like to become a SUSTAINING MEMBER

ENCLOSED ARE —

Sustaining dues for one year $10.00

Additional contribution . . $ 5.00

TOTAL ENCLOSED $ 15.00

NAME J. L. Wheeler

Street 563 Johnson Ave N.E.

City Atlanta State Ga.

Invited to membership by J. L. Wheeler

October 3, 1951

President J. M. Ellison
Virginia Union University
Richmond, Cirginia

Dear Mr. Ellison:

Thank you for sending on the five dollar check from Dr. Hamilton-Francis. Mr. Young's check for twenty dollars came in yesterday. I have acknowledged them both.

We are grateful to you for giving your time and effort in our behalf when you must have so many calls.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

VIRGINIA UNION UNIVERSITY
RICHMOND 20, VIRGINIA

RECEIVED
OCT 3 1951
Southern Regional Council

October 1, 1951

Dr. G. Hamilton Francis
1024 Liberty Street
Norfolk, Virginia

Dear Dr. Francis:

Thank you for sending your check for $5.00 for the Southern Regional Council. I am grateful to Dr. Young for contacting you.

Dr. Young informs me that he has sent $20 direct to the Council. My $25 sent a week or so ago brings the contribution for Virginia up to $50. I am committed to getting at least $100. I have asked Dr. Hancock to send at least $25. I hope he will do so.

Dr. Mitchell is our friend and he is doing a great job for better interracial relations. We must give him unqualified support.

Yours sincerely,

President

JME/accl
cc: Dr. Mitchell

October 4, 1951

Mr. Jesse Hill, Jr.
Atlanta Life Insurance Co.
148 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Hill:

We are very appreciative indeed of your letter of October 1 with its kind check from Mr. Scott.

It is good to have you as a friend of the Council.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

October 1, 1951

RECEIVED
OCT 3 1951
Southern Regional Council

Dear Mr. Mitchell,

Enclosed herewith is the check for Mr. C. A. Scott, editor of the Atlanta Daily World in the amount of $25.00. K.S.

My progress on this effort has been hampered by a personal problem that you will no doubt be informed of soon.

I do not plan to stop at $25.00 and my personal contribution is forthcoming.

Very Sincerely,

Jesse Hill, Jr.

PAUL D. WILLIAMS, RICHMOND
PRESIDENT
JOHN H. WHEELER, DURHAM
FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT
GUY B. JOHNSON, CHAPEL HILL
SECOND VICE-PRESIDENT
CARTER WESLEY, HOUSTON
THIRD VICE-PRESIDENT
HAROLD L. TRIGG, RALEIGH
FOURTH VICE-PRESIDENT
CHARLES S. JOHNSON, NASHVILLE
CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
GEORGE S. MITCHELL,
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
MRS. NORMA HUFF,
SECRETARY-TREASURER
HAROLD C. FLEMING,
DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MRS. M. E. TILLY,
IN CHARGE WOMEN'S WORK

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AVENUE, N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

Sept. 10, 1951

Mr. Jesse Hill
Atlanta Life Insurance Co.
148 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Hill:

Here is a copy of the letter that we sent out to those who did not get to the meeting the other day.

I am grateful for your phone call on Saturday and appreciate your work on behalf of the Council.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

October 10, 1951

Mr. J. R. Henderson
University-John Hope Homes
668 Fair Street, SW
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Henderson:

Thank you very much indeed for sending the check for twenty-five dollars - the contribution of your group at University Homes. The Council appreciates their contribution and your kindness in soliciting it for us.

Our friends in Atlanta have been most generous in their response to our appeal. We feel encouraged about the immediate future of the Council.

With best wishes, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

JAS. D. ROBINSON, JR., CHAIRMAN
FRANK G. ETHERIDGE, VICE CHAIRMAN
JOHN O. CHILES
DR. ALLEN D. ALBERT, JR.
EDWIN L. STERNE

JAMES H. THERRELL
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND SECRETARY
FRANK M. WHITE
TECHNICAL DIRECTOR
CARLTON GARRETT
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR FINANCE
GEORGE T. PAPAGEORGE
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR REDEVELOPMENT

ADDRESS REPLY TO:
UNIVERSITY—JOHN HOPE HOMES
668 FAIR STREET, S. W.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

OCT 9 1951
RECEIVED
Southern Regional Council

October 8, 1951

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

I am having difficulty in securing my $100, but I have some promises which I shall continue to work on.

Enclosed you will find a check for $25.00 from my group here at University Homes.

K.S.

With best wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,

J. R. Henderson

J. R. Henderson
Housing Manager

JRH/rr

October 12, 1951

Dr. Harry V. Richardson
Gammon Theological Seminary
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Richardson:

Here is an up-to-date statement on the campaign.

Dr. Mason		$ 50.00
Mr. J. L. Lewis		50.00
Mr. J. W. Dobbs		300.00
Dr. Ellison		
From Mr. Young	20.00	
From Dr. Francis	5.00	
From self	25.00	
		50.00
Mr. C. A. Scott		25.00
Mr. Henderson		25.00
Mr. Wheeler		
From Mr. Abrams	10.00	
From Dr. Porter	15.00	
From self	15.00	
		40.00
Mr. Harper		
From Georgia teachers		100.00
TOTAL		$640.00

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

GAMMON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

October 15, 1951

RECEIVED
OCT 16 1951
Southern Regional Council

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Inclosed for your information is a copy of the letter which we have sent to persons who have not yet made their contribution to the Council. Also inclosed is a list of the names of the persons to whom the letter was mailed.

Yours sincerely,

Herthal Ruth Osborne

(Miss) Herthal Ruth Osborne
Secretary to Dr. Richardson

o/
Inclosures

October 15, 1951

Mr. L. D. Milton
C/o Citizens Trust Company
212 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Milton:

You will be pleased to know that up to now, nearly a thousand dollars has come in to the Southern Regional Council from twelve contributors. This leaves twenty-eight of us who have not yet sent in our contributions.

As you know, the Council is facing serious financial needs just now. We had hoped to raise two thousand dollars or more by October 1.

We are two weeks behind schedule. Yet if all of us will send in our contributions immediately, we can easily exceed the total. Although it will be a little late as far as time is concerned, the Council will be able to use it and will forgive us for our tardiness.

You may remember that we were each asked to raise one hundred dollars, either by contributions from ourselves and others or by securing ten-dollar memberships.

May we urge you again to send in your contribution immediately, thus assuring Dr. Mitchell of our firm support in the work the Council is trying to do.

Yours sincerely,

Harry V. Richardson

Benjamin E. Mays

A. T. Walden

Mr. L. D. Milton
Citizens Trust Co.
212 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Mrs. Grace Towns Hamilton
594 University Pl.,N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dr. Forrester B. Washington
School of Social Work, Atlanta Univ.,
Atlanta, Georgia

Dr. Mozelle C. Hill
Department of Sociology
Atlanta University
Atlanta, Georgia

Mr. C. T. Perkins
Butler St. YMCA
22 Butler Street, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Rev. Homer McEwen
392 Angier Ave.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. James D. Martin
148 Auburn Ave.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. W. B. Cochrane
Butler Street YMCA
22 Butler St.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. J. B. Blayton, Sr.
239 Auburn Ave.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. S. G. Sellers
1373 Hunter St.,N.W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. S.W. Walker
Pilgrim Health & Life Insurance Co.
250 Auburn Avenue.N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Yates
228 Auburn Avenue,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. Richard C. Hackney
Herndon Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dr. Rufus E. Clement
Atlanta University
Atlanta, Georgia

Dr. J. P. Brawley
Clark College
Atlanta, Georgia

Mr. W. H. Aiken
158 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Rev. W. H. Borders
24 Younge St.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. F. Earl McLendon
1367 Hunter St.,N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Mr. and Mrs. Roger Henderson
190 Auburn Ave.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. S. M. Lewis
239 Auburn Ave.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. J. B. Blayton,Jr.
239 Auburn Ave.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. Maynard Jackson
220 Sunset Ave.,N.W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. I. H. Burney,Jr.
1007 Mayson & Turner Ave.,N.W.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. J. C. Johnson
250 Auburn Ave.N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. M. L. King
193 Boulevard N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
1013 Highland Ave.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Leonard Haas
Haas-Howell Building
Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Paul Williams
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond 22, Virginia

Mr. Walter Smith
Atlanta Life Insurance Co.
148 Auburn Ave.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Bishop J.W.E. Bowen
250 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Bishop W. A. Fountain
242 Boulevard, N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Geneva Haugabrooks
364 Auburn Ave.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

[redacted]

Mr. Nelson Jackson
The Atlanta Daily World
210 Auburn Ave.,N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

October 22, 1951

Dr. B. E. Mayes
Morehouse College
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mayes:

The Council is grateful for your generous contribution of fifty dollars which we received today. This will be of much help to us as we carry on our work.

The response to our appeal for funds has been most heartening and we hope to be able to pay our way for the rest of the year.

Thank you for your interest and for your continued support.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

October 23, 1951

President James P. Brawley
Clark College
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Brawley:

The Council appreciates very much your gift of ten dollars which Dr. Richardson has sent on to us. I am sure you must have a great many appeals for funds to come to you and know that you must give some thought to the selection of the ones to which you give. Thank you for believing in the work of the Council.

I am sending you several copies of a recently issued pamphlet about the Council and its program. Perhaps you may find some people on your campus who would be interested in having them.

If you should want more copies of the pamphlet or any other information about the Council, we will be happy to send it to you.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

GAMMON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

October 19, 1951

RECEIVED
OCT 22 1951
Southern Reginnal Counc

Dr. George S. Mitchell
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Inclosed is a check for $10.00, a contribution to the Southern Regional Council, from President Brawley. For your information, I am also sending you the inclosed correspondence.

Yours sincerely,

Herthal Ruth Osborne

(Miss) Herthal Ruth Osborne
Secretary to Dr. Richardson

o/
Inclosures

October 18, 1951

RECEIVED
OCT 22 1951
Southern Regional Council

President James P. Brawley
Clark College
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear President Brawley:

This is to thank you sincerely for your letter of October 16 and the check inclosed for $10.00. We are sending the check to the Southern Regional Council. You will receive a letter of appreciation from them very shortly.

I appreciate the tremendous demands made on your personal treasury. We are grateful that you can contribute $10.00. We did ask, however, that you not only give yourself, but that you try to solicit other contributions or secure $10.00 memberships, and in this way raise the $100.00.

Do you think you could secure a few memberships for the Council? I thought that there may be a number of Clark people who are not members of the Council and who may care to join. If you could sound out some of these and secure a few memberships, this would be most helpful.

Let me thank you again for what you have given and for your generous participation in all good things. I count it a privilege to have your cooperation in working for the advancement of the Southern Regional Council.

Yours sincerely,

Harry V. Richardson
President

HVR:o

CLARK COLLEGE
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

RECEIVED
OCT 22 1951
Southern Regional Council

October 16, 1951

President Harry V. Richardson
Gammon Theological Seminary
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear President Richardson:

I am pleased to acknowledge receipt of the letter of October 15 which came over your signature and the signatures of President Benjamin E. Mays and Attorney A. T. Walden. You may be sure that I am deeply interested in the Southern Regional Council. I am enclosing a check for $10. K.S. I regret very much that I cannot give $100. There are so many demands for contributions to which I must respond that it makes it impossible to give a large amount to very many of these causes. If I find it possible to give more at a later time, I shall be glad to do so.

Sincerely yours,

James P. Brawley

James P. Brawley
President

JPB:wrm

Enclosure

Write ex dir Fund

November 1, 1951

Dr. Harry V. Richardson
Gammon Theological Seminary
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Richardson:

Thank you very much indeed for your own contribution of forty dollars and the five dollar check from Mr. Branson which you sent in to us. We do greatly appreciate all your good work for us. These gifts secured through the efforts of yourself and your committee have made it possible for us to pay our bills and still have a little money in the bank.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

GAMMON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

October 29, 1951

RECEIVED
OCT 31 1951
Southern Regional Counc

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Brother George:

K.S.

Inclosed is a check for $5.00 from Mr. C. C. Branson, the Bursar at Gammon. This is the first half of a ten-dollar membership. He will send the other half February 1, 1952.

I have done some soliciting and hope to get one or two other ten-dollar memberships. Inclosed is my own check for $40.00. I may be able to increase this a little later. At any rate, I eventually will procure $100.00 for the Council by "hook or crook."

K.S.

Cordially yours,

Harry V. Richardson

Harry V. Richardson
President

HVR:o
Inclosed
Checks- 14466 (C.C. Branson)
683 (H.V. Richardson)

December 6, 1951

Dr. Benjamin E. Mays
Morehouse College
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mays:

I want to express the Council's sincere thanks to you for your gift of fifty dollars. You have certainly been most generous and have helped us at a time when we needed it very much.

We are looking forward to the Board meeting and Annual Membership meeting, and hope that you can be with us. Because of the help of friends like yourself, Dr. Richardson and the others we shall be able to make a good report of our finances.

Our best wishes to you.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

MOREHOUSE COLLEGE
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

November
30, 1951

RECEIVED
DEC 3 1951
Southern Regional Council

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Wesley Memorial Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

When I sent the $50 check on October 20 I think I expressed the hope that I could send an additional contribution. I am enclosing another $50 which makes the one hundred dollars per person which the committee requested of each member.

K.S.

With kindest regards,

I am

Yours truly,

Benjamin E. Mays
President

BEM.dem
enc-check

Atlanta Neg.

GAMMON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

December 22, 1951

RECEIVED
DEC 26 1951
Southern Regional Council

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Doctor Mitchell:

I have contacted Mr. Milton, Mr. Blayton, Rev. Borders, and Bishop Green. Mr. Milton will send his contribution about the middle of next week. Bishop Green will send his at once. Mr. Blayton will send his early in January, and Rev. Borders, the latter part of January. It is my hope that these will be substantial amounts.

Colonel Walden has agreed to see several more persons before the end of December. We are hoping for some fairly good contributions from the persons he is to see.

Inclosed is my personal check for an additional $15 which brings my own contribution for the year to $75. I will still try to round out my $100 before many more days.

My wife joins in wishing you and family a happy holiday season.

Yours cordially,

Harry V. Richardson

Harry V. Richardson

HVR:ap
Incl:

No check enclosed (E.C.)

RESIDENCE
Tel. FRanklin 2213
1212 Fountain Drive, S. W.

OFFICE
Tel. CYpress 3936
Morris Brown College

African Methodist Episcopal Church

6TH EPISCOPAL DISTRICT
BISHOP S. L. GREENE, PRESIDING BISHOP
MORRIS BROWN COLLEGE
ATLANTA (2) GA.

December 24, 1951

RECEIVED
DEC 26 1951
Southern Regional Council

SOUTHERN REGIONAL ASSOCIATION
63 Auburn Avenue, Northeast
Atlanta, Georgia

ATT: Mr. George S. Mitchell

Dear Sirs:

President Richardson of Gammon Theological Seminary reminded me of my pledge for $100.00 from my Episcopal District. Just now it is not so convenient to secure it from that source.

I am, however, enclosing my personal check in the sum of $25.00, but sometime during the year, I shall secure the total amount from the District and forward the same to you.

Thanking you, I am

Very Sincerely,

S. L. Greene

SLG/o
enclosure - 1

GSM called him Dec 26.
Promised to send check (25.00)
today
GSM Dec 26.

REPORT OF RECEIPTS FROM EFFORTS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO RAISE FUNDS

FOR THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

Committee: Mr. Richardson
Mr. Walden
Mr. Mays

RECEIPTS

September 1951

Dr. W. A. Mason		$ 50.00
Mr. J. L. Lewis		50.00
Mr. John Wesley Dobbs		300.00
Dr. J. M. Ellison		25.00
Mr. H. S. Murphy		45.00
Mr. H. S. Murphy, Sr.	10.00	
Mr. H. S. Murphy, Jr.	10.00	
Mr. George Hightower	5.00	
Mr. J. L. Wolfe	10.00	
Mr. S. S. Walker	10.00	
TOTAL		$ 470.00

October 1951

Mr. J. L. Wheeler		40.00
Mr. Wheeler	15.00	
Dr. J. R. Porter	15.00	
Mr. S. S. Abrams	10.00	
Mr. J. L. Harper		100.00
Dr. Ellison		25.00
Mr. P. B. Young, Sr.	20.00	
Dr. Hamilton-Francis	5.00	
Mr. Hill		25.00
Mr. C. A. Scott	25.00	
Mr. J. R. Henderson (John Hope Homes Tenants Asso.)		25.00
Dr. B. E. Mayes		50.00
Dr. J. P. Brawley		10.00
Dr. H. V. Richardson		40.00
Mr. C. C. Branson		5.00
TOTAL		320.00

December 1951

Dr. B. E. Mays	$	50.00
Dr. H. V. Richardson		15.00
Bishop S. L. Greene		25.00
TOTAL	$	90.00

January 1952

Col. A. T. Walden	$	50.00
Mr. L. D. Milton		50.00
TOTAL	$	100.00

September -	$	470.00
October -		320.00
December -		90.00
January -		100.00
TOTAL	$	980.00

January 3, 1952

Bishop S. L. Greene
Morris Brown College
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Bishop Greene:

Thank you very much for your contribution of twenty five dollars sent to the Council on December 28th. We made every effort to close the year 1951 with as little debt as we could and your check helped us greatly.

Our best wishes to you for a good year in 1952.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

RESIDENCE
Tel. FRanklin 2213
1212 Fountain Drive, S. W.

OFFICE
Tel. CYpress 3936
Morris Brown College

African Methodist Episcopal Church

6TH EPISCOPAL DISTRICT
BISHOP S. L. GREENE, PRESIDING BISHOP
MORRIS BROWN COLLEGE
ATLANTA (2) GA.

RECEIVED
DEC 31 1951
Southern Regional Council

December 28,1951

Southern Regional Council
Attention Mr.Mitchell
Wesley Memorial Building
Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sirs:

Enclosed please find my check of $25.00 in connection with letter from me,a few days ago,and kindly pardon error.

Very truly yours,

S.L.Greene

January 3, 1952

Mr. L. D. Milton
Citizens Trust Company
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Milton:

Our sincere thanks to you for the check which came to the Council to-day. You must have known how very much we needed it this week.

Thank you also for your good wishes and for all the help you have given us during the past years.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

The CITIZENS TRUST Company

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

January 2, 1952

JAN 3 1952
RECEIVED
Southern Regional Council

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

I regret that I am late in sending the check which I promised Dr. Harry Richardson I would get to you. It is now enclosed.

You know that you have my heartfelt wishes for a bright and expanding New Year for the Southern Regional Council and its staff.

Sincerely yours,

L. D. Milton

L. D. Milton
President

LDM:n
Encls.--1

$50.00
K.S.

MEMO TO KS Jan. 8, 1952

It would be mighty nice if you could make up a kind of final report to Mr. Richardson. And it might do some good indirectly with Channing Tobias. If you will make up the report, I will send it to both of them.

GSM

Done
1/9/52 ✓

January 14, 1952

Mr. Harry V. Richardson
Gammon Theological Seminary
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Richardson:

I have owed you for some time a letter of warm thanks for all your work in bringing in those goodly sums.

Here is a sort of semi-final report. I dare say there will be more money, as you forecast, from Bishop Greene and Mr. Borders. All in all, it should top a thousand dollars.

I have written, as enclosed, to Mr. Tobias, and I am sending a copy of this report to Colonel Walden and Mr. Mays.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encls.

January 15, 1952

REPORT OF RECEIPTS FROM EFFORTS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO RAISE FUNDS

FOR THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

Committee: Dr. Richardson
Mr. Walden
Dr. Mays

RECEIPTS

Mr. C. C. Branson		$ 5.00
Dr. J. P. Brawley		10.00
Mr. John Wesley Dobbs		300.00
Dr. J. M. Ellison		50.00
Self	25.00	
Dr. Hamilton-Francis	5.00	
Mr. P. B. Young, Sr.	20.00	
Bishop S. L. Greene		25.00
Mr. C. L. Harper		100.00
Mr. J. R. Henderson (John Hope Homes Tenants Association)		25.00
Mr. Jesse Hill (Mr. C. A. Scott)		25.00
Mr. J. L. Lewis		50.00
Dr. W. A. Mason		50.00
Dr. B. E. Mays		100.00
Mr. L. D. Milton		50.00
Mr. H. S. Murphy, Sr.		45.00
Self	10.00	
Mr. H. S. Murphy, Jr.	10.00	
Mr. George Hightower	5.00	
Mr. J. L. Wolfe	10.00	
Mr. S. S. Walker	10.00	
Dr. H. V. Richardson		55.00
Mr. A. T. Walden		50.00
Mr. J. L. Wheeler		40.00
Self	15.00	
Dr. J.R. Porter	15.00	
Mr. S. S. Abrams	10.00	
TOTAL		$980.00

Additional sums have been promised by Bishop Greene and Mr. Borders.

LIST OF PERSONS INVITED TO MEETING ON SEPTEMBER 5th

Mr. L. D. Milton
212 AUBURN Avenue. NE

Mrs. Grace T. Hamilton
594 University Pl. NW

Dr. Forrester B. Washington
School of Social Work
Atlanta University

Dr. Mozelle C. Hill
Atlanta University

Dr. Rufus E. Clement
Atlanta University

Dr. J. P. Brawley
Clark College

Mr. J. R. Henderson
839 Booker Washington Dr., NW

Mr. W. H. Aiken
158 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. John W. Dobbs
330 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. C. T. Perkins
Butler St., YMCA

Rev. W. H. Borders
24 Younge St., NE

Mr. F. Earl McLendon
1367 Hunter St., NW

President John A. Lewis
Morris Brown College

Prof. C. L. Harper
250 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. S. G. Sellers
1373 Hunter St., NW

~~Mr. Jesse Hill~~
~~Atlanta Life Ins. Co.~~

Mr. I. H. Burney
1007 Mayson & Turner Ave., NW

Dr. Richard C. Hackney
Herndon Bldg.

Rev. Homer McEwen
392 Angier Ave., NE

Mr. H. S. Murphy
279 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. J. L. Wheeler
563 Johnson Ave., NE

Mr. James D. Martin
~~148 Auburn Avenue, NE~~ Atlanta University

Dr. W. A. Mason
208 Auburn Avenue, NE

Mr. & Mrs. Roger Henderson
190 Auburn Ave., NE

Dr. S. M. Lewis
239 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. W. B. Cochrane
Butler St., YMCA

Mr. J. B. Blayton, Jr.
239 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. J. B. Blayton, Sr.
239 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. Nelson Jackson
250 Auburn Ave., NE

Rev. Maynard Jackson
220 Sunset Ave., NW

Bishop J.W.E. Bowen
1197 Fountain Dr., SW

Bishop S. L. Greene
1212 Fountain Dr. SW

Bishop W. A. Fountain
242 Boulevard, NE

Mrs. Geneva Haugabrooks
364 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. S. W. Walker
Pilgrim Health & Life Ins. Co.

Mr. J. C. Johnson
Pilgrim Health & Life. Ins. Co.

Mr. & Mrs. C. R. Yates
228 Auburn Ave., NE

Rev. M. L. King
193 Boulevard, NE

Mr. Leonard Haas
Haas-Howell Bldg.

Mr. Morris Abram
Healy Bldg.

Mrs. Tilly

Dr. B. E. Mays
Morehouse College

Dr. Harry V. Richardson
Gammon Seminary

Mr. Walter Smith
Atlanta Life Ins. Co.

Mr. A. T. Walden
28 Butler St. N.E.

Present at the meeting

Mr. Channing Tobias
New York City

President J. M. Ellison
Virginia Union University

Dr. Richardson
Mrs. Hamilton
Mr. Henderson
Mr. Dobbs
Mr. Perkins
President Lewis
Mr. H S. Murphy
Mr. Wheeler
Dr. Mason
Prof. Harper
Mr. Jesse Hill
Bishop Bowen

Mrs. Tilly
Dr. Mitchell

Tickler of 5

Telephone: MUrray Hill 3-8578.
Cables: "Stokesfund," Newyork.

January 17, 1952

PHELPS-STOKES FUND
101 PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK 17, N. Y.

RECEIVED
JAN 21 1952
Southern Regional Council

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

You are correct in thinking that Dr. Tobias has not yet returned to the United States. In fact we do not expect him before the middle or latter part of February, for he will probably fulfill a speaking engagement in Nuremberg and one London and will return by boat.

When he does return I shall bring this attention your letter of January 15th regarding the money raised from the Negro community to help the Southern Regional Council. I am sure he will be pleased that such a good sum has come in, even though it is a bit short of what you had hoped might be contributed.

With cordial good wishes in which Dr. Tobias would wish to join, I am

Sincerely yours,

Rachel L. Huntington

Secretary to Dr. Tobias

January 15, 1952

Mr. Channing H. Tobias
Phelps-Stokes Fund
101 Park Ave.
New York 17, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Tobias:

I doubt that this will catch you back as yet in the country, but I remember your interest in the special effort to raise a sum here in Atlanta, largely from the Negro community, to help the Southern Regional Council.

You will remember that letters were written by Mr. Walden, Mr. Mays, and Mr. Richardson to some forty persons, and that fifteen or sixteen came to our meeting. The original deadline for contributions was set at September 30.

By that date $470 had come in. October brought in $320 more. In December, ninety dollars, and in January, 1952, a hundred. The total thus far is $980. There are two or three more contributions we can count on, so that the whole amount will go to something above a thousand dollars.

Those of the group who sent the whole hundred or more were Mr. John Wesley Dobbs, Mr. C. L. Harper, and Mr. Mays. Bishop Greene has promised to keep his pledge of a hundred dollars, and I dare say Mr. Borders will give a similar amount.

Others who contributed were: Dr. W. A. Mason, Mr. J. L. Lewis, Dr. J. M. Ellison, Mr. H. S. Murphy, Mr. J. L. Wheeler, Dr. J. R. Porter, Mr. S. S. Abrams, Mr. C. A. Scott, Dr. J. P. Brawley, Mr. Richardson, Colonel Walden, Mr. L. D. Milton, and Mr. J. R. Henderson.

While the total sum realized is a little short of what we had hoped might be contributed, it was a very big help to our budget. As a matter of fact, it enabled us to end the year with a smaller current indebtedness than in any recent year--six hundred-odd dollars.

With warm regards,

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:ec
Encl.
Dictated but not read.

January 25, 1952

Rev. Mr. William H. Borders
Wheat Street Baptist Church
359 Auburn Ave., NE
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Borders:

If my memory serves me right, Mr. Richardson told me that you were planning to send the Council some such sum as a hundred dollars during January of this year.

Goodness knows, we could use it if you do find that possible.

With warm regards,

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

April 21, 1952

Mr. C. T. Perkins
Butler Street YMCA
22 Butler St., NE
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Perkins:

This confirms my undertaking to speak at the Hungry Club May 14.

As yet nothing has come in from Mr. Milton or Rev. Searcy. Do you know what their plans are about it?

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

MEMO TO KS May 5, 1952

Mr. C. T. Perkins makes the attached donation of $15 to the SRC. It is his personal contribution toward last fall's campaign and should be added into the receipts from that campaign.

Additionally, he tells me that the Atlanta Business League, of which he is treasurer and of which Mr. W. H. Atkins is president, has pledged $100 to the SRC, to be paid in monthly installments of $25, beginning June 1, 1952. I suggest that on the appropriate first of the month, from June 1 forward, you telephone Mr. C. T. Perkins at the Butler St. YMCA and make some gentle reminder of the matter of writing the check.

GSM

This list sent to

Dr. Richardson

10/28/52

RS

LIST OF PERSONS CONTRIBUTING TO SPECIAL DRIVE FOR FUNDS DURING FALL OF 1951

(Note: List includes all those persons invited to first meeting with amounts received from those who did contribute)

Mr. L. D. Milton ..... $ 50.00
212 Auburn Ave., NE

Mrs. Grace T. Hamilton
594 University Pl. SW

Dr. Forrester B. Washington
A. U. School of Social Work

Dr. Mozelle C. Hill
Atlanta Univ.

Dr. Rufus E. Clement
Atlanta Univ.

Dr. J. P. Brawley 15.00
Clark College (Self - $10.00
Mr. C. C. Branson
$5.00)

Mr. J. R. Henderson 25.00
(John Hope Homes Tenants Assoc)

Mr. W. H. Aiken
158 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. John W. Dobbs 300.00
330 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. C. T. Perkins
YMCA, Atlanta

Rev. W. H. Borders
24 Yonge St., NE

Mr. F. Earl McLendon
1367 Hunter St., NW

Pres. John A. Lewis 50.00
Morris Brown College

Prof. C. L. Harper 100.00
250 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. S. G. Sellers
1373 Hunter St., SW

Mr. Jesse Hill 25.00
(from Mr. C. A. Scott)

Mr. I. H. Burney
1007 Mayson & Turner Ave.,

Dr. Richard C. Hackney
Herndon Bldg.

Rev. Homer McEwen
392 Angier Ave., NE

Mr. H. S. Murphy $45.00
279 Auburn Ave., NE
(Self $10.00)
(H.S. Murphy, Jr. 10.00)
(Geo. Hightower 5.00)
(J. L. Wolfe 10.00)
(S. S. Walker 10.00)

Mr. J. L. Wheeler 40.00
563 Johnson Ave., NE
(Self 15.00)
(Dr. J.R. Porter 15.00)
(Mr. S. S. Abrams 10.00)

Mr. James D. Martin
Atlanta University

Dr. W. A. Mason 50.00
208 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. Roger Henderson
190 Auburn Ave., NE

Dr. S. M. Lewis
239 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. W. B. Cochrane
Butler St., YMCA

Mr. J. B. Blayton, Jr.
239 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. J. B. Blayton, Sr.
239 Auburn Ave., NE

Mr. Nelson Jackson
250 Auburn Ave., NE

Rev. Maynard Jackson
220 Sunset Ave., NW

Bishop J.W.E. Bowen
1197 Fountain Dr., SW

Bishop S. L. Greene 25.00
1212 Fountain Dr., SW

Bishop W. A. Fountain
242 Boulevard, NE

Mrs. Geneva Haugabrooks
364 Auburn Ave., NE

Mrs. S. S. Walker
Pilgrim Health & Life Ins. Co.
(see H. S. Murphy)

Mr. J. C. Johnson
Pilgrim Health & Life Ins. Co.

Mr. & Mrs. C. R. Yates
228 Auburn Ave., NE

Rev. L. M. King
193 Boulevard, NE

Dr. B. E. Mays ..... $ 100.00
Morehouse College

Dr. Harry V. Richardson 55.00
Gammon Seminary

Mr. Walter Smith
Atlanta Life Ins. Co.

Mr. A. T. Walden 50.00
28 Butler St., NE

Dr. J. M. Ellison ..... $ 50.00
Richmond, Va.
(Self $25.00)
(Dr. Hamilton-Francis 5.00)
(P.B. Young, Sr. 20.00)

Total contributions $ 980.00

MEMO

March 24, 1947

To: Dr. Mitchell

From: Inez B. Tillison

Re: Appropriations

I think the following information in regard to our sources of income will be helpful to you. All records on appropriations are filed in folders in the metal file cabinet in the office of the Secretary-Treasurer. Any correspondence about appropriations should be filed there also.

Julius Rosenwald Fund.

As you know, $85,000 was appropriated for 1947-48-49. Grant of $25,000 was appropriated for this year, plus an extra $10,000 to take care of closing Veterans Project.

On March 11 a check for $17,500 was received, covering $12,500 on regular appropriation of $25,000 and $5,000 on the special appropriation of $10,000; the remainder to be received in two quarterly installments July 1 and October 1.

General Education Board.

GEB made an appropriation of $50,000 to SRC in 1944 to cover five years. At the end of 1946, $36,000 of this amount had been received. The remainder is to be received $8,000 this year and $6,000 in 1948. Four thousand dollars has already been received for 1947, and $4,000 more is due on July 1st.

X American Missionary Association.

Dr. Charles Johnson told Miss Clay that the $750.00 received last May represented the final payment on AMA grant of $1,000 for 1945-46. Miss Clay had suggested that it might be a good idea to write Mr. Fred L. Brownlee and ask for another special grant. (See file "Finances: American Missionary Association.)

Methodist Church

1. Division of Home Missions and Church Extension (Dr. W. J. Elliott, Treas., 1701 Arch St., Philadelphia 3, Pa.)

An appropriation was made for 1946-47 of $1,000, $500 of which was paid last September. In January of this year $250.00 was received, and I understand the balance of $250 will be paid on April 20. Appropriation for 1947 came unsolicited, but I guess some checking probably should be done to see that the appropriation is renewed from year to year. Their fiscal year begins June 1, 1947.

Note - New, unsolicited appropriation of $1,000.00 for fiscal year June 1, 1947 - May 31, 1948 - Check for $250.00 rep. 1st quarterly payment on this appropriation rec'd July 29, 1947.

Methodist Church (continued)

2. General Board of Education (810 Broadway, Nashville 2, Tenn.)

In May, 1946, this board gave $250 to the Council, which represented their appropriation for the year ending May 31, 1946. In January, we received another check for $250 for the fiscal year ending May 31, 1947. Dr. John Q. Schisler, is the Executive Secretary, and contact person in case you wish to check to see if the appropriation is included for the fiscal year beginning June 1.

3. Woman's Division of Christian Service, The Methodist Church
(150 Fifth Ave., New York 11, New York)

This division gave $1,000 to the Council last year, and Mrs. Tilly says that they have included the same appropriation for this year ending May 31, 1947. I have written to Miss Marjorie Minkler, Director of Town and Country Work, about the appropriation. We need to see that the appeal for continuation of the support is submitted for the year beginning June 1, 1947. Mrs. Tilly can advise on this. Drop Letter — show Tilly — make another 1.000 this year. Drop Notes of meetings

Committee on Woman's Work, Presbyterian Church in the U.S. Mitchell + Tilly are handling

For some years the Commission and the Council have received $25.00 a year from the Committee on Woman's Work without our making a special request. Appropriation for 1947 has been received. Miss Annie Tait Jenkins, Henry Grady Hotel, is their representative in the Council.

Woman's Auxiliary, Synod of Virginia (Presbyterian) Mitchell + Tilly

An unsolicited contribution comes each year for $25.00 usually made out to Kendall Weisiger, Treasurer for Interracial Work. Appropriation was received in October last year, and Miss Clay said that she thought they would remember this year. Contact person: Mrs. O. Leland Hunt, Treasurer, 3293 Worthington St., N. W., Washington 15, D. C.

Dept. of Christian Social Relations of the Episcopal Church in the Province of Sewanee. Mrs. Havens' Baby — Traveling Rep — Sam Episcopal Ministers
Dioceses should now contribute equally. Mrs Havens will try to achieve this
A check for $100 came last September from Rt. Rev. E. P. Dandridge. From information in file I cannot tell whether this is to be an annual grant or not. Mrs. Havens could tell you about this.

Phelps-Stokes Fund (101 Park Avenue, New York 17, New York) Write if not already done — check with Anna
100.00 for lit. rec'd 2/1/47 — 100.00 for budget to be paid Aug. '47.
Letter was received in December, stating that Phelps-Stokes Fund had appropriated $100 toward the Southern Regional Council's general budget, and $100 toward the literature fund for the year ending October 31, 1947.

The $100 for literature was received February 1st, which was acknowledged. I sent Mr. L. A. Roy, the Executive Secretary, a copy of the December New South and marked passages which referred to literature we are to publish during 1947.

Stein Foundation

Last January the Stein Foundation (Mr. Jack C. Stein, 161 Luckie Street) sent us a check for $15.00 as Christmas contribution to the SRC. I wrote him a thank-you letter and sent a copy of New South, and put his name on our mailing list. It might be good to look into this local foundation with a view of getting a larger gift. See correspondence in file "Finances: Appropriations, Miscl. 1946-57."

Edgar Stern (member of SRC)

The Edgar Stern family of New Orleans always makes a large contribution. Last year $300 and this year $250--but we have to write and ask for it. This year his secretary sent in $2.00 dues and did not send a contribution, so I wrote a special letter with the result that he sent a check for $250.00. (See correspondence in central files under Stern, Edgar.)

Non-member contributions

We have had a few contributions from individuals who are not members of SRC. For example, Bishop Hass in Detroit, who gave Msgr. McNamara $50.00, and Mr. Furman Smith of Atlanta, who made a contribution last year. The names of non-member contributers are placed on our mailing list to receive publications.

Calendar of Donors

	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951
Methodist					
General Board of Education, Division of the Local Church J. Schister Nashville, Tenn	1/16 250 00	1/1 250 00	2/25 250 00	6/10 200 00 ✓	
			10/20 200 00		
Division of Home Missions and Church Extension of the Board of Missions and Church Extension M.D. Hackman - Philadelphia	1/20 250 00	1/16 250 00	1/19 250 00	1/26 250 00	2/5 250 00
	4/15 250 00	4/15 250 00	4/18 250 00	4/17 250 00	3/16 250 00
	7/22 250 00	7/15 250 00	7/15 250 00	8/22 250 00	
	10/22 250 00	10/18 250 00	10/17 250 00	12/2 250 00	6/13 250 00
W.D.C.S. Board of Missions and Church Extension, Marjorie Minkler Director of Town and Country Work. 150-5th Ave. N.Y.11	3/29 1,000 00	1/31 1000 00	8/11 1,000 00	8/31 1000 00 ✓	4/7 1100 00
		11/24 1000 00			
W.S.C.S. Glenn Memorial Methodist Church				12/11 33 56 ✓	
W.S.C.S. Louisville Conference		4/28 25 00	12/16 25 00	11/9 25 00 ✓	
W.S.C.S. Kentucky Conference		4/24 25 00	2/10 25 00	2/10 25 00 ✓	4/24 25 00
W.S.C.S. Mississippi Conference	4/13 25 00	5/25 25 00	4/12 25 00	4/19 25 00 ✓	
W.S.C.S. Holston Conference	5/17 25 00		10/6 25 00		9/6 25 00
W.S.C.S. Tennessee Conference	8/26 25 00	10/18 25 00	9/21 40 00	8/22 40 00 ✓	
W.S.C.S. Alabama Conference			2/16 25 00	9/12 10 00 ✓	
W.S.C.S. Memphis Conference				6/6 25 00	
W.S.C.S. North Carolina Conference		11/25 25 00	10/6 25 00	9/26 25 00	
			Total	210 00	

	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951
Presbyterian					
Bd ~~Committee~~ of Woman's Work,	2/1 2500		11/20 2500		1/29 2500
Presbyterian Church in the United States - Nanie McGaughey - Exec. Sec.	11/21 2500				
Bd. of Nat'l Missions - Presby. Ch. U.S.A. (N.Y.					2/19 25000
Bd of Church Ext.					5/8 20000
Episcopal					
Woman's Auxiliary, National Council in the Diocese of Florida		6/10 2500	10/28 2500	5/25 1500 ✓	
Nat'l Council Protestant Epis. Church.					7/20 50000
Episcopal Church in the Province of Sewanee - Department of Christian Social Relations - Rev. Dandridge Nashville, Tenn.	11/15 10000	10/11 10000	9/28 10000	11/1 10000 ✓	
Catholic					
Cardinal Stritch				1/4 1000000	1/22 1000000 ✓
Catholic Missionary Union (Cardinal Spellman)				3/1 1500000	1/12 1000000 ✓
Catholic Committee of the South	11/3 25000				3/13 2500 ✓
					4/25 10000 ✓
					2/2500
Other. Marion R. Biscoli Fund				3/9 500000	
				*12/15 500000 January	
Phelps-Stokes Fund				11/31 250000	2/2 1000000 ✓
					11/1 200000 (N.S.)
Edgar Stern Family Fund	3/13 250000	1/22 250000	1/24 500000	7/8 300000 ✓	1-29 400000
				5/02 300000 ✓	

* 1950 money sent early at our request

Lucius and Eva. Eastman Fund, Inc. 12/20 250.00

	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951
Ashby Jones Goodwill Fund	3/14 100 00	4/28 100 00	1/24 25 00 10/7 75 00	4/20 50 00 ✓	1/15 50 00
William C. Whitney Foundation				5/1 500 00 ✓ 7/10 500 00 ✓	3/5 500 00 4/6 500 00
Sigmund Silberman Foundation				3/23 250 00 ✓	3/1 300 00
Marshall Field Foundation				2/22 2500 0 ✓ 11/9 2500 00 (N.S.)	
Canal Wood Corp. of S.C.				1/4 100 00 ✓	
Christian Service Foundation (Mr. Spivey)					6/1 100 00
Independent Aid, Inc.				12/4 100 00 ✓ 2/6 500 00 ✓ F.O.E. - Tilly	
Miller & Rhoads, Inc				5/3 200 00 ✓	
Thalhimer Bros, Inc.				5/8 100 00 ✓	
N.C.C.J.				7/17 500 00 ✓ (Special)	
Quaker American Friends Service Committee				9/22 1000 00 ✓	
John Hay Whitney Foundation				9/28 2000 00 ✓	
Johnson & Johnson - Chicopee Mfg. Corp. of Ga.				10/3 1000 00 ✓	
Labor Organizations (Other Sources)					
Ga. State Industrial Union Council - C.I.O.				5/23 100 00	
U.S.W.A. - C.I.O.				8/29 1000 00	
T.W.U.A. - C.I.O				6/29 500 00	
U.A.W - C.I.O.				9/25 500 00	
I.L.G.W.U.					5/3 500 00
Sidney Hillman Foundation, Inc.					4/16 2500 00

(Taxation these 2100 00)

CALENDER OF DONORS

			1947	1948	1949	1950	1951
		Quarterly					
Jan	22nd	Division of Home Missions and Church Extension of the Board of Missions and Church Extension, of the Methodist Church. Dr. Elliott by M.D. Hackman	1/20 25 00	1/16 250 00	1/19 250 00	1/25 250 00	
Methodist							
Feb.		-annual	7/1/47 25 00	11/20/47 25 00	10/28 25 00		
	4th	Committee on Woman's Work, Presbyterian Church in the U.S. Janie McGaughey, Secy, by Mary Quidor, Tr					
Presbyterian							
		Annual ?					
	3rd	Edgar Stern Family Fund ✓ New Orleans, La.	9/13 250 00	1/22 250 00	1/24 500 00	7/8 300 00	
Mar							
		Quarterly					
Apr.	19th	Division of Home Missions & Church Extension of the Board of Missions and Church Extension, Methodist Church. Dr. Elliott, by M.D. Hackman	4/15 250 00	4/15 250 00	1/17 250 00 7/15 250 00 10/17 250 00	1/23 250 00 4/13 250 00	
Methodist							
	26th	Annual					
Methodist		W.S.C.S., Louisville Conference Mrs. Douglas Graham, Pembroke, Ky.		4/23 25 00	12/16 25 00		
	30th	Annual					
		Ashby Jones Goodwill Fund Kendall Weisiger, Atlanta.	8/4 100 00	7/28 100 00	1/24 25 00 10/7 75 00	4/20 50 00	

✓ gave 300.00 6/14/46, + 250.00 to 500.00 other years to the Commission

		1947	1948	1949	1950	1951
May	Annual					
Methodist	W.S.C.S., Board of Missions and Church Extension, Methodist Church. Marjorie Minkler, Dir. Town & Country Work.	1000 00	1000 00	a. 8/11 1000 00		
			11/ 1000 00			
7th	Annual					
Methodist	W.S.C.S., Kentucky Conference Mrs. C.O.Hinton, Paris, Kentucky Mrs. J.S. Van Winkle, Pres.		4/24 25 00	2/10 25 00 ✓		
26th	Annual					
Methodist	W.S.C.S., Mississippi Conference Mrs. C.E.Mullins, Brookhaven, Miss.	9/13 25 00	5/25 25 00	4/12 25 00	4/19 25 00	
	Annual					
Methodist 17th	W.S.C.S., Holston Conference Mrs. R. B. Stout, Knoxville, Tenn.	5/17 25 00	wrote twice but no ans.	10/6 25 00		
June 18	Annual					
Methodist	W.S.C.S., ~~Western~~ N.C. Conference Mrs. F. B. McKinnon Treas, WSCS. 303 - S. Center St. Goldsboro N.C.	——	10/11 25 00	10/6 25 00		
July	Quarterly					
15th Methodist	Division of Home Missions and Church Extension of the Board of Missions and Church Extension of the Methodist Church. Dr. Elliott by M.D.Hackman, Asst.	7/22 250 00	7/15 250 00	7/15 250 00 1/19 250 00	4/18 250 00	

✓ Came to us via Tidings

		1947	1948	1949	1950	1951
July (cont	Annually					
Episcopal	Woman's Auxiliary, National Council in Diocese of Florida, Episcopal Ch. Mrs. Jno. F. Tone, Jacksonville, Fla	------	5/27 25 00	25 00	5/25 1 5 00	
August	Annually					
Methodist	W.S.C.S., Tennessee Conference Mrs. C.B.Smith, ~~Rt.4, Clarksville,~~ T nnessee. Methodist Parsonage Donnelson Tenn.	8/26 25 00	10/18 25 00			
September						
October	Quarterly					
15th Methodist	Division of Home Missions and Church Extension of the Board of Missions and Church Extension, of the Methodist Church. Dr. Elliott by M.D.Hackman	10/22 250 00	10/18 250 00	1/19 250 00	3rd quarterly payment	
	~~North Carolina Conference (303) W.S.C.S. Mrs. F.S. McKinne, 303 S. Auten St. Goldsboro, N.C.~~	—	10/11 25 00			
November	Annually (?)					
Catholic	Catholic Committee of the South Rev.Father Vincent J. OcConnell,SM New Orleans, La. (Ask Paul Williams)	11/3 250 00			3/13 25 00	
	Annually					
Episcopal 15	Episcopal Church in Province of Sewanee, Dept.of Christian Social Relations. Rt.Rev.E.P.Danderidge, 2305 Elliston Pl.,Nashville, Tenn.	11/12 100 00	10/11 100 00	9/28 100 00		

		1947	1948	1949	1950	1951
Continue November	Semi-annually					
	~~Committee on Woman's Work, Presbyterial Church in the U.S. Janie McGaughey, Secy, by Mary Quidor, Treasurer. Henry Grady Bldg.~~	4/20 - 25 00	10/28 25 00			
	N. Miss. Conf. Woman's Division of Christian Service, Bd. of Missions & Church Extension (Minkler)			12/23 72 40		
December	Annually					
Methodist	General Board of Education, Division of the Local Church, Methodist Ch. Jno. Q. Schisler, Ex.Secy. Nashville, Tenn.	~~12/4 250 00~~	1/1 250 00	2/25 250 00 10/20 200 00	Tuscaloosa 200 00	
	Annually					
Episcopal	Episcopal Church, Woman's Auxiliary, Synod of Virginia. Mrs. Hill R. Patrick, Treasurer	- - - 000 ✓ (2500 in 46)				
Methodist	W.S.C.S.:					
	Alabama Conference Mrs. Clyde Moore, Treas 2507 - Springhill Ave. Mobile Ala			2/16 25 00		
	Marion R. Ascoli Fund			3/4 50 00 00		
	Phelps - Stokes Fund by Channing Tobias			1/31 250 00		
Catholic	Cardinal Stritch -			1/14 1000 00		
Catholic	Catholic Missionary Union (Cardinal Spellman)			3/11 1500 00		
✓	Sent Delegate to Atlanta for Civil Rights Meeting (?) instead.		3175 00 Aug 47			

Remarks	1947	1948	1949	1950	Credit	Contribution	Dues 1947	New South 1948	Misc. Literature 1949	Bank Deposit 1950
Methodist - Genl Bd. of Educ, Div of the Local Church Schesler - Nashville, Tenn	1/16 250 00	(1/1) 250 00	(2/25) 250 00 (10/20) 250 00	(6/10) 200 00	Methodist N. Missouri Conf. - Woman's Div of Chr. Serv. Bd of Mission & Ch. Extension Minkler		3/29 100 00 00		12/23 72 40	
Div. of Home Missions & Church Extension of the Bd. of Missions & Ch Exten. Hacknan - Philadelphia	1/20 250 00 4/15 250 00 7/22 250 00 10/22 250 00	1/16 250 00 4/15 250 00 7/15 250 00 10/18 250 00	1/19 250 00 7/15 250 00 10/17 250 00	1/26 250 00 4/7 250 00	W.S.C.S. Bd of Missions & Church Extension Marjorie Minkler - Dir of Town & Country Wk		3/29 100 00 00	1/3 100 00 00 11/24 100 00 00	8/11 100 00 00	
W.S.C.S Louisville Conf. Graham - Pembroke Ky		4/28 25 00	12/16 25 00		W.S.C.S. Memphis Conf. Mrs. Macus Phelps. Jackson					6/6 25 00
W.S.C.S. Ky. Conf. (oy yidings) Hinton, Paris Ky		4/24 25 00	2/10 25 00	2/10 25 00						
W.S.C.S. Miss Conf. C.E. Mullen Brookhaven	9/13 25 00	5/25 25 00	4/12 25 00	4/19 25 00	Presbyterian Contribution Woman's Wk, Presby. Ch in the U S		2/1 25 00	11/20 25 00	10/28 25 00	
W.S.C.S. Holston Conf. R B Stout Knoxville Tenn	5/19 25 00		10/6 25 00		Episcopal Woman's Auxiliary Natl Council in diocese of Fla - Jane - Jacksonville			6/27 25 00	25 00	7/25 15 00
W.S.C.S. N.C. Conf. F.B. McKinne, Goldsboro		10/11 25 00	10/6 25 00							
W.S.C.S. Tenn. Conf. C.B. Smith Donelson, Tenn	8/26 25 00	10/18 25 00	9/21 40 00		Episcopal Church in the Province of Sewanee - dept. of Chr. Social Rela - Rev. Underdge Nashville, Tenn		11/15 100 00	10/1 100 00	9/28 100 00	
W.S.C.S. Ala. Conf Clyde Moore, Mobile			2/6 25 00							

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.

Church Sources, The Year 1950

American Friends Service Committee		$1,000.00
Catholic Sources		
Catholic Missionary Union	$1,000.00	
The Cardinal Archbishop of Chicago	1,000.00	
Catholic Committee of the South	125.00	2,125.00
Episcopal		
Province of Sewanee	100.00	
Women's Auxiliary, Nat'l. Council, Diocese of Fla.	15.00	115.00
Methodist		
Division of Home Missions	1,000.00	
Women's Div. of Christian Service, Bd. of Missions	1,000.00	
Bd of Education.		
Women's Society of Christian Service:		
Glen Memorial Church	33.56	
Kentucky	25.00	
Mississippi	25.00	
Memphis	25.00	
Tennessee	40.00	
Alabama	10.00	
North Carolina	25.00	
Louisville	25.00	2,408.56
Total Church Sources		$5,648.56

1950 — 100.00 or over

1-4	Canal Wood Corp. (part of S.C. gift.)	100.00
1-4	Frederick R. Jeffry - New York	100.00
1-9	Ruth B Hawes - Richmond	122.00
1-12	Cardinal Spellman (Catholic Missionary Union	1000.00
1-25	Div. of Home Missions (Hackman)	250.00
2-2	Phelps-Stokes (Channing Tobias)	1000.00
2-6	Ind. Aid for Fellowship	500.00
2-8	Dr. Clement (100.00 letter)	100.00
2-8	Edgar Stern Family	300.00
2-15	Carter Wesley (exec. com. pledge 500)	100.00
2-21	Mr John Wheeler (100.00 letter)	100.00
2-22	Marshall Field Foundation	2500.00
2-27	Booker T. Wash Birthplace	100.00
3-19	Mrs Eugene Meyer - Washington, D.C	100.00
3-20	Bishop Robt N. Brooks - N.O (100.00 letter)	100.00
3-21	Ga Negro Voters league (100.00 Campaign	100.00
3-23	Sigmund Silberman Found	250.00
3-24	Donald Oberdorfer (A-H)	100.00
3-30	Louis Montag	100.00
	Herman Haas	100.00
	Leonard Haas	100.00
	Edwin Haas, Jr.	100.00
	Elliot L. Haas	100.00
	Armand May	100.00

4-4	Dr. L.C. Downing - Roanoke, Va. (100.00 letter)	101.00
4-4	Morton L. Weiss (A-H)	100.00
4-10	Herbert Davidson -	100.00
4-10	E.W. Palmer - Kingsport, Tenn	100.00
4-11	Donald Comer	100.00
4-11	L. Aronstam - (A-H)	200.00
4-12	Bishop W.W. Slade (100.00 letter)	100.00
4-13	Albert E. Mayer	100.00
4-14	Bishop Arthur Moore	100.00
4-17	Mrs. David R. Coker	250.00
✓4-17	Div. of Home Missions (Phila.)	250.00
4-19	Carter Wesley (on 500.00 pledge	125.00
4-20	Miss. Division	150.00
4-20	Hirsch Bros (A-H)	150.00
4-24	The Stoneys	100.00
4-24	Arthur Hayes Sulzberger	100.00
4-24	Edwin R. Haas	100.00
✓4-25	Catholic Committee of the South	100.00
4-25	Julian L. Reiss, N.Y.	100.00
4-25	Alfred Mynders	100.00
4-26	Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt	102.00
4-27	F.P. Drake	100.00
✓5-1	Wm. C. Whitney Foundation	500.00
✓5-3	Miller & Rhoads, Inc.	200.00
5-3	Dr. Raymond Paty	100.00
5-5	Msgr. McNamara	100.00
✓5-8	Thalhimer Bros. Inc.	100.00
5-10	Tenn. Division	2,06.00

5-12	Edgar Stern Family Fund	300.00
5-23	Ga State Ind. Union Council	100.00
5-29	U.S. WA - C.I.O	1000.00
6-9	L.D. Milton	100.00
6-15	Mrs Eugenia Porter Rayzor	100.00
6-15	Mrs. James S. Crate	100.00
6-28	Dr Benj. E. Mays	100.00
6-29	TWUA - C.I.O.	500.00
7-7	Ala. Division	100.00
7-7	Marion Wright	162.06
7-10	Wm. C. Whitney Found.	500.00
7-12	Bishop RR. Wright, Jr	100.00
7-17	N.C.C.J. for Rock Hill	500.00
8-16	Miss Julia H Hall	250.00
8-18	Josephine Wilkins	100.00
8-22	Div. of Home Missions (Phila	250.00
9-15	Cardinal Stritch	1000.00
9-22	American Friends	1000.00
9-25	Carter Wesley (on ex. com. pledge)	125.00
9-25	U.A.W. - C.I.O	500.00
9-28	John Hay Whitney	2000.00
10-3	Johnson & Johnson, Inc	1000.00

JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE
$ 250.00 - Quarterly Division of Home Missions and Church Extension of the Board of Missions & Church Extension-Methodist Church Dr. Elliott, Treas. by M. C. Hackman.	$ 25.00 - Annually Committee on Woman's Work Presbyterian Ch. in the US. Miss Janie McGaughey Sec'y. Woman's Work, by Mary Quidor, Treas., Henry Grady Building. $ 250.00 - Annually Edgar Stern Family Fund New Orleans, La.		$ 250.00 - Quarterly Division of Home Missions & Church Extension of the Board of Missions and Church Extension, Methodist Ch. Dr. Elliott, Treas., By M. C. Hackman. $ 25.00 - Annually WSCS, Louisville Conf., Mrs. Douglas Graham of Pembroke, Kentucky. $ 100.00 - Annually Ashby Jones Goodwill Fund by Kendall Weisiger.	$1,000.00 - Annually WSCS, Board of Missions & Church Extension, of the Methodist Church. Marjorie Minkelr, Dir. Town and Country work. $ 25.00 - Annually WSCS - Kentucky Conference Mrs. C. O. Hinton, of Paris, Kentucky. $ 25.00 - Annually WSCS * Mississippi Conf. Mrs. C. E. Mullins, Brookhaven, Mississippi $ 25.00 - Annually WSCS - Holston Conference Mrs. B. R. Stout, of Knoxville, Tennessee.	$25.00-Annually WSCS - Western North Carolina Conference

JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER
$ 250.00 - Quarterly Division of Home Missions & Church Extension of the Board of Missions & Church Extension, Methodist Church. Dr. Elliott, Treas. by M. C. Hackman. $ 25.00 - Annually Woman's Auxiliary, Nat'l Council in Diocese of Florida, Mrs. J.F. Tone, Jacksonville,.	$ 25.00 - Annually WSCS - Tennessee Conf. Mrs. C. B. Smith, Route 4 Clarksville, Tennessee		$ 250.00 - Quarterly Division of Home Missions & Church Extension of the Board of Missions & Church Extension, Methodist Church Dr. Elliott, Treas., by M. C. Hackman.	$ 150.00 - Annually Catholic Committee of the South, Rev. Father V. J. O'Connell, S. M., New Orleans. $ 100.00 - Annually Episcopal Church in Province of Sewanee, Dept. of Christian Social Relations, Rt. Rev. E. P. Dandridge, 2305 Elliston Pl., Nashville, Tenn.	$ 250.00-Annually General Board of Education, Methodist Church Division of the Local Church. J. Q. Schisler, Ex., Sec'y Nashville, Tenn. $ 25.00-Annually Presbyterian Church Woman's Auxiliary, Synod of Virginia Mrs. Hill R.Patrick Treasurer.

1950

Organization contrib

S. C. Division	10.00
Phelps-Stokes Fund	1000.00
Edgar Stern Fam. Fund	300.00
S. C. Division	25.00
Marshall-Field Foundation	2500.00
Prairie View Com. Chest	15.00
Chatham Hall Serv. League	10.00
Booker T. Washington Birthplace Memorial	100.00
	3960.00

Special Contrib

Conrad Wood Corp.	100.00
Frederick R. Jeffery	100.00
Ruth B. Hawes	122.00
Rufus Clement	100.00
Carter Wesley	100.00
Mechanics & Farmers BK	50.00
John Wheeler	100.00
	672.00

11 76 45

100882
1450

99432

~~3/23 Sigmund Sittenman Foundation 250.00~~

~~4/13 Miss Conf W.S.C.S. Brookhaven, Miss 25.00~~

~~4/17 Division of Home Missions & Church Extension Philadelphia 250.00~~

4/19 Ashley Jones - 50.00

~~4/25 - Catholic Committee of the South (John Eck, Treas) Gastonia, N.C. 100.00~~

~~5/1 William C. Whitney Found. 500.00~~

5/3 Miller & Rhoads, Inc. Richmond - 200.00

" UMWA, Dist 20, B'ham - 25.00

5/8 Thalhimer Bros, Inc. Richmond 100.00

~~5/12 Edgar Stern Family Fund - 300.00~~

5/23 Ga. State Ind. Union Council CHG. 100.00

5/25 Ala. " " " " 10.00

5/29 United Steel Wkrs. of America 1000.00

~~5/29 Woman's Auxiliary to the Nat'l Council of the Diocese of Fla (Pensacola, Fla.) 15.00~~

~~6/1 Memphis Conf. W.S.C.S Jackson, Tenn. 25.00~~

6/29 Textile Workers Union of America 500.00

~~7/10 William C. Whitney Foundation 500.00~~

Dear Mrs. Childs:

I was very glad to hear from you and apologize for our mistake in thinking you have a joint membership.

We are grateful for the clipping about the Klan and for interesting in writing Mr. Mahilton and sending the information on to us. It is valuable to our files.

Our annual membership meeting will be sometime in November and notification we be mailed to you.. We do hope you will plan to attend.

Fannye Ponder
~~January 18, 19~~
In cross checking our records, we find that on January 18, 1950 you ~~pa~~ paid $2.00 to the Southern Regional Council. However, we can find nothing which indicates that a membership or subscription to New South was entered for you.

We deeply regret this error and would like to enter a membership for you at this time. A membership is $3.00 per year and a subscription to New South is $1.50. However, I should be glad to enter a membership for you in view of ~~your past payment~~.
for 2.00 our mistake
~~Wex~~ Our former secretary-treasurer was ill at the time your ~~pax~~ check came to us and since that time we have several changes in personnel. Please accept our apology. We shall be glad to hear from you and will do whatever your advise.

Dear Mr. French.

Last December Mrs. Lucius Eastman of Scarsdale, New York gave you a your membership in the Southern Regional Council.

At this time our former Secretary-Treasurer was ~~w~~ill and we had a number of changes in personnel. As a result, we have no record that you have been receiving our publication, New South.

We deeply regret this long-standing error and wish to make amends. Please let us know if ~~YXX~~ address is correct and if you wish us to send you back the above issues of New South, or if you would prefer your membership to begin now and expire next July.

Please accept our apology. We shall look forward to hearing from you.

Dear Mrs. Davis:

We have been cross-checking our records and find no evidence that you have been receiving our publication, New South.

I do not understand how records for a long-standing member as yourself could have gotten misplaced. We have had several incidences of illnesses on our staff and some change of personnel and we do hope that you will accept our regrets for this error.

There is a record indicating that you renewed your membership May 2, 1949 which paid yourxmembexxxhip throug April, 1950.

If we have failed to send you New South, I shall be glad to either send you those issues lacking, or continue your membership for a year from this date.

We shall look forward to hearing from you.

Baptist General Convention Dallas
or { Chas. Johnson
{ A.C. Miller
11/4/49
50.00

~~Committee on Woman's Work~~
~~Presbyterian Ch. in U.S.~~
~~10/28/49 25.00~~

Anonymous - Chicago - 1000.00
12/13/50

~~Marion Rasedi 10/15/49 500.00~~

~~W.S.C.S: Louisville Conf - Hasgowky~~
12/16 25.00

N. Miss Conf - Woman's Div. of
~~Chr. Serv. Bd of Wom. Ch. Extn.~~
72.40 12/23

1/4/50 Canal Hood - 100.00

1/12/50 ~~Cardinal Spellman - Catholic Missionary Union~~ 1000.00

1/26/50 ~~Division of Home Missions & Church Extension~~ Hackman ~~250.00~~

2/2/50 ~~Phelps-Stokes 1000.00~~

2/6/50 Independent Aid 500.00 for N.C.C.

2/8/50 ~~Edgar Stern-Family Fund~~ 300.00

2/10/50 ~~W.S.C.S. Rp. Conf. (C.O. Hinton)~~ 25.00

2/22/ ~~Marshall Field Foundation~~ 25.00

3/13/50 ~~Msgr McNamara - Catholic Comm. of the South~~ 25.00

JULIUS ROSENWALD FUND

Appropriation through 1946- $25,000 a year.

We should approach them immediately, requesting a renewal or an increase in the appropriation

GENERAL EDUCATION BOARD

Appropriation through 1946- $12,000 a year making a total of $36,000 received for 1944-5-6. It is my understanding (though I have nothing in the file on the subject) that Dr. Odum secured a $50,000 appropriation. If so, this would leave $14,000 ~~in the~~ remaining in the appropriation.

We should ask them for payment of the 1st 1947 installment in January.

AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION 287 4th Ave. N.Y. 10.

Dr. Charles Johnson says that there will be nothing further from them. I think it would be advisable, however, to write Mr. Park Brownlee, asking for a special appropriation for 1947. He seems to be under the impression that we are now receiving support from his Board.

COMMITTEE ON WOMAN'S WORK, PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES Henry Grady Bldg., Atlanta 3

For some years the Commission and the Council have received $25.00 a year, without out making a special request. I have wondered whether we might ask for an increase in the appropriation. (Miss Annie Tait Jenkins is their representative on the SRC)

(Rec'd 2-4-47)

THE METHODIST CHURCH:

Division of Home Missions and Church Extension of the Board of Missions and Church Extension - (Dr.W.J.Elliott, Treas., 1701 Arch St., Philadelphia 3)

Appropriation for their fiscal year, which ends May 31, 1947 $1,000.00

According to recent correspondence, the appropriation is being paid quarterly. $500.00 has been paid; $250.00 will be paid January 20, 1947; Rec'd 1-20-47 $250.00, April 20, 1947

We should keep in touch with Dr. Edgar Love, who is ~~an~~ Superintendent of Negro Work of the Division of Home Missions and Church Extension and is an Associate member of the SRC, to see that the appropriation is renewed from year to year. Their appropriations are voted a year in advance. It would be well to check with him about the appropriation for the ~~xxxx~~ fiscal year ~~ending~~ ~~May 31, 1947~~ which begins June 1, 1947.

General Board of Education - 810 Broadway, Nashville 2 Tenn.

Appropriation for their fiscal year ending May 31, 1946, paid in May, 1946 ~~0000~~ --- $250.00

Rec'd 1-16-47

We should check with Dr. J. Q. Schisler, Executive Secretary of the Division of the Local Church of the General Board of Education, who is a member of SRC (along with Mr. Eleazer and others on the Board), to find whether the appropriation has been included for the fiscal year beginning June 1 -- and perhaps we might ask for an increase in the appropriation.

Woman's Division of Christian Service

Appropriation for fiscal year~~ing~~ ending May 31, 1946, paid in April 1946 --- $1,000.00

According to information from Mrs. Tilly, the appropriation was voted, also, for

over

the year ending May 31, 1947. We should check with ~~either~~ Mrs. Tilly to be sure that this is on record, and to ask whether we should write to request payment. The check came from the Secretary to Mrs. C. E. Tatum of the Woman's Division (Miss Noreen Dunn, Margaret Forsythe an Associate of SRC, is Executive Secretary of the Bureau of Town and Country Work, under which this appropriation comes, I think. It might be that we should write her about the appropriation, but I think Mrs. Tilly ~~should~~ could tell you.)

We need to see that the appearl for continuation of the support from this Board is submitted ~~either by~~ for the year beginning June 1, 1947. Mrs. Tilly can advise about this.

Phelps-Stokes Fund 101 Park Avenue, New York 17

Appropriation for 1947

Toward General Budget	$100.00
For Literature Fund	200.00

Woman's Auxiliary, Synod of Virginia
(Mrs. O. Leland Hunt, Treasurer)
3293 Worthington St., N. W., Washington 15, D.C.
~~Each~~ An unsolicited contribution comes each year for $25.00 -- usually made out to Kendall Weisiger, Treasurer, for Interracial Work. I have written that the Com. has been absorbed by SRC, and I hope that they will remember next year.

Carnegie Corp app. for appro. 1947
Dr. Alexander in letter to GBJ. in
Nov. 1946.

exp. acct. check for ~~$45.80~~ $45.80 enclosed (for Mr. Byrd)

Misc. Contribs. Biddle

Biddle

January 5, 1950

Mr. Thomas F. Byrd
c/o Mrs. Al Morgenweck
444 East 20th Street Apt. 7-B
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Byrd:

We got a check today for twenty-five dollars from Miss Alice Biddle, Box 644, Bryn Mawr, Pa.

She had sent the check with a most brief note to Dr. Odum whom she addressed as Dr. Orum - said the money was "for the interracial fund. Hope you may raise the money needed."

Dr. Odum endorsed the check and sent it on to us and sent Miss Biddle a brief note recalling experiences of his in 1912-13 when he re-organized the Whittier Center Miss Susan P. Wharton and had some association with Mr. John Emlen.

I conclude it would be a bit bold to approach Miss Biddle so soon for more, but I thought you might use a little of your Philadelphia visit to snip around the edges.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

THE BARKER WELFARE FOUNDATION
HEADQUARTERS • CHICAGO, ILL.
FOURTH FLOOR • 33 SOUTH CLARK STREET

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS
MRS. CHARLES V. HICKOX, PRESIDENT
ROY C. OSGOOD, VICE PRESIDENT
CHARLES V. HICKOX, TREASURER
EMERSON R. LEWIS, SECRETARY
MRS. MARJORY C. BARKER
MISS KATRINA B. HICKOX
MISS LUCILE KERRIGAN
MRS. CHAUNCEY McCORMICK
HONORARY DIRECTOR
GEORGE P. ROGERS

PLEASE REPLY TO
NEW YORK OFFICE
ROOM 1401
70 PINE STREET
5, N. Y.

Fred Ten Fils

Set meeting

June 13, 1951

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Supplementing my letter of March 6th and in final reply to your letter of February 26th, I wish to advise that I submitted your request for a grant to our Board of Directors at their recent annual meeting.

Our Board, however, decided not to depart from their present program of grants in the field of negro and inter-racial development and we have, therefore, renewed our contribution to the United Negro College Fund and have added a further grant for their building fund.

Very truly yours,

C V Hickox

Treasurer

CVH/df

RECEIVED
JUN 15
Southern Regional Council

Misc Fund Raising — Barker Welfare Fdn

March 9, 1951

Mr. Charles V. Hickox
70 Pine Street, Room 1401
New York 5, New York

Dear Mr. Hickox:

Many thanks for your letter of March 6, which promises that our request of February 26 will go to the Board of Directors at the next meeting.

Our program is a lot broader than just Negro improvement. We try to get the whole South, Negro and white, to understand its past and its present, and to work together for equality and opportunity for all.

Professor Louis Wirth at the University of Chicago knows us pretty well.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

THE BARKER WELFARE FOUNDATION
HEADQUARTERS • CHICAGO, ILL.
FOURTH FLOOR • 33 SOUTH CLARK STREET

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS
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ROY C. OSGOOD, VICE PRESIDENT
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MRS. MARJORY C. BARKER
MISS KATRINA B. HICKOX
MISS LUCILE KERRIGAN
MRS. CHAUNCEY McCORMICK
HONORARY DIRECTOR
GEORGE P. ROGERS

PLEASE REPLY TO
NEW YORK OFFICE
ROOM 1401
70 PINE STREET
5, N. Y.

March 6, 1951

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Your letter of February 26th is before me and I will present your request to our Board of Directors at their annual meeting which will probably be held in May. However, the policy of the Board as adopted two years ago is to make their grant for Negro improvement to the United Negro College Fund.

Very truly yours,

CVHickox

Treasurer

CVH/df

RECEIVED
MAR 8 1951
Southern Regional Council

August 27, 1951

Sister M. Clare Joseph, Registrar
Chestnut Hill College
Philadelphia 18, Pa.

Dear Sister:

Bishop Waters has sent on to our Council your most kind check for $50.00. I am deeply grateful for it; it comes at a time when we are particularly in need.

I remember with real gratitude the hospitality of Chestnut Hill College. You and all the others were most beautifully kind to me.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

August 27, 1951

Most Rev. Vincent S. Waters
Bishop's Residence
15 N. McDowell St.
Raleigh, N. C.

My dear Bishop Waters:

That was most kind of Sister M. Clare Joseph at Chestnut Hill College to send the check for $50.00. It is a great help to us.

I had a grand time in that whole trip and would most gladly do it again. If other plans come up, let me know.

I have written the enclosed note to Sister M. Clare Joseph.

Respectfully,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

September 6, 1951

Mr. and Mrs. J. Winston Huff
235 The Praedo, NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Norma and Win.:

It was certainly a delightful surprise to get back from a week away from the office and find that the Council had gotten some "real money" while I was away. Among the gifts was your very generous one for which I want to express the appreciation of the Council as well as my own. Norma can remember how welcome such a check is after a "long dry spell". And August was such a month. But with the beginning of September we have had several substantial gifts and have been able to pay up most of our bills so we are all feeling much encouraged.

Thank you both for your continued interest in the Council. Why not come by for a visit some day?

Best wishes to you from the Council staff.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

Dear Cac –

Hope this will be of some help.

Norma + Wm

$50 00

K.S.

November 20, 1951

Miss Helen L. Cohen
94 Oliver Street,
Rochester, New York

Dear Miss Cohen:

How generous of you to send another contribution to the Council and how very neatly it fills a need in our finances. We are grateful to you.

While the South seems to be making progress in some spots and in some phases of race relations, there is still much to be done and the need for the kind of work which the Council does is as great as ever. Thus the loyalty and support of our friends means much.

Dr. Mitchell is out of the office for a few days but would want to add his thanks, I am sure.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

Misc. Contribs. -
Cohen

January 3, 1951

Miss Helen L. Cohen
94 Oliver Street
Rochester 7, New York

Dear Miss Cohen,

Again we thank you warmly for your kind contribution of fifty dollars. You time your checks to meet our periods of greatest need.

The Southern Conference group and the Council are by some considered rivals, and I have some hesitancy in describing another organization. The Southern Conference for Human Welfare was organized at a large meeting at Birmingham, in 1938. The Southern Regional Council was formed in 1944, taking over the Commission on Interracial Cooperation, which went back to 1919. The SRC has stayed away from political participation, and our goals have been pretty much what is printed above. The SCHW had a period of flourishing activity in 1945-6, with State Committees going in a good many Southern States, and active local political work. Boldness, admixed with doubtful judgment, raised it many enemies, and itbegan to shrink rapidly. There was a good deal of controversy as to whether it had Communist influence. Several years ago the SCHW established the Southern Conference Educational Fund, which from its office in New Orleans continues to conduct a non-political and tax-exempt program. It publishes a lively paper, called the Southern Patriot. It is organizationally a small Board of Trustees, not claiming any popular membership, though it has many subscribers to the Patriot. The SCEF has been outspoken in denouncing segregation; a course which has earned it both praise and dislike. The SCHW disbanded a couple of years ago.

Judge Waring's law seems to me good and right, and brave. But I can understand why many wince.

Do come to the Council if you arrive in Atlanta.

Appreciatively,

Executive Director

HELEN LOUISE COHEN
94 OLIVER STREET ROCHESTER 7, NEW YORK

RECEIVED
JAN 2 1951
Southern Regional Council

Dec. 28/50

Dear George Mitchell: –

A year ago I sent a contribution to you for the Southern Regional Council – Today I am enclosing a check $50.00 again – and hope it is in order.

The clipping enclosed, I was delayed in sending. I have questions based upon it and hope you know the answers.

Could you tell me what the "Southern Conference for Human Welfare" and also the "Southern Education Conference Fund, Inc" (underlined in pencil) comprise? Status, too, if you don't mind saying.

proud that I could converse with you on the subject of the racial situation in my native city (Charleston, S.C.) and also on the subject of Judge Waring's contributions, pro and con — Personally, I need much clarification of many factors — In many instances, the pronouncements issued are quite vague to me —

On my visits to Charleston once or twice a year, I try to find out as much as I can, for, inspite of my living in N.Y. State, my interest in Charleston is very real.

With all good wishes for you and the Council

Very sincerely

Helen R. Cohen

So glad to hear the Workers in Conference. Have some more last hopes.

r. cuc

VISITING THE JUDGE—Pilgrims to the residence at 61 Meeting street of Judge and Mrs. J. Waties Waring are shown as they filed in to shake hands and then filed out again. The group of approximately 125 presented Judge Waring a citation. A guard stands at right of the door. A number of those who came to call on the judge remained for a "social hour". (Staff Photo by Reilly.)

Group of 125 Visit Judge Waring in 'Pilgrimage'

"We do not live in darkest Africa; we live in darkest South Carolina," Federal District Judge J. Waties Waring said yesterday in responding to the presentation of a citation by a "pilgrimage" of some 125 persons to his home here.

The pilgrimage, which included approximately 100 negroes and 25 white persons, met at Morris Street Baptist church and then proceeded to the judge's home, at 61 Meeting street for the presentation.

After greeting the pilgrims, the judge and his wife posed for photographers. Coffee was served during a social hour which followed.

In his response, the judge said:

"This day will live long in my memory for it will serve as an incentive to a large group of decent Americans who live up to the ideals of true Americanism. It also will serve to warn the great number of those, I know better than you, whose hatred has been aroused.

"I would like nothing better than to be remembered in the type tribute paid President Grover Cleveland about whom someone said 'We love him for the enemies he has made.'

"If I have done anything in my small way to overpower the feelings of those who are prejudiced tenance of the dignity of humanity regardless of race, creed or economic circumstance, which fortifies our esteem of our judicial system and encourages our hope in the undertaking of our land towards the true equality and amiable brotherhood of man.

"Your example is good for the soul of the South; your good deeds have lightened our conscience."

The board of directors of the fund met here yesterday morning. Attending were Clark Foreman, former director of the CIO's political action committee; Tom Ludwig, of Nashville, chairman for the National Farmers union; Palmer Webber, of the Foundation for World Government; Mr. Williams, former director of the National Youth administration under President Franklin D. Roosevelt, and Dr. James A. Dombrowski.

Dr. Dombrowski was listed by the house unAmerican activities committee as administrator for the Southern Conference for Human Welfare. The committee charged that the SCHW was communist-dominated. Dr. Dombrowski called this a "smear attack". He described himself as a "Roosevelt Democrat" and said he believed in good citizenship, civil rights and world citizenship.

He is at present executive secretary of the Southern Education Conference Fund, Inc.

Mr. Williams, referring to the judge and his wife in an address at Morris street church, said "they are setting up a new standard of conduct in the South.

"We have handled things too much with kid gloves," he said. "We put too much sugar coating on the problems in the South. Southerners have sick minds. You can't educate these things out of people. It is an unmitigated evil which destroys those who exploit as well as those being exploited. The white churches of the South are not making any contributions toward solving these problems that are worth a snap of the finger. Our only progress is being made in the courts, where the evil is met head-on. Judge Waring is a true American, living up to the ideals and standards we hold so high and cherish so dearly."

VISITING THE JUDGE—Pilgrims to the residence at 61 Meeting street of Judge and Mrs. J. Waties Waring are shown as they filed in to shake hands and then filed out again. The group of approximately 125 presented Judge Waring a citation. A guard stands at right of the door. A number of those who came to call on the judge remained for a "social hour". (Staff Photo by Reilly.)

Group of 125 Visit Judge Waring in 'Pilgrimage'

"We do not live in darkest Africa; we live in darkest South Carolina," Federal District Judge J. Waties Waring said yesterday in responding to the presentation of a citation by a "pilgrimage" of some 125 persons to his home here.

The pilgrimage, which included approximately 100 negroes and 25 white persons, met at Morris Street Baptist church and then proceeded to the judge's home, at 61 Meeting street for the presentation.

After greeting the pilgrims, the judge and his wife posed for photographers. Coffee was served during a social hour which followed.

In his response, the judge said: "This day will live long in my memory for it will serve as an incentive to a large group of decent Americans who live up to the ideals of true Americanism. It also will serve to warn the great number of those, I know better than you, whose hatred has been aroused.

"I would like nothing better than to be remembered in the type tribute paid President Grover Cleveland about whom someone said 'We love him for the enemies he has made.'

"If I have done anything in my small way to overpower the feelings of those who are prejudiced in this bitter and cold world, then I have accomplished it with the courage to speak the message of seeing the light. It is with deep gratitude for my wife and myself that I welcome you here today," he said.

The citation was presented by a committee of six, selected at the church. They were Modjeska Simkins, of Columbia, state chairman for the Southern Conference Education Fund, Inc., which sponsored the pilgrimage; Miriam Bacote, of Charleston; Frank W. Spencer, of Savannah; H. B. Butler, of Newberry; the Rev. J. C. Dunbar, pastor of the Morris street church, and Aubrey Willis Williams, publisher of the Southern Farmer and president of the Southern Conference Education Fund, Inc.

Text of the citation follows:

"We several Southerners have felt it a thing signally deserved and highly due to address to you our appreciation of your great and good works, as a wise, just and courageous judge, in our country, and our respect of the stalwart manhood evidenced in your private as in your official life.

"We are, of course, aware that you have no more than upheld conscientiously the letter and the spirit of the laws of our land, which declare the freedom and the equality of men. Yet it has been seen that many another, in your place, has found it possible, before obdurate prejudices and customs, to avoid the guidance of the noblest guarantees of our constitution. Your own faithfulness in this field, despite environmental discouragements others have bowed to, has been exemplary and heartwarming.

"We have particularly admired your understanding of our nation's intent and commitment to democracy, and of the necessity of protecting the right of suffrage, which is the essential of popular government. We particularly applaud the direction of your authority, as chief officer of your court, to the maintenance of the dignity of humanity regardless of race, creed or economic circumstance, which fortifies our esteem of our judicial system and encourages our hope in the undertaking of our land towards the true equality and amiable brotherhood of man.

"Your example is good for the soul of the South; your good deeds have lightened our conscience."

The board of directors of the fund met here yesterday morning. Attending were Clark Foreman, former director of the CIO's political action committee; Tom Ludwig, of Nashville, chairman for the National Farmers union; Palmer Webber, of the Foundation for World Government; Mr. Williams, former director of the National Youth administration under President Franklin D. Roosevelt, and Dr. James A. Dombrowski.

Dr. Dombrowski was listed by the house unAmerican activities committee as administrator for the Southern Conference for Human Welfare. The committee charged that the SCHW was communist-dominated. Dr. Dombrowski called this a "smear attack". He described himself as a "Roosevelt Democrat" and said he believed in good citizenship, civil rights and world citizenship.

He is at present executive secretary of the Southern Education Conference Fund, Inc.

Mr. Williams, referring to the judge and his wife in an address at Morris street church, said "they are setting up a new standard of conduct in the South.

"We have handled things too much with kid gloves," he said. "We put too much sugar coating on the problems in the South. Southerners have sick minds. You can't educate these things out of people. It is an unmitigated evil which destroys those who exploit as well as those being exploited. The white churches of the South are not making any contributions toward solving these problems that are worth a snap of the finger. Our only progress is being made in the courts, where the evil is met head-on. Judge Waring is a true American, living up to the ideals and standards we hold so high and cherish so dearly."

Miss Cohen
Colour

December 30, 1949

Miss Helen Louise Cohen
94 Oliver Street
Rochester 7, New York

Dear Miss Cohen:

That was mighty kind, indeed!

We are in a distressing way for funds to keep going with, and your check for a hundred dollars cheered us all greatly. The truth is we have been able to do our work through many years mainly through a back-log grant from the Julius Rosenwald Fund, and now that that has wound up its great work we are finding it difficult to develope other substantial support. One difficulty is our very temperateness. For whirling words we might find notoriety, and for resistance to change we could doubtless get help from whoever finances the Dixiecrats, save the mark!

I send you some of our recent things. We are perhaps getting more done through Race in the News, which is converting papers pretty fast to greater courtesy, greater coverage, and more respect for other people's dignity.

We are making you a Council member, and you will receive what we can print in the future.

Certainly I am Dr. S. C. Mitchell's son, and a warm admirer of all the Morse's. And of course I am frequently in South Carolina, and occasionally in Charleston, which I visit in wonder, affection, and sorrow.

Do write us if we can do you any service.

Appreciatively,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Dec. 27/49

HELEN LOUISE COHEN

94 OLIVER STREET ROCHESTER 7, NEW YORK

Dr. George S. Mitchell Director
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

My dear Dr. Mitchell: —

The enclosed is a contribution toward the current needs of the Southern Regional Council, sent with the sincere desire to participate in an effort very dear to me. You see I am a native of Charleston, S.C., who has lived in New York State for almost twenty years, by profession a psychiatric social worker — my hybrid citizenship — mixed North & South —

crates our insecure status, particularly in my native city, and so I find a great yearning to throw in my bit individually when the cause is good.

I saw the account in the New York Times Nov. 13, subsequently with Dr. Adler, whom I knew way back in 1st World War Red Cross days, and now, after the inter-vision & Christmas are wishing you.

It seems to me that the Counsel's method approach from within is sound - in fact, the only right one - and all I can say is, "More power to you!"

With all good wishes
Very sincerely
Helen R. Cohen

I wonder if you are of the B.S.C. Methodist family. If so, let me know. Best regards.

Moses's friend, in common

December 30, 1949

Mr. John Popham
c/o Chattanooga Times
Chattanooga, Tenn.

Dear Mr. Popham:

You will be pleased, as we were, by an item in this morning's mail. Some good lady in Rochester, New Yor, an ex resident of Charleston, S. C. had noticed your story in the Times back in November. She had written to Dr. Odum, to check on us I suppose, and then the other day had sent us a most welcome check for a hundred dollars!

I have thanked her. I warmly thank you.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

November 27, 1951

Mr. John F. Cuneo
Cuneo Foundation
Chicago, Ill.

Dear Mr. Cuneo:

Paul Williams sent on to the Council the most generous contribution of two hundred dollars from the Cuneo Foundation. We are extremely grateful for it.

Our Council has a hard time to keep up its useful work, and we are encouraged and aided by every such kind grant as this.

Here is our official receipt for the contribution.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

JOHN F. CUNEO
CHICAGO

November 8, 1951

Mr. Paul D. Williams, President
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond 22, Virginia

Dear Mr. Williams:

In reply to your letter of October 31st, I am happy to inclose a Cuneo Foundation check for $200.00. K.S.

I hope that this will help, in some small way, with the work that you and the Council are doing.

Yours very truly,

John F. Cuneo
JB

RECEIVED
NOV 10 1951
Southern Regional Council

December 18, 1951

Dr. A. W. Dent
Dillard University
New Orleans, Louisiana

Dear Dr. Dent:

This letter, though a bit late, is to express the deep appreciation of the Council for your generous contribution made during the Board meeting. It helped us greatly to meet the payroll. We are hopeful that other money will be coming in soon and that we can send out checks to cover the travel vouchers. In the meantime, we are grateful for the patience of our Board members.

Best wishes for a pleasant holiday season and for the new year.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

January 3, '52

Dear Julia,

We were mighty broke, and your huge check helped tremendously. As a matter of fact, we had ended the year in better shape than in any recent year, with a little less than a thousand unpaid in telephone bills and salaries. Your check, and Ruth's earlier, gave us a good start into this new year. I think with that help we can get through for the month or so more I expect to be waiting on word from the Ford people.

Alice will have written you of my allergy adventures. The roe herring came in beautifully. Nobody hereabouts had bothered to test me for that, and what they didn't say I couldn't eat, I did eat! Mighty good. And I think there's still some left.

I'm driving to N.Y., weather permitting, between January 13 and 19 - up on the first week-end and back on the second. I'll come see you both on either trip - don't know yet which one, or whether the snow and ice up yonder will let me drive at all.

Love,

card enclosed
1/3/52
R-S.

Misc. Contribs
Hill

August 17, 1950

Mrs. Julia Hill
3607 Seminary Avenue
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Julia:

We were at a mighty low point when your letter came. The last half of August is a time when you can't stir any money out of foundations, churches, or any other well-wishers. We met the payroll for August 15, and had $21.00 left in the bank, so that check of yours started us back on the upgrade.

I am deeply grateful. I know that you haven't got checks like that to send around gaily, and you must mix my thanks in with the economies here and there in your and Ruth's household that will make up for it.

I will come to see you soon and say my thanks myself.

It was mighty nice of Ruth to haul Charlotte down to New York and get her safely on the Seaboard train. Charlotte arrived in good order, and we are very grateful to Putney and to Ruth.

Affectionately,

GSM:er

February 14, 1952

Bishop W. Y. Bell
2105 N. Main Ave.
South Boston, Va.

Dear Bishop Bell:

I saw Joe Coles the other day at a meeting of our same National Association of Intergroup Relations Officials in New York.

Joe thought perhaps the CME Church could find some way to make a goodish contribution to our Southern Regional Council. He undertook to write you in that vein.

We have a desperate time to keep going, and Goodness knows, would be grateful if the Church could find us something.

The Methodist Church gives us about $2,700 a year. Each branch of the Presbyterian Church makes a contribution, and so do the Episcopalians. Various local Jewish groups have put together a thousand dollars and more for us in most years, and for the last several years a couple of Catholic dignitaries have made personal contributions to us.. Quite large—a thousand or so.

I am sure the CME Church has a hundred times more calls for help than it can cope with. Still, if you could advise us on an appeal, we would be very grateful.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Dictated but not read.

AVALON FOUNDATION
713 PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK 21, N.Y.

RECEIVED
MAR 10 1952
Southern Regional Council

March 6, 1952

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of February 13, 1952, addressed to this Foundation.

As I explained to you at the time of your visit to this office on February fourteenth, this Foundation will be unable to render financial assistance to your organization because its activities do not fall within the scope of the activities of this Foundation.

Sincerely yours,

Francis T. Carroll

Administrator

February 13, 1952

The Avalon Foundation
713 Park Ave.
New York 21, N. Y.

Dear sirs:

We would be grateful for information about the Foundation. We think we "come within your scope."

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encls.

August 5, 1952

Mr. David M. Billikopf
Barbizon Plaza Hotel
58th St. & 6th Ave.
New York, N. Y.

Dear David:

We were much pleased to receive the announcement of your marriage to Dona Maria Luisa. Much happiness to you both. I am glad that you take root in this way in both continents.

The lady who runs the Putney School has the standard difficulty of such schools in getting teachers. She solves it by conducting as an enclave within the school a teacher training institute, which Morris heads. The University of Vermont dignifies it with a degree-granting authority. Which makes Morris, who scoffs at things academic, round off his career, if you please, as dean of a graduate school. He and Barbara like it very much. Their only problem, I have heard, is in getting enough students.

Mary is assistant to the president of Evansville College, Evansville, Indiana, and that would reach her for an address, though she lives off campus at a number I have forgotten. She and Alice have gone to Sweden for the summer.

My daughter Ellen reached, only a couple of days ago, the full height of sixteen, and I spent half yesterday morning at the Georgia State Patrol headquarters standing by while she got a driver's license. Charlotte is a full-time, paid baby sitter at a recreational camp in the Poconos. No babies there except those of the managerettes, which ones Charlotte bosses. When last heard from, she had one hundred dollars in the bank.

Our Council has hard sailing, but we hope for port ahead through the Ford Foundation. We asked them a year ago and more for enough to enable us to put full-time paid personnel in each Southern State. That would make things happen. But the Ford Foundation seems to be tangled up in the problem of establishing an auxiliary to itself called the Fund for the Republic, which is to screen projects in our field and in civil liberties. I have real hopes that they will help us substantially, and for the first time make a real program in the South. No Northern State or city supposes it can get along without paid people to smooth the adjustment to an interracial society. But the South seems to think that all these matters are best left to nobody at all. If you find yourself burdened with income tax and not enough organizations to help, do remember the Council.

Bring your wife to Atlanta sometime. We want to meet her and carry on a long and enjoyable friendship.

You know that I try to keep up a bit with matters agricultural. I will rejoice in a letter from you about the things you find in Chile. My secretary is a student of all matters Spanish and could even translate.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

Dear George Mitchell,

Pardon me for being so late in sending this announcement. I hope the Spanish offers no difficulties. The reversing of the name is an old Spanish custom.

I was just looking over some interesting letters which your father used to write to me while I was at Harvard. He certainly was a fine and inspiring person.

Are you still with the Southern Regional Council? What is Morris doing — was the experiment at Macedonia completely abandoned? I recall that he was at Putney several summers ago. — And where is Mary? I haven't written to her because I never had her new address.

I imagine your daughters are just about grown-up young ladies now, too old to be chasing after the Governor's reindeer at Christmastime!

Maria and I are going to settle in Chile, in agriculture, specifically vineyards. When I have time I'll send you a detailed account of conditions there.

Best wishes to all of you. David Billikopf

FORSTER M. RODRIGUEZ 965

(OVER)

Address in USA:

either

Knollwood
Saranac Lake
New York

(After Aug 6th)

or

Barbizon Plaza Hotel
58th St 6th Avenue
New York City

In Chile:

Casilla 46
San Javier
Chile.

MARTA BEZANILLA DE ENCINA

PARTICIPA A UD. EL MATRIMONIO DE SU HIJA MARIA LUISA CON EL SEÑOR DAVID BILLIKOPF MARSHALL EFECTUADO PRIVADAMENTE EN LA IGLESIA DE NUESTRA SEÑORA DE LOS ANGELES EL MIERCOLES 2 DE ABRIL.

SANTIAGO, ABRIL DE 1952.

Anonymous

THE FIELD FOUNDATION, INC.
250 PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK 17

August 11, 1952

OFFICE OF THE
EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT

RECEIVED
AUG 13 1952

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Thank you for your letter of August 7, and its enclosures, submitted as a progress report to the anonymous donor.

This is being held for Mr. Hahn's return to the city, at which time he will, in turn, transmit the material to the anonymous donor.

Sincerely,

Joan Heinz

Joan Heinz

August 7, 1952

Mr. Maxwell Hahn
The Field Foundation, Inc.
250 Park Avenue
New York 17, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Hahn:

I want to make some report to our generous anonymous friend.

His gift came last year in time to cheer us as we prepared for the Council's annual membership meeting, which came in 1951 in December. A committee from the Board of Directors had been at work over a period of months preparing a policy statement for the Council. This was adopted by the Board and by the membership at the meeting. A couple of copies of it are enclosed. It was important for the Council for various of its pronouncements, but particularly because for the first time it achieved stated agreement within our membership against the principle of segregation.

In February we finally got our shoulders under one of the devices for lessening racial tension in the South recommended way back in the Myrdal study. We undertook a broad effort to get local public opinion active in bringing law enforcement agencies up to a tolerable standard of impartiality in matters of race. We put out in February the blue-back pamphlet called RACE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT. It was not so much a manual for police officers as a guide to interested members of the public as to how to work with the sheriff's office or the chief of police in getting action toward modern standards. We've printed 15,000 and have sold all but a few hundred. Here is an interesting list of the larger block sales:

African Methodist Epiccopal Church (Bishop S. L. Greene), Atlanta	175
Methodist Church, Central Jurisdiction (Bishop J.W.E. Bowen, Atlanta	100
Southeastern Office, National Council of Churches	100
Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith	667
Social Service Commission, Southern Baptist Convention	25
American Friends Service Committee	80
Department of Christian Social Relations, National Council of Protestant Episcopal Church	200
North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company	100
Georgia Teachers and Education Association	500
Catholic Committee of the South	1,000

Division Against Discrimination, New Jersey Department of Education	100
Department of Interracial Cooperation, Virginia Council of Churches	320
Texas Commission on Race Relations	260
Georgia Committee on Interracial Cooperation	167
North Carolina Division, Southern Regional Council	200
South Carolina Division	100
Mississippi Division	300
Alabama Division	500
Louisiana Division	200
Kentucky Division	150
Arkansas Division	300
Tennessee Division	150
CIO Department of Research and Education	500
Students at Morehouse College	100
Students at Tuskegee Institute	200
Alabama State Teachers Association	150
National Baptist Convention	100
Students at Alabama State Teachers College	150
Students at Tougaloo (Mississippi) College	20
Students at Fisk University	32
W. S. Devall, Sr., Baton Rouge	100
YWCA National Board, Atlanta	170
The Lincoln Foundation, Louisville	200
African Methodist Episcopal Church (Bishop F.M. Reid), Columbia, S. C.	100
NAACP, South Carolina Conference Branches	100
South Carolina Federation of Colored Women's Clubs	100
Students at Bethune-Cookman College	75
Women's Council of Richland County, S. C.	50
American Nurses' Association	60
Fisk University Race Relations Institute	180
National Council of Negro Women, Region IV	70
Wheat Street Baptist Church, Atlanta	200
Florida State Teachers Association	160
Colored Methodist Episcopal Church (Bishop W. T. Bell)	500
Students at State College, Orangeburg, S. C.	55
Federation of Colored Women's Clubs, Tuscaloosa, Alabama	47
UAW-CIO, Atlanta	200
TOTAL	9,313

Additionally, and probably most effectively in the long run, we worked out an arrangement with the Woman's Society of Christian Service of the Methodist Church to get real local interest. Both in the Societies of the Southeastern and the Southcentral Jurisdiction they undertook officially to get committees of church women in every county in the South to take a copy of the booklet to the sheriff and discuss it with him. That is already proceeding. In the long run, what the church women will be doing is to open a relationship between a respected part of public opinion and the local law enforcement agencies, which is bound to improve matters substantially. It gives also a device for following up with a new visit in any instance in which police officials are notably partial in their administration of the law.

We've worked a bit also to improve the use by Southern police of facilities available at the Southern Police Institute in Louisville, Kentucky, and we had some hand in getting the chief in one large Southern city to send to Chicago this year one of the four Southern policemen who attended the two weeks' course sponsored by the University of Chicago Law School on "The Police and Racial Tensions."

Later in the spring we took up an effort to get some agreement as to program emphasis among the increasing number of agencies in the South concerned with human relations. After a preliminary gathering in Atlanta in February, we arranged a larger meeting in Birmingham May 15. That threw together representatives of the American Friends Service Committee, the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, the Catholic Committee of the South, the National Council of Churches, the National Council of Negro Women, the NAACP, the Southern Field Office of the National Urban League, and the Southern Regional Council. Among agencies which were closely associated but did not have representatives at the May 15 meeting were: the Social Service Commission of the Southern Baptist Convention, the Division of Christian Relations of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, the National Board of the YWCA (Southern Region), Fellowship House of Knoxville, the Texas Council of Negro Organizations, and the General Board of Education of the Methodist Church.

The Birmingham meeting revised and approved a statement on housing in Southern cities, a copy of which is enclosed. (June-July NEW SOUTH.) The various agencies distributed the statement among their Southern leaders. It had the effect of calling attention to a very serious lag and an important source of racial friction in the whole matter of housing in Southern cities.

Those present at the Birmingham meeting made arrangements to collect, through their organizations, during the summer months local material on another heavy problem--the use of race prejudice in political campaigns. In the autumn this material will be sifted and reviewed before another inter-agency gathering, which it is hoped will then concentrate interest again throughout the South on this ancient abuse. The device of inter-agency coordination can thus lend itself from time to time to spotlighting a particular problem.

We are holding back until next year, after the elections, a whole new major field of interest--educating public opinion and the courts to the practice of evenhanded justice regardless of race. We have two thousand dollars toward the eight thousand that we think will be needed to convene a Southwide commission of distinguished people which would arrange for the necessary research and offer, after eight or ten months, frank recommendations to the South on this perpetual source of grievance.

Our Council continues to hope that it will some day gain the major foundation support needed in order to enable us to put paid personnel in each Southern State, and do vigorously all over the South what with tiny resources we do all too superficially from our single full-time office. Meanwhile, we find it no easy matter to hold together the small staff that we have

at present. We will be extremely hopeful that we may be helped again this year by our kind and anonymous donor of heretofore.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encls.

THE FIELD FOUNDATION, INC.
250 PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK 17

OFFICE OF THE
EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT

May 2, 1952

RECEIVED
MAY 5 1952
Southern Regional Council

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432 - 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Thank you for your letter of April 30, transmitting a progress report on the program of the Southern Regional Council, for the information of the Anonymous Donor. I know this will be read with interest.

Sincerely yours,

Maxwell Hahn

Maxwell Hahn

April 30, 1952

Mr. Maxwell Hahn
The Field Foundation
250 Park Avenue
New York 17, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Hahn:

I fear me we are unconscionably late in making some report to our kind friend Anonymous Donor. Our appreciation is none the less sincere.

Very truly,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

April 30, 1952

Our kind friend:

Here is some account of our Council's work.

We have pushed hard in the last year or so on two particular civil rights--safety of the person and political participation.

We have worked at the first in several ways. We have carried through on the matter of Negro policemen. (Eighty-five cities now, and over five hundred policemen. Every Southern State now has at least some cities with Negro members of the police force.) We have pointed out to the South that the mob violence that was so frequent fifteen years ago has taken another channel: the mob on wheels, as at Groveland, Florida; or systematic police violence, as in Birmingham; or the stealthy bombings at Birmingham, Miami, Atlanta, Mims, and elsewhere.

We held last Washington's Birthday a small meeting of representatives of Southern agencies concerned with human relations, to explore these new forms of violence and to try to find their roots. We think they come down to bad Negro housing and prejudiced police administration, plus the general tensions of a period of rapid Negro economic advance. We will follow the February 22 meeting with another the middle of this month in Birmingham, and try to get concerted action by various Southern organizations.

We are promoting a long-range project for a Southern Commission on Equal Penalties in Courts of Law.

Perhaps best on safety of the person, we published a few weeks ago RACE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT. We sent it out to our own members and subscribers (4,000), and then we wrote to friends and connections in a great variety of organizations over the South and urged that it be taken up as a part of the program of those bodies. The response has been remarkable. It has been bought at fifteen cents apiece in good, big blocks, mostly from a hundred up to seven hundred or a thousand, by the following:

Department of Christian Social Relations of the Protestant Episcopal Church
Southeastern Office, National Council of the Churches of Christ in the U. S. A.
Social Service Commission of the Southern Baptist Convention
National Baptist Convention
American Friends Service Committee
Catholic Committee of the South
American Missionary Association, Congregational Christian Churches
African Methodist Episcopal Church (Bishop S. L. Greene), Atlanta, Ga.
African Methodist Episcopal Church (Bishop F. M. Reid), Columbia, S. C.
YWCA National Board
Methodist Church, Central Jurisdiction (Bishop J.W.E. Bowen), Atlanta
Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith
CIO Education Department
American Nurses' Association
NAACP, South Carolina Conference Branches
South Carolina Federation of Colored Women's Clubs
Women's Council of Richland County, S. C.
Lincoln Foundation, Louisville, Ky.
Board of Community Relations, Buffalo, N. Y.
New Jersey Division Against Discrimination
North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company
Georgia Teachers and Education Association
Alabama State Teachers Association
Fisk University Race Relations Institute, 1952
Annual Conference of the National Council of Negro Women for Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Texas, Florida, Oklahoma
Students at Tuskegee Institute, at Morehouse College, and at Alabama State Teachers College
Department of Interracial Cooperation of the Virginia Council of Churches
Georgia Interracial Committee
Texas Commission on Race Relations
State Divisions of the Southern Regional Council in North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Tennessee, and Kentucky

Meanwhile, Mrs. M. E. Tilly, of our staff, worked out an arrangement with the Woman's Society of Christian Service of the Methodist Church. The Society has agreed, both for its Southeastern and its Southcentral Jurisdictions, to get small committees of church women, carrying RACE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT, to call on the sheriff in every county in thirteen Southern States (plus Missouri!) Additionally, the Presbyterian women have made the distribution of the pamphlet an official part of their program for this summer.

The other right we have tried to protect and promote is voting, and its attendant right of holding office. We have described the decline of the poll tax, we have praised the doctrine of representation for all, we have noticed and commended the Negro candidates for political office

(giving our praise after the elections!), we got greatly increased attention given to the study made by the Richmond Urban League on the estimate of employment of Negroes by municipalities in the South, and we have everywhere urged the civic value of equal opportunity in electoral and appointive employment.

On education, we have tried to make the pronouncements of the courts stand as the pronouncements of conscience. We have printed and spread as widely as we could the decisions in the leading Appellate and Supreme Court cases; we have shown the degree to which segregation has broken down in the private colleges in the South; and in a famous "Open Letter to Three Southern Governors" (Talmadge, Wright, and Byrnes), we have set out what we judge to be the determination of the South as a whole to abide by the law. We are working now on the things to be done as school segregation breaks down in detail.

As soon as the 1950 census figures on housing were reachable at all, we got into them and gave news to the South that we had on our hands an intolerable situation in Southern urban Negro housing. In Atlanta 70% of the Negro dwellings are sub-standard and half are dilapidated. In Birmingham, 76% sub-standard. Nashville, 82%. Richmond, 68%. And so on.

What has happened is that, between World War II and Korea, white people made enough money to get themselves into tolerable housing. Negroes made enough money, but were denied the housing. A very few Negroes with upper and middle-class incomes opened a new vein and built or rented, at paying rents, excellent modern housing. But that didn't touch the real slums. Now, with the constraints of the defense emergency, Negroes still have the money and still can't get the houses. Hence the bombings. This is one the South will have to find a way to deal with. The Birmingham conference in May will explore it further.

One of our soundest ways of getting things done is through promoting community self-surveys. Jacksonville, Florida did a fine one several years ago, and Greenville, South Carolina, a little later. Shreveport is nearly through with a good one now. Dallas did one which we influenced a bit. Jackson County, Florida, has one going. The results on the Greenville one come out beautifully in two items attached--one an official summary by the Greenville Community Council of achievements since the survey, and the other a remarkable editorial in the leading South Carolina Negro newspaper, done by a "no compromise" editor.

We reached at the end of last year a new turn in Council policy, and set that out in a statement which was widely noticed over the South. We have marked one of the key paragraphs toward the end.

Here is a copy of our audit for 1951. For a rarity, it shows an intake a little larger than our outgo. And thus far this year, with help from various sources, we do as well as last year. But we still need major foundation support to enable us to do in all the States, and locally,

what we have thus far, from here, been able only to urge volunteers to take up.

We are deeply grateful for your genuine aid to us last year.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

Anonymous Donor
c/o Mr. Maxwell Hahn
The Field Foundation
250 Park Ave.
New York 17, N. Y.

Anon-Donor
via Hahn

September 12, 1951

Mr. Maxwell Hahn
250 Park Avenue,
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Hahn:

The Council is indeed grateful for the contribution which you sent to us from the Anonymous Donor. Will you please tell him for us how much we appreciate his interest and support. A brief progress report will be sent to you for this donor within a week or so.

We are also grateful for your interest and efforts in our behalf.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

TWO FIFTY PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK

September 10, 1951

SEP 12 1951
Southern Regional Council

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

K.S.

It is again my pleasure to transmit the enclosed contribution in the amount of $200 to the Southern Regional Council, Inc., from ~~an~~ anonymous donor who is not connected with the Field Foundation.

A brief progress report would be of interest to the donor. The acknowledgment of this check should be sent to Anonymous Donor, in my care at 250 Park Avenue.

Sincerely yours,

Maxwell Hahn

Maxwell Hahn

Encl.

December 1, 1952

Dr. Charlotte Hawkins Brown
Palmer Memorial Institute
Sedalia, North Carolina

Dear Dr. Brown:

Thank you for sending your check so promptly. It did help us to meet the payroll today.

You probably know that contributions to the Council may be deducted when filing your Federal Income tax.

Thank you for your loyalty and support.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

Mrs Bryant please see that Dr Brown gets out check

MARION A. WRIGHT, LINVILLE FALLS
PRESIDENT
CARTER WESLEY, HOUSTON
VICE-PRESIDENT
GORDON B. HANCOCK, RICHMOND
VICE-PRESIDENT
ALFRED MYNDERS, CHATTANOOGA
VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, NEW ORLEANS
VICE-PRESIDENT
GEORGE S. MITCHELL
EXECUTIVE-DIRECTOR
KATHERINE STONEY
SECRETARY-TREASURER
HAROLD C. FLEMING
DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MRS. M. E. TILLY,
IN CHARGE OF WOMEN'S WORK

Southern Regional Council, Inc.

ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AVENUE, N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

November 26, 1952

RECEIVED
DEC 1 1952
Southern Regional Council

Dr. Charlotte H. Brown
President Emerita
The Palmer Memorial Institute
Sedalia, N. C.

Dear Dr. Brown;

How very nice that was of you to write November 24! I have heard Dr. Alexander tell the story of that meeting in Memphis. He said that the two groups had no sooner become seated in the same room than both burst into tears. It is a nice point to ask an audience why.

Your generous check got left out of the letter. Do send it--it's almost pay day, and we are poor.

With the warmest affection.

Sincerely,

Warm fires to your home! George S. Mitchell (e.c.)
George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Dictated but not read.

I am enclosing a $25.00 check - I have a "diabetic" mind - that fails to recall things - I must keep some one else to remind me to help - but deservedly did not tell my secretary. I am enclosing $25.00 - CHB

December 31, 1952

Dr. George S. Mitchell
The Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Arvenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

This is a pleasure which I have long been looking forward to. And I hope that some day I shall be able to send you a check in better proportion to the wonderful job you are doing and the extraordinary grace with which you and whole staff do it. Your

As you may suspect, the enclosed check means nothing more nor less than that the Reader's Digest has at last made up its mind to print my article on the theme that all the South needs to make democracy a reality is leadership with personal courage and faith in the Southern people.

It is to be printed first in the Christian Century, I believe, either next month or the month after, and then will be picked up by the Digest for the issue following--February or March, that is. I do hope you-all will approve of it and think it helpful.

I shall never forget how wonderful you personally were to me, giving me so much of your time and with such an air of being entirely at my disposal. Harold Fleming and Anna Holden have been equally courteous and gracious as well as efficient. I shall always be grateful.

I'm now working on a book, and may have to call on you again for exact information in various fields of the problem.

A Merry Christmas and a happy New Year to you all--and may everybody you know send you a check for $100 in the new year.

Cordially,

Patty Boyle

Sarah Patton Boyle

MRS. ROGER BOYLE
BOX 1183 UNIV. STATION
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

$100.00

K.S.

SRC

December 16, 1952

Mrs. Sarah Patton Boyle
Box 1183, University Station
Charlottesville, Va.

Dear Mrs. Boyle:

Congratulations and many thanks!

It is fine that the article is going to come out and get such very wide circulation. I am sure it will do a whole lot of good.

And how extremely kind of you to send a check for a whole hundred dollars. It came when we were almost in despair at the end of the year, and helped enormously to get us through.

If we can help you in any way with more material, let us know.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

Mr. Carter

January 6, 1953

Mr. Frederick Jeffrey
Fox Run Lane
Greenwich, Conn.

Dear Friedel:

I don't know where in the world I have had a nicer time than in the visit to you. There in the beginning you handed my poor, suffering Council a whole $200, and then in ten munites here came Marianne and Francie, and then in five minutes we all went out to the fancy place and had a noble lunch.

Some gal from Stuttgart once upon a time taught me, as well as she could, the meaning of the word "stimmung." I never before knew a stimmung that lasted so long!

Here is the Council's proper receipt for that truly noble gift.

I went to see the Ford people, and feel encouraged that by February they will have made up their minds.

When is Francie's Vassar spring vacation? She must come down then if it can be worked at all. Marianne must come then or just whenever she will. Alice and I and my two high school girls are eagerly looking forward to their coming.

Alice's sister and a couple of rumbunctious boys will be down on Good Friday and the next day, so we should time Marianne and Frances for just after Easter or at any other time when the weather has opened up. February is a rough month in Atlanta weather, but from March 1 on it gets nice.

Devotedly,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:ec
Encl.

Contributors
Jeffrey

January 16, 1951

Mr. Friedel Jeffrey
Fox Run Lane
Greenwich, Connecticut

Dear Friedel:

What a very nice New Year's letter!

Our Council has been particularly broke, and that whole hundred dollars was an enormous help. We do thank you and Marianne greatly.

I expect to be in New York January 27, 28, and 29. You may pretty certainly expect a visit from me Sunday afternoon, the 28th. Then I can explore the new home.

We are all right, though we get deeper into the teen-age business every week.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:er

Dr. Mitchell: Norma says do you want to answer this, or shall she?
Beth

Fox Run Lane
Greenwich, Conn.

January 9, 1951

Dear George:

Hope Alice and you and the children had a fine Christmas and started a good New Year. We were so busy that we just didn't send out any Christmas cards at all and I suppose it was the same with you.

My mother still can't come here, but we haven't given up hope that the interpretation of the law will be changed.

Marianne and I like to think that you and the Southern Regional Conference will accomplish a great deal again in the New Year and we are enclosing a check.

100.00
NH

Give our very, very best to Alice and call us up again, George, when you are in New York next.

Very sincerely,

Friedel

Mr. George Mitchell
906 Lull Water Rd., N.E.
Atlanta 6, Georgia

JAN 15 1951
RECEIVED
Southern Regional Conf

Misc. 1953

January 19, 1953

Mr. Donald Comer
Avondale Mills
Birmingham, Ala.

Dear Mr. Comer:

On occasion, when we have had particular need, you have been so very kind as to send us a hundred dollars. We struggled through 1952 without asking for your kind assistance, but I expect some difficult days in this coming year. Do consider at some appropriate time whether you can come to our help again.

I send you, as some summary of most of last year's work, a report sent out as of October 1 to Board members.

I am all admiration for your good spirit in all these matters.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

August 20, 1951

Mr. Donald Comer
Avondale Mills
Birmingham, Ala.

Dear Mr. Comer:

Our Council is in a pretty tight spot in these August doldrums for enough money to keep alive on.

We have applied to the Ford Foundation for the funds that would give us a real program for some years to come, but we can't hear finally from that until late this fall. We know that they are inquiring about us pretty closely, and we feel therefore encouraged.

Last year you were so kind as to send us $100. If you could renew that again this year, we would be greatly aided.

With warm regards.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

August 30, 1951

Mr. Donald Comer
Avondale Mills
Birmingham, Ala.

Dear Mr. Comer:

Mighty kind indeed of you to send us straight on back that helpful check for $100.

I am grateful for the Council and grateful personally.

With warmest regards.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

Rack you should send a sure receipt
DM
Put
K.S.

FOUNDED IN 1897 BY GOVERNOR B. B. COMER

OFFICERS

DONALD COMER
CHAIRMAN OF BOARD
B. B. COMER, JR.
CHM. FINANCE COMMITTEE
HUGH COMER
PRESIDENT & TREASURER
J. CRAIG SMITH
EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT
W. A. TURNER
VICE PRESIDENT & GEN. SUPT.
J. E. WARREN
VICE PRESIDENT
A. F. MULLINS, JR.
VICE PRESIDENT & SECRETARY

AVONDALE MILLS

EST. AVONDALE 1897

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ALEXANDER CITY, ALA.
PELL CITY, ALA.
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STEVENSON, ALA.
LAFAYETTE, ALA.
SYLACAUGA, ALA.

GENERAL OFFICES:
SYLACAUGA, ALA.
ADDRESS ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO THE COMPANY

Birmingham, Alabama
August 28, 1951

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear George:

Your letter of August 20 and I am enclosing you my check for $100.00 to help out in the emergency.

With best wishes to you and your wife

Very sincerely

Donald Comer

RECEIVED
AUG 30 1951
Southern Regional Council

March 4, 1953

Dr. R. P. Grant
National Heart Institute
Bethesda, Maryland

Dear Dr. Grant:

How very kind of you to send us another generous contribution this year. We appreciate it very much and assure you that it has already been put to use.

Your new address has been noted and correction made.

Harold Fleming asks that I add his thanks and regards.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

RECEIVED
MAR 2 [redacted]
Southern Regional Council

This is to remind you that it is time to renew your membership in the SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL. According to our records your last payment of dues was on Dec. 1951 for the year 1952. We value you as a member and will appreciate your sending in your payment for the coming year as soon as possible.

Thank you for your cooperation.

K. Stoney
Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

We appreciated also your contribution

. . . . . .

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

I enclose dues payment as follows:

Single membership $3.00 _____
Husband-wife membership $4.00 _____
Sustaining membership $10.00 _____

NAME R. P. GRANT, MD
ADDRESS NATIONAL HEART INSTITUTE,
BETHESDA, MD

Please tear off this stub and enclose with your remittance.

$25.00

NOTE new address.

E.S.

December 17, 1951

Dr. Robert Grant
U. S. Public Health
Marine Hospital
Baltimore, Maryland

Dear Dr. Grant:

You are indeed kind to send the Council such a liberal gift. It is much appreciated and will be put to good use immediately. The Council is having a difficult time to keep going on voluntary contributions but has managed to pay its way so far this year. Your gift will help us to get through this month.

Our best wishes for a pleasant holiday season.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

March 24, 1953

Miss Tommie Dora Barker
908 Penn Avenue, NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Miss Barker:

This is to acknowledge for the Council your most generous contribution which we received yesterday, and to send the sincere thanks of the Council staff to you.

At a recent meeting of our Executive Committee the members, who have been most loyal, brought in some large gifts and we are feeling brighter about the future of the Council.

Thank you again for your interest and help.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

I enclose dues payment as follows:

Single membership $3.00 _____
Husband-wife membership $4.00 _____
Sustaining membership $10.00 _____

$25

NAME Toomonie Dora Barker

ADDRESS 908 Penn Ave NE Atlanta Ga

Please tear off this stub and enclose with your remittance.

RECEIVED
MAR 23
COUNCIL

March 18, 1952

Miss Tommie Dora Barker
908 Penn Avenue, NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Miss Barker:

How very kind of you to send the Council the check for twenty-five dollars! We are never rich but this month has been a lean one for us. Your gift helped a lot.

Our latest pamphlet, RACE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT has been selling well all over the South and should certainly have some effect on police practices.

Kindest regards.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta, 3 Georgia

RECEIVED
MAR 18 1952
Southern Regional Council

I enclose dues payment as follows:

Single membership	$ 3.00
Husband and wife membership	4.00
Sustaining membership	10.00

Check $25.00

NAME Tommie Dora Barker

ADDRESS 908 Penn Ave N.E.
Atlanta

Please tear off this stub and enclose with your remittance.

March 24, 1953

Mr. Harold Evans
1000 Provident Trust Building
Philadelphia, Penna.

Dear Mr. Evans:

Attached is the Council's formal acknowledgement of your generous contribution which you sent in response to an appeal from our president, Mr. M. A. Wright. I want also to add the sincere thanks of our staff and Executive Committee. At our meeting on last Saturday the members of this committee brought in a number of contributions, enough to meet the immediate emergency. Thank you for your part in this.

So that you may know of the Council and its work we will send you during the coming months our publication, NEW SOUTH.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

Comp
N South -

Dr. Paris T Long
Grace Bptst ch
8th Blvd, Rchmd

10.00

Card pent-
comp's.

Dr. Theodore Adams
Blvd & Grant Ave
Rchmd

$5.00

Mr. Harold Evans -
1000 Provident Trust Bldg
Philadelphia

$50.00
B.

16110
535
$ 67610

Will you please get my coat in the rest room

I'm shivering & shaking

March 24, 1953

Dr. Theodore F. Adams
First Baptist Church
Monument Avenue and The Boulevard
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Dr. Adams:

The Council sends sincer thanks to you for your generous response to our appeal for funds made by Dr. Hancock.

Our Executive Committee most gloriously came to our rescue at the meeting held on last Saturday and we are in much better financial condition than we have been for months. You had a share in this.

Our best wishes to you.

Sincerely,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

First Baptist Church

Monument Avenue and The Boulevard

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

THEODORE F. ADAMS
PASTOR
W. RICHARD BATES
ASSOCIATE PASTOR
MYRON C. MADDEN
ASSOCIATE PASTOR
WINIFRED TUMBLIN
ASSISTANT TO PASTOR

CHURCH STAFF
ROSALIE B. DIXON
D. PINCKNEY POWERS
ELIZABETH B. HOWELL
MARTHA T. BASS
MARJORIE TIMBERLAKE
MABEL N. BRIGGS

March 19, 1953

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Friends:

KS-

We are happy to enclose a check in the amount of $ 25.00 to help with the fine work that you are doing. Dr. Gordon Hancock was by this office this morning, telling me of the need for funds to help carry on your work.

May God bless yourwork now and always.

Sincerely yours,

Theodore F. Adams

TFA:sp

Enclosure

Misc. Foundation - Baptist

March 26, 1951

Rev. Theodore F. Adams, Pastor
First Baptist Church
Monument Avenue and The Boulevard
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Dr. Adams:

I do thank you for your kind letter of March 9.

There will be some way to get the Southern Baptist Convention to help us. Brimm and I are good friends, and we stay in touch right along. I agree that he has got a lot on his hands and that it is right to consolidate what he is doing rather than to ask the Social Service Commission to scatter its shots. Still, if you and Mr. Hancock will keep trying, somebody can help.

I commend to your interest a most able young Baptist minister whom I met the other day in Ruston, Louisiana. He is G. Avery Lee, pastor of the First Baptist Church there. Came out of a Texas seminary, and then Yale Divinity School. Ruston is no mammoth city, and ought to consider itself blessed that the Church puts in it so wise and useful a young man with his study lined with good books.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

First Baptist Church

Monument Avenue and The Boulevard

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

THEODORE F. ADAMS
PASTOR

W. RICHARD BATES
ASSOCIATE PASTOR

WINIFRED TUMBLIN
ASSISTANT TO PASTOR

CHURCH STAFF
ROSALIE B. DIXON
D. PINCKNEY POWERS
ELIZABETH B. HOWELL
MARTHA T. BASS
MARJORIE TIMBERLAKE

March 9, 1951

RECEIVED
MAR 14 1951
Southern Regional Council

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

My dear Friend:

Thank you for your good letter and for the interesting memoranda which you enclosed. The Southern Regional Council is doing a splendid work, of course, and I am happy that I had a very small part in helping to get it organized and underway some years ago. I have maintained my membership and interest and read the bulletin with care when it comes.

Dr. Hancock talked to our Baptist Pastors' Conference here about the Council a short time ago and that met with a very good response. I took the matter up with Hugh Brimm, of the Social Service Commission of our Convention. He tells me there is nothing they can do officially in a financial way, but I think it is well to cultivate his interest and that of others on his committee, regardless of any immediate financial return. I shall be glad to do what I can to help stimulate interest among Virginia and Southern Baptists in supporting the Council and its activities.

With all personal good wishes for yourself, I am,

Cordially yours,

T. F. Adams

TFA:mbt

Sent: Hickey memorandum

March 8, 1951

Dr. T. Garis Long
Grace Baptist Church
117 North Boulevard
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Dr. Long:

Mr. Gordon Hancock wrote me the other day that you and Dr. Adams had been so very kind as to undertake to see what could be done with people in the Southern Baptist Convention toward getting some help to our Council.

The Council is devoted to the view that the people of the South of both races are the best ones to untangle the problems of our region. We know, from years of working, that the resources and the statesmanship and the agreement are to be found. We have been helped steadily in past years by official grants from the Methodists, the Presbyterians, and the Episcopalians. Last year the American Friends Service Committee gave us $1,000. And for the last couple of years we have had important help from leading individual Catholics. This year the Northern Presbyterian Church made us a grant for the first time. And I have reason to feel encouraged that the Southern Presbyterians will help us substantially, too. So I do most cordially hope that, from this or that Board, the Southern Baptist Convention will be able to come to our aid.

We are reasonable and temperate -- so much so that we cannot get the funds that could be had for spectacular agitation.

Here is a recently done memorandum that lays out pretty well the Council's way of working.

We are in close association with the Department of Interracial Cooperation of the Virginia Council of Churches, as you know.

I know Dr. Hancock shares my gratitude for your kindness in meeting our cause.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er/Encl.

Dist: Hickey memorandum

March 7, 1951

Dr. Theodore Adams
First Baptist Church
Boulevard and Monument Avenue
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Dr. Adams:

Mr. Gordon Hancock wrote me that he had been in conversation with you about our Council's need for funds and that you had very kindly undertaken with Dr. Long to take the matter up with people in the Southern Baptist Convention.

The Council works at these matters in a spirit which the Southern Baptist Convention can approve, and I do greatly hope that you will be successful in talking with the people who can get the Baptist Church to put its due measure of support into the work.

We have had support annually for some time from the Methodist Church, and token support from the Southern Presbyterians and the Episcopalians. The American Friends Service Committee gave us $1,000 last year. We get quite important help from Catholic individuals. And this year we had a grant from the Northern Presbyterian Church which I think will continue. It is also the case that an occasional State Conference of the Northern Baptist Convention helps us.

You know that I will be glad to send you any amount of pamphlets and memoranda and budgets and audits, etc. If something of that kind will be helpful to you, let me know. Meanwhile, as a convenient summary of the Council's work, I send along a recent memorandum.

My warm personal regards.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er/Encl.

Misc. Fund Raising -
Baptist Church

March 6, 1951

Dr. Gordon Hancock
Virginia Union University
Richmond 20, Virginia

Dear Dr. Hancock:

Thank you for writing. We had two excellent meetings. The Executive Committee in the morning and the special committee on policy and foundation requests in the afternoon. We greatly missed you.

Paul will tell you that our money circumstances improved some. Still tough, but not frighteningly so. If we find about $7,000 more than we see for this year, we will live through the year about as is, and $15,000 instead of seven would see us through debt free. Meanwhile, we are trying our best to get a large sum from the Ford Foundation in order to put into each State in the South something very like what this Atlanta office has been for the whole South.

You encourage me a lot with the promises from Dr. Adams and Dr. Long. The Southern Baptist Convention ought to give us a goodly sum every year. We now get an annual grant from the Methodists, the Episcopalians, the Northern Presbyterians, and the Quakers. We get a tidy one from the Women's Division of the Southern Presbyterians, and I rather think this year we are going to get a better one from the whole Presbyterian Church. And also two Catholic dignitaries have been helping us generously in recent years.

Here are my letters to Dr. Adams and Dr. Long.

With cordial regards,

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:er

DEPT. OF ECONOMICS AND SOCIOLOGY
VIRGINIA UNION UNIVERSITY
DIAL 4-4131
RICHMOND 20, VIRGINIA

GORDON B. HANCOCK

RECEIVED
APR 5 1951
Southern Regional Council

March First 1951

Dr George Mitchell
63 Auburn Ave NE
Atlanta Georgia

My dear Dr Mitchell:

It looks as if I can not make the March meeting of the Executive Committee. This pains me no little but the pressure of many matters leaves me no choice in the matter. A recent trip to Birmingham for a lecture engagement took me away from my classes two days and of course you know the rest.

At long last I appeared before the white Baptist Ministers' Conference of Richmond and feel that my appearance was not without favorable consequences. Perhaps you may have heard from one or two who said they would send a donation. The hopeful thing was that Dr Theodore Adams and Dr Garis T Long leading pastors here said they were taking the matter up with the Southern Baptist Convention officials. This looks like a solid approach that will win some solid support. At any rate they know about what we are doing and all about our struggles by one who knows painfully well.

It would not be a bad idea to drop Dr Theodore Adams pastor First Baptist Church, Boulevard and Monument Avenue and Dr T Garis Long Pastor, Grace Baptist Church 117 North Boulevard and thank them in advance for their interest and intercessions in our behalf. We are erecting a social center at our church here at a cost of $80,000 and I am kept a little busy at present. We had $35,000 when we broke ground and maybe our load will not be too heavy.

Faithfully
Gordon B Hancock

March 25, 1953

Mr. L. Aronstam
257-263 Decatur Street,
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Aronstam:

This is to send you the Council's formal acknowledgement for your most generous contribution which Mr. Leonard Haas brought to us on Saturday, and to send also our sincere thanks.

Through the efforts of our loyal Executive Committee funds have been received to take care of our emergency and we are now assured of support for the balance of this year. Thank you for your part in making this possible.

Sincerely,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

The
SOUTHERN GF COMPANY INC.
STEEL BUILDING PRODUCTS

TELEPHONE CYPRESS 7223

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ATLANTA, GA.

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WIRE MESH
STEEL ROOF DECK
BAR JOISTS
BAR ACCESSORIES

DIAMOND MESH LATH
DIAMOND RIB LATH
CORNER BEAD
CORNERITE
CHANNELS
STEELTEX
PLASTER
BRICK VENEER
FLOOR
STUCCO

DAMPPROOFING
WATERPROOFINGS
CONCRETE FLOOR
HARDENERS
ASPHALT EXPANSION JOINT

March 17, 1953

Mr. Leonard Haas
Haas-Howell Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Leonard:

I am attaching a check for $100. for the Southern Regional Conference.

Sincerely,

L. ARONSTAM

LA:p
Attach.

March 25, 1953

Dr. Gordon B. Hancock
Box 6056
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Dr. Hancock:

This is to send you the Council's formal acknowledgement for your generous gift and to send also our thanks. You have already heard from Mr. Wright of the good meeting and the good news. We wish you could have been with us.

We have received contributions from all the people who promised you to send them and I have sent notes directly to them. We do appreciate your good work and their prompt response.

The Executive Committee decided to have an Annual Meeting of the Council in May and we hope that you can be with us at that time. Announcement of the dates will be sent out very soon.

Again our thanks and our best wishes.

Sincerely,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

March 27, 1953

Miss Lavinia Engle
2400 Forest Glen Road
Silver Spring, Maryland

Dear Miss Engle:

Thank you very much for following through on your pledge made at the Washington meeting last November and sending us the check for $25.00. You may be sure that it is as welcome now as at any time.

So that you may have a complete file, I am sending you under separate cover, copies of the issues of NEW SOUTH for this year. Your contribution entitles you to a subscription for at least a year.

Thank you again for remembering us.

Sincerely,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

Carl

Lavinia Engle

2400 Forest Glen Road, Silver Spring, Maryland

March 25th

RECEIVED
MAR 26
RECEIVED
Southern Regional Council

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn avenue
Atlanta
Georgia.

KS,

Enclosed is a check for twenty five dollars for the pledge made at the meeting held in George Stoney's home last winter. I did not have the address of the Council and this is therefore late in being forwarded. Fortunately the Stoneys have returned to Washington and I was able to get it.

Sincerely,

Lavinia Engle

May 12, 1953

Miss Rebecca Reid
29 E. Calhoun St.,
Sumter, S. C.

Dear Miss Reid:

Thank you very much for sending us the three dollar contribution from Lt. Scott Hamilton. We do know of him, in fact, Dr. Mitchell knows him quite well.

Since Lt. Hamilton has recently paid his dues to the Council, I believe he meant that this should be a contribution to the S. C. Division. I have, therefore, with Dr. Mitchell's consent, entered this three dollars on the books so that it will all come to the S. C. Division. It will be included in the check which comes to you at the end of this month.

Best wishes to you.

Sincerely youre,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks

Lt. Scott Hamilton Jr
Box 500 Shaw A.F.B.
Sumter
S.C.

$3.00
R.S.

From Little Rock Ark.
Marked with S.P.C there
Graduate Cornell U.

Christian Church
SCI

June 3, 1953

Mr. John Long
Southern Christian Institute
Edwards, Mississippi

Dear Mr. Long:

Will you please express to the congregation of the Christian Church at SCI our sincere appreciation for their gift of twenty five dollars which came in recently. You and the people at SRC have been most generous in your support of the Council through the years and this has been a source of great inspiration to us.

Our very best wishes to you and your congregation for the coming months.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

Please credit the
S. C. L. Church

John Long,
Pastor

$25.00

K.S.

June 5, 1953

Mr. A. G. Gaston
P.O. Box 2621
Birmingham, Alabama

Dear Mr. Gaston:

Thank you very much indeed for responding so promptly and so generously to Dr. Mitchell's letter. We do appreciate the way you have supported the Council.

The Council had its most enthusiastic and hopeful Annual Meeting for years on May 14th. We believe that we will be able to work more effectively during the coming year because of the interests shown at that meeting.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

Booker T Washington Insurance Co

SMITH & GASTON
Interest
P. O. Box 2621
BIRMINGHAM (2) ALA.

June 3, 1953

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

ATTENTION: Mr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director

Gentlemen:

In compliance with your request in your letter of May 27, 1953 you will find enclosed my check in the amount of $25.00 as a contribution to the Southern Regional Council.

18.

Yours very truly,

A. G. Gaston

AGG/f
Enc/chk. $25.00

RECEIVED
JUN 5
Southern Regional Council

ok

RECEIVED
JAN 28 1952
Southern Regional Council

from Martha W. Gerrard
329 Villanova Rd.
Oak Ridge, Tenn.

$25.00
R.S.

OK
1-28-52
✓
acknowledgment
Card sent
1-28/52 K.S.

September 26, 1951

Mrs. Harry M. Gershon
1590 Harvard Road, NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Gershon:

You are generous to send the Council another contribution this year and we do appreciate it. And how good Mr. Shulhafer is to get this money for us! I am happy to be able to tell you that several of our friends have come to our aid recently and that we are not nearly so poor as we were in August. I have had a glorious time paying up bills. But there are always more coming in so your gift is very welcome.

I hope you had a pleasant summer. And I shall look forward to seeing you again, perhaps at one of the meetings of which there are so many these days.

Our best wishes and sincere thanks to you.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Acting Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

August 28, 1953

Mr. J. S. Dudley
Mitchell, Capron, Marsh, Angulo & Cooney
20 Exchange Place
New York 5, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Dudley:

With some hesitancy, I am bold to remind you of your kind letter of June 19, which said that in August you would go over Hon. books and see whether circumstances would warrant a renewed giftie to our Council. We approach the end of the year in considerable need.

I will be sending you in a few days a new leaflet we have done on the courts and the schools. We hope that we can get it widely used in educating the South as to the issues coming up.

I visited Marion on his mountain top last week. Cows, geese, dogs, humming birds. Much grass and the fairest of views. Looked well and busy.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

MITCHELL, CAPRON, MARSH, ANGULO & COONEY

CITY BANK FARMERS TRUST BUILDING

20 EXCHANGE PLACE

NEW YORK 5, N. Y.

WILLIAM D. MITCHELL
C. ALEXANDER CAPRON
CLINTON C. SWAN
CHARLES ANGULO
JOHN B. MARSH
EDWIN W. COONEY
JAMES D. OUCHTERLONEY
L. RANDOLPH MASON
GORDON KNOX BELL
JOHN STUART DUDLEY
RICHARD J. TURK, JR.
EDWARD M. CAMERON, JR.
EDWARD E. WATTS, JR.
DAVID KELLY
ELMER J. HOARE
EARLE J. STARKEY
HARRY A. LEIGH
CARTER T. LOUTHAN
EDWARD L. HUNT, JR.

CABLE ADDRESS
"MELOPOEIA"

TEL. DIGBY 4-6182

RECEIVED
JUN 22

June 19, 1953

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear George:

I am going to try very hard to make another contribution to the Southern Regional Council in 1953 as requested in your letter of June 16th but just now the bank account sags. I will mark this matter ahead until August and will do my best to send you something then.

Meanwhile if you get to New York again, I will look forward to another luncheon down here with you.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

Stuart Dudley

J. S. Dudley

JSD:D

June 16, 1953

Mr. John S. Dudley
20 Exchange Place
New York, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Dudley:

Our Council, accustomed to hard times, has done rather better so far this year. The Ford Foundation gave us $20,000 to keep us going for 1953, and so far as we could learn, that gift is without prejudice to whatever may be decided by the Fund for the Republic (Ford Foundation subsidiary in our field) on our major application for enough money to enable us to put paid personnel in each of the Southern States for the next five years.

But they have given us strong intimations that whatever help may be forthcoming later is most likely to be geared to what we have been able to raise independently. I hesitate to ask whether you would care to make another contribution to the Council in 1953. Your former kindness and that mighty nice luncheon which I remember in full Wall Street ought really to be aid enough! But I bring up our name again.

I wait for you to come and settle as a Carolinian again.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:ec

September 1, 1953

Miss Ruth B. Hawes
3607 Seminary Avenue,
Richmond 27, Virginia

Dear Miss Hawes:

I have been away helping with a YWCA Conference which is why I am late sending the Council's "thank you" for your kind gift. We do appreciate your helping us so often and so generously.

The Council's finances have held up better than usual this summer and the staff members have been busy with various projects. Our special interest has been gathering information about schools and preparing material for discussion groups to use. We hope that there will be many groups who will talk about what conditions are and what needs to be done.

Our deepest thanks to you and Mrs. Hill for your part in making our work possible.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

February 27, 1953

Miss Ruth B. Hawes
c/o R. Lloyd Vouckx
Route 2, Box 120
Fort Pierce, Florida

Dear Miss Hawes:

You are indeed a most generous friend of the Council and one whom we all appreciate very much. Your gifts seem to come at the time when they are most needed.

Thank you very much indeed for the check for twenty dollars which we received today. It has already been put to use.

Dr. Mitchell is away today but will send you his own word of thanks, I am sure.

I hope that you are enjoying your stay in Florida.

With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

October 7, 1952

Miss Ruth Hawes
3607 Seminary Avenue
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Miss Hawes:

It would certainly be grand if the Council had a few more friends who were as generous as you are. You had already done a lot this year, and now comes another gift for forty-four dollars. We do thank you sincerely.

You have probably already heard from Dr. Mitchell about the good way in which our project on "Race and Law Enforcement" is going. All over the South, church women are going to see their sheriffs and being graciously received. Virginia women are doing their part.

With kind regards to yourself and Mrs. Hill.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

April 18, 1952

Miss Ruth B. Hawes
3607 Seminary Avenue,
Richmond 27, Virginia

Dear Miss Hawes:

You are indeed a most kind and generous friend to the Council. We are grateful for your check for twenty five dollars sent on April 15th. When it came we were "broke" as usual, but today we had word that we are to receive a rather handsome sum - enough to keep us going for several months - and so, as you can see you helped us over the "dark before the dawn". Our thanks to you.

Right now we are getting an extra lift in the form of some volunteer help. Alice Clifford, Dr. Mitchell's niece, whom I believe you know, is doing some work on our files. They certainly need it. She sends greetings to you.

Thanks to you and to Mrs. Hill for your thoughtfulness. Our best wishes to you.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

January 3, 1952

Miss Ruth B. Hawes
3607 Seminary Avenue,
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Miss Hawes:

It was certainly most generous of you to send the Council another contribution this year, and we do appreciate it. There are always expenses that must be met and your check helped us greatly toward closing the year with less debt than usual.

We all hope that during this coming year we shall have some really substantial support so that we can do a much better job. In the meantime, it is friends like yourself who keep us going.

Our best wishes for a good year in 1952 for you and yours.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

3607 Seminary Ave.
Richmond 27, Va.
Dec. 22, '51

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Sirs:

I am enclosing a check for $50.00 for the good work you are doing.

Sincerely,
(Miss) Ruth B. Hawes

RECEIVED
DEC 26 1951
Southern Regional Council

Misc Contribs. - Hawes

January 9, 1950

Miss Ruth B. Hawes
3607 Seminary Avenue
Richmond 22, Virginia

Dear Miss Hawes:

How very kind and thoughtful that was of you to send us your good check for one hundred and twenty-five dollars. In this, the time of the Council's greatest need, such a sum was doubly welcome.

We are so glad to enter you as a sustaining member of the Southern Regional Council. I am sending you attached some of our more recent things and several back issue os our monthly bulletin New South. In the future, you will receive all our new publications.

Thank you again for your generosity.

Sincerely yours,

Written for Mrs. Agnes McKoy,
Secretary-Treasurer

WGD

1-17-50
1-25-50 3.00
125.00

Dec. 0.5 '50
Contribution
Sustaining Member

3607 Seminary Ave.
Richmond 22, Va.
Jan. 5, 1950

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Sirs:

I am enclosing a check for $125.00 for the following purposes: $25. to cover dues as a sustaining member, $100. to help support the all-important work of the Council.

Sincerely yours,
Ruth B. Hawes

September 29, 1953

Mr. Richard P. Daniel
1100 Florida National Bank Bldg.
Jacksonville, Florida

Dear Mr. Daniel:

How very kind of you to send the Council the check for twenty five dollars! You did pay up last year at the time of the Florida annual meeting, so you are ahead which we appreciate very much.

Thank you also for sending in the membership for Mr. Johnson. I have sent him a receipt and the last issue of NEW SOUTH along with a brochure which gives information about the Council. We will send his copies, marked as you asked, each month.

We do appreciate your interest in the Council. And I was glad to have an opportunity to meet some of the Florida members last fall. I'll look forward to another such meeting.

Mrs. White has been doing some good work with the Methodist young people this summer.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

Coker

December 30, 1953

Mr. J. M. Dabbs
Route 1
Mayesville, S. C.

Dear Mr. Dabbs:

Thank you ever so much for sending on the check from Mrs. Coker. I have sent her an acknowledgement and note and the check was deposited on December 28th.

The finance picture for SRC looks better than it has for a long time - we believe that this year will be ended without any deficit and though next year looks uncertain, at least we will not have a lot of debts carried over.

Thank you for your good work on our behalf.

With all good wishes for 1954.

Sincerely,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

December 30, 1953

Mrs. David R. Coker
Hartsville, South Carolina

Dear Mrs. Coker:

On behalf of the Southern Regional Council I send sincere thanks for the gift of one hundred dollars which you sent us through Mr. Dabbs. The check was deposited on December 28th.

We do appreciate your continued interest in and support of the Council. We have had quite remarkable response from all over the country to our promotion of the QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS pamphlet and have already distributed more than 25,000 copies. Large lots have been bought and distributed by nearly every Protestant denomination and by civic and educational groups, YMCA and YWCA groups and others.

With all good wishes for 1954,

Sincerely,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

J. L. COKER & COMPANY

HARTSVILLE, S. C.

DATE	AMOUNT OF INVOICE	OVERCHARGE	FREIGHT	MDSE. RET'D	RATE OF DISCOUNT	AMOUNT OF DISCOUNT	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	AMOUNT DUE
12/19/53 Contribution								$100.00

ACCOUNT Est. D. R. Coker

DETACH THIS VOUCHER—DEPOSIT CHECK ONLY

HEREWITH FIND CHECK IN SETTLEMENT OF ITEMS NOTED ABOVE

Mayesville, S. C.
Dec. 23, 1953

Miss Katherine Stoney, Secretary Treasurer
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Ave., N. E. , Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Miss Stoney:

Here is a check for $100 from Mrs. David R. Coker, of Hartsville, S. C. Please send her a receipt. She requests that you cash the check immediately.

With holiday greetings, and with my kindest regards,

Sincerely,

J. M. Dabbs.

RECEIVED
DEC 28
Southern Regional Council

December 16, 1952

Mr. James L. Coker
Sonoco Products Co.
Hartsville, S. C.

Dear Mr. Coker:

We are extremely grateful for your kind and most helpful contribution which arrived the other day.

We've been having a hard time here at the end of the year, and particularly appreciate this generous assistance.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY, HARTSVILLE, S.C.

REMITTANCE STATEMENT

PLEASE DETACH BEFORE DEPOSITING CHECK

ITEMS PAID

VOUCHER NUMBER 19701

CHECK NUMBER N 22279

DATE	PARTICULARS In case of paying more than one voucher itemize here	AMOUNT	DEDUCTIONS FREIGHT	ALLOWANCE	DISCOUNT	TOTAL	NET AMOUNT
11/24/52	Contribution	100.00					100.00

RECEIVED
NOV 28 1952
Southern R

KS.

December 1, 1952

Mr. James L. Coker
Sonoco Products Co.
Hartsville, S. C.

Dear Mr. Coker:

The Council's finances were at a particularly low ebb when the Company's most kind check for a hundred dollars as a contribution to us came in the other day.

We are deeply grateful for this evidence of loyal interest in our work.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

Misc. Contributors - Coker

July 24, 1950

Mrs. David R. Coker
Hartsville, South Carolina

Dear Mrs. Coker:

I wanted to be sure that this good account of the influence of Race in the News reached you.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er
Encl.

Signed in Dr. Mitchell's absence

misc. contribs-
Coker

May 25, 1950

Mr. James L. Coker
Sonoco Products Co.
Hartsville, S. C.

Dear Mr. Coker:

I wanted to be sure that you had an early copy of the report of the survey of the Negro community at Greenville.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

Enclosure: 1

RECEIVED OCT 5 1956

WATCHTOWER

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

HOME OFFICE: 2206 DOWLING STREET - P. O. BOX 2097
HOUSTON, TEXAS

October 2, 1956

Dr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I am sending enclosed copy of letter addressed to Dr. G. P. A. Forde on September 27, 1956. The same letter has been sent to several of my personal friends in an effort to have them contribute to our worthy organization. When responses have been received from these individuals, I shall submit my report to your office.

Sincerely yours,

Chas. A. Shaw

Charles A. Shaw
President

CAS:gc

Enclosure: Copy of letter

September 27, 1956

Dr. G. P. A. Forde
618 Prairie Avenue
C Houston, Texas

Dear Dr. Forde:

Last year at this time you were kind enough to join me in making a contribution to the Southern Regional Council. This donation together with those of other White and Negro citizens residing in Southern States enabled this organization to do an effective job in publicizing, and to some extent counteracting the efforts of political demagogues, citizen councils, and hate provoking organi-
O zations to create an atmosphere of rioting, terror and blood shed.

Even though the Fund of the Republic has given grants to the Southern Regional Council during the past three years, such grants are made with the proviso that a certain percentage of the operational expense of the council be contributed by White and Negro citizens residing in the south.

As one of the Directors of the Southern Regional Council and a member of the Finance Committee, I have again been requested by
P Dr. Rufus Clement, President of Atlanta University and Dr. George Mitchell, Executive Director of the Southern Regional Council to solicit a donation of Ten Dollars ($10.00) or more from some of my friends in this area to assist in financing the program which is now underway. I shall appreciate having you join me again in this worthy cause. If so, please mail your check to me at P. O. Box 2097, Houston 1, Texas, and I will send it to the headquarters of the Southern Regional Council in Atlanta, Georgia immediately. Your cooperation in this effort will be greatly appreciated.

Y With every good wish, I am

Sincerely yours,

Charles A. Shaw, President

CAS:gc

P. S. All such contributions are deductible on your Income Tax Returns.

October 7, 1957

Harold:

The attached correspondence gives a record of the financial contributions which Mrs. Edwin (Florence) Haas has made to SRC in recent years.

M.F.

March 25, 1953

Mrs. Edwin Haas, Sr.
140 Waverly Way, NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Haas:

Once again the Council is grateful to you for helping us so generously. I realize how often you have done this each time I file away another record of contribution. We are ever grateful.

In case you have not heard, I want you to know that our Executive Committee brought in a good sum of money last Saturday morning and in addition we have promise of funds that we believe will see us through the rest of this year.

Our best wishes to you.

Sincerely,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
Encl.

March 25, 1953

Mr. Edwin Haas, Jr.
Haas-Howell Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Haas:

On behalf of the Council I want to send you our sincere thanks for your generous contribution which Mr. Leonard Haas brought us on Saturday. As you probably know, our immediate emergency was met and we are hopeful that our support is assured for this year at least.

We are ever appreciative of the kind support which your family has given to the Council through the years.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

December 23, 1952

Mr. Leonard Haas
Haas-Howell Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Haas:

How very kind of you to help make the appointment for Dr. Mitchell to see Miss Straus and then to send the money for his expenses. That was the best possible present for which we do all send our sincere thanks.

Our best wishes to you for a happy holiday and a good year in 1953.

Sincerely yours,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

LAW OFFICES
HAAS, HURT & PEEK
HAAS-HOWELL BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GA.

LEONARD HAAS
CHARLES D. HURT
J. CORBETT PEEK, JR.
GEORGE A. HAAS

WM. WALLACE LYONS (1922-1946)

1192

December 22, 1952

RECEIVED
DEC 23 1952
Council

Dr. George S. Mitchell,
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432, 63 Auburn Ave. N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear George:

The enclosed check of $100.00 is sent to you for the purpose of paying some part of the expenses of your New York trip. The Council surely is able to pay the balance of your expenses, and you ought not to pay them out of your own pocket.

I am in hopes that you will bring back with you - perhaps not the Bacon - but at least some good news.

With the compliments of the Season, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Leonard

Leonard Haas.

LH:LPM

ENC.

April 29, 1952

Mrs. Edwin Haas
140 Waverly Way, NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Haas:

I want to express the sincere thanks of the Council for your generous check which we received yesterday. With your gift and some one or two others which came this month, we are now happily out of the "critical" state for awhile. It is a good feeling and we are grateful.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely,

Katherine Stoney,
Secretary-Treasurer

ks
encl.

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, NE
Atlanta 3, Georgia

check for $100.00

I enclose ~~dues payment as follows:~~

Single membership $3.00 _____
Husband-wife membership
$4.00 _____
Sustaining membership $10.00 _____

K.S.

NAME Mrs. Edwin Haas (Florence Haas)

ADDRESS 140 Waverly Way, N.E.
Atlanta, Ga

Please tear off this ~~stub~~ and enclose with your remittance.

RECEIVED
Southern Regional Council

MEMORANDUM April 28, 1965

To: Members of the Development Committee

From: Josephine Wilkins

Re: DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE.

DIRECTIVES -- The resolution creating the Development Committee, as adopted by the Executive Committee of SRC, states that it shall be a subcommittee "to assist the staff with fund-raising activities."

In the letter appointing us as members of this committee, Dr. Wheeler called particular attention to the need for enlarging SRC's source of southern support. The Committee, he said, "will not be expected to conduct fund drives" but "to advise the staff on opportunities that may exist in southern foundations, businesses, or other sources and to help as it can engage their interest." Beyond this, he continued, the Committee "will in consultation among its members define its own services and supply its own ideas." He further said that in creating this committee, the Executive Committee intended that its "primary concern should be for SRC" but hoped that the Committee would "also be alert to the needs of the state Councils on Human Relations."

Dr. Dunbar, in his memorandum to us prior to our organizational meeting, stated that the Committee "is not called into being for an emergency." Its contribution, he said, will be "to broaden and deepen our support" in the years ahead. He too urged concern for the Council on Human Relations movement as well as SRC. And he said, "You are named the Development Committee: it is everyone's hope that you will exercise a continuing interest in and inquiry into the ways by which a stronger SRC and stronger state Councils could serve the region and our ideals with stronger program."

REPORT AND COMMENT -- You will recall that we have had two meetings, the organizational one held on last September 29 and the other held during the Annual Meeting of SRC in November.

In these two meetings various ideas have been advanced as to ways for approaching the assignment we have accepted. One proposal developed in some detail was presented by Dr. Dreger at our last meeting, and was reproduced and mailed out to committee members by the office afterwards, asking their comment. The proposal, as you will recall, was directed toward the goal of getting a broad financial base of small contributors under SRC, and was built around the engaging of a professional fund-raising organization and the

holding of southwide annual drives, conducted jointly by SRC and the state Councils, the funds so raised to be prorated. The office received two replies, one from Dave Scull and the other from Mr. Dabbs, both of whom raised some question as to the wisdom of employing a fund-raising concern, and Mr. Scull also questioned so widespread an attempt toward coordinated fund-raising. Dr. Dreger's broad approach to our assignment as indicated in this paper is stimulating and in itself holds values for which surely all of us, certainly I, are grateful to him.

The promotional leaflet for use in fund-raising that we requested at our first meeting was completed and mailed out to committee members early this year, and according to the office a number of you have since requested additional supply.

I would now like to lay before you for your consideration what seems to me should be our present course of action, and to precede it with brief comment, which of course could be enlarged upon when we are together.

As we all know the South is now caught up in one of the great moments of history. In view of the on-rush of opportunities continually confronting SRC to be a guiding factor in the unfolding events, it seems to me vital that the organization continue to be funded for the time being with as little diversion of its energy from program as possible.

To obviate this it becomes ever clearer that the launching of any broad-gaged effort toward widespread support from the South should await a set-up at the office for handling it and professional fund-raising service.

In regard to such professional service, it would seem to me far better for SRC to bring onto its staff a full-time person, one thoroughly conversant with the South, than to enter into contract with a fund-raising concern. Such a person on the staff would have the opportunity to come to know the organization well, and would be able to cultivate and build as he went along, without campaign pressure. As you may know, such groups as the Friends Service Committee and the YWCA have found this to be more satisfactory.

At our prior meetings there has been some discussion of SRC and the state Councils on Human Relations undertaking to coordinate the raising of funds in the South, and the prorating of them. I know from the experience of other organizations the pitfalls of this, and even the thought of our undertaking it is to me frightening.

Instead I would hope we would continue the policy of raising funds separately, but that in the South we would do so, in full

cooperation, under certain established guide-lines, such as: (1) The solicitation of funds for SRC and for its grants to state Councils would be limited to those foundations, businesses, and other sources, that are more likely to be interested in an undertaking with southwide reach than statewide reach alone; and (2) The state Councils would draw support from the dues and donations of members, grants from SRC, and from the solicitation of funds from those foundations, businesses, and other sources, that are likely to be more responsive to an undertaking in their own state than to a southwide one. Should such guide-lines be agreed upon, the possibilities for effective cooperation are of course large.

For instance, with adequate professional staffing SRC could prepare promotional material designed for use by both SRC and the state Councils, other material that could be adapted by each Council for use in its own state, and could allot time to assist each Council in making its fund-raising plans.

With the foregoing things in mind let me make the following proposals and ask your consideration of them.

PROPOSALS FOR ACTION NOW -

I. That we jointly recommend to the Executive Committee of SRC (1) that steps be taken as soon as deemed appropriate to engage a full-time staff person with sound experience in fund-raising, to serve with the assistance of the Development Committee and under the general supervision of the Executive Director; and (2) that the launching of any broadly based fund-raising effort in the South await this staffing.

II. That we each (1) undertake personally to interest several sources of potential support in the SRC and the Council movement, doing so with the aim of securing one or more substantial donations; (2) send to the office a list of those we plan to see; and (3) file with the office a report on the outcome, so as to begin building now a file on the South.

III. That as time permits we each prepare and send to the office, together with pertinent helpful data, another list culled from our own state and consisting of foundations, businesses, other organizations, and individuals, that SRC could, even now, begin cultivating for possible future donations and bequests to SRC and the Council movement.

IV. That we each arrange at an early and convenient date to confer with the director and the finance committee chairman of the Council on Human Relations in our state (or, in the case of Texas, of the Houston Council), in order to learn that Council's needs, unless we are already familiar with them.

V. That we jointly also recommend to the Executive Committee of SRC that the policy be adopted of appointing the members of this subcommittee annually, subject to reappointment, at its meeting just prior to the Annual Meeting; and of having the members of the subcommittee chose their chairman from among their number.

- : -

Misc. Contribs. -
Hirsch

See Misc. Bequests!

Mr. Louis Hirsch, Louisville, Ky -
Contrib. of $25.00, Mar. 1950 -
Has been asked for
larger contribution.

~~SRC Fund Raising (Byrd)~~
Straus

March 30, 1949

Mr. Harry Straus, President
Ecusa Paper Company
Brevard, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Straus:

On behalf of the Southern Regional Council, you will shortly be receiving a letter from Mr. C. C. Spaulding of Durham.

You will be interested to read this fine article about Mr. Spaulding which, in shortened form, the March Reader's Digest also carried.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t
enclosure

(cf. SRC: Fund-Raising, NC)

Fund Raising - Straus

October 19, 1950

Miss Isabella Palais
Ecusta Paper Company
Pisgah Forest, North Carolina

Dear Miss Palais:

I am mighty sorry that Mr. Straus is still not at his desk.

I will trust you to let me know, then, when it will be permissible for me to see him.

I enjoyed my tiny visit with you. If you come to Atlanta, please let me know.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

P.S. The Crosley has given way to a Hillman Minx. Greeny-blue. An Alabama friend calls it a baby Cadillac.

GSM:er

HARRY H. STRAUS
PISGAH FOREST
NORTH CAROLINA

October 9, 1950

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

I showed your letter of October 4th to Mr. Straus, and he asked me to tell you that, unfortunately, he is not in a position to see anyone at the present time.

Rest assured that I have you in mind and that, just as soon as a meeting can be arranged, you will hear from me.

With kind regards, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Isabella Palais
Secretary to Mr. Straus

I. Palais
MT

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

October 4, 1950

Miss Isabella Palais
Ecusta Paper Company
P. O. Box 200
Pisgah Forest, North Carolina

Dear Miss Palais:

I am planning a North Carolina trip for the week beginning October 9.

Is it possible that I could see Mr. Straus on one of the days of that week?

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Straus

August 9, 1950

Miss Isabella Palais
Ecusta Paper Company
P. O. Box 200
Pisgah Forest, North Carolina

Dear Miss Palais:

The last time I called, there was hope that Mr. Straus might be available just after the end of July.

I am most anxious to talk with him, and do hope there can be an early opportunity.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Straus, Harry

July 20, 1950

Mr. Harry Straus
Pisgah Forest, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Straus:

We are greatly pleased with this fine account in the Herald Tribune of the effect of Race in the News.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er
Encl.

Straus

June 20, 1950

Dr. Howard W. Odum
Institute for Research
in Social Science
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Dr. Odum:

Kind of you to write about Mr. Straus.

I was in Asheville a couple of days ago and talked with Mr. Straus's secretary. It was an inappropriate time to see him, as he had just suffered the loss of a new infant granddaughter.

I am promised an opportunity to talk with him within some fairly brief time.

We ought to ask him for some quite considerable sum. We will depend upon you and Gordon Lovejoy in the whole matter.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:er

INSTITUTE FOR RESEARCH IN SOCIAL SCIENCE
THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA
CHAPEL HILL

RECEIVED
MAY 24 1950
Southern Regional Council

May 22, 1950

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear George:

Thank you for your letter about Mr. Straus. I had written Lovejoy to see if he would check on this prospective gift. I believe Lovejoy will push the request. The trouble with most of our men of wealth is that sometimes they change their focus often.

Cordially yours,

HOWARD W. ODUM

HWO:eh

Straus

May 24, 1950

Mr. Harry Straus
Pisgah Forest
North Carolina

Dear Mr. Straus:

Here is first fruits of our Home Town Self-Survey work.

The facts the Greenville citizens found are of importance. What is more important by far is the new quality of understanding of each other that working together produced.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Straus

May 19, 1950

Mr. Paul D. Williams
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Paul:

I talked to Gordon Lovejoy about Straus and then I called Straus's office to try to make a date to go see him this week end. He's sick in the bed and the doctors won't let him see anybody for two or three weeks. This seems to be a straight account. His secretary undertook to write me later on. In any case, I will try to see him when he's up.

I am notifying Odum that Straus is sick.

All still looks favorable.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:er

Straus

May 19, 1950

Dr. Howard W. Odum
Dept. of Sociology
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Dr. Odum:

I know you have been concerned about some way for us to be helped by Mr. Harry Straus.

After a conversation by phone with Gordon Lovejoy, I called Mr. Straus's office this morning and tried to arrange an appointment for me to see him.

His secretary said Mr. Straus had been ill in the latter part of his vacation and was put to bed shortly after he came home and is not allowed to see anyone at all for two or three weeks. I don't think it was a runaround; I have dealt helpfully with the same secretary before.

I notified Lovejoy of this development; I thought you would wish to know it too.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:er

Strauss

May 8, 1950

Mr. Harry Straus
Pisgah Forest
North Carolina

Dear Mr. Straus:

I know you will rejoice with us in this fine story about the Southern Regional Council.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Encl.

Straus

May 4, 1950

Mr. George M. Stephens
The Stephens Press
48 Walnut Street
Asheville, North Carolina

Dear George:

I have been meaning for some time to write you in praise of the printing job and the success of The Changing South in Print: you remember the little yellow leaflet with the cuts of our pamphlets.

We have gotten nearly all of them out now. It has long since paid for the printing cost and brings us now ten or fifteen dollars of gravy a week. I am truly grateful for the brains and care that you and your staff put into getting it out.

We had an emergency meeting of the Board on Saturday, April 22. The various states pledged somewhere around $12,000, and other good-sized sums that Paul Williams turned up brought a prospective total of $15,500, which should be in hand by June 1. That left only $8,000 more to go to carry us through the year debt-free, and I suppose we can get that. Guy Johnson, on behalf of North Carolina, undertook to find about $2,000 in that good state.

The Board asked the Executive Committee to meet again in early June and decide what should be done after June 15. If the pledges have come in, I am satisfied that the show will keep going. And the whole spirit of the Board meeting was that it had to be an even better show in future.

We are very proud of this grand story from the Herald-Tribune.

Gordon Lovejoy (ex-UNC and now University of Miami Professor of Human Relations) has put us in touch with Harry Straus, and Dr. Odum is planning an approach there for us, too. I know Mr. Straus (whom I met briefly) knows about us. If you have any natural opportunity to help our cause with him, I would be grateful. I rather expect to be coming up that way to see him when he gets back from California shortly.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er/Encl.

Straus

April 7, 1950

Professor Gordon W. Lovejoy
University of Miami
Coral Gables (University Branch)
Florida

Dear Gordon:

When I telephoned up yonder to Pisgah Forest, Mr. Straus's secretary told me that Mr. Straus would get back about May 1.

Add that info to yours.

Do let's get to see him.

Many thanks for your letter of April 4. That sounds fine.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/sr

Dictated April 6; signed in his absence

THE UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI

CORAL GABLES (UNIVERSITY BRANCH), FLORIDA
P. O. Box 51

RECEIVED
APR 6 1950
Southern Regional Council

April 4th, 1950

Dr. George S. Mitchell,
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear George:

I have been in touch with Mr. Straus recently and I hope that as soon as he returns from the West coast we will be able to meet with him. The prospects for some financial help appear to be good, but I haven't the faintest idea whether it will be much or little. Dr. Odum and I hope to meet with him shortly after his return and perhaps we can fit in the meeting at that same time.

Sincerely yours,

Gordon

Gordon W. Lovejoy
Prof. of Human Relations

GWL/ejg

Straus

March 23, 1950

Mr. Gordon W. Lovejoy
The University of Miami
Coral Gables, Florida

Dear Gordon:

Many thanks for the dope on Mr. Straus. I got desperate last week and called his office to find out if it would be all right for me to come by to see him on a trip to Charlotte. He was even then packing for his vacation, but it was indicated that I could show up after he got back about May 1st. His secretary said Mrs. Straus was fine and was going with him.

Do let's arrange an occasion when the two of us can see him.

My Executive Committee meets March 31 for serious decisions.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

THE UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI

CORAL GABLES (UNIVERSITY BRANCH), FLORIDA

P. O. Box 51

March 21, 1950

RECEIVED
MAR 23 1950
Southern Regional Council

Dr. George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear George:

After much chasing I have learned that Mr. Straus has taken his wife for a six-weeks trip to Palm Springs. She has been very ill and I am sure this trip is designed to improve her morale.

I am afraid there isn't much we can do about him until after his return.

Sincerely yours,

Gordon

Gordon W. Lovejoy
Prof. of Human Relations

GWL/ejg

Fund Raising - Straus

May 9, 1951

Mr. Harry Straus, Jr.
55 Forest Road
Biltmore P. O.
Asheville, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Straus:

For nearly a year before your father died our Southern Regional Council had been among those who corresponded with him about financial help.

He was kind enough to let me come to the airport in Atlanta to see him during a brief stop-over. A few days later, when I sent him materials about the Council, he most courteously asked me to arrange to come up to Asheville and talk with him further. Just before that could be worked out, Mrs. Straus' illness took him out to the West Coast. And thereafter, as you know, his own illness limited his outside engagements most sharply. Nevertheless, Miss Palais wrote me in February that he regretted the long delay in my getting to see him and hoped that he could work it out in March.

Somewhere in his papers there is a thickish file about our Council and what it does.

May I ask for your great kindness in letting me bring the matter up to you? We had no very large sum in mind, and I am pretty sure your father liked what he learned about the Council.

Sincerely,

GSM:er

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

May 9, 1951

Mr. George M. Stephens
The Stephens Press
48 Walnut Street
Asheville, North Carolina

Dear George:

My thanks for Mr. Straus' address. I have written him as enclosed. If you hear of any leads I know you will let me know.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

5/2/51 - Thanked - Said Jim out of town
~BR

The STEPHENS PRESS
GEORGE MYERS STEPHENS
48 WALNUT STREET
ASHEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

April 30, 1951

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear George:

Sorry to miss you on your recent flying visit to my office. The address of Harry Straus, Jr. is 55 Forest Road, Biltmore P.O., Asheville, for the residence, and Ecusta Paper Corporation, Pisgah Forest, for the office. I don't have an especially good contact with him, so will not offer to help. In fact something went haywire with a Christmas card order last December which might make me a liability in helping you. I can't think of an Asheville person familiar with the Regional Council's work who might also be close to young Harry. If you see some kind of local approach necessary, however, let me know and I'll do some asking.

Good luck with your work.

Cordially,

George M. Stephens

George M. Stephens

GMS/j

RECEIVED
MAY 2 1951
Southern Regional Counc

THE WRIGHTS
"TOPKNOT"
LINVILLE FALLS, N. C.

23 April 1951

Dr. George S. Mitchell, Secretary
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear George:

This letter will give you information which you probably already have; however, I am writing out of an abundance of caution.

I believe that you were trying for some months to secure a contribution from a Mr. Strauss in Asheville, the head of the Ecusta Mills, your efforts having been interrupted by his death. It has recently come to my knowledge that he left a considerable fund in trust to be administered by his son within the latter's discretion.

Upon the slim prospect that you may not know of this situation, I am passing the information on to you. It has occurred to me that if the secretary of the deceased gentleman knew of his benevolent intentions toward SRC, she might be of some help in persuading the son to follow thru on his father's plans.

With best wishes, I am,

Yours sincerely,

M. A. W.

MAW:L

M. A. Wright

RECEIVED
APR 24 1951
Southern Regional Council

April 25, '51

Dear Marion,

Thanks for the letter about Mr. Straus' son. I had nibbled about for information, but when your letter came I called George Stephens, in Asheville, to get the son's name and proper address. As soon as it comes in I'll write him, remind him of the long negotitations with his father, and ask for an interview. Let's be hopeful.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

Fund Raising - Harry Straus

March 9, 1951

Miss Isabella Palais
Ecusta Paper Company
Pisgah Forest, North Carolina

Dear Miss Palais:

I am personally deeply sorry to hear of Mr. Straus' death.

What happens now to you?

Sincerely,

Ides - Straus

February 16, 1951

Miss Isabella Palais
Ecusta Paper Company
Pisgah Forest, North Carolina

Dear Miss Palais:

J'attend!

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

HARRY H. STRAUS
PISGAH FOREST
NORTH CAROLINA

RECEIVED
FEB 16 1951
Southern Regional Council

February 15, 1951
(Dict. 2/13)

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

I showed your letter of February 9th to Mr. Straus, and I am giving you verbatim his comment:

"It's a shame I have to put this gentleman off."

I am awfully sorry, but I simply cannot give you any encouragement as far as an interview in February is concerned.

I am happy to say that Mr. Straus is greatly improved; however, his working hours per day are restricted. You will just have to be patient with us; but I assure you that, at the very first opportunity, you will hear from us.

With kindest regards, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Isabella Palais
Secretary to Mr. Straus

I. Palais
MT

February 9, 1951

Miss Isabella Palais
Ecusta Paper Company
Pisgah Forest, North Carolina

Dear Miss Palais:

I recall the possibility that Mr. Straus would be available for an interview in February.

I am free from the 14th to the 17th and from the 23rd to March 2, with the exception of Monday February 26.

I do hope that Mr. Straus is will again.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Signed in Dr. Mitchell's absence

THE ASHEVILLE TIMES

Asheville, North Carolina | Wednesday, February 13, 1952 | Section Two

Straus Estate Appraised At $6,385,239

Stocks And Bonds Comprise Major Part Of Wealth

The estate of industrialist Harry H. Straus, who died here February 27, 1951, is valued at $6,385,239.28, according to an inventory filed with the clerk of Buncombe County Superior Court.

Straus was founder of the Ecusta Paper Corporation at Pisgah Forest and was sold by him to Olin Industries in 1950.

The estate, according to the inventory, consisted of $155,321.57 in cash and bank accounts, $2,705,963.44 in stocks, $3,305,313.96 in bonds, $113,462.47 in notes, $80,000 in real estate and an estimated $27,186.84 in German properties and assets.

Largest Filed In Years

The inventory was filed by the Wachovia Bank and Trust Company and Straus' two children — Mrs. Louise Straus King and Harry H. Straus Jr. — as co-executors of the estate. It was the largest estate inventory filed here in recent years.

The cash and bank balances included $23,000.27 refund from overpayment of Federal income tax and $12,500 as Straus' February, 1951 salary from Ecusta Paper Corporation. When Ecusta was sold to Olin Industries, Straus remained as administrative head at an annual salary of $150,000.

The inventory of stocks held by Straus included 2,500 shares of Olin Industries stock at $217,500.

Other Stock Valuations

Other stocks listed in the estate inventory included: 500 shares of Wachovia Bank and Trust Company,, $42,750; 1,200 shares Westinghouse Electric Corporation, $45,000; 1,500 shares United States Plywood Corporation, $56,062.50; 1,000 shares of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation, $56,750; 1,500 shares of United Gas Corporation, $33,281.25; 1,100 shares of Texas Pacific Coal and Oil Company, $40,425; 1,000 shares of Southern Pacific Company, $68,321.50; 2,000 shares of Socony-Vacuum Oil Company, $55,375; 500 shares of Sherwin-Williams Company, $34,000; 1,750 shares of Philip Morris & Company, $94,828.13; 400 shares of Peoples Gas, Light and Fuel Company, $50,100; 2,000 shares of Pennsylvania Power and Light Company, $53,875; 1,000 shares of Pabst Brewing Company, $23,500; 800 shares of J. C. Penney Company, $56,150; 1,000 shares of National Lead Company, $70,937.50; 1,500 shares of National Biscuit Company, $52,218; 635 shares of Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, $46,718.75; 1,000 shares of Marshall Field and Company, $35,000; 1,500 shares of Johns Manville Corporation, $82,781; 500 shares of Humble Oil and Refining Company, $60,750; 1,000 shares of E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company, $89,125; 700 shares of American Cyanamid Company, $59,412.50; 2,000 shares of American Viscose Corporation, $125,750; 500 shares of Champion Paper and Fibre Company, $28,187.50; 1,070 shares of Dow Chemical Company, $93,187.88; 800 shares of Deere and Company Bethlehem Steel Corporation, $82,875; and 400 shares of American Telephone and Telegraph Company. $62,425.

$3,305,313.96 In Bonds

Bonds valued at $3,305,313.96 included $36,750 in U. S. Treasury, $862.817 in State of North Carolina and $1,728,245 in bonds issued by various North Carolina counties and municipalities. These included bonds of the counties of Alamance, Cabarrus, Catawba, Durham, Forsyth, Iredell, Mecklenburg, Rockingham and Robeson, and municipalities of Charlotte, Brevard, Winston-Salem, Goldsboro and Greensboro. Also included were bonds of the states of Ohio, $160,454; New York, $153,641; Illinois, $31,461, and Michigan, $102,600.

The real estate consisted of his home at 407 Vanderbilt Road, Biltmore Forest, $67,500; and property in Pisgah Forest, $12,500.

MARION A. WRIGHT, LINVILLE FALLS
PRESIDENT
CARTER WESLEY, HOUSTON
VICE-PRESIDENT
GORDON B. HANCOCK, RICHMOND
VICE-PRESIDENT
ALFRED MYNDERS, CHATTANOOGA
VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, NEW ORLEANS
VICE-PRESIDENT
GEORGE S. MITCHELL
EXECUTIVE-DIRECTOR
KATHERINE STONEY
SECRETARY-TREASURER
HAROLD C. FLEMING
DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MRS. M. E. TILLY
IN CHARGE OF WOMEN'S WORK

Straus

Southern Regional Council, Inc.

ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AVENUE, N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

In Re Straus

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
"TOP KNOT"
LINVILLE FALLS, NORTH CAROLINA

RECEIVED
SEP 16 1952
Southern Regional Council

September 13, 1952

Dear George:

I recently sent you the Chester Davis article from the Winston-Salem Journal. Little did I realize that Chester S. Davis of Winston-Salem is a son of Chester C. Davis of the Ford Foundation. The enclosed clipping from the Journal reveals that interesting fact.

Also in the answer to the third question which appears in the interview between father and son, the purposes of the Foundation are stated in terms sufficiently broad to give us some encouragement.

In view of this interesting development it seems to me that it would be a highly diplomatic thing for us to reprint in whole or in part the article I recently sent you with some fairly complimentary comment about the article and the author. I am assuming that Chester C. Davis may be a party to the decision affecting our application. It would not seem to hurt our chances to have it affirmatively appear that SRC is availing itself of the talents of his son. Of course, if your conclusion is that, upon its merits, the article is not worthy of reproduction then the idea may be dismissed from your mind. I wanted you to get the larger possibilities to be found in giving the Davis article some place in our columns.

Somuch for that.

Well, I spent a night and a day in Asheville pursuing Mr. Harry Straus. I will come to the point at once and say that I got no cash but I have entire confidence that later we will do so.

After a briefing session with Mr. Don Shoemaker of the Citizen in the afternoon, I called Miss Palais at her home in the evening to ask about the possibility of an engagement with Mr. Straus the next day. Miss Palais' advice was that I phone him at his home, it then being about 9 P.M. He was most courteous in the telephone conversation, said that he left early in the morning for the mill at Brevard some 35 miles away and that he would

be glad to see me there at 9 o'clock a.m. if convenient to me.

You may be sure that I was there on the minute and talked to him without interuption for 45 minutes. I know that he had other visiters waiting. I am sure that he was interested and sympathetic and that he goes along with us as a matter of inner conviction and not as an act of grace.

He told me that the foundation was somewhat strapped for funds following his father's death but that he and his sister were trying to put it into more liquid shape.

In a general way he was familiar with the work of the Council, was impressed by the Odum, Guy Johnson and Frank Graham influence and would like to be of help. He would keep us in mind and, meanwhile, if I was in Asheville again in two or three months, make an appointment to go out to his house at night taking all of the exhibits with me so that we might devote an entire evening to the discussion.

I don't think that he was merely being nice. My arguments pointing up the need for enlarging the scope of the Council's work seemed to meet with favor; he even added ideas of his own.

You may be sure that I will rest my feet upon his hearth some winter evening when we may devote an hour or so to the matter in hand. Ultimately, I feel that we will accomplish something in that quarter.

For whatever it may be worth, I will pass on to you my impression that the point with which Mr. Straus seemed most heartily to concur was that the South needed some organ or agency which would be the antithesis of the Ku Klux Klan and the demagogues.

In order that I may send Mr. Shoemaker a copy, I am writing you separately about a matter which he mentioned to me.

Best wishes.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. W.

MAW/raj

MARION A. WRIGHT, LINVILLE FALLS
PRESIDENT
CARTER WESLEY, HOUSTON
VICE-PRESIDENT
GORDON B. HANCOCK, RICHMOND
VICE-PRESIDENT
ALFRED MYNDERS, CHATTANOOGA
VICE-PRESIDENT
ALBERT W. DENT, NEW ORLEANS
VICE-PRESIDENT
GEORGE S. MITCHELL
EXECUTIVE-DIRECTOR
KATHERINE STONEY
SECRETARY-TREASURER
HAROLD C. FLEMING
DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MRS. M. E. TILLY
IN CHARGE OF WOMEN'S WORK

Strauss

Southern Regional Council, Inc.

ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AVENUE, N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

RECEIVED
MAR 13 1952
Southern Regional Council

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
"TOP KNOT"
LINVILLE FALLS, NORTH CAROLINA

March 11,1952.

Mr. George Mitchell,
Southern Regional Council,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear George:

I am just getting around to answering your two letters of February 27 and to assuring you that the matters referred to me are having attention. I enclose the bad news from Mr. Straus together with copy of my reply. I am making a note to take this matter up with him again the first of November but meanwhile indulge the feeble hope that he may do a little bit for us in the interim.

The other Asheville prospect will receive a visit from me within the next few days. I do not have his name as this is written but I am informed that Mr. Stevens can be of considerable help in the case. I shall, of course, call on Mr. Stevens before seeing the prospect.

I thought that the meeting of the executive committee was in every way encouraging.

Keep your chin up and I will do the same with both of mine.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. W.

M. A. Wright

MAW/raj

MARTHA WASHINGTON STRAUS - HARRY H. STRAUS
FOUNDATION, INC.
407 VANDERBILT ROAD
BILTMORE, NORTH CAROLINA

PLEASE NOTE NEW ADDRESS
ROOM 508
44 PATTON AVENUE
ASHEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

Return to
M. A. W.

March 7, 1952
(Dict.2/27)

Mr. M. A. Wright,
Linville Falls,
North Carolina.

Dear Mr. Wright:

I want to acknowledge with thanks your letter of February 21.

While I have noted from correspondence that dad was interested in the work of the Southern Regional Council, however, at the present time, our commitments are pretty well made up for 1952 and it is difficult, at the moment, to foretell what we can do outside of these definite commitments.

In view of the fact that we will not be in a position, until the latter part of November or early December, to get a more concrete opinion of what further contributions, if any, we can make for 1952, we would much prefer to hold this matter in abeyance.

From the above explanation, you will realize that much as I appreciate your kind offer to call upon me, it would really be useless, at the present time.

I am sorry to have to write to you so discouragingly but I want to assure you if later on we can make some small contribution, we shall be very happy to do so.

If you want me to return the letters from Dr. Johnson and Mr. Odum, please let me know.

With kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

Harry H. Straus, Jr
P.

President & Asst. Treasurer
MARTHA WASHINGTON STRAUS-HARRY H. STRAUS
FOUNDATION, INC.

HHS,Jr*P

Please Return to
M.A.W

March 11, 1952

Dr. A. C. Flora,
1511 Hagood Avenue,
Columbia, South Carolina.

Dear Mr. Flora:

I should like to support as strongly as I can the effort to induce you to accept the presidency of the South Carolina division of the Southern Regional Council. The reasons why you should do so seem to me to be sufficiently strong to outweigh any reluctance on your part.

You have long been interested constructively in all of the South's social problems. The division of our society into two classes practically multiplies all of our problems by two. One who tries to remove the artificial barriers which men have erected among themselves strikes at the jugular.

It would be most encouraging to our Negro citizens to have a man of your caliber and reputation assume in South Carolina leadership in a field in which they are vitally concerned. Your taking the presidency would do much to erase the impression created in their minds by the utterances of all of our demagogues.

The field in the South for exhibition of the wisest statesmanship lies not in politics but in such organizations as the Council which employs logic, science and persuasion in creating a body of public opinion which will support wise change.

The Council can only be successful if it has in each state a strong, active and intelligent state division. You are in position as few men are to give it at once intelligent leadership and prestige.

From a somewhat selfish viewpoint, we are hopeful of securing a fairly substantial grant from a national foundation. Personally, I feel that the foundation will look with more favor upon our application when the component units of the Council are headed by men of more than local stature. Dabbs was such a man and you are such a man.

South Carolina and the South need you on that job. Don't turn it down.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. Wright,
President

MAW/raj

bc Miss Dorothy Penland

March 12, 1952

Mr. Harry H. Straus, Jr., President,
Martha Washington Straus-Harry H. Straus Foundation, Inc.,
Room 509,
44 Patton Avenue,
Asheville, N. C.

Dear Mr. Straus:

Please accept my thanks for your letter of March 7.

While I regret that your circumstances are such as to make it unnecessary that we have an interview at this time, I am hopeful that these may later change with the result that you may find it possible to be of some substantial aid to the Council. I do hope that you will pardon my persistance but I feel that I should be entirely frank in stating that the present is probably the most critical period in the life of the Council. By way of illustrating the emergency, I may state that our executive director, Dr. George Mitchell, borrowed $1500 on his life insurance in order to meet a pay roll. Upon the very small budget on which we operate $3000 per month is necessary to meet the bare necessities. That amount is secured by gruelling effort on the part of every member of the staff, as well as the board of directors.

It would give a great lift to the spirits of all of us if, in advance of your consideration of our matter next November, you could now help in even a small way to tide us over our difficulties.

With thanks in advance for whatever you may do.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. Wright

M. A. Wright,
President

MAW/raj

bc George Mitchell

March 12, 1952

Mr. Don C. Shoemaker, Editor,
Asheville Citizen,
Asheville, N. C.

Dear Mr. Shoemaker:

Mr. Straus has written me that, on account of other commitments, his foundation will not be able before November to give consideration to our appeal for aid. This is quite disappointing in view of the critical financial situation which the Council now faces.

To be entirely frank, we live from one payroll to the next. At several meetings of the Board of Directors we have given serious consideration to liquidation. Help next November may be toolate to do us any good.

Will you not take it upon yourself to call personally to see Mr. Straus, in company with Mr. Ramsey and Mr. Stevens if you think that advisable, and endeavor to induce him to do now a part of what he might do next November.

Your friendship for the Council and knowledge of the services it is rendering place you in better position than I or anyone else would occupy to lay this matter before Mr. Straus in a convincing and persuading way. I do hope that you may be of some help to us.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. Wright,
President

MAW/raj

bc George Mitchell

Cpy

FEB 28 1952
Southern Regional Council

Linville Falls,
North Carolina.
February 25, 1952.

Dr. Howard Odum,
University of North Carolina,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

Dear Dr. Odum:

I acknowledge with thanks receipt of your excellent letter dated February 5, together with copies. I am taking the liberty of placing the original before Mr. Harry Strauss and hope to make equally good use of the copies.

Thanking you. With kind regards, I am,

Yours sincerely,

M. A. Wright

MAW/raj

"Topknot"
LINVILLE FALLS,
NORTH CAROLINA

2/25/52.

Dear George:

Many thanks for valued criticisms of the Harvard Talk. Believe I have incorporated everything suggested by you and Harold and have reduced length by 1/3.

In dealing with Mr. Stanes I am following strategy approved, if not dictated, by Miss Palais; that is, writing for interview, forwarding letters by Odum, Johnson and Dr. Graham, if possible, and referring him (Stanes) to Ramsey and Shoemaker for their impressions. Guy wrote a superb letter and I think Odum's should be effective.

You have not let me have your reaction to long memorandum on our conversation sent you some time ago. There were certain things in the memo commanding me to action upon being touched by you.

Did you see brief article on Jimmy Byrnes in this week's Time?

Regards.

H. G. W.

RECEIVED
FEB 26 1952
RECEIVED
Southern Regional Comm

Linville Falls,
North Carolina.
February 25, 1952.

Dr. Frank P. Graham,
Chapel Hill,
North Carolina.

Dear Dr. Graham:

The Southern Regional Council is requesting rather substantial aid from the Martha H. Strauss--Harry H. Strauss Foundation, Inc., of which Mr. Harry H. Strauss, Jr., Asheville, North Carolina is president. We are led to believe that a word of endorsement from you might have a very favorable effect upon our application.

While I realize that there are many demands upon your time, I should like to urge that you be good enough to write Mr. Strauss promptly in our behalf.

The wave of violence which now seems to be cropping out in the South should be countered by a strong effort to influence public opinion to the end that such outrages will no longer be tolerated. As you know, the Council operates almost exclusively in the field of trying to create in the South a body of opinion which will permit the two races to live upon friendly terms with each other. Dr. Guy Johnson is in perhaps a better position than anyone else to inform you of the nature and effectiveness of our activities.

It will be greatly appreciated if you will write Mr. Strauss promptly sending me a copy of your letter.

Thanking you, I am,

Yours sincerely,

M. A. Wright

M. A. Wright

MAW/raj

bc.
Mr. George Mitchell

Linville Falls,
North Carolina.
February 25, 1952.

Dear Dr. Odum:

Some time ago I asked Guy Johnson to get you to write Mr. Harry H. Strauss, Jr., Asheville, North Carolina, urging him to give favorable consideration to an application for aid in behalf of Southern Regional Council. I had asked that the letter be addressed to Mr. Strauss and sent to me at Linville Falls, N. C. for use at my convenience. Since the matter has been somewhat delayed and has now been presented to Mr. Strauss, I should now like to urge that you write him direct sending me a copy of your letter. Speed is essential and your prompt attention will be greatly appreciated.

Since you were one of the moving spirits in the organization, I feel t at you are in a peculiarly strategic position to influence him to favorable action.

Thanking you, I am,

Yours very truly,

M. A. Wright

M. A. Wright,
President

MAW/raj

bc.
George Mitchell

Dr. Odum's letter came in today & has been sent Mr. Strauss.
Copy is enclosed for your file.
M. A. W.

Linville Falls,
North Carolina.
February 25, 1952.

Mr. Preston L. Wright,
400 South Madison Avenue,
Pasadena 5, California.

Dear Wright:

Thanks for your letter of February 19.

You may be assured that the Southern Regional Council has not passed up the possibility of support from the Ford Foundation. Several months ago we filed with the Foundation a really imposing application for aid, supported by exhibits and innumerable endorsements of our work. Its receipt has been acknowledged and we have learned from various confidential sources that the Foundation is making a fairly careful investigation of our worthiness. The application, as I recall,--this is confidential--is for something in excess of a million dollars to cover a five-year program.

I am interested to learn that you have some slight acquaintance with Dean Spaeth. As far as I believe that it would be wise for you to go would be to try to meet him informally and casually to bring up the matter of your relationship to me, of my connection with the Council and of the possibility of greatly enlarging the usefulness of the Council if it had adequate funds.

The spreading wave of bombings, floggings and Ku Klux activities and spirit generally is a powerful argument for immediate action in trying to create a public sentiment which will not tolerate such outrages. So far as I am informed, the Council is about the only south-wide organization which is trying to develop that kind of public opinion. The fact that on yesterday a cross was burned on the Harvard campus shows that what we undertake todo in the South may have a beneficial effect throughout the nation.

The thing to urge on Dean Spaeth is SPEED. We are trying to do a man sized job with the tools of a child.

Write me pretty fully after you have talked with him.

I take off Wednesday for Harvard seeing Helen and Kathleen in Washington and Dudley in New York as I go up.

With thanks and best wishes, I am,

Your brother

M.A.W.

MAW/raj

cc
Mr. George Mitchell,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Cpy

RECEIVED
FEB 22 1952
Southern Regional Council

Linville Falls,
North Carolina.
February 21, 1952.

Mr. Harry H. Strauss, Jr., President,
Martha H. Strauss-Harry H. Strauss-Foundation, Inc.,
Room 508,
44 Patton Avenue,
Asheville, North Carolina.

Dear Mr. Strauss:

For sometime before the death of your father Mr. George T. Mitchell, Executive Director of the Southern Regional Council had been in contact with your father by one or more interviews and slight correspondence. On account of your father's illness Mr. Mitchell did not have the opportunity of conferring with him as fully as he would have liked. The purpose of an extended interview would have been to permit Mr. Mitchell to place fully before your father something of the work of the Council and its worthiness of philanthropic support.

Recently I was elected president of the Council and I now seek of you the same previlege which Mr. Mitchell had sought of your father.

Realizing that there must be many claims upon one in your position and that it would be natural to regard at least some of them with tolerant skepticism, I have asked Dr. Guy Johnson, whom you know, at least by reputation, to give you his impression of the significance of the work being done by the Council and the urgency of its need for financial support. He has been good enough to write the letter which is enclosed.

I have at my home at Linvill Falls a truely imposing collection of literature issued by the Council and exhibits from the files of newspapers and magazines showing the public acceptance of such literature. I should like very much to have an hour with you in which you might at your leisure examine these exhibits. I think that they would cause you to feel some pride in what southerners of both races have been able to accomplish.

Mr. Hiden Ramsey and Mr. Don Shoemaker are both in position to give firsthand impressions of the value of the Council's work. I should be very glad to have you talk with either or both of them personally or over the phone about it.

For a long time organizations in the South working for purely unselfish ends have, almost of necessity, relied upon support from northern philanthropies. There were few southern foundations and, indeed, few southern individuals of sufficient wealth to endow such organizations. I am sure you will agree that we will have a much more wholesome situation when causes of peculiar concern to southerners are strengthened by support from southern sources.

Our board of directors is to meet in Atlanta on March 7 at which time the financial situation is to be thoroughly canvassed. I should be most grateful if between now and that date you would permit me to come to Asheville for an interview. I will be out of the state from February 27 through March 1. Any other date would be entirely agreeable. I would suggest March 5.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. Wright

M. A. Wright,
President

MAW/raj

bc. George Mitchell,
Southern Regional Council,
Atlanta, Georgia.

D. Hiden Ramsey,
Asheville Citizen,
Asheville, N. C.

Mr. Don Shoemaker,
Asheville Citizen,
Asheville, N. C.

Straus

February 18, 1952

Mr. Marion A. Wright
Linville Falls, N. C.

Dear Marion:

This I found in THE ASHEVILLE TIMES--a chance copy lying on the train.

When it has served your purpose, you might send it back for the formal files here.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec
Encl.

Wright

February 12, 1952

Mr. Marion A. Wright
Linville Falls, N. C.

Dear Marion:

What a comfort it is to have you make a journey every now and then to Asheville!

I think you will get somewhere with Miss Palais and the Straus Foundations.

Had Mr. Straus been alive, we would have asked him for something on the order of $50,000. I should think your request to them ought to be tempered by what you may learn as to the amount of disposable money in whichever foundation is in a position to help us. I doubt whether they would feel much difference between $5,000 and $10,000.

Seems right to me to postpone the Charles Owen effort until after you have explored the Straus Foundations.

Quite true that George Stephens knows us and likes us. He is a mighty nice fellow, and you will enjoy his friendship.

Any help we can give Shoemaker with his book we would certainly want to do our best with.

The new pamphlet is selling well, even though the news stories on it don't come out till tomorrow. The printing of the first 8,000 is already paid for, and we have ordered a second 5,000.

Here are two further North Carolina items which you may find an opportunity to follow up on.

I had written Tartt Bell for information about Smith Richardson, Jr., having heard that Richardson was well disposed toward our sort of cause.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:ec
Encls.

Wright, MA.

February 11, 1952

Mr. Marion A. Wright
Linville Falls, N. C.

Dear Marion:

I had forgotten to write you further about Miss Palais.

My guess would be that she is of Jewish descent. The Strauses, you will recall, came from Alsace, and I have in imagination tied her back to there.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:ec

"Topknot"
LINVILLE FALLS,
NORTH CAROLINA

RECEIVED
FEB 5 1952
Southern Regional Council

February 4, 1952

Mr. George Mitchell,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Avenue, NE.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear George:

I have your letters of January 23, 25, and 29. I want to acknowledge receipt from Mrs. Stoney of the office manual. By the way, that seems to be an excellent job and I congratulate all parties warmly on having gotten it up.

The Marshall Field and Hillman grants are encouraging at the beginning of the new year. I hope that the other parties whom you touched at New York may be equally moved.

Yesterday I dropped over to Asheville andhad two very satisfactory interviews, one with Don Shoemaker, Editor, and the other with Hiden Ramsey, Vice President, of the Citizen-Times Publishing Company. I found the Council was excellent in the opinions of these gentlemen. I saw Shoemaker first. He told me that Harry Strauss, Jr. controlled considerable wealth and that he and his sister seemed to be very much disposed to carry out the plans of their father in the Philanthropic field.

The Junior is, by our standards, a mere strippling, being between 25 and 30 years of age. He is thoroughly attached to Chapel Hill and any thing which originated there or is backed by Chapel Hill's influence. He seemed to have lived for a time in the home of Frank Graham whom he idolizes. Mr. Shoemaker told me that Strauss would do almost anything he was asked to do by Frank Graham or by Mr. Ramsey in whom he has great confidence and whowas something of an advisor to Strauss, Sr.

I plan to write Guy Johnson today to ask him to write a letter to Mr. Strauss, to get one from Dr. Howard Odum and to exert himself immediately to try to get onefrom Frank Graham. I will hope that some or all of these letters will be in the hands of Mr. Strauss before I see him.

I then saw Mr. Ramsey, who modestly disclaims any special influence with Mr. Strauss. Mr. Ramsey did say that, if we could establish that Strauss Sr. planned to do something for us, he felt that we would have no difficulty in getting the young man to come across.

I regret that the file attached to your letter of January 29 does not fully disclose that Strauss Sr. was committed to our cause. This fact seems to make it necessary to rely very heavily upon Miss Palais. Mr. Ramsey seemed to feel that, if Miss Palais would assure young Strauss of his father's interest, the boy would be quite willing to accept her interpretation of the father's attitude. So I think I shall go to Asheville again for a heart to heart talk with Miss Palais, to learn what she could dig from her files and to have her give me something in the nature of a memorandum which would develop the interest of Strauss Sr. in the Council. If I could go to young Strauss, armed with the letters and memorandum mentioned and braced by atelephone call from Mr. Ramsey, we might expect a favorable result. Indeed, I will ask Mr. Ramsey to go with me to see Mr. Strauss, though I doubt that he would go quite that far. In talking with Mr. Shoemaker and Mr. Ramsey, I used the figure of $5,000 and saw no pained expressions on their faces, so I think Mr. Strauss might think in such terms if he even entertained our request. Mr. Shoemaker felt that, if Mr. Strauss went along with us at all, he might prefer to set up his contribution on an annual basis. Of course, he could get up no argument with me on that point.

Mr. Shoemaker tells me that one of the very wealthy Philanthropists of Asheville is Charles Owen Jr., President of Beacon Manufacturing Company. It seems that Mr. Owen has created a foundation of considerable size for purposes not unlike our own. He thinks in large terms. Mr. Shoemaker once sent him a form letter asking for a contribution to some minor cause, feeling that $5 or $10 would be about right. On the next mail he received a check for $500. I have become attached to Mr. Owen, having a weakness for men of that type.

Mr. Shoemaker says that Mr. Owen will do almost anything that George M. Stevens requests him to do. I gather that Stevens is one of the strongest friends we have in Asheville. I have decided not to approach Mr. Stevens or Mr. Owen until the Strauss matter has been brought to a conclusion. If one of these prospects learns that we were dealing with the other also, he might develop the let-George-do-it attitude. But once Strauss is out of the way I shall move in for the kill on Owens.

Reverting to Strauss, Mr. Ramsey told me that on one occassion Strauss Sr. happened to learn that Mr. Ramsey was raising money for some University of Virginia enterprise. Without being approched and having no special connections with Virginia, Mr. Strauss mailed Mr. Ramsey a check for $1000.

I do not know to what extent the information would be significient, but I would like to know if you have any information as to whether or not Miss Palais is Jewish. I happen to have several Jewish friends and, if she is Jewish she would probably know them or know of them. If she is, it might be diplomatic for me to introduce their names into the conversation with her.

I would greatly appreciate your immediate and full comments upon the strategy I have outlined and your suggestions as to improvement of that strategy.

Mr. Shoemaker, like thousands of others, is planning a book on the South. When he gets around to writing this, he would probably want to spend several days in Atlanta talking with you and Harold Fleming and going over your files. I assured him that he would be warmly received. I hope that I may not have overstated your enthusiasm in giving him aid.

Best wishes.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. W.

M. A. Wright.

MAW/raj

RECEIVED
FEB 5 1952
Southern Regional Council

February 4, 1952

Dr. Guy B. Johnson
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, N. C.

Dear Guy:

In behalf of the Southern Regional Council I am planning to approach Mr. Harry Strauss, Jr. of Asheville for a fairly substantial donation. I made some preliminary inquiries in Asheville yesterday and think that I am correctly informed on the points that Mr. Strauss (now between 25 and 30 years of age) attended Chapel Hill, is a most loyal alumnus and devoted to Frank Graham in whose home he lived for a while. My information is that he would be apt to be favorably impressed with any institution which was highly regarded by the Chapel Hill faculty.

Therefore, will you please be good enough to write to Mr. Strauss a letter giving your impression of the value and importance of the Council. Will you also attempt to get Dr. Howard Odum to do the same thing. If you can reach Dr. Graham personally, by telephone or by telegraph, I should greatly appreciate a letter from him. I should like for all of the letters to be sent to me to be presented to Mr. Strauss at such time as I am able to secure an interview with him.

If you go to any expense about telephone or telegraph, let meknow the amount and I shall immediately reimburse you.

I am encouraged to believe that if these letters are forthcoming, we might reasonably expect a favorable result from our appeal to Mr. Strauss.

If you know of any other campus figures who might have influence with him, induce him to follow your example.

Best wishes and kind regards.

Yours sincerely,

M. A. Wright

MAW:raj

MARION A. WRIGHT, LINVILLE FALLS
PRESIDENT
CARTER WESLEY, HOUSTON
VICE-PRESIDENT
GORDON B. HANCOCK, RICHMOND
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HAROLD C. FLEMING
DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION
MRS. M. E. TILLY
IN CHARGE OF WOMEN'S WORK

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
ROOM 432, 63 AUBURN AVENUE, N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

A Council to attain, through research and action, the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
"TOP KNOT"
LINVILLE FALLS, NORTH CAROLINA

Copy

July 2, 1953

Mr. Harry H. Straus, Jr.
Room 508
44 Patton Avenue
Asheville, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Straus:

You have been kind enough to see me on one or two occasions with reference to the work of the Southern Regional Council. That work, I am sure, presents some appeal to you, though you have not yet been in position, either personally or through your Foundation, to be of help.

It is our earnest hope that circumstances may now permit you to re-consider the entire matter in the light of present demands for action on the part of the Council and of all southern people.

The United States Supreme Court has granted the South some months within which to prepare for its decision on the segregation cases. That decision will either outlaw segregation or compel the immediate and complete equalization of educational facilities of the two races. If segregation is outlawed and, unless much tolerance and forbearance are shown, there could be serious friction. Two southern states, South Carolina and Georgia, actually threatened to abolish the public school system. If segregation is not outlawed, the South will be required to spend staggering sums to bring about ~~segre~~equality.

I am sure you will have no hesitancy in agreeing that the only attitude to be adopted by southern people is complete and gracious compliance with whatever the court may order. Unfortunately, there is a substantial body of opinion which may not agree with us on this point and which would like to see a continuance of the evasion and lack of honesty which have been a part of our policy under a bi-racial school system.

We are granted a few months of grace within which we may try to influence southern opinion to endorse and advocate the honorable course. As we see it, this is now the most important task confronting the Southern Regional Council. We should be using all of the media of publicity, including radio and television, to bring all of our people to see that there is a point of honor, of good morals, of Christian-Judaistic ethics, involved.

It will be far easier to make a dent on public opinion before the decision is announced than it will be after.

Although the southern states have been confronted for many years with the question which has now become acute, none of them, so far as we are informed, has made any thorough and impartial examination into the costs involved in equalizing their school systems as between the races. It is highly important that this issue should be frankly faced. The inaction of government makes it necessary that quasi-public organizations, such as ours, shall undertake this imperative task. We are now setting up throughout the South an organization of able and skilled persons to supply the essential facts. To take an extreme case, Mitchell, Avery and Yancey Counties each has less than 1 per cent of Negro population. If separate school systems are to be maintained, each will have to spend several hundred thousand dollars to educate a mere handful of Negro pupils. It may be that the people of those counties are entirely willing to pay the price. They should know in advance what the price is in order to determine intelligently whether or not they are willing to pay it.

So, we propose to furnish the facts as nearly as they can be ascertained as to everyone of the southern states which maintain separate systems. Much clerical and staff work will be required, much traveling will have to be done, if the final result is to approach accuracy.

One of the disagreeable aspects of the southern scene is the feeling that race is a factor in the imposition of sentences by southern courts. There is the impression that if a crime involves only Negroes, one sentence will be pronounced; if it involves only whites, there will be another, and if it involves members of both races, there will be still a third. Practically any habitual reader of newspapers must have reached that conviction. Certainly it is firmly held by our Negro citizens.

But the facts have never been scientifically established. An examination of court records would tend to establish the facts and remove the entire subject from the realm of conjecture.

As one who practiced law for twenty-eight years, I should say that I have never known a judge whom I felt to be willfully corrupt.

I have known many who, I am sure, were subtly and unconsciously influenced by racial considerations. It is our belief that, if such an investigation as we have in mind should disclose that race is a factor of some consequence in the imposition of sentence, our judges would voluntarily and gladly revise their practices.

It is highly important that every citizen should feel that he receives treatment at the hand of the courts uninfluenced by his racial origin. A non-sensational disclosure of the facts would bring about a situation where confidence would be restored.

We have in mind that a commission representing both races and composed of such men as retired judges, law professors and sociologists should be created to make a thorough examination into the subject with a final report as to their conclusions. Again, this will require staff and stenographic and other expense. We estimate that $8,000 would serve to finance the commission.

Sometime ago the Doris Duke Foundation made a grant toward financing such work but the plans have not matured because of lack of adequate funds.

All of the subjects herein discussed involve problems of peculiar interest to southern people. They should be solved by southerners. Funds necessary for their solution should come, so far as possible, from southerners. When we deal with northern foundations, as occasionally we do, we are met with the not unreasonable position that the projects for which aid is sought should appeal primarily to southern philanthropy.

That these activities are worthy of southern support, we feel that you will unhesitatingly agree. We hope that your agreement will suggest to you the wisdom and propriety of giving us the help without which such activities must languish.

Our membership represents, we believe, a great deal of the intelligence and social statesmanship of the South. Unfortunately, it represents all too little of the South's wealth. We must turn, therefore, to persons, such as yourself, whose philanthropic spirit sustains so many of the fine southern institutions.

As a practical note, contributions to Southern Regional Council are deductible for income tax purposes.

Again I should like to remind you that Mr. Don Shomaker and Mr. Hiden Ramsey of your city are thoroughly familiar with our program and personnel. The same is true of Dr. Guy B. Johnson and Dr. Howard Odom of the University of North Carolina. Dr. Odom was our first

president and Dr. Johnson is on our Board of Directors. Any of these men, I am sure, would be glad to support this request.

Please remember that in these months of grace, time is of the essence.

Yours sincerely,

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

By_____
President

MAW:raj

MARTHA WASHINGTON STRAUS - HARRY H. STRAUS
FOUNDATION, INC.
407 VANDERBILT ROAD
BILTMORE, NORTH CAROLINA

PLEASE NOTE NEW ADDRESS
ROOM 508
44 PATTON AVENUE
ASHEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

July 7, 1953

RECEIVED
JUL 27
n Regional Council

Mr. Marion A. Wright, President,
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Linville Falls, North Carolina.

Dear Mr. Wright:

I have read with a good deal of interest your letter of July 2nd and appreciate your having written to me.

Much as we would like to be of help in the wonderful work you are doing, our Foundation is in the same position, financially, as when I last wrote to you. As a matter of fact, a month or so ago we had a Director's Meeting, and it was decided that in order to function properly, we cannot take on any new projects. Our present commitments are heavy and must be taken care of before we can add to our list of contributions.

I am sorry that I cannot give you more encouraging news. I would like to add further that in order to meet our obligations, all of us--my sister and her husband, my wife and I--make donations to and through our Foundation. We want the Foundation to perpetuate the memory of mother and dad.

Please be assured that we have a complete file on the Southern Regional Council, Inc. and when some of our big grants are out of the way--although most of them run for several more years--we will consider carefully what additional contributions we can make and your very worthy Council will receive our attention.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Harry Straus Jr.

President
MARTHA WASHINGTON STRAUS-HARRY H. STRAUS
FOUNDATION, INC.

February 16, 1951

Mr. Paul Williams
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond 22, Virginia

Dear Paul:

Many thanks for your letter of February 13.

Here is a copy of our first draft on the Ford Foundation request. We will get some intimate local advice on it in the next couple of days and then send it out to members of the special committee and the Executive Committee. If you have changes, send them in to me.

Thank you for talking to Paul Sifton. Shall I apply to the UAW? So far as I recall, we did not actually apply last year; they just sent us a check for $500. I will do what you say.

No word as yet from Sidney Hillman Fund or ILG. We will remain in hopes that your letter to Cardinal Spellman will do the trick.

Dent is coming to the March 3 meeting, and so is Dabbs.

We have set up the Executive Committee's agenda to last through the morning, and the special committee will meet at two. We have invited members of the special committee to come in for lunch before the two o'clock meeting.

Arthur Mitchell appeared at a gathering for him in South Carolina. I have little news of that gathering, but know that he did subsequently go to see governor Byrnes, who at Mitchell's request gave Mitchell a letter of introduction to Baruch. Arthur Mitchell appeared last Tuesday at the Montgomery meeting, made a good talk, and was well received. He did not particularly appeal to that group for money, but threw out hints to Mrs. Huff, who was present, that he knew of some money in the offing. He was to speak to a gathering on our behalf in Jackson, Missis-

sippi today and is to talk to a Baton Rouge meeting tomorrow afternoon. Thence on down to Texas.

Mrs. Tilly did a useful chore Wednesday in spending the day in Birmingham trying to get local people to go to work on the police violence and house bombings.

Our friends here in the Atlanta chapter of the American Jewish Committee, after having already raised this year a thousand dollars one way or another, had a small meeting last Tuesday, which I went to. They parcelled out among themselves the job of raising more, and I rather think will raise an additional $1500. Of such a second sum, $500 has been paid in. A letter is to go out to their people in the Atlanta area.

That good man Leonard Haas paid in $100 as his and Mrs. Haas' 1951 contribution.

We met yesterday's payroll all right and still stand debt-free except for Byrd and for me.

The Alabama Division meeting last Tuesday went well. There is plainly a whole lot that could be done if we had paid staff in each of these states.

On Wednesday Alex Miller of the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith (their Atlanta man) reported a long conversation he had just had with one of their high officials in New York. Miller had written the New York man some weeks ago that the Council desperately needed real help, and the New York friend had talked the matter over with your friend, Mr. Alfred May of the Ford Motor Company. Alfred May has an important relationship to the Ford Fund -- which I gather is an earlier adjunct of the Ford Motor Company existing still in independence of the Ford Foundation. We have frantically fitted together a punch-punch appeal for Alex Miller to send to his friend to send to Mr. May to provide us with $30,000 a year for the next three years. We realize the risk that this may stand in the light of the major Ford Foundation application, but what advice we can get is that the risk is small. And there is also the possible gain that if the Company recognizes in this way our need to exist, the Ford Foundation may be the more easily persuaded to see the need for us to do a really proper job.

We expect Paul Christopher for the Executive Committee meeting. His first one.

All is neatly arranged for me to serve Msgr. Byrne and Spring Hill College on my Alabama trip.

A couple of days ago I totted up all money reasonably to be expected in 1951. We come out around $10,000 short for the year, without counting the abiding debt, which is between $8000 and $8500.

Fifty for '51 disappoints badly. Dribbles only. Partly my fault for

not hammering that above all else, but the effort involved in proportion to the reasonably expectable return seemed to me terrific.

We lose Mrs. Fleming at the end of this month. She is resigning. Baby coming. There is a flutter of possibility that we could get Margaret Price again. She served us well for several years. She's got a husband who is expecting to be called up and she may return to Atlanta in that case.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

The
BURLINGTON
350 ROOMS
Hotel

Recommended AAA
Member American Society of Travel Agents Inc. ASTA

Vermont Avenue
at Thomas Circle
DIstrict 8822
Washington, D. C.

Feb. 13, 1951

Dear George,

Thanks for your letter of Feb 9. I agree, for reasons you advanced, that Griffin should be kept on the committee. If someone turns us down, have someone in the office write the letter to Meynders and sign my name. Dr. Clement would be another to use if someone turns us down.

Glad Mrs. Byrnes invited you for his Institutes. He is a special friend of mine and I am glad that the opportunity has come for you two to know one another. Hope you can sandwich in the talks at Springfill so as not to make necessary a special, second trip.

RECEIVED
FEB 15 1951
Southern Regional Council

The SOMBRERO ROOM
Lounge-Cafe

Air Conditioned Rooms Available — Convention & Banquet Facilities

The
BURLINGTON
350 ROOMS
Hotel

Recommended AAA
Member ASTA
Vermont Avenue
at Thomas Circle
DIstrict 8822
Washington, D. C.

I am delighted that money seems to come in okay. I have written Card. Spellman — lets hope he'll come thru. Hope something comes as a result of your sessions with Amer. Jewish Com. and from your trip to Chicago

I had a nice talk with Paul Sifton today. He had heard about my talk and asked for several copies. He read it quickly in my presence and said he would write Walter Reuther and ask for an increase for this year.

I am planning to be at the meeting March 3. Lets stream-line the program for the morning so as to get over our business by lunch time. That will leave the afternoon free for discussion of policy and the Ford setup.

The SOMBRERO ROOM
Lounge-Cafe

Air Conditioned Rooms Available — Convention & Banquet Facilities

The
BURLINGTON
350 ROOMS
Hotel

Recommended AAA
Member ASTA
Vermont Avenue
at Thomas Circle
DIstrict 8822
Washington, D. C.

I think it is okay to send the rough draft of the Ford request to the special committee and to the ex. com. Please stress that the draft is confidential and in rough form.

Good news about the meeting at Edgewater Park, Miss.

I'll be home beginning Thursday and until next Monday afternoon. Then off on business again to Buffalo.

Best always.

Sincerely,
Paul

P.S. Any news from Cong. Mitchell and any prospects?

Let me know about the replies to serve or not to serve on the special committee.

P.

The SOMBRERO ROOM
Lounge-Cafe

Air Conditioned Rooms Available — Convention & Banquet Facilities

April 23, 1951

Mr. Paul D. Williams
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond 22, Virginia

Dear Paul:

The Steelworkers' gift to us last year of $1,000 came through in May. In preparation for trying to get that or more this year, I have talked with Bill Crawford, who is the head man for the Southeastern District of the United Steelworkers of America. Bill says these things come before the Executive Board and he never misses a Board meeting, and he will support us strongly again this year.

Last year, you handled the negotiations with Dave McDonald. I assume you would be willing to write to Dave or otherwise be in touch with him again this year. If that suits your plans, I will expect you to do what is needful with Dave.

As to the Auto Workers, I will soon enlist the good will of the people here; and, again on this one, I am counting on you to be in touch with Paul Sifton or Reuther, or whomever you will. The auto people got their dues raised last month, and they are under no great stress. I should think they could quite easily put us in for $1,000 this year instead of the $500 they kindly gave us last year. Their gift, by the way, last year came in in September.

The poor textile workers are in such a hard way that I don't think it would be wise to ask them for help this year -- unless they win this strike.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Dictated but not read

April 25, 1951

Mr. Paul D. Williams
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond 22 Virginia

Dear Paul:

We have now completed the final typing of the Ford request. We made an original and three copies, foregoing more copies on the assumption that the Foundation would have its own system of reproducing the number it might want for its internal situation.

Next Monday a girl goes to work for two weeks to do a careful layout job of the exhibit material. The plan is to have about six exhibit volumes, each the size of an atlas, five of them devoted to particular programs such as Race in the News, Negro police, veterans, etc., and the sixth a catch-all of miscellaneous minor efforts. These exhibit volumes and the volume containing the manuscript itself will be bound (separately) and with some uniform distinguishing marks or colors.

From now on, preliminary approaches could be made to the Foundation. In eighteen days' time the whole job, with exhibits, will be completed.

I disobeyed your wishes on the third insert of Marion Wright's. When we got down to it, we thought the style obtrusively different, and the insert raised the whole question again of excessive iteration of ideas already well woven into the whole fabric. But we used Marion's first insert as it was. And virtually all of his verbal improvements were gladly incorporated.

On money, we are all right until May 15, for which looming pay period we have no lump sum. I wrote to John Slawsom of the American Jewish Committee when the Hillman money came in and asked him again to be in touch with Dubinsky for the ILG contribution. Slawson was pleased

about the Hillman one and said he would at once go to work on Dubinsky.

I go off to Texas Sunday, to be gone until the following Saturday.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSMter

CHATT. TIMES
5/5/51

$300,000 GRANTED FOR RADIO SCHOOL

Fund From Ford Foundation to Set Up New Programs on Educational Series

BY CHARLES G. BENNETT
New York Times News Service.

NEW YORK, May 4—A grant of $300,000 by the Ford Foundation to promote public education by radio was announced today by Seymour N. Siegel, president of the National Association of Educational Broadcasters and director of New York City's radio station WNYC.

Details of the gift were made available at Siegel's office here simultaneously with announcement by him of the grant at tonight's session of the Institute for Education by Radio and Television at Columbus, Ohio.

The $300,000 award has been set aside from the fund for adult education, recently established by the Ford Foundation with an interim budget of $3,000,000. It is proposed to use the $300,000 to produce five new series of programs for use on educational radio stations throughout the United States.

While the educational programs are still in the tentative stage, the broad fields they are expected to cover are international affairs, discussion of public affairs, the American heritage, some aspects of the nature of man and human behavior and democratic action at the community level.

Ralph Lowell, trustee of the Lowell Institute, Boston, Mass., will administer expenditure of the new grant under the direction of a special committee of the National Association of Educational Broadcasters.

CHATT. TIMES
5/8/51

FORD GIVES MONEY TO HELP REFUGEES

Foundation Grants $500,000 to Speed Resettlement of Scientists in U.S.

By New York Times News Service.

NEW YORK, May 7—The Ford Foundation has granted $500,000 to speed resettlement in the United States of refugee scientists, professionals and artists before expiration of the Displaced Persons Act later this year.

Announcement of the Ford contribution toward the campaign to bring 2,000 displaced intellectuals and their families to this country was made today by Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr, dean of the Union Theological Seminary and chairman of the resettlement campaign for exiled professionals.

"In making this grant, the Ford Foundation has widened illimitably the horizons of hope for several thousand European scientists, artists and scholars and their families," Dr. Niebuhr said.

Since October, 1950, the International Rescue Committee, executive arm of the campaign, has brought 300 families of refugee specialists here with the aid of the United States Displaced Persons Commission and the International Refugee Organization of the United Nations.

Dr. Niebuhr cited a statement by J. Donald Kingsley, director-general of the refugee agency, that 26,000 other persons remained in camps in Europe, a "forgotten elite—the ablest, best-trained men and women in Europe—qualified practitioners of the arts, sciences and professions."

Any of these who are to be brought here, he said, must be selected and cleared by the commission and receive visas before June 30 and must arrive in this country by November under the present law.

Many of the refugees, it was declared, have talents that could relieve current manpower deficiencies and contribute to the nation's culture, technology and economic growth.

The majority of the men and women concerned were refugees from the spread of Communism throughout eastern Europe, the report said. Among them are specialists in the precise sciences offering assistance to the national defense work.

DEFERMENT EXAMINERS

June 1, 1951

TO: Paul D. Williams

I don't know that this is what you want, but I felt under constraint to write in such a way to avoid, if possible, turning the check into one specifically for the home town self-survey project. We have enough money for the home town self-survey business for this year (though not for next), and what we are going most to need the last half of this year is money for the general budget. So I am in hopes that your friends will put up the money to SRC, being the more persuaded to do so because they like the method of the home town self-survey.

GSM

P.S. I have mailed you a couple of Manuals and a couple of Greenville self-surveys separately by cheap postage.

June 1, 1951

Mr. Paul D. Williams
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond 22, Virginia

Dear Paul:

In connection with our appeal to the anonymous manufacturer, I want to say something about the way we are finding that the method of the Home Town Self-Survey gets helpful things from our general program voluntarily adopted by local communities.

What we have urged, as you know, is equal opportunity in many fields. We have had most success in getting more and more Southern cities to use Negro policemen, in making room in the South for the idea that Negroes are entitled to play their fair part in local democratic processes, in speeding equal facilities in schooling, recreation, and other public services, in getting newspapers to treat Negro news with dignity, and in getting local communities to apply even-handed justice to all.

We have found that the towns which make a self-survey proceed of their own accord to take remarkable strides in these and a good many other fields. Matters which before had been a subject of confused resentment by the Negro community and uninformed defense by many white persons, become technical questions. On such a matter as bus transportation in areas heavily populated with Negroes, what had before been a vague complaint of overcrowding, poor service, and rudeness, is resolved by a self-survey into a handleable matter of how many busses, at what hours, and over what routes. A general feeling that Negro cases in the police court are handled with levity and in a hit-or-miss way, turns into a comparison of penalties, crime by crime and race by race over a given period of time. A quarrel over school facilities becomes arithmetic, and arithmetic can be dealt with.

We have actual seen this happen in instance after instance in con-

nection with the survey at Jacksonville, Florida, and the later one at Greenville, South Carolina, and with those now under way or completed at Shreveport and Dallas. A new survey of this kind, we understand, is beginning at Birmingham. Small ones have been completed at Madison, Georgia, Mobile, Alabama, and other towns.

We have now put into print for the first time our Manual for making these surveys. It is based on the experience so carefully gathered in the Southern cities which have already done surveys. It has been an expensive job to print, but notwithstanding the cost, we have sent one out to each of our members in order to get it into the unfamiliar corners of the South. We printed a small reserve supply, which is moving fast to community planning and social work agencies, churches, colleges, and individuals throughout the South.

The best thing about the method of the self-survey is that it brings about an informed local democratic participation of both races. They work together, not to crack racial lines, but in order to improve their own community. And out of it, incidentally, they find friendships which will be enduring supports to the towns in the stresses of the years ahead.

We have found that the self-survey complements neatly the whole program of the Southern Regional Council.

I do hope the firm which has helped us in the past will renew its support this year. It has been invaluable to us, and a great encouragement to us all.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Fund Raising - Paul Williams

June 4, 1951

Mr. Paul D. Williams
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Paul:

How very grateful we are for Mentzer, Bush and Company's resounding check for $200! Here is Mrs. Huff's formal receipt, which I thought perhaps you would send on to the company.

That $200 was the critical amount that carried us through pay day.

We are greatly cheered by your hard digging for us.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er
Encl.

Dictated but not read

MENTZER, BUSH & COMPANY
TEXT BOOK PUBLISHERS
2210 SOUTH PARK WAY, CHICAGO 16, ILLINOIS

May 17, 1951

Mr. Paul D. Williams
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond 22, Virginia

Dear Paul:

Thanks for your letter of the 15th.

I had a grand time in California and a complete rest because I did not do much.

I congratulate you on your success in Pittsburgh and Cleveland. And I hope that you will get the official seal for our G.W. series. That would be a great triumph.

I enclose a check for $200.00 for the Southern Regional Council.

My best to you and your family.

Sincerely,

J. P. MENTZER

JPM:SCP
Encl.

RECEIVED
MAY 22 1951
Southern Regional Council

Fund Raising - Paul Williams

June 13, 1951

Mr. Paul D. Williams
3320 Gloucester Road
Richmond 22, Virginia

Dear Paul:

Very nice to talk with you the other afternoon.

I am making some headway, I think, with the CIO on a letter which I hope Allan Haywood will send out to local Industrial Union Councils in some of the big local Southern unions asking them to help SRC.

I have talked with Gordon Siefkin, who runs the Emory School of Business and has links with CED and Hoffman's adult education interests. He will be helpful.

We have had copies of beautiful letters to Chester Davis from Dr. Patterson at Tuskegee and Clarence Pickett. Copies are being typed for you to see ahead of time, but I am holding a master file of all of them for you.

We are holding in readiness for your requirements a copy of the tax exemption letter and of the audit.

We had flocks of bills and have paid out $500 or $600 on phones and paper and State Divisions, so we are less rich than I supposed. We will get through June 15, but will have a hard time June 30. If, therefore, you can press here or there -- Auto Workers, Steelworkers, Miller and Rhoads, Thalhimer, Dixon -- so much the more welcome.

Had a long talk with Will Alexander Saturday afternoon. He thinks we will get the Ford money and will write a strong letter to Chester Davis. Did not see Howard Odum.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Fund Raising - Paul Williams

AIRMAIL - SPECIAL DELIVERY

June 18, 1951

Mr. Paul D. Williams
Mentzer, Bush and Company
2210 South Park Way
Chicago 16, Illinois

Dear Paul:

Walter P. Reuther is President of the United Automobile Workers of America-CIO. His address is International Headquarters, 411 West Milwaukee Avenue, Detroit 2, Michigan.

I append a couple of paragraphs toward a letter to him from you.

Your November speech in the January, 1951, issue of Steel is enclosed, together with two copies of the speech as it appeared in New South.

I have known Tom Starling for years, and have a date to go and see him this afternoon and urge his support. We will get his support, but without the full enthusiasm that Christopher or Charlie Gillman or some of the others would give.

Paul Christopher's address is 216 Flatiron Building, Knoxville 17, Tennessee.

Mighty good of you to take time on all these things. Life-giving to us. If we can get through these lean summer months with the aid of the various sums that you have on the stove, we can survive the months it is going to take for a final answer out of the Ford people.

Is it not now about time for Cardinal Stritch to find the thousand which he forecast for "later on in 1951"? I always understood from you that we might hope for that this summer.

Mighty fine to have your assurance that the anonymous manufacturer will help again.

Do keep Miller and Rhoads and Thalhimer's on your calendar.

We have had a good letter from Dent. Copy enclosed.

You need not send me a copy of Carter Wesley's letter, as he sent one here also.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er
Encls.

CC: Richmond address

Suggested paragraphs for inclusion
in letter from Paul Williams to Walter Reuther:

The Southern Regional Council works to make the South in every way a modern part of America. We believe in industrialization, and push hard to get more of it. At the same time, we believe in trade unionism as the proper avenue to economic democracy.

Doubtless the chief difficulty encountered by industrial unionism in the Southern States is the racial double standard. Honest unions have held to the policy of getting both groups of workers into the same unions, and dealing with workers simply as members and not on a racial basis. In many places the unwillingness as yet of the white people to concede equality for Negro trade unionists has resulted in weak organization or no organization. The Southern Regional Council has for years put its energy into bringing all the people of the South to a mind in which racial equality is conceded and welcomed. While we have consistently praised the work of the great industrial unions as making a major contribution toward the realization of this goal, our general effort has been put on to reaching public opinion through the schools and colleges, the churches, the law, local and State administration, the newspapers, and the example of private individuals. Thus, what the Council does is to make a climate of opinion in which modern trade unionism can progress in a bi-racial society.

And we put a lot of work into bringing about professional standards in police administration and law enforcement. Through our members and friends in hundreds of local communities, we visit the courts and urge impartial enforcement of laws. And we have done a lot already, and plan more work for the future, in getting police officials trained to regard themselves as arms of the law alone rather than as persons specially empowered by the community to impose their own prejudices.

June 18, 1951

Dear Paul:

I went to see Tom Starling. He is pretty favorable and I am sure will help us. But he says that he doesn't expect the Board to meet again until August (it met in May) and he would like to have a copy of our formal request to Reuther as a reminder to Starling.

You may have some hesitancy in sending a full copy of your Reuther letter to Starling. If you have none, then send it to Thomas J. Starling, Regional Director, UAW-CIO, Corner Courtland and Merritts Avenue, Atlanta, Georgia.

If you have any reluctance, let me know and I will remind Starling in a letter directly from me to Starling that we have made the request.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:er

CC: Richmond address

MENTZER, BUSH & COMPANY
TEXT BOOK PUBLISHERS
2210 SOUTH PARK WAY, CHICAGO 16, ILLINOIS

RECEIVED
JUN 18 1951
Southern Regional Council

Richmond, Va.
June 16, 1951

Dear George,

Thanks for your letter of June 13. I too enjoyed your visit at my home. Please do it again when you are passing through.

Last week while in Washington on personal business I took time out to have a visit with Paul Sifton of U.A.W. who was most helpful in getting us help from his union last year. Sifton says that now is the time for us to act on a contribution to the SRC for this year. He agrees that we should ask for $1000 this year.

According to Sifton a key man to get on our side is Thomas J. Starling Regional Director of U.A.W. of Atlanta, Ga. He is a member of the International Executive Board and will probably be asked by W. Reuther his opinion of

(over)

us. Sifton says that a nod of approval from Starling will mean a lot with Reuther, because Starling supported Reuther at a time when it was needed and it was uncertain at the time if Reuther would win leadership of his union.

Do you know Starling. If so please go by and see him and urge his support of our appeal. If Starling does not expect to be at the next ex board meeting, ask him to write Starling indicating his approval of our appeal. It would be good for him to write anyway. You can tell Starling that I will write Reuther next Wed. or Thurs. and that Paul Sifton will write also in support of SRC.

Sifton suggests that Pat Christopher write Reuther. If you give me Christopher's address I will write him and tell him the kind of letter I wish he would write.

I am leaving Richmond by plane Monday and will be in Chicago at the address of the above letterhead until next Thursday.

MENTZER, BUSH & COMPANY
TEXT BOOK PUBLISHERS
2210 SOUTH PARK WAY, CHICAGO 16, ILLINOIS

I wish you would send me to Chicago 2 or 3 jiggy paragraphs for me to include in my letter to Reuther — things that might show that we are helping the labor movement, directly or indirectly. I'll shape the rest of the letter my self. Please send this by air mail-special.

Please also send the page from the Southern Edition of the Steelworkers in which my Nov. address appeared. I want this to send to Jane McDonald. I want to write him from Chicago also.

I'll also get a letter off to Johnson & Johnson and have been assured that they will give us $1000 again this year.

I couldn't get by Millis & Rhoads a Thalheimer but will do so on my return from Chicago

(over)

Glad to learn that Dr. Will is optimistic about the Ford Foundation. Let's keep hoping but let's bend every opportunity to write the letters to the trustees from our best friends. I had a fine letter from Carter Wesley enclosing a letter — very good — which he wrote Charles Davis. I'll send you his copy as soon as I can have copies typed for my purposes.

Best always.

Sincerely
Paul

P.S. Give me Reathers full name, title and address

P.

financial gap. But this is a job that can hardly be done in less than three more years. Most of the money that can be raised in the South for this kind of activity must come from persons of modest income; few Southern persons who could make large gifts are inclined to be actively in sympathy with even a temperate human relations program.

For at least several years to come the principal support for the work that the Southern Regional Council does must come from non-Southern sources which understand the long-range benefit, for the whole nation, of sound progress in the South. This is particularly true as an increasing volume of business and industry find their way into the region. Industrial life cannot flourish in a society divided by racial animosities, nourished on bigotry, and living always in the shadow of violence. As management has discovered in place after place, good business is inevitably concerned with good human relations, both in labor-management dealings and in the community at large. We do not claim that such auspicious local conditions in the South can be fostered only by the Southern Regional Council; but we strongly believe that they cannot readily be achieved without the active effort of the people throughout the region who look to the Council for guidance and leadership.

take out

A relatively modest grant for the next three years would assure the continuance of an effective program, both in the Council's central office in Atlanta and among the State Divisions and affiliated committees. What is needed to keep the level of activity acceptably high is a grant of $30,000 for each of three years.

In terms of the many problems and the virtually unlimited opportunities which present themselves in the South today, this amount represents a quite conservative investment. But it is an investment that will yield returns in progress out of all proportion to its size. For the imperative need

is for leadership in this whole field, and providing it, even on a modest scale, means multiplying gains almost as a matter-of-course.

No. Here is the one movement of its kind in the South which is believed in and trusted by the best of Southern leadership. It is eager, experienced, and respected. And the need for its best work has never been more urgent than now.

Esleeck
Clearcopy Onion Skin
MADE IN U.S.A.

9 - Ga. Academy of Social Sciences

April 7, 1948

TO: Mr. Harold C. Fleming

FROM: George S. Mitchell

I have to be in Florida on the date of this meeting.

Mr. Mims came in the other day and I thought I caught advance rumblings of an explosion.

He is one of the founders of our movement.

Enclosure: Notice of meeting of Georgia Academy of Social Sciences, 12Apr48, dtd 25 Mar 48.

12- G-Misc-Ga. Acad. Soc. Sciences
Calendar

RECEIVED
MAR 23 1949
Southern Regional Council

To All Members of the Georgia Academy of Social Sciences:

The next meeting of the Academy will be held on April 5 at 8:30 p.m. in Room 36 of the Church School Building at Emory University. The speaker will be the Honourable John Wilmot, a member of the British Parliament and former Minister of Supply, whose subject will be What Nationalization Means in Practice. Mr. Wilmot is quite an outstanding man. He is a graduate of King's College in London, has been Member of Parliament since 1938, was Parliamentary Private Secretary to the Minister of Economic Warfare, 1940-42, and has been active in Labour Party leadership.

A dinner will be given in honor of Mr. Wilmot at 6:45 in the Emory Cafeteria. Please invite others to this meeting.

The annual Pine Mountain meeting will be held May 20-22. Please keep this in mind.

Walter Paschall,
President

Please fill out and return the following blank to

Dr. C. P. Gosnell
Emory University, Ga.

Dear Dr. Gosnell:

Please reserve _____ plates for me at the Georgia Academy dinner for Mr. Wilmot on April 5. Enclosed is a check for $_____ ($1.50 per plate).

Signed_____

RECEIVED
APR 2 1948
Southern Regional Council

Atlanta, Georgia
March 25, 1948

TO: All Members of the Georgia Academy of Social Sciences

The next meeting of the Georgia Academy of Social Sciences will be held at the Assembly Hall of the Church School Building at Emory University on Thursday, April 15 at 8:15 P. M. The speaker will be Dr. Edwin Mims of Vanderbilt University and his subject will be "The South Once More."

Dr. Mims was formerly Head of English and Dean at Vanderbilt University. He is anthor of The Advancing South and a number of other books.

I call attention to an enclosed announcement of our annual Pine Mountain meeting. Let us have your reservation soon.

Sincerely yours,

WALTER PASCHALL,
President.

Ga. Acad. of Soc. Sci.

TENTATIVE PROGRAM OF THE GEORGIA ACADEMY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES FOR 1947-1948

November 5, 1947, 8:00 P. M. Church School Building, Assembly Hall, Emory University, Georgia - "How Aggressive is Russia?", Dr. D. F. Fleming of Vanderbilt University

December 4, 1947, 8:00 P. M., Church School Building, Assembly Hall, Emory University Georgia - "Progress Report on Economic Conditions in Georgia Since 1938 (year of President's Report on Economic Conditions in the South)" Panel discussion: Mr. W. S. Kirkpatrick, Managing Editor of Atlanta Journal, presiding; Mr. George Goodman and Mr. John Mebane of Atlanta Journal Staff.

January 8, 1948, 8:00 P. M., an address by Thomas L. Stokes.

February 12, 1948, an address by Dr. Francis W. Coker.

April 8, 1948, an address by Dr. H. C. Nixon, "Politics of the Hills."

May 1948, Pine Mountain Retreat.

WHO'S WHO OF SPEAKERS OF GEORGIA ACADEMY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

D. F. Fleming, Head of Political Science Department at Vanderbilt University; Author of The Veto Power of the U. S. Senate and other books; President of Southern Political Science Association 1941; Radio Commentator and newspaper contributor.

Mr. W. S. Kirkpatrick, Managing Editor of the Atlanta Journal. Mr. George Goodman and Mr. John Mebane are feature writers of the Atlanta Journal.

Mr. Thomas L. Stokes, Born in Atlanta, Georgia; well-known newspaper commentator; author of Chip Off My Shoulder.

Dr. H. C. Nixon; Born near Anniston Alabama; Lecturer in Political Science and Director of Vanderbilt University Press; author of Forty Acres and Steel Mules, Possum Trot, and Lower Piedmont Country; President of Southern Political Science Association 1945-46.

Dr. Francis W. Coker; retires Head of Political Science Department at Yale University and past president of American Political Science Association. Author of Readings in Political Philisophy and other books; Visiting Professor of Political Science at Emory University during the winter quarter of 1948.

AIMS, PURPOSES
AND
CONSTITUTION
OF THE
GEORGIA ACADEMY OF THE SOCIAL SCIENCES

REVISED 1938

Aims and Purposes

The Georgia Academy of the Social Sciences was organized to provide a medium for the study and discussion of economic, political and social questions of interest to Georgians.

Believing that questions of serious importance are facing us today, it is hoped that this Academy will offer some assistance to their solutions by:

1. Providing through its organization a place where business men, academicians and students can discuss these questions to their mutual benefit.

2. Becoming a fact finding body which will compile authoritative information.

   The membership will be state-wide and at least six regular meetings will be held each year. The discussions in these meetings will be led in each instance by men or women recognized as authorities in the particular field being discussed. The officers and others believe that a group such as this can effect a close union for thinking citizens of the state with consequent helpfulness in the clarifying of thought and some influence on public opinion.

Constitution

PREAMBLE

To provide a medium for study and discussion of economic, political, and social questions of interest to Georgians and to effect a closer union of thinking citizens of the state interested in such questions, an organization is hereby established which shall be known as the Georgia Academy of the Social Sciences.

ARTICLE I

Section 1. The Academy shall have the following officers: A President, a Vice-President, a Second Vice-President, a Secretary-Treasurer.

Section 2. These officers shall perform the duties customary to their positions unless it be otherwise specified in this Constitution or in the By-Laws.

Section 3. These officers shall be elected at a time to be determined in the By-Laws and shall serve for one year or until their successors are elected.

Section 4. The Executive Committee shall present nominations for the offices, and additional nominations may be made from the floor at the time of election.

Section 5. To be elected a candidate must receive a majority of the votes cast.

ARTICLE II

Section 1. There shall be an Executive Committee composed of five members to be named

by the President, with duties to be prescribed by the President. The officers of the Academy shall be ex-officio members of the Executive Committee.

Section 2. The Executive Committee shall determine the policy and carry on the business of the Academy.

ARTICLE III

Section 1. Proposal for membership shall be made by members of the Academy and if favorably considered by the Executive Committee, shall be declared elected.

Section 2. The manner of electing members and the regulations concerning dues and active membership shall be specified in the By-Laws.

ARTICLE IV

Section 1. There shall be at least six regular meetings a year, three of which shall be held in Atlanta or vicinity. These meetings to be held on the third Friday in January and on the third Friday of each alternate month following. The Executive Committee shall have the power to change the date of meeting.

Section 2. Special meetings may be held at the call of the President and the Executive Committee shall have power to direct the call of such meetings.

Section 3. At least one week's written notice shall be given of the meetings of the Academy and those in attendance shall constitute a quorum.

ARTICLE V

Section 1. There shall be the following standing committees: A Membership Committee and a Program Committee. The President is empowered to appoint the personnel of these committees.

Section 2. Other committees shall be appointed by the President as needed.

ARTICLE VI

By-laws in pursuance of this Constitution may be enacted and changed by simple majority vote at any duly called meeting.

ARTICLE VII

Proposed amendments to this Constitution shall be read at a duly called meeting and shall be acted on at the next duly called meeting. A two-thirds vote of those present shall be required for passage.

By-Laws

1. The officers of the Academy shall be elected at the last regular meeting of the calendar year.

2. Dues shall be $2.50 annually for individual members and $3.50 for two members of the same family. Junior membership for students in senior colleges in Georgia shall be $1.00 per year.

June 1, 1948

Miss Adelaide Gundlach
Berea College Station
Kentucky

Dear Miss Gundlach:

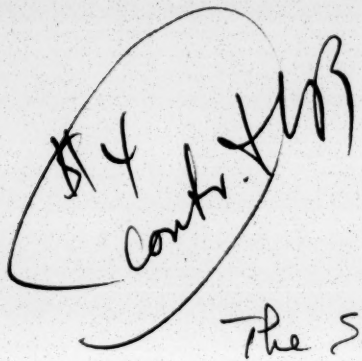
We are very appreciative of your check for $4.00 sent as a contribution to the operating deficit of the Council for 1947.

It has been difficult, as you can imagine, for us to absorb this deficit out of current income and your gift both helps and cheers us in this task.

With every good wish and our thanks again, I am

Sincerely yours,

(Mrs.) Agnes McKoy
Secretary-Treasurer



The Southern Regional Council
Room 432
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Go - Guyles, M.

May 10, 1948

Miss Marianne Guyles
516 Grandview
Daytona Beach, Florida

Dear Miss Guyles:

I undertook to write you about things to do.

I don't know whether you know about Lillian Smith's splendid pamphlet. Here is a copy.

I send also a copy of the condensed version of what is called "The Jacksonville Survey." We should greatly like to see cities, towns and small towns all over the South follow the pattern set in Jacksonville. The self-survey there has had remarkable results in improvement. The knack of it seems to be getting as people to make the survey local citizens whose knowledge thus gained will cause them in later months and years to press for gains. If you could get Daytona Beach or other communities that you know of to follow this pattern, that would be extremely helpful.

Any organized body of conscientious citizens could do a great deal in any town by studying closely some single problem. It might be housing or discrimination in education or restrictions on the franchise or services of social welfare agencies.

We should like you to join the Southern Regional Council. Here is a pamphlet which tells about it.

If we can advise you from time to time, please let us know. We should like to do so.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

Enclosures "Things to Do" (L.Smith)
Fleming pamphlet; Jacksonville Survey ("By the People"):
March "New South"
GSM:eb

13-90-Misc-
Guerin, Daniel

October 7, 1948

Mr. Daniel Guerin
22 West 96th Street
New York 25, New York

Dear Mr. Guerin:

The Georgia State Board of Pardons and Paroles paroled Horace White, effective October 1. I don't know whether CIO intends to issue the pamphlet or not. My guess is not, as White is out.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

New York

September 19, 1948

Dear Mr. Mitchell,

I read in New York Times that your Council issued a 2.500 words statement about Civil Rights and the South.

Could you send me a copy of it?

I would like to tell you how thankful I am for your very kind welcome, when I was in Atlanta.

What new about Horace White? Has the C.I.O., at last, edited the pamphlet, and, if yes, could you get and send me a copy of it?

I heard, with deep concern, the election of young Talmadge. A long night over Georgia, as Harper's magazine says. But, you, the liberals, will make the "night" shorter than this apprentice-dictator expects.

Sincerely yours,

Daniel Guérin

RECEIVED
SEP 20 1948
RECEIVED
Southern Regional Council

22 W. 96th Street
New York 25

12-g-Misc-
Gershon, Mrs. Harry

October 11, 1948

Mrs. Harry M. Gershon
1590 Harvard Road, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Reb:

Here is a letter to the lady in Puerto Rico.

Also, something I got today about the Caribbean Area.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t
Enclosures

October 11, 1948

Mrs. Max Rahn
Condado
San Juan, Puerto Rico

Dear Mrs. Rahn:

This is borne by a good friend of mine, Mrs. Harry M. Gershon of Atlanta.

She is on a Caribbean air cruise. I thought she would enjoy talking with you, and you with her.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

October 18, 1948

Mr. A. W. Gottschall, Regional Director
National Conference of Christians and Jews
406 Calumet Building
Miami 32, Florida

Dear Mr. Gottschall:

We are delighted to send you a hundred copies of the September New South, with the "Honest Answer" on civil rights. We appreciate your praise of it, and rejoice that you will give it wider circulation.

Our costs on it are about five cents apiece, so we are billing you for $5.00.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t
Enclosure (Price list)

GSM.
10/18/48

THE AMERICAN BROTHERHOOD
THE NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF CHRISTIANS AND JEWS, INC.
406 CALUMET BUILDING
MIAMI 32, FLORIDA

Oct. 13, 1948.

FLORIDA REGION
OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

TELEPHONE
9-6218

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Will you send me, if they are available one hundred copies (100) of the Sept. 1948, Vol. 3 - No. 9 of New South.

This is a most excellent statement. Bill me for any charge involved.

Congratulations on the fine work you are doing.

Sincerely

A. W. Tottschall

RECEIVED
OCT 15 1948
Southern Regional Counc

13-30-Guernsey, George T.

October 27, 1948

Mr. George T. Guernsey
Associate Director of Education
CIO Department of Education and Research
718 Jackson Place, N. W.
Washington 6, D. C.

Dear George:

The "turnover" talk is a honey, more than worth the ten dollars which our small Council has not got! Notwithstanding that I can't buy it, I realize that is the cost of making it.

Enclosed is $1.00 for the wall map, which I can afford.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t
Enclosure

718 Jackson Pl. NW
V 6

RECEIVED
OCT 21 1948
Southern Regional Council

October 14, 1948

Dear Sir and Brother:

The CIO stand on civil rights has become a major plank in the political arena of 1948.

To stimulate discussion and understanding in the need for expanding civil rights, the CIO Department of Education and Research has available two education "tools" which present and dramatize the report of the President's Committee on Civil Rights.

We have something new for discussion leaders — a "turnover" talk, FOR FAIR PRACTICES. The speaker turns over a series of poster-cartoons (22"x29") and reads from an accompanying story booklet. (Price, $10 for "turnover" talk, easel, and 50 discussion pamphlets.) Study the enclosed leaflet for more information on this "talk."

A second new approach is a large 40"x60" poster (Wall Map), TO SECURE THESE RIGHTS, which illustrates with dramatic photos and short text the four points of the President's civil rights report. The "wall map" technique was used successfully by the Army as part of its educational program during World War II. (Price, $1. Write to us for quantity prices.)

We suggest these two items for education and political action work with all groups in every community — labor or non-labor.

The CIO Department of Education and Research is trying to use all educational techniques for working on the problem of discrimination.

The attached coupon is for your convenience in ordering both items. Enclose check or money order for $11.00 for your copies of both of these two items.

Fraternally yours,

George T. Guernsey

George T. Guernsey
Associate Director of Education

19

13 - Go - Misc -
Goodwin, George

November 24, '48

Mr. George Goodwin
The Atlanta Journal
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mr. Goodwin,

You called the other day about the case in Montgomery County.

Dr. R. L. Russell, of the Georgia Interracial Commission, has been in touch with a reliable person in the County. The information obtained is that Dr. Russell's correspondent had no personal doubt that the case was one of cold-blooded murder. It appears to be the case that some 450 Negroes did vote, although the papers had said that the Negro who was killed was the only one who had voted. It was believed in the County that had the charge been manslaughter convictions would have resulted. In the trial no mention was made of voting. The plea was self-defense.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

13 - 90 - Mis
Gwynn, J. M.

December 13, 1948
Dict. December 10

Mr. J. Minor Gwynn, Director
Curriculum Laboratory
School of Education
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Gwynn:

Thank you for your letter of December 3.

My plan was late in getting me to Chapel Hill, and I had an early engagement in Durham. Guy Johnson and I walked wistfully past your office, at a time of day when we opined you would not be there, and I charged Guy to get in touch with you about the pamphlets.

Meanwhile, I will recall that I can make a friend, next time I get to Chapel Hill.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA
CHAPEL HILL

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION

December 3, 1948.

Mr. George S. Mitchell,
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

We wish to thank you for sending us promptly the most recent list of your publications, with indication that all of them are still in stock.

We also wish to thank you for enclosing some samples with your letter of your material; namely,

Race and Suffrage in the South Since 1940

An Honest Answer in the Civil Rights Controversy

Wanted: The South's Future for the Nation

Wanted: An Educated South

Housing in the South

The Condition of our Rights

After we have looked over your list, we shall put in our next order those materials which will bring up-to-date ~~and~~ representive publications of your group.

I looked forward to meeting you when you were in Chapel Hill on Monday, November 29; and I asked the young lady who is acting as my part-time secretary to look out for you if you came while I was on class. However, she reported that no one came by to see me from the Southern Regional Council on that day. If you get up this way again, I shall be pleased to have the opportunity to talk with you for a while.

Sincerely yours,

J. Minor Gwynn

JMG:slp

J. Minor Gwynn, Director
Curriculum Laboratory

12-g-Misc-Gillespie, Caroline Lee
Dec 18

December 14, 1948

Miss Caroline Lee Gillespie
c/o American Red Cross
Augusta, Georgia

Dear Caroline:

Come ahead. Delighted to see you. I shan't be at the office Saturday morning, but shall be at home.

Simply come on out -- 906 Lullwater Road.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

RECEIVED
DEC 14 1947
Southern Regional Council

c/o American Red Cross
Augusta, Georgia
December 12, 1948

My dear Dr. Mitchell:

I am to be in Atlanta on December 17, 1948 for conference with Personnel Service in Area Headquarters. That will consume the day.

If it will be possible to see you, I want to plan to stay overnight. Will you be available on December 18? I have to return here by the morning of December 19 and can get an overnight train out of Atlanta on the night of the eighteenth —

Please let me know as quickly as possible in that I shall need to make a hotel reservation and train reservation - both of which are dependent therupon —

Very sincerely yours
Caroline Lee Gillespie

12-g-Misc. -
Gillespie, Caroline Lee

November 4, 1948
Dict. November 1

Miss Caroline Lee Gillespie
American Red Cross
Augusta Chapter
Municipal Auditorium
Augusta, Georgia

Dear Caroline:

We are glad you are back in Georgia.

New South being changed so as to reach you.

Come and see us when you get to Atlanta, at home and at the Council.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

AMERICAN RED CROSS
AUGUSTA CHAPTER
MUNICIPAL AUDITORIUM
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

Dr George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta Georgia

RECEIVED
OCT 27 1948
RECEIVED
Southern Regional Council

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

At last I have returned to the south after some months of work in the Northwest on Disaster. I am here on a temporary assignment — still hoping to find some way to move into the Bi-racial field by the first of the year. My inability to find the way disturbs me.

Meanwhile will you kindly ask that my SRC literature be sent to me here. I shall have to take some time to catch up with all that has happened since April.

I often recall the pleasant evening I spent in your home. Please give Mrs. Mitchell my regards and ask her to accept my belated thanks for her hospitality.

Very sincerely yours,
Caroline Lee Gillespie.

Gillespie, Caroline

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a full-rate Telegram or Cablegram unless its deferred character is indicated by a suitable symbol above or preceding the address.

WESTERN UNION

JOSEPH L. EGAN
PRESIDENT

1201

SYMBOLS

DL = Day Letter
NL = Night Letter
LC = Deferred Cable
NLT = Cable Night Letter
Ship Radiogram

The filing time shown in the date line on telegrams and day letters is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

QA92

Q LLN51 PD=ALBANY GA 8 1112A

DLO APR 8 AM 11 45

TU ATLANTA

DR GEORGE S MITCHELL=
63 AUBURN AVE NORTHEAST TU ATLA=

LATE TRAIN PREVENTS APPOINTMENT TODAY WILL CALL SOON AS POSSIBLE=

CAROLINE GILLESPIE.

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE

G-
Gillespie, Caroline

Sarasota, Fla
April 6, 1948

Dr George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

RECEIVED
APR 7 1948
Southern Regional Council

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I am due to arrive in Atlanta at 9 A.M. on April 8, 1948. As soon as my train gets in I shall call you. I hope I can see you in the morning of the same day.

Very sincerely yours,
Caroline Lee Gillespie

G-
Gillespie C.L.

March 19, 1948

Miss Caroline Lee Gillespie
632 Riverside Avenue
Jacksonville, Florida

Dear Miss Gillespie:

So far as I know now, I shall be in Atlanta Thursday and Friday, March 25 and 26 and Thursday and Friday, April 8 and 9. It would be very nice to talk with you then or at any other time.

It was very kind of you to pay your dues and give us the three dollars extra. We appreciate it.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:eb

AMERICAN RED CROSS

DUVAL COUNTY CHAPTER
301 Consolidated Building
JACKSONVILLE 2, FLORIDA

March 17, 1948

RECEIVED
MAR 18 1948
SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL

Dr. George Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, Southeast
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I appreciate your reply to my letter in January 1948, and the subsequent suggestion which you made to the South Carolina Division of the Southern Regional Council regarding the possibility of my working with them.

You probably know that, because of changes effected in this agency, it seemed wisest for me to rescind my resignation which I had submitted as of March 1, 1948. I agreed to remain here until such time as the chapter would be able to find someone to take over the work on a permanent basis. It would now seem indicated that this will be done in May.

As you know, I was very much interested in the possibility of working with the Council, but I felt that the particular opening was questionable. I was informed that the ground work had not been sufficiently laid in local groups to make it possible to do a successful job in the securing of new memberships for the Council. At the same time, new memberships would have been expected to more than meet the cost of the undertaking. For these reasons, I questioned the feasibility of the plan.

I hope to be in Atlanta on either a Thursday or Friday within the next three weeks. I still hope that it will be possible for me to find suitable work in the bi-racial field. I should like to arrange my trip to Atlanta when it would be possible for me to see you. Will you please let me know what dates you would be available, and when it would be most convenient?

With kindest regards and very best wishes, I am

Very sincerely yours,

Caroline Lu Gillespie

Caroline Gillespie (Miss)
Home Service Director
Duval County Chapter

$5.00 bonded a work. wrote S. app.

CG:rsb

Reply to:
632 Riverside Ave.
Jacksonville, Fla.

12-9-Misc Girl Scouts
Tickler
Jan 15 '48

GIRL SCOUTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

National Branch Office for Georgia, Florida, North and South Carolina
JULIETTE LOW REGION VI
795 Peachtree St., N. E.
Atlanta 5, Georgia

December 16, 1948

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

We do appreciate your letter of December 8 in which you gave us a report of Mrs. E. Richard Carhart's visit to your office this fall. Following Mrs. Carhart's conference with you she came to the National Branch Office and gave us a report of the cooperative planning which you did jointly. We might mention the fact that she was much impressed with the activities of the Southern Regional Council and expressed a desire for this office to cooperate with your council whenever and wherever possible.

We also appreciate the list of publications. Some time immediately following the first of the year we shall contact you concerning the procedure to follow in making these publications available to some of the local councils in Region VI (North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida).

Sincerely yours,

Bettie Brooks

Bettie Brooks
Member National Staff
Director Region VI

BB/lv

cc: Field Department

RECEIVED
DEC 18 1947
Southern Regional Council

12-g-misc-
Girl Scouts

December 16, 1948

Mrs. E. Richard Carhart, Adviser
Community Relations Division
Girl Scouts of the United States of America
155 East 44th Street
New York 17, New York

Dear Mrs. Carhart:

I have never thanked you for your kind letter of November 17, which gave us the names of your various regional directors.

I have written each of them and expressed a hope that the Council could be of assistance to them.

It was a pleasure to have you here. Do come again, and let us help any of your people in any way that you may seek.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

GIRL SCOUTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS 155 EAST 44TH STREET TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 2-2505

New York 17·N·Y·

November 17, 1948.

RECEIVED
22 1948
Southern Regional Council

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432 - 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 1, Georgia.

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Thank you for your letter of November 4, in which you bring to our attention the problem in Bartow, Fla. I am writing to Miss Bettie Brooks, the Director of Girl Scout Region VI - whose address is 795 Peachtree St., N.E., Atlanta 5. Bartow is a Lone Troop community, with no Girl Scout Council organization. Since I am unfamiliar with the Regional plans for covering this community, it is better that the follow-up be made through the Regional Office.

Your ears have probably been burning many times since your conference with me. I have had the opportunity to talk to many people about the work of your Council, with which I am increasingly impressed.

Attached you will find a list of the names of directors of the Girl Scout Regions in which the states covered by your Council lie. I sincerely hope that the Girl Scouts and the Southern Regional Council will have many opportunities to work together.

Thank you again for all the time and information you have given me.

Best wishes for the success of the great work you are doing.

Sincerely yours,

Mary Lee Rife Carhart

Mrs. E. Richard Carhart
Adviser
Community Relations Division

MLRC-MM
Encl: List

RECEIVED
22 1948
Southern Regional Council

DIRECTORS OF GIRL SCOUT REGIONS TOUCHED BY SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.

GIRL SCOUT REGION		GIRL SCOUT REGIONAL DIRECTOR	STATES
III	-	Mrs. Ronald Leslie Girl Scouts of the United States of America 1750 New York Ave., N.W. Washington, D. C.	Virginia
IV	-	Miss Eleanor McKay Girl Scouts of the United States of America 7829 Euclid Ave. Cleveland 3, Ohio	Kentucky
V	-	Miss Lenore Amerman Girl Scouts of the United States of America 422 Goodwyn Institute Bldg. Memphis 3, Tenn.	Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Tennessee. (whole region)
VI	-	Miss Bettie Brooks Girl Scouts of the United States of America 795 Peachtree St., N.E. Atlanta 5, Georgia	Florida, Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina (whole region)
IX	-	Miss Eunice Prien Girl Scouts of the United States of America 1128 Liberty Bank Bldg. Dallas 1, Texas.	Oklahoma and Texas.

(CRD-11/17/48)

12-9-Misc. —
Gardner, Jamie

December 17, 1948

Mr. Jamie Gardner
Box 267
Emory University, Georgia

Dear Jamie:

I told Dr. Mitchell about the conference you're going to and we talked about the possibility of having some of the Council's printed things there. I remember that when I used to go to UCYM conferences there was a lot of literature available, with one or more persons looking after it.

Since we don't know that there will be provision for handling literature at your conference, though, we thought perhaps it would be better not to take a shot in the dark. At any rate, we are sending several of our publications to you, with a list of them all. Many church and student groups are finding the civil rights material and other pamphlets useful in study and discussion groups. We are anxious for them to be used more by such groups.

So you will have to be our ambassador at the conference! I know it will be an exciting one. You are probably in the throes of exams now, but if you want more information or extra copies of any of the material, let us know before you go home for Christmas. And don't forget that you are to give me a full report, come January.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth Taylor

12-g-misc-
Gibson, John W.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY
WASHINGTON

January 25, 1949

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Thank you for your memorandum of January 17th in relation to workers' education and the suggestion on hearings. I'll pass it along to our people responsible for that program in the Bureau of Labor Statistics. You will no doubt hear from them.

Sincerely,

John W. Gibson

John W. Gibson

12-G-Misc
Gibson, John M.

January 17, 1949

Hon. John M. Gibson
U. S. Department of Labor
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Gibson:

This rehearses the point of our conversation in Washington some days ago about workers' education in the South.

I should like to hasten the day when the South will see that workers' education is a necessary and legitimate service incident to a thriving industrial economy.

As a measure toward that realization, it occurred to me that when, as, and if legislative hearings are held on the bill to assist workers' education with a federal grant, one day of such hearings be given over to testimony from southern institutions and individuals interested in workers' education.

Sincerely yours,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

13-Go-Misc-
Grissette, Felix A

February 8, 1949

Mr. Felix A. Grisette, Director
Health Publications Institute
216 North Dawson Street
Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Grisette:

My apologies for letting my travels delay replying to your kind letter of January 14.

Here is a copy of the New South article about farm ownership, and another of our latest one, this time about equal schools.

We are interested in downing venereal disease. Could you send us useful things?

JS- Note noted JTS
MET

Sincerely yours,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t
enclosure

hpi

Health Publications Institute

SUCCESSORS TO VENEREAL DISEASE EDUCATION INSTITUTE

Research Evaluation Publishers Distributors

216 NORTH DAWSON STREET, RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

January 14, 1949

George Mitchell, Director
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I have noted with interest in the newspapers comments regarding your writings on the increased number of farm owners in the South. I believe the title of this article is NEW SOUTH. If possible, I should like to obtain a copy of this resume.

Thank you for this service.

Yours sincerely,

Felix A. Grisette

Felix A. Grisette
Director

jw

RECEIVED
JAN 18 1949
Southern Regional Council

13-80-1 Misc-
Griffin, G. L.

EXTENSION DEPARTMENT
CHRISTIAN TRAINING
GILBERT L. GUFFIN, TH.D.
DIRECTOR

Howard College

Birmingham 6, Alabama

February 10, 1949

RECEIVED
FEB 16 1949
Southern Regional Council

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Room 432
Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Let me thank you for sending me a selection of your pamphlets for examination and possible use in the work of this Department.

I have not had time as yet to read the pamphlets, but from a brief examination of them, I judge they contain information of value. I shall be pleased to make whatever use I can of them.

Cordially yours,

Gilbert L. Guffin

Gilbert L. Guffin
Director Extension Department

GLG/a

13-90-Music-Guffin, Gilbert

Sending:
Healthy South, Tenth Man, Housing in South, Condition, Educated South, Vance, Raper, price list, New South: Oct. 47, May 48, Dec.-Jan.

February 3, 1949

Mr. Gilbert Guffin
7707 Fourth Avenue, South
Birmingham 6, Alabama

Dear Mr. Guffin:

I spent a day last week at Mercer, and had the pleasure of talking with Mr. Harry V. Smith, Alumni Secretary there, about the new Extension Program for Baptist ministers in Georgia. Our Council thought of itself as a possible source of text or reading material for some of the Extension meetings.

Mr. Smith was kind enough to say that I might write to you (as I have already to him) sending a selection of our pamphlets and expressing the hope that you would be good enough to look through them and see whether any of them would be useful for the courses in Alabama.

I send separately a number of our things.

They have all been painstakingly prepared in a spirit of tolerance and, I may say, with some sense of history. It has also been in the mind of those who have worked them up that they would often be used by church connected groups.

If the Council itself or its publications can be of any assistance to you, we would like to.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSMst

cc: Dr. Hugh Brimm

13-80-Misc-
Green, H. C.

February 15, 1949

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Green
Pembroke, North Carolina

Dear H. C.:

I stopped by Mr. Slack's office the other day in Raleigh and the girls told me that you and Mrs. Green are going to take up farming on your own.

I am sorry for you to leave Pembroke.

Write me sometime just exactly where the Green estate is going to be. I would greatly like to have a visit sometime with the two of you.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:t

13 - 80 - Misc -
Goldstein Joseph S.

March 21, 1949

Mr. Joseph J. Goldstein
Curriculum Office
School District of Philadelphia
The Board of Public Education
Parkway at Twenty-First Street
Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Goldstein:

We appreciate your letter of March 11 and believe your open - mindedness studies are highly valuable. We shall be greatful for any further results you can send us.

I am enclosing the issue of our monthly magazine, New South, which deals with the subject of Intercultural Education and hope it will be interesting to you. I am also sending along a circular describing our latest publication, The Home Town Self - Survey. This Manual pretty well represents our approach to inter - group relations in the South.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Jane P. Simpson
Director of Research

JPS:nh

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF PHILADELPHIA
THE BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION
PARKWAY AT TWENTY-FIRST STREET
ZONE 3

CURRICULUM OFFICE

March 11, 1949

Miss Margaret Price
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Miss Price:

About a year ago you were kind enough to send me some materials published by your organization. In your letter which accompanied your material you asked that I send you copies of any material produced by the Open-mindedness Study. I am enclosing herewith the most recent of our publications. I should appreciate any reaction which you may have of these materials.

Very sincerely yours,

Joseph J. Goldstein

JOSEPH J. GOLDSTEIN

Curriculum Assistant for
the Open-mindedness Study

Aug '48 NS circular

RECEIVED
MAR 14 1949
Southern Regional Council

12 - G-Misc
Gerrard

29 March 1949

Miss Martha W. Gerrard
148 Batavia Hall
Oak Ridge, Tennessee

Dear Miss Gerrard:

Thank you for your letter of March 24. Sorry we had such confusion about Mr. Bryan.

His address is:

Mr. Ellis B. Bryan
200 Town Hall
Oak Ridge, Tennessee

Thanks so much for delivering all the material for us.

We shall be interested to hear what you think about the suggestions and ideas which I wrote you about last week.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Jane P. Simpson
Research Assistant

148 Bolivia Hall
Oak Ridge, Tenn.
March 24, 1949

Miss Jane P. Simpson
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

RECEIVED
MAR 25
Southern Regional Council

Dear Miss Simpson:

When I returned to Oak Ridge after a trip out of town I found the packet of literature and your letter of March 4 explaining that it was for Mr. Bryan. I also had a letter from Mrs. Haven saying she had written Mr. Bryan. Since you probably by now have Mr. Bryan's address — and since I don't seem to be able to find out which of the various Bryans he is — I wonder if you would mind dropping me a card with his address so I can turn over the material to him?

Sincerely,

Martha W. Gerrard

Mr. Ellis B. Bryan
200 Town Hall
Oak Ridge, Tenn.

12-9-Misc-
Gilbert, Rev. Wm. L.

April 21, 1949

The Rt. Rev. William L. Gilbert
Bishop of New York
The Synod House
Cathedral Heights
New York 25, New York

My dear Bishop Gilbert:

Mr. R. P. Daniel, who is chairman of the Florida Division of the Southern Regional Council, sent you sometime ago various things about the Council.

I add now a few others to bring you up to date.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

Jan., Feb., Mar. NS, punch, Church Steeple to Capitol Dome

GSM Mid-March, 1949

Mrs. Havens told me, mid-March, 1949, that Mr. R. P. Daniel at Jacksonville had had recent occasion to be in conference with the Rt. Rev. Wm. L. Gilbert, Bishop of New York. Office: The Synod House
Cathedral Heights
New York 25, New York

It was the day after our money-raising meeting in Jacksonville and Mr. Daniel talked at length to the Bishop about the Council. Gilbert was greatly interested, and asked for pamphlet material to be sent him. This has been arranged.

done 4/21/49

13 — Bo Misc
Gundlach, Adelaide

May 9, 1949

Miss Adelaide Gundlach
Registrar
Berea College
Berea, Kentucky

Dear Miss Gundlach:

I am sorry not to get to Berea this time, but will hope for an opportunity next year.

Thank you for Mrs. Peck's name. I am sending her things about the Council.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

BEREA COLLEGE • BEREA • KENTUCKY
OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR

May 6, 1949

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

So sorry that we cannot seem to make connections on this trip. Our schedule is so full that there seems no chance for another meeting with students, much as we would like to arrange it. We'll hope for more opportunities in the coming year.

You may be interested to know (if you do not know it already) that on my suggestion we are introducing a course in our summer program to be called "Problems of the South." It is to be taught by Mrs. Elisabeth S. Peck, one of our most popular teachers. You might send her something on the Southern Regional Council.

With regret that we won't be seeing you this time,

Sincerely,

Adelaide Gundlach

Adelaide Gundlach
Registrar

AG:ag

RECEIVED
MAY 9 1949
Southern Regional Council

13 Go - Misc
Gundlach, Adelaide

May 4, 1949

Miss Adelaide Gundlach
Berea College
Registrar's Office
Berea, Kentucky

Dear Miss Gundlach:

Thanks a lot for your letter.

I get the shivers about unloading from that morning train at an unearthly 4 AX, and even after a nap at the Boone Tavern, being on tap at midday, and then hurrying over to Lexington for a major talk that evening.

My plan now is to go straight on up to Lexington the 10th and be at my meeting the 10th, at the University of Kentucky the 11th, and at Frankfort the 12th. If you want me at Berea for some or all of the 13th, I will be glad to come. Then I can take that night train down from Berea and get on in to Atlanta.

If things are so arranged that I am of little use to you on the 13th, let me know and I will come on back from the Lexington area directly.

My last day here to get your reply will be Monday, May 9.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

BEREA COLLEGE

REGISTRAR'S OFFICE

May 3, 1949

MEMORANDUM George S. Mitchell:

I was delighted to receive your letter upon my return to the campus. It happens that next Tuesday, May 10th, is our annual "Labor Day" when we have a program directed toward our system of student labor in Berea. It is an interesting occasion and I believe you would enjoy being here for it. Unfortunately it means that we have a special chapel program planned for the morning: 9:30 - Procession by Labor Departments; 10:15 Labor Day Exercises in the chapel with Mr. T.J. Wood, a vice-president of Proctor and Gamble as the speaker.

My thought is that following the exercises, we could gather together a group of interested students who would take their noon meal in our small separate diningroom where you could talk or discuss with them informally. Our chapel committee chairman is interested in the plan and hopes that you will find it worth while to come over. We could set the hour at 12 or 12:30, and then have plenty of time for discussion after the meal. Because of the special day we shall not be having classes. The afternoon is devoted to labor contests which are held in the men's gymnasium. I believe you would enjoy the day here.

If you come on the early morning train it won't be necessary for you to camp on the porch as we can arrange a room for you at Boone Tavern. Just drop me a line if you wish us to go ahead with these arrangements.

Sincerely,

Adelaide Fundlach

13 Go - Misc
Gundlach, Adelaide

April 25, 1949

Miss Adelaide Gundlach
Berea College
Berea, Kentucky

Dear Miss Gundlach:

You wrote me weeks ago that if I got up into your territory I was to let you know, as you might want to use me for some sort of student meeting or other.

I am to take part in the meeting of the Catholic Committee of the South at Lexington, May 10 and 11. That's Tuesday and Wednesday.

As far as I can see, I am not needed in Lexington until the late afternoon of the 10th, so the morning of the 10th would be available for any use Berea might make of me. Tentatively, I ought to be available the evening of the 11th or, if necessary, the morning of the 12th.

I have made my only good speech at Berea three times. So I don't know what is left over. But I could talk about a positive program for the South, or about democracy (which I remember detailing to a small group at Berea over a year ago).

If it is a Tuesday morning meeting I am to be at, I could ride that pre-dawn train up and camp on the porch of the Daniel Boone from 4:30 a.m. until breakfast-time. Alternatively, I would hope that if I am to be used at Berea after I have got to Lexington, somebody would come and get me in an auto.

I am willing to get that close to Berea and not be used, but I do enjoy the college and the folks.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:t

13 - Go - Misc
Gunter, Marcus H.

May 23, 1949

Mr. Marcus H. Gunter
916 First Avenue, South
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Marcus:

I have inquired around a little about your brother's chances.

I understand the Civil Service Commission has been asked to construct a register which will be a proper step toward getting a civil service status for some people already employed in the relevant part of the Public Health Service and will also serve as a source of recruitment for any future vacancies. I don't know whether there are any vacancies at the moment.

I am inclined to think that as your brother has sixteen years' experience, he has a good chance to get very high on the register, which should make him quite eligible for any vacancies that might appear in his work hereabouts. I am not inclined to think that a vacancy would be opened to him in an automatic way.

Here is a copy of the recent Executive Order about these matters. It should be closely observed that this for the first time opens the right of appeal to persons who have merely applied for federal positions, and feel they have been discriminated against.

The best advice that I have is that your brother hasten the assigning to him of a numberial rating. If it is high, and he is not then within a reasonable time called, he should consider the use of his right of appeal. Of course that should not be done until after he had exhausted whatever

personal efforts he might care to make toward being fully considered.

The Council is interested to see this machinery work in general, and we will be glad to serve your brother with advice if he should wish it.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

13 Go - Misc.
Griffin, John A.

EMORY UNIVERSITY
EMORY UNIVERSITY, GEORGIA

RECEIVED
JUN 1 1949
Southern Regional Council

May 31, 1949

Dr. George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
Wesley Memorial Church Building
Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear George:

We are delighted that you are coming to the Clinic. We are reserving a place for you at the dinner, 6:30, Thursday night.

Sincerely,

John G.

The Planning Committee
John A. Griffin, Secretary

G/p

July 20, 1949

Mrs. B. E. Mays
820 West Fair Street, S.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Mays:

Here, with much pleasure, is ten dollars ($10.00) toward the Girl Scout camp.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

Enclosure: check in amount of $10.00

12 - L - Juice
Girl Scouts

820 West Fair Street, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia
June 3, 1949

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

This letter comes to ask your help in purchasing and equipping a year-round Girl Scout Camp to serve Atlanta Negroes.

An unknown donor offers $2,500 which we can claim only when we have secured $10,000. A complete, adequate camp to serve 100 people at a time will cost $30,000.

Please contribute $10.00 or as much more as possible for this project. There is a great need for outdoor experiences for crowded, underprivileged people.

A camp can serve any number of people and organizations.

Please help us with this much needed project.

Sincerely yours,

B. E. Mays

(Mrs.) B. E. Mays

A gift will be an investment in a new life for many people.

B. E. Mays

RECEIVED
JUL 20 1949
Southern Regional Council

12 - g - misc - Girl Scouts

GIRL SCOUTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS 155 EAST 44TH STREET TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 2-2505

New York 17 · N · Y ·

February 21, 1949

RECEIVED FEB 25 1949 Southern Regional Council

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

We appreciate your sending us the information about places where it might be possible for us to have resident interracial conferences. We are sharing this information with two of our regional directors, Miss Lenore Amerman of Memphis, Tennessee and Miss Bettie Brooks of Atlanta, Georgia. We are including your cautionary remark. We feel sure that this information will be used as confidential material.

We will write to the people you suggested in your letter for further information.

We sincerely appreciate your cooperation in this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Besse S. Kranz

Besse S. Kranz
Adviser
Community Relations Division

BSK:awb

12-9-Misc-
Girl Scouts

February 14, 1949

Mrs. Besse S. Kranz, Adviser
Community Relations Division
Girl Scouts of the USA
155 East 44th Street
New York 17, New York

Dear Mrs. Kranz:

You will understand that the matter of resident interracial conferences is necessarily a subject for careful consultation between agencies wishing facilities for such conferences and people having the facilities. A list of places where such meetings have been held, if given wide distribution, might quite well result in lessening the number of places available.

With that cautionary remark, I can tell you of various spots about the South which I have known of as having made facilities available:

Warren Wilson College, Swannanoa, North Carolina. The college has considerable support from Northern Presbyterian Church circles.

Black Mountain College, Black Mountain, North Carolina.

Gammon Theological Seminary, Atlanta, Georgia. (Trains ministers for the Central Jurisdiction of the Methodist Church, which is to say, for the Negro part of the Methodist Church.)

Highlander Folk School, Monteagle, Tennessee.

Pleasant Hill Academy, Pleasant Hill, Tennessee. (My recollection is that most of the facilities there have lately become the property of the county school system, but the American Missionary Association in New York retains their link with the Academy and, if I am not mistaken, still owns a building or two there.

The Fellowship of Southern Churchmen (c/o Nelle Morton, Chapel Hill, North Carolina) owns a property near Black Mountain, North Carolina, now being developed, which it is expected will be available for such meetings.

At one time or another and under restrictions of varying complication, the Blue Ridge Association, Black Mountain, North Carolina, and some of the facilities at Lake Junaluska, North Carolina (linked with the Methodist Church) have been available.

It is frequently possible to hold meetings of this kind at various of the Negro colleges and universities. In this connection I think of Atlanta University, Paine College (Augusta, Georgia), Fisk University (Nashville, Tennessee), and doubtless others that I do not know of.

Other persons who might be able to supply more information would be Brownie Lee Jones, Southern School for Workers, 14 North 9th Street, Richmond, Virginia, and Rosalie Oakes, YWCA Southern Regional Office, Wesley Memorial Building, Atlanta.

Rosalie Oakes has some official responsibilities in the Southern YWCA for collecting information as to available places.

If our Council office here or our various people in charge of state divisions and affiliated state committees could help you, we would all be glad to do so.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

GIRL SCOUTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS 155 EAST 44TH STREET TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 2-2505

New York 17·N·Y·

February 4, 1949

RECEIVED FEB 7 1949 Southern Council

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

You may remember that Mrs. E. Richard Carhart, Adviser of the Community Relations Division of our organization, had the pleasure of meeting you when she was in Atlanta last fall. We have been writing to various agencies who have arranged for and had successful interracial meetings in the border and southern states. This information that we have received we are compiling for the use of our national staff in the border and southern regions to guide them in their plans for interracial conferences, meetings and courses for adult personnel.

If you have any information which we could add to this compilation of places where interracial groups may meet, we would appreciate it.

Sincerely yours,

Besse S. Kranz

Mrs. Besse S. Kranz
Adviser
Community Relations Division

BSK:awb

13-So-Mix-
Girl Scouts

January 12, 1949

Miss Lenore Amerman
Regional Director
Girl Scouts, Region V
424 Goodwyn Institute Building
Memphis 3, Tennessee

Dear Miss Amerman:

That was mighty kind of you to send in your office membership for the Council for the coming year.

We are sending out also "Singers in the Dawn."

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

f-c
Cac 1-24-49

GSM:t

DIXIE REGION V
Alabama • Arkansas
Louisiana • Mississippi
Tennessee

GIRL SCOUTS

NATIONAL BRANCH OFFICE
424 Goodwyn Institute Building
Memphis 3, Tennessee
Telephone 5-4085

January 6, 1949

RECEIVED
JAN 10 1949
Southern Regional Council

Mr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Incorporated
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

My dear Mr. Mitchell:

Thank you for your letter of December 8th regarding the visit of Mrs. Carhart to your headquarters. Please forgive my long delay in acknowledging your letter as I have just returned from my vacation.

Enclosed you will find a check to cover the cost of membership for this office for the coming year and an order for one of your pamphlets. We have a good many of your materials in our library at present, since we were formerly subscribers to the NEW SOUTH. It is an excellent magazine and one to which I refer frequently for speech materials and other research purposes.

If your work should bring you to Memphis, it would be a great pleasure to have you call on us at the National Branch Office.

With all best wishes for a good New Year,

Cordially yours,

Lenore Amerman

Lenore Amerman
Regional Director
Member National Field Staff

LA:pc

enclosures

13 Go-Misc
Guy, Robert

August 3, 1949

Mr. Robert Guy
Ridgecrest Baptist Assembly
Ridgecrest, North Carolina

Dear Mr. Guy:

I shall be very grateful if you could find sleeping space for me for the night of August 22, in connection with the meeting of the Social Service Commission of the Southern Baptist Convention, which I want to attend.

Dr. Hugh Brimm has kindly invited me to be present.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

13-A o Misc
Graham, Frank

August 8, 1949

The Honorable Frank Graham
United States Congress
Washington, D. C.

Dear Frank:

Here is an interesting account of the lynching at Irwinton, Georgia and overleaf some analysis of possible legislation.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

Enclosure

13 - Ga, Inc
Graham, Frank P.

PAT MCCARRAN, NEV., CHAIRMAN
HARLEY M. KILGORE, W. VA.
JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS.
WARREN G. MAGNUSON, WASH.
J. HOWARD MCGRATH, R. I.
BERT H. MILLER, IDAHO
HERBERT R. O'CONOR, MD.
FRANK P. GRAHAM, N. C.
ALEXANDER WILEY, WIS.
WILLIAM LANGER, N. DAK.
HOMER FERGUSON, MICH.
FORREST C. DONNELL, MO.
WILLIAM E. JENNER, IND.
J. G. SOURWINE, COUNSEL

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

April 22, 1949

Mr.George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Your letter of April 18th was received and brought to the attention of Senator Graham just before he left for North Carolina for two weeks of rest. As you may know, he became ill with pneumonia soon after coming to Washington and was confined to the hospital for about three weeks.

He regretted that he was not in position to write you in person and express his appreciation for your communication, and the enclosure. Since his condition prevented this, he asked me to tell you how much it meant to him to have your personal thoughts and good wishes at this time.

He sends his best wishes.

Sincerely,

John D. McConnell

John D. McConnell
Administrative Assistant to
Senator Frank P. Graham

RECEIVED
APR 25 1949
Southern Regional Council

12 - G, Misc
Georgia Conference on
Social Welfare

August 15, 1949

Mrs. Mary Kate Duskin, Treasurer
37 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Duskin:

I have taken note of the meeting of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare.

Here are my dues.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

Enclosure: check in amount of three dollars ($3.00).

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE

607-11 Chamber of Commerce Building

Atlanta, Georgia

RECEIVED
AUG 15 1949
Southern Regional Council

August 6, 1949

To: Members of Georgia Conference on Social Welfare

Subject: State Conference, October 25 and 26, 1949
Wesley Memorial Church, Atlanta, Georgia

From: Leonard L. Young, President

1. Plans are in the making for a meeting of the State Conference of Social Welfare as stated above.

2. I hope that you will place these meeting dates on your agenda now and that we will have, in October, one of our finest State Conferences.

3. Top people in the Social Welfare world are being invited to take part as speakers and as Institute Leaders. Some of these include Margaret Meade, Loula Dunn, John J. Carson, Harry O. Page, Frances Dwyer, Dr. Hayes A. Richardson, Al E. Rose, Dr. Leon Ferber, Joseph Anderson, and others.

4. Your part in the success of the Conference is to be here taking part in an Institute and discussing and keeping abrest of the social work times by listening to the speakers on such subjects as "Human Security - Its Attainment" and "Laymen and Professional Workers in a Cooperative Program for Human Security". This Institute schedule will be announced soon. You will have difficulty in deciding which to attend, they are all so good.

5. This is a crucial year for the Georgia Conference. Its very existence may depend upon the demonstration of your interest as a member and as a participant.

6. A prompt payment of your membership dues will be a great help now. Individual memberships are $3.00. Agency memberships are $5.00 and up.

Make checks payable to: Mary Kate Duskin, Treasurer
37 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

12-G-Misc
Gershon, Mrs Harry

August 29, 1949

Mrs. Harry M. Gershon
1590 Harvard Road, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Rebecca,

Here is the Bainbridge article.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:wgd

Enclosure

12 G- Misc
Gershon, Mrs Harry M.

May 5, 1949

Mrs. Harry M. Gershon
1590 Harvard Road, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Reb:

You wanted to know about the Council's sources of income.

The Council was organized in February, 1944, taking over the files of the former Commission on Interracial Cooperation, which went back to 1919.

I have gone through the audits of the Council for 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, and 1948. The 1944 audit showed as the two major sources of income the Julius Rosenwald Fund and the General Education Board. These two between them totaled $29,500. The whole income for 1944 was $34,849. Other sources of income which filled the gap were: The American Missionary Association (of the Congregational Church), the Phelps-Stokes Fund, the Woman's Auxiliary, Synod of Virginia, Presbyterian Church U.S., Board of Education of the Methodist Church, and the Commission on Interracial Cooperation. Smaller amounts came from the sale of publications, membership dues, membership contributions and non-membership contributions. The two items of membership contributions and non-membership contributions totaled $947.

In the audits for subsequent years, the following were the additional sources of income which appeared:

Protestant Episcopal Church, Province of Sewanee
Woman's Division of Christian Service of the Methodist Church
Division of Home Missions and Church Extension of the Methodist Church

(continued on next page)

(continued)
Committee on Woman's Work, Presbyterian Church U. S.
Alexandria, Virginia Committee on Interracial Cooperation
Ashby Jones Memorial Fund
Edgar Stern Family Fund
Estate of Esther Morton Smith
Catholic Committee of the South
Fisk University ($100 in 1945, for an exhibit)
Lecture fees by George Mitchell
Various local bodies of the Woman's Society of Christian Service of the Methodist Church
Various dioceses of the Protestant Episcopal Church
One or two individual parishes of the Protestant Episcopal Church
Various of our own State Divisions of the Council, and two or three State Interracial Commissions

In 1949 thus far we have received income from nearly all of the above groups, with the exception of the General Education Board. In addition, we have had an important contribution from the Marion R. Ascoli Fund, from the Cardinal Archbishop of Chicago, and the Catholic Missionary Union.

We have had also a substantial appropriation ($3,000) from an anonymous southern philanthropic foundation, receipt of which will be contingent upon our raising a matching $3,000. This appropriation is for the express purpose of promoting and servicing surveys in smaller cities and towns over the South.

So far as the audits reveal and so far as my recollection goes, that exhausts the list of what might be called institutional givers to the Southern Regional Council.

We have had an increasingly generous flow of personal contributions, most of them quite small, from members and friends, all but a very small part of them resident in the South.

This year, as you know, we asked each of our members to give $10 to the Council. We have 3,200 members, comprising about 2,400 households (many joint memberships, husband and wife). The total number of contributions received in this "$10 campaign" has been thus far 230, averaging between eight and nine dollars.

In addition, we are attempting to find a hundred southern individuals who will join Dr. Howard Odum, of the University of North Carolina, in his generous offer of $250, contingent upon the finding of the other 99 such contributions. We have pledged or in hand already thirteen of these $250 contributions.

As to trade union assistance, the Council has to its regret thus far had no support from union sources. We probably have as many as fifteen or twenty trade union officers who are members of the Council, and their individual dues ($2.00 or $3.00 a year, depending upon the year) are comprised in our total revenue.

The Council welcomes support from all parts of the public. We would be greatly pleased if business concerns and trade union organizations would take an increased interest in the Council and help with its support.

If you would like financial information in greater detail, I would be glad to supply it.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

G, misc.

September 2, 1949

Georgia Power Company
75 Marietta Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

ATTENTION: City Bus Service Department

Dear Sir:

I should like to commend to you an act of courtesy of the driver of the outbound Emory Bus, at a little after four p.m., August 30.

A sudden rain storm had come up and the driver took unusual pains to give opportunity to a colored woman caught in the rain to board his bus.

The number on his fare box was 385, and I rather recall that his cap number was 595.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

12, G - Misc
Georgia Power Company

GEORGIA POWER COMPANY

ELECTRIC BUILDING

TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT
JOHN GERSON, MANAGER

ADDRESS MAIL TO
P. O. BOX 1719
ATLANTA 1, GEORGIA

ATLANTA

September 8, 1949

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.,
Room 432 - 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

This will acknowledge and thank you for your kind letter of September 2, commending one of our operators for an act of courtesy, which you observed on the afternoon of August 30.

We are always glad to get reports of this sort and we are particularly grateful to those who take the time to write to us about them.

Your letter is being referred to our Superintendent of Transportation, and I am sure that it will be a pleasure for him to let the operator know that his kindness did not go unnoticed and that we too appreciate his courtesy and thoughtfulness.

Very truly yours,

R R Edwards

R. R. Edwards
Asst. to Mgr. of Transp.

ml

cc: Mr. M. F. Jones

13- Go Ince
Goodwin, George

September 13, 1949

Mr. George Goodwin
Atlanta Journal
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Goodwin:

Enclosed is just about all the data we could assemble on the eleven topics on which you needed statistics. You will notice number ~~six~~ 3 is missing -- the item referring to the number of agricultural school graduates. This information has been requested of the Office of Education and will be sent you when it comes to our office.

Let us know if we can be of further service.

Sincerely,

(Mrs.) Norma Huff

13 Go - Misc
Goodwin, George

July 13, 1949

Mr. George Goodwin
c/o Atlanta Journal
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Goodwin:

I promised to send you a copy of the November 1948 issue of New South containing the article on changes in farm ownership. Here it is.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

Enclosure

12-G; Misc
Gastonia Gazette

September 14, 1949

Mr. James W. Atkins, Editor
Gastonia Gazette
Gastonia, N. C.

Dear Mr. Atkins:

Here is, just into print, the little pamphlet which I described to you when I had the pleasure of being in Gastonia some time ago.

You will se that on page twelve, it sets forth the Gastonia Gazette's practice as a model.

We are much cheered by news yesterday that the Southern Newspaper Publishers Association will distribute the pamphlet to all its members.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

Enclosure

13-Go-Misc
Gray, Gordon

September 14, 1949

The Honorable Gordon Gray
Secretary of the Army
Pentagon Building
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Gray:

I recall with pleasure an interview in your office in Winston-Salem, when you told me of some of the good things in the field of race relations which you had had a hand in.

It is, therefore, a great pleasure to send you a couple of copies of this new little pamphlet. We tried to make of it a manual for use in Southern Newspaper Offices.

We were delighted yesterday with news that the Southern Newspaper Publisher's Association will distribute it to all the association's members.

You will see that we have reproduced a page from the Journal and Sentinal and on page twelve have set out your device as a model.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

13 - Go - Misc
Guild Reporter

HCF

September 30, 1949

AIR MAIL

Mr. William E. Bade, Editor
The Guild Reporter
99 University Place
New York 3, New York

Dear Mr. Bade:

We are happy to send you the enclosed copy of Race in the News, and will look forward with much interest to your article on it.

Please accept our apologies for our oversight in not sending you a copy earlier. I shall certainly see that you receive promptly all of our future reports which might be of interest to the Guild Reporter.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Director of Information

HCF:t
enclosure

THE GUILD REPORTER

Official organ of the American Newspaper Guild (CIO)

99 University Place, New York 3, N. Y.

GRamercy 3-8503

119

Wilbur E. Bade, editor

Sept. 29, 1949

Mr. George Mitchell,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Auburn Ave. NE Room 432
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sir:

I noted the stories in Time and Newsweek on the report of the council on "race in the news".

Our organization is vitally interested in improving the lot of the Negro worker, and also with press performance. Under the latter heading, I would like to do a piece for The Guild Reporter, on the basis of your report.

I'd appreciate a copy of this report as early as possible, so I prepare an article.

Please keep us in mind on future reports involving the press especially.

Very truly yours,

W.E. Bade.

Bade.

RECEIVED
SEP 30 1949
Southern Regional Council

12 - Ga - Misc
Gammon Theological Seminary

GAMMON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

October 10, 1949

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

After calling you last week I became so involved in clearing up details following the Inauguration that I did not have time to come by your office as I had planned. Now, I must make a trip to the East for several days and will not be back until the end of this week. I will call you immediately upon my return.

I simply want to get a few minutes with you to talk over some possible ways in which I may be of service in helping you to work out your financial problems. I am anxious to do whatever I can.

With gratitude for your fine work, and hoping to see you soon, I am

Yours sincerely,

Harry V. Richardson

Harry V. Richardson
President

HVR/m

Dictated by Dr. Richardson
but signed in his absence.

RECEIVED
12 1949
Southern Regional Council

12-G-Inc
Gammon Theological Seminary

GAMMON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

September 14, 1949

RECEIVED
SEP 15 1949
Southern Regional Council

Mr. H. C. Fleming
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thanks for all you have done to cooperate with us in connection with the Gammon Inauguration Ceremonies. For your information, I am enclosing herewith copies of the material which I left yesterday with Mr. Lee Rogers of the Atlanta Constitution. Mr. McGill also saw the material and thought it would be helpful. Upon my return to Tuskegee Institute I will keep in touch with you until I return to Atlanta about September 30.

Yours very truly,

Albon L. Holsey
m.

Albon L. Holsey

ALH/m

Dictated by Mr. Holsey
but signed in his absence.

GAMMON: Maker Of Bishops And Church Leaders

"Light, Freedom, Truth, be ever these our own;
Light to see Truth, Freedom to make it known:
Our work God's work, Our wills His will alone".

These lines were written in 1889 by John Greenleaf Whittier especially for and dedicated to Gammon Theological Seminary on the occasion of the opening that year of the Library which is still one of the beautiful buildings on Gammon's campus. Whittier's words have become the school's motto.

Today as Gammon prepares to inaugurate Dr. Harry V. Richardson as its tenth president, the motto has become a living symbol in the lives of its graduates who through consecrated lives of service as ministers, presiding elders, bishops and church officers have penetrated the darkest areas of ignorance with the bright light of devoted Christian leadership.

GAMMON'S EARLY HISTORY

In 1866, while the South was prostrate from the Civil War and seeking an adjustment to new economic conditions, Rev. George Standing representing the Methodist Episcopal Church and the Freedmen's Aid Society opened his church's first educational and religious center at Newnan, Georgia. The immensity of his task can be

appreciated when his early reports revealed that of 250 day school and 700 Sunday school students only two could read the simplest word.

Through this heroic pioneering work the need for special training of Negro ministers was urgently recognized, but it was not until 1882 when Bishop Henry W. Warren of the Methodist Church made his headquarters in Atlanta that the first effort to provide this training was undertaken.

Officers of the Freedmen's Aid Society in 1881 purchased 500 acres of land in the suburbs of Atlanta for the use of Clark University. It was here that Bishop Warren was able to make the first modest beginning of a ministers training course.

REV. E. H. GAMMON

In 1858, Rev. E. H. Gammon, a Methodist minister in Batavia, Illinois suffered a serious bronchial affliction and had to give up his ministerial work. In order to earn a livelihood, Rev. Gammon established a business relationship with a brother-in-law who owned a wagon factory and had been experimenting with a mechanical reaper. Rev. Gammon began farm to farm canvassing for the sale of this machine and at the same time was studying and experimenting with improvements.

With borrowed capital, he opened a plant in Chicago for the manufacture of harvesting machinery. This business prospered and brought him wealth which enabled him to contribute in a tangible way towards the furtherance of the Church.

Through a mutual friend, Bishop Warren met Rev. Gammon in his Chicago office and explained to him the great need for trained religious leadership among Negroes and the opportunity offered at Clark University to open a school of theology.

And thus began a series of events which led to, first a theological hall and then finally to the organization of Gammon Theological Seminary. Rev. Mr. Gammon's first gift was $5,000 and at the time of his death had given for buildings and endowment a half million dollars.

LEADERS OF BOTH RACES SUPPORTED GAMMON

In 1886, Bishop Atticus G. Haygood, Secretary of the Slater Fund delivered the address at the formal of Gammon Theological Seminary as a separate institution. On that occasion he said, "If any man in the world needs to know his business it is the preacher of the gospel. If any preacher needs to know it, it is he whose ministry is to the most needy and ignorant of God's children.

If theological schools are good for white people with a thousand advantages, they are necessary to colored people with a thousand disadvantages."

During that early period, many distinguished clergymen and educators visited Gammon. These included many Southern white bishops, Northern white bishops, Negro bishops and other leaders. Men came to Gammon because graduates were beginning to locate in remote centers and carry on effective educational and rehabilitation work among Negroes. As one early graduate wrote:

"What I am as a minister, I owe largely to Gammon. My conception of God and humanity has been broadened and elevated. I am better prepared to see and apply the remedy for the many ills of my people".

The list of visiting speakers included such names as Booker T. Washington, President Horace Bumstead of Atlanta University, Dr. J. L. M. Curry, Dr. M. C. B. Mason, Frances E. Willard, Elbert Hubbard, Many Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, Bishops Payne, Tanner, Arnett of the A. M. E. Church; and Bishops Holsey and Williams of the C. M. E. Church.

GAMMON BUILDINGS

Reference has been made to the history of the Library which was erected in 1888 with funds donated by

Mr. Gammon. Other buildings which surround the rectangular lawn are:

Gammon Hall has been in constant use since it was dedicated in December 1883. It has been used as an administration building, class rooms and dormitory for men students. Two apartments have been used by a number of professors. President Thirkield was the first to occupy one of the apartments. They have been in constant use ever since the hall was built.

The granite used in the trimmings and foundations of this building and the Library was quarried right here on the grounds.

Thirkield Hall was built in 1923 with funds saved from endowment. It was erected by Negro builders. It has been a great addition to the Seminary since it has provided space for class rooms, administration offices and professors' offices. The chapel located in this building has some of the most beautiful stained glass windows in the city.

Bowen Hall. Built in 1915 and said to be patterned after a dining hall in Christ College, Oxford.

GAMMON'S PRESIDENTS

Wilbur P. Thirkield - 1883-1900

L. G. Atkinson - May 30, 1902-1906

J. W. E. Bowen* - October 1906-1910

S. E. Idleman - August 6, 1910-1914

P. M. Watters - 1914-1925

George H. Trever + 1926-1928

Frederick H. Clapp - 1928-1932

Willis J. King - 1932-1944

J. W. Haywood - 1944-1948

Harry V. Richardson 1948-

*Luther T. Townsend was elected July 14, 1906. Apparently due to the Atlanta riot of that year, he never took office and resigned November, 1906.

+ George H. Trever served as acting President 1925-26 and was elected as President in 1926.

GAMMON'S GRADUATES

Since its founding, more than 2,000 students have been enrolled and 1,000 have been graduated. Statistics of graduates' activities show 11 bishops, 56 college professors, 18 college presidents, 53 army chaplains, 6 editors of church papers. Several hundred have served or are serving as ministers.

GAMMON'S TENTH PRESIDENT

Dr. Harry V. Richardson who will be formally inaugurated as Gammon's tenth President inherits a rich

tradition in Gammon's history and the achievements of its graduates. He brings to Gammon a distinguished record as a scholar, preacher and maker of ministers.

Dr. Richardson's collegiate training was obtained at Western Reserve University in Cleveland and Harvard Divinity School. Graduate study was later pursued at Drew University, Madison, New Jersey where he maintained an "A" rating throughout the course leading to the Ph.D. degree. His thesis was based upon a study of the Negro rural minister in four Southern counties. This material was later condensed and published in book form entitled, "Dark Glory" which is in its second printing.

Since 1932, Dr. Richardson served as chaplain at Tuskegee Institute where he attracted national attention due to his popularity as a minister and to his leadership in organizing ministers institute and extension courses and an interracial ministerial alliance.

GAMMON'S INAUGURAL PLANS COMPLETED

Atlanta, Ga.,- When the distinguished New York prelate, Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam delivers his "charge" to Dr. Harry V. Richardson as the new President of Gammon Theological Seminary on Monday, October 3rd, it will mark the beginning of a new administration under Negro leadership. Since its founding in 1883, Gammon has had ten presidents, four of whom have been Negroes.

In recognition of Dr. Richardson's unique and effective labors delegates and visitors, both white and colored, from many sections of the country will be present on this occasion to honor him.

Presidents of colleges who are members of the United Negro College Fund will be in Atlanta at the same time for their annual meeting and will have participative and honored placed during the inaugural ceremonies. Bishops and other religious leaders are also included in the day's program.

The Trustees and faculty announce that the day's activities include a forenoon Seminar beginning at 10:00 A.M. Professor William E. Hocking of Harvard University, Dean J. Neal Hughley, North Carolina State College at

Durham and Dr. Channing H. Tobias, Executive Director, Phelps-Stokes Fund, will lead discussion of the topic, "The Needs of Present Day Theological Education." A significant feature of the discussion will be participation of young men and women, either aspirants for the ministry or those activily engaged in some form of religious education.

A luncheon honoring delegates and visitors will follow the Seminar.

Bishop J.W.E. Bowen, a Gammon graduate, will preside during the formal inaugural ceremonies which begin at 2:30 P.M. on the lawn centered among Gammon's magnificient magnolias.

Bishop Arthur J. Moore, of Atlanta, will present Bishop Oxnam. Other platform guests and speakers include Dr. H. B. Trimble, Dean, Candler School of Theology, Emory University and Chairman of Gammon's Trustee Board; Bishop R. E. Jones (Gammon, Class '97); President F. D. Patterson who will review Dr. Richardson 16 year's service as Chaplain of Tuskegee Institute; Rev. Charles H. Dubra, President Gammon's Alumni Association, J. Harold Jones II, a Gammon student, Bishop R. R. Wright, Jr. and others.

Music for the occasion will be provided by choral groups from Morehouse, Spelman, and Clark under the respective leadership of Hemper Harreld and DeKoven Killingsworth.

12-G-Misc
Gammon Theological Seminary

August 22, 1949

Mr. Harry V. Richardson, President
Gammon Theological Seminary
9 McDonough Boulevard, S. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Richardson:

Recently, in clearing out some file material left from the old Commission on Interracial Cooperation, we came across five mounted photographs of groups, making up the Gammon Training School in the year 1919.

Quite probably the files at Gammon contain copies of the same pictures, but it seemed to me that they would be of permanent interest at Gammon and should be send on to you.

I therefore, take pleasure in mailing the photographs on to you.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

12 General Education Board

GENERAL EDUCATION BOARD

FOUNDED BY JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER 1902
(INCORPORATED 1903)

49 WEST 49th STREET, NEW YORK 20

CHESTER I. BARNARD, PRESIDENT
ROBERT D. CALKINS, VICE-PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR

FRED MCCUISTION, ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR
ROBERT W. JULY, SECRETARY

August 15, 1949

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Thank you very much for your letter of August 11th and the enclosures showing that the Southern Regional Council is continuing to get in good licks with good results.

Sincerely yours,

Robert D. Calkins

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

RWJ:eab

RECEIVED
AUG 18 1949
Southern Regional Council

GAMMON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

August 25, 1949

RECEIVED
AUG 26 1949
Southern Regional Council

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Brother Mitchell:

Let me thank you sincerely for the fine picutures of the Ministers' Training School held at Gammon in 1919. The pictures are a valuable addition to our historical records. I have looked through our file of photographs, and I do not find copies of these. You can realize, therefore, how precious they are to us. The entire Seminary joins in gratitude for your thoughtfulness.

We trust all goes well in your work. I am hoping to have a chance to talk with you soon.

With every good wish, I am

Yours sincerely,

Harry V. Richardson

HVR/j

Harry V. Richardson
President

9-Miscel

Tuskegee Institute

TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE
ALABAMA

DEPARTMENT OF
RECORDS AND RESEARCH

October 17, 1949

Dr. Harold C. Fleming
Director of Information
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

In reply to your communication of October 14th calling our attention to the fact that you did not receive our last year's annual lynching letter, this is to say that we will see to it that the Southern Regional Council receives a copy of this report and that you also receive a copy personally.

The matter of deciding what is a lynching and what is not a lynching becomes more and more difficult as you indicate. If you are in the vicinity of Tuskegee Institute any time before the 15th of December we would be pleased to discuss the whole confusing picture with you. We would certainly like to compare the cases that we have compiled with what information you may have in order that as clear a picture as possible may be given in our report.

Very truly yours,

Jessie P. Guzman

(Mrs.) Jessie P. Guzman
Director

c

RECEIVED
OCT 19 1949
Southern Regional Coun

12-9-misc.
Gillespie, Caroline

October 18, 1949
Dict. October 17

Miss Caroline Gillespie
R. F. D. 3
Hartsville, South Carolina

Dear Caroline:

Hey, you are a good egg just generally but a particularly fine one to send us $25. Very many thanks.

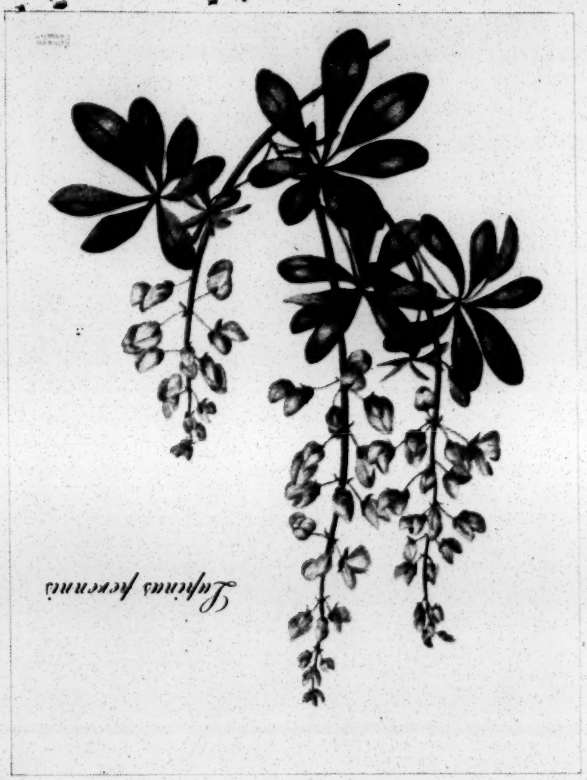
RACE IN THE NEWS has done a good job and is going great guns still.

The annual meeting comes here in Atlanta November 9. We do hope you can be present. I am particularly anxious for your news of South Carolina.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

gsm/t



Lupinus perennis

This was mailed in Sheard on Oct 10th — must have reached here about the 12th —

25 ¢

My dear George Mitchell:

As work has taken me to Texas for the summer and then to Florida this fall, S.R.C. has been gratefully appreciated — I have noted press comments more than once, but especially in Time last week.

We hope to finish here this week which should put me in Atlanta about Oct. 18. Will that be too late or just in time for the Annual Meeting? Please drop me a line telling me know the date.

I am enclosing a check for S.R.C. May I ask that it be credited to South Carolina gifts, but used for anything you see fit.

Address me here in
Care of American Red Cross
Disaster Service, Stuart,
Florida. But do not
change my permanent
address.

I hope to see you
next week.

Very sincerely yours,
Caroline Gillespie

Langford-Hall Terrace
Stuart, Fla.
October 9, 1949.

We are just in
from a deep-sea
fishing trip on
which we caught
no fish but acquired
a very good
sun-burn!

Please forgive the
informality of this
note.

12-g-misc-
Gillespie, Caroline

March 7, 1949

Miss Caroline Gillespie
R.F.D. #3
Hartsville, South Carolina

Dear Caroline:

You will be interested in the enclosed, about a rural center in southeast Mississippi.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

Southern Regional Council

10/20, 194

TO: Mr. Byrd ☐

FROM: GSM

This material is referred to you for:

1. Information (X)
2. Consideration ( )
3. Recommendation ( )
4. Reply ( )
5. Suggested Reply ( )
6. Signature ( )

7. Please circulate to:

Director ( )
Associate Director ( )
Pub. Relations Dir. ( )
_____ ( )
Sec'ty.-Treasurer ( )
_____ ( )
_____ ( )
_____ ( )

8. Please return to this office. ( )

9. Please return to secretary for filing ( )

COMMENTS OR INSTRUCTIONS

13 - Go Tree
Grundfest, Sterling

October 20, 1949

Mr. Sterling Grundfest
Little Rock, Arkansas

Dear Mr. Grundfest:

I had the pleasure the other day of being in conversation with my long-time friend, the Honorable Brooks Hays. I run this Southern Regional Council, which Brooks has long been a member of and has liked.

Our Council is in a mighty bad way financially. Our method of getting out of the hole is to take up a kind offer from Dr. Howard W. Odum of the Department of Sociology, University of North Carolina. He said he would give us $250 if we could find 99 other southern people who would give the same amount. That would carry us through this year and give us quite a leg into the next.

So far we have found eighteen such contributors. They include Spencer Love, Reuben Robertson, James L. Coker, Donald Comer, G. D. Rogers, myself, C. C. Spaulding, and so on.

I don't know how much you want to hear about the Council. Here is a leaflet that gives a good deal and, of course, I could go on into endless description.

We have worked on matters of race in the South in a constructive and sensible spirit and we are considered to have been doing a useful and effective job. For many years past a half of our support has come from one or two northern foundations. They have told us lately, quite understandably, that unless we find more money in the South, northern foundation money isn't

to be had. And in any case, the Rosenwald Fund, which was our main dependence, is gone.

Mr. Hays said he thought that you would understand what we were about and would be willing to join the group of people who are giving us the $250.

I will be happy to send you any sort of information you may want about the Council, though I think Brooks' warm endorsement of us will convey more than lengthy letters.

Do help us if you can, and we would be extremely grateful.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

gsm/t

cc: Hon. Brooks Hays
Mr. Thomas F. Byrd

9-Mscd

October 31, 1949

Mr. A. G. Gaston
Smith and Gaston
1530 Fifth Avenue North
Birmingham, Alabama

Dear Mr. Gaston:

I thought you would enjoy seeing these two latest publications of the Council.

We continue to be grateful for your kind cooperation in the matter of the letters that went out last spring.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

gsm/t
enclosures

6.

January 10, 1950
Dictated Jan. 9, 1950

Miss Betty Goldiamond
American Council on Race Relations
4901 South Ellis Avenue
Chicago 15, Illinois

Dear Betty:

Sure, we will take on the job about the legislative reporting. Handling the paper work will fall to a nice person named Mrs. Jane Simpson of my staff.

We know people who will be picking up dope in the legislature, and we can get the dope from them and send it on to you.

So, send Mrs. Simpson the forms, etc.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

PAT MC CARRAN, NEV., CHAIRMAN
HARLEY M. KILGORE, W. VA.
JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS.
WARREN G. MAGNUSON, WASH.
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HERBERT R. O'CONOR, MD.
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WILLIAM LANGER, N. DAK.
HOMER FERGUSON, MICH.
FORREST C. DONNELL, MO.
WILLIAM E. JENNER, IND.
J. G. SOURWINE, COUNSEL

Of - Misc

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

January 16, 1950

Mr. George S. Mitchell
906 Lullwater Road, N. E.
Atlanta 6, Georgia

Dear George:

I had meant to acknowledge your letter before this.

This little note is simply to thank you. I knew you had a sound balanced view which took account of realities in the South and wanted something constructive done. A good part of something is better than all of nothing, as the old saying goes.

I hear fine things of your work.

With best wishes and warm regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

Frank

Frank P. Graham

ns

George S. Mitchell

GSM:er

July 10, 1950

Senator Frank P. Graham
Senate Office Building
Washington, D. C.

Dear Frank:

Your "This Is America" message is in the grand spirit.

This is a hard set back, but North Carolina's true mind, which you have done much to shape, will show itself continuingly.

Warmly,

George S. Mitchell

GSM:er

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA
JUNE 30, 1950

This Is America . . .

IN SPIRITUAL FAITH AND THE AMERICAN DREAM, AMERICA IS BEING MADE SAFE FOR DEMOCRACY WITHOUT VULGARITY, DIFFERENCES WITHOUT HATE, AND EXCELLENCE WITHOUT ARROGANCE; WHERE MEN BECOME BROTHERS IN THE SIGHT OF GOD AND IN THE HUMAN HEART; WHERE THE OPPORTUNITIES OF THE CHILDREN IN HOMES AND SCHOOLS ARE THE CHIEF CONCERN OF PRESENT PROGRESS AND THE CHIEF HOPE OF A NOBLER SOCIETY; WHERE ENDURING PROGRESS IN HUMAN RELATIONS IS MADE THROUGH RELIGION, EDUCATION AND VOLUNTARY COOPERATION IN THE MINDS AND HEARTS OF THE PEOPLE; AND WHERE THE STRUGGLE FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF OUR HISTORIC AMERICANISM IS THE BEST ANSWER TO FASCISM AND COMMUNISM IN THE PRESENT

GLOBAL STRUGGLE AGAINST TOTALITARIAN TYRANNY FOR FREEDOM AND PEACE IN THE WORLD.

IN THIS AMERICA OF OUR STRUGGLES AND OUR HOPES, THE LEAST OF THESE OUR BRETHREN HAS THE FREEDOM TO STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM; WHERE THE ANSWER TO ERROR IS NOT TERROR, THE RESPECT FOR THE PAST IS NOT REACTION AND THE HOPE OF THE FUTURE IS NOT REVOLUTION; WHERE THE INTEGRITY OF SIMPLE PEOPLE IS BEYOND PRICE AND THE DAILY TOIL OF MILLIONS IS ABOVE POMP AND POWER; WHERE THE MAJORITY IS WITHOUT TYRANNY, THE MINORITY WITHOUT FEAR, AND ALL PEOPLE HAVE HOPE. THIS IS AMERICA, GOD BLESS AMERICA!

FRANK P. GRAHAM

Deep in our Hearts . . is Gratitude

To

ALL OF YOU WHO FOUGHT SO VALIANTLY, GAVE SO UNSELFISHLY OF YOURSELVES, YOUR TIME, AND YOUR ENERGY, WHO KEPT THE FAITH AND WHO REGARD THE DEFEAT AS ONLY A TEMPORARY SETBACK IN A CAUSE WHICH WILL SURELY TRIUMPH IN THE MINDS AND HEARTS OF THE PEOPLE OF OUR GREAT STATE.

THE COMRADESHIP OF THIS STRUGGLE WILL BE A SOURCE OF FAITH AND HOPE AND A MOST PRECIOUS POSSESSION ALL THE DAYS OF OUR LIVES.

TO ALL OF YOU WE GIVE THE THANKS WHICH WE CANNOT PUT IN WORDS BUT WHICH WILL ALWAYS BE DEEP IN OUR MINDS AND HEARTS.

FRANK P. GRAHAM

G - Misc

27 February 1950

Dr. Cullen B. Gosnell
Department of Political Science
Emory University
Emory, Georgia

Dear Dr. Gosnell:

Here are the county-by-county figures on registered Negro voters in Georgia, as of June 1946, which I promised to send you. They are rough, as you can see, but they are the best figures available. Used with county-by-county data on the number of Negroes of voting age, they should give a fairly good indication of the way in which the county unit system nullifies the Negro vote.

Sincerely,

Jane P. Simpson
Research Assistant

March 6, 1950

Mr. Donald Grant
Flat 1
17A Gt. Ormond Street
London, W.C. 1 England

Dear Mr. Grant:

Nice to have word from you February 8.

Here is a memorandum that gives our acts and needs.

I don't know whether you got Race in the News or not. It has done an amazing amount of good.

I am greatly interested in straightening out the American misconceptions of Africa. If you find anything helpful on that, I would appreciate knowing about it.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:wgd

HOLBORN 3979

FLAT 1,
17A GT. ORMOND STREET,
LONDON, W.C.1

February 8th 1950.

Dear Mr.Mitchell,

I am glad to have your letter of January 6th intimating that my subscription for the New South reached you all right. I may say that your publication has been coming to me for a week or two, and I welcome it. Best wishes to your work.

I have lectured a good many times in the past twelve years in Spelman College, Atlanta. Miss Reid is a friend of mine.

Yours sincerely,

Donald Grant.

(DONALD GRANT).

Any special pamphlet or brief report, providing data, on the General topics and problems of the So. Reg. Council, would be helpful to me. I am often called upon to explain the "Outlook

and Prospects of Negroes in the South" — if I may use a comprehensive and very general title. And, of course, I speak objectively — albeit with interest and convictions — as befits a teacher and a citizen of another country.

D.G.

Hancock, Gordon B.

Virginia Union University
Richmond, Virginia

RECEIVED
MAR 17 1950
Southern Regional Council

Thursday Aug.

My Dear Miss Mellers!

The enclosed are interesting — I have just written long letters which I see wife teach him and he can do he will do — I am anyway hoping we mothers let we have one in 1951

Gordon B Hancock

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

PRICE DANIEL
ATTORNEY GENERAL

AUSTIN, TEXAS

March 8, 1950

Mr. Gordon B. Hancock
Virginia Union University
Richmond 20, Virginia

Dear Sir:

Thank you very much for sending me the copies of "A Basis for Inter-racial Cooperation." The contents thereof have proved very interesting.

I am certain that you will secure finances to go forward with your work, and I shall talk to those whom I know, about your project.

Very truly yours,

E. Jacobson

E. Jacobson
Assistant Attorney General

EJ:b

Misc G-

April 11, 1950

Miss Margaret Garrity
Interracial Secretary
Catholic Conference on Industrial Problems
1312 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W.
Washington 5, D. C.

Dear Miss Garrity:

I enjoyed the Charlotte meeting a lot. It was nice to be with so many friends. I have spread Father O'Connor's story about "forgot to look" far and wide.

If I am to go to Kentucky, I will need some help on the expense end of it. Covington is a far piece.

Our Board has been called to meet April 22 to decide whether they can raise enough money to keep us afloat. I hope they will.

Your Mrs. Morrissy is a very old friend of mine from Johns Hopkins days.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Dict. by Dr. Mitchell;
signed in his absence

Catholic Conference on Industrial Problems

1312 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, N. W.
WASHINGTON 5, D. C.

A national organization of Catholics formed to promote the study and understanding of industrial problems by the calling of conferences at which no vote is taken on questions of industrial policy.

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Archbishop of Washington
Washington, D. C.

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United Association of Journeymen and Apprentices of the Plumbing and Pipe Fitting Industry of the United States and Canada

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Assistant Director of Overseas Operations
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St. Margaret Mary Parish
Midland Beach, Staten Island, N. Y.

JOHN YANCEY, *Secretary*
United Transport Workers of America
Chicago, Illinois

DR. ELIZABETH MORRISSY
Professor of Economics
College of Notre Dame of Maryland
Baltimore, Maryland

SECRETARY-TREASURER

REV. GEORGE G. HIGGINS, *Assistant Director*
Social Action Department
National Catholic Welfare Conference
Washington, D. C.

FIELD SECRETARY

LINNA E. BRESETTE
Social Action Department
National Catholic Welfare Conference
Washington, D. C.

INTERRACIAL SECRETARY

MARGARET GARRITY
Social Action Department
National Catholic Welfare Conference
Washington, D. C.

53 53

March 30, 1950

Dr. George S. Mitchell, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
3432 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Congratulations to you for the excellent talk that you gave at our meeting down in Charlotte, March the 20th. On the whole, I think that was one of the best sessions we had, and that you, Clarence Mitchell and Father O'Connell were all surpassing yourselves. I would like to thank you for what you did not only for myself personally, but also for the Catholic Conference on Industrial Problems.

On the whole, I think the meeting in Charlotte was a success and that the Bishop himself was well pleased, wants us to come back and hold another one next year, and that we got publicity throughout the state of North Carolina, even to making headlines.

I was sorry to hear from Paul Williams that the Southern Regional Council is having financial troubles. That seems to be a disease that afflicts everyone in the field of race relations. I'll see what I can do toward getting a few memberships together for you among friends up here, but unfortunately none of my friends are in the category who could give quite a little donation. I'll get in touch with you later, if you don't mind, about the meeting we are holding in Covington, Kentucky in November. That one is not only to be a two-day meeting for the public but an extra day for students, still another day for teachers in the colleges and high schools in that area, and still another day for the clergy. I understand from Father Higgins that the clergy conference in Charlotte brought in something like one hundred priests. Please give my best regards to the other members of the Southern Regional Council, and again, accept my thanks and the thanks of Father Higgins and the rest of us up here.

With best regards and best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

Margaret

Margaret Garrity
Interracial Secretary

Misc-G-

April 27, 1950

Mrs. Richard Glenn Gettell
270 Park Avenue
New York 17, New York

Dear Mrs. Gettell:

How very kind indeed that was of you to write about the Herald Tribune story. Nothing is more pleasant than for such an article to discover for us a new friend.

To begin with, we would greatly like to have you as an Associate Member of the Council. This would send you our small monthly magazine and whatever else the Council finds the means to print. A membership blank is on the back of one of the issues of New South sent herewith.

Here is a recent memorandum which will show you the extent of the Council's needs. I am gratified to be able to say that at an extraordinary Board meeting on April 22, our leading people over the South pledged themselves to raise some $15,500 toward seeing us through to the end of the year. I am sure you share with me the knowledge that such goodly sums for this cause are not easily come by within the South.

But we are still some $8,000 short of enough to get through. If you could possibly ease our task in part on that, we would be deeply grateful.

I am to be in New York tomorrow for the meeting of the Board of Directors of the National Association of Intergroup Relations Officials and will try my best to reach you by phone and give you an opportunity to learn from me as Executive Director whatever may be of interest to you about the Council.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

GIRL SCOUTS

NATIONAL ORGANIZATION 155 EAST 44TH STREET TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 2-2505

New York 17 N.Y.

May 1, 1950

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

In developing orientation material for its foreign exchange visitors, the International Division of Girl Scouts- USA is seeking succint, easily readable material on the United States and its institutions. As an aid in developing this material we would find very helpful copies of your 'To Secure These Rights'.

We wonder whether you would be so kind as to send us about three copies if this material. You assistance will be much appreciated.

Sincerely,

Ann Roos

Ann Roos
Adviser
International Division

Done 5/5/50

RECEIVED
MAY 3 1950
RECEIVED
Southern Regional Coun

M. S. G.

May 8, 1950

Mr. Rufus Green
League of Coloured Peoples
Bulawayo
Southern Rhodesia, Africa

Dear Rufus:

Isn't this a fancy story about our Council?

We are all still enjoying your visit and think and speak often of you. Very nice to have your letter.

We wish you all sorts of luck.

I will be happy to be a sort of American correspondent for you and get you things and do things for you.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Encl.

M.S. C.

May 9, 1950

Mrs. Richard G. Gettell
270 Park Avenue
New York 17, New York

Dear Mrs. Gettell:

When I was in New York a week ago I telephoned a time or two and stopped by the Marguery, only to find no one there. I guessed that you had flitted, with the elevator strike as something to flit from.

I do hope you will continue to be interested in the Council.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

270 Park Avenue
New York 17, NY

Southern Regional Council
Wesley Memorial Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

Recently the New York Herald Tribune published an article about the organization and work of the Southern Regional Council. I'd like to know more about it, particularly how I can help the good work along. As a Southerner, I am deeply interested in furthering better race relations and in affording greater opportunity to Negroes.

Very truly yours,

Landonia Gettell
(Mrs. Richard Glenn Gettell)

APR 27 1950
RECEIVED
Southern Regional Council

4 I

13 90-Mies
Gore

The Florida Agricultural and Mechanical College

GEORGE W. GORE JR., PRESIDENT

Tallahassee, Florida

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

May 24, 1950

RECEIVED
MAY 29 1950
Southern Regional Council

Mr. George S Mitchell
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N E
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

Your letter to Acting President Efferson has been referred to me.

We should be very happy to place Mrs. Olive Haskins on our mailing list and consider her at some appropriate time on our college program next fall.

Yours very truly,

George W. Gore, Jr.

GWGjr:acbb

9- Miscel.

July 20, 1950

Mrs. Harry M. Gershon
1590 Harvard Road, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Rebecca:

That was mighty nice of you to help us, through Phil.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er
Encl.

Green, Theodore C.

August 4, 1950

Dr. Theodore C. Greene
c/o Professor William C. Greene
60 Shepard Street
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

Dear Dr. Greene:

Professor Lee Brooks at Chapel Hill kindly sent on to us a copy of your letter to him and asked us to advise. The same thing occurred with the American Friends Service Committee, whose Mr. Ralph A. Rose sent us some account of you also.

We got in touch with Dr. Mason, an able and widely effective Negro physician attached jointly to the United States Public Health Service and the Department of Public Health in the State of Georgia. I send you herewith his letter.

If you will let me know promptly whether you wish Dr. Mason and me to approach the Hospital Authority for Atlanta (Mr. Spaulding and Mr. Wilson, as mentioned in Dr. Mason's letter) I will be glad to go with Dr. Mason to see these gentlemen.

We would all be most grateful if in some way we could get you into the South, and possibly into Atlanta.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er
Encl.

COPY

STATE OF GEORGIA
Department of Public Health

Atlanta

July 28, 1950

Hooper Building
204 Auburn Avenue, N.E.

Mr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Secretary
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

I have felt great concern over your letter and enclosures concerning Dr. Theodore C. Greene. Although field work has prevented my writing you earlier, I have nevertheless, given serious thought to this matter, considering primarily persons whom we should contact who are either working in situations referred to by the doctor, or who are in position to list such agencies. Certainly Dr. Greene has an outstanding educational background, and a wide experience in his field.

The type of medical team and group practice to which he refers in his letter, is an area which we in America are just beginning to explore. He is far ahead of many physicians in his thinking. There are nevertheless a number of well organized plans over the country. The person best prepared I believe to give specific information about groupmpractice is Dr. Franz Goldmann, associate professor of medical care, Harvard School of Public Health, 55 Shattuck Street, Boston, Massachusetts. I had some work under Dr. Goldmann and know that he is not only an expert in his field, but also kind and sympathetic. I would advise that he call Dr. Goldmann and talk with him. In terms of interracial staffs,, however, he may meet with some disappointment. I do not believe we have grown to maturity in that respect in too many places.

I know also that many o the hospitals in New York, particularly Sydenham and Harlem, have interracial staffs, and these certainly should not be overlooked. I have a rather deep conviction that Atlanta offers an outstanding opportunity for the very thing Dr. Greene is looking forward to. The new Negro wing at Grady, which I understand will be essentially a training center for Negro physicians and allied medical personnel could certainly benefit from the experience which Dr. Greene has to offer. I feel that we should certainly explore this to the limit. I have a feeling now is a proper time to discuss the matter of personnel with such persons as Dr. Spaulding and Mr. Wilson. I shall certainly appreciate your reaction to this.

Of course you are well aware of the fact that Howard University School of Medicine and Meharry Medical College also offer opportunities for the type of work which Dr. Greene desires to do. Dr. Michael Bent, Dean of the Medi-

cal School at Meharry would be a good person to contact, and Dr. Paul Cornelly, Medical Director, Hospital, Howard University, College of Medicine, Washington, D. C.

The National Medical Association meets in Hampton, Virginia, at Hampton Institute, September 1st, 1950. Contact might be made with the Secretary, Dr. John T. Givens, 1108 Church Street, Norfolk 10, Virginia, setting forth the aspirations of Dr. Greene.

I have been giving very serious thought to this matter. However, I am left with a feeling of futility, in that I can do nothing more than refer to other individuals who might help us. It is, however, due to no lack of interest, but rather grows out of a deep conviction that somehow we must provide an opportunity for this man to make the contribution which he is not only qualified by experience to make, but which also it seems, is deeply a part of his philosophy of life.

I am sure I have not been of too much help in this matter, but be assured of my interest and desire to help. Please let me know how this works out.

Yours sincerely,

(s) W. A. Mason, M.D., M.P.H.
Director, Office of
Health Education for Negroes

WAM/as

August 4, 1950

Mr. Ralph A. Rose
American Friends Service Committee
20 South Twelfth Street
Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Rose:

As you can see, we have talked about Dr. Greene with Dr. Mason here in Atlanta and elicited a possibly helpful letter from Dr. Mason.

He looks like a most remarkably able man, and I do hope something can be done to get him into the South.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er
Encl.

August 4, 1950

Dr. W. A. Mason, Director
Office of Health Education for Negroes
204 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mason:

Very many thanks indeed for your genuine consideration given to the letter about Dr. Theodore C. Grenne. I have sent your letter on to him and written him as enclosed.

If he wants the Hospital Authority in Atlanta approached, I do hope I was correct in promising that you or you and I could go to see them.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er
Encl.

Chairman
HENRY J. CADBURY

Executive Secretary
CLARENCE E. PICKETT

American Friends Service Committee

Twenty South Twelfth Street
Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania

Telephone, RITTENHOUSE 6-9372

RECEIVED
JUL 25 1950
Southern Regional Council

July 24, 1950

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Re: Theodore C. Greene

Dear Mr. Mitchell:

I am attaching the credentials of Dr. Greene who has approached us with a real concern for service to Negro people where his background and training could best be used.

Would you look over his qualifications and suggest to us the areas and possibilities, particularly in the rural part of the South where such a man with deep concern and fine training might fit in. Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,

Ralph A. Rose
CF

Ralph A. Rose
Acting Secretary
Race Relations Committee

RR/cf

Enclosure

C
O
P
Y

Dr. Theodore C. Greene
60 Shepard Street
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

Notes concerning Theodore Chase Greene

Born in Baltimore, Maryland, October 23, 1899

Qualifications

My last year before college was spent at Phillips Academy, Andover, from which I graduated in 1917. Upon graduation, I received a special prize in Physics; them first and second Greek prizes were combined and divided equally between another boy and me.

A.B. "cum laude", Harvard College, 1920.
M.D. "cum laude", Harvard Medical School, 1924
Diplomate, National Board of Medical Examiners, 1932
Diplomate, American Board of Radiology; certified in Diagnostic Roentgenology, 1940.

Positions held

Assistant in Pathology, Johns Hopkins, for a few months between summer of 1924 and beginning of internship.
Surgical intern, Peter Bent Brigham Hospital, Boston, March 1, 1925 to July 1, 1926. The Chief of the Surgical Service at that time was Dr. Harvey Cushing.
Medical missionary in China, 1926 until the present, under the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A.; 156 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York. Dr. E.M.Dodd is the Medical Secretary of this Board. While serving as a medical missionary, I held various positions which will be mentioned in the following summary. Most recent position: -
Professor of Radiology, Cheeloo University.

Summary, 1926 - 1950

1926 - 1934 General work in a sixty-bed mission hospital in Peking. Chinese language study. Special attention was given to building up the laboratory and X-ray work. For one academic year I was Clinical Assistant in Neurology (half-time) in the Peking Union Medical College (Rockefeller medical center). For one year I was on leave in America; during part of this year I studied diagnostic roentgenology at the Peter Bent Brigham Hospital. Upon my return to Peking, I was for one year acting superintendent of the mission hospital. During part of 1934, I studied diagnostic roentgenology at the Peking Union Medical College.

1935 - 1939 Roentgenologist, University Hospital, Cheeloo University, Tsinan, Shantung. The College of Medicine of Cheeloo University is one of the leading medical schools in China. The faculty has included Chinese, British, and Americans. Two contributors to Cecil's "Textbook of Medicine" are members of the Cheeloo medical faculty. Upon request of the Dean of this faculty, I was assigned to Cheeloo by my mission.

For four years I was Chairman of the Medical Committee of our Shantung Mission. This brought me into an interesting relationship with six mission hospitals in Shantung. During this period the Sino-Japanese war began, and I was in Tsinan when it was captured by the Japanese.

1939 - 1940 One year of leave in America. During part of this year I studied diagnostic roentgenology at the Peter Bent Brigham Hospital.

1940 - 1946 Returned to Tsinan, North China, in 1940; appointed Associate Professor of Radiology, Cheeloo University. After a few months in Tsinan, went to Chengtu, West China, and rejoined our university, which had migrated to the West because of the war. Later, five American airfields were built near our city, and a U.S. Army Air Force Field Hospital was placed in part of the University Hospital. I did some X-ray work for the Field Hospital besides work in the University Hospital, and teaching. In addition to Radiology, teaching included two half courses, elementary: X-ray Physics and Biology, and Biophysics. During the beginning of 1946 I returned to America.

1946, 1947 Review of histology in preparation for a review of pathology. X-ray surveys for pulmonary tuberculosis, under the Department of Health, Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Attendance at various radiological meetings. A brief but very interesting time at the Massachusetts General Hospital, studying the cytological technique for detecting cases of cancer.

1948 - 1950 Beginning of 1948, returned to China. Worked in Canton, Foochow, and Tsinan. Was in Foochow when it was captured by the Communist Army. A few months later we traveled overland to North China. Taught five classes of medical undergraduates, and some residents, during these two years. (I teach undergraduates in sections, with films). Appointed Professor of Radiology, Cheeloo University, end of 1949. Left Tsinan the end of January, 1950 and reached Cambridge the end of May.

<u>Present position</u>

It became necessary for me to bring my wife and two younger children home. The University granted me leave of absence, accepting my statement that I would be the judge as to whether I would return to China after bringing my family home. The course of events, and our experiences in leaving China have convinced me that I should not return to China and separate the family. The situation is different from several times in the past when we have had family separations. I have written to Dr. Ruland and to Dr. Dodd, China and Medical Secretaries respectively of our mission board, that I am making inquiries about work in this country for support of my family and that I anticipate many years of work in America.

Military record

Student Battalion, Phillips Academy, Andover, 1917.
R.O.T.C., Harvard College, 1917 - 1918.
Student Army Training Corps, Harvard College, 1918.
Civilian Consultant, 70th Field Hospital, United States Army Air Force, Chengtu, West China, 1944-1945.

Dependents

Phoebe Cutler Greene, wife.
Joan Swift Greene, student, Radcliffe College
Peter Chase Greene, five years of age
Linda Chase Greene, four years of age

Present address

c/o Prof. William E. Greene
60 Shepard Street
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

July 28, 1950

Dr. Mason has been out in the field in the past few weeks. I ~~xxxxx~~ called him today.

He is writing you today with recommendations. Among them:

Dr. Green might see Dr. Franz Goldman, Assoc. Prof. of Medical Care at Harvard

New York's Sydenham Hospital and Harlem Hospital both have biracial staffs

The new Grady hopsital here will probably need people with Dr. Green's background

Employment at Medical schools like Meharry and Howard

Beth

If not back in 5 days, call

WA 6530

July 6, 1950

Dr. W. A. Mason
206 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mason:

I turn to you for advice on this.

He seems like a good man, and there should be some way to use his skill.

What should I write him and Mr. Brooks?

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er
Encls.

Signed in Dr. Mitchell's absence

COPY

Material on
Dr. Theodore C. Greene

C/o Prof. William C. Greene
60 Shepard Street
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts
June 16, 1950

Professor Lee M. Brooks
6 Brierbridge Lane
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dear Professor Brooks:

For a number of years it has been my privilege to work in China as a Physician. Since 1935 my work has been restricted to the field of X-ray diagnosis, and for the same time I have been connected with one of the medical schools in China. I do not practice radiation therapy. On separate sheets are notes about my training and experience. My wife, two younger children and I have just returned from China, and I am looking into possibilities for work in this country.

I have wondered if there is some kind of medical work in which it would not only be possible for me to help improve the medical care of Negroes, but at the same time to make a contribution, even if a small one, to the problem of the relations between whites and Negroes.

Although I am sure that the white doctors in the U.S.A. are glad to help with the care of Negro patients as far as possible, I imagine that the bulk of the care of Negro patients must come from Negro doctors. Are there enough Negro doctors? If not, what are the limiting factors? Inability of patients to support more doctors? Lack of medical school facilities? My guess is that with some exceptions most Negro doctors receive their hospital training, as interns and residents, in hospitals for Negroes, or in wards for Negro patients. Are there enough good hospitals, and wards, to provide such training? Are there enough radiologists to supply the hospitals that care for Negro patients? (I am thinking particularly of that part of radiology which is devoted to X-ray diagnosis.) Is there or would there be a place in the U.S.A. for a hospital with both Negro and white doctors, giving a training for Negro doctors? If there are enough Negro doctors to fill all the positions in a hospital for training Negro doctors, then the filling of a position in such a hospital, with a white doctor would not help relations between Negroes and whites. A problem is the financial support of a hospital that might provide good clinical training for Negro doctors. A hospital connected with some factory, or industry, with a good staff, could give training to interns and residents.

Are Negro doctors in the U.S.A. admitted to the various medical societies that are so important in helping a doctor keep up-to-date medically? If not, how do Negro doctors "keep up" medically? If the Negro doctors have their own medical societies I wonder how good the lectures, clinics, etc. are that are available to them. I can imagine a hospital of the sort that I have mentioned above, - giving training to Negro interns and residents, - also being a center for helping all doctors to "keep up" medically, with clinics, lectures, ward rounds, laboratories, library, and such activities.

I enjoy teaching. I assume, however, that the Medical School of Howard University, and Meharry Medical School are well provided for in Diagnostic Roentgenology. I wonder if I could be useful, in my field of X-ray diagnosis, in a hospital that trains Negro interns and residents? I do not want to keep a Negro physician from a position in such a hospital.

Another kind of medical work is rural medicine; this presents a challenge. (By "rural medicine" I mean medical work for white and Negro people in rural areas.) People in the country deserve the same medical care that is available in cities. Well planned and well executed team worh should bring medical care in the country close (in quality) to the same good medical care provided in good medical centers in the cities. This would be possible with cooperation between medical workers in the country and the cities, the medical workers in the country calling upon their friends in the cities when this is necessary.

For me, rural medicine would consist of diagnostic X-ray work in a hospital serving a community and the surrounding rural area. Such a hospital in the South might help with the medical care of Negroes. Whether or not such a hospital could help in the training of Negro interns and residents would depend on various factors, such as whether or not there would be enough Negro patients to keep one or more Negro doctors busy.

Since graduation from medical school, it has been my privilege to be a member of some medical team, of one sort or another, in which every one helped everybody else, and in which every on learned from everybody else. I hope that I amy continue to be a member of the same kind of team.

Our two younger children are four and five years of age. Naturally, we want them to be in a community where they can attend a good school.

Any information that you have time to give me about the training of Negro doctors, the care of Negro patients, rural medicine, and of how I might be useful in some of the work discussed above, I shall be very glad to have.

Sincerely,

S/ Ted Greene

Theodore C. Greene

P.S. June 20, 1950.

Since writing this letter I have heard that the Medical School of the University of North Carolina is interested in plans for cooperation between the Medical School and medical work in various parts of the state. If you think it advisable, could you bring this letter to the attention of some appropriate person who, besides yourself, may be interested in such plans?

Comment on fourth paragraph (3rd), first page of this letter. I have stated that "I imagine that the bulk of the care of Negro patients must come from Negro doctors." I know that many well known and fine large hospitals in the large cities do a great deal for Negro patients. I suppose that many or almost all of the doctors in these hospitals are white. In the sentence that I have quoted above I am thinking of the care of Negro patients by general practitioners and in the smaller hospitals.

T.C.G.

Notes concerning Theodore Chase Greene

Born in Baltimore, Maryland, October 23, 1899.

Qualifications

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M.D., "cum laude", Harvard Medical School, 1924.
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Medical missionary in China, 1926 until the present, under the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A., 156 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y. Dr. E. M. Dodd is the Medical Secretary of this Board. While serving as a medical missionary, I held various positions, which will be mentioned in the following summary. Most recent position, - Professor of Radiology, Cheeloo University.

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Summary, (cont'd)

1935 - 1939. Roentgenologist, University Hospital, Cheeloo University, Tsinan. The College of Medicine of Cheeloo University is one of the leading medical schools in China. The faculty has included Chinese, British, and Americans. Two contributors to Cecil's "Textbook of Medicine" are members of the Cheeloo medical faculty. Upon request of the Dean of this faculty, I was assigned to Cheeloo by my mission.

For four years, I was Chairman of the Medical Committee of our Shantung Mission. This brought me into an interesting relationship with six mission hospitals in Shantung. During this period the Sino-Japanese war began, and I was in Tsinan when it was captured by the Japanese.

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1949 - 1950. Beginning of 1948, returned to China. Worked in Canton, Foochow, and Tsinan. Was in Foochow when it was captured by Communist Army. A few months later, we traveled overland to North China. Taught five classes of medical undergraduates, and some residents, during these two years. (I teach undergraduates in sections, with films.) Appointed Professor of Radiology, Cheeloo University, end of 1949. Left Tsinan the end of January, 1950 and reached Cambridge the end of May.

Present position.

It became necessary for me to bring my wife and two younger children home. The University granted me leave of absence, accepting my statement that I would be the judge as to whether I would return to China after bringing my family home. The course of events, and our experiences in leaving China have convinced me that I should not return to China and separate the family. The situation is different from several times in the past when we have had family separations. I have written to Dr. Ruland and to Dr. Dodd, China and Medical Secretaries respectively of our mission board, that I am making inquiries about work in this country for support of my family and that I anticipate many years of work in America.

Military record

Student Battalion, Phillips Academy, Andover, 1917.
R. O. T. C., Harvard College, 1917-1918.
Student Army Training Corps, Harvard College, 1918.
Civilian Consultant, 70th Field Hospital, United States Army Air Force, Chengtu, West China, 1944-1945.

Dependents

Phoebe Cutler Greene, wife.
Joan Swift Greene; student, Radcliffe College.
Peter Chase Greene; five years of age.
Linda Chase Greene; four years of age.

Present address

c/o Prof. William C. Greene
60 Shepard Street
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

13-go-mic.
(Gordon)

Miss Margaret E. Gordon
10 East Oglethorpe Ave
Savannah, Georgia

August 31, 1950

Dear Peggy:

It was good of you to write us all that information about the Gregory Swanson case at the University of Virginia. We certainly would like clippings and any other dope you can send us on the case after you go back to law school. All you would have to do would be to indicate which information was confidential, so that we could know just what we could or could not use.

I wish that you could have gotten to Atlanta some time during the summer -- it would be awfully nice to see you again after all this time. I hope that everything goes well with you these days. I hear, via the Driscolls, that you are enjoying law school tremendously. Where will you land after you finish? Hope it is Atlanta!

Best of everything -

Jamie

NEW SOUTH
issued by
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Date August 21, 1950

Dear Reader:

The last issue of the New South which was addressed to you as follows was returned unclaimed:

Miss Margaret E. Gordon
336 Parkway
Charlottesville, Va.

6

SRC

Sincerely yours,

NEW SOUTH

My ~~correct~~ address ~~is~~ until Sept. ~~15~~ 15 is:

NAME Margaret Gordon

ADDRESS 10 East Oglethorpe Ave
Savannah Ga

DATE Aug. 25

After Sept. 15 336 Parkway is the correct address. (over)

As I am a law student at the University of Virginia, I would like to let you know, in case you are following the case of Gregory Swanson, that the faculty of the law school voted to admit Mr. Swanson before the Board of Visitors turned him down, and that three law professors I talked with in Charlottesville the end of July expressed regret & indignation over the Board's action but stated they did not feel they could publicly oppose the Visitors' stand unless they were ready to resign, which they are not. I should say the students of the law school (& this is just an opinion) are composed of a few who are indignant at the Board's action, a majority who would not object to Swanson's admittance & who feel this is the only legal course, but who do not desire to interfere in the current battle, and a few who oppose the end of segregation. I hope for some expression of opinion from law students when the fall semester opens. If you wish clippings let me know.

This information is for your private files.

October 6, 1950

Mr. Carl Fox
Executive Secretary
Georgia Tuberculosis Association
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fox:

The G. T. A. Negro Advisory Committee met in special session October 6th, at the call of the chairman, Dr. W. A. Mason. I have been instructed by the committee to transmit by letter the thinking of the committee.

Dr. Mason stated he had called the committee because of pressure from many community groups to get information concerning the recent resignation of Mrs. Mary McKinney. Many rumors have been circulated as to the reasons for said resignation. He therefore called the committee to consider what course of action should be followed.

The following is the crystallization of thought of the committee:

1. The committee regrets that it was not given an opportunity to participate in the discussions leading up to the resignation of Mrs. McKinney.

2. The committee regrets that to date, it has received no official statement of the resignation of Mrs. McKinney from the Association.

3. The committee feels that it is not necessary to point out the urgent need for a minimum of one Negro worker at the state level in the Tuberculosis Program. Absence of such a worker at the State Jeanes Teachers Conference early in November, will, we believe, materially effect the Negroes participation in the Seal Sale effort. Mrs. McKinney worked effectively with this group of Jeanes teachers who carried much of the responsibility of the Seal Sale, particularly in rural areas.

4. The committee urges that immediate steps be taken to replace Mrs. McKinney. It feels that this is most urgent and that such action be taken at once because of the impact upon the Seal Sale, and the educational program of the Association as it applies to Negroes.

5. Finally the committee pointed out the importance of the Negro Advisory Committee's sharing responsibility in meeting problems as they effect Negro personnel and the Negro community, and in order that this may be effected would welcome the opportunity to participate in the recruitment and employment of any Negro personnel to be employed now or in the future, or to be released by the Association. It was the feeling of the committee that it should be advised, if not consulted, relative to any plans effecting changes in the Association's program which concern the Negro community such as the eminent resignation or release of Negro personnel. This seems within the provence of responsibility as set up in the purpose of the organization of the committee as indicated in a letter under date of June 30, 1950 from the president of the Association.
"The duties of the committee will be to study and evaluate the present state Negro Tuberculosis Program and formulate plans for the future."

Personnel adequately prepared for the job assigned, and acceptable to the Negro community, is it seems important to this assignment of purpose.

6. In keeping with the above conviction, the chairman appointed a committee to recruit and evaluate health education personnel and to furnish Mr. Carl Fox with the names of several individuals which might aid Mr. Fox in the selection of a qualified person.

Present at the meeting and participating in the discussions were:

Mr. J. R. Martin	- Macon
Miss Margaret Y. Rhodes	- Savannah
Dr. Raymond Carter	- Atlanta
Mrs. Lucy Cherry	- Atlanta
Mrs. Annie Daniels	- Sylvania
Dr. W. A. Mason	- Atlanta

Members absent:

Dr. Aaron Brown	- Albany
Rev. G. T. Bowman	- Rome
Mrs. Clara West	- Atlanta
Mrs. J. P. Sherwood	- Atlanta

Respectfully,

Acting Secretary

G. T. A. Negro Advisory Committee

Dr Mason is out of the city. He requested that I send you a copy of this letter.
A. Seals,
Secretary to Dr Mason.

g - Misc

October 16, 1950

Mr. Albert J. Geiger
Executive Secretary
Southern Assn. of Colleges & Secondary Schools
20 Ivy Street, S.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Geiger:

We concluded after some inquiry that this was intended for you.

If you agree, do write him.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er

Encls.

Signed in Dr. Mitchell's absence

CC: Mr. Albert J. Geiger

Sent: What Kind of South

October 16, 1950

Mr. N. W. Stevenson, Dean
Lomax-Hannon College
Greenville, Alabama

Dear Mr. Stevenson:

Your letter of October 3 we concluded after some inquiry must have been meant for Mr. Albert J. Geiger, Executive Secretary, Southern Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, 20 Ivy St., S.E., Atlanta. Accordingly, I have taken the liberty of referring it to him. I am sure he will write you directly.

The enclosed leaflet will explain what this organization does. We would like to be of friendly aid in any way we can.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:er
Encl.

Signed in Dr. Mitchell's absence

COPY

LOMAX-HANNON COLLEGE
Greenville, Alabama

October 3, 1950

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Association of Schools and Colleges
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sir,

We are seeking information whereby we may proceed to make application for admission into the Southern Regional Council. We are also seeking needed information relative to requirements for accreditation by educational agencies.

We shall greatly appreciate your assistance in placing us in contact with the person or persons who direct the area in which our institution is located. If additional information is needed, we shall comply with the request.

Very sincerely yours,

/s/ N. W. Stevenson, Dean

NWS:w

Betty Shouse says this letter is meant for

Mr. Albert J. Geiger
Executive Secretary
Southern Association of Colleges & Secondary Schools
20 Ivy Street, S.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

g-Mitchel
Guerin

Dr. Georges S. MITCHELL
Southern Regional Council
R. 432, 63 Auburn Ave., N.E.
Atlanta, (Georgia)

11, quai aux Fleurs, Paris 4, France
November 10, 1950

RECEIVED
NOV 14 1950
Southern Regional Council

Dear Dr. Mitchell,

I should like to take this opportunity in view of our pleasant visit together during my stay in the U.S. to call to your notice certain facts regarding my attempts to renew my visa to your country. After more than two years in the U.S., where, with the aid of a grant by the French Government, I was engaged in a study of social problems, the death of my father obliged me to return to France in January 1949. Soon after, I applied to the U.S. Consulate for an immigration visa in order to complete my work and to see my family (my wife and daughter are permanent residents in the U.S., my mother-in-law is an American citizen).

In June of this year, after 15 months of delay, the Consul informed me that my request had been denied. This occurred a few weeks after the publication of volume I of my book "Whither the American people?" which appeared in the "Temps Modernes" series edited by Jean-Paul Sartre, the noted author and playwright. This leads me to believe that I am being penalized because of the opinions expressed in my book.

My literary activity is a matter of public record. Among my other books, I have written a study of Fascism in Italy and Germany which appeared in the U.S. under the title "Fascism and Big Business". It is being used as a textbook in several American colleges and was quoted in "Fascism in Europe", a publication of the U.S. Government. The opinions expressed in my works were known before my visit to the states and were no obstacle to my obtaining a visitor's visa nor receiving the most generous cooperation and assistance from persons in many walks of life in connection with my studies. Besides, I have been able to prove, beyond any doubt, that I have never had any connection, direct or indirect, with Moscow or its agents.

If the decision of the U.S. Consul here is not countermanded by the higher instances, your Bill of Rights, at least so far as I and enlightened French opinion is concerned, will have little real meaning. By making it impossible for me to complete my second volume in the U.S. , your Government will be exercising a kind of censorship on my writings which, I hope you will agree, should not exist in a free country. To be sure I may say many things which may not please everybody. But is that not one of the privileges as well as one of the risks of democracy ?

I trust that you will give this matter very careful attention and that you will do whatever possible to prevail upon your Government to re-examine my case and to reverse an ill-founded and onerous decision.

Thanking you in anticipation,
Sincerely yours,

Daniel Guérin

Daniel GUERIN

December 1, 1950

Mr. Allen Bacon
American Friends Service Committee
Twenty South Twelfth Street
Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Bacon:

My apologies for this delay in writing you as I promised to do. I have been trying, ever since our talk, to get hold of the recent material on the Sara Murphy Home. My friends who have it are out of the city until Christmas. I will make another effort then. Meanwhile, as a matter of interest, enclosed is a brief, over-optimistic account as of 1940.

Sent AP Story 12/20/50

I have written Caroline Gillespie of Hartsville, South Carolina, explaining the Work Camp program and suggesting that she get in touch with you if the local situation there seems promising.

George Mitchell suggests the following as useful sources for you:

Mr. and Mrs. Courtney Siceloff
St. Helena's Island
Frogmore, S. C.

Association for Mountain Life and Work
Berea College
Berea, Kentucky

Willis Spivey
Christian Service Foundation
Babson Park, Florida

Negro Organization Society of Virginia
c/o Treasurer's Office
Hampton Institute, Virginia

He adds that there are some thirty communities of Indians in the South -- a most needy and neglected people. An outstanding example is the tribe in Charles City County, Virginia, which is in need of a community

Center and agricultural help. The county agricultural agent could probably supply more detailed information.

Let me know if we can help in any way in your arrangements for the summer.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Director of Information

enc.

B 9 - Miscell

November 22, 1950

Miss Caroline Gillespie
Route 3
Hartsville, S. C.

Dear Caroline:

I am sorry that Jane and I missed you when we were through Hartsville last summer and that Dr. Mitchell didn't find it possible to get there on his recent trip. Please let me know what your ideas are about a New South article and we will arrange it. You could either send the basic material to us, with such suggestions as you might care to make, or, better yet, you could simply write the piece yourself. We will be guided by your judgment.

Meanwhile, I pass on a matter of possible interest to you. A Mr. Allen Bacon of the American Friends Service Committee, Twenty South 12th Street, Philadelphia 7, Pa., was in our office a couple of weeks ago. His purpose in touring the South was to discover places where the Friends' work camps could do some good next summer. You are no doubt familiar with that program. It boils down to groups of young Quakers, or Quaker sympathizes, who put in several weeks of hard labor where it will benefit people in need.

Mr. Bacon was very much interested in your project and the question arose of the possibility of a work camp helping with the community center. I thought it best simply to pass on the expression of interest to you. If you think the idea has possibilities, I suggest you write Mr. Bacon at the above address.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Director of Information

Chairman
HENRY J. CADBURY

Executive Secretary
LEWIS M. HOSKINS

Honorary Secretary
CLARENCE E. PICKETT

American Friends Service Committee
INCORPORATED
Twenty South Twelfth Street
Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania
Telephone, RITTENHOUSE 6-9372

November 6, 1950

George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Room 432, Atlanta, 3, Ga.

Dear George Mitchell:

Allen Bacon has started on his trip through the South, and has asked me to write to you, to tell you that his schedule will be altered a bit. This will mean that he will be in Atlanta about noon on the 10th, instead of the 11th as he wrote you before.

We hope this will be convenient.

Sincerely,

Ruth Janney

Ruth Janney
For Allen Bacon

rj

Send copy about Sarah Murphy + Carolyn Dillard (white Carolina)

RECEIVED
NOV 8 1950
Southern Regional Council

Cross Reference

13 - Go. Misc
Granberry, John C

Mr John C Granberry, Editor
The Emancipator
3305 West Ashby
San Antonio, Tex

Correspondence filed:
SRC - Community Surveys (9/7/47)

Sept. 17, 1953

Miss Elizabeth Gardner
Room 200
6 East 17th St.
New York, N. Y.

Dear Miss Gardner:

You noted in your recent letter that your correspondence with the New Orleans police commissioner regarding their training program in race relations was not very successful.

Mr. Brant Coopersmith, Anti-Defamation League, 1060 Broad St., Newark, N. J. might be helpful to your study. He was associated with the ADL regional office in New Orleans at the time the training program was initiated and worked closely with the group who instituted it.

Mr. Bernard Iscoe, 5342 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans, 15, La. succeeded Mr. Coopersmith as regional director in New Orleans and might also supply you with further information.

In case you have not already gotten hold of a copy of the New Orleans handbook I am sending you one under separate cover.

Sincerely,

Anna Holden
Research Assistant

Room 200
6 East 17th St.
New York, N. Y.

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue NE - Rm. 432
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Miss Holden:

Thank you very much for the material on Negro police. I'm sure it couldn't have been obtained elsewhere. As you probably know, the U.S. Census (P-C Series) is quite unsatisfactory, as it lists by states the numbers of Negroes enumerated as "policemen, sheriffs or marshals" but includes in the figures persons who are self-employed or privately employed. The figures given for government employees in such categories is not broken down for Negroes and whites.

I am enclosing a check for $.71.

I have been in correspondence with Commissioner Scheuering of New Orleans, in an attempt to get data on the N.O. training program in race relations. However, he has not answered my last letter and his own had indicated that he suspected me of some kind of meddling. (Other cities' police chiefs simply do not answer my inquiries--this is true of Baltimore, Dallas, Miami, Richmond and, of course, Birmingham.) So I am very grateful for SRC's help.

Incidentally, Scheuering wrote me on August 6 that New Orleans has 12 Negro policemen (as compared with your May figure of 6). He also said their duties are "general assignments" and that Negroes are employed"from our Civil Service rolls as they appear on the rolls."

Again, many thanks.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth Gardner

Elizabeth Gardner

510 Twenty-first St. N.W.
Washington 6, D.C.
October 3, 1953

Dear George:

I would be glad to have you use my apartment as your headquarters whenever you are in Washington. It is a large apartment of two rooms and air-conditioned. It would be suitable for holding conferences as I could retire to my study room & the walls are thick, therefore blocking conversations and noises from adjoining apartments. It is convenient to the downtown area. You could come & go when you wish as I could give you a key & there is a comfortable bed in the living room.

Sincerely,

Curtis W. Garrison

P.S. The management is accustomed to my negro guests now.

C W Garrison apt. 208
510 Twenty-first St. N.W.
Washington 6, D.C.

WASHINGTON, D.C.
OCT 4
630PM
1953

Dr. George S. Mitchell
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta 3
Georgia

FAL
31.65

October 15, 1953

Dr Gilbert Geis
University of Oklahoma
Norman, Oklahoma

Dear Dr Geis:

Nice to see you the other day. Greatly enjoyed your class.

Maybe you would join our Council. Blank on the back of the grey leaflet.

Here is our latest pamphlet - Check List - a sequel to the Questions and Answers.

Sincerely yours,

George S Mitchell
Executive Director

gsm-t
enclosures: 2

November 23, 1953

Miss Barbara J Gardner
Box 79
Talladega College
Talladega, Alabama

Dear Miss Gardner:

We like your article just as I liked your speech; and NEW SOUTH will carry the article, or goodly stretches of it, in some early issue. I cannot say just which one but within a couple of months.

I think you say fresh things and say them very well indeed.

Sincerely yours

George S Mitchell
Executive Director

gsm-t

LLOYD K. GARRISON
575 MADISON AVENUE
NEW YORK 22, N. Y.

RECEIVED
DEC 4
Southern Regional Council

December 2, 1953

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I am writing you this personal note because the Urban League is seriously in need of some "end-of-the-year money," and in going over the people who had once contributed but had not thus far this year, I found your name.

Materials sent you during the year have kept you informed of the encouraging progress made by the Urban League -- progress in expanding job opportunities for qualified Negro workers, and in the reduction of racial tensions around the country.

Let me cite just two statistics. During 1953 the Urban League movement aided 48,322 trained Negro workers, many in new fields. Successful negotiations with employers resulted in 818 Negroes being employed in companies or jobs formerly closed to them. These are just two items in a long list of vital accomplishments.

Accomplishments like these don't just "happen." By dint of knowledge and courage, patience and persuasion -- not "sloganeering" -- our combined staff and committee operations make them happen.

Of course, all this takes money. Will you help us to continue this job without interruption? Every gift, whether large or small, helps.

I do hope you can see your way clear to renew your contribution now and, if you can, make it larger. We need your support and are urgently counting on it.

Sincerely yours,

Lloyd K. Garrison

I hereby enclose my contribution of $_____ to the Urban League.

Name_____
(please print)

Address_____

City_____ Zone_____ State_____

Please make checks payable to the Urban League.

Contributions are deductible for income tax purposes.

5M-12-53 DM

December 23, 1954

Dr. Roma Gans
Teachers College
Columbia University
New York, New York

Dear Dr. Gans:

Sorry that there wasn't opportunity in my recent visit to New York for us to confer.

Here's a release on SRC's general effort.

Proceeding along that line, we have by this time substantially reorganized, but as yet unstaffed, state groups generally called Councils on Human Relations: In Florida, Davisson Dunlap, Barnett National Bank Building, Jacksonville; Arkansas, Fred Darragh, 1401 East Sixth Street, Little Rock; Kentucky, Hugh Brimm, Carver School of Missions and Social Work, 2801 Lexington Road, Louisville, Kentucky; Tennessee, F. Woods Beckman, 5908 Magazine Road, Knoxville 20.

In the following states we have going shows with professional staff, which has been on the job for some weeks or months: Alabama, Robert E. Hughes, Room 206, Moore Building, Court Street, Montgomery; Georgia, Guy H. Wells, Georgia Committee on Interracial Cooperation, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Atlanta; Louisiana, Milton Conrad Vigo, Louisiana Council on Human Relations, 303 Board of Trade Annex Building, New Orleans; North Carolina, Harry S. Jones, North Carolina Council on Human Relations, 121 East Third Street, Room 209, Charlotte; South Carolina, Mrs. Alice M. Spearman, South Carolina Division of the Southern Regional Council, 3315 Colin Kelly Drive, Columbia; Texas, Mr. Thomas S. Sutherland, Texas Commission on Race Relations, 309 West Twenty-First Street, Austin.

In Virginia for the time being we operate through and with Emerson Smith, Secretary, Department of Christian Social Relations of the Virginia Council of Churches, 109 West Grace Street, Richmond.

All of these organizations will be busily at work building public opinion and local action favorable to compliance with the May 17th Decision, and to other useful causes in the states.

I am sure that there are ways in which you can help them, and I hope you will do so.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encl.

May 4, 1955

Mr. W. E. Garnett
Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station
Blacksburg, Virginia

Dear Mr. Garnett:

On the Virginia Conference, I remind you of wisdom I was taught by a farmer in North Carolina. A co-op I liked was dying, and I met with some of the farmers to see what to do. He took me out to his barn, and said, "Mitchell. My daddy was a blacksmith, and he taught me nothing won't weld on the first heat. Hot it up one time, and cool it off. Hot it up the second time, and hammer it together, and it'll stick."

Our Virginia Council on Human Relations has been slow to start, but they meet in Richmond May 9th, and I hope will select staff and open an office, and move ahead. Carroll Brooke, at Staunton, is the present Chairman, and I hear they intend to employ Jack Marion, in Richmond, as their first executive.

We appreciate your subscription to New South. I am delighted that it will be reaching you.

I will never be in your corner of the state without coming by.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM/eab
Encl - Changing Patterns promotion leaflet
SRC Publications list

Check what was sent last summer

VIRGINIA AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
AND RURAL SOCIOLOGY

BLACKSBURG, VIRGINIA

April 29, 1955

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Executive Director
Southern Region Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Attached

APR 30 1955

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

I believe I wrote you last summer about some plans of the Social-Economic Board of the Virginia Methodist Conference regarding the preparation and use of a study outline on race relations and also that I hoped to get the Virginia Council of Churches to join in the undertaking. Although the Methodist Conference had appropriated $500 for the project, opposition within the group that had the matter in charge had delayed action, and the Council got cold feet after having tentatively promised their cooperation.

The Methodist Board has recently sent a questionnaire to all the Methodist ministers of the state regarding their wishes in the matter. You may be interested to know, of the 167 replying, 133 wish the Board to prepare a study outline. Of this 167, 83 said they had preached sermons on the subject within the last year and 60 had promoted some group discussion. In the line of the above request, I am sure the Board will now go forward in the proposed undertaking. It will come up for discussion at a meeting of the Board May 10-11. I would appreciate, therefore, if you would send me any recent bulletins or material your organizatinn may have on the subject, togetherwith any information you may have as to what other states are doing in way of an educational program. As you may have noted in the press, Virginia has a very narrow and prejudice approach with several gubernatorial aspirants trying to make political capital of it.

So far as I know, the committee which your organization assisted financially to promote a study of race relations and other activities in the field has not been very active. Anything you may have on their program would be appreciated.

Enclosed herewith you will find a check for a subscription to the New South.

If you should be passing through this section, I trust you will stop by and see me. I will be glad to have you spend the night.

With best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

W. E. Garnett

W. E. Garnett
Rural Sociologist

WEG:pg

Atlanta Workcamp mtg.

THIS SIDE OF CARD IS FOR ADDRESS

Rev. LeRoy King

P. O. Box 871

Nashville 2, Tenn.

October 8, 1956

You are invited to be a member of the Atlanta Workcamp Board of Directors for 1956-57. However, to know whether or not you will be able to serve on the committee will you please check one of the two spaces below? Please think and pray about this before you make your decision.

I am interested in working on this year's Atlanta Workcamp Board of Directors and will participate actively in its meetings and plans ____.

I am interested but will be unable to participate actively in its meetings and planning ____.

Sincerely,

Date _____

_____
Signature

RECEIVED OCT 9 1956

ATLANTA WORKCAMP EXPLORATORY MEETING

Gammon Theological Seminary
Atlanta, Georgia
September 27, 1956

The meeting began at 4 P.M. to consider the possibilities of holding an interracial student workcamp in Atlanta, Georgia, in the summer of 1957. This meeting was called by the Board of Directors of the 1956 Atlanta meeting at their last session, July 31, 1956. Present at this meeting on September 27 were: Miss Susie Cunningham, president of the Georgia Conference Woman's Society of Christian Service; Dr. Murray Branch, Morehouse College; Rev. Sam Laird, director of Georgia MSM; Rev. Harry L. Burney, district superintendent; Mr. Clyde McCrary, director of Bethlehem Center; Dr. Harry Richardson, Gammon Theological Seminary; and Rev. LeRoy King, National Conference of Methodist Youth.

Sam Laird opened with prayer. LeRoy King recapitulated the events leading up to this meeting, stating that the Board of Directors at their July 31 meeting voted to continue the workcamp in 1957, as did the National Conference of Methodist Youth at their annual meeting in August, 1956. A paper of recommendations and a report by Margaret Skellie, co-director of the 1956 workcamp, were presented to the group. In order to evaluate how the group should proceed in planning, all agreed that we would be very frank and critical in evaluating the present situation in Atlanta as well as the experiences of last summer.

Sam Laird asked the important question, who should assume the administrative responsibilities for the camp in 1957. LeRoy King answered that NCMY has assumed that the Board of Directors in the local community would handle the local administration and operative responsibilities during the year, and that NCMY would be responsible for the recruitment and securing of directors. In the discussion Miss Cunningham explained that many on the Board of Directors were members simply by their office and not of their particular interest. Mr. Branch suggested that we must go ahead with a similar experience in our workcamp but understand why we do and try to anticipate what to expect.

Miss Cunningham made a very important point that the director and co-director not only would desire to but perhaps should share in the problems and important decisions made concerning plans for the workcamp. This would mean securing the director and co-director at an early date.

To improve the function and responsibilities of the Board of Directors Sam Laird suggested these things: (1) to improve communication between the Board and others related to the workcamp; (2) better understanding of the function of the Board of Directors and the Atlanta Workcamp; (3) to make the Board of Directors definitely a working group. Mr. Burney asked if the Board of Directors should be just Methodists. He knows of others in the community not Methodists who would make fine contributions. This group thought it should not be restricted to Methodists mainly because there are already a few on the Board who are not Methodists. Mr. Branch expressed the feeling that we were interested in the needs of the community and working in an ecumenical spirit.

Miss Cunningham advised that we send invitations out to each of the members of the Board of Directors asking them to serve again for a new year. The group agreed that we should keep the membership on the Board of Directors as it was last year with the addition of the following names: Rev. James Weldon, pastor at Jonesboro; Rev. E. Webster McMillan, pastor at Warren Memorial Church; Dr. Guy Wells, executive secretary of Georgia Committee on Interracial Cooperation; Mr. Ed Lantz, executive secretary of Southeastern office of the National Council of Churches; and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Driscoll, Georgia Council of Churches. Each of the members of the Board plus these new persons will be written inviting them to participate in the work of the Board of Directors.

Sam Laird raised the matter of damage to the new apartment of Bethlehem Center last summer. It was reported that the workcampers had chipped some paint off of the walls and caused some damage to one of the mattresses. Miss Cunningham moved that Sam Laird clear with the Bethlehem Center building and grounds committee chairman, Miss Longirro, to determine the amount that the Atlanta Workcamp should pay for damage and to pay it. The motion was seconded and passed. Sam Laird made a report from Mr. Bill Hale that there is a $502.01 balance left in the Atlanta Workcamp treasury.

Discussion followed on the type of workcamp to be held next summer. Time ran out before any decisions could be made. The next meeting of the Board of Directors is scheduled for Wednesday, October 17, 2:30 P.M. at Gammon Theological Seminary. The meeting was adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

LeRoy King
Acting Secretary

LK:wj

February 8, 1957

Mr. Edward Gamarekian
4440 Chef Menteur Highway
New Orleans, Louisiana

Dear Ed:

I was delighted to see your article in The Reporter. It came out very well I thought, and I hope that it is the beginning of a series of publications.

I am enclosing a copy of several clippings which report the disfranchising efforts of last fall.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/eab
Encls.

AIR MAIL

FI - What have we?
HCF

4440 Chef Menteur Hwy.
New Orleans, La.
January 29, 1957

Dear Harold:

The article I wrote on Orangeburg has been published in the Jan. 24 issue of The Reporter.

I have asked the editor to send you a copy which you should receive within the next few days.

Am now planning an article on the move made last fall to get Negroes removed from the voting rolls. If you have any data on this or know where some can be obtained, I would appreciate knowing. As you may have read, there is a grand jury hearing on this matter going on at present in Monroe, La.

Best regards.

Sincerely,

Ed

Ed Gamarekian

Mrs. Henry Steadman
President-Elect

Mrs. John Akin
First Vice-President

Mrs. J. Luther Clements
Second Vice-President

Mrs. A. A. Rayle, Jr.
Third Vice-President

Mrs. John W. Thompson
Recording Secretary

WOMAN'S AUXILIARY TO THE
FULTON COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY

Mrs. Ted F. Leigh
President

369 Robin Hood Rd., N.E.
ATLANTA 9, GEORGIA

Mrs. Linton Bishop, Jr.
Corresponding Secretary

Mrs. Ernest Dunbar
Treasurer

Mrs. Edward L. Askren
Parliamentarian

Mrs. J. K. Fancher
Historian

Mrs. William Hopkins
Auditor

W Peachtree

November 27, 1958

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

This is to confirm our conversation earlier this week. We are looking forward to having you with us on January 9th at the Academy of Medicine, as a member of the panel to discuss the school outlook in Georgia. As I mentioned before we shall send you a few questions several days before the meeting.

There may be some valuable information on the testing of white and Negro children in a study "Learning and Teaching in the Atlanta School System, 1955-1956," which was conducted here with the aid of the Princeton testing service. If you do not already have this study, Dr. Warren Finley with the Atlanta Department of Education will be happy to provide you with a copy. It may prove valuable.

Thank you again for agreeing to serve on our panel. We are looking forward to meeting you.

Very sincerely,

Mrs John T. Galambos

Mrs. John T. Galambos
Legislation Chairman

P.A.
file

July 3, 1959
1316 Louise
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Room 432
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sir:

I am writing in regard to the rumors of the proposed expansion of Fort Sill. Although I am now living in Oklahoma City I still consider Cooperton, Oklahoma my home. That is the one small town that the army refers to that will be taken if the expansion goes through.

It is quite disheartening and even frightening to look back over the past eighteen months. Thousands of words have been written in letters to Congress and organizations trying to tell our story. I cannot see how the army can keep repeating the statement that our land is sub-marginal in the light of the facts that have been published in such magazines as the Saturday Evening Post (Face of America series picturing the wheat in the street of Snyder, Oklahoma). This was due to the fact that the harvest was so bountiful that the elevators and freight cars could not take care of the harvested crop. Also the cover of Life magazine had one of our wheat farmers in Kiowa County and inside the covers was a story telling of the productivity of our land. I do not have the exact dates of these publications but they were in the summer of 1958. Statistics will prove that Kiowa County is among the top ranking in agricultural productivity of all the counties in the United States. There is also an article in the July issue of Reader's Digest 1958 by Charles Stevenson, the Washington Editor of the Reader's Digest. It is entitled "Does the Army Need A Thirty-five Million Acre Empire?". This is also enlightening. It has been said that only a few families would be affected. This expansion was to have been originally a three phase program. In Area A and B totaling 101,000 acres there were 268 rural mail boxes in use. Area C contains 150,000 acres. The mail boxes in this area and the residents in the town of Cooperton were not included in the above figure. This seems to me more than just a few. Consider also the towns on the border just outside the proposed area. Their trade territory would be gone so what could those towns become but GHOST TOWNS? These people would not receive any compensation for what they had spent years building.

We have repeatedly asked people of the Army and also members of Congress to come to Southwest Oklahoma and see for themselves what kind of land we have but so far no one has made the trip. I believe that one or two people have viewed the land by helicopter but I do not feel that anyone could adequately judge the depth of top soil at that height. An invitation to visit Southwest Oklahoma at the expense of the Southwest Oklahoma Survival Association has been sent to Representative Robert L.F. Sikes, Democrat from Florida, who on May 25,1959 raised the question as to whether the Army was actually going to ask for this land for expansion.

The development of oil fields and the development of the mineral resources of this area has begun and is progressing rapidly.

We certainly do not want to see the city of Lawton lose their main source of income which they admitted in the Oklahoma Legislative Hearing in February 1958 was Ft. Sill. Neither do we want to see the people of Southwest Oklahoma lose their homes which have taken years of effort to build. A great many of these people are too old to start over elsewhere. True, they would be paid for their land. The figure of $100 per acre was mentioned in the May 25th 1959 meeting of a Subcommittee of the House Appropiations Committee. Land has not been available at that low a price for years in Kiowa County. These people do not want to sell their land to other individuals and certainly not to the Army. How long would the purchase money last with living costs being what they are and where will there be enough land for sale for all of these people to buy the same number of acres to replace that they would have been forced to sell?

If the Army could purchase this land for $30,000,000 the interest at 4% would be $1,200,000 per year. It has been estimated that the cost of transporting the troops to White Sands in 1960 will be $25,000. Considering how long this $30,000,000 will be a part of the national debt just which will be the cheaper--moving troops or buying the land?

If it could be proved that this was the only place that the missile range could be located we would have to face the issue bravely and make the best of it but this has not been done. With the government owning 29% of the total land area of the United States, much of which is waste land where nothing could grow why can't they use what they already own? They have been training the men at Ft. Sill and then transporting them to the firing ranges elsewhere. Why can't they continue? The army says this is too inconvenient. It would be more than inconvenient for the people of Southwest Oklahoma to have to hunt new homes.

I am enclosing an editorial from the Daily Oklahoman June 27,1959 by Elmer Peterson which might enlighten you more than my letter has. Any help which you can give the people of Southwest Oklahoma will be greatly appreciated.

We feel that the labor spent in building our homes and in the last eighteen months writing letters and also the prayers of the people of Southwest Oklahoma will not be in vain.

Sincerely yours,

Joy M. Ganoung, R. N.

Joy M. Ganoung, R.N.

encl. 1

DAILY OKLAHOMAN
June 27, 1959

FORT SILL-AND GOOD LAND USE

By Elmer T. Peterson

It can be said without fear of successful contradiction that if even a half-way scientific land use plan were applied to the Fort Sill controversy, the taking of 185,000 acres of good farm and ranch land for a missile range would be definitely and summarily rejected.

Those Oklahoma citizens who protest this expropriation would do well to challenge the Pentagon to submit the case, not to politicians but to leading authorities in the National Association of Soil Conservation Districts, the National Wildlife Institute, the American Planning Association, the United States Chamber of Commerce, the leading economic associations and other non-political groups that are interested in problems of land use.

One phase of the controversy that is kicked around without authoritative evidence is the value of the threatened land for farming, ranch operation and general food production. It would be no great task for unbiased experts to determine such values.

Then, of course, a survey should be made of the vast wastelands of Arizona, Nevada, New Mexico, and other far western states to determine productive values in the like manner. Then a comparison should be made, to see which type of land should be condemned for military uses. As is well known, the federal government already owns 85 percent of the land in Arizona, with neighboring states showing comparable large federal acreages.

If the Pentagon people do much reading outside their own specialities they must know these facts:

1. The United States population is growing at an explosive rate, and by the year 2,000 there will not be enough fertiel foodland to give our own people adequate supplies.
2. Other uses, for instance airports, city expansion, new highways and recreational facilities are taking at least a million acres a year out of the total area of fertile lands. Federal reservoirs are also encroaching on fertile bottomlands, by inundation, swallowing great gulps every year.
3. Erosion annually takes 400,000 acres a year out of adequate production.

Another angle that all the armed forces ought to realize if they do not realize it already, is that they are committed to national defense, to the end that the generations yet unborn will have a happy and prosperous land in which to live. By that token it is just as much their moral duty to protect fertile foodland from internal destruction and misuse as it is to protect it from bombing and the blasting of artillery or the scourge of biological warfare. Any potential enemy would rejoice in any American government policy that would result in the crippling of American food production.

It is natural for the good people at Lawton to worry lest the Pentagon should fulfill its seeming threat of removing or depleting the Fort Sill establishment, but anyhow in the long run they will suffer more from the removal of fertile foodlands than from the loss of military installations. Fertile foodland is the ultimate basis of all national prosperity. If the Pentagon officials who demand this 185,000 acres would read the book, "Topsoil and Civilization" they would realize that the loss of such good earth has been the cause of national disintegration throughout history, and no amount of urban or other artificial facilities or operations can offset the simple power and virtue of the soil. This book is not argumentative but objective, and it tells plain facts and lets those facts speak for themselves. There is a wealth of photographic evidence to substantiate the case.

A preliminary look at this general problem was made by the National Association of Soil Conservation Districts about two years ago, and, by taking the official figures of the federal census bureau, United States department of agriculture and other agencies, they arrived at the conclusion that within a comparatively short time the present surplus of food crops will change into a deficiency which will probably be permanent.

Everywhere in the United States today the people witness the activities of city planners, urban redevelopment agencies, statewide planners and other farsighted organisms devoted to the study of scientific land use. Certainly here at Fort Sill is a good place to apply such lore. Guesswork is no good. Let's get the actual facts.

BULLETIN OF THE

Interdenominational Theological Center

Cooperating Seminaries

GAMMON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

MOREHOUSE SCHOOL OF RELIGION

PHILLIPS SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY

TURNER THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

Acc 8 v269

Announcements

1959 - 1960

VOLUME I SEPTEMBER, 1959

9 McDONOUGH BLVD., S. E.,

ATLANTA 15, GEORGIA

HCF

RECEIVED NOV 4 1959

F. Y. I.
I called Gammon yesterday and asked that these be sent to us.

MF

NOTE:

This man is interested in setting up an organization in San Francisco similar in nature to the Southern Regional Council.

A large sampling of SRC materials mailed to him May 10, 1966.

mmj

Herman Gallegos
150 Corona Street
San Francisco, Calif. 94127
JU 5-1365

fce "Ga" - gen. 1966

via air mail

December 15, 1960

Mr. Adrian W. DeWind
Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison
575 Madison Avenue
New York 22, New York

Dear Mr. DeWind:

Failing to reach you by telephone today, I am taking this second-best way of reporting on my conversation with Phillip Hammer, president of Hammer & Company, economic consultants.

Phil is deeply interested in the questions raised by the New Orleans situation, and if such a study were undertaken, his firm would be the logical one to do it. While he has no fear of adverse public relations, unfortunately he and his staff are hopelessly over-committed for at least the next six months.

The only other firms Phil can think of as possibilities are such national management consultants as McKinsey & Co. and Cresap, Padgett & McCormick, both headquartered in New York. The findings of these firms would, he says, command respect among business men everywhere, the South included. But aside from the expense and perhaps difficulty of engaging them, there are also problems of method.

Many of the economic effects of racial disturbance are hardly susceptible to quantitative analysis, especially if local business firms are unwilling to open their books to the investigators. Isolating racial factors from all others is the tough problem. One aspect of Little Rock

was simple, in that no new industry at all moved in after September 1957; however, other economic activities, such as retail sales, were never satisfactorily related to racial turbulence.

The survey might be done by a business school or other appropriate academic researchers, but the academic wheels grind so slowly that publication would likely take a year or two.

In any case, Phil shares my view that a thorough-going treatment by one of the business publications -- preferably Fortune, though Business Week would also be good -- would be more effective. This seems to us true for several reasons: (1) They are geared to move more swiftly than either commercial or academic researchers; (2) the survey could be done without subsidy and published without any problem of sponsorship; (3) statistical measures could be less rigorously applied; (4) business and economic leaders would be reached through a natural medium which they are used to regarding as authoritative; (5) at minimal cost, reprints of the article could be given wider and longer-run circulation among Southern economic leaders.

Incidentally, Morris Abram called me last night. He was enthusiastic about the idea of Hammer doing the survey, but in view of Hammer's unavailability he would probably agree with the paragraph above.

As you probably know, the Southern Regional Council has for some years collected and disseminated the evidence available in this field -- from Little Rock, Norfolk, and the like. If we can help further in your pursuit of this idea, do let me know.

Sincerely yours,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

BC: Mrs. Jane Lee Eddy (Taconic Fd.)

Air Mail

September 8, 1961

Mr. R. M. de Villiers
c/o Carnegie Corporation
Eleventh Floor
589 Fifth Avenue
New York 17, New York

Dear Mr. de Villiers:

Your letter of the 7th has been called to my attention since Mr. Fleming is no longer with the Council. If we can be of any possible assistance we will be delighted to see you during your visit to Atlanta. In fact, we will be happy to make any arrangement you may wish in advance.

Mr. Fleming, incidentally, is now Executive Vice President of the Potomac Institute, located at 1501 Eighteenth Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Should you be passing through Washington, I am certain Mr. Fleming would be pleased to have you call on him there.

We are looking forward to seeing you and Mrs. de Villiers on the 25th.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:mbb
cc: H.C. Fleming
Leo Marquard

c/o Carnegie Corporation
ELEVENTH FLOOR
589 FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 17, N.Y.

Sept 7, 1961.

Dear Mr. Fleming. I hope to be in Atlanta from September 25 to 27, and would very much like to talk with you. I enclose a note of introduction from my uncle. If he thinks you'd like to call you when we do

to atlantic.

Yours sincerely,

René de Villiers

OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS

JOHN BROWN, *Publisher*

P.O. Box 1141
Telegrams: OXONIAN CAPE TOWN
Telephone: 3-7412

Thibault House
Thibault Square
Cape Town

14th July, 1961.

EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT
L. MARQUARD, *Manager*

Mr. Harold Fleming,
Southern Regional Council,
63 Aubarn Avenue, N.E.
ATLANTA 3. Georgia.

Dear Mr Fleming,

This is to introduce to you my nephew and his wife, Mr. & Mrs. R.M. de Villiers, who will be travelling in North America during the later part of this year on a Carnegie Travelling Fellowship.

René de Villiers is Editor of the Natal Daily News, and has a greater knowledge of South African affairs than most people. I am sure you and they will find mutual pleasure in getting to know one another.

With warmest greetings,

Yours sincerely,

Leo Marquard

LEO MARQUARD.

October 18, 1961

The Rev. M. J. Wynn
Gammon Theological Seminary
671 Beckwith Street, S.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Wynn:

This will confirm our conversation of last week and your generous offer to house members of the Southern Regional Council on the night of November 8th. Our invitations have been mailed and I will be in touch with you or Miss Sherrill concerning the specific individuals who will use the facilities.

On the evening of November 8th at 7:00 p.m. the Council will have a dinner at the Atlanta University Dining Hall. We would be pleased to have you and Mrs. Wynn join us for this occasion.

Please know that we are very grateful for your cooperation.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Anthony
Executive Assistant

PA:mbb

January 10, 1963

Mr. Bruce Galphin
Dunster House
B - 33
Harvard University
Cambridge 38, Massachusetts

Dear Bruce:

Thank you for the Christmas card. It was good hearing from you, and I hope that your sit-in study will be in print soon so that we may read it.

Things go on here about as usual except for Mr. Allen's barricade. Sam Williams speaks of the 1965 election when "we shall un-elect Mr. Allen", and that is a very exact word. He was the scheduled speaker yesterday at the Hungry Club, but sensibly cancelled out.

Your substitute, Hal Gulliver, seems to be doing well.

All best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

ET IN TERRA
PAX HOMINIBUS

Needless for me to brag on Harvard.
The experience is magnificent.
Thanks again for your endorsement.

I have completed a long legal study of the sit-ins (conclusion: restaurant service in today's context is liberty protected by 14th amendment) and am looking for a market.

Best holiday wishes.

B.G.

Peace on Earth

Bruce Golphin
Dunster House
Box 33
~~Cambr~~
Harvard Univ.
Cambridge 38

free "G" or "PG" gen. corresp.
Make also 3x5 address card

via air mail special March 11, 1964

Mr. Larry Goodwyn
Voters of Texas Enlist
1317 S. Congress Street
Austin, Texas

Dear Larry:

Would you be kind enough to select a few of your many materials which are descriptive of the purposes and organization and method of the Democratic Coalition and V.O.T.E., and send them to the gentleman below:

Mr. Jason Paige
Carrington Farm
Delaplane, Virginia.

I would be very grateful to you.

How are things going?

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

File: Gen Corresp.

March 25, 1964

Professor Warren E. Gauerke
Department of Educational
Administration
Wayne State University
Detroit 2, Michigan

Dear Warren:

It was awfully good to hear from you.

Things go well here I think. Maybe something of my reading of the present can come out to you through the enclosure.

You will be interested to know that we are getting Ross Green and Jimmy Jordan, and a couple of their colleagues in Teacher Education charged up to do a little study for us. I wish you were here to join them.

Give my best to your good wife, whom I remember so pleasantly even though I cannot recall her name; and be sure to some in to see us if you get back to Atlanta.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

WAYNE STATE UNIVERSITY

DETROIT 2, MICHIGAN

MU
PW
LD

March 10, 1964

Dr. Leslie Dunbar,
Executive Secretary
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Les:

Have read the last several issues of the NEW SOUTH with a great deal of interest. In addition to the content, I enjoyed the many references to Georgia and the other southern states.

Trust that everything is going reasonably well for you. Let me hear from you when you have time.

Sincerely,

Warren

WARREN E. GAUERKE
Associate Professor
Department of Educational
Administration

WEG:ez

November 28, 1967

The Rev. J. F. Norwood
President
Gammon Theological Seminary
653 Beckwith Street, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30314

Dear Mr. Norwood:

Because of a long standing commitment to speak at Tuskegee Institute on December 5th, I sincerely regret that I will be unable to attend the Founders Day celebration. Were it not for that conflict I would be honored to pay my respects to your outstanding institution and its very significant work.

With best regards.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

See Iza in gen.

February 28, 1968

Dr. M. T. Jones
President
Gammon Theological Seminary
653 Beckwith Street, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30314

Dear Dr. Jones:

I deeply regret that a longstanding commitment prevents me from attending your program on March 6 and 7.

Please let me know if there is any way I can be of assistance to you in your important work.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

You Are Cordially Invited To Attend

the

THIRKIELD-JONES LECTURES

Wednesday,	March 6, 1968	10:00 a.m.
	March 6, 1968	4:00 p.m.
Thursday,	March 7, 1968	10:00 a.m.

Guest Lecturer

DR. L. HAROLD DeWOLF

Dean and Professor of Systematic Theology

Wesley Theological Seminary,

Washington, D. C.

in the

I. T. C. Chapel

Gammon Theological Seminary
653 Beckwith Street, Southwest
Atlanta, Georgia 30314

Dr. L. Harold DeWolf

A member of the Virginia Conference, a Methodist Clergyman, Dr. DeWolf holds the A.B. and S.T.D. degrees from Nebraska Wesleyan University; the S.T.B. and the Ph.D. degrees from Boston University; and academic honors from many other institutions of higher learning.

Before becoming Dean of the Faculty at Wesleyan Seminary in Washington, D. C., Dr. DeWolf was Professor of Systematic Theology at Boston University School of Theology from 1934-1965. He was a lecturer and consultant on Theological education in Africa during his sabbatical leave from Boston University in 1955-1956, and also acted as a consultant on Theological education in Asia the summer of 1967.

The inclusive theme of Dr. DeWolf's series of lectures is

"The Church Faces the Late Twentieth Century." The first lecture will be entitled "Saved by Grace through Faith." The second lecture will be "Work out your own Salvation." The third lecture will be "The Christian Ministry and the Races of Men, 1968-2000."

He is the author of a number of outstanding books and articles, including, **The Theology of the Living Church, The Enduring Message of the Bible, Teaching Our Faith in God, A Hard Rain and A Cross,** and **Faith for a Church Under Fire.** Dr. DeWolf is a former president of the American Theological Society, a member of the American Academy of Religion, the American Association of University Professors, Phi Kappa Phi, Pi Kappa Delta professional fraternities, and is also active in ecumenical affairs, both in the National Council and the World Council of Churches.

MR. ANTHONY
351-1844

file

CALL FROM:

MR. HERMAN GALLEGOS -150 Corona Street, San Francisco, California
Zip No. 94127

PHONE - Area Code 415
585-1365

MR. GALLEGOS is a consultant to Ford Foundation. At suggestion of Paul Ylvisaker he plans to visit Atlanta to see how SRC's program and structure might be applied in other areas. (He is with or working with Mexican and American Relations)

He understood we had related offices or branches in other states. He would also like to visit state councils in Mississippi, Tennessee, and Louisiana.

He plans to assess ways in which ~~they~~ he might relate his findings to relations in or with Mexico and southwest, ~~etc~~.

He plans to make arrangements to leave San Francisco Sunday and arrive in Atlanta Sunday night or early Monday morning and stay for at least three or four days. He would like one day with you and then travel to visit the other councils.

I TOLD HIM AS FAR AS I KNEW MONDAY WAS OPEN FOR YOU BUT THAT

YOU WOULD BE LEAVING FOR NEW YORK ON THE 10th.

HE WOULD LIKE FOR YOU TO CONFIRM A MONDAY VISIT WITH YOU EITHER

BY PHONE OR LETTER.

KATHARINE MARTIN

to be handled

MCROSS REFERENCE SHEET

NAME OR SUBJECT:

Gauntlett, Mr. John H.
36 Tenney Circle
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

REGARDING:

Publication of book

NOTE: Friend of Mr. Dabbs

(SEE)
NAME OR SUBJECT:

Montex Albright files.

The Interdenominational Theological Center

Gammon Today And Tomorrow

By

HARRY V. RICHARDSON

President Gammon Seminary

GAMMON THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

via air mail

November 9, 1959

Mr. W. E. Garnett
804 Draper Road
Blacksburg, Virginia

Dear Mr. Garnett:

It has taken us a little time to find the information you requested in your recent letter. As far as we can discover, there is no official state body of the sort you are proposing in any Southern state. There are, of course, a number of them outside the South, including Illinois, New York, Ohio, New Jersey, Rhode Island, and Massachusetts.

Only two precedents that we know of would seem to me to have some possible value. OnlJuly 2, 1954, the Governor of Kentucky appointed a biracial committee to advise the state on school desegregation. We have no information on its accomplishments, and I doubt that it was very active; but it was at least a gesture in the direction you are advocating. In Maryland, a Commission on Interracial Problems was created by action of the General Assembly in 1951. Its function is "to promote better understanding among all races and creeds and to build sound community relations among all elements of the population." We have one or two of its older reports, but nothing of recent date. For current information, I suggest you write the Commission itself; the address we have is 719 St. Paul Street, Baltimore 2, Maryland.

I hope this scanty information is of some help. You have our good wishes for success in this important effort.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

804 Draper Road
Blacksburg, Virginia
October 27, 1959.

Dr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Dr. Fleming:

From the enclosed letter to Dr. Darden, recently retired President of University of Virginia and a former Governor of the State, you will note that I am aiding a move to create a Biracial Commission with powers to make an entended study of Virginia's race relation questions. May I ask for a list of other states , if any, which have such a commission and have made such studies?

Senator Haddock thought it would be much easier to get the dewired resolution for the creation of the proposed commission through the legislature if we do not request too much money for the work. Do you know of any foundation from which it might be possible to secure funds for the proposed undertaking? Any suggestions you care to give about the proposed move would be appreciated.

Thanking you for your assistance,

Yours sincerely,

W. E. Garnett

W. E. Garnett.

804 Draper Road
Blacksburg, Virginia
October 27, 1959.

Honorable Colgate W. Darden Jr.
1013 National Bank of Commerce
Norfolk, Virginia.

Dear Dr. Darden:

While in Richmond last week I had a talk with Senator Edward Haddock of Richmond about the desirability and practicability of securing the appointment of a Biracial Commission to make an objective factual study of questions related to race relations in Virginia. Senator Haddock said he and a group of his General Assembly friends would introduce a joint resolution to this end at the next session of the legislature provided they had some evidence of public support for such a move. We therefore concluded to :

1. Form a committee of men and women of influence to sponsor such a move.

2. Send to the members of the legislature before the 1960 session convenes, a tentative draft of a desirable resolution with a statement as to why such a Biracial Commission and the proposed study are desirable.

3. Try to create public interest in such a move.

Can we have your support for such an undertaking or at least to the extent of allowing the use of your name on the proposed committee? This would be of immeasurable help. Your forthright statements on school integration and related questions have carried great weight. A number of thoughtful people of influence have told me that they think the creation of a Biracial Commission and the proposed study highly desirable, but noone seems to have crystalized such sentiment for united action.

Your suggestions, as to others whose interest and support for this undertaking might be enlisted, would be appreciated: also suggestions as to desirable procedure stratigies to secure the objectives sought.

Enclosed is a tentative statement as to possible function of a Biracial Commission and scope of a desirable study.

I may add that if you have seen any of my Experiment Station Bulletins you will know that I have had rather wide contacts with Virginia's social problems and with both the white and Negro leadership.

Thanking you for your assistance,

Yours sincerely,

W. E. Garnett.

A Proposed Biracial Commission and Study of
Virginia's Race Relation Problems.

The many-angled questions arising from the school integration struggle cut across every aspect of the State's life. All phases of race relations are involved. Until there is broader consideration of such questions than there has been to date, and better informed public opinion based on objectively obtained factual information, no stable settlement will be reached.

It it therefore urged that the 1960 General Assembly create a non-political, biracial commission with the following functions:

1. To make needed studies of the whole field of race problems and relations as they prevail in Virginia, including their anthropological, psychological, social, economic, educational, health, political, legal, moral and religious aspects; together with the progress of Virginia Negroes in the past three generations and significant trends; roots of race prejudice; white viewpoints and attitudes; significant Negro needs and aspirations; organizations; leadership; etc.

2. To widely distribute the results of studies to the end that there may be intelligent public opinion based on factual information on all phases of the racial situation and the creation of local biracial committees be stimulated where needed.

3. Such other duties as may be assigned.

Such a commission should be composed of persons of broad experience, mature judgment and unquestioned integrity in whom the public generally has confidence. Both races should be represented. The commission , whose members would serve without pay, should have adequate financial support to properly discharge its functions. It should be appointed for a three year term with an extension of its life subject to need.

There is good reason to believe that Negro leadership would avoid extreme moves and stands if such a commission were appointed.

Some degree of school integration in Virginia is apparently here to stay. This makes the proposed commission and study all the more important.

State Committees Concerned With Desegregation in the Schools

Southern and Border States

1. Kentucky. On July 2, 1954, the Governor appointed a biracial committee to advise the state on the problems of ending segregation. (Southern School News, Sept., 1954, p. 7.) We have no information to show that this committee still exists.

719 St. Paul St., Balt. 2

2. Maryland. A Commission on Interracial Problems and Relations received its current authorization in 1951, by action of the General Assembly. Its mandate extends beyond educational desegregation; its function is "to promote better understanding among all races and creeds and to build sound community relations among all elements of the population." (This Commission replaced an older body, a Commission on Negro Affairs, or some similarly titled organization.)

(NOTE: Both Maryland and Kentucky took action at the State level following S.C. decision leading to the creation of local biracial study groups and advisory groups to study problems connected with desegregation on a local basis.)

3. Florida. Governor's Advisory Committee on Race Relations. (~~Fabisinski Committee~~) Serves the Governor in an advisory capacity. (The nature or effectiveness of this organization is not known to us.) (This may be the Fabisinski Committee, which has recommended legislation essentially to maintain segregation.)

Outside the South

Commissions on Human Relations or Rights, ~~exist~~ some professionally staffed, exist in a number of states. Among them are:

~~Illinois~~ Illinois Commission on Human Relations
~~Illinois~~ New York State Commission Against Discrimination
Ohio - Governor's Advisory Commission on Civil Rights
New Jersey - State Civil Rights Commission
Rhode Island Commission Against Discrimination
Mass. Commission Against Discrimination

Problems concerning ~~desegr~~ such segregation as may exist in the schools comes within their mandate, which also extends to other areas.

Other state commissions or committees are concerned with discrimination in employment, ~~or~~ exclusively.

November 30, 1959

Via Air Mail

Mr. W. E. Garnett
804 Draper Road
Blacksburg, Virginia

Dear Mr. Garnett:

If an official state body is created to do the proposed race relations study, the chances of foundation support would seem to me slim. My impression is that foundations are reluctant to assist such efforts because of the danger of political involvements or political controversy, whether justified or not.

A privately sponsored study would be another matter. In that case, a foundation would probably want to make any grant to an existing organization which has established its tax-exempt status. Without seeing a specific detailed proposal, I can't very well estimate the chances of success, but I certainly think they are good enough to warrant the attempt.

One foundation which occurs to me as peculiarly suitable is the Old Dominion Foundation, a philanthropy of the Mellon family which, as the name suggests, has Virginia ties. The office address is 140 East 62nd Street, New York 21, New York. Another fund long interested in race relations is The Field Foundation at 250 Park Avenue, New York. There are, of course, various others.

Once the plan has taken definite shape, if you would care to share a copy of the written proposal

with me, I might be able to advise more helpfully on likely sources of support. In any case, you have my good wishes for success.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/sm

804 Draper Road
Blacksburg, Virginia
November 17, 1959.

Mr. Harold C. Fleming, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

RECEIVED NOV 19 1959

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Thanks for your letter of November 9. I will contact some of the commissions in other states to which you referred.

You failed to answer the question in my first letter as to some possible sources of Foundation Aid to supplement state's appropiation for the proposed race relation's study which we may find it worthwhile to look into provided we are able to go forward with the proposed undertaking. Your suggestions on this point would be greatly appreciated.

I may add that a number of influantial individuals have agreed to join a committee to sponsor the proposed legislative request.

State backing for the proposed race relation's study is, of course, highly desirable. In case we should fail to secure passage of a resolution to this effect, I have been wondering whether it might not be possible to have such a study made anyway under the auspices of some of the responsible church groups whose representatives have agreed to back the legislative request. I have contacts to crystalize such sponsorship if desirable. As I conceive it the proposed study, report publications, and follow up would cost at least $20,000. Whether Foundation Aid to something like this amount could be secured is the question.

Thanking you for your assistance, I remain

Yours sincerely,

W E Garnett

W. E. Garnett.

January 13, 1960

Dr. W. E. Garnett
Blacksburg,
Virginia

Dear Dr. Garnett:

I appreciated your sending me a copy of the communication sent to members of the General Assembly, and I hope you will continue to keep me posted on the progress of your efforts.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Blacksburg, Virginia
December 30, 1959.

Dr. Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia.

Dear Dr. Fleming:

In view of our previous correspondence you may be interested in the enclosed.

Thanking you for your assistance, I remain

Yours sincerely,

W.E. Garnett

W.E.Garnett.

To Members of the 1960 General Assembly

Dear Friends:

Extended inquiry indicates that there is widespread sentiment for the creation of a Commission on Inter-racial Problems and Relations to conduct studies on inter-racial problems and relations.

Enclosed is a tentative draft of a resolution which will be introduced at the 1960 Session of the Legislature, together with a brief statement of why it should be passed. This is being sent to you in the belief that you would prefer to give this matter deliberate consideration before the rush of the Session's work begins.

We, the undersigned, represent a group of concerned citizens giving support and aid to Members of the Legislature who will introduce the resolution. Any comment or suggestions you may wish to make can be sent to our secretary, W. E. Garnett, 804 Draper Road, Blacksburg, Virginia.

Yours sincerely,

Dr. Reuben E. Alley - Richmond
Editor: Religious Herald

Dr. Aubrey N. Brown - Richmond
Editor: Presbyterian Outlook

Wilson M. Brown - Richmond
Vice-President:
State Planters Bank

Dr. W.E. Garnett - Blacksburg
Retired Sociologist

Rev. J. William Hough - Fairfax Ch., Va. Methodist Conference Board of Social and Economic Relations

Right Rev. William H. Marmion - Roanoke: Bishop: Diocese of Southwestern Virginia

John M. Gallagher, Richmond
Lawyer & Civic Leader

Dr. Harry W. Roberts - Petersburg
Sociology Professor: Virginia State College

Mrs. Henry Lee Robinson - Richmond
President: Virginia Council of Church Women

Dr. E.A. Smyth - Blacksburg
Presbyterian Minister

Dr. J.M. Ellison - Richmond
Chancellor: Virginia Union University

Dr. Ernest Trice Thompson - Richmond
Union Theological Seminary:
Moderator, Presbyterian Church U.S.

David C. Wilson - Charlottesville
Professor of Psychiatry, University of Virginia School of Medicine

P. B. Young Sr., Norfolk
Editor Journal & Guide

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. __

For the Appointment of a Commission on Inter-racial Problems and Relations.

(A Tentative Draft.)

Whereas, changing conditions bring new patterns of race relations which involve every aspect of the State's life, and

Whereas, well informed public opinion is needed as a basis for new developments, and

Whereas, there is widespread need for factual information on a wide range of topics bearing on prevailing conditions of Negro life, and race relations in Virginia; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate of Virginia, the House of Delegates concurring, that a Commission on Inter-racial Problems and Relations is hereby created to make and promote studies.

The commission shall consist of five members appointed by the Governor, two of whom shall be Negroes. As many walks of life as possible shall be represented. All shall be men or women of good insights, mature judgement, and broad vision who command public confidence. The members of the commission shall receive no pay for their services but shall receive compensation for travel and other necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the purposes of the commission.

The commission may employ such technical and other assistance as it deems necessary in order to discharge the duties imposed upon it, and it may seek assistance from colleges and other appropriate agencies.

The commission shall have the following objectives and responsibilities:

1. To make as broad a study of Virginia's inter-racial problems and relations as its resources permit.

2. To encourage and aid communities to make similar studies on a local basis.

3. To publish and widely distribute readily understandable reports on various aspects of inter-racial problems and relations.

4. To make a summary report of its findings to the 1962 Legislature for such action as it may deem desirable.

For carrying out the provisions of the resolution the sum of ten thousand dollars from the contingent fund of the General Assembly is hereby appropriated for the use of the commission.

WHY A RACE RELATIONS STUDY COMMISSION?

Why should the Legislature appoint a commission to make studies of Virginia's race problems and relations? Two Virginia school integration commissions have made reports. Millions of words and well over a million dollars of public money have been expended. Yet many problems closely related to school integration have redeived little attention. And there is still ill-informed public opinion on many phases of broader questions of race relations which affect every phase of the state's life.

It has been well said that, "We are down on what we are not up on." Without a good factual basis of discussion, the emotion-packed questions of race relations produce much heat and little light and increase race bitterness. Let us therefore have a commission to give us more facts. The states and cities which have had such commissions have found them most helpful.

We need factual studies of the whole field of race problems and relations as they prevail in Virginia, including health, social, economic, educational, civic, anthropological, psychological, moral and religious aspects; together with roots of race prejudice, white and Negro viewpoints and attitudes, significant Negro needs and aspirations, organizations, leadership, etc.

More specifically, what progress have Virginia Negroes made in the last three generations? What are present conditions and trends? How are Negroes distributed over the state? How do birth, death, and migration rates for Negroes compare with those for whites? What progress is being made in improving housing, living, and cultural standards? What adjustments are Negroes making to new conditions in agriculture and industry? How do Negro youth with differing educational attainments fare in the job market? Is the industrial development of the state being retarded by the prevailing confused race relations picture?

Do the prevailing frustrations of Negro life tend to kill effort and efficiency, as well as to increase the incidence of certain diseases and crimes? Are Negroes (a fifth of the state's population) allowed to make as great a contribution to state well-being and progress as they are capable of doing?

These are only a few of the many questions needing objective study by an officially-appointed commission. It should be emphasized that such a commission is for the purpose of conducting studies, and not for action.

Reasons for the creation of the proposed commission are well summed up in the words of Governor McKeldin of Maryland to the Maryland Commiss on on Inter. acial Problems and Relations:

> "Communities, like individuals, should take stock occasionally of their manners of living, their modes of development, their mental attitudes and their adaptabilities. Only in this way can they determine whether they are in step with the progress of the present. Only in this way can they safely condition themselves for advancement into the future."

Extended inquiry shows that there is widespread belief, both among public men and the rank and file, that the appointment of such a commission as advocated is long past due. The creation of such a commission will have the approval and support of foward-looking men of good will. The commission reports will give the basis for intelligent public opinion.

April 18, 1960

Dr. W. E. Garnett
804 Draper Road
Blacksburg, Virginia

Dear Dr. Garnett:

Thank you for letting me see the questionnaire concerning further efforts toward an Interracial Study Committee. Alternative #2 strikes me as particularly wise -- both because of the interest aroused by the 1960 legislative proposal, and because the Committee would have such status as an official body.

In any case, I hope you will continue the effort by one or more of the proposed methods.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

Blacksburg, Virginia
April 11, 1960.

To members of the group sponsoring, and sympathetic to the move to create
An Interracial Study Commission.

Dear Friends:

As you have no doubt heard the resolution sponsored by Senators Haddock, Wilson, and Donovan to create a "Commission for the Study and improvement of intergroup human relations" was killed in the Privileges and Elections Committee headed by Senator Garland Gray, who would not even allow a public hearing. I understand from Senator Haddock that the resolution would have had fairly wide support on the floor of the two houses if it had been allowed to come to a vote and that the Governor was favorable to the move. It is being increasingly recognized that many race relation questions need objective study.

Those interested in the measure are now confronted with the question "What next?". Below I have listed several possible alternatives. Would you be so kind as to check yes or no and make suggestions as to other possible moves and return to me as soon as possible?

Thanking you for your support and assistance, I remain

Yours sincerely,
W. E. Garnett
W. E. Garnett, Secretary Sponsoring Committee
for Interracial Study Commission.

Alternative Procedures.

---------- 1. Drop the matter of the appointment of an Interracial Study Commission.

----- 2. Build on the present foundation of interested effort for the creation of such a commission by the 1960 Legislature for action by the 1962 Session.

----- (a) Would you be willing to help?
If answer is yes ___ Individually?
Through what channels or groups? _____

_____ 3. Try to induce the Governor to appoint an Interracial Commission regardless of legislative action? If yes, suggestions as to how to induce such actions? (I understand that the Governor has refused to take such action.)

_____ 4. Try to secure foundation support for such a study to be conducted under the auspices of a volunteer committee or organization? (At least $30,000 would be needed). * If answer is yes, what groups do you think would be best for sponsoring the study:

_____ (a) The State Council of Churches?

_____ (b) A committee created for the purpose composed of representatives from church bodies and other interested groups? (Use back of sheet)

_____ (c) Other suggestive procedures? (Use back of sheet)

_____ 5. Suggestions for other types of action? (Use back of sheet).

* The Ford and the Old Dominion Foundations have been suggested as possible aid source (Some of the above are not mutual exclusive).

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

NAME OR SUBJECT:

Gentry, S. L.
P. O. Drawer 429
Sumter, S. C.

REGARDING:

Ltr. of request for info. regarding CCD and SRC's relationship with it; also names and addresses of other organizations connected with CCD.

DATE
March 3, 1959

(SEE)
NAME OR SUBJECT:

Criticisms - "Defense Materials"
See Also: Attachment - Thermofaxed ltr. from Gentry To Virginius Dabney, Richmond Times-Dispatch dtd. 10/3/58.

Date 12/8/59

Dear Sir:

Thank you for your recent letter. We have credited your account, our # 9649 with the 1 clipping returned, and we have advised our readers carefully. Please refer to our number of your account in all correspondence.

H J Gerberg

"You get better local or national press clipping service by using a bureau with just one office—where there is no delay instructing those who do the clipping."

Burrelle's ESTABLISHED 1880

Harold J. Gerberg
PRESS CLIPPING BUREAU
165 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK 8, N. Y.
BArclay 7-5371-2

December 3, 1959

Mr. Harold J. Gerberg
Burrelle's Press Clipping Bureau
165 Church Street
New York 7, New York

Dear Mr. Gerberg:

Please credit the enclosed clipping to account no. 9649, as it does not refer to Southern Regional Council.

Sincerely,

(Miss) L. E. Cummings
Secretary to the Director of
Information

/lec
Enclosure

file

BURRELLE'S PRESS CLIPPING BUREAU

165 CHURCH STREET • NEW YORK 7, NEW YORK • BARCLAY 7-5371

In replying to our N.Y.C. office please refer to our number of your account:

9649

September 15, 1959

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Dear Mr. Constable:

Please accept our apologies for sending you incorrect clippings which were intended for the Southern Regional Council on Mental Health Training and Research.

These clips were undoubtedly mailed to your prior to your other letters and the shipper assures me she will not make this error in the future.

They have been credited to your account.

Sincerely yours,

H J Gerberg

Harold J. Gerberg

HJG:ek

Burrelle's
ESTABLISHED 1888

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165 CHURCH STREET • NEW YORK 7, NEW YORK • BARCLAY 7-5371

In replying to our N.Y.C. office please refer to our number of your account: 9649

September 14, 1959

Mr. John Constable
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Room 432
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Constable:

Thank you for your letters of September 4 and 8 and the clippings which were returned. These six clips have been credited to your account and will be shown as a deduction on your next invoice.

Our shipper is apparently confusing your account with the Southern Regional Education Board and I have gone over both accounts with her to make certain that this confusion is cleared up.

Sincerely yours,

W. J. Lytle, Jr.

WJL/aa

September 11, 1959

Mr. Harold J. Gerberg
Burrelle's Press Clipping Bureau
165 Church Street
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Gerberg:

Enclosed are four clippings which should be credited to account number 9649.

Again, these clippings refer to the Southern Regional Council on Mental Health Training and Research. This is the second group of clippings of this type we have had to return this week and the third in two weeks.

We hope this can be remedied.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosures

September 8, 1959

Mr. Harold J. Gerberg
Burrelle's Press Clipping Bureau
165 Church Street
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Gerberg:

This morning's mail brought five clippings which do not concern the Southern Regional Council. Please credit them to account number 9649.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosures

September 4, 1959

Mr. Harold J. Gerberg
Burrelle's Press Clipping Bureau
165 Church Street
New York 7, New York

Dear Mrs. Gerberg:

Enclosed is a clipping sent by Burrelle's to the Southern Regional Council, account number 9649.

The clipping, which should be credited to our account, is for the Southern Regional Council on Mental Health Training and Research. We had trouble with Burrelle's before concerning this matter.

The Southern Regional Council is the entire name of our organization and it does not have any connection with the Southern Regional Council on Mental Health. We hope your readers will note this in the future and eliminate the return of clippings which do not concern our organization.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosure

August 31, 1959

Mr. Harold J. Gerberg
Burrelle's Press Clipping Bureau
165 Church Street
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Gerberg:

The enclosed clipping does not concern the Southern Regional Council.

Please credit it to the account of number 9649.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec
Enclosure

August 27, 1959

Burrelle's Press Clipping Bureau
165 Church Street
New York 7, New York

Dear Sir:

We have received our first shipment of clips on order number 9649.

This is to confirm, as you requested by card, that the shipment meets our requirement.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

John Constable
Director of Information

JC:lec

This is our first shipment to you on your recent order for our press clipping service.

We would like to hear from you — after you have examined them — as to whether they meet your requirements.

If there is need for a change in your instructions please notify us. Please refer to your order our number 9649.

"You get better national or local press clipping service by using a bureau with just one office—where there is no delay instructing those who do the clipping."

Burrelle's PRESS CLIPPING BUREAU
ESTABLISHED 1888
165 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK 7, N. Y.
BArclay 7-5371-2

4225 Sutro Avenue
Los Angeles 8, California
June 10, 1960

HF ✓
JC ✓

Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Attn: Membership Secretary

Yesterday I read in a Los Angeles newspaper a press release by the Council about the desegregation of various lunch counters in southern cities. It made me want to hear more.

At one time I was employed in a clerical capacity by the Southern Regional Council (Carole Ann Curry). At that time Dr. George Mitchell was Director, and Norma Huff, Jane Simpson, and Harold Fleming were there. If any of them still are, please give them my regards and tell them that I would very much like to hear from them.

RHA 6/14/60

I am enclosing a check for $5.00. Please add my name to the mailing list for NEW SOUTH if this is still being published.

I know her. She lived in my neighborhood when I was married. I was at Southern Education Service while she was at SRC. RHA

Yours very truly,

Carole Ann George

6/21/60

June 14, 1960

Mrs. Carole Ann George
4225 Sutro Avenue
Los Angeles 8, California

Dear Carole:

It's pleasant indeed to hear from you after so many years, and to get you back on the mailing list for New South. (Your check entitles you to two years' worth!)

As you will see from the letterhead, we've had some changes. Mrs. Tilly and I are now the veteran staff members. Dr. Mitchell retired to Scotland a little over three years ago. Norma Huff has long since become a housewife and mother, with three little boys, all under five, and another on the way. And -- last but not least -- Jane Simpson became Jane Fleming all of ten years ago; we called a halt (I trust) at two boys, now four and nine.

I hope all goes well with you, and that you can find time to drop us another note telling us what you're up to. Meanwhile, Jane and the other old-timers join in best regards.

Sincerely,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf

4225 Sutro Avenue
Los Angeles 8, California
August 8, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming, Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Harold:

Thanks for your letter. It was good to have news of all, and especially of you and Jane and your family. Great! I have received and read with interest all the pamphlets. Clear, concise, and just wonderful. Hurrah for our side!

The luncheon counter sit-down strikes there were accompanied here by student picket demonstrations at Kress and Woolworth. This interested me because the main areas of civil rights violations here are in housing and some instances in employment.

I am employed by the Los Angeles City Schools in Advisement Service which is a vocational counseling and guidance office consisting of a vocational reference library, test laboratory, and intake office. There are 12 counseling psychologists, a vocational reference specialist, psychometrist, and clerical staff. My job is clerical and has to do with transcribing and compiling records.

I enjoy living in Southern California. I have a two bedroom bungalow with a lovely yard and fruit trees (lemon, grapefruit, and fig). My mother has retired on disability and has been here with me for several years.

Hello to Jane and Mrs. Tilly.

Sincerely,

Carole Ann George

WALTER H. MOELLER
10TH DISTRICT, OHIO

COMMITTEE ON
SCIENCE AND ASTRONAUTICS

PA ✓
MK ✓
MHB-file

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C.

August 31, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

Thank you for your letter of August 22 in reply to my earlier inquiry into your views of President Kennedy's handling of Civil Rights.

I can say that the Congressman and I felt you had done a good job in outlining the situation as it stands. We have hopes that this general change of atmosphere around this grave and vital area will continue with haste.

I would be most appreciative if you would include our name on your mailing list for any furthur statements of policy from your worthwhile and forward looking organization. Address correspondence to my attention.

With every good wish and kind regard, I am

Sincerely,

Thomas Gee

Thomas Gee

g

P.S. We were very pleased with the manner in which Atlanta schools were de-segregated. TG

August 22, 1961

Mr. Thomas Gee
335 House Office Building
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Gee:

Your letter of July 17 happened to arrive as I began both a period of travel and short vacation. I regret the delay in responding.

Thank you for the commendation of The Federal Executive and Civil Rights. We prepared and distributed it in the hope that persons, such as yourself, within the government would find it useful, and we are glad that you have. As you may have noticed, we were assisted in its writing by a memorandum from Professor Daniel Pollitt of the University of North Carolina Law School; Pollitt has since revised and published his paper, and you may want to look for it in the April issue of the North Carolina Law Review.

You ask for our views on how well the administration appears to be satisfying the objectives outlined in our report. I think that, on the whole, the administration has shown unprecedented interest and vigor regarding civil rights.

I am not, of course, qualified to speak authoritatively on the internal organization of the administration, but I do see evidence that procedures are in being to assure that civil rights and racial relations will be kept close to the attention of the administrators of the various programs. Creation of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunities has, in particular, been a tremendous administrative improvement.

We have, moreover, admired the work, to date, of that Committee. The potential good that careful, thorough enforcement of non-discrimination in federal and contractor employment

To: Mr. Thomas Gee
August 22, 1961

can realize seems to have been clearly and fully recognized by the Committee and it's staff.

Equally impressive has been the record of the Civil Rights Division of the Department of Justice. This division was headed by an able and devoted man in the last years of President Eisenhower's administration. I think, however, that we have not before seen such thoughtful and dedicated enforcement and defence of federal law as there has been since January, and as there promises to continue to be. This is a reflection of the quality of the present staff of the Division, and must surely also be an indication of strong support from the President and the Attorney-General.

We have observed with admiration some other of the administration's activities: the imaginativeness and candor of the U.S.I.A.; the recruitment endeavor on Negro college campuses; the concern for the treatment of non-white foreign diplomats; the attentiveness of some of the Cabinet Secretaries to the effect of their programs on racial relations and civil rights; and, as well, public and personal statements and stands made by Secretaries and other leading persons.

The country has profited too from the personal, quiet consultation of Department of Justice officials with southern political leaders. I would like to see, as our staff member Benjamin Muse said in a recent article in the Washington Post, a much larger and more imaginative effort to exercise the arts of persuasion. We have been gratified also by the several excellent appointments of outstanding Negroes to high office. This has been to some degree offset, however, by certain other appointments; we have seen important executive and judicial offices go to men widely known for their championship of segregation as well as for failure to discharge their official responsibilities during crises of law enforcement.

I would say that our principal regret is that a few offices of great influence over racial relations have done little as yet. I am not aware that the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare have as yet incorporated a deep concern for civil rights and racial relations into any of its programs. Nor has the Housing and Home Finance Agency yet revealed what direction it will take. To the shame of the whole country, the National Guard in southern states remains lily-white. There has not been evidence of change in the policies of the U. S. Employment Service.

Finally, we continue to believe that there would be great, abiding value if the President himself spoke to the country on

To: Mr. Thomas Gee
August 22, 1961

the need for a full and free development of all our human resources.

Your letter further inquires as to our views regarding reliance on executive action, without seeking new civil rights legislation at the present time. I can speak to this point only as an individual. I believe a strengthening of our laws will be necessary. I think, on the other hand there are valid factors of timing to be considered. There is some wisdon, I believe, in developing to their fullest the powers which the executive now has before determining what additional powers are needed.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb
bcc: Harris Wofford

LWD - HC People
you want to answer?
SM

Thomas Gee
335 House Office Building
Washington 25, D. C.

July 17, 1961

Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, nw
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

It has been six months since your publication, "The Federal Executive and Civil Rights", was distibuted. I have read this report and have often used it for reference work. It provides a very good guideline for Executive action, which seems to be the theme of the Kennedy Administration.

It has also been six months since John Kennedy was inaugurated. Therefore, I would like to ask the following questions in regard to your report and the new President:

1. How well does President Kennedy appear to be satisfying the objectives outlined in "The Federal Executive and Civil Rights", with consideration for the short time he has been in office, but with the knowledge that an indication of trend certainly could be apparent this early in his administration?

2. What are your views on President Kennedy's insistance that no new Civil Rights Legislation is required at the present? Can he effectively carry out the objectives of your report without new laws, in your judgement?

I will be most appreciative for your views in this regard, as they will be most useful in the fulfilment of my duties.

With every kind regard, I am

Sincerely,

Thomas Gee

Rec'd 8/13/65

SOUTHERN STUDY IN HIGHER EDUCATION
GEORGE PEABODY COLLEGE FOR TEACHERS
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37203

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

Make file copy

August 11, 1965

SA-Ga

LD

Dr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Les:

I want to congratulate you on your recently announced appointment as executive director of the Field Foundation. We will miss your presence and leadership as a Southern resident. I am sure, however, that Mr. Anthony will prove to be an able successor.

We are progressing nicely with our Biracial Study in Higher Education. As the enclosed sketch will illustrate, our focus is upon the problems of race, of poor schooling, and of economic disadvantage. I am currently preparing a pamphlet of about 40 pages on the topic of "Desegregation in Southern Higher Education." We are adequately financed for the publication of this report, but I thought the Southern Regional Council may be interested in its publication and dissemination. I will have a draft of this material completed next week.

If you and Mr. Anthony have any interest in exploring this prospect, I can drop by to see one of you on the morning of Monday, August 23, when I will be in Atlanta.

Continued best wishes,

Sam P. Wiggins

Sam P. Wiggins
Director

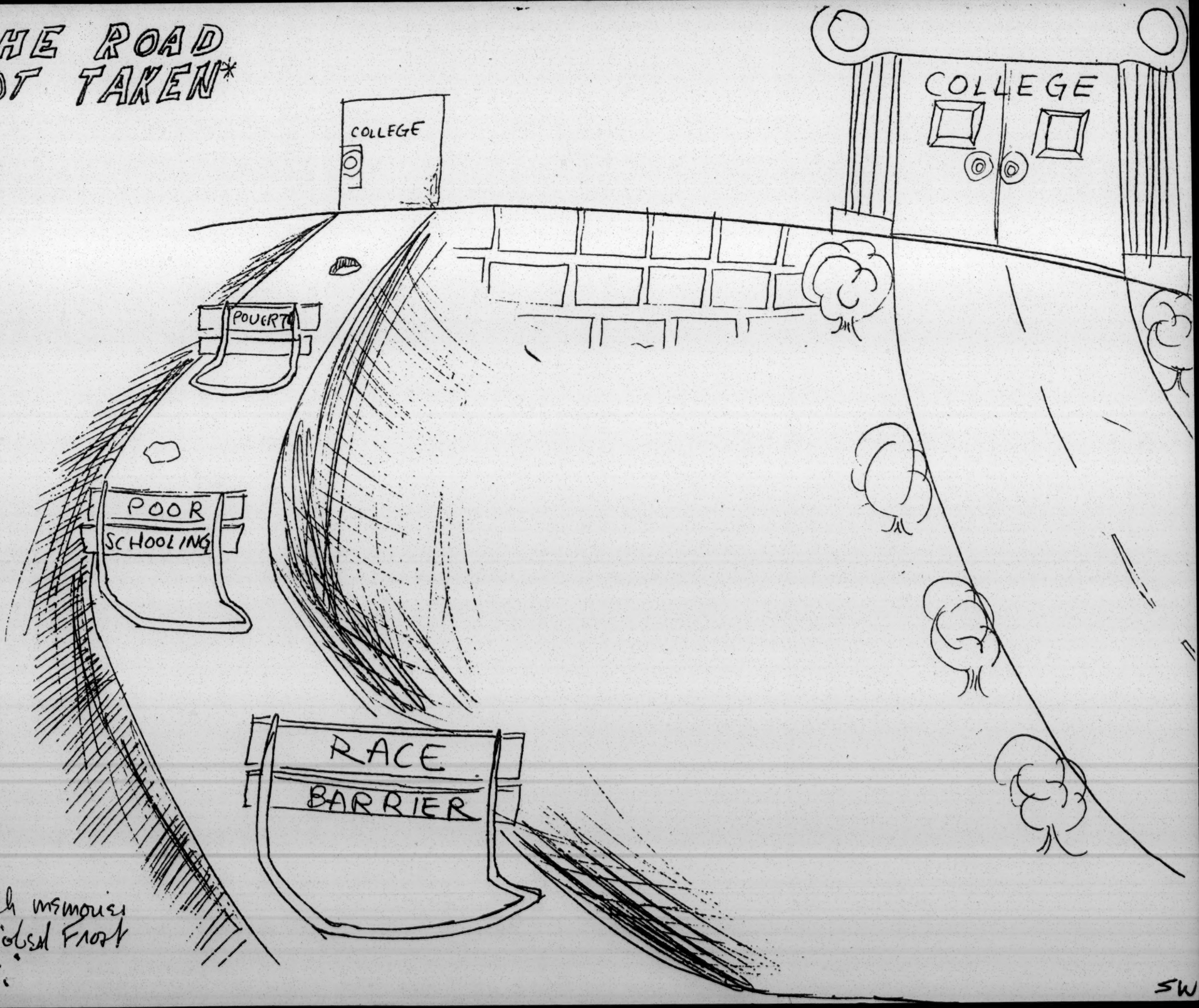
SPW/fm

cc: Mr. Paul Anthony

Enclosure

A BIRACIAL STUDY SUPPORTED BY THE GENERAL EDUCATION BOARD

THE ROAD NOT TAKEN*



* with memories of Robert Frost

SW

file

MJ

GEORGE PEABODY COLLEGE *for* TEACHERS

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37203

September 17, 1965

Telephone 291-1500 Area 615

Dr. Paul Anthony
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Anthony:

Confirming our telephone conversation on Thursday, I would like to invite you to serve as a consultant for a conference we plan to hold at Montgomery Bell State Park on October 7-9, 1965. Although we would like to have you attend all three days, we know that you will not be able to be with us on Thursday, October 7. The purpose of the conference is to discuss the establishment of the Peabody Center for School Improvement and ways and means the several colleges and universities can cooperate in improving educational opportunities for boys and girls in southern schools. We will not expect a formal presentation from you at the conference, but would appreciate your reactions and comments on the work of the conference as you percieve it. Travel to and from the conference and a stipend of $75 per day will be furnished through our contract with the Office of Equal Educational Opportunity. We are delighted that you will be able to be with us and look forward to getting personally acquainted. A copy of our proposal for the establishment of the Peabody Center for School Improvement is enclosed.

Sincerely,

William H. Drummond
RW

William H. Drummond
Chairman
Division of Education

rw

Enclosure

Make folder + file:
Peabody College
Nash, Tenn.
Dl

September 20, 1965

Mr. Sam P. Wiggins
Director
Southern Study in Higher Education
George Peabody College for Teachers
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Sam:

As you may imagine things are pretty disorganized here, and I'm afraid that we slipped badly in not getting with you when you were in town on August 23. Mark it up to my distracted negligence in this period of my transition. We are, of course, most interested in your study of desegregation of higher education, and I am sure that my associates here will want to do all they can to promote your pamphlet. Could you send us the draft?

Many thanks to you for your good wishes. This is more or less my last week before braving New York.

All good regards.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

SOUTHERN STUDY IN HIGHER EDUCATION
GEORGE PEABODY COLLEGE FOR TEACHERS
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37203

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

FA
file Peabody College

MT
file

September 22, 1965

Dr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Leslie:

Please don't give second thought to our missing connections in Atlanta in August. I fully understand the situation there, and it comforts me to know that others err along these lines.

I am pleased to know that Dr. Paul Anthony will meet with Peabody's Civil Rights Conference during the period October 7-9. I look forward to making his acquaintance at that time, along with a mutual exchange of activities and plans.

Best regards,

Sam

Sam P. Wiggins
Director

sfm

cc: Dr. Paul Anthony

A BIRACIAL STUDY SUPPORTED BY THE GENERAL EDUCATION BOARD

File
Peabody College

October 1, 1965

Dr. William H. Drummond
Chairman
Division of Education
George Peabody College for Teachers
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Dr. Drummond:

I shall arrive in Nashville, Thursday evening, October 7, at 6:46 p.m. (Eastern Flight #618).

If it is not convenient to have me met, please leave instructions with the Eastern ticket counter as to how to get to the conference.

I look forward to seeing you then.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

GEORGE PEABODY COLLEGE *for* TEACHERS

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37203

September 28, 1965

Telephone 291-1500 Area 615

Dr. Paul Anthony
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Anthony:

Enclosed is a tax exemption certificate for your trip to Nashville on Thursday, October 7. If you need transportation on this end, please let me know and I will arrange it.

Sincerely,

Bill Drummond

William H. Drummond
Chairman
Division of Education

rw

Enclosure

File Peabody College

October 13, 1965

Dr. Thomas E. Warren
George Peabody College for Teachers
Nashville, Tennessee

Dear Tom:

Thanks for all the hospitality. It was good to meet you.

I do hope that your next trip to Atlanta will bring you by to see us, and that you'll yell anytime we might possibly be of assistance.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

File
Peabody College

May 9, 1966

Mr. Sam P. Wiggins, Director
Southern Study in Higher Education
George Peabody College for Teachers
Nashville, Tennessee 37203

Dear Sam:

Thank you for the information that your published reports will be shared with us when they become available. We look forward to receiving them.

Hope all goes well with your work.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

Rec'd 5/9/66

SOUTHERN STUDY IN HIGHER EDUCATION
GEORGE PEABODY COLLEGE FOR TEACHERS
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37203

(1)

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

MEMORANDUM

TO: Recipients of Courtesy Copies of Southern Higher Education Publications

DATE: May 1, 1966

The General Education Board, in 1963, provided a subvention to George Peabody College for Teachers to conduct a study of southern higher education. The terms of this grant placed an accent upon those problems in higher education of an ethnic nature, and upon the problems of academic and economic disadvantage without regard to race.

A minor report is being published in May, 1966, under the title, The Desegregation Era in Higher Education. The major publication, dealing with the cluster of these three problems, will be published in November, 1966, under the title, Higher Education in the South.

A limited number of copies will be distributed, on a complimentary basis, to selected educators, public officials, representatives of private foundations, members of the press, and other leading citizens. Your name has been placed on our courtesy mailing list in one of these categories, and you will receive a copy of each publication shortly after its release. We hope that you will find the results of our studies worthy of your attention, and helpful in your leadership role as it relates to higher education.

Sam P. Wiggins
Sam P. Wiggins
Director

SPW/fr

June 6, 1966

Mr. Sam P. Wiggins
Director
Southern Study in Higher Education
George Peabody College for Teachers
Nashville, Tennessee 37203

Dear Sam:

Of course, we are happy to have you make any use of our material that you wish. Enclosed is the signed request for permission. We would appreciate a copy of the publication.

All good wishes.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosure - 1.

Rec'd 6/2/66

SOUTHERN STUDY IN HIGHER EDUCATION
GEORGE PEABODY COLLEGE FOR TEACHERS
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37203

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

File Peabody College

Cr. re Pub's file "The Eco. Status of Negroes", Anderson

May 25, 1966

(3)

Mr. Paul Anthony, Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Paul:

We are approaching the conclusion of our report on Southern Higher Education, and I have found a number of the reports of the Southern Regional Council to be of considerable value. I am enclosing our request for permission to quote an excerpt from one of the publications of the Council. It is my hope that we will get this publication off the press in the fall and a copy placed in the mail for you at that time.

Best regards,

Sam

Sam P. Wiggins
Director

SPW/cs

Enclosure

Higher Education in the South
by Sam P. Wiggins

MEDIAN INCOME OF PERSONS 14 YEARS AND OVER BY[15]
REGION AND COLOR, 1950-1960

1960

Region	White	Non-white	Dollar Differences	Non-white % of white
Northeast	$3,304	$2,441	-$ 863	73.9
North Central	3,090	2,263	- 827	73.2
South*	2,473	995	- 1,478	40.2
West	3,298	2,474	- 824	75.0

1950

Region	White	Non-white	Dollar differences	Non-white % of white
Northeast	$2,246	$1,622	-$584	72.2
North Central	2,143	1,652	- 491	77.1
South*	1,647	739	- 908	44.9
West	2,114	1,445	- 669	68.9

*Includes Maryland, Delaware, Texas, Oklahoma, West Virginia, and District of Columbia, Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, the Carolinas, Tennessee and Virginia.

Footnote--

[15]Vivian W. Henderson, The Economic Status of Negroes, Atlanta: Southern Regional Council, p. 13.

Copyright permission granted:

_____

_____

date_____

Why We Lynch

"I tremble for my country when I reflect that God is just—that His justice cannot sleep forever."

—THOMAS JEFFERSON.

Issued By

THE ASSOCIATION OF SOUTHERN WOMEN FOR THE PREVENTION OF LYNCHING

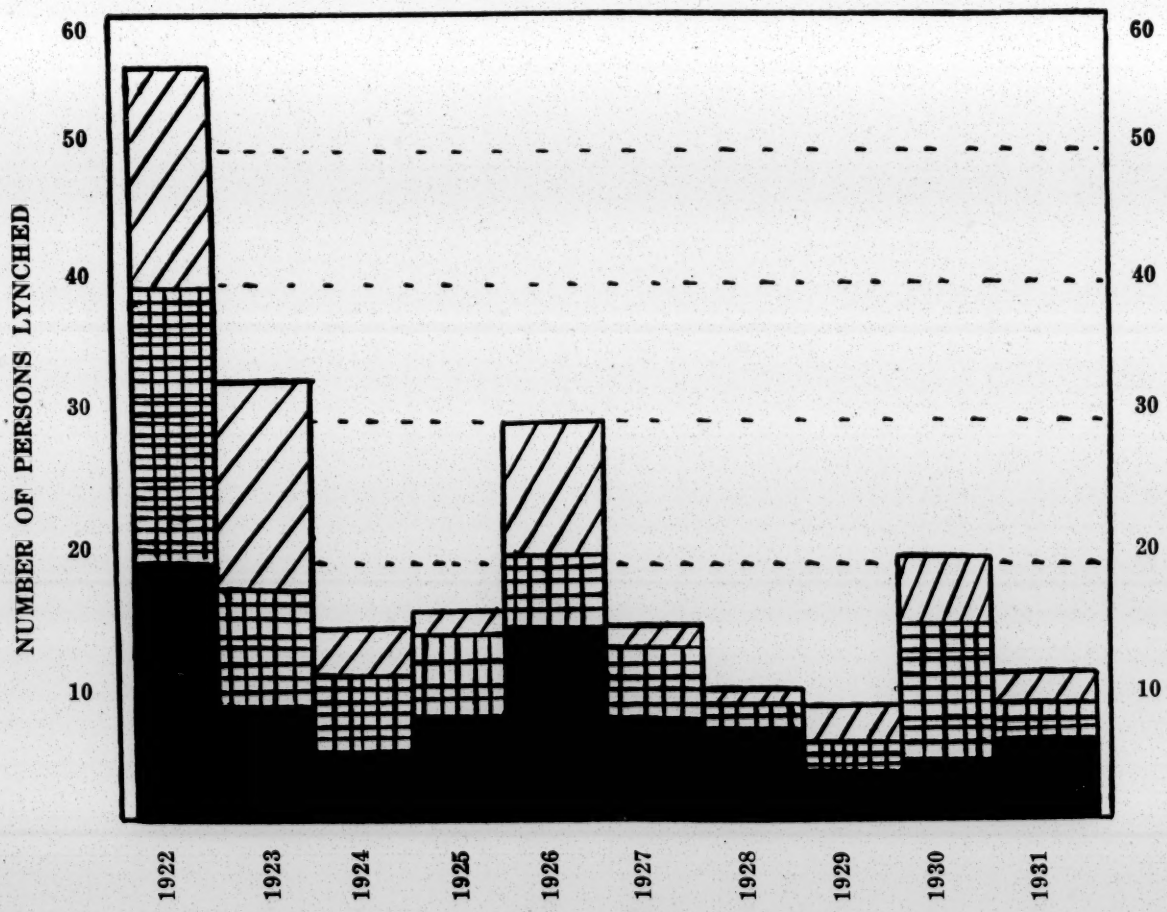
703 Standard Building

ATLANTA, GA.

1932

Accusations Against Persons Lynched
1922-1931

ACCUSATIONS	Number	Per Cent
Murder and Attempted Murder	93	41.5
Rape and Attempted Rape	69	30.8
All Other Causes	62	27.7
TOTAL	224	100



	Murder and Attempted Murder	Rape and Attempted Rape	All Other Causes	TOTAL
1922	20	19	18	57
1923	10	7	16	33
1924	6	7	3	16
1925	9	6	2	17
1926	16	5	9	30
1927	9	5	2	16
1928	8	2	1	11
1929	4	3	3	10
1930	5	10	6	21
1931	6	5	2	13
Total	93	69	62	224

LYNCHING BY STATES—1922 - 1931

	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	Total
Alabama	2	1	....	1	....	....	....	....	1	1	6
Arkansas	5	2	....	1	2	3	....	....	....	....	13
Florida	5	9	5	2	9	....	....	4	1	2	37
Georgia	11	4	2	2	1	....	....	....	6	....	26
Kentucky	....	....	1	....	1	1	....	1	....	....	4
Louisiana	3	1	1	1	....	1	2	....	....	1	10
Mississippi	9	8	2	6	4	7	5	1	4	3	49
Oklahoma	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	3
North Carolina	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	1
South Carolina	1	....	1	....	3	....	....	....	2	....	7
Tennessee	2	....	1	....	1	2	....	1	....	1	8
Texas	18	5	1	....	7	1	2	3	3	....	40
Virginia	....	1	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	3
Total Southern	57	32	14	14	29	15	9	10	19	8	207
Illinois	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
Missouri	....	1	1	1	....	1	1	....	....	1	6
Maryland	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
West Virginia	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	2
Ohio	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
Utah	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
New Mexico	....	....	....	....	1	....	1	....	....	....	2
North Dakota	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	1
Indiana	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	....	2
Total in United States	57	33	16	17	30	16	11	10	21	13	224
Negroes	51	*29	16	17	23	16	10	7	20	12	201
Whites	6	4	....	....	6	....	1	3	1	1	22
Indians	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	1

(* 2 Women)

FACTS

ON

LYNCHINGS IN GEORGIA

1933

Georgia Council
Association of Southern Women
for the
Prevention of Lynching

Mrs. W. J. Neel, Chairman
Mrs. M. E. Tilly, Secretary

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Mrs. E. M. Bailey, Acworth
Mrs. Audley Morton, Athens
Mrs. Harry M. Gershon, Atlanta
Mrs. J. N. McEachern, Atlanta
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Mrs. E. Marvin Underwood, Atlanta
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Mrs. E. B. Harrold, Macon
Mrs. W. A. Turner, Newnan
Mrs. George Nunn, Perry

COMMITTEE ON LITERATURE

Mrs. Emmett Quinn
Mrs. E. M. Bailey
Mrs. M. E. Tilly
Mrs. Julian Harris

January, 1934

Warrenton, Warren County, Georgia

"I have been telling our men that it isn't safe any more to whip a Negro just because he does something they don't like. It's taking their lives in their hands when they do," said a prominent citizen of Warrenton, Georgia.

* * *

On the morning of May 12 a young landlord, Pete English, under the influence of liquor, ordered a Negro tenant's family to move off the land after a heated argument over some detail of the work. Not able to enforce his command by himself, he drove off promising to return later in the day. The Negroes, Lamar and Will Kinsey, had been on the plantation over twenty years working for the father of the young man and, with their families, were highly thought of by the local white people.

At early dark, Peter English, accompanied by his uncle, Charlie English, and two cousins, drove up to the cabin in which were the two brothers, Lamar and Will Kinsey, their wives, and several small children. All the white men had been drinking, it was reported. When English ordered the men out, they refused to obey. Upon this, English opened fire on the cabin, instantly killing Lamar Kinsey. His brother, Will Kinsey, was seriously wounded supposedly by his landlord, Peter English. In the gun battle, Charlie English was killed.* The three men with their dead companion fled to town while Will Kinsey, the wounded Negro, dragged himself to a neighboring farm owned by a relative of the white men and was brought to town for medical treatment by the young son of a white family.

When reports of the death of English were circulated, a large crowd gathered on the main street of Warrenton. Interest was intense for English was well known for his ability to "keep Negroes in their place," and in addition, though without property himself, was related to some prominent land-owning families. When it became known that *Will Kinsey, who was accused of killing English, was in the doctor's office across the street, the temper of the crowd began to change.

The sheriff was sent for by some citizens who wanted no further trouble, and when he arrived and looked the situation over, washed his hands of the whole affair by asserting that since no warrant had been sworn out for the Negro's arrest, he was not under the law's protection. Soon after he left the doctor's office, one of the local peace officers and the doctor also went out, leaving the wounded Negro on the table with one constable on guard and a crowd of 50 men outside rapidly changing into a mob.

The assurance of one white man that the

(Continued on opposite page)

**Local report from white people says he was shot by his drunken nephew.*

Newton, Baker County, Georgia

"They didn't like the color of their skins," remarked one of the citizens interviewed.

* * *

On Saturday night, June 3, 1933, a car load of white men, the youngest of whom was Kirksey, twenty-one, drove to a Negro festival with a lot of bootleg whiskey. Kirksey, while sitting on the back seat of the car, was seriously wounded by two Negro men who were shooting into the car from the rear, and was taken to a hospital in an adjoining county. Two Negroes suspected of the shooting were arrested by Sheriff Griffin. When a lynching threatened, the sheriff removed the Negroes to another county for safe keeping.

On June 7 Kirksey died. Since the two Negroes were still hidden away in jail in another county, the sheriff expected no trouble until the grand jury met. But on June 12, a mob of white men seized a feeble-minded Negro, T. J. Thomas, who was asleep in a store house with another Negro man, dragged him from his cot, and took him to the place where Kirksey had been wounded. The next day the Negro's body was found riddled with bullets and suspended from a tree by the neck. The sheriff said maybe the mob thought Thomas knew where the Winchester was hidden which was used in shooting Kirksey.

Five days later the body of another Negro, Richard Marshall, was found riddled with bullets and suspended from a tree near the place where a white man had been killed five months before. It was thought that Marshall was picked up on the road as he was walking along. These two Negroes were lynched, it was commonly believed by the citizens of Newton, the county seat of Baker County, because the friends of the dead white man, not able to get to the Negroes under arrest for the death of Kirksey felt that an "example" must be made. Since two white men had been killed—one in December and one in May—then two Negroes must die.

There was a general feeling that nothing could be done. The only person who saw the men who grabbed Thomas was the Negro who slept in the warehouse with Thomas. His testimony would not stand much chance before a grand jury of white men, it was generally conceded.

Negro was going to die from the gun shot wounds did not halt the mob. The office was entered, the Negro seized, thrown into an automobile and carried back to the farm and lynched. His body was found next morning.

The ministers of both the Baptist and Methodist churches spoke vigorously against the crime. The women of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Church passed resolutions condemning it and sent these to both the county and state papers.

Richland, Stewart County, Georgia

"He got forty dollars a month Federal pension and didn't have to work. He was a bad Negro." Local report on Richland lynching.

* * *

At nine oclock on Monday morning, October 23, a Negro by the name of Cephus Davis was taken from the Richland barracks in Stewart County by about three carloads of white men and carried out into the woods, shot, and left for dead. Davis was charged with assaulting Constable N. B. Bruce, when he attempted to arrest him.

Just why Bruce was attempting to arrest Davis was not clear. The first story was that Davis had been accused of assaulting a ten-year-old Negro girl. Local authorities denied this vigorously. Then it was reported that Davis had been prowling around the home of a Negro woman. Finally that Bruce was called by two Negro women to arrest Davis for attempted burglary. When Bruce reached the place after breakfast, he found Davis asleep in bed. Davis awoke, grabbed an iron bar, struck Bruce and knocked him down. He was arrested by another officer, Richard Marshall, locked up in the calaboose and left without a guard.

The sheriff at Lumpkin, the county seat, had reports that there was some trouble over at Richland, eleven miles distant, but did not investigate, believing it would all blow over. However, a little after nine in the morning, he was notified that the Negro had just been lynched and was told where the body could be found. He drove at once to the place and discovered Davis still alive, although the mob had left him for dead. This caused "embarrassment" due to the fact that there was some fear that the Negro might recover consciousness and talk. However, it was reported that he died that afternoon without speaking.

After a week of investigation, the sheriff said he was unable to identify any members of the mob although the men, unmasked, gathered in the main street of Richland in broad daylight and proceeded to the "barracks" where they pried off the lock of the door and seized the Negro. One business man watched the formation of the mob. He is reported to have recognized some members of a local church. He was not sure whether they were active members, but he thought their wives were.

Cephus Davis, the victim of the mob, was a World War veteran, in receipt of a Federal pension of $40.00 a month. He had been arrested once for some minor offense, but the judge at Lumpkin had released him because he was "frail" as a result of having been gassed overseas. It was generally stated by those interviewed that the Negro was a "bad Negro"; that he had threatened to get even with the local peace officers, and although the lynching was regrettable, the Negro was well out of the way. Frequent reference was made to the fact that Davis received a pension of $40.00 from the Federal Government.

A New Public Opinion on Lynching

✠

A Declaration and a Pledge

"Lynching attains none of the ends for which it has been defended.

It proves no superiority.

It clarifies no issues.

It brings no happiness.

It cheapens human life and lessens respect for human liberty and personality.

It defeats the ends of justice.

It violates all the better traditions of Southern honor and ideals.

It sets the strong brutally over against the weak.

It negates the South's claim for excellence and genius in the science of politics.

Its cost is frightful in money and in men.

It drains off energies and resources.

It blackens the reputation of every State.

It cripples a race and handicaps a region."

—Dr. Howard Odum,
The Nation, December, 1931.

JESSIE DANIEL AMES
Executive Director

MRS. ATTWOOD MARTIN
Chairman

MRS. W. A. NEWELL
Secretary-Treasurer

Association of Southern Women
for the
Prevention of Lynching
709 Standard Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Reprint—April, 1933
Revised Reprint—August, 1935

A DECLARATION

"We declare lynching is an indefensible crime **destructive of all principles of government, hateful and hostile to every ideal of religion and humanity, debasing and degrading to every person involved.** Though lynchings are not confined to any one section of the United States, we are aroused by the record which discloses **our heavy responsibility** for the presence of this crime in our country. We believe that this record has been achieved because public opinion has accepted too easily the claim of lynchers and mobsters that they were acting **solely in the defense of womanhood.** In the light of facts, women dare not longer permit the claim to pass unchallenged nor allow themselves to be the cloak behind which those bent upon personal revenge and savagery commit acts of violence and lawlessness in the name of women. We repudiate this disgraceful claim for all time. In evidence of our purpose we solemnly pledge ourselves to create a new public opinion in the South which will not condone for any reason whatever acts of mobs or lynchers. We shall teach our children at home, at school, and at church a new interpretation of law and religion; we will assist all officials to uphold their oath of office; and finally we will join with every minister, editor, school teacher, and patriotic citizen in a program of education to eradicate lynching and mobs forever from our land."

* * * *

Over twenty-six thousand white women acting through their church societies have signed resolutions along the lines quoted above. All thirteen Southern States, Missouri and West Virginia are represented in these signatures coming from 2751 towns in 1031 counties. Of these towns over two-thirds are less than three thousand in population, while a majority of them are less than one thousand in population.

Speaking of resolutions signed by the women of Georgia, the Macon News says:

"This resolution should be framed and hung on the walls of schoolrooms, so that the children may learn the falsity of the lyncher's pretense that he is the guardian of chastity. It should be in the hands of every sheriff and police chief in the state, so that it may be read to mobs when they gather to take the law into their own hands. It should be given the additional sanction of approval by every woman's organization, every religious group, every social agency. It is the final and unanswerable refutation of the cowardly mass killer's plea of self-justification."—News, Macon, Georgia.

I. Lynchings: Destructive of All Principles of Government.

"No person shall be held to answer for a capital or other infamous crime unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury . . . nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law . . ."—Constitution of the United States, Article V.—**Bill of Rights.**

"How much oftener must it be proclaimed from court, press, and pulpit that there is no case anywhere in civilized America that justifies lynching? It is a fiendish and indefensible crime of crimes, committed first against the peace and honor of the community and then with brute rage against a helpless victim."—Atlanta Constitution.

"Lynching of course should not be tolerated, for it is to tear down laws, and without upholding the laws of the land there can be no worthwhile government. A respect for law and order is absolutely essential for any safe and sensible government."—Dispatch, Cordele, Georgia.

II. Lynchings: Hostile to Ideals of Religion and Humanity.

Bible References: Matthew 25:40; John 13:34; Matthew 7:12; Matthew 28:19-20.

Bishop F. J. McConnell, when he was in Mexico during President Wilson's trouble with the Huerta administration, says he saw a long list of American lynchings printed in Spanish and widely distributed in the effort to incite the Mexican people to make war on the United States. In China a year later he found the same list of lynchings, published in Chinese and broadcast as a reason why Chinese people should not allow themselves to be deceived by American missionaries and exploited by American business men.

Dr. Stanley Jones, author of "The Christ of the Indian Road," tells of the tremendous handicap which missionaries have to carry because of the lynchings back home. Stories of American mobs burning human beings at the stake and exulting in their torture are regularly published throughout Europe, in Latin America, in the Orient, and even in Africa.

III. Lynchings: Debasing and Degrading to Every Person Involved.

"Some of the mobs displayed unbelievable extremes of savagery. Their behavior was reminiscent of primitive orgy, maniacal frenzy, and holy combat. Burning, cutting, shooting, dragging of the body through the streets, disfiguring and dismembering the victim —surely such actions are a vivid demonstration of 'the whole life of man dropping back to a lower level.' "—Dr. Howard W. Odum, The Nation.

"If we are to return to the primitive and give over to savagery, as we shall if we let the mob have its way, there will be no safety for womanhood."—Evening Post, Charleston, S. C.

IV. Lynching: Our Heavy Responsibility.

"Governor Richards, leaving the executive chair of South Carolina this week has registered a denunciation of the shame brought upon the state by lynching mobs. The feeling often expressed in these columns is spreading strongly that one of the most imperative, self-respecting and self-defensive duties of the southern people is to make lynching among the most dangerous enterprises in which our ignorant and brutal element will venture to engage."—Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

A record of fifty-two years:

4,822 lynchings in United States, 1882-1934 inclusive. 3,959 lynchings in the Southern States, 1882-1934 inclusive. (82.1% of all lynchings occur in the South.)

A record of fourteen years:

274 lynchings in United States, 1922-1934 inclusive, of which 260 lynchings were committed in the Southern States. (94.4% of all lynchings occurred in the South.)

V. Lynching: "Solely in Defense of Womanhood."

"The claim that lynching is a weapon for the protection of southern womanhood is the sole argument which explains its countenance by passivity and indifference. Statistics prove that such an argument is unjustified, since an overwhelming majority of the incidents out of which lynchings grow are not crimes of violence victimizing women."—Hattiesburg American.

A record of forty-eight years:

4,367 persons have been lynched in the United States in the past forty-eight years (1886-1934).

919 of these persons were accused of "crimes of violence victimizing women." (21% of all lynchings).

3,448 persons, including a number of women, were lynched for other alleged causes. (79% of all lynchings).

A record of fourteen years:

274 persons have been lynched in the last fourteen years.

89 of these persons were accused of crimes of violence victimizing women. (32.1% of all lynchings).

185 persons, including a number of women, were lynched for other alleged causes, among them the following:

Murder; witness against two white men charged with rape; improper conduct and insulting language; resisting or wounding officers of the law; wounding men or fighting and striking man in quarrel; insisting on eating in restaurant when refused service; stealing live stock; strikebreaking and labor disturbances; being taken for a Negro; mistaken identity; bombing house; trying to act like white man and not knowing his place; no special charge; and charge not reported.

ASSOCIATION OF SOUTHERN WOMEN FOR THE PREVENTION OF LYNCHING

Central Council

REPRESENTATIVES AT LARGE

Mrs. Jessie Daniel Ames, Director
Atlanta, Ga.
Mrs. Geline McDonald Bowman,
Richmond, Va.
Mrs. Joseph Friend,
New Orleans, La.
Mrs. Harry Gershon,
Atlanta, Ga.
Mrs. Una Roberts Lawrence,
Kansas City, Mo.
Mrs. S. M. N. Marrs,
Austin, Texas.
Mrs. Attwood Martin, Chairman
Louisville, Ky.
Mrs. J. W. Mills,
Beaumont, Texas
Miss Janie McGaughey,
Atlanta, Ga.
Mrs. W. A. Newell, Secretary
Salisbury, N. C.
Mrs. W. A. Turner,
Newnan, Ga.
Mrs. W. C. Winsborough,
Shreveport, La.
Miss Nannie Hite Winston,
Louisville, Ky.

Alabama

Mrs. J. H. McCoy, Chairman
Montevallo
Mrs. B. H. Cooper, Birmingham
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I. **WHAT MAKES PUBLIC OPINION?**

1. **The American Home.**

II. **WHAT INFLUENCES PUBLIC OPINION?**

1. **The Church**, which preaches the Fatherhood of God.
2. **The Press**, which builds up community pride.
3. **The School**, which teaches American citizenship to children.

III. **PUBLIC OPINION** in a community visited by a lynching.

1. **Accepts the crime** by following a policy of
   a. "Let sleeping dogs lie."
   b. "Least said, quickest mended."
   c. "It's nobody's business but ours."
   d. "We got the right man, anyway."
2. **Defends the crime** because of
   a. The alleged type of crime committed.
   b. The class of the person accused of committing the crime.
   c. The class of the person against whom the crime is claimed to have been committed.
3. **Condones the crime** by failing
   a. To treat lynchers as murders.
   b. To demand immediate legal action by officers of the law.
   c. To support officers of the law in full discharge of their oath of office.

"It is not so much lack of courage that makes officers surrender prisoners to murderous mobs as it is a belief on the officers' part that this is what the majority of the electorate want. If they can be shown that there is no basis for this notion, less will be heard about such affairs."—News, Macon, Ga.

"We agree with the Arkansas Gazette that the evil of lynching cannot be lifted by fiat of law. Healthy public sentiment alone can wipe it out. Such movements as that started by the women of Georgia ought to have a very far reaching effect in doing away with mob violence in the South."—Shreveport Journal.

Southern Women and Lynching

"I tremble for my country when I reflect that God is just—that His justice cannot sleep forever."

—Thomas Jefferson.

"Every American who takes part in the action of a mob, or gives it any sort of countenance, is no true son of this Democracy, but its Betrayer."

—Woodrow Wilson.

"Whereas, the Constitution of The American Legion upholds the enforcement of law and order; be it RESOLVED, by the American Legion in Convention assembled, That it reaffirms its previous actions in condemning mob violence and lynching throughout the United States."

—Page 57, Summary of Proceedings of the Eighteenth Annual National Convention.

Issued By

The Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching

710 Standard Building

ATLANTA, GA.

October, 1936

Reprint December, 1936

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"Lynching attains none of the ends for which it has been defended.

"It proves no superiority.

"It clarifies no issues.

"It brings no happiness.

"It cheapens human life and lessens respect for human liberty and personality.

"It defeats the ends of justice.

"It violates all the better traditions of Southern honor and ideals.

"It sets the strong brutally over against the weak.

"It negates the South's claim for excellence and genius in the science of politics.

"Its cost is frightful in money and in men.

"It drains off energies and resources.

"It blackens the reputation of every State.

"It cripples a race and handicaps a region."

—Dr. Howard Odum,
The Nation, December, 1931.

"We condemn lynching for any cause and repudia

SCOTTSBORO CASE GOES TO THE JURY

"Don't go and quibble over the evidence," roared the young successor to Wade Wright, . . . "Say to yourselves 'we're tired of this job' and put it behind you. Get it done quick and protect the fair womanhood of this great State."—The New York Times, January 23, 1936.

"FAIR WOMANHOOD OF ALABAMA"

In the course of duty, however the nausea, one must glance over the proceedings of the trial at Decatur, Alabama, of those involved in the "Scottsboro Case."

But something we would like to know is not there revealed. And that is, what is in the minds of Alabama's honest women when they hear the prosecutor declare in high pitched voice and red hot fervor that he is discharging his duty for the sake of "the fair womanhood of Alabama."

It seems to us, that on the strength of the recorded facts, the fair womanhood of Alabama should protest with indignation.—Editorial in the Columbia State (South Carolina), January 29, 1936.

diate it as necessary to the protection of women."

"WHOLESALE MURDER"

Dalton, Ga., Oct. 6.—Declaring that "lynching is wholesale murder by those who participate or stand by to aid others in the commission of the crime," Judge Claude C. Pittman, in his charge to the Whitfield county grand jury, ordered the body to investigate the lynching here on September 6, last, of A. L. McCain, Negro, who was being held in connection with the attempted attack on a woman.

In his charge relative to the lynching, Judge Pittman said:

"Since the last term of court, you have had a lynching in this county. A crowd of men who constituted themselves as guardians of the law and order in this community and for their purpose said 'We are the law, we are the order, we are the executioners. To hell with officers, courts and jurors. You are too slow for us. We are not willing to trust in the deeds our fathers have done, live by the laws our fathers have made, or respect the officers and jurors that we ourselves have selected.'

"I charge you that death by lynching—it is the killing of a human being with malice aforethought. It is the deliberate, malicious, intentional killing of a human creature, and that makes murder. All who participate, aid and abet another in the commission of a crime are equally guilty with the actual perpetrator of the crime. Therefore, lynching is wholesale murder."—Atlanta Constitution, October 7, 1936.

What We Know About Lynchings —and Mobs

(1931-1935)

1—There have been eighty-four lynchings in these five years.

2—Seventy-two of these lynchings were committed in twelve Southern States.

3—Twelve of these lynchings were committed in eight other states.

4—Seventy-five persons lynched were Negroes.

5—Nine of the persons lynched were accused of no crime.

6—Twenty-five others were accused of minor offenses.

7—Twenty-eight were accused of capital offenses.

8—**Nine victims out of eighty-four were accused of rape.**

9—**Thirteen victims out of the eighty-four were accused of attempted rape.**

10—**Nearly twenty per cent of the persons lynched were mental defectives.**

11—Lynchings and threatened lynchings (1931-1935) in the South were concentrated in the lower South.

12—Lynchings occurred in the poorest and most rural parts of the South.

13—Most of the counties in which lynchings were committed were below the average wealth of their respective states.

14—In considerable areas of the deep South, leading citizens believe lynching necessary.

15—In these places, mobs are commonly made up of leading citizens.

16—In other places, mobs are made up of irresponsible persons.

17—Mobs composed of leading citizens are "quiet and orderly." They rarely mutilate a victim.

18—Mobs led by irresponsible persons are savage and sadistic, frequently destroying public and private property, torturing their victims with extended mutilation.

Facts based on "The Mob Still Rides," a pamphlet which may be secured by writing to 710 Standard Building, Atlanta, Ga. (Price 10c.)

Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching

Lynched On Minor Accusations*

Nine of the eighty-four mob victims (1931-1935) were not accused of any crime, and twenty-five others were accused only of minor offenses. The following cases are illustrative:

Ten miles from Moultrie, Georgia, "Bo" Brinson, an unaccused Negro, was killed in his home by a mob looking for John Henry Sloan, who had killed a white man the evening before. Just before killing the unarmed Brinson, the mob had tortured another innocent man, an old feeble-minded Negro falsely suspected of knowing where Sloan was.

In De Soto County, Mississippi, the body of T. A. Allen, a Negro preacher, was found in a creek. On his coat was an "Every Man a King" button, and he was said to have been an organizer of Share-the-Wealth Clubs.

In Dooly County, Georgia, Louis Harris, Negro, was lynched. He was accused of being drunk and drawing a gun on the sheriff who was attempting to arrest him. As Harris was being transferred by the sheriff from Vienna to Cordele, a mob took him and lynched him.

In Baker County, Georgia, a Negro killed a white bootlegger at a Negro dance. When the "right man" could not be found, two unaccused Negroes were lynched as object lessons.

At Maringuion, Louisiana, Anderson Ward, Negro, was lynched for defending himself with a knife against a white man who was trying to shoot him.

Near White Bluff, Cheatham County, Tennessee, Baxter Bell, Negro, was lynched for slapping a white woman who was drinking beer in a Negro store.

Of the four Negroes lynched in South Carolina in 1933 —the only lynchings in that state during the last five years—two were not charged with any crime whatever and the other two were accused only of minor offenses. Benjamin Thompson was lynched at Ninety-six as the result of an argument with white men concerning his relations with a Negro woman. George Greene, a farm tenant of Greenville County, was shot to death in his home at midnight by a masked mob; the only apparent reason was that he had repeatedly asked for a settlement for his crop. Norris Dendy, lynched at Clinton on July 4, was accused of reckless driving when leaving the scene of a Negro picnic where he had gotten into an altercation with a white truck driver over the merits of their respective trucks. George Jeter, lynched in Aiken County, was accused of stealing liquor from white bootleggers. Perhaps the most preposterous accusation of the whole five years was that against Dennis Cross, helpless Negro paralytic, who was lynched at Tuscaloosa, Alabama, in September, 1933, on the charge of attempted rape.

*Selected from the pamphlet "The Mob Still Rides." Order copies (price 10c) Commission on Interracial Cooperation, 710 Standard Building, Atlanta, Georgia.

Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching

"Feeling Is Tense"

The sheriff of a county reflects the state of mind of his constituents more truly than does any other official elected by popular vote. He knows what is expected of him and, as a rule, he meets these expectations even if he is cast in the role of a craven.

He is the barometer of public opinion on law observance and, as a barometer indicates the weather, the sheriff indicates the mind of his people in respect to law.

If there is intent to lynch a prisoner, the sheriff knows it and responds to the emotional demands of his supporters. He knows when "feeling is tense" and judges accurately the number of votes involved. He acts in line with his judgment.

He may quietly remove his prisoner.

He may increase his force to stand off the mob.

He may allow himself to be "taken by surprise and overpowered."

Whichever one of these courses he adopts he is following the wishes of the majority of his political supporters as nearly as he can determine them.

And a sheriff rarely guesses wrong.

The sheriff is the "front" for his county and the agent of his people. It is easy to pillory an individual whose identity is known. So it is that a sheriff who permits his constituents to mete out extra-legal justice by means of a rope or a blow-torch receives the contempt and ridicule of "outsiders" with closed-mouth grimness, knowing that this is the price he pays for his office of trust which to him may be nothing more than a job.

Nothing indicates the change in public opinion in Southern counties so greatly as the increasing number of sheriffs who, sensing that "feeling is tense," move to protect their counties against the charge of lawlessness and their constituents against the crime of murder. A sheriff who prevents a lynching acts in accordance with the desires of the majority of his supporters just as surely as does the sheriff who permits a lynching.

Fortunate is the sheriff whose constituents look upon him as the upholder of law and the protector of their reputation as law-abiding citizens, who support him in the performance of his sworn duty and expect him to act courageously in preserving the dignity of the county when "feeling is tense."

Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching

710 Standard Bldg. Atlanta, Georgia

March, 1940

Do You Know
who your Sheriff is?

Have You Talked
with your Sheriff?

Have You Asked
your Sheriff to cooperate with his constituents to prevent lynchings in your county?

IF IT IS ELECTION YEAR—

Do You Know
the candidates for the office of Sheriff?

Have You Talked
with the candidates for Sheriff?

Have You Asked
each candidate for Sheriff what he will do, if he is elected, to prevent lynchings?

THE VOTERS WILL DECIDE
for or against lynchings in 1940-43.

(Over)

A Lynching Threatens!

Every sheriff in the South may be faced by a lynch-bent mob tomorrow!

If he is an intelligent man he is prepared in his mind for this possibility.

If he is wise, courageous, and honest he prepares his jail against invasion.

He provides tear gas bombs. He secures fire hose and sees that adequate fire hydrants are near by. He is prepared to support his oath to uphold the Constitution and protect all prisoners in his jail even at the possible cost of personal injury or death.

Not all sheriffs in the South have seen fit to act in defense of their country when mobs threaten. But by those sheriffs who are both honest and courageous, one or more of the following methods have been used to thwart a mob, always with complete success.

1—If there is time to act, a sheriff removes his prisoner to another county for safe keeping.

2—If there is no time to remove the prisoner a sheriff swears in additional deputies, provides them with tear gas bombs, fire hose and other implements for quelling riots and anarchists.

3—If these measures appear inadequate a sheriff calls to the Governor to send troops. Under protection of state troops, the prisoner is moved to another county.

Certain crimes in their very nature suggest the possibility of a mob. A wise sheriff knows these crimes.

When a sheriff fails to remove a prisoner suspected of having committed a crime of this nature to another jail at once, it is to invite mob action.

Citizens who have reason to fear a mob and who also have reason to doubt the loyalty of their sheriff to the Government, **can** themselves as voters, **compel the protection of the community** against lawlessness of a lynching by personally demanding action of the sheriff under one of the three methods suggested above. **The sheriff is the servant of the people.**

Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching

October 1936
Reprint December 1936

A New Public Opinion On Lynching

A Declaration and a Pledge

✣

"The test of any civilization is the degree to which it protects those who are unable to protect themselves." —"The Law and the Poor"
Judge Edmund A. Parry.

"There will be no lynching where officers of the law are alert and fearless men who are determined to live up to their oath and their obligation. And, however riotous small elements of the population may become in the madness of mob psychology, public opinion will bulwark the resolute officer against the lynchers."
—The Atlanta Journal, Feb. 6, 1940.

✣

Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching
710 Standard Building
Atlanta, Georgia

January 1941

A DECLARATION

"We declare lynching is an indefensible crime **destructive of all principles of government, hateful and hostile to every ideal of religion and humanity, debasing and degrading to every person involved.** Though lynchings are not confined to any one section of the United States, we are aroused by the record which discloses our heavy responsibility for the presence of this crime in our country. We believe that this record has been achieved because public opinion has accepted too easily the claim of lynchers and mobsters that they were acting **solely in the defense of womanhood.** In the light of facts, women dare not longer permit the claim to pass unchallenged nor allow themselves to be the cloak behind which those bent upon personal revenge and savagery commit acts of violence and lawlessness in the name of women. We repudiate this disgraceful claim for all time. In evidence of our purpose we solemnly pledge ourselves to create a new public opinion in the South which will not condone for any reason whatever acts of mobs or lynchers. We shall teach our children at home, at school, and at church a new interpretation of law and religion; we will assist all officials to uphold their oath of office; and finally we will join with every minister, editor, school teacher, peace officer, and patriotic citizen in a program of education to eradicate lynching and mobs forever from our land."

"This resolution should be framed and hung on the walls of schoolrooms, so that the children may learn the falsity of the lyncher's pretense that he is the guardian of chastity. It should be in the hands of every sheriff and police chief in the state, so that it may be read to mobs when they gather to take the law into their own hands. It should be given the additional sanction of approval by every woman's organization, every religious group, every social agency. It is the final and unanswerable refutation of the cowardly mass killer's plea of self-justification."—News, Macon, Georgia.

Over 41,000 white women have repudiated lynching for any cause and have pledged themselves to educate against lynching in their communities. They come from the 13 Southern States and Missouri and West Virginia; they live in 3,097 towns and small rural communities; they work in church societies and small clubs; they have secured the cooperation of 1,355 peace officers. Their number is steadily increasing.

I. Lynchings: Destructive of Democratic Government

"No person shall be held to answer for a capital or other infamous crime unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury . . . nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law . . ."—Constitution of the United States, Article V.—**Bill of Rights.**

"How much oftener must it be proclaimed from court, press, and pulpit that there is no case anywhere in civilized America that justifies lynching? It is a fiendish and indefensible crime of crimes, committed first against the peace and honor of the community and then with brute rage against a helpless victim."—Atlanta Constitution.

"Lynching of course should not be tolerated, for it is to tear down laws, and without upholding the laws of the land there can be no worth-while government. A respect for law and order is absolutely essential for any safe and sensible government."—Dispatch, Cordele, Georgia.

"Much as Americans have done to speed the advance of civilization, Europeans in general will continue to sneer at us as barbarians as long as mobs in this country are allowed to hang or burn their fellow citizens. No other nation in Christendom tolerates lynching, the outlaw institution."—The Dallas News.

II. Lynchings: Hostile to Ideals of Religion and Humanity

Bible References: Matthew 25:40; John 13:34; Matthew 7:12; Matthew 28:19-20.

Bishop F. J. McConnell, who was in Mexico during the Huerta Administration, says he saw in Spanish newspapers a list of all the lynchings ever committed in the United States, printed as though they were of current news. The papers were being widely distributed, presumably to incite the Mexican people against the American Government. In China a year later he found the same list of lynchings, published in Chinese and presented as a reason why Chinese people should not be deceived by American missionaries and exploited by American business men.

Dr. Stanley Jones, author of "The Christ of the Indian Road," tells of the tremendous handicap which missionaries have to carry because of the lynchings back home. Stories of American mobs burning human beings at the stake and exulting in their torture are regularly published throughout Europe, in Latin America, in the Orient and in Africa.

III. Lynchings: Debasing and Degrading to Every Person Involved

"Some of the mobs displayed unbelievable extremes of savagery. Their behavior was reminiscent of primitive orgy, maniacal frenzy, and holy combat. Burning, cutting, shooting, dragging of the body through the streets, disfiguring and dismembering the victim—surely such actions are a vivid demonstration of 'the whole life of man dropping back to a lower level.'"—Dr. Howard W. Odum, The Nation.

What is a Lynching?

At a conference held at Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, December 14, 1940, the following statement was accepted as indicative of a description of a lynching:

> There must be legal evidence that a person has been killed and that he met his death illegally at the hands of a group acting under the pretext of service to justice, race, or tradition.

Why We Lynched—1940

Three states, Alabama, Georgia, and Tennessee, lynched in 1940:

Two victims were taken from jail;

One victim was put to death by officers, while in jail;

One victim was put to death by a mob led by a sheriff-elect;

One was put to death by the Ku Klux Klan.

One victim (LaGrange, Georgia) was charged with the crime of attempted rape.

Three victims were guilty of offenses against Southern tradition.

One was guilty of wife beating (East Point, Georgia).

Of the three victims who offended Southern tradition:

One failed to refer to a constable as Mr. (Luverne, Alabama).

One argued with a white man (Fairfield, Alabama).

One attempted to qualify to vote (Brownsville, Tennessee).

One lynching was investigated by the FBI which made no public report (Brownsville, Tennessee).

One lynching is still being investigated by a Grand Jury (East Point, Georgia).

One lynching was "going to be investigated"—but was not (LaGrange, Georgia).

Two (Fairfield and Luverne, Alabama) were ignored by officers and citizens.

IV. Lynching: Our Record

A record of fifty-eight years:

4,872 lynchings in the United States, 1882-1940, inclusive. 4,008 lynchings in the Southern States, 1882-1940, inclusive. (82.2% of all lynchings occurred in the South.)

A record of eighteen years:

324 lynchings in the United States, 1922-1940, inclusive, of which 309 lynchings were committed in the Southern States. (95.2% of all lynchings occurred in the South.)

V. Lynching: "Solely in Defense of Womanhood"

4,417 persons have been lynched in the United States in the past fifty-four years (1886-1940).

934 of these persons were accused of "crimes of violence victimizing women." (21% of all lynchings.)

3,503 persons, including a number of women, were lynched for other alleged causes. (79% of all lynchings.)

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II. WHAT INFLUENCES PUBLIC OPINION?

1. **The Church** which preaches the Fatherhood of God.
2. **The Press** which builds up community pride.
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III. PUBLIC OPINION in a community visited by a lynching.

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   a. "Let sleeping dogs lie."
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   a. The alleged type of crime committed.
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   c. The class of the person against whom the crime is claimed to have been committed.
3. **Condones the crime** by failing
   a. To treat lynchings as murders.
   b. To demand immediate legal action by officers of the law.
   c. To support officers of the law in full discharge of their oath of office.

"It's far better to bring about a reform by bringing public opinion around to favoring it—and civic decency, in the matter of lynching as in all others, is better generated voluntarily inside any community, than imposed from outside."—Collier's Weekly, Feb. 9, 1940.

"We agree with the Arkansas Gazette that the evil of lynching cannot be lifted by fiat of law. Healthy public sentiment alone can wipe it out. Such movements as that started by the women of Georgia ought to have a very far-reaching effect in doing away with mob violence in the South."—Shreveport Journal.

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THE SOUTHERN FRONTIER

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ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY, 1942

"There is only one Negro problem between the brave and the honest of the races. That is the problem of mutual assistance in a difficult and sometimes cruel world."—Atlanta Journal.

Words Mean What You Want Them To Mean

The proposed Federal anti-lynching law defines a lynching:

"Any assemblage of three or more persons which shall exercise or attempt to exercise by physical violence and without authority of law any power of correction or punishment over any citizen or citizens or other person or persons in the custody of any peace officer or suspected of, charged with, or convicted of the commission of any offense, with the purpose or consequence of preventing the apprehension or trial or punishment by law of such citizen or citizens, person or persons, shall constitute a 'mob' within the meaning of this Act. Any such violence by a mob which results in the death or maiming of the victim or victims thereof shall constitute 'lynching' within the meaning of this Act: Provided, however, that 'lynching' shall not be deemed to include violence occurring between members of groups of lawbreakers such as are commonly designated as gangsters or racketeers, nor violence occurring during the course of picketing or boycotting or any incident in connection with any 'labor dispute' as that term is defined and used in the Act of March 23, 1932 (47 Stat. 70) Van Nuys."

Another definition of "lynching" broader than this one was formulated in December, 1940, to which Tuskegee Institute, The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, and the Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching subscribed:

"There must be legal evidence that a person has been killed and that he met his death illegally at the hands of a group acting under the pretext of service to justice, race, or tradition."

If there were an anti-lynching law, it is highly improbable that more than two lynchings would have been counted. Both the one at Quincy, Florida, and the one at Blakely, Georgia, fill the specifications set out in the Federal bill.

However, under the extralegal definition and by a generous stretching of the meaning of the phrase "under the pretext of service to justice, race, or tradition" the deaths of Melker in North Carolina and Tisdale in South Carolina are termed lynchings. Just what definition of "lynching" is applied to the Fort Benning death is not known.

4 Lynchings, or Only 2?

In its annual report on lynchings, Tuskegee lists only four cases of execution by mob law in 1941. The number compares with five in 1940, three in 1939, six in 1938, eight in 1937. The States cited are Florida, Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina.

Responsible citizens of the two Carolinas deny vigorously that there was a lynching in their States. A Negro was killed in Gaston County, North Carolina last April, but the *News and Observer*, of Raleigh, which made a careful investigation at the time, concluded that the homicide was the result of a private quarrel between white men and a Negro. "It did not fall within any of the accepted definitions of lynching," the newspaper says, "and, moreover, each of the white men involved is now serving a long prison term." Sheriff Bruorton, of Georgetown County, South Carolina, denies the violent death of a Negro in his county was lynching. Five men were held responsible for the death in a quarrel which arose from a labor dispute. The homicide is likened by the *Greenville News* to the gang murders of the East.

This reaction of citizens of the communities specified is a wholesome sign. The crime of lynching will soon be eradicated from the South. It was the by-product of a stupid and cruel dislocation forced upon two races by so-called Reconstruction. But its day is done. Public opinion holds it in hatred and contempt.—*Atlanta Journal*, January 5, 1942.

The last lynching in Mississippi under any definition of lynchings was May 11, 1939. Another year and no lynchings will become a habit in that State.

Lynchings—More or Less—1941

South Carolina:

February 20, 1941, Andrews, Bruce Tisdale, Negro; criminal charge, none. Tisdale died in a Florence hospital of injuries received in a fight with five men on the outskirts of Andrews. Another Negro in the fight testified at the inquest that he and Tisdale worked at an Andrews lumber mill in jobs which previously white men had held.

Five white men were tried for murder. Three were acquitted, two were convicted on charges of manslaughter and sentenced to seven years. Their cases are on appeal.

North Carolina:

April 13, 1941, Gaston County (near Cherryville), Robert Melker, Negro; criminal charge, none. Melker was shot to death at his home several hours after a fight with four white drunks who had shouted obscene remarks at young Melker and his bride of a week.

All four were convicted of manslaughter and are now serving prison sentences ranging from fourteen to twenty-four years. (*The Southern Frontier*, July.)

Georgia:

May 6, Blakely, Early County, Robert Sapp, Negro; charge, suspected of stealing from his employer. Sapp was flogged with a club and a piece of machine belting by a mob of three white men. He died several days later from injuries inflicted.

No Lynching In Texas State Uses New Methods

Texas has completed its sixth year without a lynching. Cause for rejoicing? Let us examine the record for 1941.

In May, at Conroe, Texas, Bob White, Negro, was shot to death in the court room in the presence of the Court. The Supreme Court of the United States for the second time had set aside the court's verdict. The State Courts had set aside one verdict. It appeared obvious that Bob White could not be convicted of alleged rape of a young white woman. While the jury was being chosen court recessed. W. S. Cochran, the husband of the woman involved, stepped up and shot White.

Tried for murder the following week, Cochran was acquitted after an appeal by the prosecuting attorney in his behalf.

A person cannot be put in jeopardy of his life more than once. Cochran and the Court complied with the letter of the law. What about the spirit?

In August, at Pittsburg, Texas, a Negro, Willie McNeeley, lodged in jail for vagrancy, was seized by a mob of 15 or 20 white men and mutilated. After two weeks in a local hospital, McNeeley was allowed to leave without being returned to jail.

Have the citizens of Pittsburg ever heard of Hitler and the Gestapo? Are any of its young men in the Army or Navy, Marine or Air Corps? Do they know why they are there and what they are supposed to fight for?

In November, at Lufkin, Texas, 70-year-old Mott Flournoy was stabbed to death by Roy Morehouse while he sat in District Court awaiting trial on a charge of attempted assault on Morehouse's wife. The weapon was a pocket knife. Flournoy died instantly. Morehouse was arrested and taken to jail but released almost at once on $5,000 bond.

What are the courts in Texas? From Conroe to Lufkin is 100 miles by car. No distance at all in Texas. Pittsburg is 127 miles from Lufkin—near neighbors in East Texas. All doubtless have sons fighting for the four freedoms of all the world—except East Texas' minority racial group.

Florida:

May 13, Quincy, Gadsden County, A. C. Williams, Negro; charge, attempted rape upon a twelve-year-old white girl. Williams was beaten and his body riddled with bullets.

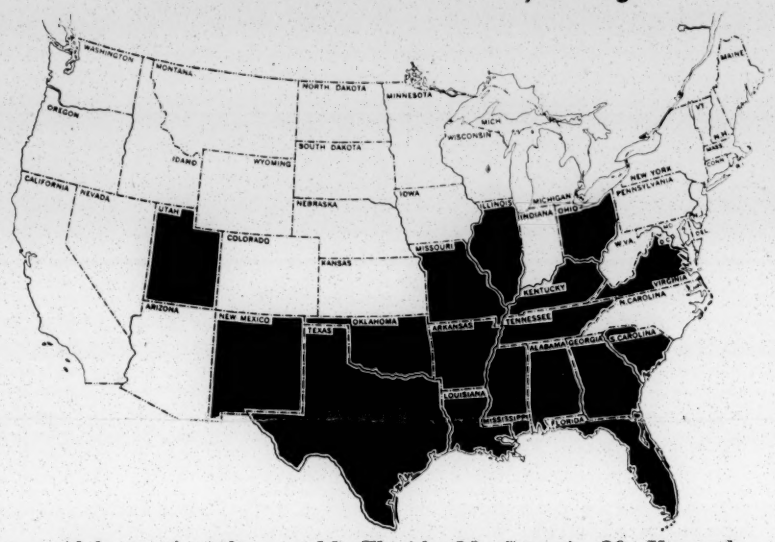
Williams was first taken from jail by a group of armed men, his body riddled with bullets and left for dead. He was later discovered at a Negro residence severely wounded. He was placed in an ambulance for transfer to a hospital in Tallahassee, twenty-five miles away. Five miles out of Quincy, a masked band stopped the unguarded ambulance and removed the wounded Negro. His bullet-riddled body was found the next day on a creek bridge north of Quincy.

Reprint from THE SOUTHERN FRONTIER, JANUARY, 1942

LYNCHING MAPS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR TWO DECADES

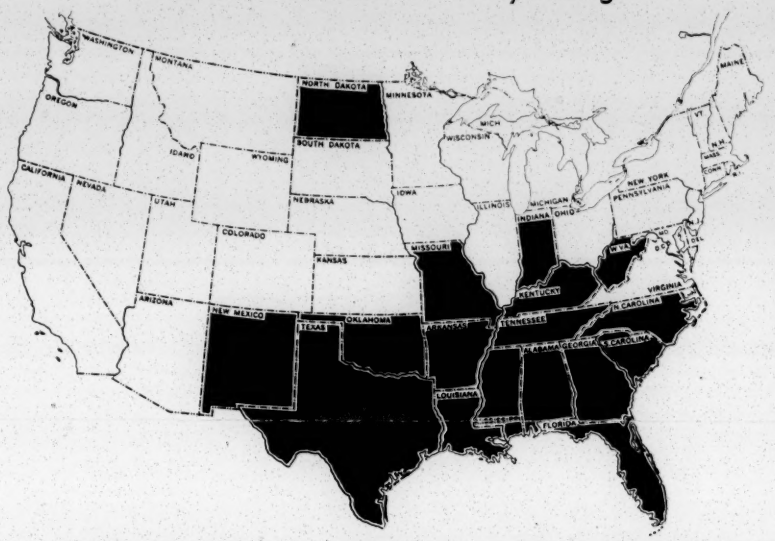
"The test of any civilization is the degree to which it protects those who are unable to protect themselves."—Judge Edmund A. Parry, "*The Law and The Poor.*"

1922-1926 Inclusive—153 Lynchings



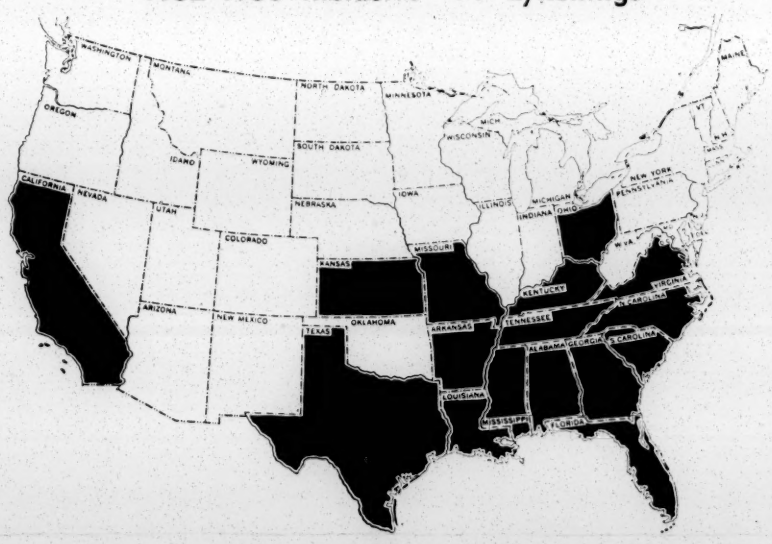
Alabama 4, Arkansas 10, Florida 30, Georgia 20, Kentucky 2, Louisiana 6, Mississippi 29, Missouri 3, Oklahoma 2, South Carolina 5, Tennessee 4, Texas 31, Virginia 3, Illinois 1, Ohio 1, Utah 1, New Mexico 1.

1927-1931 Inclusive—71 Lynchings



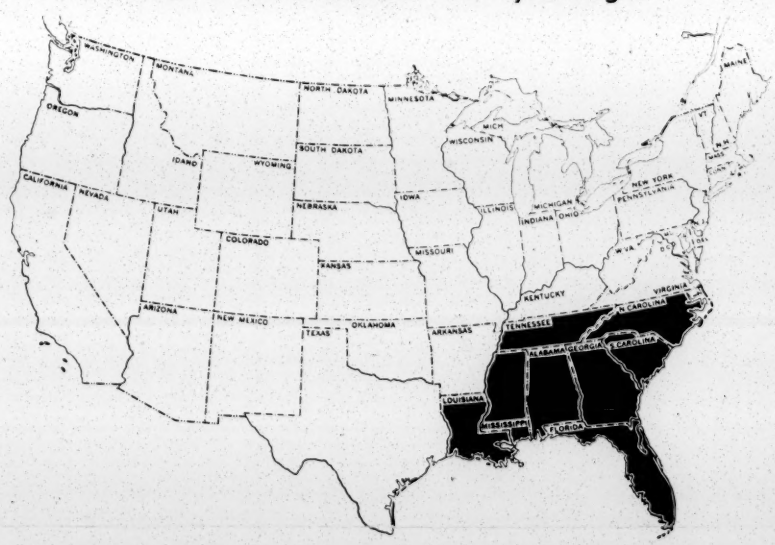
Alabama 2, Arkansas 3, Florida 7, Georgia 6, Kentucky 2, Louisiana 4, Mississippi 20, Missouri 3, Oklahoma 1, North Carolina 1, South Carolina 2, Tennessee 4, Texas 9, Maryland 1, North Dakota 1, New Mexico 1, Indiana 2, West Virginia 2.

1932-1936 Inclusive—79 Lynchings



Alabama 4, Arkansas 2, California 3, Florida 6, Georgia 13, Kansas 1, Kentucky 2, Louisiana 11, Maryland 1, Mississippi 16, Missouri 1, North Carolina 2, Ohio 1, South Carolina 4, Tennessee 5, Texas 6, Virginia 1.

1937-1941 Inclusive—26 Lynchings



Alabama 3, Florida 7, Georgia 5, Louisiana 1, Mississippi 6, North Carolina 1, South Carolina 1, Tennessee 2.

1941—4 Lynchings

For twenty years under Negro leadership a continuous but not always energetic campaign has been carried on for the Federal Anti-lynching bill. How much is owed to this campaign for the rapid decline in the incidence of this crime during the past five years is a matter of opinion. It is not a matter of opinion, however, that Negro statistical organizations do not apply the definition of lynching given in the bill they advocate in determining the number of lynchings committed each year.

Though the press of North and South Carolina protest the inclusion of their states in the lynching belt in 1941, public opinion will not support the contention. This attitude is the result of a general belief that states which have a long record of lynchless years are expected to deny the fact when that record is broken by lawless citizens. On the other hand, the white South, growing increasingly sensitive under national and international drubbing, can make no convincing counter claim against these reports largely because it is believed that in general news of lynchings is being suppressed.

August 15, 1946

Mrs. L. M. Spivey,
Ellaville, Georgia.

Dear Mrs. Spivey:-

Because the Times Demand, we must revive or reorganize our Georgia Association of Women for the Prevention of Lynching. I am therefore asking you to meet with representatives of other Women's State organizations at the Piedmont Hotel, Atlanta, Ga., at 10:00 A. M., August 27th. We would like for you to have with you any State or District officer of your organization whose particular line of work is in the field of race relations or citizenship. The matter is urgent.

We are calling the meeting at this date so that plans made, may be presented at the fall executive and group meetings of our several organizations and thus present a united front against mob violence, rioting and intimidation.

The lynchings in Walton County, the shooting of Negroes on buses in Atlanta, the killings at Butler and Eatonton, the burning of the Negro school and church at Soperton, the intimidation of Negroes in many places in our State must not be the beginning of even worse things.

That we reorganize our forces is so important. I trust nothing will prevent your being at the meeting on August 27th.

Please let me hear from you.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. E. L. Secrest, 187 Milledge Terrace, Athens, Ga.

Miss Janie McGaughey, Woman's Work, Presbyterian Board, Henry Grady Bld

Miss Annie Tait Jenkins " " " " "

Mrs. Peter Kittles, Sylvania, Ga

Mrs. John Thompson, Madison, Ga

Mrs. Lloyd McEachern, 304 Hines Terrace, Macon, Ga.

Mrs. John F. Heard, , 1404 Emory Road N. E. Atlanta, Ga

Mrs. A. H. Sterhe, 132 Westminister Drive N. E. Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. L. M. Awtrey, Acworth, Ga

Mrs. A. A. Hardy, Thomaston, Ga

Mrs. Reaves Gaston, 215 Poplar Circle N. E. Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. W. B. Suddeth, 1106 Virginia Ave. N. E. Atlanta, Ga

Mrs. E. G. Mackay, 1221 Clifton Road, N. E. Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Mary Kate Duskin, YWCA, 37 Auburn Ave NE, Atlanta, Ga

Mrs. F. M. Mullino, Montezuma, Ga.

Mrs. L. M. Spivey, Ellaville, Ga.

Woman's Society of Christian Service
Southeastern Jurisdiction
The Methodist Church

CHRISTIAN SOCIAL RELATIONS AND LOCAL CHURCH ACTIVITIES
MRS. M. E. TILLY, *Secretary*
1013 HIGHLAND VIEW, N. E.
ATLANTA, GA.

August 15, 1946

Mrs. John Thompson,
Madison, Georgia.

Dear Mrs. Thompson:-

Because the Times Demand, we must revive or reorganize our Georgia Association of Women for the Prevention of Lynching. I am therefore asking you to meet with representatives of other Women's State organizations at the Piedmont Hotel, Atlanta, Ga., at 10:00 A. M., August 27th. We would like for you to have with you any State or District officer of your organization whose particular line of work is in the field of race relations or citizenship. The matter is urgent.

We are calling the meeting at this date so that plans made, may be presented at the fall executive and group meetings of our several organizations and thus present a united front against mob violence, rioting and intimidation.

The lynchings in Walton County, the shooting of Negroes on buses in Atlanta, the killings at Butler and Eatonton, the burning of the Negro school and church at Soperton, the intimidation of Negroes in many places in our State must not be the beginning of even worse things.

That we reorganize our forces is so important. I trust nothing will prevent your being at the meeting on August 27th.

Please let me hear from you.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly

I will attend the meeting on August 27 _____(check)

I will not attend _____ (check)

Make luncheon reservation for me ---

Yes _____ No _____

Signed _____

WHY WE MUST BEGIN ANEW OUR EDUCATION AGAINST LYNCHING--CARRYING AN EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM TO OUR LAST SOCIETY

The rising tide of racial feeling and prejudice in Georgia that is manifesting itself in outbreaks against members of minority groups....

(a) Endangers the peace and harmony and safety of our people

(b) Is debasing and degrading to every person involved:
It makes beasts of men
Both perpertrators and victims need to be saved

(c) Gives unsavory notoriety to our State and communities and reflects upon every citizen, good and bad, high and low

(d) Is hostile to the ideals of religion and humanity
BIBLE REFERENCES: Matthew 25:40; John 13:34; Matthew 7:12 and 28:19-20

(e) Is destructive of Democratic Government
From the BILL OF RIGHTS: "No person shall be held to answer for a capital or other infamous crime unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury...nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law...."--Constitution of the United States, Article V.

From the ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, August 19, 1946:

Why Lynching Is Different

"A number of persons have asked why the Federal Government concerns itself with lynchings more than other local crimes.

The answer is easy and logical. It is to be found in the Bill of Rights, those first 10 amendments to the Constitution which guarantee to one accused of crime: '...the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury...to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.'

"A lynching is a complete denial of these rights guaranteed by the Constitution of our country. Any lynching, anywhere, repudiates the laws, the juries, the courts and indicates a State cannot govern by law. Since it is a violation of the Constitution of the United States, it is more than an internal affair and the Government must invistigate to determine if the Constitutional rights have been violated."

(f) Is giving determent to the forward-going of United Nations and the establishment of a world order

(g) Is injuring our missionary program around the world. The stories of our lynching are published throughout Europe, Latin America, ~~Europe~~, and Asia.

August 27, 1946

Dr. Edwin R. Embree, President
Julius Rosenwald Fund
4901 Ellis Avenue
Chicago 15, Illinois

Dear Dr. Embree:

I have just come from the Piedmont Hotel where we re-organized the Association of Georgia Women for the Prevention of Lynching. We had good representation from the various women's organization of the State.

I am delighted with the response and enthusiasm with which these women are going to work. All of the organizations will have an executive meeting during September, and we will have the petitions and literature ready for them to launch the project throughout the State.

The women are genuinely concerned about the outlook for our State under the new regime that will come into power in January, and decided that soon after the inauguration they would call on Mr. Talmadge, and call on him frequently thereafter, to let him know that we expect good and wise government. The group expressed more fear about the ignorant and lawless people who seem to feel that all reins are off than they did concern that Talmadge would openly abet lawlessness.

I am writing this just as I am fresh from the meeting that you may know there are good and strong groups of women in the State determined that Georgia will continue in the progressive program launched by Mr. Arnall.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly,
Field Secretary

MET:MJ
cc: Dr. W. W. Alexander

September 9, 1946

Mrs. LeConte Smith
308 Hines Terrace
Macon, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Smith:

At the request of Mrs. J. A. Hartley, I am sending you 20 copies of the statement as to why it is necessary to renew education in Georgia against lynching and 20 copies of the pledge to be circulated through women's church groups.

Some days ago, a group of women, representing various organizations in the state, came together to face conditions here in Georgia and agreed we would begin again the old program we had some years ago. Mrs. Hartley was with us and helped map out what I am sending you.

Cordially yours,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly

DT:IT

Memo . . . FROM THE DESK OF

. . . . EMILY H. CLAY . . . .

September 3, 1946

TO: Mrs. M. E. Tilly

Mrs. J. A. Hartley called today to ask whether we could send information concerning the ASWPL meeting to the members of her Executive Board, who will hold their next quarterly meeting on September 26.

If so, please send 20 copies of whatever is prepared to the Diocesan Secretary-

Mrs. LeConte Smith
308 Hines Terrace
Macon, Georgia

saying that Mrs. Hartley had requested that she send them to the Board members.

Mrs. Hartley is going to the General Convention (leaving Atlanta September 8) and will not return until just before the Board meeting. She is anxious for the women to have the material before that time in order that they may take action.

She would also like to arrange to have speakers (for about 10 minutes each) at the three district meetings, which will begin around the middle of October.

I told Mrs. Hartley that I was sure that you would be preparing some sort of report or recommendations and that I knew you would be glad to send copies to Mrs. Smith.

EHC

DARBY · ATLANTA

Room 432 - 63 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

September 10, 1946

Mrs. C. A. Hartley
902 Gaston St. S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Hartley:

We are glad that you could attend the meeting of women held recently at the Piedmont Hotel. You will remember, it was decided that we would draw up a statement of the reasons for an educational program against lynching. We are enclosing this statement in rough draft form. Please pass on it, adding to it or re-wording it.

We are sending you under separate cover the pledges to be used to educate against lynching. If you need more copies of the pledge for use in your local groups, please let us know.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly

Encl.

16 copies of pledge sent to Mrs. Hartley.

535 copies sent to Mrs. L. M. Spivey at Ellaville, Georgia.
This letter also sent to Mrs. Spivey.

P. S. on Mrs. Hartley's letter — "We have sent 20 copies of the pledge to Mrs. LeConte Smith at Macon, as you requested.

Room 432
63 Auburn Ave. N. E.

Atlanta, Georgia

September 10, 1946

Mrs. L. M. Awtrey
President Methodist Society of
North Georgia Conference
Acworth, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Awtrey:

We were glad that you could attend the meeting of women recently at the Piedmont Hotel. You will remember, it was decided that we would draw up a statement of the reasons for an educational program against lynching. We are enclosing this statement in rough draft form. Please pass on it, adding to it or rewording it.

We are also enclosing several copies of the pledge to be used to educate against lynching. These are to be signed in your local groups.

Please let us know how many additional copies of the pledge you will need.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly

Encl.

1 copy of memo
5 copies of pledge -

This letter sent to- Mrs. Awtry
Mrs. Charles D. Center, College Park, Ga.
Mrs. George Chait, Council of Jewish Women
1312 Briarcliff Rd. N. E.
~~Mrs. L. M. Awtrey, Acworth.~~
Mrs. John Rutland, 35 Woodcrest Ave. N.W.
Mrs. James Selvage, Biltmore Apts.
Mrs. W. B. Suddeth, 1106 Virginia Ave. N.E.
Miss Annie Tait Jenkins, Henry Grady Hotel
Miss Janie W. McGaughey, " " "
Mrs. E. G. Mackay, 1221 Clifton Rd. N.E.
Mrs. Chester E. Martin, 3590 Ivy Rd. N.E.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES
Committee on Woman's Work
HENRY GRADY BUILDING
Atlanta 3, Ga.

JANIE W. McGAUGHEY
SECRETARY OF WOMAN'S WORK

September 16, 1946

Mrs. M. E. Tilly,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mrs. Tilly:

Thank you for your letter with copies of Statement and Pledge. We are making use of the Pledge, but since it will save time to have stencils cut including address to which signed Pledge is to be returned, we are having that Pledge prepared here in our office. However, we appreciate your offer to supply us with sufficient number.

I am returning copy of the Statement with slight change on it. I have ready for copying a revised form of the flier printed in March, 1938 which you asked me to work over. I do not think we can return that to you today, but will as soon as possible.

We are calling the attention of the members of our Committee on Woman's Work and sixteen Synodical Presidents to the need for individual Christian women to act in regard to this whole matter of lynching.

With best wishes, I am

Cordially yours,

Annie Tait Jenkins

Annie Tait Jenkins
Director Christian Relations

ATJ'S
Encls.

Rec'd Sept 19, 1946

WHAT ONE WOMAN CAN DO TO PREVENT

LYNCHINGS

With Women's Groups

Read available material on lynchings and make the information her own.

Give information to church groups and clubs, applying her remarks to the purposes and programs of each group.

Secure signatures of the members of the organizations before which she speaks.

Ask each organization to appoint one member to serve on committee with her in the following work.

With Local Leaders

Visit the local newspaper and inform the editor of the work undertaken by the women, and ask for the sympathy and cooperation of the local press.

Talk to the local ministers. Plan with them some specific projects of education through the Sunday School and church organizations.

OPen the way for speakers before the local civic, commercial and service clubs.

Talk over with the School Superintendent the project of reaching young people through the schools, either in assembly or class-room talks.

With County Officials and Organizations

Take signatures of citizens and, accompanied by one member of her committee, go to the Court House and talk with the Sheriff, the Judge, and other officers of the law about mobs, lynchings, and their prevention. Ask for the signatures of the officials to a special resolution against lynching.

List all county-wide organizations of men and women, the dates of the meetings, the nature of the work and the program of each. Identify the educational project against lynching with interests of the organizations before which committee members will ask to speak.

Association of Southern Women for the Prevention of Lynching

September 24, 1946

Mrs. J. C. Harris
Georgia Citizens Council
24 Ivy Street SE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Harris:

I shall be happy to participate in your State-wide Recreation Institute on October 5 at the University Homes in Atlanta.

Except for my experience as the director of a playground for three months in the City of Detroit some years ago, I know very little about "formal" recreation. I hope, however that I shall be able to be of some service to the Institute in leading a workshop group in the discussion of community organization (in towns) as it relates to recreation.

Are there other details in connection with your program about which I should be informed before October 5? If so, please be kind enough to communicate such details to me at your convenience.

Sincerely yours,

J. O. SLADE
Research Assistant

JOS:MP

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES

Committee on Woman's Work

HENRY GRADY BUILDING

Atlanta 3, Ga.

JANIE W. McGAUGHEY
SECRETARY OF WOMAN'S WORK

November 23, 1946

RECEIVED
NOV 25 1946
Southern Regional Council

Southern Regional Council,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Friends:

We would like to know if the flier about Anti-Lynching which Mrs. Tilly is revising has been printed. If so, what will the price be in quantities of at least 1500? If that is not to be available soon, will you please send us samples of any new material which we might use in packets for our Secretaries of Christian Social Service.

Thank you for your early attention to this request.

Cordially,

Annie Tait Jenkins

Annie Tait Jenkins
Director Christian Relations

ATJ'S

NA.7297
talked to
her on phone and
promised to have
leaflet revised & ready
by Jan. 1.

Inter-racial throughout

PROGRAM OF STUDY AND ACTIVITIES

September 1946 - May 1947

ATLANTA COUNCIL OF CHURCH WOMEN'S INTEGRATED PROGRAM
FOR
WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS

STUDY

I. City Prison Farm —
How to motivate a Program for rehabilitation for women and girls:
(1) Literature provided. (2) Wholesome movies arranged.
(3) Sewing or craft classes.

II. Program for Juvenile Offenders in Fulton County. —
(1) Tour of observation to new River Camp for boys.
(2) Tour of County home for Negro Boys. (3) Summary of findings; recommendations to place entire program under State control, with view to establishing permanent Rehabilitation and Training Schools (White & Colored) for Boys in Fulton County, State owned and operated. (4) Study of probation laws, application of, etc.

III. Housing. —
(1) Veterans' Low priced homes. (2) Slum clearance.
Each group to have (1) A committee on Housing. (2) Give a Program on Housing. (3) Conduct tours (for membership) in the congested areas to observe need for low-cost housing projects. (4) Study Congressional action on housing. (5) Study public housing projects in other cities.

ACTIVITIES

I. A. Five Forums, as follows: September 25 - Education
November 27 - Housing
January 30 - Public Health
March 26 - Public Welfare
May 28 - Recreation.
To be held at Atlanta Chamber of Commerce Auditorium 10:30 - 12 A. M.

II. Activity Program at Grady Hospital Supplementing Services for the Underprivileged.
A. Work with children:
(1) Box of toys - one each - White children, Negro children - To be kept filled and ready for distribution to each child that enters hospital.
(2) 1 "Gray Lady" for each ward to give 2 hours volunteer time daily: 3 to 5 P. M.
(3) Pediatrics Clinics - Staff assistants - White children - 2 afternoons weekly. Negro children - 2 mornings weekly.
(4) Transportation Group
Volunteer Motor Corps, Under Red Cross Supervision, To carry patients to Pediatrics Clinics — White and Negro — twice weekly each.
B. Clinical Assistants in Diabetic Clinics - White and Negro - Twice weekly each.
C. Flowers for Desks - White and Negro main offices, one each - Twice weekly - Monday and Thursday A. M.

III. Clean-Up Crusade —
To expand work of Sanitary Department to Clean Atlanta's Dirty Face.
(1) Tours. (2) Observations. (3) Recommendations. (4) Action.

IV. Nutrition Classes in Public Health Baby Clinics.

V. Volunteer Service Atlanta Community Planning Council Office, Mondays and Wednesdays 9 to 12 A. M.

"Lynching attains none of the ends for which it has been defended.

It proves no superiority.

It clarifies no issues.

It brings no happiness.

It cheapens human life and lessens respect for human liberty and personality.

It defeats the ends of justice.

It violates all the better traditions of Southern honor and ideals.

It sets the strong brutally over against the weak.

It negates the South's claim for excellence and genius in the science of politics.

Its cost is frightful in money and in men.

It drains off energies and resources.

It blackens the reputation of every State.

It cripples a race and handicaps a region."

—Dr. Howard Odum,
The Nation, December, 1931.

I subscribe to these conclusions on the crime of lynching and shall use every means at my command to create a public opinion that will support courageous sheriffs determined to protect our State and Nation from mob violence.

Name.....

Home Address.....

.....

College.....

Date..... (over)

Please sign and return to:

A Declaration and Personal Pledge

I declare lynching is an indefensible crime, destructive of all principles of government, hateful and hostile to every ideal of religion and humanity, debasing and degrading to every person involved.

I believe that the creation of a new public opinion through the education of citizens to recognize and abhor the evils out of which lynchings grow is the only sure way to stop lynchings. Therefore, I pledge myself to assist in my community to create this new public opinion, which will not condone for any reason whatever acts of mobs or lynchers.

NAME	ADDRESS	COUNTY

Attach other sheets if needed.

ELLIS G. ARNALL
GOVERNOR

WILLIAM D. ELLIS
PRESIDENT

MRS. RALPH BUTLER
VICE-PRESIDENT

Georgia CITIZENS COUNCIL

RECEIVED
SEP 7 1946
Southern Regional Council

24 IVY STREET, S. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA
TELEPHONE JA. 5343

August 29, 1946

LON SULLIVAN
DIRECTOR

COUNCIL MEMBERS

MORGAN BLAKE
ATLANTA

JULIAN V. BOEHM
ATLANTA

ROBERT A. BURNS
GRIFFIN

MRS. RALPH BUTLER
DALLAS

HARMON W. CALDWELL
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CHARLES A. COLLIER
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ROBERT COWART
DOUGLAS

JOSIAH CRUDUP
GAINESVILLE

ED DAVIDSON
COLUMBUS

ELLIOTT DUNWOODY
MACON

MRS. FRANCES DWYER
ATLANTA

WILLIAM D. ELLIS
ATLANTA

MRS. R. C. FRYER
MANCHESTER

LT. COL. PARKS HUNTT
ATLANTA

MRS. FRED KNIGHT
CARTERSVILLE

WILMER D. LANIER
AUGUSTA

MRS. ROBERT A. LONG
ATLANTA

MRS. C. C. SAPP
ALBANY

HERMAN L. TURNER
ATLANTA

L. M. TWIGGS
GAINESVILLE

WILLIAM A. WATT
THOMASVILLE

Dr. Johnson

Dear Friend:

Governor Arnall advises that he has sent you an official invitation to attend the THIRD ANNUAL CITIZENS CONFERENCE, which is being held October 14 - 15 at the Biltmore Hotel in Atlanta.

We certainly hope you can accept the invitation. We are enclosing a self-addressed envelope which we hope you will use to notify us of your acceptance.

This year the Citizens Conference will be REGIONAL IN SCOPE since the Governors of the six other Southeastern States have all agreed to send 20 delegates from among the civic, church and youth serving organizations and agencies in their States.

As you can see from the attached list we have obtained an array of outstanding national authorities as speakers. There will also be WORKSHOPS in which delegates can exchange ideas, discuss problems and get the answers to questions directed at the nationally recognized authorities on the subjects discussed. The program will start promptly at 10 A. M., Monday and run through 4 P. M. Tuesday, October 15th.

Hotel reservations should be handled with the Biltmore Hotel direct. BE SURE TO IDENTIFY YOURSELF WITH THE CITIZENS CONFERENCE when writing the hotel because they are reserving a block of rooms for the use of the delegates.

Please let us know as quickly as possible concerning your acceptance, because judging from the interest which has been indicated it may be necessary for registrations to be limited due to the capacity of the meeting rooms and hotel rooms.

We are looking forward to seeing you.

Sincerely,

William D. Ellis

William D. Ellis,
President

EXCERPTS FROM ANNUAL REPORTS OF SECTIONS TO THE

GEORGIA CITIZENS COUNCIL -- July 26, 1946

TEEN AGE CENTERS: 101 were established during the past year in Georgia. Only six were in existence when the Teen Age Center Section began work on this project.

BOY AND GIRL OF THE YEAR: 49 communities selected a Boy and a Girl of the Year in the nine months since the Junior Citizenship Section began work on this project.

PRE SCHOOL CHILD TRAINING: Some type of service to 277 persons in 61 counties was rendered since this section began to function.

FULL TIME RECREATION PROGRAMS: 35 communities have full-time recreation programs. Only 13 were in operation when the Recreation Division began work nearly 2 years ago.

PART TIME RECREATION PROGRAMS: 66 communities have started such activities.

LEADERSHIP TRAINING: Seven opportunities for Leadership Training have been sponsored or co-sponsored by the Citizens Council. These workshops, institutes or conferences concerned PRE SCHOOL CHILD TRAINING, RECREATION, TEEN AGE CENTER OPERATION.

"YOUTH GUIDANCE THROUGH COUNSELLING": 2,000 copies of the plan were distributed by Parents-Community Cooperation Section through civic clubs, officials of public and private agencies.

SOCIAL PROTECTION BULLETIN: 7,000 copies of this bulletin were distributed in the same manner.

RADIO ROUND TABLE DISCUSSIONS: 22 discussions of ways to more effectively meet community problems related to human resources were broadcast as a public service by WSB and the Council.

YOUTH FORUMS: Nine Youth Forums in as many cities were conducted in cooperation with the Federation of Women's Clubs and the Sons of the American Legion. There were 78 boys and girls on the panels. Over 2,000 people attended. Most forums were broadcast. Results of the discussions by youth have already been seen in better recreation opportunities, more youth counselling in those communities.

RADIO DRAMATIZATIONS: A series of six radio dramatizations concerning activities to improve human resources were broadcast as a public service by 12 Georgia radio stations and the Citizens Council.

CHILD LABOR LAW: The Child Labor Section coordinated the efforts of 24 State-wide organizations to bring about passage of a new Child Labor Law for Georgia. This was a two-year fight which was concluded in January 1946 when the law was enacted.

ENABLING ACT: The Recreation Division was successful in getting the General Assembly to pass a law permitting counties to use tax funds for recreation.

RURAL COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION: A special committee on this subject has developed a plan for providing greater recreational opportunities in rural areas.

FOOD FOR PEACE: The Council established a State-wide Food for Peace Committee which coordinated the efforts of many organizations in two campaigns for food and money for overseas relief.

CIVIC RELATIONS: A special committee on this subject is studying ways of reducing racial and religious intolerance and prejudice.

HOUSING: The Council coordinated the State emergency housing program for a period of three months before Federal Housing Expediters were named.

ANNUAL CITIZENS CONFERENCE: The Council sponsors each year a Citizens Conference, to which civic, church, business and professional leaders are invited, to determine ways to more effectively provide for the improvement of Georgia's human resources. The 1946 Citizens Conference is to be REGIONAL IN SCOPE, since the Governors of the six other Southeastern States have agreed to designate representatives from among the civic organizations in their States.

MONTHLY BULLETIN: The bulletin, "Georgia's Human Resources," is sent free to 2,500 citizens over the State and provides an opportunity for an exchange of information regarding the various programs being operated in each community.

THIRD ANNUAL CITIZENS CONFERENCE, October 14 and 15, 1946
Biltmore Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.

SPEAKERS WHO HAVE ALREADY ACCEPTED

DR. GRACE SLOAN OVERTON, M.A., LI.D, of Adams, New York. A nationally recognized authority on boy-girl relations; splendid speaker; former instructor in adolescent psychology and parent education; author of books on "Love, Marriage and Parenthood;" "Youth in Quest," "Marked Trails for Girls," etc.

Dr. Overton's splendid work at the second annual YOUTH WORKSHOP in Macon August 15th resulted in a demand on the part of community leaders who heard her that she return for the Citizens Conference.

U. S. ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL THERON CAUDLE, in charge of the Criminal Division of the U. S. Department of Justice. He will represent Attorney General Tom Clark and tell of the plans of the Department to help stop juvenile delinquency.

DR. HOWARD McCLUSKY, University of Michigan. Served as Director of American Youth Commission of the American Council of Education; was Associate Director of the Civilian Mobilization Branch of Civilian Defense; is a recognized specialist on youth problems and community organization.

SHERWOOD GATES, Director, Recreation Division, Federal Security Agency. Head of the U. S. Government's Recreation agency, Mr. Gates is also recognized as one of the top authorities in Recreation.

GORDON BLACKWELL, Director, Institute for Research in Social Science, University of North Carolina. He was formerly Civilian Mobilization Officer during the war and helped organize many communities for war programs. He is a recognized authority on community organization.

SENATOR CLAUDE PEPPER of Florida, who spent many months in England, France, Germany and Russia on an investigation tour. He is the author of many social progress measures in Congress. He has started many controversies with his proposals. While many may not agree with him, his talk promises to be of nation-wide interest.

A YET UNNAMED REPRESENTATIVE OF BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY.

There will also be WORKSHOPS in which those interested in specific topics may get answers to questions and exchange ideas on ways to improve services.

ELLIS G. ARNALL
GOVERNOR

WILLIAM D. ELLIS
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MRS. RALPH BUTLER
VICE-PRESIDENT

Georgia CITIZENS COUNCIL

24 IVY STREET, S. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

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MRS. C. C. SAPP
ALBANY

HERMAN L. TURNER
ATLANTA

L. M. TWIGGS
GAINESVILLE

WILLIAM A. WATT
THOMASVILLE

September 6, 1946

RECEIVED
SEP 7 1946
Southern Regional Council

Dr. Guy Johnson
Southern Regional Council
Wesley Memorial Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Johnson:

You will of course receive an official invitation to the third annual Citizens Conference which is being sponsored by the Georgia Citizens Council and Governor Arnall on October 14th and 15th.

This year the conference is being made regional in scope and the Governors of the six other Southeastern States are designating representatives from among the civic, church and youth-serving organizations in their States. We are expecting approximately 20 persons from each State and approximately 300 from the various communities in Georgia.

The attached list of speakers and the attached excerpts from the minutes of the July meeting of the Citizens Council will give you a good idea of the type of programs to be discussed. We feel very fortunate in getting such outstanding national authorities as speakers.

Our mutual friend Gordon Blackwell while having dinner with us the other night suggested that you might know of some people, particularly in other States, who especially should be invited to attend the conference. If so, won't you be kind enough to send us a list of their names and addresses so we can see that official invitations are forwarded to them.

With best wishes and kindest regards to you and Mrs. Johnson, I am,

Sincerely,

Lon Sullivan

Lon Sullivan

Encl.
LS:lcw

THIRD ANNUAL CITIZENS CONFERENCE, October 14 and 15, 1946
Biltmore Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.

SPEAKERS WHO HAVE ALREADY ACCEPTED

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There will also be WORKSHOPS in which those interested in specific topics may get answers to questions and exchange ideas on ways to improve services.

September 10, 1946

Mr. Lon Sullivan, Director
Georgia Citizens Council
24 Ivy Street, S. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Sullivan:

Thank you for your invitation to attend the annual Citizens Conference which is to be held in Atlanta on October 14 and 15. Unless some unforeseen development takes me away from Atlanta on those dates, I shall certainly be present at the conference. The program, as outlined, looks very interesting, indeed, and I am looking forward to hearing it.

I want to come over sometime soon and discuss with you various matters of mutual interest.

With all good wishes.

Cordially yours,

GUY B. JOHNSON,
Executive Director

GBJ:MJ

Governor Ellis Arnall

and the

Georgia Citizens Council

Respectfully Request Your Presence

at the

Third Annual Citizens Conference

October 14 and 15, 1946

10 A. M., Oct. 14
to 4 P. M., Oct. 15
Biltmore Hotel
Atlanta

Please Reply
Georgia Citizens Council
24 Ivy Street
Atlanta, Ga.

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Southern Regional Council

FINAL LIST OF SPEAKERS
Citizens Conference
Oct. 14-15
Biltmore Hotel, Atlanta

Hugh Comer, Vice-President of the National Association of Manufacturers, and U. S. Senator Claude Pepper will both speak on the banquet program in the Biltmore Hotel ball room at 7:30 p.m., October 14th.

Fieroella LaGuardia, Director General of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration, and for 12 years Mayor of New York City will address the conference the first day.

Dr. Grace Sloan Overton, nationally recognized authority on adolescent psychology, love, marriage and parenthood, will address the Conference and conduct three workshop discussions.

Dr. Howard McClusky, University of Michigan specialist in community organization and youth work will address the Conference and conduct two workshop discussions.

Dr. Clyde Miller, Columbia University, educational director for the League of Fair Play will conduct a workshop and address the Conference.

Sherwood Gates, Director, Recreation Division, Federal Security Agency will conduct two workshops and address the Conference.

Assistant U. S. Attorney General Theron Caudle, in charge of the Criminal Division, U. S. Department of Justice.

James Armstrong, Director, Community Organization Section, the Committee for Kentucky.

These are the out-of-state speakers. Presiding will be William D. Ellis, Atlanta textile manufacturer, President of the Georgia Citizens Council, and Mrs. Ralph Butler, Dallas, Vice-President of the Council. Mrs. Butler is a former President of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs.

The workshops to be led by the professional authorities listed above will be on such subjects as BOY-GIRL RELATIONS; RECREATION (for towns of 5,000 and under) (for towns of 5,000 and over); COMMUNITY ACTION (for those under 5,000) and for those over 5,000); HUMAN RELATIONS; HOW TO KEEP YOUTH OUT OF JAIL.

A panel will be presented to explain "Community Action"--to prevent Child Labor Exploitation;--To combat causes of Social Diseases--to improve Pre-School Child Training.

SPECIAL MEMORANDUM

TO: Those invited to attend the third annual Citizens Conference

FROM: William D. Ellis, President, Georgia Citizens Council

SUBJECT: ADDITIONS TO THE PROGRAM

You will note on the attached list that we have been fortunate in some additions to the program for October 14-15.

With this outstanding array of speakers, both professional and non-professional, we believe community leaders of the South have an opportunity which will not be presented again soon.

Of particular note will be the banquet program October 14 when Hugh Comer, Vice-President of the National Association of Manufacturers, and Senator Claude Pepper of Florida will both speak. An interesting contrast is anticipated.

There will be no registration fee, but plates for the banquet will be $2.75. You can bring one guest if you desire, and if you make advance reservations as suggested below.

To save you and us time and avoid confusion at the Conference, please mail a check for your banquet tickets in the enclosed self-addressed envelope. Make checks payable to Biltmore Hotel---but mail to us. Your ticket will be placed in an envelope with your name on it and held for you at the REGISTRATION DESK OUTSIDE THE BALL ROOM door.

Your cooperation in doing this today will be deeply appreciated by those of us who are trying to make this program as interesting, smooth and valuable as possible.

It appears today that 10 Southern States will be represented at the Conference. From Key West and New Orleans on the South to Raleigh and Louisville on the North. We have received acceptances from 64 out-of-Georgia communities.

C
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P
Y

File

Southern Field Division
NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE

May 19, 1947

Mr. Lon Sullivan, Director
Georgia Citizens' Council
20 Ivy Street, Southeast
Atlanta, Georgia

My dear Mr. Sullivan:

I am sending to you a list of names which have been suggested for membership on the Negro Advisory Committee of the Georgia Citizens' Council. This list has been cleared with several of the members on our Committee which met with your Staff on May 5. It has been impossible to check with all of the members of our local Committee or to say for certain that these persons which have been mentioned can serve on the State-wide Committee. In other words, there has been no clearance on the individuals named because of the time limit involved.

You will notice that in each instance names have been suggested in duplicates. The group with whom they are to work may want to select the persons with whom it can work, or if your group desires, it can make the selection also.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ Nelson C. Jackson,
Southern Field Director.

NCJ:MS
enc.

Suggested Names
NEGRO ADVISORY COMMITTEE
GEORGIA CITIZENS COUNCIL

ATLANTA

Dr. Benjamin E. Mays - President Morehouse College
Forrester B. Washington - Director Atlanta University School of Social Work - 247 Henry Street, S. W.

ATLANTA

C. A. Scott - Editor, Atlanta Daily World - 210 Auburn Avenue, NE
A. T. Walden - Attorney - 239 Auburn Avenue, N. E.

GRIFFIN

Dr. B. H. Atkinson - Dentist - 721 Solomon Street
Mrs. Hightower - Real Estate, Civic Leader

ATHENS

Ray Ware - Good Samaritan Insurance - 181 Washington Street
Charles Moton - " " " - 659 Hancock Street

ATLANTA

Mrs. Grace Hamilton - Executive Secretary, Atlanta Urban League 239 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Warren R. Cochrane - Executive Secretary, Butler Street YMCA 22 Butler Street, N. E.

DOUGLAS

J. L. McLean - P. O. Box 245 - (Mortician)
Rev. S. W. Grant - 504 Pearl Street

GAINESVILLE

W. W. Chamblee - Owner Chamblee Drug Store - 761 Athens St.) Both
Dr. E. E. Butler - Physician - 761 Athens Street)

MACON

L. Marshall - Contractor - 435 Cotton Avenue
Frank Hutchings - Mortician - 523 Monroe (home)

ATLANTA

Nelson C. Jackson - Southern Field Director, National Urban League 250 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Rev. Maynard Jackson - Pastor Friendship Baptist Church 451 Ashby Street, N. W.

COLUMBUS

Mrs. Carrie King Herron - former social worker and half owner of Teles Funeral Establishment
Dr. T. H. Brewer - Physician
Sandy Allen - Owner Allen Funeral Home

BRUNSWICK

J. M. Atkinson - Reed Housing Project - 80 McIntire Street

DALLAS

MANCHESTER

Rev. W. B. Owens - Lovejoy, Georgia

ATLANTA

Dr. Rufus E. Clement - President Atlanta University
T. M. Alexander - Alexander and Company Insurance - 208 Auburn Ave., NE

AUGUSTA

W. C. Irwin - Professor, PaineCollege - 1135 Miller Street
Rev. I. J. Yancey, CME - President Business & Civic League 1643 Forest Street
W. R. Welborn - Executive Secretary - Business League

SAVANNAH

James A. Colston - President Georgia State College (after July 1)
John W. McGlocton - Grocer

ATLANTA

Milton White - Georgia State Employment Service
A. V. Jett - Builder - 208 Auburn Avenue, N. E.

CARTERSVILLE

J. S. Morgan - Principal Summer Hill Public School - Box 347
Mrs. J. S. Morgan - Past President State PTA, also on National PTA Council

ALBANY

Dr. Aaron Brown - President Albany State College
C. C. George - President Albany Civic League - 606 Lincoln Avenue

THOMASVILLE

Dr. M. L. Walton - Dentist - Leader in interracial work
W. H. Thomas - manager Afro American Life Insurance Company, P. O. Box 30

Southern Field Division
NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE

MEMORANDUM May 27, 1947

To: Committee invited to discuss
The Georgia Citizens' Council

From: Nelson C. Jackson
Southern Field Director

Subject: Conference with representatives of
The Georgia Citizens' Council
May 5, 1947

Purpose of Conference: To discuss ways and means of securing Negro representation in this state-wide organization.

Persons in attendance: Mr. Lon Sullivan, director of the Georgia Citizens' Council; Mrs. Lon Sullivan, Miss Bess Givens, field representative; Miss Deborah Douglass, field representative. Representing the Negro group: Dr. Benjamin E. Mays, president of Morehouse College; Attorney A. T. Walden, president of the Atlanta Urban League Board; Mr. Milton T. White, manager of the Negro Division of Georgia State Employment Service; A. V. Jett, representative of AFL; Nelson C. Jackson, National Urban League.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

This representative was asked if it would be feasible to call together a group of Negro citizens to discuss with the staff of Georgia Citizens' Council some possibilities of reaching Negro persons in the State for program planning. In preparation for this meeting, fifteen Negro leaders were invited - representing the church, labor and other interests. Of this group the above five persons attended - the others being either ill or out of the city.

The Georgia Citizens' Council is an outgrowth of the War efforts of the Office of Civilian Defense. War related activities of recreation, welfare and the nursery school program were felt important enough to be continued and a bill was presented to the Georgia Legislature in 1945 to set up the organization. It passed. The law stipulates that twenty-one members shall be appointed to the Council. Of this twenty-one members, two represent manufacturing concerns, four businesses, four ministers, four civic leaders, two lawyers, three educators, the newspaper and women's groups.

The objective of the Georgia Citizens' Council is to help community leaders to carry on more effectively activities which will improve Georgia's human resources.

The Council is promoting pre-school child training, more adequate teen-age activities, youth guidance and counseling, more and better Juvenile Courts, and greater emphasis on junior citizenship.

It is promoting community-wide recreation, more opportunities for leadership training in the field of recreation, and better commercial and industrial recreation services.

It is helping community leaders to attack the causes of social diseases and the by-products of these causes which include crime, physical deficiencies, juvenile delinquency and mental deficiencies.

The Council has started a safety division to make Georgians more safety conscious and thereby reduce the terrible toll in injuries and fatalities taken by traffic, home, occupationsl, farm, and school accidents.

By bringing together resources of our civic, business, labor, manufacturing, church and professional organizations and our public and private agencies we can do a much more effective job than if we all work separately, nibbling at segments of the over-all problem of improving the human resources of our community.

PROBLEMS PRESENTED:

While the Council has done a fairly good job, according to reports in the white community, it has not touched problems in the Negro community, nor do they know how to reach the Negro community with its program. When the Council was set up two years ago, it was impossible to get the Governor to appoint a Negro member on the Committee because of the political implications. Because of the turbulent political scene in Georgia at present and the fact that the Legislature does not meet for another two years, and the Council had its budget cut by twenty-five per cent this year, it does not seem feasible that the Governor would appoint a Negro member to the Board at present. At any rate, the law by which the organization was established precludes the possibility at this point of appointing a Negro member to the Board.

It was suggested that ways be found to bring in Negro participation by several methods. It was learned that there is a possibility of Negro staff participation and the possibility of securing a liaison person to work with the group. After considerable discussion the following points were agreed upon:

ACTION TAKEN:

1. This group of Negro citizens will secure the names of twenty-one Negro persons who will be appointed to serve jointly with the white group in different sections of the State. It was recommended that it might be an educational advantage to the members of this Board working cooperatively with Negroes at the community level in the several communities over the State, and in this way might serve to break down some of the barriers to the Governor appointing Negro members to the Council at the next Legislative session providing the political forces can be kept somewhat liberal. Even if the Governor refuses and the Legislature does not amend the law in this regard, the service to Georgia communities will have gone forward.

2. It was suggested that a staff person (Negro) be employed in community organization to start his employment with the Georgia Citizens' Council on July 1. The person should preferably be from Georgia, but if not should be from the South. The salary range to be between $2400 and $3600 per annum, with the person starting in at a point between $2400 and $3600, depending upon training and experience. Increases of salary would come each six months until $3600 is reached. At the same time, a secretary would be employed with a salary range of $150 to $175 per month.

3. In discussing the office site, it was agreed that insofar as possible that there be an integrated staff. The Director of the Georgia Citizens' Council agreed that this was the ideal approach to the situation, but wanted to study the situation as it related to other state agencies in connection with the employment of Negroes in the State Office. He was agreeably surprised to note that the Georgia State Employment Service Negro staff of seventeen is employed in the same building with the other workers of Georgia State Employment Service.

4. The names of persons to be recommended for the State-wide Advisory Committee are to be turned in to the Director of the Georgia Citizens' Council by May 20, or before, for purposes of discussing their appointment with the members of the State-wide white committee.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

This representative will keep in close touch with the Executive of the Georgia Citizens' Council and work with the preliminary group in an effort to see that a program for Negroes in the above mentioned areas is established.

W. ELLIOTT DUNWODY, JR.
PRESIDENT

MRS. FRANCES C. DWYER
VICE-PRESIDENT

Georgia CITIZENS COUNCIL

20 IVY STREET, S. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE JA. 5343

LON SULLIVAN
DIRECTOR

COUNCIL MEMBERS

DR. ALLEN D. ALBERT, JR.
ATLANTA

MORGAN BLAKE
ATLANTA

JULIAN V. BOEHM
ATLANTA

MRS. RALPH BUTLER
DALLAS

DR. HARMON W. CALDWELL
ATHENS

MRS. STEWART COLLEY
GRANTVILLE

ROBERT COWART
DOUGLAS

DR. JOSIAH CRUDUP
GAINESVILLE

ED DAVIDSON
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WILMER D. LANIER
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MRS. C. C. SAPP
ALBANY

DR. HERMAN L. TURNER
ATLANTA

DR. L. M. TWIGGS
GAINESVILLE

WILLIAM A. WATT
THOMASVILLE

July 8, 1947

Dr. George Mitchell
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Wesley Memorial Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Mr. Boehm and I appreciate your help in selecting material on Democratic Human Relations to be distributed by the Council. I am enclosing a tentative list which was drawn up, following the Sub-Committees suggestions. We plan to send it out as soon as some of our Council members have had chance to study the material and give final approval.

Some of our Council members are meeting on Friday, July 11, to preview films. The Extension Service is showing for us: One People; The House I Live In; and, Don't Be A Sucker, at 3 o'clock, in the projection room, directly across the hall from the Council office.

We thought you would be interested in seeing these films, if you have not already done so, and we will be delighted to have you join us.

Sincerely yours,
Deborah Douglas
Deborah Douglas
Executive Secretary
Civic Relations Committee

DD:mm

Ga citizen Council

July 9, '47

Dear Miss Douglas,

I am very sorry I have to be out of the city on Friday, when your gathering and the showing of films are to take place.

You are doing a very useful job; we all thank you for it.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

May I send Miss Margaret Price, of our office, instead? She will come, unless we hear to the contrary.

MRP

September 24, 1947

Georgia Citizens Council
20 Ivy Street S. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Sirs:

I greatly appreciate the invitation to be present at the Citizens Conference November 17, 18 and 19 at the Biltmore Hotel. I look forward to the pleasure of being present.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:EE

Acting Governor

Melvin E. Thompson

and the

Georgia Citizens Council

respectfully request your presence

at the

Fourth Annual Citizens Conference

November 17, 18 and 19, 1947

Biltmore Hotel
Atlanta

Please Reply
Georgia Citizens Council
20 Ivy Street, S. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

R 2d Council

R E V I S E D

ADDITIONS AND CHANGES IN PROGRAM SCHEDULE -- Fourth Annual Citizens Conference
Atlanta Biltmore Hotel
November 17, 18 and 19, 1947

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 17

10:00 a.m. "UNITED ACTION FOR SOCIAL PROGRESS" -- Acting Governor M. E. Thompson

"LIFTING OURSELVES BY OUR BOOTSTRAPS" -- Mr. Harry W. Schacter, President of the Committee for Kentucky, Louisville

11:20 a.m. President G. P. Donaldson, Abraham Baldwin College, Abac, Georgia

11:30 a.m. PRESENTATION OF FACTS AND PROBLEMS CONCERNING OUR HUMAN RESOURCES --
Dr. Raymond Paty, Chancellor, University System of Georgia
Dr. M. D. Collins, Superintendent of Schools
Hon. L. C. Groves, Director, Department of Public Welfare

12:30 p.m. Recess for Lunch -- no organized luncheon this day

2:30 p.m. Continuation of FACTS AND PROBLEMS CONCERNING OUR HUMAN RESOURCES --
Dr. T. F. Abercrombie, Director, State Board of Health
Hon. C. A. Williams, Director, State Department of Corrections
Hon. Eugene Cook, Attorney General of Georgia

3:30 p.m. "CHILDREN IN TROUBLE" -- Ten Minute Film on Community Action to Prevent Crime

3:45 p.m. "HOW I, AS AN INDIVIDUAL, CAN HELP IMPROVE HUMAN RESOURCES" --
Dr. Gordon Blackwell, Director
Institute for Research in Social Science
University of North Carolina

5:00 p.m. Informal Open House by Members of the Georgia Citizens Council

7:30 p.m. "ONE WORLD OR NONE" -- Documentary Film prepared by the National Committee of Atomic Energy Scientists

8:00 p.m. "RELIGION'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR IMPROVING HUMAN RESOURCES" --
Dr. Gaston Foote, Pastor, Grace Methodist Church
Dayton, Ohio, International Religious Leader

8:45 p.m. THE USE OF FORUMS IN STIMULATING COMMUNITY ACTION --
A Demonstration Forum led by Miss Emily Woodward
Director, Division of Forums, University System of Georgia

Subject: "HOW CAN I HELP IMPROVE HUMAN RELATIONS"

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 18

9:30 a.m. "AGRICULTURAL, INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT"
Major Erle Cocke, Jr., Director
Agricultural and Industrial Development Board of Georgia

10:00 a.m. "RURAL URBAN PROBLEMS" --
Dr. Howard Beers, Professor of Rural Sociology
University of Kentucky

10:30 a.m. "ORGANIZING THE COMMUNITY FOR ACTION" -- Two Separate Workshops
Large Communities -- Dr. Blackwell
Small Communities -- Dr. Beers

12:30 p.m. Luncheon -- "YOUTH UNITED FOR A BETTER HOME TOWN"
Miss Bernice Bridges, Director, Youth Division, National Social Welfare Assembly, New York
"THE LAWYER'S CONTRIBUTION TO IMPROVING HUMAN RESOURCES"
Mr. Arthur Schoepfer, Executive Secretary, Legal Aid Committee, American Bar Association, Boston, Mass.

2:00 p.m. Start of Five Separate Workshops for THOSE INTERESTED IN SPECIFIC PROBLEMS --

1. FAMILY EDUCATION AND PRE-SCHOOL SERVICES --
Dr. Pauline Park Wilson, Dean Home Economics, University of Georgia, and
Mr. Samuel Robbins, Director, Education for Parenthood, State of Mississippi

2. JUVENILE PROBLEMS -- Dr. Paul Schroeder, Chicago, Eminent Psychiatrist, Director of Institute of Juvenile Research, and
Mr. Frederick Ward, National Probation Assn.

3. LEGAL AID SERVICES -- Mr. Arthur Schoepfer, Executive Secretary, Legal Aid Committee, American Bar Association, Boston, Mass., and
Miss Nina Friedman, Family Service Society of Fulton and DeKalb Counties

4. RECREATION AND CHARACTER-BUILDING PROGRAMS --
Miss Bernice Bridges, Director, Youth Division, National Social Welfare Assembly, and Dr. Harold Meyer, President, American Recreation Society

5. COMMUNITY COORDINATING MOVEMENTS --
Dr. Gordon Blackwell, Director, Institute for Research in Social Science, University of North Carolina, and
Mrs. Florence B. Widutis, Citizen Organization Specialist

4:00 p.m. Separate Sessions for the Following Groups to DETERMINE WAYS in which persons in their particular fields CAN MORE EFFECTIVELY help to IMPROVE HUMAN RESOURCES --

(1) Ministers and Lay Church Leaders. (2) Professional and Volunteer Youth Leaders. (3) Editors and Broadcasters. (4) College Presidents and Faculty Members. (5) Social Workers, Visiting Teachers and Others Responsible for Similar Youth Services. (6) State and Local Civic Organization Leaders. (7) Juvenile Court Judges, Solicitors General, Probation and Police Officers.

8:00 p.m. Annual Banquet: West End Elementary Band
(State Champions)

"THE POTENTIALS OF RECREATION" --
Dr. Harold Meyer, President, American Recreation Society

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 19

9:30 a.m. Conclusion of Workshops on Specific Problems which started Tuesday, p.m.

10:30 a.m. "BEHAVIOR PROBLEMS OF CHILDREN AND YOUTH" --
Dr. Paul L. Schroeder, Director, Institute for Juvenile Research, Chicago; psychiatrist, one of those selected to examine Goring and War Criminals.

11:00 a.m. Discussion of this Topic by Panel of Specialists

12:15 p.m. Annual Closing Luncheon
"PREPARATION FOR MARRIAGE" --
Mr. Samuel Robbins, Director, Education for Parenthood, Jackson, Mississippi
"HOW I CAN HELP PREVENT CRIME" --
Mr. Richard Chappell, Chief of Probation United States Courts, Washington, D. C.

2:30 p.m. Adjournment

12 - Georgia Citizens Council

W. ELLIOTT DUNWODY, JR.
PRESIDENT

MRS. FRANCES C. DWYER
VICE-PRESIDENT

Georgia CITIZENS COUNCIL

20 IVY STREET, S. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE LA. 4361

LON SULLIVAN
DIRECTOR

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ATLANTA

DR. L. M. TWIGGS
GAINESVILLE

WILLIAM A. WATT
THOMASVILLE

August 16, 1948

Dear Friend:

You will be interested in the enclosed announcement of the state-wide citizens' Better Health Conference to be held in Macon on September 29-30.

You may already have received this announcement, but we want to be sure that you have an opportunity to register in advance for this important conference where plans will be developed for an overall coordinated and expanded program of medical care and health services for all Georgia people.

Please return the advance registration notice.

We hope that you can attend and contribute your talent in securing action on the state-wide program which is developed at this citizens' Better Health Conference.

Sincerely,

Lon Sullivan

Lon Sullivan
Temporary Chairman
Better Health Conference

LS:VM
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RECEIVED
AUG 19 1948
Southern Regional Council

ADVANCE REGISTRATION NOTICE

Statewide Better Health Conference
Macon - Sept. 29-30, 1948

It is ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY that those who expect to attend the Better Health Conference September 29-30 REGISTER IN ADVANCE. There is no fee. Advance notice is necessary so that adequate seating arrangements can be made at the locations where the FIVE COMMITTEES will work separately during much of the time.

Every delegate will be asked to participate in the discussions of and meet with one of the five committees. Insofar as facilities will permit, YOUR INDICATED PREFERENCE will be followed in assignments to be made at the opening of the Conference. Please check:

I will attend the Conference._____ I will not be able to attend._____

I prefer to work with the committee on:

_____HOSPITALS (community, general, special)

_____PERSONNEL (medical, dental, nursing and technicians)

_____CLINICS AND HEALTH EDUCATION

_____MENTAL HEALTH

_____INSURANCE (medical and hospital)

Please tear along dotted line below and send this part, filled in, in the self-addressed envelope which requires no stamp.
Please do it today.

_____
(please print your name)

_____
(street address) (city)

_____
(organization you will represent either officially or unofficially)

- -

HOTEL INFORMATION: Room reservations must be made DIRECT WITH THE HOTELS. The Chamber of Commerce of Macon writes us as follows: "Six large hotels together provide modern quarters for approximately 1,500 persons." Rates are:

Dempsey--single	$3.00 to $6.00	Macon --single	$1.25 to $2.00
double	$4.00 to $8.00	double	$1.50 to $2.50
Lanier --single	$2.75 to $4.00	Grady --single	$1.50 to $2.00
double	$4.00 to $8.00	double	$2.00 to $3.00
Central--single	$1.50 to $2.50	Southland--single	$1.50 to $2.00
double	$2.50 to $4.00	double	$2.50 to $4.00

There are eight smaller hotels located here and information will be furnished on them if desired.

Working Together...

Georgians CAN HAVE BETTER HEALTH AND MEDICAL CARE

Be Sure Your Community and Organization is Represented at the

CITIZENS' BETTER HEALTH CONFERENCE

SEPTEMBER 29-30, 1948
MUNICIPAL AUDITORIUM
MACON

On December 29, 1947 the following people met at the invitation of Acting Governor M. E. Thompson to discuss Georgia's health and medical care problems:

DR. EDGAR GREENE, President-elect
Medical Association of Georgia

DR. STEVE KENYON, President
Medical Association of Georgia

CHARLES GILLMAN, Director
Congress of Industrial Organizations

MRS. FRED KNIGHT, President
Georgia Congress of Parents-Teachers

MISS DANA HUDSON, President
State Nurses Association

H. R. YANDLE, Public Relations Director
Georgia Farm Bureau Federation

and

W. E. IRELAND, Director
Department of Public Welfare

DR. LOMBARD KELLEY, Dean
University of Georgia Medical School

DR. T. F. SELLERS, Director
State Department of Public Health

LON SULLIVAN, Director
Georgia Citizens Council

DR. C. L. RIDLEY, Chairman
State Board of Public Health

It was decided in view of the need that Acting Governor Thompson should arrange for a state wide conference of Georgia citizens representing all walks of life, all sections and interests in the State to prepare a plan for an *overall coordinated and expanded program of medical care and health services* for all Georgia people.

Each of the above people submitted lists of citizens from which 100 citizens were invited by Governor Thompson to a preliminary conference March 19-20 at the Academy of Medicine in Atlanta. The Georgia Citizens Council was requested to arrange for and conduct the conferences.

These citizens are at work—in five separate committees—preparing suggested recommendations which will be submitted to the big BETTER HEALTH CONFERENCE in Macon September 29-30. (see committee officers on back.)

BE SURE YOUR ORGANIZATION IS REPRESENTED

It is hoped that every civic, business, religious, labor, agricultural, industrial, medical, nursing, dental, public health, educational and other statewide organization will send delegates to help formulate the program to be developed at this CITIZENS BETTER HEALTH CONFERENCE.

Officers of the Five Committees

(The following officers were elected by those who began work with each of the five committees at the preliminary conference March 19-20.)

HOSPITALS—

GEORGE WRIGHT, Tifton, *Chairman*

DR. LEE ROGERS, Gainesville, *Vice-Chairman*

JOHN E. RANSOM, State Health Department, *Secretary*

MENTAL HEALTH—

FRANK A. SMITH, Clayton, *Chairman*

DR. CARL WHITAKER, Atlanta, *Vice-Chairman*

MRS. FLORINE ELLIS, Atlanta, *Secretary*

MEDICAL, DENTAL AND NURSING PERSONNEL—

DR. LOMBARD KELLY, University Medical School, *Chairman*

DR. WILLIAM A. GARRETT, Atlanta, *Vice-Chairman*

MISS JANE VAN DE VREDE, State Nurses Association, *Secretary*

CLINICS, HEALTH CENTERS AND HEALTH EDUCATION—

MRS. H. B. RITCHIE, Athens, *Chairman*

DR. GUY LUNSFORD, State Health Department, *Vice-Chairman*

MRS. CHARLES D. CENTER, State Health Department, *Secretary*

HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL CARE INSURANCE—

DR. JOHN L. ELLIOTT, Savannah, *Chairman*

FRED M. WALKER, Atlanta, *Vice-Chairman*

H. B. COOLIDGE, Savannah, *Secretary*

ADVANCE registration is necessary to insure adequate meeting space in Macon. No registration fee. Make hotel reservations direct with the hotels. TO REGISTER: send your NAME, ADDRESS, and the name of the organization which you may represent, to:

Georgia Citizens Council
20 Ivy Street, S. E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

YOUR IDEAS AND SUGGESTIONS are needed. Send them *in writing* to the above address so that they can be considered in advance by the committees which are preparing the program for the statewide Conference. Please indicate also which of the five committees you would be most interested in working on at the September conference.

Georgia's

Human Resources

A BULLETIN FOR COMMUNITY LEADERS . . . ESPECIALLY THOSE RESPONSIBLE FOR SERVICES TO CHILDREN AND YOUTH. DISTRIBUTED BY THE GEORGIA CITIZENS COUNCIL.

Vol. IV | SEPTEMBER, 1948 | No. 1

Better Health Conference Will Develop Statewide Program September 29-30

One hundred and thirty three statewide civic, religious, trade, professional, labor, agricultural, business and industrial organizations have been asked to designate representatives to attend the statewide Better Health Conference to be held in Macon September 29-30.

Mayors of all Georgia communities have also been requested to designate delegates to help the Conference develop recommendations for a "overall coordinated and expanded medical care and health program for Georgia."

Committee of 100 at Work

Preparing for the Conference are five committees composed of delegates invited by Acting Governor M. E. Thompson to the preliminary meeting of 100 citizens March 19-20 at the Academy of Medicine in Atlanta.

The 100 were selected by the Chief Executive from lists furnished him by Charles Gillman, Director, C. I. O.; Dr. Edgar Greene, President, Georgia Medical Association; Mrs. Fred Knight, President, Georgia Congress of Parent-Teachers; Miss Dana Hudson, President, State Nurses Association; H. R. Yandle, Director of Public Relations, Georgia Farm Bureau and Dr. Steve Kenyon, past president of the Medical Association. This group was invited to the Governor's office December 29, 1947 to discuss the advisability of appropriate action to improve health and medical care service in the State. Olso attending the meeting in December were Dr. T. F. Sellars, Director, State Department of Public Health; Dr. Lombard Kelly, Dean, University of Georgia School of Medicine; Director W. E. Ireland, State De-

(Continued on Page 7)

With This Issue - -

A NEW SERIES

What of the future of Georgia's children? The greatness of our state and its communities tomorrow depends entirely upon the opportunities afforded our children today to develop **physically, mentally, emotionally** and **morally**.

With this issue we resume monthly publication of Georgia's Human Resources. We begin regular contributions from **Dr. Paul L. Schroeder,** nationally recognized psychiatric authority and former director of the Institute of Juvenile Research . . . on **"behavior problems of children."**

Dr. Guy Rice, chief of the Division of Maternal and Child Health of the State Department of Public Health contributes **"Good Health for the Pre School Child."**

Dr. Herman L. Turner, pastor of Covenant Presbyterian Church in Atlanta and religious news reporter writes on **"The World Today."**

We hope each issue will be of greater value to parents, and all those responsible for services to children and youth.

Stories of **community action** to improve our human resources will be gratefully received and published whenever circumstances permit.

Covington Is Building For Better 'Future Citizens'

Covington, through joint community effort, has started a program which will not only provide attraction for her young people to stay in the city but will also afford them a greater opportunity to **develop physically, mentall, emotionally** and **morally** into strong human resources.

The first unit in **a million dollar program** was dedicated in July—the $20,000 brick building, "equipped with everything a young heart desires," which will serve as a **Teen-Age Canteen.** The **Rotary** club built this unit.

The swimming pool, now under construction, is being financed by the **Kiwanis** club at a cost of $25,000.

When complete dthe program will include an athletic field, new high school building, the pool and the Canteen—all located on the same tract of land which will be landscaped by the Covington **Garden** club.

The **Junior Women's** club will operate **a kindergarten** in the Canteen during the morning hours.

"The Canteen wlil be maintained by the Rotary club, but **Newton county's youth** will operate it and enact rules governing it," one reporter wrote of the project.

Pre-Marital Exam Section Begins Drive For Law

Dr. James L. Johnson, Jr., of Manchester, chairman of the Pre-Marital Health Examination section which was established by the Georgia Citizens Council at the request of the state Junior Chamber of Commerce, has announced assignments of fifty four official representatives of statewide organizations who will work with this section.

"With 54 statewide organizations and agencies working together through their designated representatives I am confident that we can draft and bring about the enactment by the General Assembly of a law which will prevent the spread of venereal disease through marriage," Dr. Johnson said.

Thirty-eight states have enacted this protection. In Georgia there are estimated to be over 100,000 cases of syphilis alone. Rejections for syphilis in Georgia were 15 per 1,000 higher than the national average among white men and 57 per 1,000 higher among Negroes.

Members of the section have been assigned to work with one or more of five sub-committees. These are "bill drafting"; "educational"; "materials"; "speakers" ant "legislative."

Section members designated by their organizations are:

1. **Bill-Drafting Committee**
   Dr. Guy V. Rice, Chairman (Health Department)
   Mrs. Gertrude Harris, co-Chairman (Georgia Ass'n. Women Lawyers)
   Miss Dixie Jones (American Association of Social Workers)
   Mr. G. Everitt Millican (Kiwanis Clubs)
   Dr. Spencer A. Kirkland (Medical Association of Georgia)
   Mrs. Dorcas Butler (Georgia Conference of Social Welfare)
2. **Legislative Committee**
   (To do actual contact with Legislators)

(Continued on Page 2)

Youth Workshop Termed Wonderful By Waycrossan

(From Waycross Journal-Herald)

By DOROTHY SMITH

"Wonderful speakers, inspiring discussion and interest groups, a good recreation program and fellowship with 365 young people from all over Georgia made the fourth annual Youth Workshop a memorable experience for me," Miss Betty Moye declared today in an interview.

Sponsored by the Georgia Citizens Council, the four-day session, held last week at GSCW in Milledgeville, had as its theme, "Building Better Citizens for Tomorrow With the Boys and Girls of Today," stated Miss Moye, a member of the workshop's junior board of directors and a 1948 Wacona graduate.

Meeting the night before the workshop opened, Miss Moye and the other junior directors helped Ed Davidson, chairman of the Teen-Age Section of the Georgia Citizens Council, and Miss Besse Givens, executive secretary, who headed the faculty complete the details of the program. The young directors also served as assistants to the staff members.

According to Mr. Davidson, many leaders of Georgia youth projects have developed from the annual workshop, whose objective is to teach boys and girls how to help others. Numerous teen-age recreation programs over the state have started because of the work shop at which youths and adults get together to plan better recreation for their community.

"Dr. Grace Sloan Overton, who lectured in Waycross last February, was a member of the faculty for her second straight year," Miss Moye said, "and she was again so popular that the delegates unanimously requested her return next year."

A nationally known author and lecturer on teen-age problems, Dr. Overton spoke at vespers each night and every morning, following breakfast, she gave a talk on the art of living. "Accepting Your Bodily Self," "Quaint Old Customs of Courtship and Marriage" and "Do You Want to Make a Difference" were a few of the topics she discussed.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The morning schedule also included discussion groups on the operation of Youth Centers and a recreation period. The afternoon sessions featured career talks by Mrs. Pat LaHatte, picture editor of the Atlanta Journal, Kenneth Rogers, staff photographer of the Atlanta Constitution, and Mrs. Doris Loskerman, associate editor of the Constitution, and interest groups led by ten experts in various hobby fields.

Other speakers heard during the workshop were Dr. Joe Moore, head of the psychology department at Georgia Tech, Miss Cornelia Grebe-Ehlers, a German girl who arrived last month at GSCW for a year's study, and Dr. GuyH. Wells, GSCW president who has recently returned from a five-months visit in Germany. Dr. Wells was introduced by Miss Moye.

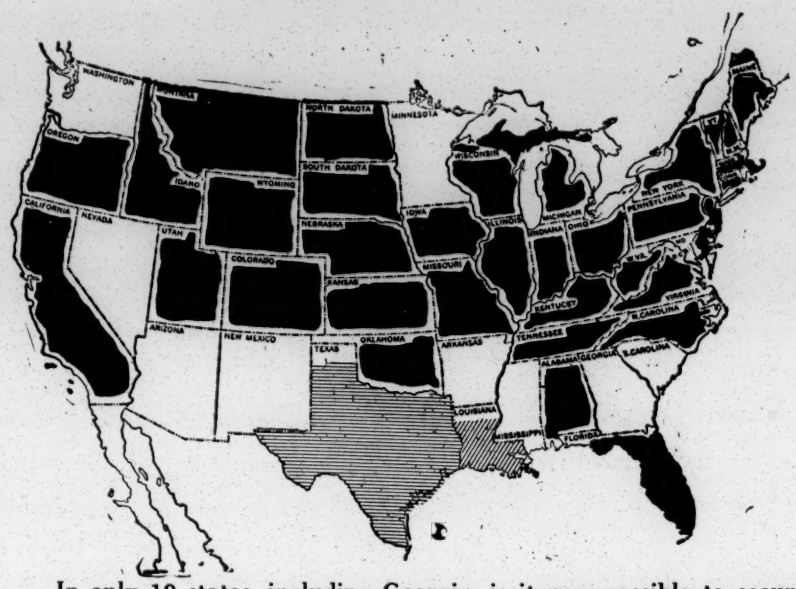
ENTERTAINMENT FEATURES

"Entertainment features of the workshop," Miss Moye reported, "included a get-acquainted party on the opening night, a dance in the college gym and a talent show. Spence Raulerson, a Waycross boy who is now assistant director of the Moultrie Youth Center, scored a big hit with the delegates with his singing on the show. His autograph was in great demand! Spence was a member of the faculty, leading the radio interest group."

Enthusiastic over the second workshop which she has attended, Miss Moye returned home with renewed hope fo ra permanent Youth Center here in Waycross, a dream which she and other young people of the community have long cherished for the teen-agers of Waycross and Ware county.

"Although I plan to enter GSCW in the fall," Miss Moye said, "I shall continue to work for a year-round Waycross Youth Center where the young people of our community can enjoy good, clean recreation and pursue their hobby interests."

36 States Have Pre-Marital Health Examination Law



In only 10 states, including Georgia, is it now possible to secure a license to marry without a pre-marital examination for syphilis. All of Georgia's border states except South Carolina have such protection. The officially designated representatives of 52 statewide civic, business, religious, labor, farm and professional organizations who are serving as members of the Georgia Citizens Council's Pre-Marital Health section, are working together to prepare and promote enactment of such a law at the next meeting of the General Assembly. The section was established by the Council at the request of the Georgia Junior Chamber of Commerce. Factual materials for discussions of this problem are being prepared by the section and will be available free on request to the Council. "Georgia is surrounded by progress," one section member remarked at a recent planning meeting. "We must catch up in this respect to prevent the spread of this dreaded killer and crippler through marriage."

Pre-Marital

(Continued From Page 1)

The appointment of the members of this committee delayed at present.

3. **Educational Committee**

(To begin immediately to publicize the need for the legislation and to publicize the provisions of the law when the Bill has been drafted.)
Mrs. Shelly Davis, Chairman (The Georgia Medical Auxiliary)
Mrs. F. W. (Bill) Broome, Co-Chairman (Georgia Junior Chamber of Commerce)
Miss Augusta Dunbar (Department of Public Welfare)
Mrs. Arthur Merrill (Junior League)
Mrs. Henry W. Moore (Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs)
Mrs. Mildred Pryse (State Nurses Association)
Major Robert F. Pendleton (Exchange Clubs)
Mr. Frank Foster (Civitan Club)
Dr. Steve Kenyon (Rotary International)
Miss Mary Blalock (Pilot Clubs)
Mr. W. H. Johnston (County Commissioners Association)
Mr. J. D. Kirkpatrick (C. I. O.)
Mr. T. M. Forbes (Cotton Manufacturers Association)
Dr. Frank F. Lammons (Georgia Dental Society)
Miss Katherine Park (Girl Scouts)

4. **Materials Committee**

(To prepare printed materials and mimeographed speech and radio scripts)
George M. Conner, Chairman (Association of Life Underwriters)
Mrs. Charles Center, Co-Chairman (Georgia Mental Hygiene Association)
Dr. William Kiser, Jr. (Mental Hygiene Association)
Mr. Alexander Miller (B'Nai B'Rith)
Mr. Lamdin Kay
Mrs. Amber Anderson (Woman's Chamber of Commerce)
Dr. J. C. Ivey (Optimist Clubs)
Mrs. J. Milton Murray (American Association University Women)

5. **Speakers Committee**

(To answer requests for speakers to explain the need and the provisions of the law to any organization)
Mrs. Opal Jackson, Chairman (Pilot Clubs)
Dr. William Kiser, Jr., Co-Chairman
Dr. L. M. Twiggs (Methodist minister)
Rev. Thomas Holmes (Ga. Baptist Convention) Manchester, Ga.
Miss Grace Hartley (Ga. Federation Business and Professional Women's Clubs)
Mrs. C. G. Boland (Women's Society of Christian Service)
Dr. C. Dan Bowdoin (Ga. Congress of Parents and Teachers)
Mr. W. C. Henson (Georgia Municipal League)
Mrs. Charles Center
Mr. J. M. Gooden (State Department of Education)
Dr. Stephen Gernazian (Ga. Optometric Ass'n.)

Other members will be added to each committee as additional organizations sends in their designations.

Services available through the Georgia Citizens Council include guides, films, speakers and consultation with one of the three trained professional Field Representatives who will help any organization in any community to organize any program to improve our human resources.

CHILDREN WHO FAIL IN SCHOOL

By

DR PAUL L. SCHROEDER

Through no fault of their own some children fail in their school work. Among all of the problems of childhood, this is the most common. It is one about which all parents are at some time concerned. If only for a short period, every child is likely to have some trouble with his school work. And although failing to pass a grade or a subject is no catrastrophe, our culture is such that it appears so to the child and his parents.

We pride ourselves that our children are as good and as bright as our neighbors. Our competitive attitudes are transmitted to our children. We make this evident in many ways most common among them, being the rewards we offer for high marks in school and the punishments we administer for failure. Sometimes we show it only in our words of commendation or criticism of them. **This may be true even when the child is not to blame for his failure. Granted that it is unfortunate for him to fail, the attitude his parents and teachers take towards him is often much more harmful.**

Adults lose sight of the fact that children are greatly upset by their own failure. They want very much to do well in school, to be loved by their parents and well thought of by their classmates. If they fail repeatedly they lose the high regard of others and worst of all they lose their own self-respect. To bring undue pressure on these children makes matters worse and may result in irreparable damage to their personality.

It is now well known that school failure is ofte nthe cause of truancy from school and home. And truancy is but a short step to delinquency.

Although much effort has been made to prevent school failures, not enough thought has been given to understanding the reasons for them. Sometimes the reasons are perfectly obvious as for example, when sickness prevents school attendance over long periods of time. But there are many other possible reasons. Until these are found and dealt with intelligently no amount of urging or insistence will do any real good.

Dr. Paul L. Schroeder, above, who begins a series of articles in Georgia's Human Resources with this issue, is one of the naton's most outstanding psychiatrists. He was selected by the War Department as one of the doctors to examine Rudolph Hess and the war criminals at the Nurenburg trials. As head of the Illinois Institute of Juvenile Research Dr. Schroeder devoted 17 years to the stud yof children, the causes of delinquency and ways to prevent such maladjustments. He is shown above as he addressed the 4th annual Citizens Conference conducted by the Citizens Council in November, 1947. Dr. Schroeder now lives in Atlanta.

Nor is it wise to ignore school failure. Some parents and advisors take the position that poor school work is but a passing phase which the child will outgrow. Such an attitude may be harmful to the child and serves only to confirm his own suspicions of inadequacy.

Modern school practices provide for a study of the failing child and of the situation in which he lives. Such a study has as its aim, the

(Continued on Page 4)

Rev. Taylor Writes of Work In Probation

BY REV. J. O. J. TAYLOR
Pastor
The Waynesboro Methodist Church

Quite a number of my friends have asked me to write an article about volunteer probationary work. I am glad to heed that request.

Very few of the 159 counties in the State of Georgia have any special court for young offenders Sections 2421 and 2441 provide that in counties less than 60,000 people, the Judge of the Superior Court shall act as Judge in this area, or appoint an existing court to do so. (This quotation is not verbatim but is accurate.) Then of course the Mayor's Court or the corder's Court comes in for a large number of these cases.

For a portion of 20 years—"off and on"—I have been acting in this capacity of volunteer (which means without remuneration financially) officer. It is my deliberate opinion that if the officers, the courts, and a person in each community who is willing to do this work **and is willing to study how to do it,** will cooperate, we will make a very long "head start" on this question.

This person must believe that these young people can be aided through their difficulties and must believe that patience and courtesy and hard work are good qualities in the work.

This person should have police powers. The need for this does not appear so readily on the surface, but the need is there and I would not try a single case without that power. In cases handled for the Superior Courts, there may be a court order which empowers the person for that one particular case. I am handling one on this basis now. But in our towns there should be permanent police power. There is no chance for this type of work—none whatever—unless the Police Officers go in for it 100%.

Here in Waynesboro whenever there is a young person involved in anything which the City Police handle, I am called into the case as soon as it breaks. Usually I am there within a few minutes of

(Continued on Page 7)

Thomasville's Council Gets Improvements

Community leaders where there are no community coordinating councils will be interested in the following excerpts from an article in the THOMASVILLE TIMES-ENTERPRISE. The staff writer of the Enterprise has set down in this account of one meeting an excellnt example of the way such councils unite all interests for community improvement.

Mayor W. A. Watt, speaking in an official capacity at the regular monthly meeting of the **Thomasville Community Council** said, "I promise that within two weeks we'll have plans in shape to submit to the Board of Education" on the **gymnasium building.** He added: "We can get together on the best plan."

Mayor Watt's pledge was enthusiastically received by the Council members gathered at the American Legion Home last night as proof that the issue will not be allowed to die down and be forgotten. The Council, which unanimously supported the proposal for a gym, also heard short talks by E. R. Jerger and Fred Scott, Sr., members of the Board of Education on this subjeect.

In an effort to bring the Council up to date on recent developments these civic leaders were asked to give the latest reports on the subject, and did so in a most able manner.

Mr. Jerger, president of the Board of Education, expressed his pleasure at the Mayor's direct and straightforward statement which he said would come as news to some of the members. He explained that he felt sure the citizens had expressed their willingness to pay for the building, which he termed a necessary function in the school system.

The Community Council's part in this project was praised by the speaker who stressed the unlimited possibilities of the organization and the use to which it may be put for the good of the community. **He hailed it as one of the most important organizations ever created in Thomasville and cited the projects which it was actively supported to the advantage of all.**

Mr. Scott added his approval of the Mayor's remarks and stated

(Continued on Page 4)

Thomasville

(Continued From Page 3)

that many people who had previously felt disheartened over the lack of progress might now be encouraged.

Judge J. K. Harper gave the Council a brief but highly informative report **on the development of the juvenile court** here and the work that it has been doing. He explained that the Court is really a social agency and works in conjunction with the Welfare Department to help the poor victims of our way of life and society.

From the 27th of February to the present time, 15 cases have come before their tribunal and five more are pending. **The situation according to Judge Harper is getting quite serious and is a matter of deep concern to all citizens.**

The biggest problem which must now be faced is the necessity for some sort of **facility to house these delinquents** who must be sent to the Training School for further corrective measures. Judge Harper said that the only alternatives now existing are: (1) confinement in the city or county jail among hardened criminals considerably older than the young offenders, (2) probation to their families, which returns them to the same environment which in many cases directly influenced them to turn to crime, or (3) probation into the care of one of the local ministers.

Home life and surroundings were termed the major underlying causes for delinquency and the Judge explained how investigations had proven this true. He cited a number of cases which have come before his court but added that only one of the 15 cases has required that the offender be sent to a Training School.

When he asked the assistance of the Council in securing a detention home here, working in cooperation with other civic groups and welfare agencies, the matter was turned over to the Civic affairs committee as a project for future study.

A project asking the Council's support in the **Minimum Program for Education** was submitted by the **School Interest Association** and turned over to the Committee on Education for a report at the next meeting.

Vice-Chairman Lawson Neel, who presided at the meeting, reported for the **City Recreation commission** that a soft ball diamond has been built in Paradise Park and that Hamlin Callahan and Miss Mary Chastain had been **hired by the commission to direct recreational programs** here this summer. He explained that this will give the commission and the people an idea of what can be accomplished and **may lead to an increased program of activity in the future.**

Announcement of the benefit baseball game sponsored by the Veterans of Thomasville, was made.

PRESS REPORTS - - OF COMMUNITY ACTION TO IMPROVE OUR HUMAN RESOURCES

Four new areas for playgrounds are being developed in **Douglas** according to the **Coffee County Progress.** The city plans to continue work on the playgrounds until all areas have been put in order, the Progress says . . .

A summer recreation program spearheaded by the P. T. A. which has invited all civic and service organizations to cooperate with donations, is apparently assured the youth and children of **Vidalia,** according to the **Vidalia Advance.** Included will be seesaws, slides, swings, merry-go-round, sand box, volley ball, tennis, basketball, and baseball, **Mrs. W. P. Pickett, chairman of the Recreation Committee of the P. T. A** told the Advance. .

Patsy Odom was named president of the newly organized "Drag-On-Inn" **teen age club** at the meeting held at Statesboro Community Center in the Woman's Club building, according to the **Bulloch Herald** at Statesboro. **Emory Nessmith** was named Vice-President, **Ann Waters,** secretary, **Charlotte Clements,** treasurer, **Mrs. Sara Hodges** and **Worth McDonald** were elected sponsors of the club which is supervised by **Max Lockwood,** director of Statesboro's **new recreation department.**

Supervised play in summer, which was successfully inaugurated in the local schools last summer, again offers varied recreation for **Dawson** youngsters, according to the **Dawson News.**

A planned summer recreation program sponsored by the **Sandersville Parks Commission** and under the direction of **Sam McCall,** coach and principal for Sandersville High School, has captured the interest of the youth of the community. Games and picnic tables have been provide dand swimming lessons are being given three mornings each week for a very modest fee, according to the **Sandersville Progress.**

The **Men's Club** of the **First Christian Church of Valdosta** has joined with other church groups and civic clubs in contributing to a summer recreation program for the youth of Valdosta.

Under the sponsorship of the **Woman's Club of Locust Grove** a teen-age club has been organized with **Billy Carter,** President; **Kitty Pitts,** Vice-President; **Shirley Tingle,** Secretary; and **Joe Blissit,** Treasurer. A meeting place has been secured and donations of chairs, games, tables, magazines and money have been made, according to the **Henry County Advertiser.** The **Recreation Department** has started a new Teen-Age Center has been recently opened in **Griffin** the **Daily News** says. Such activities as dancing, ping pong, table games, reading and other special activities will be available for teen-agers at the center, **Al Bishop,** Director of the Recreation Department announced.

A total of 233 children had registered the week of July 22 in **Fitzgerald's** summer recreation program under the direction of **Coach Earl Wheby** at Blue and Gray park. **Mrs. Arline Harris** is supervisor of the small children. Expenses are being met by the **Young Men's Civic League** and **American Legion** and the city with the **Touchdown club, Lions** and **Rotary Club** and **VFW** as other contributors, according to the **Fitzgerald Leader.**

Children Who Fail

(Continued from Page 3)

explanation for failure and a correction of the causes.

The wise parent will want to know what the common causes of school failure are and how they can be corrected. These may be primarily physical, such as poor **general health, anemia, defective vision and hearing and speech.** They may be due to special disabilities such as those which sometimes occur when children are **taught to read before they are ready.** These may not make their appearance until after the primary grades. Tendency to inversion or mirror writng and reversal of letters and words in reading may form the basis for failure. It has been noted that about 35% of children when first entering school are not ready to learn to read.

Children may be emotionally upset as a result of **tensions in the home.** These may involve relaitonships with **parents** or their **brothers or sisters.** Unfortunately these are often overlooked or ignored by parents. Children who are set apart from their associates, from whatever cause, are prevented from applying themselves to their school work. The very fact of disparity of outer wearing apparel can be upsetting to the child.

Other children fail because they have been **overly protected as infants,** as for example, those who have suffered from critical illthey nesses or accidents from which they were not expected to recover. Often the continued over-anxiety of their parents has caused them to remain so dependent upon grown-ups that they are unable for lack of self confidence to put forth the necessary effort to learn. Having been required to take care of themselves, nor denied any wish they may have had, they are unprepared for the adjustments they must make in school. It is true that most children overcome this handicap. **But when parents continue to be overly anxious and overly protective, the child is greatly hindered.**

There is also the child who is unloved and unwanted by his parents. Although it may not be

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GOOD HEALTH FOR THE PRE-SCHOOL CHILD

——By——
DR. GUY V. RICE
Director, Division of Maternal and Child Health
State Department of Public Health

In his 1948 Child Health Day proclamation the President said in part: "the potential strength and future greatness of this nation depend in large measure upon its children,—the protection of the health of young Americans will help to assure the continued physical welfare of our people—I recommend as a first step that practical plans be developed to obtain through medical and dental examinations and treatmen t if necessary for every child entering school for the first time in the fall of 1948, to the end that all correctible defects found in the health of these children shall have been removed or placed under treatment by the close of the school year."

Correcting remedial defects in children is not only a practical health measure, but also a means to help the child's emotional adjustment. Group acceptance is one of the basic human needs. **The starting-to-school experience is easier for the child if he can merge into the group without a physical handicap to make him self-conscious.** Poor vision and poor hearing can retard your child's school progress, which in turn will lower his self-confidence. Your family physician can tell you whether the defects are ones which will be outgrown or should be corrected.

From the physical angle of health it is most important that young children have regular basic health services, as well as comprehensive medical and dental examinations at periodic intervals. For, it is the early medical check-up which shows defects in time for correction. And it is the early mmunization which prevents the serious or fatal cases of whooping cough, diphtheria, measles, and other so-called children's diseases.

Much has been accomplished towards regular child care in Georgia. **The Parent Teacher Association is to be commended upon their statewide sponsorship of Summer round-ups at local health centers for the preschool child.** The association has also encouraged regular medical examinations of the child by the family physician or at the well-child clinics of the local health departments.

General overall programs for the health of the child should be worked out through **joint community planning** in which health instruction, screening for defects, correction of deficiencies in school physical facilities, and the promotion of nutrition programs are developed. The better the health of the people, the better their opportunity to develop their material resources, which in turn tend to provide for better health.

Child health clinics and summer round-ups are already an accepted activity in communities over Georgia. Focusing greater attention upon correcting remedial defects will further etch into public consciousness the needs of children and help to broaden the program, which should be based upon cooperative planning by the various agencies and groups of the community.

Let us remember that a neighbor in good health helps provide for the community, and **his well being is as important to you as the more material resources of the community.**

---

656 CHILDREN JAILED

A survey by Miss Loretto Chappell, Chief, Division of Child Welfare of the State Department of Welfare includes reports from 88 of Georgia's 159 counties. It shows 656 children (under 15) were placed in jail in these 88 counties during one year. If all counties had been included the total would be larger. Ages ranged as low as 7.

Georgians Help Plan 1950 White House Meet On Children, Youth

Georgia delegates attending a conference on State Planning for Children & Youth which met at Washington, March 30-April 1 were:

Miss Elizabeth Donovan, representing the State Department of Education and Georgia P. T. A.

Miss Florence Van Sickler, child Welfare Association of Fulton & DeKalb counties and Georgia Code Commission.

Dr. Guy V. Rice, State Health Department and Georgia Pediatric Society.

Miss Mary Webb, representing Department of Labor, Georgia Federation of Womens Clubs and Georgia Citizens Council.

This conference was convened by the **National Commission on Children and Youth** and the **U. S. Childrens Bureau** to plan a two year state and local program of preparatory action prior to a **1950 Whitehouse Conference on Children and Youth.**

250 State officials and leaders representing all but two of the states and territories attended the conference.

Miss Elizabeth Donovan served on the Conference Steering Committee and the Evaluation Committee. She was also a discussion resource.

Miss Mary Webb served as a member of the discussion team on the topic, "Methods of Achieving Action Through Youth Participation."

One general session featured the topic, "What is being done in state and local action in behalf of children and youth." Miss Mary Web bdiscussed **Youth Participation.** Phases of this topic included, State organization and methods of action State Legislation, Community action, and Citizen participation. These phases were discussed by representatives from **Kansas, Florida, Mississippi, Missouri, California, South Carolina, North Carolina** and **New Jersey.**

The World Today

By
DR. HERMAN L. TURNER
Pastor
Covenant Presbyterian Church
Atlanta
Member Georgia Citizens Council

We live in a world of overwhelming and frightening change. The war did not end on V-J Day —only the military phase ended. We have the victory of machine over machine, of man over man. But the greater victory lies before us, the **victory of brotherhood over circumstance,** of **faith over fact,** of **sanity over confusion.** The night of war is gone but the nightmare has not faded away.

Relief - Reconstruction - Restoration - Redemption - these are the words of the hour—good words of promise and hope. Today the minds of men the world around are reaching out—fearfully, gropingly, hopefully, eagerly, but inevitably for something **solid and enduring** upon which to build their universe—a world which hath foundations — unshakable foundations—whose builder and maker is God.

Our world has been shot half to pieces and we are confronted with the task of putting it back together again. This is our hour of opportunity. **We have never before had so great an opportunity for a high adventure in conserving our human and spiritual resources.**

We must continue to show compassion and understanding for the millions who "live, and move and have their being" in a ragged, starvng, homeless, tired, disillusioned world.

The release of atomic energy has thrust us into a new era. It has forced us to re-think the place and use of power. Everybody seems to be afraid, that like Frankenstein, we have created an unmanageable monster.

There is no security based on material possessions and upon organizations alone. It is not enough for nations to agree to "lock up the atom bomb and give the key to father. Somebody will certainly steal the key or make another in a back garden."

As it has been pointed out many times, our safety lies not in our ingenuity but in our integrity. The destiny of mankind is contingent upon moral and spiritual re-

(Continued on Page 7)

What Can We Do To Stop Causes Of Delinquency

Listed in the latest booklet of the Georgia Citizens Council, entitled, "Working Together We Can Remove the Causes of delinquency, Crime," are 17 specific suggestions for community action stimulated by church and civic organizations. Among them are:

1. **Parent education** through clinics or discussion groups.

2. Visiting teacher and **student counselling** services in schools.

3. Character building **youth organization opportunities for all** with adequate adult leadership.

4. Closer cooperation between schools, police, juvenile court, social agencies for **more adequate treatment of the early symptoms** of delinquency.

5. **Child welfare workers** through our Department of Public Welfare and private social agencies.

6. Neighborhood or **community-wide recreation** the year 'round.

7. Pre-Marital **counselling** in churches and agencies.

8. Use of **most highly skilled and trained** teachers, welfare and recreation workers **in underprivileged areas.**

9. A Community Council to **find, and bring about coordinated effort to meet,** the most pressing needs of children, youth and parents.

A copy of the factual booklet may be had without charge by writing to the Georgia Citizens Council, 20 Ivy Street, S. E., Atlanta.

CRIME COSTS RISE

The cost of crime is rising every day. In one county, Fulton, tax expenditures for detection, detention and trial of criminals reached $3,108,000.00 last year. This is only the tax burden for detection, detention and trial and does not include the loss of property, life, an dlost potential human resources for our State.

Working Together We Can Remove Causes of Juvenile Delinquency, Crime

New Booklet Now Available

A new guide for community leaders has been prepared with the cooperation of the **Youth Protection, Pre-School services** and **Junior Citizenship sections** of the Georgia Citizens Council and is available without cost. Requests should be addressed to the Council at 20 Ivy Street, Atlanta.

Citing the **rising number of arrests** reported by the F. B. I. nationally, and the **annual increase in commitments** to the state penal system in Georgia, the leaflet outlines some of the conditions which have been found to exist in the histories of hundreds of delinquents.

"It takes many things a long time to make a criminal or delinquent," the leaflet points out—listing 10 conditions found in the examination of case histories.

Seventeen **specific suggestions** for **community action,** together with suggestions **for parents** are listed together with various **services** which are available without cost to any Georgia community through the Citizens Council.

Civic clubs will find many useful and needed projects for sponsorship in this booklet.

WHAT WILL WE MAKE HIS FUTURE?

It takes many things and a long time to make a delinquent or criminal.

Children Who Fail

(Continued From Page 4)

admitted by them, the child soon becomes aware of it and is deeply affected.

Only brief mention need be made of the child who is actually retarded in his ability to learn. The mentally defective child is readily recognized and a special program is adapted to meet his needs.

There are other reasons for school failure each varying with the individual child. But perhaps the most common cause is the pressure parents exert on their children.

In their zeal, in their behalf, they sometimes demand achievements of which their children are unequal. Often this stems from the strong convictions that they are entirely responsible for the way their children turn out as adults. **Many things outside the family influences growth and development to say nothing of those inherent in the child.** Surely parents of grown children can take comfort out of the realization that they have done the best they could for them.

Scientific methods have now been developed through the combined efforts of psychologist, sociologist and psychiatrist which aid in understanding the child and his problems. When children fail in school these should be employed.

The World Today

(Continued From Page 5)

sources. In the control of atomic energy, the real problem is **not the atom but man.** Our world needs a moral reformation. We are confronted with the decision between success and right, between smartness and integrity, between expedience and principle. The extremity of man is the opportunity of God.

Our world today needs a lot of straight thinking. Only a patient and sympathetic understanding of our problems will enable us to render a real service. Someone has said that "the peoples of the world are islands shouting at each other over seas of misunderstanding." Intellectual and spiritual understanding would make for confidence and goodwill. How we need to put balance and sanity in our thinking. **Many people would give you the impression that they are thinking, when as a matter of fact, they are just rearranging their prejudices.** Our world today calls for straight thinking, creative thinking, thinking that will help us to accept responsibilty.

During the war we emphasized the importance of every one doing his "bit." The two big words during the war were "responsibility" and "cooperation." They must be the two big words today. **For every freedom we enjoy there is a corresponding responsibility.** Our security lies in our ability to accept and do something about responsibility. All forces — intellectual, social, moral, religious and educational — are under the high obligation to serve humanity.

It is difficult to get people to feel the sense of rseponsibility. Too many people feel constrained to go their own way; they enjoy everything their community has to offer and refuse to do anything for its betterment.

The world tomorrow will be determined by what we do today. What one thinks and does about our world today was never so important. **Our safety and the world's is dependent upon our ability to work for and with other people.** We must co-operate or perish. It is ONE WORLD now or NONE. We face new responsibilities; they cannot be evaded—they are God-given. By accepting and doing something about them we will continue to demonstrate the thrilling march of progress.

The call of the hour is to "achieve self and fling self away." If freedom means anything to us today it means the acceptance of responsibility to achieve a world of justice, good will and peace. We of this age have an appointment with posterity.

Make plans now to attend the fifth annual Citizens Conference to be sponsored by the Georgia Citizens Council November 17, 18 and 19, 1948.

Rev. Taylor

(Contiued From Page 3)

the time that the other officers do.

Chief Frank Davis of the Waynesboro Police and I have spent many a nhour together with results that have been gratifying to us both. Young offenders, like all the rest of the world, have a regard for that badge—hence the advisability of police powers. Chief Davis and I have been working together for a good bit more than a year now—nearly two years and we have not had to revoke one single probation yet.

The volunteer officer, along with the pastors of our churches, ought to **be well informed about the various homes and other organizations to which he may turn** in the extreme cases. Most of us know about the children's homes but when we strike a case where we feel that a **psychiatrist** is needed, then we are a bit at sea. But **they are available** for the minister or the probation worker if he wants them.

In fact in many cases I have found that a good medical examination will help to find the reason for some of the short comings. I have found on one or two occasions that a youngster was falling behind in his school work, and thus getting a bad complex which might lead to trouble—**all because of the need of a pair of glasses.**

In one case where there was the problem of the unmarried expectant mother, five ministers were discussing the case but none of them was at all familiar with the rules of the institutions that handle these cases. It is urgent that full knowledge of the rules be available in such cases as these.

It pays the officer to know where to go when he needs help beyond his own home community. I have often thought and still believe that it would be a good idea for the **theological schools to have some lectures in this field.** The preachers need to have a very matter of fact and practical knowledge of the places to turn when they need help for others.

It is a good idea too, to have along with this knowledge, some friends who have money and with whom you can discuss these problems. I have a number who stand ready in an emergency to aid. I have called on them no few times and they are not hesitant about rendering the financial aid.

Better Health

(Continued From Page 1)

partment of public Welfare and Lon Sullivan, Director, Georgia Citizens Council.

The group decided that Georgia's health is so important that the Chief Executive should take immediate action to have a statewide coordinated and expanded program of medical care and health services developed by a cross section of Georgia's people.

Five Working Committees

The 100 citizens began work March 19-20 and aligned themselves with one of the five working committees. Each committee elected its officers and selected the problems it will attack. The committees, which will bring to the big conference in Macon suggestions which the larger group can work on are:

HOSPITALS—George Wright, Tifton, Chairman; Vice-Chairman, Dr. Lee Rogers, Gainesville; Secretary, Joh nRansom, State Health Department.

CLINICS, HEALTH CENTERS AND EDUCATION — Chairman, Mrs. H. B. Ritchie, Athens; Vice-Chairman, Dr. Guy Lunsford, State Health Department; Secretary, Mrs. Charles Center, State Health Department.

PERSONNEL (medical, dental, nursing) Chairman, Dr. Lombard Kelly, University Medical School; Vice-Chairman, Dr. William A. Garrett, Atlanta; Secretary, Miss Jane Van De Vrede, Nurses Association.

MENTAL HEALTH, Chairman Frank A. Smith, Clayton; Vice-Chairman, Dr. Carl Whitaker, Emory Medical School; secretary, Miss Florine Ellis, Atlanta.

INSURANCE (medical care and hospital) Chairman Dr. John L. Elliott, Savannah; Vice-Chairman Fred M. Walker, Atlanta; Secretary, H. B. Coolidge, Savannah.

YOUTH AND ADULTS SUGGEST WAYS TO STOP RISING DELINQUENCY AND CRIME TOLL

Two Hundred Forty-two Youth Join Adults In Conference On Prevention of Delinquency

Proceedings and recommendations developed by 5,1 men, women and youth in the Community Conference on Prevention of Juven'le Delinquency are now available in limited quantities to community leaders.

The major recommendations of the conference have been included in 17 steps for specific community action which are recommended in the Citizens Council's latest publication "Working Together, We can Remove the Causes of Delinquency, Crime"

Dr. Allen D. Albert, Mrs. Frances Craighead Dwyer and **Parks Huntt,** members of the Citizens Council took a prominent part on the two-day program wh'ch was attended by representatives of 51 civic, church and labor organizations; 38 social, recreational or law-enforcement agencies, city and county governments; 14 public and private schools; the press and radio. Dr. Albert was keynote speaker.

YOUTH SPEAKS

Two youth panels opened the sessions the night of April 26. The panel of white youth is p'ctured above as they talk into microphones of the public address system and a radio station which rebroadcast the proceedings the next day.

The Youth gave their ideas which are listed in detail in the printed proceed'ngs, on What Youth Should **Contribute** to the **Home;** What Youth Should **Receive** from the **Home;** What Youth Should Contribute to and Receive from the **School;** What Youth Should Contribute to and Receive from the **Church;** What Youth Should Contribute to and Receive from **Community Agencies** and **Law Enforcement Agencies.**

Two hundred and forty two boys and girls from 21 high schools, a business school and five colleges participated in the six workshops which ran concurrent-'y the second day.

SPECIALISTS

With various specialists as consultants and leaders, the workshops developed recommendations concerning Visiting Teachers and School Counselling services; Delinquency Prevention Programs of Churches; Community Counselling and Guidance Service; Recreation Programs; Prevention Programs of Police; Adult and Juvenile Probation Service.

Miss Carmelite Janvier, Director of Special Services Division of the New Orleans School System and Inspector **L. V. Morrison,** Director Crime Prevention Division, Houston, Texas Police Department, were two out of state consultants and speakers.

Fifty one community organizations co-sponsored the Conference which was directed by the Citizens Crime Prevention Commission.

Key Noter

DR. ALLEN D. ALBERT

"Our Future Citizens" was the theme.

Speakers, besides those listed above, included Mayor **William B. Hartsfield** of Atlanta; Commission Chairman **R. L. Doyle** of Fulton county; Solicitor General **Paul Webb** who founded the Citizens Crime Prevention Comm'ssion and resigned as its chairman last January because he was anticipating a political race; **Fred B. Moore,** new Chairman who is also Vice-President of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce and President of the Central Atlanta Improvement Association; **Miss Mary Kate Duskin,** General Secretary, Atlanta Y. M. C. A., who spoke on "Our Recreation Agencies"; **Rev. John R. Brokhoff,** Pastor, Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, member of the Commission; **Miss Angela Frances Cox,** Executive Director of the Family Service Society, who spoke on "Our Case Work Agencies"; **Judge W. W. Woolfolk** of Fulton Juvenile Court, on "Our Probation Service!" **Julian Whatley,** Chairman of the Youth Section of the Commission and Atlanta business and Rotary leader on "Our Civic and Service Organizations"; **Irving Kaler,** prominent young Atlanta lawyer was Program Chairman and was assisted in pres'ding by **Mrs. Frances Dwyer,** Vice-President of the Citizens Council and member of the Commission.

Included in the printed proceedings, **copies of which may be obtained by writing the Georgia Citizens Council, 20 Ivy Street, Atlanta,** are outlines of cooperative community projects which have been accomplished by the Commission to eliminate conditions which cause crime and delinquency.

15,458 Committed To Prison System

A total of 15,458 persons have been committed to Georgia's prison system from July 1, 1944 through June 30, 1948, according to reports from the Department of Corrections.

Almost a third of the committed—4,847—were from 12 to 21 yeras of age. Yet we know that criminals are caused, they are not born. We know it takes many things a long time to **make** a delinquent or a criminal.

November 4, 1948
Dict. November 1

Mr. W. Elliott Dunwody, Jr., President
Georgia Citizens Council
20 Ivy Street, S. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunwody:

Thank you for your letter of October 29. I don't know what happened to the post card, but we do emphatically want to continue to receive Georgia's Human Resources.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:t

12-Georgia Citizens Council

W. ELLIOTT DUNWODY, JR.
PRESIDENT

MRS. FRANCES C. DWYER
VICE-PRESIDENT

Georgia CITIZENS COUNCIL

20 IVY STREET, S. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE LA. 4361

LON SULLIVAN
DIRECTOR

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ATLANTA

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ATLANTA

MRS. RALPH BUTLER
DALLAS

DR. HARMON W. CALDWELL
ATHENS

MRS. STEWART COLLEY
GRANTVILLE

ROBERT COWART
DOUGLAS

DR. JOSIAH CRUDUP
GAINESVILLE

ED DAVIDSON
COLUMBUS

W. ELLIOTT DUNWODY, JR.
MACON

MRS. FRANCES C. DWYER
ATLANTA

WILLIAM D. ELLIS
ATLANTA

MRS. R. C. FRYER
MANCHESTER

W. C. HENSON
CARTERSVILLE

PARKS HUNTT
ATLANTA

WILMER D. LANIER
AUGUSTA

MRS. ROBERT A. LONG
ATLANTA

MRS. C. C. SAPP
ALBANY

DR. HERMAN L. TURNER
ATLANTA

DR. L. M. TWIGGS
GAINESVILLE

WILLIAM A. WATT
THOMASVILLE

October 29, 1948

RECEIVED
NOV 1 1948
Regional Council

Dear Friend:

Your card, which was enclosed with the September issue of Georgia's Human Resources, has not been returned.

If you find the publication useful in your work for community improvement please return the card indicating that you wish to remain on the mailing list.

By the way---the Fifth Annual Citizens Conference will be held November 17, 18 and 19 as you can see in this issue.

It starts Wednesday the 17th at 10:30 a.m. with Governor-Elect Herman E. Talmadge; Dr. Allen D. Albert, Jr., of Emory University and G. Howland Shaw, National Chairman of the Conference on Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency. Throughout the remainder of the days and nights outstanding Georgia leaders in industry, agriculture, religion, education, health, and welfare will participate. Dr. Grace Sloan Overton, nationally acclaimed lecturer on "boy-girl" relations; Jess and Jean Ogden, community improvement specialists of the University of Virginia; V. K. Brown, President, American Recreation Association, and other outstanding national authorities will participate.

If you desire an invitation to this important conference of community leaders write today. If advance registration has not exhausted the meeting facilities, we will see that an invitation is mailed to you promptly.

Sincerely,

W. Elliott Dunwody, Jr.

W. Elliott Dunwody, Jr.
President

WEDjr:dp

12- Ga. Citizens Council

W. ELLIOTT DUNWODY, JR.
PRESIDENT

MRS. FRANCES C. DWYER
VICE-PRESIDENT

Georgia CITIZENS COUNCIL

20 IVY STREET, S. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

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LON SULLIVAN
DIRECTOR

COUNCIL MEMBERS

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CARTERSVILLE

PARKS HUNTT
ATLANTA

WILMER D. LANIER
AUGUSTA

MRS. ROBERT A. LONG
ATLANTA

MRS. C. C. SAPP
ALBANY

DR. HERMAN L. TURNER
ATLANTA

DR. L. M. TWIGGS
GAINESVILLE

WILLIAM A. WATT
THOMASVILLE

November 15, 1948

MEMORANDUM

TO: Civic, Religious and Service Community Organization Leaders

FROM: The Georgia Citizens Council

SUBJECT: EXAMPLES OF SPECIFIC RESULTS OF COORDINATED COMMUNITY ACTION

In the Work Session Thursday on ORGANIZING FOR COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT the delegates from various local community councils will present many examples of the value of united effort.

A year and a half ago the Solicitor General of Fulton County requested and received staff assistance from the Citizens Council in organizing a Citizens Crime Prevention Commission. Composed of representatives of practically every civic, business, labor, religious, and service group in the area, this Commission has been developing coordinated action programs to eliminate the causes of delinquency and crime.

Specific results of the cooperative efforts of many groups are listed in the attached report of the Commission. Working together these groups have accomplished results which no one group could have accomplished alone.

Similarly the Council staff assisted the Augusta Chamber of Commerce in the organization of a Community Improvement Conference last February. Many of the recommendations of that Conference of 733 citizens representing 109 groups have already been initiated in the community.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES
of the
CITIZENS CRIME PREVENTION COMMISSION INC. *
(Sept. 1947 thru Sept. 1948)**
201 Wesley Memorial Bldg.

YOUTH SECTION: Mr. Julian A. Whatley, Chairman

Gathered and distributed to 41 Civic, Service and Fraternal organizations lists of specific needs of Youth serving agencies both as to Volunteers and Special Projects in need of financial sponsorship. The following services developed as a result of the Section's work:

I - Atlanta's Mission:

This two-story building was completely redecorated without cost to the Mission because:

6 Labor Unions donated labor
18 Paint Dealers and Manufacturers donated Paint
6 other Companies donated various other materials

An extended program was made possible by:

The Fifth District American Legion and its Auxiliary paying for a trained recreation leader secured and supervised by the Y.W.C.A.

Fraternal Order of Eagles donating motion picture screen

II - Crew Street Community Center:

Working closely with the School principal, the local P.T.A., and the Hoke Smith Community Council, the Youth Section helped bring about the following:

Purchase of a building adjacent to the school by the Atlanta School Board, designated for recreation use

Complete renovation of the building as a result of:

Donation of Labor by Painters Union Local # 193
Donation of materials and some labor by the Bailey-Lewis Williams Co.
Donation of furnishings and materials by neighborhood Churches, companies and individuals

Atlanta Recreation Department on Sept. 27, 1948, assigned trained men and women recreation leaders for every afternoon and for evening programs on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

The Atlanta Lion's Club is paying for a teen-age recreation leader provided by the Y.W.C.A.

* Incorporated May, 1948
** The Citizens Crime Prevention Committee was organized in June, 1947. Its action and service Sections were established in Sept. 1947.

YOUTH SECTION (con't.)

III - PICKETTS ALLEY AND SAVANNAH ST.:

In cooperation with the Commission's Neighborhood Effort and Research Sections, the Youth Section analyzed the needs of this area (one of the highest in crime and delinquency), and the following steps have been taken toward establishing a Community Recreation Center:

The Fulton Bag & Cotton Mills purchased two vacant lots and turned them over to the Commission, stipulating that they be used for recreation purposes for a period of 5 years, and agreed to fence in the property

The lots are being graded

The Atlanta Lion's Club has agreed to furnish the playground equipment

The Fraternal Order of Eagles is paying the leader, a woman, resident of a nearby area, who has special understanding and ability to work with children and adults of this section

The Fraternal Order of Eagles has agreed to build a community center which will include besides activities rooms, kitchen, toilet and shower facilities

IV - OTHER CONSULTATION AND CLEARING HOUSE SERVICES:

At the request of the following Civic Organizations, the Commission, thru telephone and personal conferences and thru correspondence, assisted the Clubs in developing these special projects.

The Altrusa Club thru volunteer and financial assistance is sponsoring two Girl Scout troops at the Georgia Training School for Girls

The American Association of University Women donated $50.00 and the Business and Professional Women's Club donated $20.00 a month for a 6 month period, for materials in the Mental Therapy and Arts and Crafts program for the unmarried mothers in the Florence Crittendon Home.

The Women's Chamber of Commerce donated a radio-phonograph combination to the Crew St. School; books and magazines to the Washington Carver Boys Club; set of reference books to the Girl Scouts

The Zonta Club donated $25.00 to the Girl Scouts for camperships for underpriveleged girls

Retail Credit Women's Club donated $30.00 to the Atlanta's Mission for camperships

Junior Chamber of Commerce, Citizenship Committee is helping the School authorities make more meaningful and current the new compulsory course in Citizenship being given all first year High School students in Atlanta - by preparing lists of: important institutions, agencies etc. for visits by students; capable speakers from business, industry, government etc., to appear in classrooms and on new school radio program; appropriate films.

YOUTH SECTION (con't.)

V - VOLUNTEER:

As a result of radio programs, speeches before clubs, we have interviewed and referred 25 potential volunteers to the following agencies:

Y.M.C.A.- - - - - - 5
Girl Scouts - - - - 5
Boy Scouts - - - - 4
Y.W.C.A. - - - - - 3
Camp Fire - - - - - 3
Atlanta Boys Club - 2
Hillside Cottage - 1
Crew St. School - - 1
Battle Hill Home for Aged - - 1

At the request of Girl and Boy Scouts we wrote men's and women's organizations and Churches in the Lakewood area urging them to have members participate in proposed Scout training programs. Responses were received and forwarded to agencies for follow-thru from 7 women's, 5 men's organizations and 12 Churches.

CHURCH SECTION: Dr. A. V. Gibson, Chairman

I - Gathered and distributed to Churches of all denominations information concerning Church-sponsored programs of Recreation; Counseling on courtship, marriage, vocational problems

II - Prepared and distributed to Ministers and Lay Church leaders a list of 8 suggested crime prevention activities

III - Now preparing report on type of youth agency programs being sponsored by the 172 Churches who replied to the questionnaire

PROTECTIVE AGENCIES SECTION: Mrs. Malcolm Bryan, Chairman

I - Arranged conference resulting in the Family Service Society providing, on a demonstration basis, casework service to Judge Frank Hooper, Jr. in Divorce cases involving children, where there was a possibility of reconciliation

II - Arranged conference with representatives of National Probation Association, Fulton County Juvenile Court and Atlanta Police Department to help develop closer working relationships.

NEIGHBORHOOD EFFORT SECTION: Mr. Harllee Branch Jr., Chairman

I - Brought together 32 individuals representing Churches, Recreation, Social and Health agencies, Police, Schools, Civic organizations to analyze community causes of delinquency and crime in Crew-Formwalt area. Specific recommendations were developed, some of which have been carried out (see Youth Section).

II - A similar meeting was held recently attended by 25 individuals representing similar groups, concerning the Negro community surrounding E. P. Johnson School. Follow-up conferences on recommendations developed, are being held.

RESEARCH SECTION: Mr. James Wiggins, Chairman

I - Emory students have and continue gathering facts concerning the size of the crime and delinquency problem, its costs, areas of highest incidence - prepared maps and charts.

II - Morehouse College students gathered similar information for one of the Negro communities and will do so for others.

PUBLIC INFORMATION SECTION: Mr. Charles Yates, Chairman

I - Secured newspaper stories covering activities of the other Sections - as a result of the story arranged for the Lakewood Boys Club, Commission received and forwarded a $100.00 donation to the Club.

II - Posters and other illustrative materials have been prepared

III - Secured permission from Coronet Magazine for reproduction of the article "We Failed as Parents" and distributed in mimeograph form to about 600 men, women and youth

IV - The volunteer radio chairman has secured free time on all stations for "spot" announcements, news or dramatic presentations

V - Work has begun on preparation of a "film strip" covering facts concerning the Crime and delinquency problem and community prevention services

VI - Plans are under way to bring to the attention of more parents the moving pictures rated by unbiased groups as suitable for children.

COMMUNITY-WIDE CONFERENCE

At the request of U. S. Attorney, Tom Clark, referred to the Commission by Mayor Wm. B. Hartsfield, the Conference on Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency, held April 26, 27, 1948, was arranged by the Commission, co-sponsored by 51 Business, Labor, Church, Civic organizations, Public and Private agencies.

551 individuals participated, 309 adults and 242 boys and girls. The adults represented 51 Civic, Church or Labor Organizations; 38 social, recreational or law-enforcement agencies, city and county government. The Youth represented 21 public and private High Schools, 5 Colleges and Universities.

Conference participants prepared a series of recommendations designed to improve or extend the various crime prevention services of our community. The Sections of the Commission together with appropriate existing agencies are working toward putting these recommendations into effect.

The Proceedings of the Conference were printed by the Georgia Citizens Council and have been distributed to all those attending. Numerous requests from individuals, groups, school teachers in Atlanta and other communities of the state for copies, have been filled. The National Conference on Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency is distributing copies thruought the country.

Oct.- 8, 1948

WORK SESSION
ORGANIZATION FOR COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT
Nov. 18, 1948

We hope each one present will participate fully in the discussion during the morning and the afternoon sessions.

The purpose of this Work Session is to:

1. Learn how communities have organized for and carried out cooperative community improvement programs

2. Study and analyze techniques of community organization

3. Decide which procedures and basic principles work best in different sized communities

In order that the maximum practical benefit may be derived by all attending, the Leader, Mr. Jerome Conner will guide the discussion along the following lines:

MORNING SESSION:

Panel participants will describe briefly actual experiences in community organization

Resource people and others in audience will describe briefly cooperative programs developed in their communities

AFTERNOON SESSION:

Analysis of techniques used and procedures followed in establishing successful community councils, described during the morning session

Listing of the most important basic principles which community leaders should follow in organizing productive coordinating councils

PANEL PARTICIPANTS:

Leader: Mr. Jerome A. Conner
Summarizer: Mrs. Lon Sullivan
Panel: Jesse and Jean Ogden, University of Virginia
W. A. King, Community Organization Specialist, Univ. of Georgia
W. P. Parrish, Community Development, Georgia Power Company
Mrs. W. D. Bohannon, Moreland
Mrs. W. A. Love, St. Marys
Miss Emily Jerger, Thomasville
Dr. Harry L. Harp, Chairman, Bass Community Council

RESOURCE

Mrs. R. K. Winston, Tifton
Mr. W. J. Scott, Atlanta
Mrs. Jerome M. Levy) Cooperative inter-religious project
Mrs. Paul Weir)
Mr. Tom Cottingham, Douglas

A HEALTH COUNCIL

A great many communities in America today are faced with the problem of finding a way for the citizens to study and solve their own local health problems.

This problem arises in two extreme forms: (1) In which the community lacks any form or organization. (2) In which there are many organizations, each with its own project or program, but no integration into an overall plan. In either situation, there is need for the community to work together.

Perhaps some of you are from a community like my own where there are a great many organizations; most of them have health committees that are functioning, each with its own special health program. Unless there is some coordination, their separate and discrete health programs are not likely to provide complete coverage of the community's health needs.

In one city prior to the establishment of a community organization for health education, those sections where the highest infant and tuberculosis death rates prevailed were not receiving any health education at all. This did not mean that the public and private agencies of the city were not functioning. It meant that there is a joint examination of community health problems, a joint evaluation of these problems, and a joint planning for their solution, the health program of the community will be determined by individuals and groups, each with special interests to serve. The result may be incompleteness, over-emphasis, or duplication. Hence, there is need for some form of community organization for health education, which will see the task as a whole and allow each group to undertake those activities which it can best carry out.

The Tift County Medical Auxiliary adopted as its theme for this year: "Health Education", and asked the assistance of the Junior Woman's Club and the County Health Department in organizing a health council in our community.

Now, what is a health council? Health Councils in any community are non-official organizations concerned with the promotion of public health. They are supported by the community funds or private contributions, and are able to promote and develop health objective unhampered by politics and restricted only by financial limitations.

Such councils are composed of representatives of public and private health agencies in the community and individuals interested in promoting the health of the city and county.

The health council could be classified as the watchdog of health activities and problems in any community. Situated as an independent observer, the council can detect such faults as overlapping, duplicated or inadequate service, and develop means to correct them.

A health council supported by the Medical and Dental professions, and the public, with its membership representative of the community, and with adequate funds for promotion, can establish an adequate health program in any city or county. Co-operation is the key note to a health council. Promotion is the ultimate aim. Service is the obligation of the member agencies, such as the various civic organizations.

One should be fully aware of the fact that a health council is not a service organization. Its objectives are to develop projects to the service state and then refer them to the proper organization for action; to coordinate and correlate existing objectives; to constantly promote a program of health education.

A health council as we hope to develop it would bring together business, industrial, professional, civic, religious, social, farm, and other groups, for discussion, debate, and interchange of opinions and planning for the betterment of our community.

Perhaps, you are interested in the methods we have used in organizing our local health council. First, we went to our county health department and told them what we hoped to do and asked for assistance and advice. They helped us all they could, and then referred us to the State Health Department.

In answer to our request, Mrs. Chas. Center, Associate Director of the Division of Health Education, was sent to Tifton. On December 1, 1947, we held our preliminary organizational meeting. In preparation for this meeting, we sent one hundred letters of invitation to various representative citizens of the city and county, urging them to attend the meeting. An announcement was carried in the Tifton daily newspaper, stating the purpose of the meeting and inviting the general public to attend. We were much encouraged by the interest shown that night. Mrs. Center defined a health council; explained its functions and objectives. The last part of the program was an open forum, in which we discussed means of interesting the general public in the idea of a health council. It was suggested that we study the health needs of the community and by educational means arouse the citizens so that they, themselves, would demand a health program.

So, the three sponsors of the Health Council idea -- the Medical Auxiliary, the Tifton Junior Woman's Club, and the Tift County Health Department investigated the situation and found that our biggest problems are these:

1. Need for a program of health education throughout the community at all times.
2. Enforcement of food and milk ordinances.
3. TB-VD control.
4. Typhus control.
5. Improved and enlarged school health program.
6. Securing services of commissioner of health.

Back to Organization outline of Tift County Health Council: Prior to the second meeting, which was held on Feb. 6, one hundred and fifty invitations were mailed to representative citizens of the community. An article appeared in the Tifton daily newspaper, explaining the idea of the health council, its organization, membership, and objectives. The presidents of all civic and county groups were asked to appoint delegates with alternates to serve on the council. Chairmen of all health committees were asked to report on health activities and plans of their particular group for the year. Suggested projects for the council to consider were discussed. Permanent officers and an executive board were elected.

On April 2, an orientation meeting for the delegates was held. A panel discussion of "The Health Council, a Community Asset" was featured. Each delegate was given a mimeographed copy of pertinent information taken from booklet "Stepping Stones to a Health Council." Mr. J. C. Goodin, coordinator between the State Department of Health and State Department of Education, attended this meeting. He suggested that a Health Council be formed in each school, and urged that someone from the community attend the Health Education Workshop in Athens this summer. The following committees were appointed: (1) Program, (2) Legislation, (3) Finance, (4) Publicity, (5) Health Education in Schools, (6) Community Health Projects Research.

I will not go into detail as to the accomplishments or disappointments of our health council, but for you who may be interested in the step by step procedures that we have followed, there will be a display of all the promotional material we have used in developing the health council.

I do have a record of the accomplishments of the council since its inception December 1, 1947, which I shall be glad to discuss with you.

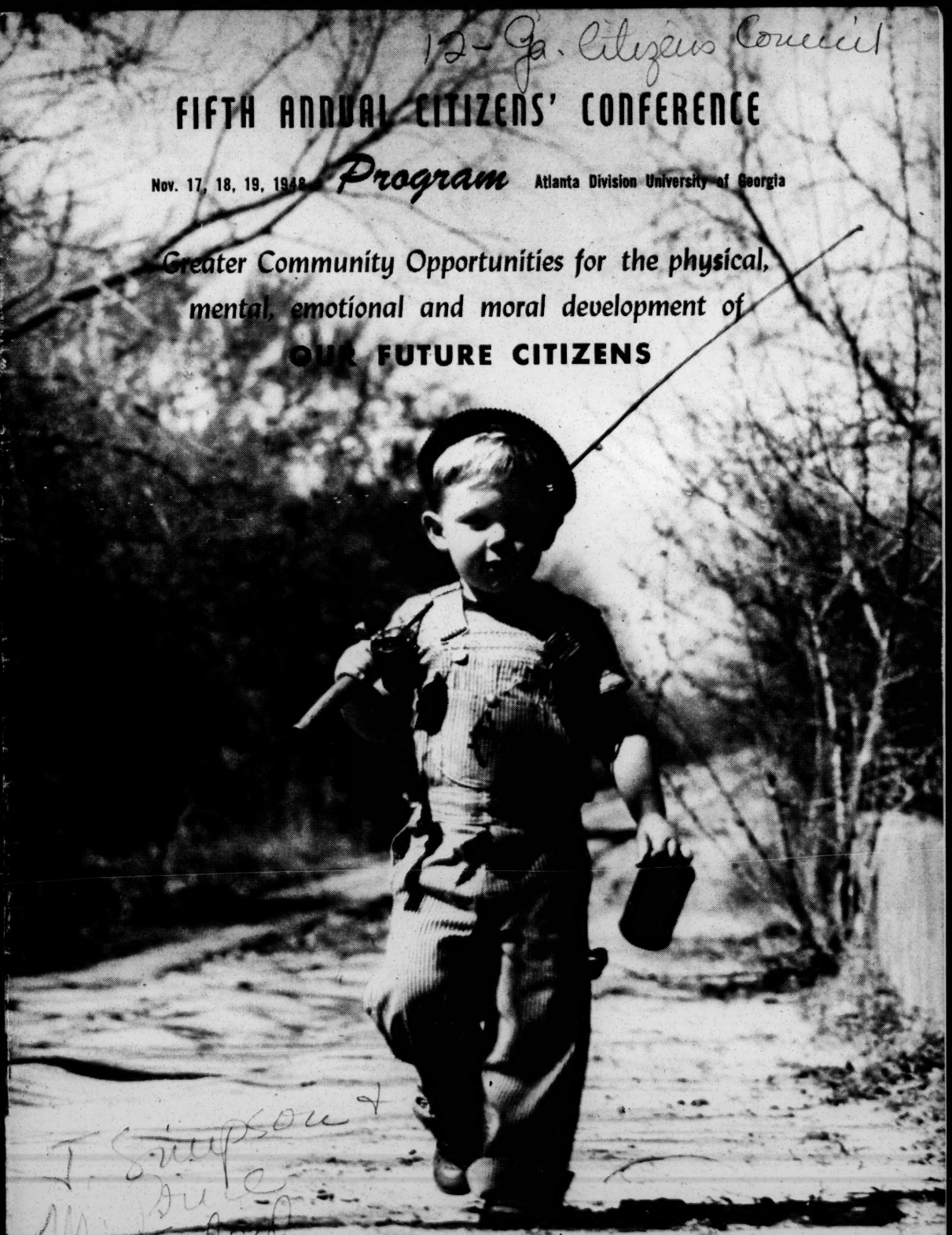
12 - Ga. Citizens Council

FIFTH ANNUAL CITIZENS' CONFERENCE

Nov. 17, 18, 19, 1948 — *Program* — Atlanta Division University of Georgia

Greater Community Opportunities for the physical, mental, emotional and moral development of

OUR FUTURE CITIZENS



T. Simpson + Mr. Dile attended

- - for A GREATER GEORGIA

Sponsored By

GOVERNOR HERMAN E. TALMADGE

And The

GEORGIA CITIZENS COUNCIL

Opportunity to learn . . .

The Fifth Annual Citizens Conference, like those before it, has one major purpose.

—To provide community leaders an opportunity to learn, through exchange of experiences with each other—and in consultation with State and National authorities—how to work more effectively to improve conditions back home which effect the development of "Georgia's future citizens."

The 673 people from 113 Georgia communities who participated in the Fourth Conference last year sent in many suggestions for making this Conference more valuable. The program outlined here is a result of many of those suggestions—plus the combined thinking and effort of many professional and non-professional citizens who helped in the preparation.

YOU can increase the value of the Conference work sessions by describing the successes and problems you have experienced in developing your community programs.

We hope, and believe, you will find the 1948 Conference the most valuable yet held. There will, however, always be room for improvement. Please, therefore, make a note of your suggestions for next year and send them to us when you return home. Your ideas will help keep the Citizens Conferences growing in value to our State.

W. ELLIOTT DUNWODY, JR., *President*
Georgia Citizens Council
20 Ivy Street, S. E.
Atlanta 3, Ga.

Who are the Consultants and Speakers?

The outstanding *Georgia authorities* listed on the program are *well known to all of us.*

"Thumb nail" introductions of the out-of-state consultants and speakers follow:

MR. V. K. BROWN of Chicago, Ill., President of the American Recreation Society. Pioneer and nationally recognized leader in the development of community wide public recreation programs.

DR. CHARLES S. CAMERON of New York City. Director of Medical and Scientific Research for the American Cancer Society. Heading one of the nation's most far flung and important research programs, he is also a recognized authority on community health problems.

MISS KATHLEEN KELLY of Tulane University School of Social Work. Teacher of "group work techniques" at one of the South's outstanding schools of Social work.

DR. CLYDE MILLER of Columbia University. Teacher and lecturer on the complex problems of human relations. Executive Director of the American League for Fair Play.

JESS AND JEAN OGDEN of University of Virginia. Husband-wife team has received nationwide recognition for their work and writings on *rural* community improvement. "Helping people in our communities to help themselves."

DR. GRACE SLOAN OVERTON of Adams, N. Y. Nationally recognized authority and lecturer on "boy-girl" relations, "orientation to life," etc. She has lectured in 33 Georgia communities to youth and parents under auspices of local committees and the Georgia Citizens Council.

Who are the Consultants and Speakers?

Cont'd

HON. G. HOWLAND SHAW of New York City. Chairman of the National Conference on Prevention and Control of Juvenile Delinquency. Formerly Assistant Secretary of State. On Board of National Probation Association and National Prison Association.

DR. PAUL L. SCHROEDER of Chicago (now Atlanta). Former Director of the Illinois Institute for Juvenile Research. One of nation's outstanding psychiatrists selected to examine German war criminals. Former professor of psychiatry at University of Illinois. Now consultant to the Georgia Citizens Council.

MR. FREDRICK WARD of Houston, Texas. Southern Director for the National Probation and Parole Association. An authority on Juvenile Court and Probation services and rehabilitation institutions.

COOLIE VERNER, Extension Division, University of Virginia Recreation Specialist.

RALPH VAN FLEET, Field Representative National Recreation Association.

Name Tags designed and made by the members of the Junior Red Cross of Bass High School, Atlanta.

Ushers Wednesday and Thursday: Atlanta Junior Red Cross (Napsonian School and West Fulton High School). Ushers Friday: DeKalb County Chapter, American Red Cross.

The Atlanta Junior Women's Club is assisting with the registration.

The West End Elementary Band, composed of students of several schools, from *seven to eleven years old,* will play for the annual dinner. This will be a thrilling and entertaining part of the program—ask anyone who heard them last year.

Program

November 17, 18 and 19, 1948

Wednesday
10:30 a. m.

Gymnasium
Atlanta Branch
University of Georgia

Presiding

W. ELLIOTT DUNWODY, JR.
President
GEORGIA CITIZENS COUNCIL

Invocation

REVEREND MILTON RICHARDSON
St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Atlanta

Key Note Address

DR. ALLEN D. ALBERT, JR.
Head of Sociology Department
Emory University

"A Greater Georgia"

GOVERNOR ELECT HERMAN E. TALMADGE

Introduction of Speaker

FRED B. MOORE, *Chairman*
CITIZENS CRIME PREVENTION COMMISSION OF FULTON COUNTY

"Community Action for Better Future Citizens"

HON. G. HOWLAND SHAW
Chairman
NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON PREVENTION AND
CONTROL OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY

11:45 a. m.—

Recess until 2:30 for Inaugural Address of
Governor of Georgia and Lunch

Program

Wednesday (contd)
2:30 p. m.

Gymnasium

"An Inventory of Our Resources"
Moderator
DR. ALLEN D. ALBERT, JR.

AGRICULTURE
MR. H. L. WINGATE, PELHAM
President
Georgia Farm Bureau

HOMES AND FAMILIES
DR. PAULINE PARK WILSON, ATHENS
Dean of Home Economics
University of Georgia

EDUCATIONAL
DR. O. C. ADERHOLD, ATHENS
Dean of Education
University of Georgia

NATURAL
KIRK SUTLIVE, SAVANNAH
President
Georgia Forestry Association

INDUSTRIAL
MR. JOSEPH HEYMAN, ATLANTA
Specialist in
Industrial Research

CHURCHES
DR. R. C. S. YOUNG, NEWNAN
Baptist Minister
Newnan

5:00—Recess for dinner

Gymnasium

7:00 p. m.—
"Films and Forums to Stimulate Community Action"

Presiding
MISS EMILY WOODWARD, Vienna
Director Division of Forums
University of Georgia

Latest films available for community use through the Division of General Extension of the University of Georgia. JERRY CAUBLE, Director of the Film Library of the Division, will assist Miss Woodward.

Program

Thursday
9:30 a. m.

Gymnasium

Presiding

MRS. FRANCES CRAIGHEAD DWYER
Vice President
GEORGIA CITIZENS COUNCIL

Invocation

MONSIGNOR J. G. CASSIDY
CATHEDRAL OF CHRIST THE KING
Atlanta

"How We Work Together"
address by
DR. CLYDE MILLER
Columbia University

10:30 a. m.

Six Separate Work Sessions Running Concurrently for the remainder of the day.

Each session will recess for 1 hour at 1 o'clock for lunch.

It is in these work sessions—listed on the following pages—that the delegates can learn from each other and from the outstanding State and National authorities serving as consultants—ways to improve conditions back home which effect the physical, mental, emotional and moral development of our "future citizens."

Your own community experiences will prove valuable to the other delegates. The Discussion Leaders, of course, will guide the discussion so that the sessions will be of maximum value to everyone.

The last part of the afternoon will be devoted to a summary of the highlights of the discussions and a *listing of specific conclusions and recommendations* which will be presented to the entire Conference on Friday morning.

Program

Thursday (contd)
10:30 a. m.

1. ORGANIZING FOR COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT

Terrace ~~100~~ 200—First Ramp

Chairman: Mrs. Ralph Butler, Dallas

Discussion Leader: Jerome A. Connor, Atlanta

Recorder: Mrs. Lon Sullivan, Atlanta

Consultants: Jess and Jean Ogden, *University of Virginia, Richmond
W. A. King, Agricultural Extension Service, Athens
W. P. Parrish, Community Development Div. Georgia Power Co.
Mrs. W. D. Bohannon, Moreland
Mrs. W. A. Love, Board Member, St. Mary's Community Council
Miss Emily Jerger, Secretary, Thomasville Community Council
Dr. Harry L. Harp, Chairman, Bass Community Council, Atlanta
Mrs. R. K. Winston, Tifton, Chairman, Health Council
Joe Scott, Principal, Bass High School, Atlanta
Tom Cottingham, Chairman, Douglas Community Council
Mrs. Paul Weir and Mrs. Jerome M. Levy, Atlanta Council of Church Women

2. JUVENILE PROBLEMS AND REHABILITATION

Room 103-A—First Floor

Chairman: Parks Huntt, Atlanta

Discussion Leader: Mrs. Stillman Williams, Atlanta

Recorder: Mrs. Ronald Adams, Jesup

Consultants: Dr. Paul L. Schroeder,* formerly of Chicago; Mr. Fredrick Ward,* Houston, Texas
Dwight Ferguson, Regional Rep. U. S. Children's Bureau
William E. Ireland, Director, State Department of Welfare
Claude Purcell, Director of Supervision, Department of Education
Judge W. W. Woolfolk, Juvenile Court of Fulton County
Judge James K. Harper, Juvenile Court of Thomas County
Miss Loretto Chappell, Director, Division of Child Welfare, State Department of Welfare
Maj. Chas. Williams, Director, State Department of Corrections

*See page 4 for "thumbnail" introduction of out-of-state consultants.

Program

3. Community Action for Better Health

Room 106-A—First Floor

Chairman: Mrs. C. C. Sapp, Albany
Discussion Leader: Mrs. Shelley Davis, Atlanta
Recorder: Mrs. E. M. Dunstan, Decatur
Consultants: Dr. Edgar H. Greene, Atlanta, President, Medical Association of Georgia
Dr. Enoch Callaway, La Grange, Pres.-Elect, Medical Association of Georgia
Dr. James E. Paullin, Atlanta, Past Pres. Amer. Medical Association
Dr. Guy V. Rice, Atlanta, Chief, Division of Maternal and Child Health, State Department of Health
Dr. Hugh Wood, Dean, Emory Medical School
Mrs. R. K. Winston, Chairman, Tift County Health Council
Dr. C. A. Henderson, Savannah, President, Georgia Public Health Association
Dr. T. O. Vinson, Griffin, Director, Spalding County Health Department
Mrs. Mildred Pryse, Atlanta, Executive Secretary, Georgia State Nurses Association
Miss Dorothy Huskey, Health Education Consultant, Division of Hospital Services, State Department of Public Health
Miss Annie Taylor, Division of Dental Health, State Department of Public Health

4. Counselling and Guidance for Parents and Youth

Room 312—Third Floor

Chairman: Dr. Josiah Crudup, Gainesville
Discussion Leader: Miss Johnnie Hilbun, Augusta
Recorder: Miss Christine Wyatt, Atlanta
Consultants: Dr. Grace Sloan Overton,* Adams, N. Y.
Mrs. Fred Knight, Cartersville, President, Georgia Congress of Parents and Teachers
Dr. Joseph E. Moore, Atlanta, Head Psychology Department, Georgia Tech
Dr. Reavis C. Sproull, Southern Research Institute
Dr. James E. Greene, Professor of Education, Univ. of Ga.
R. D. Pulliam, State Supervisor of Occupational Information and Guidance Service, State Dept. of Education
Miss Louise Seimans, Personnel Asst., Southeastern Area Red Cross
Miss Clara Lee Cone, Supervisor, Home Economics, Atlanta Schools
Mrs. Robert Ed Eskew, Teacher, Social Living, Grady High School
Miss Eloise Keebler, Elementary School Supervisor, Fulton County Schools

(*) See page 4 for "thumbnail" introduction of out-of-state consultants.

Program

5. Organizing Community Recreation Programs

Room 205-F—Second Floor

Chairman: Dr. Herman L. Turner, Atlanta
Discussion Leader: Miss Virginia Carmichael, Atlanta
Recorder: Miss Besse Givens
Consultants: V. K. Brown,* Chicago
Coolie Verner,* Charlottesville, Va.
M. L. Van Winkle, Recreation Specialist, Agricultural Extension Service, Athens
Ralph Van Fleet,* Clearwater, Fla.
Wayne Shields, Superintendent of Recreation, Athens
William Parker, Executive Director, Atlanta Y. M. C. A.
Willis Davis, Atlanta, Georgia Theater Company
W. G. Bruner, Chairman, Cedartown Recreation Commission
Charles Graves, Recreation Planner and Consultant, Atlanta
Mrs. Wilma Beggs, Superintendent Recreation, Macon
Harold Parker, Superintendent Recreation, Fulton County, Atlanta
Carl Hager, Superintendent Recreation, Brunswick
John L. Harne, Jr., Actg. Chief, Recreation Division, U. S. Veterans Administration
Dr. Gertrude Manchester, Head, Health and Physical Education Department, Georgia State College for Women, Milledgeville

6. Group Work in Youth Programs

Room 402-D—Fourth Ramp

Chairman: Mrs. Robert A. Long, Atlanta
Discussion Leader: George McCord, Atlanta
Recorder: Mrs. Lionel Barker, Atlanta
Consultants: Miss Kathleen Kelly,* New Orleans
Fletcher Andrews, Recreation Director, Cedartown
Kenneth Ford and Mary Ripley, students, Henry Grady High School, Atlanta
Mrs. A. L. Bowden, Camp Fire Girls of America, Atlanta
Miss Kathleen Weldon, Asst. State 4-H Club Leader, Athens
Mrs. Myrtle B. Ailes, Y-Teen Program Director, Atlanta Y. W. C. A.
Hugh Robinson, Executive Director State Y. M. C. A.
Miss Frances Vogel, Executive Director Y. W. C. A., Macon
Mrs. Laura Yarbrough, Field Staff, Girl Scouts of Atlanta
Miss Marjorie Huff, Director Junior Red Cross, Atlanta
Joe L. Ballenger, Boy Scout Council, Griffin
J. C. Ingram, Southern Area Y. M. C. A., Atlanta
Mrs. Mary B. Lewis, Asst. State Home Economics Supervisor, Milledgeville
Raymond Collins, West Fulton Branch, Y. M. C. A., Atlanta
Mrs. Bernice Liles, Y. W. C. A. Camp Director, Atlanta
Miss Lillian Middlemas, Junior Red Cross, Waycross
Mrs. Joe Reed, Vice President, Atlanta Y. W. C. A.

Room 401-D, fourth floor, to be used for Short Courses or Group Meetings during the day.

(*) See page 4 for "thumbnail" introduction of out-of-state consultants.

Program

Thursday (contd.)
7:00 p. m.

Gymnasium

ANNUAL DINNER

(**$1.75 per plate**)

Presiding

W. ELLIOTT DUNWODY, JR.

Invocation

RABBI JACOB ROTHSCHILD
The Temple, Atlanta

Concert During Meal

WEST END ELEMENTARY BAND

(composed of students from seven schools, ranging from seven to eleven years of age)

Director and Teacher
MR. ROY LEE

Georgia Education for the Atomic Age

Viewpoints on Georgia's educational program as expressed by

MRS. FRED KNIGHT
President
Georgia Congress of Parent-Teachers
for **PARENTS**

MR. FRANK MCALISTER
Georgia Workers Education Service
for **LABOR**

MR. J. ROBERT ELLIOTT
Attorney, National Committeeman
for **PROFESSIONS**

MR. DILLARD MUMFORD
President, Mumford Enterprises
for **INDUSTRY**

MR. ED H. CHERRY
U. S. Chamber of Commerce
for **BUSINESS**

Program

Friday
9:30 a. m.

Gymnasium

Presiding
MRS. FRANCES DWYER

Invocation
DR. LOUIE D. NEWTON
Pastor
Druid Hills Baptist Church
Atlanta

"A Good Community Leader"
DR. GRACE SLOAN OVERTON
Adams, N. Y.

Six three-minute reports from the work sessions of Thursday
Conference Action on Recommendations

"The Physical, Mental, Emotional Health of Our Communities"
DR. CHARLES S. CAMERON
Director of Medical and Scientific Research
AMERICAN CANCER SOCIETY

Benediction
REV. A. V. GIBSON
Pastor
MORNINGSIDE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Atlanta

12:30—Adjournment

1:00—Recreation Society Luncheon—Atlanta Athletic Club

Presiding . . . . . MISS VIRGINIA CARMICHAEL, *President* Georgia Recreation Society

Introduction . . . . . MR. ERNEST J. BREWER, *Executive Secretary to the* Mayor of Atlanta

"Part of Your Job Is Play" . . . . . V. K. BROWN, *President* American Recreation Society

Business Meeting . . . . . Georgia Recreation Society

Your Council

The Georgia Citizens Council, established by the General Assembly in 1945, is governed by 21 citizens who are appointed by the Governor for four year terms. The terms of five members expire every year, six every fourth year with one vacancy, as of Nov. 17, 1948. The following are Council Members:

W. ELLIOTT DUNWODY, JR., MACON
Council President
Architect, Past District Governor of Rotary Clubs

MRS. FRANCES C. DWYER, ATLANTA
Council V-President
Attorney, Y.W.C.A. Leader

DR. ALLEN D. ALBERT, EMORY UNIVERSITY
Head of the Department of Sociology

JULIAN V. BOEHM, ATLANTA
Life Insurance Executive, Civic Leader

MRS. RALPH BUTLER, DALLAS
Former State President, Federation of Women's Clubs

DR. HARMON W. CALDWELL, ATHENS
Chancellor of the University System

MRS. STEWART COLLEY, GRANTVILLE
President N. Ga. Women's Society of Christian Service

ROBERT COWART, DOUGLAS
Auto Dealer, Past District Governor of Lions Clubs

DR. JOSIAH CRUDUP, GAINESVILLE
President of Brenau College

ED DAVIDSON, COLUMBUS
Nehi Executive, Youth Leader, Civic Leader

WILLIAM D. ELLIS, ATLANTA
Manufacturer, Past President Atlanta Rotary Club

MRS. R. C. FRYER, MANCHESTER
Former State President, Federation of Women's Clubs

W. C. HENSON, CARTERSVILLE
Attorney, Past President Georgia Municipal Association

PARKS HUNTT, ATLANTA
Insurance Executive, Civic and Church Leader

WILMER D. LANIER, AUGUSTA
Solicitor of City Court

MRS. ROBERT A. LONG, ATLANTA
Past President Georgia Congress of Parents and Teachers

MRS. C. C. SAPP, ALBANY
Church and Civic Leader

DR. HERMAN L. TURNER, ATLANTA
Presbyterian Minister, Past President Planning Council

DR. L. M. TWIGGS, GAINESVILLE
Methodist Minister, Member State Board of Corrections

WILLIAM A. WATT, THOMASVILLE
Building Supply Dealer, Past District Governor of Rotary Clubs

Director
Lon E. Sullivan

Field Representatives
Miss Besse Givens
Miss Mary Webb
Miss Anne Pridmore

Part Time Consultants
Dr. Grace Sloan Overton
Dr. Paul L. Schroeder
Mr. Fredrick Ward

For a list of the services you can secure for your community through the Council see the brown pamphlet in your materials packet "Why? What? How?" or the inside back cover of the blue pamphlet on "Removing the Causes of Juvenile Delinquency."

I Must Remember This - - -

This space reserved for you—to note the main community-action suggestions you will help put into effect back home.

PLEASE BE FRANK!

Please help us to make next year's Conference even more valuable by writing *your constructive criticisms and suggestions.* Please do it as soon as you get home while the ideas you have are still fresh in your memory.

Write the Georgia Citizens Council, 20 Ivy Street, S. E., Atlanta 3, Ga.

PLEASE REGISTER

Please be sure you have *registered* for this Conference so that you will receive the printed proceedings when they are published.

Our thanks are due particularly to DR. GEORGE SPARKS, President of the Atlanta Division, University of Georgia, through whose courtesy we are able to hold the Conference in the College facilities. We invite you to inspect this great institution which, night and day, is providing educational opportunities for thousands of young men and women.

CALL ON US FOR SERVICE

Call on your Citizens Council for—the services of one of the three *Field Representatives,* professionally trained and experienced in community organization; for *guides and educational materials* such as you find in the packet of materials here; for *technical consultants* from public and private agencies to advise on problems of *recreation, Juvenile Courts, counselling* programs, *leadership training* programs, etc.; for *films* and *speakers.*

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

PRESIDENT
REV. DR. HERMAN L. TURNER
VICE-PRESIDENTS
REV. LESTER RUMBLE
MRS. W. SHEFFIELD OWEN
BISHOP WM. R. WILKES
RECORDING SECRETARY
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TREASURER
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MR. IRA C. EVANS
USE AND UNDERSTANDING THE BIBLE
REV. CARL R. KEY
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

63 AUBURN AVE., N. E.
JAckson 4-0971
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

November 24, 1958

Invitation to the Legislative Study Session, December 18th:

The Planning Committee for the Legislative Study Session to be held on December 18th believes that you have a special interest in the purpose for such a study and would like to be one of those to receive this informal yet nevertheless sincere invitation to be present on the 18th.

Many leaders in the churches and communities of Georgia are vitally interested in: the legislation functioning of the State government; how to evaluate legislation; what are the problems involved in the basic issue facing every Georgia citizen at this time.

This being the case, the Executive Board of the GCofCs in session in October, requested the Legislative Committee to set up the December 18th meeting.

It is sincerely hoped that you can be present at the Legislative Study Session and that you will participate in the question and answer periods following the afternoon presentations and in the discussion period in the evening.

Attendance at the dinner at 5:45 P.M. is optional. However, if you would like to be included in the plans for dinner you are asked to make an advance reservation. Tickets are $1.50 each and a self-addressed stamped card is enclosed for your convenience. Please indicate your attendance plans on the card.

A complete program is enclosed for your information. Every effort will be made to follow the time schedule as indicated.

Edward Driscoll

Edward A. Driscoll
For the Legislative Committee

EAD:vr

Enclosure

FROM THE OFFICE OF

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

63 AUBURN AVE., N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE JAckson 4-0971

PRESIDENT
REV. DR. HERMAN L. TURNER

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

PROGRAM

LEGISLATIVE STUDY SESSION

Sponsored by the Legislative Committee, GCofCs

December 18, 1958 4:00 - 9:00 P.M.

Atlanta Y.W.C.A. Room #302 72 Edgewood Avenue, N. E.

Presiding: Rev. Dow Kirkpatrick, Chairman

4:00 - What Is the Legislative Process?

Carl E. Sanders, Member of the State Senate from District #18 (Glascock, Jefferson, and Richmond Counties) and Senate Floor Leader 1959-1960

4:45 - What Are The Christian Principles By Which We Evaluate Legislation?

Dow Kirkpatrick, Minister, St. Mark Methodist Church, Atlanta

James A. Mackay, Member of the Georgia House of Representatives from DeKalb County

5:45 - Dinner - Cafeteria Room, Second Floor. Tickets, $1.50. Reservations must be made in advance. Reservation card enclosed.

7:00 - The Present Status of Georgia Public School Legislation

John Griffin - Moderator and Discussion Leader, Director, Community Educational Services, Emory University

Hamilton Lokey, Former Representative from Fulton County to the Georgia General Assembly

9:00 - Adjournment

***

To make dinner reservations or for additional information, write or telephone the Office of the Georgia Council.

~~Ck NC Placement~~
~~Cas~~ -

~~Rome ministers~~
~~Was Attnr~~
1st ~~Chr. Ch~~ -

H. F.
Copy

Georgia Council of Churches
Rev. Edward A. Driscoll, Exec., Sec'y
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Atlanta 3, Georgia

December 15, 1959

The Honorable Ernest Vandiver
State Capitol
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Governor Vandiver:

The Georgia Council of Churches at its Annual Assembly in Macon, Georgia on December 1, 1959, adopted unanimously the attached Resolution.

It was our desire to deliver this to you in person. We do not like speaking on important matters to our state officials through the press. We have great confidence in man to man encounter.

For this reason, our representative was among those who were scheduled to see you this morning. You found it necessary to cancel the appointment. We are, therefore, taking this less desirable method of transmitting to you this Resolution.

Let us assure you that we are aware of the delicate dilemma which faces you and we hold you in our prayers, as you are called upon to make difficult decisions.

Sincerely,

F. Bland Tucker, President

Edward A. Driscoll, Executive Secretary

Dow Kirkpatrick, for the Christian Social Relations Committee

Enc.

FROM THE OFFICE OF

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

63 AUBURN AVE., N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE JAckson 4-0971

PRESIDENT
REV. DR. HERMAN L. TURNER

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

Harold Fleming

COPY

COPY

First Methodist Church
120 South State Street
Ann Arbor, Michigan
December 22, 1958

Gentlemen:

There has recently come to my desk a copy of the statement "Out of Conviction" signed by 312 ministers of greater Atlanta. I want you to know how grateful I am for this courageous and prophetic word.

Such forthright and clear-eyed counsel from the religious leaders of the community must be of inestimable worth in the guiding and stabilizing of the situation that has to be met locally. Those of us who care for public order and Christian good will across the nation are grateful for that.

The problem is not merely local however, in varying aspects we have problems of racial understanding and integration in all parts of the nation. This statement is of great worth to those of us who seek to face this problem wherever we live. The Council of Churches has done a valuable service in circulating the statement to people like me who live in other sections. Please be assured of my gratitude and my sharing in your prayers and concern.

Very sincerely yours,

Signed: Merrill R. Abbey

Merrill R. Abbey

MRA:s

GEORGIA COUNCIL *of Churches*
63 AUBURN AVE., N. E. - ATLANTA, GA.

From the desk of
The Executive Secretary

12-29-59

Harold:

The reply from the Governor is more or less for your information as it has not been circulated to our Exec. Bd.

Ed. D.

Copy
H.F.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

ATLANTA

December 21, 1959

Dr. F. Bland Tucker, President
Georgia Council of Churches
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

My dear Mr. Tucker:

This will acknowledge with appreciation your letter of December 15, together with the resolution adopted by the Georgia Council of Churches.

Let me assure you that I will be most happy to see you, or any other citizen of Georgia, at any time.

But in all respect I do believe, and I am sure you will agree with me, that no individual or group should call on the Governor of the State and then seek to exploit such a visit purely for publicity purposes.

I know you well enough to know that if you called upon me at my office or at the Executive Mansion to discuss a matter of serious import that you would not telephone representatives of Time, Life, Newsweek and the New York Times and urge them to accompany you on such a visit.

That is what was done the other day.

My secretary, Mrs. Christine Johnson, made an appointment with Mrs. Vinson, of the League of Women Voters, without my knowledge and without knowledge of the fact that I would not be in my office on Wednesday. When the matter was brought to my attention, I immediately told Mrs. Johnson to call Mrs. Vinson and explain to her that because of other engagements, previously made, I would not be in my office on that day.

What I want to tell you is that before cancellation of the appointment, when the group erroneously thought they had an appointment to see me on Wednesday, someone telephoned all the news and radio media as well as out-of-state magazines in order to exploit the Governor's Office as a vehicle for seeking publicity. I know that you do not condone such conduct and would not be a party to it.

Let me assure you that Mrs. Vandiver and I would be most happy to have you and the other co-signers of your letter to call upon us at any time at the Executive Mansion and I would be happy to see you at my office.

With warmest regards and best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

ERNEST VANDIVER
Governor

EV:rmb

December 15, 1959

The Honorable Ernest Vandiver
State Capitol
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Governor Vandiver:

The Georgia Council of Churches at its Annual Assembly in Macon, Georgia on December 1, 1959, adopted unanimously the attached Resolution.

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Let us assure you that we are aware of the delicate dilemma which faces you and we hold you in our prayers, as you are called upon to make difficult decisions.

Sincerely,

F. Bland Tucker, President

Edward A. Driscoll, Executive Secretary

Dow Kirkpatrick, for the Christian Social Relations Committee

Enc.

To all Friends in SRC:

In lieu of a Christmas card, postage and signing individual greetings we have sent a contribution to Church World Service of the National Council of Churches.

Eva and Edw. Drucale

December 22, 1959

In recognition of

WORLD REFUGEE YEAR

The Rev. and Mrs. Edward A. Driscoll

has given in your name to

CHURCH WORLD SERVICE

That the homeless, disaster-stricken, and forgotten refugees of our time may be remembered through the ministries of the churches as they work together in the Name of Christ.

Georgia Council of Churches
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

April 2, 1960

Mr. John Sibley, Chairman
Mr. John W. Geer, Secretary
General Assembly Committee on Schools
The State Capitol
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Sibley:

The Executive Board of the Georgia Council of Churches in session on March 31 voted to send to you and the members of the General Assembly Committee on Schools this communication.

We wish to commend the chairman and the individual members for their willingness to serve on such a committee, dealing with such an important subject, involving the crucial matter of the continuance of public school education in Georgia.

The Board further commends you for the giving of your time, your endeavor to be fair to each witness, the ability to be patient and understanding when certain of the committee's instructions were disregarded by those attending several of the public hearings.

With the hearings at a close, the Executive Board recognizes that the hardest task is just ahead as the committee seeks to reach conclusions and recommendations.

We are confident that as you sincerely and prayerfully endeavor to reach your decisions you will take into full account the welfare and future educational opportunities of the children of our State and the right of individuals to respect and justice which is paramount, and which values could be greatly damaged through loss of schooling should our public schools be closed.

Again, we express appreciation to you for the fine service you have rendered the citizens and the State government of Georgia in your special assignment as members of the Georgia Assembly Committee on Schools.

Sincerely yours,

F. Bland Tucker
President

Edward A. Driscoll
Executive Secretary

Georgia Council of Churches
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

April 2, 1960

The Honorable Ernest Vandiver
The Governor of Georgia
The Executive Mansion
The Prodo
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Governor Vandiver:

The Executive Board of the Georgia Council of Churches in session on March 31 expressed concern regarding your illness and requested us to convey their sincere good wishes for continued improvement and full recovery at an early date.

It is gratifying to know that you have been able to return to your home and family. We feel that this must be reassuring to you and to them.

We earnestly pray that you will steadily gain strength and be enabled to return to your executive duties in these important days in our State.

Sincerely yours,

F. Bland Tucker
President

Edward A. Driscoll
Executive Secretary

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

PRESIDENT
REV. F. BLAND TUCKER, D. D.
VICE-PRESIDENTS
MR. HARRY J. COOK
MRS. JOHN T. PATTON
REV. GEORGE E. CLARY, SR.
RECORDING SECRETARY
REV. BONNEAU H. DICKSON
TREASURER
MR. CHARLES M. WATT, JR.
IMMEDIATE PAST PRESIDENT
REV. HERMAN L. TURNER
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

63 AUBURN AVE., N. E.
JAckson 4-0971
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

September 23, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The Executive B oard of the Georgia Council will be meeting on October 27th in preparation for final plans for the Eighth Annual Meeting of the Council on November 22nd.

There has been some expression that there should be prepared a statement relating to the present social issues very much before the citizens of Georgia and churchmen in particular. To have a thought-out statement or a recommendation for the Executive Board to consider would go a long way toward evolving a maximum result.

Rev. Dr. George E. Clary, Sr., Chairman of the Committee on Christian Social Relations, has asked me to invite you to participate in the preparation of a statement or a recommendation.

The workgroup will be small in number but the importance of the consultation is readily recognized.

On the enclosed card please indicate whether or not you could be present at a "drafting session" on Friday, October 21st. Also, whether you prefer a 1:30 P.M. or 2:00 P.M. time for beginning the session. The place of meeting will be Wesley Memorial Church Building, in the Conference Room (#410).

You will be contacted again before October 21st.

Dr. Clary is especially hopeful that you will be able to have a part in this important matter.

Cordially,

Edward A. Driscoll

Edward A. Driscoll

cc: Rev. George E. Clary, Sr.

EAD:D

Memo FROM THE DESK OF **HAROLD FLEMING**

October 19

done

MF--

If, as appears likely, I'm laid up with cold on Friday, please call Ed Driscoll Friday morning and make my excuses for the meeting called in the attached card.

HCF

October 18, 1960

OCT 1 1960

Dear Mr. Fleming:

The "drafting session" under the leadership of Rev. Dr. George E. Clary, Sr., will be held at 2:00 P.M. on Friday, October 21st. The session will take place in the Conference Room (#410) of Wesley Memorial Church Building.

This meeting is for the purpose of preparing a statement to be presented to the Executive Board of the Georgia Council of Churches when it meets later this month.

RECEIVED OCT 19 1960

Sincerely,

Ga. Council of Churches

April 28, 1961

Reverend Edward A. Driscoll
Georgia Council of Churches
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Ed:

I cannot, because of a conflict, come to the dinner on May 16th of the Shands-Rhhrer Group. But I do value the invitation to join with this group and I hope you will keep me informed about meetings.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mf

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

President
REV. GEORGE E. CLARY, SR.
Vice-Presidents
REV. JAMES W. SOSEBEE
MRS. BEN C. MILNER
REV. ROBERT B. SHORTS
Recording Secretary
REV. WARREN B. GAW
Treasurer
MR. CHARLES M. WATT, JR.
Immediate Past President
REV. F. BLAND TUCKER
Executive Secretary
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

63 AUBURN AVE., N. E.
JAckson 4-0971
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

April 26, 1961

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Les:

For a considerable length of time a small fellowship group has been meeting from time to time to share common interests and concerns. While the group has no official name, it is known as the Shands-Rohrer Group.

Our mutual friend, Harold Fleming, has been a part of this group since it began a couple of years ago. With his leaving the city, the group would very much like to have you become a part of the fellowship. There have been no limitations on the group other than trying to keep it fairly well balanced between the number of professional staff persons and lay and local clergy.

The next meeting of the Shands-Rohrer Group will be on Tuesday, May 16, at 6:00 at the Luckie Street YMCA. The evening meal runs about $2.00. Our informal discussion begins soon after 6:30, and the group adjourns by 8:00 or so. In a separate mailing you will be receiving an announcement of the program for the May 16 session.

I sincerely hope you can join us on the 16th, but if not, we'll have you on the mailing list for future announcements regarding meetings.

With best wishes, I am

Cordially,

Ed

Edward A. Driscoll

EAD/mh

September 15, 1961

Mr. Edward A. Driscoll
Georgia Council of Churches
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Ed:

I'll do what I can to help your study document. I have marked November 3 on my calendar.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:mbb

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

63 AUBURN AVE., N. E.
JAckson 4-0971
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

President
REV. GEORGE E. CLARY, SR.
Vice-Presidents
REV. JAMES W. SOSEBEE
MRS. BEN C. MILNER
REV. ROBERT B. SHORTS
Recording Secretary
REV. WARREN B. GAW
Treasurer
MR. CHARLES M. WATT, JR.
Immediate Past President
REV. F. BLAND TUCKER
Executive Secretary
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

September 12, 1961

Dr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dunbar,

The National Council of Churches is engaged in a major undertaking on the theme "Ethical Implications of Rapid Economic Change in the U.S.A." This program includes a national study conference in November, 1962, which will be followed by a year-long church and community oriented program.

This special undertaking is presently in its vital preparatory stage in which six study documents are being developed for use at the conference and subsequently in the church-wide program. We are writing to ask your help in a significant place in our preparations.

Specifically, one of the conference topics for which a study document under preparation is on the following subject: "Impact of Technology and Economic Change on the Family and Patterns of Community Behavior".

The chairman of this Preparatory Commission is Miss Thelma Stevens, Executive Director of the Woman's Division of the Methodist Church; the study document writer is Rev.Dr.J. Edward Carothers, Pastor, First Methodist Church, Schenectady, New York; co-ordinator of the total project is Rev. Cameron P. Hall, Executive Director, Department of Church and Economic Life, National Council of Churches; department chairman is Mr. Charles P. Taft of Cincinnati, Ohio. Rev. George E. Clary, Sr., President of the Georgia Council of Churches is assisting in the plans for the meeting.

A first draft of the study document is completed. The Georgia Council of Churches has been invited to set-up a small "discussion and review" group to comment on and to suggest possible changes to the first draft of the document. These comments will be carefully considered by the writer. Miss Stevens and Dr. Carothers will be present.

You have been recommended to us as a person who has a concern in the area which the document covers. Twenty to twenty-five persons will make up the review group. In many ways the group will be making a contribution to the churches of the country on a national scope.

We invite you to help in this aspect of preparation for November, 1962, by participating in the Georgia meeting scheduled for Friday, November 3rd, at the Atlanta YWCA, Edgewood at Ivy.

On November 3rd we will begin at 10:00 a.m. You would be our guest at luncheon, and the meeting should conclude by 4:00 o'clock. The meeting will be private. The time will be spent entirely in discussion and review of the draft of the study document which will be mailed to each participant in advance.

Mr. Taft will be unable to be present but he joins us in hoping that we may have your help and counsel on November 3rd. Should you wish to have any questions answered please feel free to contact Mr. Driscoll.

Sincerely yours,

Cameron P. Hall

Cameron P. Hall
National Council of Churches

Edward A. Driscoll

Edward A. Driscoll
Georgia Council of Churches

H/D/h

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

26 AUBURN AVE., N. E.
524-0971
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
30303

PRESIDENT
DR. HARRY V. RICHARDSON
VICE-PRESIDENTS
REV. WAYNE NIEDERHUTH
MRS. WALTER M. THOMAS
REV. DAVID G. PRITCHARD
RECORDING SECRETARY
REV. WARREN B. GAW
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IMMEDIATE PAST PRESIDENT
REV. JAMES H. LIGHTBOURNE, JR.
CHURCH WORLD SERVICE - CROP
REV. J. DONALD BLAKE, DIR.
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

File Religious Orgs, "Georgia Council of Churches"

November 16, 1965

Mr. Paul Anthony, Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, S.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul:

It was very thoughtful of you to invite me to the Annual Meeting of SRC. Last night along with the opportunity to hear a very fine statement by the guest speaker, I also had the privilege of seeing a number of old-time friends I had failed to run into in the past couple of years.

Again I wish to extend to you my sincere good wishes for a fine experience in your responsibility as Director of SRC and if at any time I can do any small thing to ennance your fine efforts, please call on me.

Cordially,

Edward A. Driscoll

EAD:bm

Relig Orgs. Fred R.

FROM THE OFFICE OF

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

63 AUBURN AVE., N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE JAckson 4-0971

PRESIDENT
REV. DR. HERMAN L. TURNER

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

NEWSLETTER APRIL, 1958

Calendar of Coming Events - See attached sheet.

Fact Sheet on the GCofCs - Copy attached.

Third Ecumenical Institute - See enclosed copy of Southern Office News (N.C.C.) for additional information.

Southeastern United Christian Youth Movement Training Conference (Ga., N. C., S.C)

August 16-23 Camp Quaker Lake, Climax, N. C. Registration: $10.00
Room & Board: $18.00

The Georgia UCYM is one of the sponsoring groups of the 1958 Southeastern UCYM Training Conference.

Purpose: To offer a vital experience in the larger Christian community.

To help study the real problems of young people where they live.

To prepart young people for interchurch leadership in their church, community, and state NOW.

To help them make a stronger Christian witness in their church and community.

For: Denominational youth fellowship leaders in local church, district, presbytery, synod, conference, diocese, convention, state, etc.

Officers or leaders in youth groups - city, county, state.

Advisors to above named groups.

For further information write: Georgia UCYM Office, Room #433, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Atlanta 3, Georgia

*****

From the Office of the Georgia Council of Churches

CALENDAR OF COMING EVENTS

April 17	EXECUTIVE BOARD MEETING, Georgia Council of Churches
April 22-25	Georgia-Alabama Synod of the United Lutheran Church in America 98th Annual Convention, Church of the Redeemer, Macon
April 24-29	General Assembly Presbyterian Church in the U. S., Charlotte, N. C.
May 2	May Fellowship Day - United Church Women Theme: "A Place to Live"
May 4-11	National Family Week Theme: "Your Home- A Household of God"
May 13-14	United Church Women of Georgia Annual Retreat, Rock Eagle Camp
May 13-14	Diocese of Georgia - 136th Annual Convention St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Brunswick
May 17	GEORGIA UCYM EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING
June 2-6	South Georgia Conference of the Methodist Church First Methodist Church, Valdosta
June 4-5	Synod of Georgia, Presbyterian Church, U. S. First Presbyterian Church, Rome
June 11-15	Georgia Conference of the Methodist Church Clarke College, Atlanta
June 16-20	North Georgia Conference of the Methodist Church First Methodist Church, Atlanta
June 17-20	Synod of Mid-South of the Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A. 17th Annual Session, Maryville College, Maryville, Tennessee
June 28- July 4	First Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A. (Union of the Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A. and the United Presbyterian Church of North America.)
July 20-25	THIRD ECUMENICAL INSTITUTE, Blue Ridge Assembly, Blue Ridge, N. C. Theme: "Our Unity in the Scriptures". Institute sponsored by the Southern Office, N. C. C., Rev. J. Edward Lantz, Director.
Aug. 16-23	SOUTHEASTERN UNITED CHRISTIAN YOUTH MOVEMENT TRAINING CONFERENCE (Ga., N. C., S. C.) , Camp Quaker Lake, Climax, N. C.
Sept 27	GEORGIA UCYM GENERAL COUNCIL MEETING - Official business and elections
October	(Third Week) Georgia - South Carolina Conference of Congregational Christian Churches, United Church, Columbus
Oct. 23	GEORGIA CHAPLAINS' FELLOWSHIP of the Georgia Council of Churches Host: Chaplain Fred Glisson, Emory University Hospital
October	Conference Meetings, A. M. E. Zion Churehes of Georgia
Oct.-Nov.	Conference Meetings (4), C. M. E. Churches of Georgia
Oct.-Nov.	Conference Meetings (8), A. M. E. Churches of Georgia
Nov. 7	World Community Day - United Church Women
Nov. 13-14	The 109th Annual Convention of the Christian Churches of Georgia First Christian Church, Athens
Nov. 18	SIXTH ANNUAL ASSEMBLY - GEORGIA COUNCIL OF CHURCHES (Proposed date. Subject to Confirmation by the Executive Board)
Jan. 21-22 (1959)	Diocese of Atlanta - 52nd Annual Council St. John's Episcopal Church, College Park

(4/58)

REV. EDWIN T. DAHLBERG
PRESIDENT

REV. ROY G. ROSS
GENERAL SECRETARY

CHARLES E. WILSON
TREASURER

National Council of The Churches of Christ

IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

REV. J. EDWARD LANTZ
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, SOUTHERN OFFICE
63 AUBURN AVENUE, N. E., ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

JESUS CHRIST DIVINE LORD AND SAVIOR
NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES

20 March 1958

SOUTHERN OFFICE NEWS

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

The Third Ecumenical Institute for Christian leaders of the Southern states will be held at beautiful Blue Ridge Assembly, Blue Ridge, North Carolina, July 20-25

The institute will be sponsored by the Southern Office of the National Council of Churches. "Our Unity in the Scriptures" will be the theme.

The two previous institutes, also sponsored by the Southern Office, were held at Lake Junaluska, North Carolina.

The purpose of the institute at Blue Ridge is to manifest oneness in Jesus Christ as Divine Lord and Saviour; to strengthen understanding and promote cooperation among denominations; to find ways of doing things together as churches and church people; to provide inspiration, fellowship, and ecumenical education.

The institute will have various workshops to explore ways of working together as churches and church people. Among the workshops being planned are: The Use and Understanding of the Bible, Christian Education, Christian Life and Work, Christian Missions in Today's World, Religious Broadcasting, the Role of the Pastor in the Ecumenical Church, Weekday Religious Education, Christian Social Action, Mission Studies, and Christian Ministry in Institutions. General Assembly sessions for all members of the institute will also be held.

Leadership for the institute will include outstanding churchmen from the South, as well as leaders from other parts of the country and the world. Mrs. John T. McCall of Nashville, Tennessee, chairman of the Planning Committee, will conduct the workshop on Christian Missions in Today's World. Rev. John S. Chambers,

Executive Secretary, Kentucky Council of Churches, Lexington, Kentucky will lead the workshop for pastors charting their role in councils of churches. Rev. Charles Marion Ross, Associate Director, Committee on the Use and Understanding of the Bible of the National Council of Churches, St. Louis, Missouri will lead the workshop on The Use and Understanding of the Bible, the morning section dealing with common areas of Bible study and the afternoon section with concerns of Bible professors. Rev. John B. Ketcham, Executive Director, Office for Councils of Churches, NCC, will conduct the workshop on Christian Education for the purpose of exploring areas in Christian Education where the churches can work together. Mrs. Dorothy MacLeod, General Director, General Department of United Church Women, NCC, will counsel with those interested in the work and program of United Church Women. Dr. Harry V. Richardson, president of Gammon Theological Seminary, Atlanta, will conduct the Morning Matins. Rev. J. Edward Lantz, Executive Director, Southern Office, NCC, will serve as director of the institute.

A Bible Hymn Festival will launch the institute on Sunday evening, July 20th, at 7:30 p.m., in the auditorium.

Leaders engaged in church and council work are urged to attend, but all who are interested in the ecumenical movement are welcome. This institute will be interdenominational and interracial. The registration fee is $5.00. Service fee, room and board will be payable in addition to the registration fee.

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REGISTRATION BLANK

To register for the Institute, please fill out this blank, tear off, and mail with registration fee to: Rev. J. Edward Lantz, Director, Ecumenical Institute, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E., Atlanta 3, Georgia. Please make check payable to The National Council of Churches.

Please enroll me (us) for the Third Ecumenical Institute, July 20-25, 1958:

NAME: _____ DATE: _____

ADDRESS: _____

CITY: _____ ZONE: ____ STATE: _____

CHURCH OR COUNCIL POSITION: _____

Enclosed is $_____ for registration fee(s). Please do not send money for room and board as that will be payable to the Blue Ridge Assembly at the Institute.
(For NCC Record--Income Code Number 3-41-03-000-2-32).

FACT SHEET
3/10/58

The Georgia Council of Churches, constituted by nine denominations, comprises more than 4,150 churches and approximately 565,200 church members. This is Protestantism in united action, enlarging the Christian witness. The Council serves as a medium of inter-church cooperation and joint service through voluntary association. Many problems today are too mighty for individual churches to cope with alone. A united front through Christian cooperation can be a formitable force against unrighteousness and a vital force for the cause of Christ on earth.

Christian Youth

1. Georgia United Christian Youth Movement, the youth arm of cooperative church work. Functioning the year around.
2. Over $700.00 secured for Church World Service for overseas relief.
3. Interpretation and promotion of Youth Week, January 26-February 2; an observance sponsored by 34 denominations and many youth work agencies.
4. Recruiting for the summer UCYM Training Conference, 1958.

Ministry in Institutions

1. Georgia Chaplains' Fellowship made up of men serving special groups in various types of institutions in the state.
2. Cooperating with the administrative officers of Milledgeville State Hospital in relation to aiding the program of religious ministry to the patients.
3. Undergirding religious ministry being provided in various state institutions.

Legislative Service

1. Legislative Study Session - especially proposed bills directly touching on moral and religious concerns of the churches.
2. Informing church leaders on results of Legislative Studies, on impending bills when State Legislature is in session. Maintenance of State & Church Principles.

Also

1. Cooperation with local Ministerial Associations, State Council of United Church Women; Denominational sponsored projects.
2. International Affairs Seminar - Theme: "Christian Responsibility on a Changing Planet".
3. Co-sponsor Annual Religious Publicity Contest for State of Georgia (four awards) with the Atlanta Chapter, National Religious Publicity Council.

And

Many other important and significant services are being carried on through the leadership of the division and committee chairmen and members.

We invite your active support to assist in making Protestant Christianity a still more vital force in Georgia. You can count on us. We are counting on you.

..."Money that nourishes the growth of truth and good is as imperishable as truth itself...".

FROM THE OFFICE OF

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

63 AUBURN AVE., N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE JAckson 4-0971

PRESIDENT
REV. DR. HERMAN L. TURNER

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

Harold Fleming

NEWSLETTER OCTOBER, 1958

Tuesday, January 13th (1958) - GCofCs Annual Meeting Date

The Executive Board in session October 9th set Tuesday, January 13th as the date for the Sixth Annual Meeting of the GCofCs.

Due to innumerable conflicts it became expedient to drop the original date of November 18th and set another one. Based upon considerable checking and a mail poll of the Executive Board, committee chairmen, etc, Tuesday, January 13th has been selected.

Please mark January 13th as Georgia Council Day in your date book. Further information as to exact time, place and program will be reaching you in due time. President Turner is very sorry to have to make a shift in Annual Meeting dates but with everyone cooperating, he is sure attendance and participation in the Annual Meeting will be maximum.

*****

Dynamiting of The Temple in Atlanta

President J. McDowell Richards of Columbia Theological Seminary, President Herman L. Turner of the Council, and the Executive Secretary prepared a statement Sunday afternoon, October 12th, relating to the dynamiting of The Temple. The statement was checked with several members of the Executive Board who could be reached on a busy Sunday afternoon and then released to the press.

By 5:00 o'clock, the statement had been given word for word to: The Atlanta Constitution; The Atlanta Representative of The New York Times; the Associated Press; the United Press International.

At 5:30, President Turner appeared on WSB-TV, in company with Rabbi Jacob M. Rothschild of The Temple, and presented the Georgia Council statement. The 11:00 P.M. WSB Radio News Round-up restated the statement as given by Dr. Turner at 5:30.

Full text of the statement is attached.

*****

Rev. Dr. Stuart R. Oglesby - Home from Hospital

Dr. Oglesby, who recently retired as Minister of Central Presbyterian Church after a pastorage of 28 years and first president of the GCofCs (1952-53), has made a fine recovery from his recent operation. Dr. Oglesby was dismissed from the hospital early last week. On October 9th, the Executive Board forwarded its greetings to Dr. Oglesby. His address is: 2922 North Hills Drive, N. E., Atlanta 5.

*****

United Clothing Appeal Interpretation Session - October 15th

The Georgia Council of Churches, through its Division of Christian Missions has been asked to provide church leaders in Georgia an opportunity to learn first hand: What is the Need? How Should a Clothing Drive be Organized? Collecting, Packing, and Shipping; What Promotional Materials are Available, etc.,

Two representatives of Church World Service on invitation of the Georgia Council will hold an Interpretation Session on Wednesday, October 15th, 1:30 - 4:00 P.M., in Whitfield Auditorium, Wesley Memorial Methodist Church., Atlanta.

Promotion and details are being carried out by Rev. J. R. Phillips, Chairman, Division of Christian Missions, GCofCs; Rev. W. Thomas Smith, Chairman, United Clothing Appeal Project; Mrs. W. Sheffield Owen, President, United Church Women of Georgia; George Pullen, President, Georgia United Christian Youth Movement.

LET THE IDLE CLOTHING IN YOUR CLOSET GO TO WORK TO HELP SOMEONE IN NEED

UNITED CLOTHING APPEAL OF THE CHURCHES

**

Georgia Chaplains Fellowship - October 23-24

A regional conference for Institutional Chaplains, sponsored by the Georgia Chaplains Fellowship, will be held October 23-24 at Emory University Hospital.

An opportunity arose to expand the fall meeting into a Regional Conference for Institutional Chaplains sponsored by the GCF in cooperation with the Department of Pastoral Services, NCC and Southern Office, NCC.

Hosts for the Conference will be Chaplain Fred Glisson and Mr. Burrell Humphries, Administrator, of Emory University Hospital. President of the GCF is Chaplain George J. Stafford, Veterans Administration Hospital, Dublin. Rev. Dr. Mark Shedron, Exec. Dir.,Dept. of Pastoral Services, NCC, will participate in the Conference.

*****

Fifth World Order Study Conference - Cleveland, Ohio, November 18-21

This Conference is one of the most crucial undertakings of the churches in these days. This Conference was authorized by General Board of the NCC to be sponsored by the Dept. of International Affairs and to be composed of officially selected delegates. Theme: "Christian Responsibility On A Changing Planet".

The Executive Board on October 9th authorized the President and Executive Secretary to designate persons from the Georgia Council to the Study Conference. Suggestions are in order.

*****

Calendar of Events

The Council Office is in the process of compiling a Calendar of Coming Events 1958-1959 of major denominational importance, special days, and Georgia Council events. Attached is the calendar for September through February. Many spring dates have not been arranged. A February to September 1959 calendar will be drawn up and distributed at a later date.

*****

Ministerial Associations

The Council Office is building up a file on Ministerial Associations in the state. The file includes information on the president and secretary of each association, the meeting day and time, also the date of election of new officers.

*****

REMEMBER: Tuesday, January 13th, Annual Meeting, GCofCs

GEORGIA COUNCIL OF CHURCHES

The Atlanta Constitution on Monday, October 13, 1958, carried the following news release relating to the Jewish Temple on Peachtree Wrecked by Dynamite Blast early on the Morning of Sunday, October 12th:

DYNAMITING DEPLORED BY CHURCHMEN

(Front Page)

Atlanta and Georgia religious leaders Sunday expressed shock, regret, shame, indignation, sorrow and sadness in deploring the dynamite blasting of The Temple.

As these opinions were voiced, the Georgia Council of Churches called for action by authorities to bring the perpetrators to speedy justice.

CHURCHMEN DEPLORE BLAST AS A BLOW TO ALL FAITHS

(Page 6, Column 8)

Rev. Dr. Herman L. Turner, President of the Georgia Council of Churches and the Rev. Edward A. Driscoll, executive secretary of the Council, issued the following statement by the Executive Board of the Georgia Council:

"We, the members of the executive board of the Georgia Council of Churches, believe that we speak for the entire Christian community of Georgia in voicing the profound sense of shock and distress which we have experienced in connection with the bombing this morning of The Temple in Atlanta.

"To our Jewish friends and neighbors, we would convey our heartfelt sympathy in their loss and our indignation that such a crime should have been committed in our midst. It is difficult to understand the mentality out of which such an action could arise. The person or persons who bombed The Temple did injury not only to the Jewish people, but to the Christian churches as well. The fact that the bombing took place on the morning of the Christian Sabbath made it all the more a mockery of true religion and an insult to all those for whom this day is sacred.

ALL SUFFER ALIKE

"In this matter we are not divided, but all suffer alike. In an environment where Judaism is not safe, Christianity also is in danger. It is high time that we should all be on our guard against those attitudes of mind and of heart out of which such incidents arise. We would call upon the constituted civil authorities of Atlanta and the State of Georgia to use every agency at their command in an effort to bring the individual or individuals responsible for this crime to speedy justice.

"We would also call upon the Christian people of our state to resist all forces which seek to stir up hatred and violence between racial and religious groups. We should exert every effort to build up a climate of good will in which events such as that of today could not occur. Only as we learn to do justly, to love mercy and to walk humbly with our God, is there hope for the solution of our problems as individuals or as a nations."

10/13/58

GEORGIA COUNCIL OF CHURCHES

Cornerstone Laying - $20,000,000 Interchurch Center

President Eisenhower wielded one of the six silver trowels used to cement in place the cornerstone of the 19 story interchurch center - a "United Nations of Religion" under construction in the Morningside Heights - Riverside Drive area of New York City. At present the National Council of Churches conducts its activities in eight separate buildings. Upon completion of the Center, the NCC will be under one roof for the first time, occupying four floors. Many religious organizations and boards of member denominations of the NCC will occupy space in The Interchurch Center.

The Executive Board of the GCofCs in session October 9th, authorized President Turner and the Executive Secretary to send a congratulatory telegram to President Dahlberg, NCC. Copy of telegram and reply below:

Western Union - Night Letter October 9, 1958

President Edwin T. Dahlberg, National Council of Churches
297 Fourth Avenue, New York 10, New York

The Georgia Council of Churches Executive Board in session today wish you to know that our hearts are overjoyed as we anticipate with you the cornerstone laying ceremonies of The Interchurch Center on Sunday.

Our prayer is that the Center will be a symbol of the growing unity and solidarity of the churches of America.

The nine member units of the Georgia Council are a part of the family of the National Council.

Rev. Edward A. Driscoll, Exec. Sec'y Rev. Dr. Herman L. Turner, President

**

Reply letter received October 13, 1958:

October 10, 1958

Rev. Dr. Herman L. Turner, Pres. - Rev. Edward A. Driscoll, Exec. Sec'y
Georgia Council of Churches, Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Friends:

Thank you for telegram of October 9 addressed to our President, Dr. Edwin T. Dahlberg, sending greetings and congratulations from the Georgia Council of Churches on the occasion of the Cornerstone Laying for The Interchurch Center this Sunday.

We appreciate your good wishes and are indeed looking forward to the completion of our new building with great anticipation.

Cordially yours,

Signed: Roy G. Ross

General Secretary, National Council of Churches

10/13/58

From the Office of the Georgia Council of Churches

CALENDAR OF COMING EVENTS 1958 - 1959

Sept. 1-5	Georgia Methodist Pastor's School, Wesleyan College
Sept. 28	Christian Education Week. The purpose is to stress the importance of the Teaching Ministry of the Church.
Oct. 5	World Wide Communion Sunday
Oct. 9	EXECUTIVE BOARD MEETING OF THE GEORGIA COUNCIL OF CHURCHES
Oct. 11-12	Disciples Laymen and Ministers Retreat (Rock Eagle Center)
Oct. 15	United Clothing Appeal Interpretation Session - Church World Service In cooperation with GCofCs, UCW of Georgia, and Georgia UCYM
October	Conference Meetings, A. M. E. Zion Churches of Georgia
Oct. 17-18	Georgia - South Carolina Conference of Congregational Christian Churches United Church, Columbus
Oct. 19	World Order Sunday; 19-25 United Nations Week
Oct. 23-24	Regional Conference for Institutional Chaplains - The Georgia Chaplains Fellowship of the GCofCs., the Southern Office, N.C.C. Host: Emory University Hospital.
Oct. 26	Reformation Sunday
Oct.-Nov.	Conference Meetings (4), C. M. E. Churches of Georgia
Oct. 27-30	8th National Assembly of United Church Women, Denver, Colorado Theme: Christianity and Freedom
Oct. - Nov.	Conference Meetings (8), A. M. E. Churches of Georgia
Nov. 7	World Community Day - United Church Women
Nov. 8	GEORGIA UNITED CHRISTIAN YOUTH MOVEMENT COUNCIL MEETING - Official Business and Elections
Nov. 10	Georgia Baptist Pastor's Conference
Nov. 11-13	Georgia Baptist Convention, First Baptist Church, Atlanta
Nov. 13-15	The 109th Annual Convention of the Christian Churches of Georgia First Christian Church, Athens
Nov. 27	Thanksgiving Day
Nov. 30	First Sunday in Advent
Dec. 25	Christmas Day
1959	
Jan. 13	SIXTH ANNUAL ASSEMBLY OF THE GEORGIA COUNCIL OF CHURCHES
Jan. 19-23	Ministers Week - Glenn Memorial Methodist Church, Atlanta
Jan. 21-22	Diocese of Atlanta - 52nd Annual Council - St. John's Episcopal Church, College Park
Jan. 25-Feb. 1	Youth Week - United Christian Youth Movement - Theme: "Dare We Live in the Household of God?"
Feb. 11-12	The Methodist Southeastern Jurisdictional Woman's Society of Christian Service
Feb. 13-19	Fourth Quadrennial Convocation of the Methodist Church in the Southeastern Jurisdiction. Wesley Memorial Church, Atlanta.

(Next six month calendar to be issued at a later date.)

9/58

FROM THE OFFICE OF

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

63 AUBURN AVE., N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE JAckson 4-0971

PRESIDENT
REV. DR. HERMAN L. TURNER

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

File

December 30, 1958

On December 18th, members of the Legislative Committee and denominational leaders responsible for social action education in their respective communions met in a Legislative Study Session. Meeting with the study group were invited consultants. The Rev. Dow Kirkpatrick is Chairman of the Legislative Committee.

The Planning Committee for the Legislative Study Session developed the program based on three legislative principles:

1. That as American Christians freedom is meaningless unless as free people we participate in and accept responsibility for the democratic processes. This includes the responsibility on the one hand to be well-informed on issues involving moral and religious questions, and on the other hand to convey the insights of Christian thought to those we have entrusted with the representative legislative processes.

2. That there is a responsibility which rests upon the leadership of the churches to initiate studies of moral and legislative questions; to analyze them in the light of Christian faith and practice; to convey information to pastors, church members, and church bodies; and to keep open the lines of communication between legislators and the public.

3. That the Legislative Study Session give over one of its periods to exploring the basic problem facing Georgia citizens today; namely, The Present Status of Georgia Public School Legislation.

The December 18th session took no formal action on any of its deliberations but held to its purpose of discussion for information and evaluation.

Specific suggestions did come out of the discussion of the public school situation and those are listed in another section of this report.

The Legislative Study Session was divided into three periods:

1. What Is the Legislative Process?

2. What Are the Christian Principles By Which We Evaluate Legislation?

3. The Present Staus of Georgia Public School Legislation

A brief resume of each period follows:

1. What Is the Legislative Process?

James A. Mackay, member of the Georgia House of Representatives from DeKalb County, was the leader of this period of study.

A verbatim report is not possible of the total discussion; however, Mr. Mackay made these, among others, observations:

The Georgia Legislature is gradually developing a "process of work" and procedures will be greatly improved during the next few years. The training sessions for legislators at Athens on December 15-16, were excellent and the whole session was considered a step forward in helping the elected members of the Legislature on better ways and means of being a better legislator. About 175 attended at their own expense. *** It takes real skill and intelligence to write a bill for all existing laws on the subject of the bill are involved as well as Federal legislation, etc. *** All bills take time to produce and are the product of many minds. Ways should be found for a bill to be drafted well in advance of a legislative session rather than being hurriedly prepared while the legislature is in session.

Two pieces of resource material which Mr. Mackay strongly recommended for a better understanding of the subject under discussion are:

"The Legislative Process" by T. V. Smith
"The Christian in Politics" by Jerry Voorhees

Materials related directly to Georgia government and available from the office of the Secretary of State, Ben W. Fortson, Jr., The State House, are:

Constitution of the State of Georgia
Georgia Official Directory of State and County Officers
Members of General Assembly -Senate and House 1958-59
Committees and Rules of the State Senate, Term 1958-1959
Committees and Rules of the House of Representatives, 1958-59

2. What Are the Christian Principles By Which We Evaluate Legislation?

Rev. Dow Kirkpatrick, Chairman of the Legislative Committee, made a brief opening statement and this was followed by discussion.

Some of the ideas evolving from this period of discussion were: In answer to the question as to whether society is helped more through progress by moral law or only by "personal change", it seemed clear that both factors are involved. *** Transformation of the individual heart is absolutely essential but it should be kept in mind that when men are converted to a religion or a new way of living they are converted to the new way of life as they know it rather than to the ideal way, the ideal religious concept. This being the case, "change of heart to the Christian Faith" cannot always be assumed as meaning an adequate understanding and following of the life and teachings of Jesus. *** Moral law is needed for it gives guidance and structure to life and it also serves as a restraining force against the passions of men. *** The Church has the right and the obligation to evaluate everything which effects human rights and personality. The Church deals in human values and is concerned with

all issues, problems, conflicts, etc., which effect human personality, values, and personal worth.

3. The Present Status of Georgia Public School Legislation

The Planning Committee felt that the evening period of the Study Session should be given over to one legislative problem rather than trying to discuss several issues coming before the Legislature in January, 1959.

Dr. John Griffin, Director, Community Education Services, Emory University, served as moderator and discussion leader. Mr. Hamilton Lokey, former representative from Fulton County to the Georgia General Assembly, made a presentation on the present status of Georgia Public School Legislation.

The background material, presentation, and discussion were all valuable as information, personal views and convictions on the problem of public school closing. As stated above, no formal action of any kind was taken by the group in view of this being a study session.

Several suggestions came out of the discussion and these are listed below:

1. There is a need for the people of Georgia to learn what the genuine consequences of a closed public school system would mean to the State.
2. Citizens should be encouraged to convey to their Legislators expressing their concern and convictions as related to closing public schools.
3. People from all areas of the state, not alone those in the larger centers, should convey their feelings, etc., to their Legislators.
4. Denominational leaders are in a position to give guidance, counsel and effective leadership to the church members to which they are related, as lay people try to find an answer to the desegregation issue.
5. Factual information is very much needed. Facts need to be collected and made available. The legal aspects of the total issue need to be so outlined and presented that "Mr. Average Citizen" can glean some insight into the matter.
6. Secure a copy of "1956-57 Supplement to Georgia School Laws", State Department of Education (compiled and edited by State Law Department, Eugene Cook, Attorney General). A 49-page booklet available from Claude L. Purcell, State Supt. of Schools, Atlanta, Georgia.
7. Secure copies of "Do You Know the Law About Schools?", a folder printed by the League of Women Voters of Georgia.
8. Individual churches should stimulate discussion on the issue within their membership, using consultants and resource persons so that church people may become informed and have an opportunity to express themselves.
9. Pulpit prayers can be a means of providing a distinct spiritual ministry to local congregations in this period of tension, apprehension and the breaking down of lines of communication between the races.

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FROM THE OFFICE OF

GEORGIA COUNCIL of Churches

Harold Fleming

63 AUBURN AVE., N. E. ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE JAckson 4-0971

PRESIDENT
THE REV. F. BLAND TUCKER

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
REV. EDWARD A. DRISCOLL

GENERAL NEWSLETTER MARCH, 1959

COUNCIL ELECTS "NEW PREXY"

The Rev. Dr. Francis Bland Tucker was elected President of the Georgia Council of Churches at the Annual Meeting in January. Presently Dr. Tucker is Rector of Christ Episcopal Church, Savannah, which parish he has been serving since 1945. A graduate of the University of Virginia and Virginia Theological Seminary Dr. Tucker has served parishes in Lawrenceville, Va., and Washington, D.C. During World War I he served with the American Expeditionary Force. Dr. Tucker has served as a Deputy (delegate) to several General Conventions of the Protestant Episcopal Church and for five years was Chairman of the Social Welfare Department, Washington Federation of Churches. From 1954-1957 Dr. Tucker was President of the Chatham County Ministerial Association.

The credentials of Dr. Tucker are excellent. However, these do not tell you about the real man - a man with a genuine warmth and love for all of God's people; a man who has endeared himself to his parish and his community; a man who finds great satisfaction in working and serving in "the larger aspects" of the Christian enterprise. The Council moves into 1959 with a revewed feeling of confidence as it continues in its cooperative church activities under the leadership of Bland Tucker.

PRESENTATION TO OUTGOING PRESIDENT TURNER

Dr. Harry V. Richardson, in behalf of the members and friends of the GCofCs, presented a desk pen, mounted on colorful marble, to Dr. Turner. Inscribed on the metal plate attached to the marble are these words:

In Appreciation To
Dr. Herman L. Turner
President
Georgia Council of Churches
1956 1957 1958

Dr. Turner served as President for three years. However, he was on the constituting committee of the Georgia Council of Churches and has served on the Executive Board since the GCofCs was organized on November 25, 1952. Like Dr. Oglesby and Rev. Dow Kirkpatrick, Dr. Turner believes in a state Council of Churches and his strong loyalty to the cooperative principle has been borne out in the excellence of his leadership as President. As the immediate past president, during the coming year(s), we shall continue to have Dr. Turner on the Executive Board and to have the benefit of his counsel and experience.

OFFICERS OF THE COUNCIL FOR 1959

President - The Rev. F. Bland Tucker, Christ Church, Savannah
First Vice President - Mr. Harry J. Cook, P.O. Box 791, Rome
Second Vice President - Mrs. John Patton, 1745 W. Wesley Road, NW, Atlanta
Third Vice President - Rev. George E. Clary Sr., 63 Auburn Avenue, NE, Atlanta
Recording Secretary - Rev. B. H. Dickson, 341 Ponce de Leon Avenue, NE, Atlanta
Treasurer - Mr. Charles M. Watt, Jr., 1600 Peachtree N.W., Atlanta

PRESIDENT TURNER'S SUMMARY STATEMENT AT THE ANNUAL MEETING

In spite of the people who do not like our kind of an organization, the Georgia Council of Churches continues to function.

The Council's program of activities has expanded and proven worthwhile.

Some of the achievements of the Council are matters which are not known to the public. It is difficult to convey the "intangible" in words.

Our Council is the only organized and functioning state council in the four "resistant states" - South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi.

Financially, the member units need to take this question more seriously.

Edward Driscoll is to be commended for his faithful and efficient service. He has proven himself to be a real Executive Secretary. We are grateful for his leadership.

* * * *** * * *

"OUT OF CONVICTION"

A second Statement on the South's Racial Crisis Signed by 312 Ministers of Greater Atlanta, was printed by the GCofCs. Orders from all over the country have about exhausted the original supply of 27,500 copies. One state council sent a copy to every minister in the state. One denomination sent a copy to all of its ministers. Should additional orders warrant it a re-run of the folder will be made. Single copies are five cents each. Quanity prices given on request.

FOURTH ECUMENICAL INSTITUTE - JULY 19 - 24

"Our Unity in the Church" will be the theme of the Fourth Ecumenical Institute for Christian leaders to be held at beautiful Blue Ridge Assembly, N.C. This Institute is sponsored by the Southern Office of the N.C.C., with all state and local councils assisting in the planning and promotion. (See enclosed blue sheet.)

THE CHRISTIAN CENTURY

The Rev. Dow Kirkpatrick, former president of the GCofCs, is the new Correspondent (Georgia-Florida) for The Christian Century. His first news report will appear soon.

MAY FELLOWSHIP DAY, MAY 1, 1959

Sponsored by United Church Women, Theme: Full Partners For Peace.

UNITED CHURCH WOMEN OF GEORGIA have 30 community or district councils in the state. The following presidents are directing cooperative activities in their respective locality. If you are interested in learning how to set-up a local UCW council get in touch with the president in your general vacinity.

ACWORTH	Mrs. E. M. Bailey, 206 Dalton Street, Albany, Georgia
ALBANY	Mrs. Ray Puckett, 912 Pine Knoll Lane, Albany, Georgia
ATHENS	Mrs. B. W. Burton, 124 Tillman Lane, Athens, Georgia
AUGUSTA	Mrs. Henry Reins, 2157 Richmond Avenue, Augusta, Georgia
ATLANTA	Mrs. W. E. Letts, 1327 Peachtree Street, Atlanta 9, Georgia
CARTERSVILLE. . . .	Mrs. J. Herbert Jones, Cassville Road, Cartersville, Georgia
CEDARTOWN	Mrs. W. A. Acree, 217 Jule Peek, Cedartown, Georgia
CLAYTON COUNTY . .	Mrs. W. G. Chunn, 194 College Street, Forest Park, Georgia
COLUMBUS	Mrs. T. K. Kendrick, 2203 Springdale Drive, Columbus, Georgia
COWETA COUNTY. . .	Mrs. W. D. Bohannon, Sr., Moreland, Georgia
DALTON	Mrs. Austin Awbrey, Fort Hill Terrace, Dalton, Georgia
DECATUR COUNTY . .	Mrs. Gilbert Gragg, 104 Shotwell Street, Bainbridge, Georgia
DEKALB COUNTY. . .	Mrs. Dean King, 132 W. Hill Street, Decatur, Georgia
GAINESVILLE . . .	Mrs. R. W. Smith, Jr., 108 Morningside Dr., Gainesville, Ga.
GRIFFIN.	Mrs. J. H. Chestham, Jr., Brooks Circle, Griffin, Georgia
HAMPTON.	Mrs. Leon VanDevender, Hampton, Georgia
MACON	Mrs. George W. Peake, 4739 Revoli Drive, Macon, Georgia
MARIETTA	Mrs. Steve Tumlin, 449 Hickory Drive, Marietta, Georgia
MONROE	Mrs. Howell Breedlove, Monroe, Georgia
OCONEE COUNTY. . .	Mrs. Talmadge Whitehead, Bishop, Georgia
ROCKDALE COUNTY. .	Mrs. N. E. Freeman, "Meadowoods Farm",Rt.3, Conyers, Georgia
WINDER	Mrs. Mark Dunahoo, Winder, Georgia
ROME	Mrs. E. K. Witts, 12 Benoue Drive, Rome, Georgia
SAVANNAH	Mrs. Samuel L. Varandoe, 633 E. 45th. Street, Savannah, Ga.
SMYRNA	Mrs. James O. Cobb, 241 Brown Circle, Smyrna, Georgia
ST. SIMONS	Mrs. Nelston T. Niall, Demere Road, St. Simons Island, Ga.
TRI-CITY	Mrs. Scott Walters, 506 N. Semmes, East Point, Georgia
WARNER ROBINS. . .	Mrs. A. W. Ferguson, P.O. Box 548, Warner Robins, Georgia
WAYCROSS	Mrs. W. B. Smith, 1701 Denora Drive, Waycross, Georgia
WEST POINT	Mrs. C. O. Williams, West Point, Georgia

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DAY-A-PART, Thursday, April 9th.

The United Church Women of Georgia will hold a Day-A-Part on April 9th. This day will be given over to periods of worship, review of recent activities but more especially to drawing up plans for 1959. Mrs. John Patton, President and second Vice-President of the GCofCs will preside.

PLACE: The O. N. Ewing Farm, 4704 La Vista Rd., east of Atlanta City Limits.

TIME: 10:00 A.M. - 3:30 P.M.

REV. J. EDWARD LANTZ
Executive Director
Southern Office

Fifth Ecumenical Institute

THEME: Our Unity In The Community

Blue Ridge Assembly, N. C.

July 17-22, 1960

SPONSORED BY THE SOUTHERN OFFICE

The National Council of Churches

63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Atlanta 3, Georgia

5 May 1960

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

The Fifth Ecumenical Institute will feature leaders of national and international reputation. They include National Council of Churches' staff, denominational officials, executives of local and state councils of churches, lay men, lay women, Negro and white churchmen. The Institute will be held at Blue Ridge Assembly, North Carolina, July 17-22, 1960.

Dr. W. D. Weatherford will preach the Festival Sermon at a giant Bible Hymn Festival to open the Institute on Sunday evening, July 17th. He will preach on the Institute Theme "Our Unity in the Community." Dr. Weatherford is founder of Blue Ridge Assembly, Director of the Appalachian Studies and Vice-Chairman of the Board of Trustees at Berea College. He is author of some seventeen books and has devoted his life to YMCA work, to interracial brotherhood, and to mountain people. He is 84 year's old and the "Grand Old Man of the South."

Professor Allan Guy will direct the Festival Choir comprised of local church choirs from the vicinity. He is Professor of Music at Montreat College, N. C., and has directed Festival Choir the past two years.

Mrs. Samuel S. Cooley is chairman of the Festival Sponsoring Committee. Her committee includes representatives from the churches of Black Mountain and vicinity.

Professor Franklin H. Littell will present the Bible lectures at the Institute on Monday and Tuesday mornings. He will lecture on the theme "Our Unity in the Community" and relate it to St. Paul's letter to the Ephesians. Dr. Littell is Professor of Church History at Candler School of Theology, Emory University. He has lived in Germany and served as the only non-German member of the executive committee of the German Evangelical Kirchentag. He and Dr. Hans Herman Walz, Director-General Secretary of the Kirchentag, have recently completed editing Weltkirchenlexikon, a volume concerning contemporary efforts toward Christian unity.

Rev. Samuel Emerick will deliver the Bible lectures on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday mornings. He is Director of the Yokefellow Institute, Earlham College, Richmond, Indiana. Yokefellow Institute is one of the pioneer lay centers of our country. Dr. Elton Trueblood is also associated with it.

Rev. Mark Gibbs will serve as the "Lecturer's Adversary" by appraising the Bible Lectures following their presentation. Mr. Gibbs is from Manchester, England, and works with church lay movements in his country.

Planning Committee

REV. C. T. BAKER, JR.
REV. JOHN S. CHAMBERS
REV. W. NORMAN COOK
BISHOP S. L. GREENE
REV. CARL R. KEY
REV. MORTON R. KURTZ
REV. J. EDWARD LANTZ
MRS. ALDRED LEXOW
DR. FRANKLIN H. LITTELL
DR. RALPH WALDO LLOYD
MRS. JOHN T. McCALL
DR. J. QUINTER MILLER
PROF. J. HOWARD RHYS
DR. J McDOWELL RICHARDS
DR. HARRY V. RICHARDSON
DR. GEORGE S. SAVIGE

Leaders of the ten workshops offered for ecumenical education are:
Rev. Arthur L. Gilmore and Rev. W. Norman Cook, Leaders, Workshop on THE USE AND UNDERSTANDING OF THE BIBLE.
Mrs. Norwood Phelps, Leader, Workshop on CHRISTIAN MISSIONS.
Mrs. Alice Goddard, Leader, Workshop on CHILDREN AND YOUTH IN TODAY'S COMMUNITY.
Dr. J. Oscar Lee, Leader, Workshop on CHRISTIAN RESPONSIBILITY FOR FREEDOM.
Rev. John B. Ketcham, Leader, Workshop on TRAINING COUNCIL OFFICERS AND LEADERS.
Rev. Carl R. Key and Prof. J. Howard Rhys, Leaders, Workshop on DEPTH BIBLE STUDY.
Dr. Walter A. Graham, Leader, Workshop on THE MINISTRY OF LAY PEOPLE.
Dr. James Dabbs, Leader, Workshop on CHURCHES AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS.
Rev. Edward A. Driscoll, Leader Workshop on YOUTH FELLOWSHIP.
Rev. V. A. Edwards, Leader, Workshop on TOWN AND COUNTRY CHURCHES.

Officers of the Institute are:
Dr. J. Quinter Miller, Assistant General Secretary, NCC., New York, N. Y.
Rev. J. Edward Lantz, Director, Southern Office, NCC., Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. John S. Chambers, Chairman of Planning Committee, Lexington, Ky.
Mrs. John T. McCall, Chairman of Promotion, Nashville, Tenn.
Mrs. Ethyl M. Carlton, Registrar, Southern Office, NCC., Atlanta, Ga.

Leaders engaged in church and council work are urged to attend, but all who are interested in the ecumenical movement are welcome. This institute will be interdenominational and interracial. The registration fee is $5.00 if paid by June 1st, $6.00 if paid after June 1st. Service fee, room and board will be payable in addition to the registration fee. Family accommodations are available at Christmount Assembly. Please write Mrs. H. H. Triplett, Corbin, Kentucky, for room reservations and family accommodations.

CHURCH LEADERS FROM ALL DENOMINATIONS AND RACES ARE INVITED TO ATTEND.

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REGISTRATION BLANK

To register for the Institute, please fill out this blank, tear off, and mail with registration fee to: Rev. J. Edward Lantz, Director, Ecumenical Institute, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Atlanta 3, Georgia. Please make check payable to the National Council of Churches.

Please enroll me (us) for the Fifth Ecumenical Institute, July 17-22, 1960:

NAME: _____ DATE: _____

ADDRESS: _____

CITY: _____ ZONE: _____ STATE: _____

CHURCH OR COUNCIL POSITION: _____

Enclosed is $_____ for registration fee(s). Please do not send money for room and board as that will be payable to the Blue Ridge Assembly at the Institute, but write Mrs. H. H. Triplett, Corbin Kentucky, for room reservations and family accommodations. (For NCC Record--Income Code Number 3-41-03-000-2-32).

Harold
Confidential

October 28, 1960

The Executive Board of the GCofCs meeting on October 27th approved the following statements (3) to be submitted to the Division of Life and Work on November 22nd for action and to the Annual Meeting of the Council in whatever form the Division deems best:

1. Recognizing the oneness which all Christians have in Christ, we call upon all Christian churches within our midst to welcome all persons who come to a service of worship without regard to race.

2. Recognizing the discrimination to which Negroes are subjected in many areas of our community life, we commend the peaceful and orderly character of the protest which they have made against various forms of discrimination. We call upon all of our citizens to join in the effort to remove injustices and inequalities wherever they exist in our community life. We urge the citizens of the State to support those leaders who are courageously seeking greater justice in all areas of our common life.

3. In view of the crisis which we are still facing in relation to the entire system of public schools in Georgia, we again strongly urge the Governor and the General Assembly to take the necessary steps to assure the preservation of the public schools of the State in compliance with the rulings of the Supreme Court of the United States.

October 28, 1960

The Executive Board of the Georgia Council of Churches in session on Thursday, October 27th, issued the following statement:

"In view of the present situation in the city of Atlanta and other communities of our State, we call upon all of our citizens to join in the effort to remove injustices and inequalities wherever they exist in our community life. We urge the citizens of the State to support those leaders who are courageously seeking greater justice in all areas of our common life."

The Board authorized the Rev. F. Bland Tucker, president, to write a letter to Mayor William Hartsfield of Atlanta commending his action in bringing people together to discuss and work out our common problems in these days.

October 27, 1960

The Honorable William Hartsfield
Mayor of Atlanta
City Hall
Atlanta, Georgia

My dear Mr. Mayor:

The Executive Committee of the Georgia Council of Churches meeting today has authorized me to express to you their commendation of your action in bringing people together to discuss and work out our common problems in these days. Also they wish to offer to you the services of the Georgia Council of Churches in this work.

Faithfully yours,

F. Bland Tucker
President, Georgia Council of Churches

GEORGIA COUNCIL OF CHURCHES

EXECUTIVE BOARD MEETING

Thursday, October 27th, 1960 2:00 - 4:15 P.M.

Wesley Memorial Building, 63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.

Presiding: President F. Bland Tucker

Invocation - Roll Call - Introductions

MINUTES, March 31st Meeting of the Executive Board

UNITED CHURCH WOMEN OF GEORGIA — Mrs. Edward G. Mackay
Recent Activities of the U.C.W. — Mrs. John Patton

DIVISION OF CHRISTIAN EDUCATION
Audio-Visual Evaluation Panel - one of 60 in U.S.
Executive Directors, Christian Education
South Central United Christian Youth Mov't Training Conference
Four General Council Meetings, Ga. UCYM, Sat., Nov. 12th
Georgia UCYM Proposed Budget for 1960 - 1961

DIVISION OF W RLD CHRISTIAN MISSIONS — J. R. Phillips
United Clothing Appeal Conference, Sept. 23rd
UCA to the churches of Georgia (Methodist action to date)
UCA - Atlanta Council and Georgia Council of Churches

FINANCE REPORTS — Charles M. Watt, Jr.
Denominational Income to October 25th
Finance Summary to October 25th
Proposed Budget for 1961
Finance Chairman for 1961 - suggestions

DIVISION OF LIFE AND WORK — Robert C. Pooley, Jr.
Committee on Ministry in Institutions — Robert Earnest
Georgia Chaplains' Association — Edward A. Driscoll
Committee on Christian Social Relations — C. Leon Smith

EIGHTH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE GEORGIA COUNCIL OF CHURCHES
Glenn Memorial Methodist Church - (Emory) November 22nd

PRESENTATION OF BOOK "Church Cooperation in the U.S." Publ. 1960
Interdenominational Theological Seminary
Candler School of Theology
Mercer University School of Religion

FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY, N.C.C. (triennium)
San Francisco, California - December 4-9
Voting Delegate: Edward A. Driscoll; Alternate: Norman Gore

OTHER ITEMS OF BUSINESS

Closing Prayer

Adjournment

'Out of Conviction'

A SECOND STATEMENT

on the

SOUTH'S RACIAL CRISIS

signed by 312 Ministers
of
Greater Atlanta

Printed by
GEORGIA COUNCIL OF CHURCHES

THE SECOND STATEMENT

Three hundred and twelve Ministers and Rabbis of the Greater Atlanta area, acting as individual citizens issued a statement on November 22nd, 1958, calling for the preservation of the public school system. Sixteen different denominations are represented among the signers. The text of the statement follows:

On November 3, 1957, a statement dealing with the racial crisis in the South, and signed by eighty Atlanta ministers, was released for publication. The fact that this statement, often referred to as "The Atlanta Manifesto", received widespread publicity through the secular and religious press, radio, and television, not only in the South but across the nation and abroad, was an eloquent commentary upon the nature of the crisis in which we are involved and upon the failure of many of our leaders to confront the problems of our day in a spirit of realism.

Six principles set forth in this statement as essential to the solution of our problem may be summarized as follows:

1. Freedom of speech must at all costs be preserved.

2. As Americans and as religious leaders, we have an obligation to obey the law.

3. The Public School System must not be destroyed.

4. Hatred and scorn for those of another race, or for those who hold a position different from our own, can never be justified.

5. Communication between responsible leaders of the races must be maintained.

6. Our difficulties cannot be solved in our own strength or in human wisdom but only through prayer and in obedience to the will of God.

The months which have elapsed since the signing of that statement have been a period of deepening danger. The events of the recent past have been such as to call for growing concern on the part of all responsible citizens. In the light of these events, we are more convinced than ever of the fundamental truth of these six principles. It is abundantly clear that they cannot be ignored with impunity.

Because of our involvement in this situation, as citizens and religious leaders, it has seemed to many Atlanta clergymen that some further statement on their part is appropriate. Out of that conviction comes this second statement. Once more we speak as individual citizens of Georgia and of the United States, having authority to represent no one other than ourselves. Once more we speak in humility and penitence. At the same time, we speak out of the deep conviction of our souls as to what is right. We believe some facts are now so clear as to throw additional light upon the problems which confront us.

I. It is clearer now than ever before that, at all costs, freedom of speech must be preserved. During the year which has past, it has not become easier to speak the truth concerning our situation. There are still forces which seek to deny freedom of thought and of expression to all who do not insist upon maintaining a rigid pattern of segregation. Economic reprisals, social ostracism, and even physical violence are constant threats to those who do not conform. Such threats strike at the very heart of democracy. As we insist upon the right of honest conviction — whether right or wrong — to be heard, we would pay tribute to the courageous individuals and groups in various walks of life who have insisted that our problem must be faced in a spirit of realism, of sanity, and of good will.

II. It is clearer now than ever before that we must obey the law. Those who insist that the decision of the Supreme Court on segregation in the public schools has no binding force do great injury to our people. The Supreme Court's interpretation of the Constitution has the effect of law in our country. It is possible for that Court to err, just as it is possible for Congress to enact bad laws. The citizens of our country have the right to work through legal processes to secure the correction of judicial errors or the repeal of undesirable legislation. They do not have the right to defy laws simply because they personally hold them to be unwise or harmful. A policy of obeying only those laws or those rulings of the Court with which we agree leads inevitably to anarchy. It is time for us to face up to the fact that, under the ruling of the Supreme Court, made in the discharge of its constitutional authority, enforced segregation in the public schools is now without support in, and contrary to, national law. At times in her history the Church has opposed civil law in the name of the claims of the higher laws of God. However, we believe that the Constitution of the United States in its provisions for human rights is in accord with Divine Law, and we must, therefore, learn to live with and under the law.

We do not believe in the wisdom of massive integration and are sincerely opposed to the amalgamation of the races. We reaffirm our conviction that the integrity of each race should be maintained on a basis of mutual esteem and free choice, rather than of force. There are some areas in which some integration in schools at this time would be possible without insurmountable difficulty, as has already been demonstrated in certain sections of the South; while there are other areas where such integration would involve needless hardship and grave danger. We have the hope that, if our leaders will offer evidence of good faith toward providing constitutional rights for all citizens, the federal government will be willing to leave the working out of details in local hands. We believe it is possible, under the ruling of the Supreme Court, for States to take reasonable steps to comply with the law of the land and at the same time give due consideration to local situations and avoid an indiscriminate desegregation of the public schools.

III. It is clearer now than ever before that the Public School System must be preserved. Many of our people have been led to believe that through some ficticious legal device we could close our public schools and still provide for public education through tax funds. Recent developments in Arkansas and Virginia serve to make it abundantly clear that any such hope is based solely upon wishful thinking. The choice which confronts us now is either the end of an enforced segregation in public schools or no public schools whatever. We are alarmed to note that many political leaders are apparently willing to offer no better solution than the closing of public schools and the destruction of public education in order to maintain what has been inappropriately described as "our sacred way of life". It is inconceivable that the South should deliberately destroy its dearly bought system of public education. The results of such action in the impoverishment of countless lives, in the loss to our section, even from a purely economic, ,viewpoint would be a tragedy of the first magnitude. It is not likely that the South would ever recover fully from the consequences of such action. Obviously, the closing of the public schools means a small and favored portion of our youth would be educated in private institutions, while the great majority, White and Negro, would recieve no school training worthy of the name. No democratic society can tolerate that situation, nor do we believe our citizens wish to sacrifice the welfare of our youth.

In this connection we would voice an emphatic protest against any suggestion that church property be used as a means of circumventing the law of the nation. The churches and synagogues owe a tremendous debt to the State and this we believe they would gladly repay in any legitimate way possible. There are times when the educational equipment of the churches should be offered to supplement the public school buildings in providing space for our growing school population, provided that the separation of Church and State shall always be recognized and maintained in such an agreement. We concur that churches and synagogues have the right, as they have always had, to engage as they may deem wise in educational enterprise in the interest of their constituencies. We believe, however, their facilities should not be offered nor demanded as a means for defying the constituted authority of our national government.

IV. It is clearer now than ever before that hatred and scorn for those of another race, or for those who hold a position different from our own can never be justified. All hatred between races and groups within society carries with it the constant threat of violence and bloodshed, as has been evidenced by the bombing of churches, synagogues, and schools even while this statement was being prepared. Defiance of one law leads to disrespect for all law. We would call upon our political leaders scrupulously to avoid the type of inflammatory utterance which has characterized too many public pronouncements in recent months and to exert an influence for sanity, for justice, and for kindness. We believe that multitudes of voters in the South as in all America are far more prepared to respond to and support fair-minded and statesmanlike attitudes and policies in political life than these men have realized. In any event, political power is by no means so important as to justify its attainment by the sacrifice of justice, of kindness, and of truth, and by the unleashing of these emotions which threaten the very life of our people.

V. It is clearer now than ever before that communication between responsible leaders of the races must be maintained. The time of danger is also the time of opportunity. It may well be that we are passing through that darkest hour which comes just before the dawn. Never has there been greater need than now for men of good will in both races to voice their convictions, to exert their influence, and to maintain open lines of communication. We are heartened by the intelligent concern and struggle of an increasing number of groups who are facing the issue and its implications. We are likewise heartened by the constructive results which are coming from those lines of communication which do exist between the races.

VI. It is clearer now than ever before that our difficulties cannot be solved in our own strength or in human wisdom but only through prayer, obedience to God, and under His blessing. The situation which confronts us is one which calls for sincere penitence, for earnest prayer, for clear thought, and for courageous action.

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Believing sincerely in the principles set forth in this statement, we therefore propose the following practical steps:

1. We appeal to our churches and synagogues to encourage and promote within their fellowship a free and intelligent discussion of the issues we confront. We believe such discussion should and would give careful consideration to the moral, spiritual, and legal aspects of the crisis we face in our beloved Southland.

2. We appeal to our community and state leaders to give their most creative thought to maintaining a sound public school plan. Such plan must be consistant with the law of the land, respect and preserve the rights of all citizens, and assure the preservation of our system of public education.

3. We request the appointment of a Citizens' Commission to preserve the harmony of our community. The public officials of our city have earned the tribute of the nation for their refusal to condone violence and their efforts to realize worthy race relations. We believe that in the future the need will be great for the support of calm, intelligent public opinion. Atlanta possesses business, civic, educational, legal, political, and religious leadership of the quality to afford this support. We therefore request that representatives of this leadership from the races involved be formed into a Citizens' Commission to advise and assist in maintaining harmony and good will among all our citizens.

Every section of our state also possesses the same able leadership. We therefore believe that the appointment of a similar Citizens' Commission by the state administration would serve to preserve harmony among the citizens of Georgia.

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We call upon all citizens to unite with us in dedicating ourselves to the solution of our problems humbly, patiently, in a spirit of realism, and with God's help.

Signed by:

Ackerman, Stephen W.
Adams, Hugh
Aiken, Paul
Albert, Allen D., Jr.
Alexander, James J.
Allen, Charles
Allen, L. Clyde
Allen, Reuben T., Jr.
Alston, Wallace M.
Anderson, F. S., Jr.
Anderson, Thomas
Arnold Ernest J.
Arwood, J. C.
Baggott, J. L.
Ball, Raymond J.
Barnett, Albert E.
Barrett, W. H.
Bassett, Hunter J.
Beardslee, William A.
Beverly, Harry B.
Berman, Paul L.
Bell, Wade H., Jr.
Boggs, Wade H.
Bolton, Jack G.
Booth, W. T.
Boozer, Jack
Bowen, Boone M.
Bowman, Keyes, Jr.
Bozeman, Jack R.
Branham, Lee
Brewer, E. D. C.
Broyles, Vernon S.
Brown, Robert E.
Brown, Walter E.
Buck, Raymond
Budd, W. Candler
Buice, Lester
Burns, Robert W.
Byrd, Ralph
Cahill, Edward A.
Calhoun, Murdock McK
Callaway, Chaudoin, 3rd.
Campbell, E. H.
Campbell, Norton, Jr.
Cannon, William R.
Cargill, E. C.
Carpenter, Cecil W.
Carter, W. G.
Cartledge, Samuel A.
Case, Russell A.
Caudill, O. V.
Cawthon, William L.
Chafin, Harry V.
Chang, Kwai Sing
Cheek, Carl R.
Claiborne, Randolph R. Jr.
Clark, Boswell J.
Clary, G. E.
Clements, Lamar
Cobb, Sam T.
Cohen, Joseph I.
Cole, C. G., Jr.
Cole, William H.
Coleman, Edwin C.
Colhoun, E. Dudley, Jr.
Cook, Walter G.
Corder, L. W.
Cowart, Walter C.
Craig, Kenneth P.
Crowe, Walter Miller
Cuthbertson, Rufus
Davis, F. McConnell
Davis, Lewis C.
DeLozier, O. L. Jr.
Demere, Charles
deOvies, Raimundo
Derrick, C. K.
Dickson, Bonneau
Dimmock, Al
Donnell, Charles L.
Doom, James L.
Drinkard, Eugene T.
Driscoll, Edward A.
Edwards, Charles E.
Enniss, P. C., Jr.
Epstein, Harry H.
Epting, Eugene L., Jr.
Esaias, John R.
Feely, O. Floyd, Jr.
Feldman, Emanuel
Fifield, Harry A.
Fleming, James P.
Floyd, Arva
Floyd, Emmett O.
Floyd, W. R.
Ford, Austin
Ford, J. T.
Foster, John N.
Freeman, Cook W.
Fry, Thomas A., Jr.
Fuhrmann, Paul T.
Fulmer, C. Luther, Jr.
Gailey, James H.
Garber, John A.
Garber, Paul Leslie
Gardner, E. Clinton
Gary, G. Robert
Gear, F. B.
Gibson, Arthur Vann
Grant, Monroe C.
Geren, William H.
Gerkin, Charles
Goe, W. Charles
Griggs, Joseph L.
Grier, Eugene M.
Grubb, Hugh, M.
Guptill, Roger S.
Guthrie, F. C., Jr.
Gutzke, Manford George
Hagood, Thomas W.
Hardman, Alfred
Harper, Marvin
Harris, Albert G., Jr.
Harris, C. L.
Harris, D. D.
Hartzopoulos, Harry
Hawkins, Ralph B.
Hazelwood, W. James
Herndon, J. Emmett
Hite, B.
Hodges, Bob
Holmes, Thomas J.
Holt, Joseph W.
Hope, Montague H.
Howell, W. I., Jr.
Huckaby, Louie F.
Huie, Wade P.
Hyde, Herbert E.
Jackson, Arthur
James, D. Trigg
Jefferson, Hugh M.
Johnson, J. T.
Johnson, James V., Jr.
Jones, Bevel
Jones, Henry H.
Jordan, C. Ray
Kellum, E. Owen, Jr.
Kilpatrick, Ebb G., Jr.
Kirkpatrick, Dow
Kline, C. Benton
Laird, Sam L.
Lance, John M.
Landiss, William
Lantz, J. Edward
Laughlin, John C.
Lawrence, J. B.
Lehman, J. Edward
Lee, Robert E.

Legerton, Fitzhugh M.
Libby, Robert M. G.
Lieberman, Alvin C.
Lightbourne, James
Lind, John Blix
Littell, Frank H.
Long, Nat G.
Lovin, Charles W.
Mallard, Cyrus S., Jr.
Mallard, William
Manley, W. Clay
Manning, Norman P., Jr.
Martin, Marcus R.
May, James W.
McClain, Roy O.
McCullough, Gordon
McDill, Thomas H.
McElyea, Homer C.
McIlhany, B. A.
McKee, Hugh
McMains, Harrison
McNeil, James H.
Meadow, G. Merrill
Middlebrooks, C. L., Jr.
Mill, Robert W.
Miller, P. D.
Milligan, Max
Minor, Harold W., Jr.
Minter, P. M.
Mitcham, Harry
Mitchell, George T.
Moore, James M., Jr.
Moore, Willard P.
Moorhead, Frank
Mossman, Sydney K.
Moulder, Wilton A.
Mounts, William C.
Murphy, W. Y.
Newton, William E.
Niager, Roy
Nolting, Fred L.
Obert, Leroy C.
Oglesby, Stuart R.
Oliver, Y. A.
Ozment, Robert
Patton, J. G., Jr.
Patty, John C.
Paulk, Earl F., Jr.
Pettway, Roy
Philips, J. Davison
Phillips, J. R.
Pierson, Marion
Prussner, Frederick C.
Pippin, George
Pritchard, Claude H.
Pugh, R. Quinn
Ray, Archie C.
Renz, Paul J.
Richards, Ellis H.
Richards, J. McDowell
Riddle, James H.
Riegel, Robert G.
Roberson, Jesse J.
Roberts, Joe A.
Robinson, William C.
Roebuck, Floyd F.
Rogers, Thomas
Roosa, William V.
Ross, Frank M.
Roper, Charles M.
Rothschild, Jacob M.
Rudisill, E. D.
Rumble, Lester
Runyon, Theodore, Jr.
Sadler, John H.
Sanders, Walter E.
Sandifer, C. L.
Saussy, Hugh, Jr.
Scarborough, C. E.
Schroeder, Victor J.
Schwab, Charles F.
Scott, E. C.
Scott, H. Allen
Sells, James W.
Shands, O. Norman
Shelnutt, D. B.
Shelnutt, Fred G.
Sheppard, H. Augustus, Jr.
Sherman, Cecil
Sisson, Rembert
Smith, Clyde E.
Smith, George H.
Smith, Harvey
Smith, Herbert H., Jr.
Smith, Homer G.
Smith, Leon
Smith, W. Arnold
Smith, W. Ches, 3rd.
Smith, W. Thomas
Sneed, Wilson W.
Snyder, Lloyd H., Jr.
Sosebee, James W.
Speers, B. C., Jr.
Stender, William H.
Stephens, John C., Jr.
Stephens, Wesley
Stokes, Mack B.
Strange, Russell L.
Strickland, W. Earl
Stuart, James G.
Stucke, Clarence H.
Suhr, Karl F.
Sullins, Walter R., Jr.
Swilly, Monroe F., Jr.
Tate, J. W.
Thompson, Cecil
Thompson, Claude H.
Thompson, Gordon
Thomson, J. G. S. S.
Tisdale, Harry
Trimble, H. B.
Turner, Herman, L.
Van Landingham, L. F.
Vaught, James B.
Verdery, E. A.
Waldrop, Glen G.
Walthall, David B.
Wardlaw, Hubert G.
Warner, Jack, Jr.
Webb, W. Guy
Weber, Theodore R.
Welden, James
Wellman, Wendell
Werner, Leslie D.
West, George A.
Westermann, Ted D.
Whitfield, William J.
Wilbanks, Oliver C.
Williams, Allison
Williamson, Ralph L.
Williamson, Thom
Wilson, Eugene T.
Wise, Tillman Newton
Wohlgemuth, Paul F.
Womack, John Lee
Wood, Milton L., Jr.
Wood, Thomas M. 3rd
Wootan, Harry P., Jr.
Wootan, Harry P., Sr.
Woodward, H. Travis
Worley, Paul
Wright, George R.
Zinser, Henry A.
Zwold, Harold D.

Additional copies five cents each. Quantity orders available. Georgia Council of Churches, 63 Auburn Ave., N. E., Atlanta 3, Georgia.

File
Ga. Council on
Hum. Rels.

January 31, 1967

Mr. Morris Milgram
President
Planned Communities, Inc.
51 East 42nd Street, Suite 211
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mr. Milgram:

Enclosed is our check for $317.92 representing the obligation of the Georgia Council on Human Relations. All of us very much appreciate your interest and help in Atlanta, and I deeply regret that it was impossible for me to get to meet you while you were here.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km
Enc.

cc: Mrs. Frances Pauley
Georgia Council on Human Relations

Georgia Council ON HUMAN RELATIONS
52 Fairlie Street, N. W. • Atlanta, Georgia 30303

ATLANTA GA
U.S POSTAGE
05
PB METER 039315

Mrs Ruth Alexander
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St
Atlanta Ga 30303

File
Ga. Council

February 17, 1967

Mrs. Frances Pauley
Executive Director
Georgia Council on Human Relations
52 Fairlie Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Frances:

I am considerably puzzled by your letter of February 15th.

I simply cannot recall any statement or action on my part or on the part of anyone here that would imply that we wished the Georgia Council "not to operate in the city." I can recall innumerable situations which strongly indicated the opposite. In fact, I have said repeatedly to you and to many others that we were intrigued by your neighborhood council concept as a valuable experiment in trying to do effective work in a large metropolitan area. If you do feel that we have not wanted the Georgia Council to operate within the city -- which, incidentally, I do not see as being SRC's business under any circumstance -- please let me know about it.

In the meantime, please know that as with other work of the Georgia Council we are eager to be of any possible assistance. Certainly, Ed and I would welcome an opportunity to talk with you and Al Henry at your convenience, and thereafter to help in any way we can.

(Incidentally, I met Al this morning and am very impressed with your newest staff member.)

Since we seem to be dealing here with misunderstandings, I would like to take the opportunity to refer in writing to another possible area of misunderstanding. Ed has relayed your message about the fact that since I was "responsible for the original Baker County proposal not being funded," you would like my reactions on what I would support. Nothing would be more presumptious than for me to try to determine this. Much more importantly, however, as I told you earlier my basic reaction to the Baker proposal was to tell the Field Foundation that it should give the total amount requested, and desirably more, to the Georgia Council for work in rural areas -- Baker County included and in cooperation with other agencies -- but with a maximum of freedom for the Georgia Council to determine its own program. I simply cannot construe this as being other than the strongest and most enthusiastic support for the Georgia Council before the Field Foundation.

Incidentally, at lunch yesterday with Les Dunbar I took the occasion to tell him that I was concerned that it had been interpreted that I was responsible for the initial Baker County project not being funded. Because of this as well as because of my lack of knowledge about Baker County I told Les that I did not feel I was in any position to advise him on any further

proposals that might be developed on this subject, and would prefer not to be asked to do so.

Frances, I simply cannot find the proper words to tell you how it disturbs me for you to write me letters which include sentences like "I mean for us to have the confidence that SRC is supporting our efforts." With one exception, and that because of a decision ot of our making, the Georgia Council receives substantially more financial support from SRC than any of the other state Councils; more than twice as much as several Councils. You could not be more right that money is not everything, but I take it as a pretty strong indication of our evaluation of state Council program and staff.

Perhaps I am reacting unduly to your letter which puzzles me so much and disturbs me a great deal. But through the city and through the countryside and through some of our philanthropists' offices I run into comment and rumor and implication that do bother me. Thus, when I read your letter, which seems to me to have overtones of doubt and mistrust of our basic and tangible support of the Georgia Council's efforts, I find myself reminded once again of something, unclear in my own mind, wrong with our relationship. And I hope you will look upon this rather full response as a hopeful effort to clarify whatever it is that impedes that relationship and to return it to one of confident cooperation.

All of us together know of so much that needs to be done and have so little time and resources to work with, that it is saddening and most regrettable that any moment of our time has to be devoted to misunderstanding or clearing misunderstandings.

Here and everywhere that I go I have a consistent, completely truthful, and I think, objective comment

as it relates to you and your work. It is namely this: the Georgia Council has an excellent program and is doing an excellent job with strong staff leadership. This is the public evaluation, the private one and the only one. It is backed by the amount of financial support available and the amount of special project funds that have been made available. What more can be said or done?

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

cc: Dr. Joseph Hendricks

Georgia Council ON HUMAN RELATIONS
52 Fairlie Street, N. W. • 404/525-6468 • Atlanta, Georgia 30303

2/16/67 mj

February 15, 1967

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul:

Since the arrival of Al Henry, we are entering into an expansion of our metropolitan organization. We write to ask your support.

Knowing of your wishes for the Georgia Council not to operate in the city we started our operation last year in the outlying areas. Although the going has not been smooth, we do have several hundred members. Four chapters are active. A fifth is struggling with weak leadership, a sixth still is unorganized although it has had some 10 meetings.

The geographic areas of these chapters are Cobb County, Southwest Atlanta, Northwest Atlanta, Central DeKalb, North DeKalb and Kirkwood.

I do not need to tell you that urban problems are complex and often the lay leadership is frustrated and unhappy.

With the coming of Al Henry and also the fact that one of our board members will be moving into the Atlanta slum area to live and work, we are thinking of organizational ways that we can draw our members into a more meaningful role in the life of the city. Again, as you know, this cannot be done over night. Many people are eager to work but when they find the complications of the new black-white - the intricate governmental operations with regional

MR. JOSEPH HENDRICKS, PRESIDENT
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MR. C. W. AYCOCK, SECRETARY
MR. JOHNNY GLUSTROM, TREASURER
MRS. FRANCES PAULEY, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
MR. HUBERT THOMAS
MR. PAUL WAHRHAFTIG

and local feds, with many counties, as well as the state offices -- they often get discouraged. We hope that now we will be able to give more guidance and develop an active Atlanta program, inner city and suburbs with eventually a coordinating council.

Paul, we think success will be impossible without the support of SRC. I do not mean more money or even a great amount of time. I mean for us to have the confidence that SRC is supporting our efforts.

Perhaps in the near future, you, Ed, Al Henry and I could discuss this.

Tell Ed the Washington meeting was good. I am,

Sincerely yours,

Frances

Mrs. Frances Pauley
Executive Director

FP/es

File
Ga. Council
Cr. ref.
Field Fd. 1967

ES
MJ-/ie

February 23, 1967

Dr. Les Dunbar
The Field Foundation
250 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10017

Dear Les:

We have been so caught up in school desegregation - what to do and where - and when-that I have failed to write to you concerning Baker. We have had fine area meetings on school desegregation during the last month plus one Welfare training session. I feel that I have meetings coming out my ears.

Our Council moved ahead with Federal Programs for Baker. The people from the county who met with us wanted these programs. The surplus commodities program is under way. Along with the food is a home management program. This brings not only the extra food to a family but some cash money into many households as well as the educational information concerning food preparation.

The second program which is about to be underway is under Title III B Migrant and Seasonal Workers. This will bring around $100,000 into Baker in the next year, as well as the educational advantages. This gives the head of the household $30 aweek while he spends part time on basic and vocational education.

Our problem is that Charles Sherrod is in truth opposed to any Federal programs. He feels this is part of the "establishment" and he wishes to fight it. In spite of his active opposition however, these programs are moving ahead. The people want them and want them badly.

Tuesday we met in Baker. Charles Sherrod and I had agreed to have the interested agencies come to Baker. The following people came:

Mrs. Septima Clark, Dorothy Cotton, Mr. Johnson - SCLC
Winifred Green - American Friends Service Committee
Ed Stanfield, Marvin Wall, Thad Olive - SRC
Jac Wasserman, James Mayes, - National Sharecroppers
Frances Pauley, Hubert Thomas - Georgia Council.

We met at a local church with Sherrod and about 10 of his young SIM followers, (I guess they were all SIM, I know 6 or 7 were). The local movement sat apart from Sherrod with some 25 or so people present. There was an absence of some of the movement (local) men. It was reported that they were "helping with the hunt". In closer questioning it seemed they were helping the white folks on and off the horses - holding the horses while they transferred to the "carts" - tended the dogs and birds, etc., etc. I really felt, Les, like it was the middle ages.

We reviewed Baker's progress. Besides our work with federal programs, the SCLC Citizenship classes were going well. Nine classes were underway under the leaders who had trained under Septima and Dorothy.

Also, the VEP Project has not been too successful in the eyes of the SRC office but 127 are newly registered voters. We hope for more.

We discussed ways the community might use the $5000 grant. Then we discussed a new proposal to Field. A committee volunteered to work on the new proposal. Les, I'm afraid we can't effect a significant change in Baker. The economical situation is too hopeless, but we <u>are</u> helping those local people to struggle with their own problems. I really like those people. They are so great. I don't know when we will come up with the proposal. It depends first on the local people and second on the sincere efforts of the agencies. We will see about that as time progresses.

Hope the family is well. After two more Saturdays of meetings, I hope to rest a bit at least one day a week.

Please send us your ideas. I <u>do</u> wish I had a tenth your power of understanding and analyzing.

Come to see us!

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. Frances Pauley
Executive Director

FP/es
cc: Paul Anthony
Joseph Hendricks

Georgia Council ON HUMAN RELATIONS
52 Fairlie Street, N. W. • 404/525-6468 • Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Rec'd 2/27/67

file

February 23, 1967

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul:

We received your letter of last week. It clarifies some points. I do very much hope we can have a face to face conversation in the futrue. I will await a call from your secretary to set a time convenient to you.

I think a discussion with Ed and you about our major problem "Atlanta" is long overdue. I brought the subject up with Ed some months ago. He said he did not wish to discuss Atlanta with me. I was shocked since Atlanta has always been our major problem and since the metropolitian area is 1/3 of the population of Georgia.

However, I'm long used to living with disappointments. We moved ahead with our work in the best way we could determine.

I don't know what you mean by "But through the city and through the countryside and through some of our philanthropists' offices I run into comment and rumor and implication that do bother me." I have always attempted to maintain a professional attitude about my superiors and my staff. If there is an instance when I have not worked for SRC in talks with "philanthropies" I'd really like to know and clear it up.

The only thing I can possibly think of is that many people reading the publicity asked me about the Ford grant and our new wealth and would tell them what our share was, as well as try to explain the relationship of SRC and the many state councils. Sometimes people were surprised when

MR. JOSEPH HENDRICKS, PRESIDENT
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MR. C. W. AYCOCK, SECRETARY
MR. JOHNNY GLUSTROM, TREASURER
MR. HUBERT THOMAS
MR. PAUL WAHRHAFTIG

they heard that we didn't have many thousands of dollars from Ford.

I have often spoken to people in New York of the necessity of the Southwide Council movement not just our own needs.

The reasons I have felt (and these feelings are shared by many of our board) that you have been much more cooperative with the Unitarians and Eliza than with the affiliated groups in that you continually accept invitations from the disaffiliated group in making public appearances in Atlanta and rarely find it possible to attend our functions. This has been noticable by our members, by many of the inter group relations people and has sometimes proven embarrassing to our group.

Many people have thought an active publicity campaign on our part would help the situation. Following your suggestion of last year I have hesitated.

Excuse me for taking your time. You are busy as we are with what we hope and pray is a useful program.

May I reiterate --

SRC and the Georgia Council and the other State Councils are one in the eyes of our philanthropists and of the public. We will win or lose together. I hope the future will mean a closer cooperation and a united effort that will be meaningful to us all.

Sincerely yours,

Frances

Mrs. Frances Pauley
Executive Director

FP/es

Georgia Council ON HUMAN RELATIONS
52 Fairlie Street, N. W. • 404/525-6468 • Atlanta, Georgia 30303

LES
MJ - file

Rec'd 2/28/67
File Ga. Council

February 27, 1967

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul:

The enclosed is a copy of a letter we received after the Welfare meeting in Macon. The "green book" referred to is the manual we gave everyone.

Mr. Ross is an elderly man but is no Uncle Tom. He is a delight to know. I hope we can get a Chapter in Waycross.

Sincerely yours,

Frances

Mrs. Frances Pauley
Executive Director

FP/es
Encl.

Thanks for the grant that made this possible!

MR. JOSEPH HENDRICKS, PRESIDENT
THE REVEREND AUSTIN FORD, FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT
REV. C. S. HAMILTON, SECOND VICE-PRESIDENT
MR. C. W. AYCOCK, SECRETARY
MR. JOHNNY GLUSTROM, TREASURER
MRS. FRANCES PAULEY, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
MR. HUBERT THOMAS
MR. PAUL WAHRHAFTIG

Elder J. E. Ross
913 Daniel Street
WAYCROSS, GEORGIA

VICE PRESIDENT OF THE
KEYSTONE VOTERS & CIVIC LEAGUE

One of The
District Commissioners of
The Central District of The
Boy Scouts of America
Okefenokee Area Council

February 22,1967.

The Georgia Council on Human Relations.
52 Fairlie Street N. W.
Atlanta Georgia 30303.
Mrs Frances Pauley Executive Director.

Dear Executive Director.

Your letter of February 20 1967 was recieved, read, examined carefuly and considered fruitful. I am replying to it. The thanks for attending the Macon meeting, in my mind we owe you thanks for inviting us there. Shows that we are enterested in knowing our rights, every one has a right and will profit by his right if he knows it.

The green book, I would look on it as the poor man's bible and feel that every one should study to know it be it male or female, White or colored, then each of us - will know where we stand.

Get the people together that attended the Macon meeting and add others if needed, I called the Macon committee together Monday February 20th and planned a special committee and choised 25 name and will meet with these 25 Teusday March 1st. I have one man that is good on this type of work and we are at work suveying already.

Now Mrs Pauley, to save money, time and feelings, if you will have one person in a vininity to contact and let this person communicate with the others in the vicinity it will make a leader in the community and every one will not feel that he is much of a leader as any one else because some time every one want to lead and no one want to follow and you will not be able to get much done.

I am sendind you a copy of the proposed letter sent to this special committee.

Yours truly.
J.E. Ross,
Rev. J.E. Ross.

Elder J. E. Ross
913 Daniel Street
WAYCROSS, GEORGIA

VICE PRESIDENT OF THE
KEYSTONE VOTERS & CIVIC LEAGUE

One of The
District Commissioners of
The Central District of The
Boy Scouts of America
Okefenokee Area Council

February 22,1967.

Dear Mrs Jordan.

There has been a series of meetings held in various places by some of the dedicated citizens of the state of Georgia, combined with white and negroes" to meet the needs of humanity.This group became so strong until it has been incorporated, it is a state wide organization,it is known as The Georgia Council on Human Relations,

Representation from your community has met many of of the meeting and seen the benefit, and calling special persons to help meet the needs of the people, we choosen you as one of the special persons. to meet with us Wednesday night March 1st 1967 at the Paridise Cafe on Oak St in the city to help us complete our plans Time, 8 oclock. Please except and attend. Refreshment will be served.

Sincerity your representatives

Elder J. E. Ross Chairman
Rev L.T. Toson.
E. E. Moore.
Mrs Pinkie L. Burse.
Wm. Henderson Secretary.

put on mailing list

File
Georgia Council

April 27, 1967

Mrs. Frances Pauley
Executive Director
Georgia Council on Human Relations
52 Fairlie Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Frances:

The enclosed came today and has been answered as enclosed. We would prefer working through you and making any payment necessary to the Georgia Council. Incidentally, I would hope that NCDH has some money to help in this. They received a grant last year from Field to enable them to encourage communities around the country in this regard.

Are you interested in taking this one on?

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosures: See ltr dtd. 4/24/67 from James M. Hinton, Jr. of the Greater Augusta Council on Hum. Rels

File
Ga. Council

May 11, 1967

Mrs. Frances Pauley
Executive Director
Georgia Council on Human Relations
52 Fairlie Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Frances:

Enclosed is our check for $200 to support the Georgia Council's work in technological unemployment.

At your convenience please acknowledge receipt of these funds on the enclosed carbon copy and return it to us.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosure - 1. ($200.00)

Georgia Council ON HUMAN RELATIONS
52 Fairlie Street, N. W. • 404/525-6468 • Atlanta, Georgia 30303

May 10, 1967

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul:

Last month I talked with you about SRC finding some funds to help Mr. Robert Ingram pay rent on a building so he could start his Laundramat. I don't believe you sent it to us. If it is inconvenient skip it but if you can you know we need it. I sent him the $200. This did the trick as far as getting the building. The last I heard the Health Department was giving some trouble about giving the O.K. A Negro just better not try to make a living in Sparta, Georgia! I hope it will all get worked out. Anyway, we did what we could to help.

Come to see us!

Sincerely yours,

Frances Pauley

Mrs. Frances Pauley
Executive Director

FP/es

MR. JOSEPH HENDRICKS, PRESIDENT
MRS. FRANCES PAULEY, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
THE REVEREND AUSTIN FORD, FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT
REV. C. S. HAMILTON, SECOND VICE-PRESIDENT
MRS. HARRY V. RICHARDSON, SECRETARY
MR. JOHNNY GLUSTROM, TREASURER
THE REVEREND OLIVER W. HOLMES, ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR

File
Ga. Council on
Hum. Rels.

hold -
Orig &
green c.c.
PA/

August 1, 1967

Mr. Joseph Hendricks
President
Georgia Council on Human Relations
52 Fairlie Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Joe:

Thank you for your letter of July 24.

After spending several days trying to put a first response in writing, it has occurred to me that a meeting such as you propose is the first - and pressing - order of business.

I shall be happy and eager to meet with you and a representative group of the Georgia Council Executive Committee at the earliest possible time.

At the moment my only commitment which cannot be cancelled is August 11.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

August 2, 1967

PA from ES

I would estimate the minimum grant-in-aid for the Georgia Council in 1968 at approximately $9,100.00 and the maximum at approximately $14,100.00. This is calculated in the following manner:

The grant to the GCHR in 1967 was $14,600, which is slightly less than ten percent (9.9%) of the $147,000 total available after deducting $3,000 for the Mitchell Award and field activities contingencies. As you have suggested, we probably should have a larger contingency fund in 1968, but an additional $2,000 can easily be shaved from the current grant schedule. (The Mississippi Council alone could--and probably should--be $2,000 less.) Therefore we need figure only about $6,000 additional deduction for Austin and Dallas -- or a total of approximately $9,000 from the amount available.

If the minimum $100,000 should be the total available, and assuming that the GCHR would get about the same proportion of the net amount, their grant would be about $9,100.00. Likewise $14,100.00 would be their share of the maximum amount.

PA

See Ga. Council

1 - Total 1966 28,600.00
2 - Their fiscal year 10/1/65 - 9/30/66 24,150.00

July 26, 1967

file

RHA from ES

When you or Priscilla have the time, Paul would like to have (1) the total amount SRC has given the Georgia Council during calendar year 1966, including all small grants incidental to special projects, welfare studies, etc., and (2) the total amount given them during their fiscal year October 1, 1965, through September 30, 1966.

Paul suggests that this could best be obtained from the receipt carbon copies of the letters of transmittal. He says that it probably would not be reflected in the audit figures.

10/6/65	Reg.	1,200.00
11/29/65	RAP	3,000.00
1/26/66	Reg.	1,150.00
1/26/66	RAP	3,000.00
2/24/66	Ford	2,250.00
3/31/66	Reg.	1,150.00
4/28/66	RAP	3,000.00
7/1/66	Reg.	1,150.00
7/1/66	RAP	3,000.00
7/6/66	Ford	2,250.00
8/19/66	"	2,250.00
8/8/66	Welfare	750.00
		24,150.00

10/13/66	RAP	3,000.-
10/25/66	Gen	1,150.-
11/15/66	Ford	2,250.-
12/13/66	Welfare Pilgrims	2,250.00

Joe
Ga. Council on
Human Rels

August 14, 1967

Professor Joseph Hendricks
Mercer University
Macon, Georgia

Dear Joe:

Please forgive me this long delay in thanking you for your help in our get-together. I am genuinely grateful.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

Ret to PA

August 1, 1967

Mr. Joseph Hendricks
President
Georgia Council on Human Relations
52 Fairlie Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Joe:

Thank you for your letter of July 24.

After spending several days trying to put a first response in writing, it has occurred to me that a meeting such as you propose is the first - and pressing - order of business.

I shall be happy and eager to meet with you and a representative group of the Georgia Council Executive Committee at the earliest possible time.

At the moment my only commitment which cannot be cancelled is August 11.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/km

Georgia Council ON HUMAN RELATIONS
52 Fairlie Street, N. W. • 404/525-6468 • Atlanta, Georgia 30303

July 24, 1967

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul,

The Executive Committee of the Georgia Council on Human Relations met on July 20, 1967, and discussed at length "A Position Paper on Future Roles and Relationships of the Southern Regional Council and the Councils on Human Relations." The Committee has instructed me to provide you with a summary of our views.

The Committee is distressed over the prospects that the present financial arrangment between the Georgia Council and the Southern Regional Council will be terminated in 1968. The Georgia Council has long hoped for the day when we would achieve financial independence, and in recent years we have taken specific steps to hasten that day by strengthening our financial structure. Even with these efforts in financial development, however, we feel like Alice in Wonderland --- "running as fast as we can to stay where we are." In order to respond effectively to the critical social problems of our state which grow daily more complex, we have made limited expansions in our program and staff, and any cut back will mean that we shall have to curtail our work either in rural areas or in the inner city or in both. Such a cut back must not occur at this time when the agencies committed to an approach of "black and white together," already too few, are steadily decreasing in number.

The Committee feels that there is need for considerable clarification concerning the program under which grants for special projects will be available to state councils. Although the Paper holds forth the hope that these grants will include substantial amounts for overheads, we are sure that you will agree that this form of financial assistance provides little assurance for maintaining a

MR. JOSEPH HENDRICKS, PRESIDENT
THE REVEREND AUSTIN FORD, FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT
REV. C. S. HAMILTON, SECOND VICE-PRESIDENT
MR. C. W. AYCOCK, SECRETARY
MR. JOHNNY GLUSTROM, TREASURER
MRS. FRANCES PAULEY, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
MR. HUBERT THOMAS
MR. PAUL WAHRHAFTIG

staff and meeting general operating expenses. We anticipate great difficulty in retaining and recruiting qualified personnel if we must say to them that their job security depends largely upon project grants sporadically awarded. Furthermore, the Committee feels that this change in SRC's program of financial support for state councils deprives the councils of a consistent basis of support but at the same time leaves the councils dependent upon or in competition with SRC and retains for the SRC a vital arm for field programs.

While the councils will be inevitably dependent upon SRC, the Paper does not clearly state that the councils will enjoy a special relationship to SRC. Rather the implication is that the councils will stand in line with other agencies which do not have an historical relationship to SRC and may even possibly be in conflict and actually impede the organizing efforts of the state councils, efforts which must be successful if the financial independence called for by the Paper is achieved with all possible speed. Please be assured that this observation transcends certain organizational rivalries well known to us both; it suggests the necessity of a choice between developing one strong organization which can pack the punch needed to meet the complex and entrenched social problems of our time or several weaker organizations which dissipate all too much of their time and resources with infighting, rather than in an healthy pluralism of action.

One additional concern must be recorded. The Paper does not recognize what may prove to be a basic conflict between the purpose of the state councils and the suggested revision in financial structure. If the program of the councils is to be relevant in our time, it must invlove the poor, and this involvement must be meaningful. They must compose a large part, perhaps the majority, of the membership: they must share largely in the operation and control of the organizations; in a real sense, the councils must belong to them. Compelled now by the necessity for financial independence more pessimistically, for survival -- will the councils turn their attention to the middle class, black and white, without knowing fully that they have turned away from the poor. Will their programs become what this middle class will permit? Will we lose what is left of the militant spirit which has inspired us to take on structures and patterns of

this society which are indeed powers and principalities? Either of us can prepare a long list of organizations and agencies which set out to defeat these principalities and powers and now sadly have been gobbled up by the enemy they set out to defeat. Sadder still, many think they are still fighting the enemy whom in actuality they serve.

I hope you will agree that these concerns of the Committee merit further discussion and I hope you will bend your schedule to include a discussion of this vital matter with a representative group from the Georgia Council Executive Committee at the earliest possible time.

With all best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

Joseph Hendricks (cm)

Joseph Hendricks
President

JH/cm

file
Ga. Council

~~EG~~
MJ-pl

MERCER UNIVERSITY
MACON, GEORGIA

OFFICE OF
THE DEAN OF MEN

August 22, 1967

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul:

Thank you for your letter of August 14, 1967. I should like also to thank you for arranging the meeting with the members of the Georgia Council Executive Committee. I have a feeling that things are going to work out all right, although it may take some time. We shall do what we can to maintain open and responsible conversation through the transition.

Yours very truly,

Joseph M. Hendricks

Joseph M. Hendricks

JMH/yb

From the Desk of — Frances Pauley

Georgia Council on Human Relations

C P K file Gen. Council

Oct 1, 1967

Dear Joe, -

after careful consideration I find it necessary to resign the position of Executive Director of the Georgia Council on Human Relations to take effect Oct 1, 1967 -

I wish to express to you and the board my deep appreciation for giving me the opportunity of working with the Council - The past six and a half years have indeed been exciting and rewarding. I will always be grateful to the Council for giving me this opportunity of playing a small part in the current Movement -

The past three years under your leadership have been particularly happy years. I thank you. I believe the Council is in a stable condition. I also believe

From the Desk of — *Frances Pauley*

Georgia Council on Human Relations

that under new direction it will continue its growth and usefulness in the state.

I hope, too, that our paths will cross often and that we will have another opportunity to work together in the future —

Sincerely —

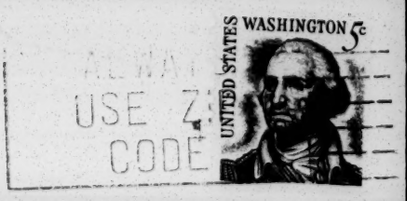
Frances —

Dear Paul & Ed, —

I shall recommend to my executive committee that they work closely with you in having a new director in order to have a close working relationship with SRC —

Frances

943 Clifton Rd
Atlanta, Ga —



Mr Paul Anthony & Ed Mansfield
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth St
Atlanta
Ga 30303

See Ga. Council

September 19, 1967

Mr. John Glustrom
3030 Peachtree Road, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Johnny:

This letter is written to you with reluctance, certainly with sadness, but more importantly because of a concern we both share -- that the Georgia Council be a strong and effective agency in this state.

Most probably this should be directed to the President of the Georgia Council, but it is written not officially but personally (you may, however, wish to share it with Mrs. Pauley.)

The Georgia Council is in the most serious danger. It may not survive, but if it does that survival may be insignificant. Either way this would be -- in my most considered and honest opinion -- not a matter of any policy of the Southern Regional Council or of any opinion of any SRC staff person. It would be rather because of a sense of defeatism and mistrust that has

been so infused into the policy leadership of the Georgia Council that effective and positive action is seriously endangered.

It is very unstandable that the Director of the Georgia Council had to leave the Gatlinburg meeting at an early stage to attend the meeting in Atlanta. It is, however, most regrettable that a major meeting was being conducted without the participation of the Director of the Georgia Council, a situation that has been all too frequent during past years.

It is, however, inexcusable that any individual would assume the responsibility of reporting the results of a three-day meeting having attended less than one-half of it, even though that individual did take a most vigorous part in the portion of the meeting attended.

I found it a matter of concern for me to return from Gatlinburg a day before the meeting ended with a hand-written copy of a resolution to be typed here for our Executive Committee, and to find in Atlanta copies of the action -- later partly repudiated -- already mimeographed and in the mails.

This incident is by no means important enough in itself to be a matter of issue, except for what it reveals and what I sincerely feel is a larger pattern. I have every reason to believe that you were seriously mis-informed about the procedures of the Gatlinburg meeting. Much more importantly, I am concerned over whether or not the policy leadership of the Georgia Council has been so mis-informed generally as to be incapable of making sound policy decisions.

There has been created among much of the policy leadership of the Georgia Council a hatred for me and possibly others on the SRC staff, and certainly a distrust of the Southern Regional Council.

Who has done this and to what end?

Individuals are relatively insignificant to the goals of the agencies in which we are involved. Certainly that applies to me here. But we all are crucial if because of our presence and activities the goals of our agencies are threatened or damaged.

If I understand correctly the Georgia Council leadership has several serious grievances against the SRC. They are:

(1) We do not sufficiently appreciate the state councils;

(2) We are prepared to abandon them.

Enclosed is a memorandum now being sent to those who attended the Gatlinburg meeting. Further, I appeal to your sense of logic. I ask you to look at the inescapable record.

...During the past two years the Georgia Council has had unprecedented financial support from the Southern Regional Council.

...You have recently attended a meeting at which we pledged our support for the coming year. I feel you were reasonably satisfied with the pledge and with the process of it.

...For the past two years the Georgia Council has been the <u>single, largest recipient of SRC financial support</u>.

...Whatever now exists as differences over the mechanics of future support, the mere existence of our give-and-take with state council leadership is

at least an indication of the seriousness with which SRC is attempting to develop mutually desirable "mechanics" so that support can continue.

I urge you Johnny, judge this agency and its personnel on their records and please consider whether or not there is any fairer basis for measuring the future.

Quite apart from me or anyone else in our agency, Georgia needs a strong and effective Council. I beg you with every good intent and a sincere admiration of the concern and leadership you have given this important movement, look deeply at the sickness that has overtaken and harmed us all.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

P. S. -- The above was written before I read the statement in the minutes of the last meeting of the Georgia Council to the effect of SRC's "severing financial aid to state councils." Frankly, I wrote the letter last week and sat on it for some time, debating whether or not it would be helpful to send it. The minutes convinced me I must. How could such a statement be made? You met with us in the special committee -- we talked at length and with serious disagreement about continued general support vs. special support. But, whatever our differences all our conversation, all

Post Script (continued)

documents from SRC, all statements have been concerned with kinds of support. How could an official document of the Georgia Council inform its members that SRC had announced the intent to sever financial aid?

P.A.

JOHN GLUSTROM
1860 WELLBOURNE DRIVE N.E.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30324

Sept. 22, 1967

Dear Paul;

The past few weeks have been trying ones for me, as I see they have been for you & Francis.

When Francis shocked me with news of her resignation, my first reaction was to save her priceless years of experience + training, + her unquestionably excellent program, so vital to the human relations wasteland I sometimes feel we occupy. Her resignation was quickly followed officially by Al Henry + unofficially by Mr Thomas + the President elect Rev. Hamilton. It felt that years of effort were going down the drain, almost 20 years.

I did what I could to reverse & revert, but things were too far gone before I ever knew the depth of feeling you both possessed, & the extent of differences in methology & operation.

Francis reasons expressed to me were basically those discussed at our meeting with you:

1. SRC was programming & spending in the State, never consulting her or her staff, or inviting them to important meetings, or even informing them as to these areas of interest.

2. There was a personal dislike of or bitterness towards them by yourself & Stanfill.

3. A tightening of a financial noose around them by the proposed program paper.

4. A change of the basic philosophical approach expected of State Councils, a tempering & shaping of action to cater to local money, as interpreted out of the program paper.

(3)

JOHN GLUSTROM
1860 WELLBOURNE DRIVE N.E.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30324

I have always been very fond of you, Paul, & have felt utmost confidence in your ability. Because of yourself & the others you've attracted on the staff I've felt, on faith, you must have a fine, valuable program, though so little has been said or written about it, that even I, until very recently, did not know what areas it was in.

I would do my utmost to help you & SRC, but certainly I'd not want to hamper your SRC. I was willing & am willing & ready to take your expressed intentions at our meeting to be sincere,

and it to be your policy for the future.

As I understood it these items were

1. Due to the Foundations philosophies we'd need to alter our fund requests to work in pre-specified areas, & so request our funds.

2. You would continue to use your best efforts, however, to help us get vitally needed bread & butter money for regular operations, and you realized the vital nature of such monies.

3. That you would see to it that our staff was informed whenever feasible of of your efforts in the State, & they would be invited to, whenever practicable, attend meetings on State problems, & be of help both ways to SRC & Ga. C. in efforts to solve these problems.

(5)

JOHN GLUSTROM
1860 WELLBOURNE DRIVE N.E.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30324

4. That you would give serious consideration towards bolstering the often weak status of the State Council by funnelling whatever monies you felt advisable of that which you spent in the State through the State Council.

We have recently hired a new man, John McCown, who will be up to see you for your help & guidance. I have requested that he get to know you & SRC, & work closely with you. With him on the job I am willing to forget the unfortunate past impasse, & work with you towards a better future. I shall do my utmost to steer our Board into this direction. You mention a feeling of defeatism & mistrust in our Board.

In this I think you're reading our Board wrongly, Paul. The draft document on policy was like a bombshell, however, & we're all greatly relieved that it has been gracefully abandoned. The Board will be no problem as the future bears out your spirit & efforts towards co-operation. No one can quarrel with that sort of action.

Please do your utmost to get our new man off to an effective start. He's somewhat an unknown quantity, & we'll need all your help in evaluating his effectiveness & performance.

Remember, Paul, we're all to look towards the future, & forget the past problems. The job is too big & important to load ourselves with chains.

Sincerely,
John

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Mr. Paul Anthony
So Southern Regional Council
Forsyth St NW
Atlanta, Ga.

ms-file

Georgia Council ON HUMAN RELATIONS
52 Fairlie Street, N. W. • 404/525-6468 • Atlanta, Georgia 30303

file

October 23, 1967

The Rev. C. S. Hamilton
1224 Gwinnett Street
Augusta, Georgia 30901

Dear Rev. Hamilton:

We have a good report on our trip to New York, I am sure that John doesn't realize the full significance of his success because he doesn't know those Foundation people like I do. I have never had the fine reception that he had. After all the hullabaloo here, it made me so thankful. I told him I would write a report since he has so much work to do.

Our first call was to our old friends, the Norman Fund, Deborah Cole is the director. When John talked about the need for funds to really do a job in Georgia -- of a budget of $300,000 rather than the $70,000, she said, 'Great'. She said that we talked more sense than any people that had been in her office lately. She said we seemed to understand what is happening in this country. Really, it was great. She promised the usual support (they do not give extremely large grants) and said perhaps they even might double it. But when we got a big proposal ready she would like to see it and have a small part in it, also.

I was glad this was such a good interview since it was the first. Then we went to see Les Dunbar, Field Foundation. This was beyond all expectations. He said we would have this year not only the grant that we had had before but also the portion of the SRC grant which had come to us through SRC. His great concern was to keep John from becoming discouraged. He had various suggestions about other Foundations. He advised us to go to see Ford and told us the person to contact. He told us to keep in touch with him during the week and he would help in any and every way he could. He liked John and John seemed to understand and like Les.

REV. C. S. HAMILTON, PRESIDENT
THE REVEREND AUSTIN FORD, FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT
MR. C. W. AYCOCK, SECRETARY
MR. JOHNNY GLUSTROM, TREASURER
MR. JOHN L. MCCOWN, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
MR. HUBERT THOMAS

We made a new contact which came through one of John's OEO contacts. He had called me just before we left giving me the information. The man is named Bill Haddad. He is an extremely wealthy New Yorker who has just set up a new business, U.S. Research and Development, Inc. This concern is attempting to work with business in employment problems. I doubt if any money comes out of this at the moment. The interview was very good but right now Haddad wants to get his show on the road. An excellent contact for the future in program and maybe funds.

Next we went to see Vernon Eagle. He was charming and complimentary as always. I'm sure he will give a grant before the end of the year if we handle it right. He is difficult. But his influence and his word in the New York circles are more important than his money. His foundation doesn't ever give us large grants. The trouble is they have such a minute way of checking on how we spend every dime. The Know Your Rights Project was financed by them and nearly drove us crazy, since it was a joint project with ACLU. He is a banker. In an operation like ours it's hard to keep account of where every postage stamp goes. However, John was really quick to grasp his ideas and will make a request.

We then steeled ourselves for the big moment -- Ford. We in no way wanted to jeopardize SRC's money. But we wanted to preserve our work in Georgia. We did a lot of planning our approach. Father Ford was terrific, John absolutely marvelous. We learned much of the Ford approach to giving and some of the difficulties in getting a grant through. We came away with mixed feelings. But mine are optimistic. They gave John some definite suggestions as to how - when - and where. In conversation with Les later he said he would be glad to help John with the proposal. This is a real hope for year after next, a very real hope.

We had lunch with our good friend at American Can. We are in the budget for another year at the same as this year, but Mr. Eugene Thomas said he would see if it could not be increased.

Mr. Glickenhaus was most impressed with John. He has promised a sizable increase and had promised to use his influence with his friends. I did not go with John for this

appointment. I thought (and was right) that the two would have a great time together. You should hear how much John now knows about stocks and bonds.

A telephone contact from John to the Kaplan Fund sounded good. They said 'send a proposal'. I have never been able to reach them. We failed to get in to see Rockefeller Brothers. We failed to get in the Stern Family Fund.

We had tea with Miss Anna Lord Strauss. Although she is an old personal friend, she will continue to support John. The interview was good.

I had an interview with a rich lady who is talking of setting up a new Fund. She says she is tired of giving to the Colleges. This may come to something. Who knows?

We were rushed with appointments. It takes time to get around in New York. Oh, yes, we had a good chat with Morris Abram. He might use his influence with the many places where he goes. He thinks what we have done in rural Georgia is great. There is talk that he might run for Congress against Javits. The last thing I heard was that he isn't going to run, but Wagner will. You must meet him sometime, Rev. Hamilton. Maybe he would talk at some conference.

I guess that was about it. We talked to a few more -- were entertained a couple of nights. John made the biggest hit of all with a group of extremely sophisticated people in the publishing world. People like the editor of the Book Review Section of the New York Times, and all sorts of fancy people. We had been asked because one of the editors of Random House was trying to convince me that I should write a book. Well -- it was a night I will never forget. John was trying to explain how you organize a group. So he then said - well, I'll show you. So he organized the cocktail party. He had every soul present in one group - then he made a speech about his job and particularly about Father Ford's Emmaus House and what an integrated group can do working together. The speech was so great that there was not a dry eye in the place.

After a week with that young man, Rev. Hamilton, I don't know how long he will last with the hypocrites in Georgia but

if we can support that talented kid the Council will truly be great. We are lucky. And we can get our budget this year. And a much larger budget next year. The only doubt I have is - will the enemies give us a chance? There is so much to do and so short a time and so few people who know how to really operate. We must succeed.

Please know that you will have my support. I will be doing a little field work for Inc. for the next month but my family can tell you where I can be reached.

I'm still sorry that I didn't have the chance to work as director with you as chairman but that's life! Good luck. Let me know how I can help.

Sincerely,

Mrs. Frances Pauley
es

Mrs. Frances Pauley

FP/es

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

NAME OR SUBJECT

Georgia Council on Human Relations

REGARDING

$12,500 for general support retroactive to Oct. 1, 1967

DATE

11-22-67

(SEE)
NAME OR SUBJECT

FIELD FOUNDATION

File Ga. Council

December 11, 1967

Mr. John McCowan
Executive Director
Georgia Council on Human Relations
52 Fairlie Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear John:

This is to express my very sincere regrets at being unable to attend your meeting on Friday. Things simply got away from me and I could not get there.

Also, please know how happy I was to see that you arranged to have both Ed Stanfield and Eliza Paschall on the program. That is practicing real human relations, and I not only appreciate it, but respect you for doing this.

Let's plan on lunch some day when you are free.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

See Ga. Council

December 13, 1967

Mr. John McCowan
Executive Director
Georgia Council on Human Relations
52 Fairlie Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear John:

Enclosed is our check for $89.31 representing a portion of a gift of stock from Mr. Nat Welch (2112 Castleway Drive, Atlanta, Georgia). Mr. Welch has requested that this amount be forwarded to you as his contribution to the Georgia Council.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj
Enclosure - 1. (Check: $89.31)

Health Conference

April 27, 1945

Dr. Comer Woodward
Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Woodward:

As I promised at our little meeting yesterday, I am putting in writing the substance of the thoughts which we had in mind concerning a possible movement for better health in Georgia.

Our proposal grew out of the realization that there is a great need for an educational campaign on the subject of health so that popular sentiment will be aroused to the point that it will demand a more energetic and effective health program for the citizens of Georgia. We know that the United States Public Health Service, Farm Security, and other agencies have health plans and programs, but that the general public is uninformed and apathetic as far as these plans are concerned. We know also that Dr. Abercrombie prepared an excellent survey of health needs in Georgia and that this report was buried beneath an avalanche of cheap politics. The main idea which we have in mind, then, is to "let the people know"—let them know about poor health and human waste in Georgia and about the possible ways of remedying these conditions.

There are various ways in which such an object could be approached but it seemed to us that the following plan is probably best.

1. Setting up a Coordinating Committee on Health. If any one organization undertook to sponsor the program at present it might prejudice the chances for success. Bringing together a large number of organizations which have a direct or indirect interest in health programs is not only the best procedure for sponsoring the movement, but is a good method of channeling the educational aspects of the movement down to the rank and file membership of the cooperating organizations. The representatives of interested agencies could come together for preliminary discussion. It is hoped that they would set up a Coordinating Committee and that this committee would sponsor the type of activities mentioned below.

2. State-wide Health Conference. A state-wide conference would be a good means of focusing attention upon the health situation in Georgia. Such a conference would be sponsored by the Coordinating Committee, and would be attended by representatives of cooperating agencies, although additional people might be brought in if travel regulations permit. The minimum aims of the conference would be: (a) To present authentic material, preferably from Dr. Abercrombie's report, on health conditions

in Georgia; (b) To present a certain amount of expert discussion of what has been done elsewhere by public or private agencies in the field of low cost medical care; (c) To discuss pending health legislation such as Senate Bill 191; (d) To develop a feeling of cooperation on the part of the participating agencies and to lay plans for continuing the work of the Coordinating Committee on Health.

3. Preparation of Educational Materials. There is available an amazing amount of valuable information on health and medical care, but very little of this material ever reaches the general reader. One great service which a Coordinating Committee on Health could render would be the preparation and distribution of simple and graphic literature on health and medical care. The Southern Regional Council is working on such literature at present, and I understand the Southern Conference for Human Welfare is doing likewise. No doubt, other agencies such as the Citizens Fact Finding Movement have material which could be quickly put into shape for popular consumption. It would be helpful if some of this literature could be distributed before the state-wide conference is held, but this is not absolutely essential. The main thing is that such literature be prepared and that channels for wide distribution be opened up through the cooperating agencies. We can count on a great deal of help from newspapers in Georgia if we provide them with interesting feature articles and graphic material.

A good start is always very important. The representatives of cooperating agencies should be called together by some person of unquestioned integrity who is free from political entanglements or pressures. No one in Georgia is better qualified than you are to take the lead in this movement. We realize that you are trying to "take it easy" after many years of strenuous service, and we would not urge upon you a responsibility which will burden you too much. However, if you can see your way clear to act as convenor of the Coordinating Committee and to help plan the conference, several of us will do our best to relieve you of mechanical details. Also, we feel reasonably sure that at the conference some plan for long range sponsorship of the movement would develop so that you might, if you wished, give up chief responsibility with the knowledge that it is in good hands.

I rather envy you for your opportunity to get away from active service and enjoy life as it should be enjoyed, but I do hope that you will decide to take the lead in the initial stage of this movement for better health in Georgia. We eagerly await your final decision.

Very best wishes from all of us,

Sincerely yours,

GUY B. JOHNSON
Executive Director

GBJ: j

cc: Miss Margaret Fisher

May 17, 1945

Mr. Kenneth E. Pohlmann
2863 South Abingdon Street
Fairlington
Arlington, Virginia

Dear Mr. Pohlmann:

This is to let you know that we are working on the project of a rural health meeting. We have found that there are many more obstacles to such a meeting than we expected to find. I will keep you advised from time to time.

It was really good to be with you, Dr. Mott, and Dr. Newdorp.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. MAE E. TILLY

MET:m

2868 So. Abingdon Street
Fairlington
Arlington, Virginia
May 1, 1945

Mrs. M. E. Tilley
1013 Highland View, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Telley:

There is enclosed a copy of the talk I made before the Southeast Post-War Planning Committee at Atlanta last week. It covers pretty much the same things which we discussed with Miss Fisher, Mr. Johnson and yourself at the hotel. I meant to get in touch with you on Wednesday morning but was delayed until train time with several appointments previously made.

It is my suggestion that every effort be made to get a health conference meeting called for Georgia in the near future. There is no need to set up a separate organization to carry out this job so long as you have a joint council on health representing the various groups. I firmly believe that the health issue is ripe for a real airing in your State and that it can provide a medium for closer cooperation between urban and rural groups. It can be particularly effective in bringing the trade union groups to support a positive health program for rural areas.

Dr. Newdorp may need to be pushed a little bit on this matter since he is inclined to use "cloakroom tactics" in a situation which calls for "grass roots action". I am sure the experience which Dr. Abercrombie has had with the State Legislature on his program should serve as a lesson to those of us who feel that an issue like health can be won by working only with a few insiders.

Please let us know what action you people plan to take and whether or not we can assist you by getting national leaders of the right sort for any meetings which you hold.

Sincerely

Ken

Kenneth E. Pohlmann

Enclosure

The Problem of Transforming Post-War Planning Activities on Rural Health and Sanitation Into Definite Plans of Action

Kenneth E. Pohlmann

Today's session of the Regional Post-War Planning Committee (Southeast) has been exceptionally fruitful. We have really learned something about the health problems of rural peoples in this area. Mr. Montgomery's paper on the experimental health program in Newton County, Mississippi, has revealed both the strengths and weaknesses of voluntary plans for all farm families. Dr. Mott's frank discussion of the Farm Security Administration experiences in bringing health services to low-income farm families has also been illuminating. Again, we have learned something about the present poor status of health facilities and services in this Region, as compared not only with other sections of the country, but also with minimum standards laid down by reputable national professional organizations. Mr. Young's discussion of farm incomes in the Southeast and their relationship to the cost of medical care has given us some idea of the problems we must face if we are to reverse a downward trend in health services and facilities which has been underway for years. We have also received from the talk by Dr. Wm. H. McCaslan of the Alabama State Medical Association, some idea of how the medical profession in one state is going about to correct many of these difficulties.

However, all of these discussions with the exception of that of Dr. McCaslan, have only served to pose real problems to this group without offering definite plans of action whereby these problems can be solved.

Unfortunately the various State Committee reports on health and sanitation were not discussed at this meeting. The evidence which they have revealed is already familiar to most of you and only bears out the oft-expressed statement that rural health facilities and services, uniformly weak throughout rural United States, are probably as poor in the Southeast as anywhere else. In some of our more prosperous agricultural areas these lacks may be met, in part, in the immediate post-war period through the ability of their general population to underwrite the cost of expanded facilities and services. There has been little evidence presented by any of the groups represented here today to indicate that we may look forward to a similar happy solution to the problem here.

What then must you do to get at this problem here in the Southeast? First of all, you have got to recognize that its solution cannot be brought about by any one group alone. You need the counsel and advice of the organized health professions--the physicians, dentists, and nurses; you must have the broad vision and the labored experience of your state health and welfare agencies; and to these you must add the willingness of your rural and urban leaders to see the job through. But all of these are not enough. Do not overlook the need to enlist

the support of large segments of the public in your plans because any program, even though you think it is designed in their interest, cannot be imposed upon them. It must come in response to their expressed needs for it.

Dr. McCaslan has pointed up one aspect of the problem here today in his discussion of a regional system of hospital facilities. I should like to suggest several other aspects of the problem which need to be fully explored. For example, the work of state, district, and county public health departments, especially in the Southeast, in meeting health needs has already met with wholehearted public support. As time goes by it is bound to play an increasingly more important role in the daily lives of our people.

Someone has said that the public health of the future will be medical care. While many of you may not subscribe to that view, it is imperative that you understand the role of public health in the field of medical care. The necessity for coordinating essential public health services with the diagnostic and therapeutic services rendered by the medical profession, through such an augmented hospital system as is proposed by Dr. McCaslan, is only apparent to a limited group of experts today. Nevertheless, if we are to plan for an integrated attack on the health problems of our people we must face this task of coordination and must re-evaluate the present relationships between public health and private practice. Heretofore, we have been inclined to look upon the health officer, the sanitary engineer, and the public health nurse as responsible for a small segment of our health needs--in many instances giving them the responsibility for handling the unremunerative aspects of medical care and those catagories of care which have been more readily susceptible to mass treatment, such as immunizations and the like.

It is high time we recognized the importance of this tax-supported health service as a factor in community life. The general scope of its work, the efficiency of its operations, and the relatively high volume of beneficial services which have resulted from its program in many areas are major accomplishments in the field of health.

We are prone to believe that the promotion of the health interests of our people has been confined largely to professional groups. However, a little investigation will reveal that the efforts of rural pastors, women's club leaders, farm organization leaders, racial groups, and others to improve health conditions have been important factors in making steady progress along these lines. Many rural communities owe the health facilities they now enjoy largely to the vision and generosity of public-spirited citizens who recognized a need and did something about it. The development and extension of public health facilities in many states has been due, in large measure, to the effective leadership of rural and urban lay citizens who concerned themselves with the

health problems of their fellow citizens. This same leadership exists in every village and hamlet in the Southeast and needs only to be mobilized to set in motion the machinery which will bring about necessary improvements.

Let us not lose sight of the plain folks—on the farm, in the factory, or in the mine—in our planning. They will decide whether or not such health plans as we make shall be supported. Too often the planners fail to take them into account when they are doing their planning. We would do well to acquaint them from the very beginning with the problems before we ask their support for proposed solutions. Otherwise they might very well dissappoint us when it comes time for getting their support to carry a program through.

The question arises as to what you can do about this whole matter. It is my frank opinion that you are in a key position to stimulate and encourage the citizens of the Southeast, through their community and other organizations, to develop a plan of action which will really get to the basic health problems common to every state in this region. Each state agency represented here today is able to play an important part, because of its special place in the lives of rural folk, in the development of any plan of action. It is true, as someone here has suggested, that you will need the cooperation of organized medicine to get the job done, but you cannot sit back and expect them to do it alone. It will require the support and cooperation of state agencies, rural and urban leadership, and the general public to develop a really significant program intended to bring the benefits of modern medicine to every citizen. Let us not lose sight of the fact that the public, since it foots the health bill, has a vested interest in health.

Post-war planning for rural health and sanitation here in the Southeast needs to be translated as quickly as possible into an action program. There is no time to lose. Already the Congress of the United States has under consideration a bill (S 191—the Hospital Construction Act) which would authorize expenditure of federal funds for extensive construction of hospital and related facilities. It was introduced by Senators Hill of Alabama, and Burton of Ohio in response to recognized needs. This measure should be studied, not alone by representatives of organized medicine and state health departments, but also by community leaders and broad groups of citizens.

The expansion of social security benefits to include medical care, as provided in the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill in the last session of Congress, has been the subject of much bitter controversy and misunderstanding. Very little attempt has been made to present both sides of this important issue to the public in an impartial way. Health insurance proposals, both voluntary and compulsory, need careful study and consideration by many groups of people to the end that whatever arrangements are eventually worked out will assure every citizen, regardless of his status, the best that modern medicine can offer.

It seems to me that inactive State Subcommittees on Health and Sanitation need to be replaced by active committees made up of persons who are not only sympathetic to the problems which must be met but who also have some understanding of their significance and their implications. These Committees need to possess sufficient initiative and imagination to work out ways and means of building an informed public opinion, concerning these problems and proposed solutions. It is quite probable that some of your State Subcommittees have gone as far as they can go and that it is now time to establish some other medium for getting the job done.

It is suggested in those cases where State Subcommittees do not wish to carry their planning activities over into the field of action, for one reason or another, that there be established some other organized effort to carry on this essential work. The job cannot be accomplished by any one group alone. As I have said before, there needs to be broad representation from many groups in any organized attempt to cope with the health problems which exist here in the Southeast. Any plan of action which is to secure the support of the people must develop out of their knowledge of the problems and of proposed methods by which they can be solved.

It is possible that in each state a Health Conference Committee should soon be established, made up of representatives of membership or community organizations which have branches or chapters throughout the state. (For example, the Farm Bureau, The Grange, PTA's, Federated Women's clubs, American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Home Demonstration Clubs, rural church organizations, trade unions, racial groups, etc.) Broad representation is imperative--the problem demands it. The initial selection of the members of this committee might be made by the State Subcommittee Chairmen, in consultation with the Regional Activity Leader for Rural Health and Sanitation. The initial meeting of the committee could be called by the Subcommittee Chairmen at the convenience of a majority of the members. At this meeting it would be well to have the Regional Activity Leader act as Chairman.

(It is suggested that prior to the first meeting of this committee, the Subcommittee Chairman and the Regional Activity Leader prepare an agenda for this meeting in order that the members may become acquainted with some of the problems and thus use their time in constructive work. Each committee member should also be provided with basic facts on the health situation in his state. They should also be furnished with suitable information on the subject matter to enable them to inform themselves intelligently on the general problems to be dealt with. They should also know something about proposed solutions. It is recognized that this will require careful planning and considerable effort on the part of both the Subcommittee Chairman and the Regional Activity Leader in preparation for this meeting, but it is very important that this first meeting get off to the right start.)

The contributions of organized medicine and the state health and welfare agencies should be primarily of an advisory nature throughout the planning and conference stages. The leadership of these organizations, especially if they are in constant touch with the organized professions, and the state health and welfare agencies, can accomplish much in the planning process. There must be mutual trust in the motives of each group. It is recognized that professional groups have much at stake in any plan of action which is developed, but it cannot be denied that the public in view of the alarming status of health facilities and services in the Southeast also has vested interest in the problem.

The first meeting should probably be taken up with a discussion of the report made by the State Post-War Planning Subcommittee on Health and Sanitation or, lacking such a report, by a discussion of the needs for health and sanitation in the state. The many problems involved should be discussed rather fully and a plan of action should then be prepared. This plan of action should be submitted back through the individual committee members, to their respective organizations, at both the state and local levels, for a thorough review and criticism. Suggestions from the local groups should be carefully weighed by members of the Committee at a subsequent meeting before they prepare a final draft.

The final plan of action drawn up by the Health Conference Committee should be presented to a called conference of representatives of the various membership and community organizations throughout the state. It may be necessary to have a series of such conferences in various sections because of travel restrictions, but the plan of action should be discussed and approved by delegates representing local groups so that it may have the necessary support at the local level.

After the committee has secured approval of the plan of action through a called conference, or series of conferences, it should be presented to the Governor, or any other appropriate state agency, with a request that legislative or other necessary steps be taken to implement it.

The Health Conference Committee should remain active and in touch with local groups until such time as a plan of action suitable to the membership organizations has reasonable assurance of being developed.

(A suggested agenda for the health conference committee meetings as well as for the rural health conference is attached.)

Health conference

May 19, 1945

Dr. Comer Woodward
c/o M. F. Brice
Vidalia, Georgia

Dear Woodward:

Mrs. Tilly and I have been thinking further about the proposed conference on health in Georgia, and we are ready to report some progress.

Mrs. Tilly has had a good talk with Dr. Abercrombie. He is very much interested in the health conference, and he promised to do everything that he could to help with it. Dr. Abercrombie thought it would be fine if you would take the lead in calling the conference.

We have been thinking over the problem of the make-up of the conference. If people are invited as representatives of organizations, we are going to run into the difficulty that some of them will need to get official clearance with their organizations before representing them as such. It seems to us, therefore, — and Dr. Abercrombie concurred in this view — that it might be better simply to invite individuals on their own merits without any reference to the organizations with which they are connected.

If the idea of holding the conference still looks good to you, and you approve of the basis of invitation just mentioned, I believe the next steps are as follows:

(1) Drawing up an invitation list. Could you make up a list of fifty or more people who should be present at such a conference? Dr. Abercrombie, Mrs. Tilly, and others here will help to enlarge the list. Of course invitations from outside Atlanta will have to be limited, but I should think that we could invite well over a hundred from outside and still not run over the permissible fifty in actual attendance.

(2) Setting a date for the conference. The sooner the conference is held, the better, but it will take at least three or four weeks to prepare it properly. This means that the third week of June is probably the earliest possible time. Would some time during the third or fourth weeks of June be satisfactory to you? If you will let us know your preference as to dates, we can begin to work on the conference program.

(3) Arranging the program. You will have some suggestions as to good speakers for the conference. Dr. Abercrombie can also help on this, and we know that we can get one or two government health men if we want them. Dr. Abercrombie suggests that the conference should be a two-day affair. This would mean that we would need eight or ten speakers.

If the conference is made up of individuals rather than organizational representatives, and is therefore not sponsored by a group of organizations, it might be wise to have a small planning committee to work with you in planning and calling the conference. What is your opinion? All of these matters take time, of course, and if the conference is to be held in June, we will have to move with as much speed as possible. Perhaps Mrs. Tilly or I could run down to Vidalia some time soon and talk over the next steps so that things can go along without much loss of time. We may call you or wire you early in the week.

All good wishes.

Cordially yours,

GUY B. JOHNSON
Executive Director

GBJ:m

WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION
17 North Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

OFFICE OF LABOR

May 19, 1945

Dr. Guy B. Johnson
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Wesley Memorial Building
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Doctor Johnson:

In accordance with our telephone conversation of this morning, I am enclosing herewith a copy of the proposed hospital bill for the State of Alabama.

Very truly yours,

John Newdorp

John Newdorp, M. D.
Field Medical Officer

Enclosure (1)

Revised: 5-7-45

A BILL

To be entitled

AN ACT

To authorize the State Board of Health to construct, equip, maintain, and operate public hospitals and health centers and related facilities for the treatment of any type of disease; to authorize the State Board of Health to set up a master plan of hospitals; to authorize the appointment of an advisory council to approve policies relating to hospitals; to designate the State Board of Health as the sole and official agency of the State of Alabama to receive and administer any and all funds appropriated by the United States or by the State of Alabama, and to receive and administer any and all gifts or donations in general from any individual or agency for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, equipping, and operating public and non-profit hospitals and health centers; to authorize the State Board of Health to establish rules and regulations and to provide for licensing of all the hospitals in Alabama (except the Alabama State Hospitals, Partlow State School for Mental Deficients, tuberculosis hospitals, and hospitals operated by the federal government), whether private, non-profit, or public;

to authorize the State Board of Health to establish and support such internal administrative divisions or bureaus as may be necessary to fulfill the responsibilities set forth; to authorize the State Board of Health to obtain or dispose of property; to authorize any one or more local governing bodies to establish hospital associations and to enter into contracts with the State Board of Health for the purpose of constructing, equipping, maintaining, and operating hospitals or health centers; to authorize hospital associations to do all things necessary to carry out the powers set forth in this Act; to authorize the State Board of Health to cooperate in the building, equipping, maintaining, and operation of any public hospitals and health centers and related facilities for the treatment of any type of disease; to authorize the State Board of Health to enter into contracts with any agency for the purpose of carrying into effect the above; to authorize local governing bodies to appropriate monies for the support of these hospitals; to provide funds to enable the State Board of Health to administer the program as provided in this Act; to repeal any existing ordinances or statutes in conflict with the provisions of this Act.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. The following terms used in this Act shall have the meanings as defined herein unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context. State Board of Health shall mean the statutory agency of the State of Alabama operative in the field of general health matters and performing the duties and exercising the powers as set forth in the statutory provisions relating thereto. Master hospital plan shall refer to a plan, determined upon by the State Board of Health and approved by an advisory council, which shall subdivide the State into regions, districts, and zones and any further divisions which may be necessary for the purpose of establishing an integrated and interrelated system of hospitals and related facilities which will insure the provision of readily accessible hospital care in all parts of the State. The term hospital includes public health centers and general, tuberculosis, mental, chronic disease, and other types of hospitals, and related facilities, such as laboratories, out-patient departments, nurses' homes and training facilities, and central service facilities operated in connection with hospitals.

TITLE I. Hospital Construction and Regulation.

Section 2. The State Board of Health is hereby authorized and empowered to construct, equip, maintain, and operate public hospitals, health centers, and related facilities for the treatment of any type of disease. The State Board of Health is authorized and empowered to cooperate and to make contract with the United States Government, any local political subdivision or their agencies, any non-profit association or public improvement society in the acquisition, building, equipping, maintaining, and operation of any public hospitals, health centers, and related facilities for the treatment of any type of disease.

Section 3. The State Board of Health is hereby authorized and required to set up a master hospital plan which shall divide the State of Alabama into regions, districts, and zones, and to define the territorial areas and boundaries of such regions, districts, and zones. The areas may be revised from time to time as conditions change.

Section 4. There shall be established an advisory council which shall approve the policies and regulations necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act. The membership of this advisory council shall consist of three (3) hospital administrators or persons with broad experience in hospital administration to be appointed by the Alabama Hospital Association or by the Governor in the event said association fails or ceases to function; one (1) member of the State Board of Censors to be appointed by that Board; four (4) lay members with broad civic interests representing varied segments of the population to be appointed by the Governor; the State Health Officer; the State Director of Public Welfare; the Director of the State Planning Board; the Director of Finance; and the Attorney General. The Alabama Hospital Association shall appoint one (1) member for three (3) years; one (1) member for two (2) years; and one (1) member for one (1) year. Thereafter as vacancies in any of these appointments occur the Alabama Hospital Association shall designate a person to fill this vacancy. The Governor shall appoint two (2) of the lay members for a period of three (3) years and two (2) lay members for a period of two (2) years, and shall thereafter fill any vacancies as terms expire. After the expiration of the first appointments all terms shall be three (3) years. The State Health Officer shall act as chairman of the advisory council. The advisory council shall meet at the call of the chairman or at the written request to the chairman by any five members. All members shall be paid all expenses incurred in carrying out the functions and duties of the advisory council, and all members except those employed by the State of Alabama shall be paid fifteen dollars ($15.00) per day for each day they are engaged in the performance of their duties.

Section 5. The State Board of Health is (a) hereby designated as the sole and official agency of the State of Alabama to receive and administer any and all funds for the purpose of constructing, equipping, maintaining, and operating public hospitals, health centers, and related facilities appropriated by the United States Government or the State of Alabama, and it may receive and administer any and all gifts or donations in general from any individual or agency for the purpose of constructing, equipping, maintaining, and operating such facilities; (b) hereby authorized to enter into contracts with any agency for the purpose of carrying the above into effect.

Section 6. The State Board of Health is hereby authorized and empowered to establish rules and regulations which shall provide standards for the construction and operation of hospitals and shall also provide for the annual licensing and license renewals of all hospitals except the Alabama State Hospitals, the Partlow State School for Mental Deficients, tuberculosis hospitals, and hospitals operated by the federal government.

Section 7. The State Board of Health is hereby authorized and empowered to establish and support such internal divisions or bureaus as may be needed for the purpose of meeting the responsibilities and duties set forth in this Act.

Section 8. The State Board of Health is hereby authorized and empowered to purchase or lease land or acquire property by eminent domain; to purchase, lease, rent, or acquire any building or property needed for the purpose of carrying out a hospital construction and operation program; is further authorized to sell, exchange, or otherwise transfer property, land, buildings, and equipment in order to carry out the comprehensive hospital and health center construction program; and is further authorized to do all things necessary to carry out the powers given in this Act.

TITLE II. Hospital Associations.

Section 9. Any one or more local governing bodies located in the same or contiguous counties within a zone determined by the State Board of Health as a zone for public hospitals may act to establish a hospital association, a body corporate and politic. Before taking action to establish a hospital association, each local governing body involved shall give notice of the time, place, and purpose of a public hearing at which all residents and tax payers of the local political subdivision shall be given an opportunity to be heard. Such notice by the local governing body shall be given by publishing or posting a notice at least ten days preceding the day on which the hearing is to be held. In determining whether a hospital association shall be established, the need for additional hospital beds in the areas affected shall be determined. After such a hearing, the local governing body

shall determine whether to establish a hospital association and if it is decided to establish a hospital association an appropriate resolution or ordinance shall be passed which resolution or ordinance shall take effect immediately and shall not be laid over or published or posted. After the adoption of such resolution or ordinance, the local governing body shall thereupon appoint one member for each precinct or ward falling within the jurisdiction of the local governing body to act as a director for the hospital association. Said hospital association shall be a public body and a body corporate and politic upon the completion of the taking of the following proceedings: The directors of the hospital association shall present to the Secretary of State an application signed by them which shall set forth that notice has been given and a public hearing has been held and that they have been appointed by a local governing body as members of a board of directors of a hospital association, the name and official residence of each of the directors together with a certified copy of the appointment evidencing their right to office, the date and place and induction into and taking oath of office and that they desire the hospital association to become a public body and body corporate and politic, the term of office of each of the directors and the place where the official appointment of each of said directors is kept a record, and the name which is proposed for the corporation. The application shall be subscribed and sworn to by each of the directors before an officer authorized by the laws of the State of Alabama to take and certify oaths who shall certify upon the application that he personally knows the directors and knows them to be the officers as asserted in the application and that each subscribed and swore thereto in the officer's presence. The Secretary of State shall examine the application and if he finds that the name proposed for the corporation is not identical with that of a person or of any other corporation of the State or so nearly similar as to lead to confusion and uncertainty he shall receive and file it and shall record it in an appropriate book of records in his office. When the application has been made, filed, and recorded as herein provided, the association shall constitute a public body and a body corporate and politic under the name proposed in the application. The Secretary of State shall make and issue to the said directors a certificate

of incorporation pursuant to this chapter under the seal of the State and shall record the same with the application.

Section 10. A hospital association shall consist of the directors appointed by the local governing bodies and the directors shall elect from among their number the first chairman. The term of office of each director shall be five (5) years. A director shall hold office until his successor has been appointed and qualified. Vacancies shall be filled for any unexpired term by the local governing body having the original appointment. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum. The respective local governing bodies shall appoint or reappoint any director whose term expires or whenever a position becomes vacant for any other reason and shall record a certificate of such appointment or reappointment. A director shall receive no compensation for his services. If at any time a local governing unit shall cease to give financial support to the hospital association as required by the rules and regulations such governing body shall lose all seats on the board of directors.

Section 11. The directors shall meet annually and shall adopt a constitution and by-laws of the corporation, said constitution and by-laws to be subject to the approval of the State Board of Health. The active affairs of the corporation shall be vested in an executive committee composed of not less than five (5) nor more than nine (9) directors to be selected by the directors. The executive committee shall meet monthly, organize itself, and shall carry on the affairs of the corporation in compliance with the laws of the State of Alabama and with the constitution and by-laws of the corporation. The executive committee shall appoint a medical advisory committee of three to five (3 to 5) members from the medical staffs of the respective hospitals. This medical advisory committee will be responsible to the executive committee for the professional aspects of the hospital's operations subject to the rules and regulations adopted by the State Board of Health.

Section 12. Any district or regional hospital association is hereby authorized and empowered to exercise the following powers in addition

to others herein granted: (a) to cooperate with the State Board of Health for the purpose of constructing, equipping, maintaining, and operating a hospital by making appropriate application to the State Board of Health; to enter into a cooperative contract with the State Board of Health for this purpose; (b) to act as an agent for the State Board of Health under a cooperative contract to prepare, carry out, and operate hospital projects; to provide for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, alteration, or repair of any hospital or any part thereof; to take over by purchase, lease, or otherwise, any hospital; to manage as agent of the State Board of Health any hospital constructed or owned by the association; to arrange with any appropriate local or state agencies for the opening or closing of streets, roadways, alleys, or other transportation facilities; to lease or rent any land, building, structure, or facility needed in the operation of the hospital; to enter upon buildings or property in order to conduct investigations or to make surveys or soundings; to purchase, obtain options upon, acquire by eminent domain, gift, grant, bequest, devise, or otherwise, any property, real or personal, or interest therein from any person, firm, corporation, city, county, or government; to sell, exchange, transfer, assign, or pledge any property, real or personal, or any interest therein to any person, firm, corporation, city, county, or government; to own, hold, clear and improve property; to insure or provide for insurance of the property or operations of the association against such risks as the association may deem advisable; to borrow money upon its bonds, notes, warrants, debentures, or other evidences of indebtedness and to secure the same by pledges of its revenues; to have perpetual succession; to make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary or convenient to the exercise of the powers of the association; to make and from time to time amend and repeal by-laws, rules and regulations not inconsistent with this Act, to carry into effect the powers and purposes of the association; to do all things necessary to carry out the powers given in this Act.

Section 13. The governing bodies of each local political subdivision involved are hereby authorized to appropriate their respective shares of the cost of constructing, maintaining, equipping, and operating such hospitals as determined upon by agreement between the executive committee of the association

and the State Board of Health. The sums so appropriated shall be paid into the treasury of the corporation and shall be paid out on certificate of the executive committee of the corporation.

Section 14. There is hereby appropriated the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 1946, and September 30, 1947, for administration, engineering, architectural, or other services and functions necessary for carrying out the provisions of this Act.

Section 15. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to mean that all local, regional, or district hospitals included in this Act are to be under the direction or control of any body other than the local Executive Committee of each hospital, subject to the rules and regulations contained herein; or to mean that any local executive committee cannot receive and administer gifts, donations, or endowments for their respective local hospitals, subject to the rules and regulations contained herein.

Section 16. All laws or provisions of law in conflict herewith are repealed insofar as they may be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

Section 17. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions or applications of this Act.

Section 18. This Act shall be and become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its otherwise becoming a law.

SRC
5/24/45

MEMORANDUM TO: Southern Regional Council Members in Alabama

FROM: Guy B. Johnson, Executive Director of SRC

SUBJECT: Hospital Construction and Regulation Bill

The Alabama legislature is now considering House Bill 245 (or Senate Bill 107) providing for the construction and operation of public hospitals. This Bill seems to be a constructive step toward better public health facilities in Alabama. It merits your careful study. If you are not already acquainted with the Bill, why not familiarize yourself with its provisions and let your representatives in the legislature know where you stand on it?

Highlights of the Bill

(1) Authorizes the State Board of Health "to construct, equip, maintain and operate public hospitals and health centers and related facilities for the treatment of any type of disease."

(2) Authorizes the State Board of Health "to set up a master plan of hospitals." This plan is to be determined by the State Board of Health and approved by an advisory council.

(3) Designates the State Board of Health as "the sole and official agency of the State to receive and administer any and all funds appropriated by the United States or by the State of Alabama, and ... gifts or donations in general from any individual or agency" for hospital construction and operation.

(4) Authorizes "an advisory council to approve policies relating to hospitals."

(5) Authorizes the State Board of Health "to establish rules and regulations and to provide for the licensing of all the hospitals in Alabama /with certain exceptions/ whether private, nonprofit, or public."

(6) Authorizes "any one or more local governing bodies to establish hospital associations, and to enter into contracts with the State Board of Health for the purpose of constructing, equipping, and maintaining hospitals or health centers."

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Health Conference

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY
U. S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
WASHINGTON
(BETHESDA STATION)

IN REPLYING
ADDRESS THE SURGEON GENERAL
U. S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Mental Hygiene Division

May 29, 1945

Dr. Guy Johnson,
Southern Regional Council,
Wesley Church Building,
Auburn and Ivy Streets,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Dear Dr. Johnson:

You were asking a few days ago who might make a good contribution to the discussion of mental hygiene laws at Lake Junalaska this summer. The following are suggested:

Dr. Camilla M. Anderson, 4503 17th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Dr. Joseph E. Barrett, Eastern State Hospital, Williamsburg, Virginia

Dr. Henry O. Colomb, Louisiana State University Medical School, New Orleans, Louisiana

Dr. Arthur G. Lane, 525 25th Avenue, N., St. Petersburg, Florida

Dr. George H. Preston, Commissioner of Mental Hygiene, Baltimore, Maryland

Yours very cordially,

Samuel W. Hamilton

Samuel W. Hamilton, M.D.
Mental Hospital Advisor

SWH/mhw

FOR VICTORY
BUY UNITED STATES WAR BONDS AND STAMPS

Health Conf.

May 30, 1945

Dr. Comer M. Woodward
c/o M. F. Brice
Vidalia, Georgia

Dear Dr. Woodward:

Thank you for your letter. Of course we are very sorry that you decided that you should not undertake the responsibility of organizing the conference on Health in Georgia, but we understand your situation. It was a lot of fun talking about the conference and having an opportunity to know you better.

We are going ahead with efforts to hold a Health conference. Mrs. Tilly is now lining up a number of organizations and she is meeting with excellent response. We shall let you know how things develop and we hope that when the conference is held you will find it possible to be present.

With highest personal regards and best wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,

GUY B. JOHNSON
Executive Director

GJ:AP

Emory University
Emory University, Ga.

Department of Sociology

Vidalia, Ga.
May 23rd, 1945.

Dr. Guy B. Johnson,
Executive Director,
Southern Regional Conference, Inc.
63 Auburn Ave., N. E.
Atlanta, Ga.

My Dear Doctor Johnson:

Since the day you and Mrs. Tilly had me in conference, in re. the proposed Conference on Health in Georgia, I have been pondering over the matter seriously.

As an opportunity to be of some service, it made a strong appeal to me

I find that the important interests at stake would probably be jeopardized by my physical limitations. Therefore, I must decline the privilege and the responsibility that you and Mrs. Tilly opened to me.

You cannot know how deeply I regret that I have had to make this decision.

It is my expectation that the ideas you have will go on to satisfactory completion. Success to you.

With regrets and sincere personal appreciation,

Yours cordially,

Conner Th. Woodward.

A Public Health Program

for

Georgia

HEALTH STUDY NO. 1

PREPARED BY

HEALTH PANEL OF THE AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL

DEVELOPMENT BOARD OF GEORGIA

MAY, 1945

ELLIS G. ARNALL
GOVERNOR

DR. HARMON W. CALDWELL
ACTING CHAIRMAN

LON SULLIVAN
DIRECTOR

Health Conference

GEORGIA CITIZENS COUNCIL

Formerly VOLUNTEER WAR SERVICES COUNCIL

273 CAPITOL AVENUE, S. W. • ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE JA. 5343

COUNCIL MEMBERS

MORGAN BLAKE
ATLANTA

JULIAN V. BOEHM
ATLANTA

ROBERT A. BURNS
GRIFFIN

MRS. RALPH BUTLER
DALLAS

HARMON W. CALDWELL
ATHENS

CHARLES A. COLLIER
ATLANTA

JOSIAH CRUDUP
GAINESVILLE

ED DAVIDSON
COLUMBUS

MRS. FRANCIS DWYER
ATLANTA

WILLIAM D. ELLIS
ATLANTA

LT. COL. PARKS HUNTT
ATLANTA

WILMER D. LANIER
AUGUSTA

MRS. ROBERT A. LONG
ATLANTA

MRS. FRANK P. McINTIRE
SAVANNAH

MRS. ELIZABETH McWATERS
CEDARTOWN

MRS. SIDNEY B. McNAIR
MACON

MRS. FLOYD W. McRAE
ATLANTA

MRS. C. C. SAPP
ALBANY

HERMAN L. TURNER
ATLANTA

L. M. TWIGGS
GAINESVILLE

WILLIAM A. WATT
THOMASVILLE

June 19, 1945

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
Secretary
Womens' Society of Christian
Service
1013 Highland View, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Tilly:

As I was discussing the committee meeting which you held yesterday morning with Mr. Sullivan, I mentioned to him your concern as to the limited participation by the Office of Defense Transportation. Mr. Sullivan was later talking with Mrs. Catherine Henson, Regional Information Officer of the Office of Defense Transportation, and asked her for an interpretation of this regulation. She advised him that the fifty applies to only the group who is invited from without the Atlanta Trade Area. I thought you might like to have this information, since it does have a direct bearing on your program plans.

If you would like an interpretation from Mrs. Henson, you might call her at WA 4121, Ext. 533.

I enjoyed so much meeting with you and the committee yesterday.

Yours very truly,

Ivella K. Mills

Mrs. Ivella K. Mills
Field Representative

IKM:fr

July 9, 1945

Dr. J. L. Campbell
478 Peachtree Street, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Campbell:

We have set the date for the Health Conference at either September 12-13, or September 19-20.

You told me that you had facts about Georgia health to be used in the leaflet we are to have printed. If you will get this together and mail it to me at an early date, I will be most grateful.

I will call you when the sponsoring committee meets.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY

Health Conference

June 7, 1945

Mrs. Troy Rucker
Alpharetta
Georgia

Dear Mrs. Rucker:

The following organizations are planning a health conference for Georgia: Council of Church Women, Federation of Women's Clubs, PTA, WCTU, Tuberculosis Association, Cancer Control, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, YWCA, Georgia Education Association, Southern Regional Council, Georgia Conference of Social Work, and Georgia Teachers' Association.

We are very anxious to have your organization of farm women as one of the sponsors of this conference. We are having a meeting of the sponsoring group at 10 A.M., June 18, at the YWCA on Auburn Avenue. We hope you will be with us, or have some representative from your organization present. The date of the conference and the program will be planned at the meeting.

As we hope to devote most of the program to rural health, we will certainly need you to help with the plan. Looking forward to seeing you on the 18th,

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY

MET:m

Health Conference

June 7, 1945

Mr. J. Harold Saxon
Executive Secretary
Georgia Education Association
704 Walton Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Saxon:

We had the initial meeting of the organizations sponsoring the health conference last week. We will meet again at 10 A.M., Monday, June 18 at the YWCA on Auburn Avenue to plan the program and set the date for the conference. I hope it will be possible for you to be with us.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY

MET:m

Health Conference

June 7, 1945

Miss Camilla Weems
Industrial College
Georgia

Dear Miss Weems:

The following organizations are sponsoring a health conference that will be held some time this summer: Council of Church Women, Federation of Women's Clubs, PTA, WCTU, Tuberculosis Association, Cancer Control, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, YWCA, Georgia Education Association, Southern Regional Council, Georgia Conference of Social Work, and Georgia Teachers' Association.

The State Department of Health is aiding us in our program. As much of the conference will deal with the problems of health in rural areas, I know you will be vitally interested in this. At the present time I am not sure of the date, but will let you know as soon as this is set so that you may put it on your calendar. It will be here in Atlanta, probably the last week in July. I hope that you will be able to be with us and aid in the discussion.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY

MET:m

Health Conference

June 7, 1945

Miss Lurline Collier
Extension Division
University of Georgia
Athens, Georgia

Dear Miss Collier:

It's just too bad for me that you do not live in Atlanta, because I so often need you. We will certainly need you for a project we are planning now. The following Georgia organizations are sponsoring a health conference: Council of Church Women, Federation of Women's Clubs, PTA, WCTU, Tuberculosis Association, Cancer Control, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, YWCA, Georgia Education Association, Southern Regional Council, Georgia Conference of Social Work, and Georgia Teachers' Association.

The State Departments of Health and Welfare are both aiding us in the program, and we will want your help. As soon as the date is set I will write you so you will mark it down on your calender. In the meantime, if you have any suggestions to make, I would be most grateful if you would send them to me.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY

MET:m

Health Conference

June 7, 1945

Dr. Horace Mann Bond
Fort Valley
Georgia

Dear Dr. Bond:

I feel sure that you will be interested in a project we now have under way for a health conference for Georgia, sponsored by the following organizations: Council of Church Women, Federation of Women's Clubs, PTA, WCTU, Tuberculosis Association, Cancer Control, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, YWCA, Georgia Education Association, Southern Regional Council, Georgia Conference of Social Work, and Georgia Teachers' Association. I regret that I can not give you the date at the present time, but it will probably be the last week in July. As much of the program will deal with many of the problems of rural health in Georgia, I felt that your extension department should be represented.

If you will give me the names of the people whom we should invite, I would appreciate it. The conference of necessity will be small, because of ODT regulations, but we hope to have key people present who will be able to interpret the conference to the rest of Georgia.

With every good wish to you,

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY

MET:m

Health Conference

June 5, 1945

Dr. R. E. L. Majors
Claxton
Georgia

Dear Dr. Majors:

Some of us here in Atlanta have been concerned about the health problems of Georgia, and after talking this over with the heads of various state organizations, we are planning a health conference in cooperation with the State Board of Health.

The organizations which so far have joined in the project are: Georgia Education Association, Georgia Congress of PTA, Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, Georgia Council of Church Women, Georgia T.B. Association, Dr. Campbell with the cancer control organization, W.C.T.U., Georgia Conference of Social Work, and the Southern Regional Council. The purpose of the conference will be that Georgians may know the health conditions of their state and think through what Georgians can do about it.

Ga Teacher's Association, youth Council, Council of Home Demonstration Council

We are very anxious to have the Georgia Press Association as one of the sponsors of the conference. We will have a meeting of the sponsors June 18, 10 A.M. at the YWCA, Auburn Avenue, Atlanta. We trust you will find it entirely convenient to be with us or send someone to represent you. We believe such a conference will be most timely. If the results of such a conference reach the Georgia people, it will be largely through the Georgia Press Association. Therefore, we covet your cooperation.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY

METsm

Ga. Rural Health Conf.

RECOMMENDATION

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH AND ADVISORY COUNCIL

July 18, 1945

The Board and Council recommended that Governor Arnall be requested to establish an Advisory Hospital Council of 8 members, to be created at his discretion, composed as follows:

3 Physicians who are members of the Medical Association of Georgia and now engaged in hospital ownership or administration
1 Physician representative from the State Department of Health
1 Representative from the State Department of Welfare
1 Representative from the Georgia Nursing Association
1 Representative from the Georgia Hospital Association
1 Outstanding layman

whose duties it will be to advise with and recommend to the State Board of Health standards for the construction and operation of hospitals in Georgia. It will also be the duties of this Advisory Hospital Council, in cooperation with the State Board of Health, to assist hospitals in reaching the highest possible standards as quickly as possible. It is the thought of this Committee that such institutions should be able to comply with minimum standards within a period of five years.

It is further recommended that legislation be enacted authorizing the State Board of Health to license hospitals in accordance with standards outlined by the Advisory Hospital Council.

SUGGESTED WAYS OF SUPPORTING THE EFFORT FOR BETTER HEALTH IN GEORGIA

I. METHODS

1. Organization Meetings on Health
2. Joint Meetings with Other Organizations
3. Organization-sponsored Public Meetings
4. Personal interviews with:
   a. Governor
   b. Legislators
   c. Candidates for office
   d. Newspaper editors
   e. Influential citizens
   f. Influential physicians
   g. County commissioners

Letters from organizations to Gov., etc., expressing interest in health program.

5. Speakers on Health - objective facts.

II. PUBLICITY

1. Articles in Organization Papers
2. Newspaper Notices of Meetings
3. Newspaper Editorials
4. Interchange of Material Prepared by Other Organizations

III. POINTS FOR EMPHASIS

1. County Health Councils
2. More Tuberculosis Beds
3. Licensing of Hospitals (Setting of standards for)

IV. RECOMMENDED FOR STUDY AND CAREFUL CONSIDERATION

1. Health Panel Report of the Georgia Agricultural and Industrial Board

Note: The Georgia League of Women Voters has in preparation a series of six articles on Georgia's Health Needs that will be available to any organization wishing to use them at cost price.

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RECOMMENDATIONS

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH AND ADVISORY COUNCIL

July 18, 1945

The State Board of Health and Advisory Council convened in special session at the State Department of Health, July 18, 1945, and adopted the following specific recommendations, in the order listed, for improving and expanding the state health program:

(1) PROVIDE ADDITIONAL FACILITIES FOR TREATMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS

1. Construction of a nurses' home at the State Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Alto, at a cost of approximately $210,000, with the understanding that as much financial assistance as is possible will be sought from Federal agencies.

2. Construction of 8 cottages for physicians and other key personnel at a cost of approximately $50,000.

3. Converting the Masonic Building into a receiving and surgical unit at a cost of approximately $25,000.

4. In addition to the above immediate needs at Alto, construction as soon as feasible of a 200 bed tuberculosis hospital at a suitable location in the southern part of the State at a cost of approximately $3,000 per bed, with maintenance.

5. It was further recommended that the different agencies represented on the State Board of Health and Advisory Council write their representatives in Washington urging them to instigate an appropriation to the United States Public Health Service for tuberculosis hospital construction.

(2) EXPAND STATEWIDE PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAM

It is believed that any plan for a statewide public health program that does not include every county in the State is woefully inadequate. The best evidence we have of such an experiment is that of the counties organized under the Ellis Health Law, which is good in intent but has failed in large measure, since

only 36 counties have fulltime single county health departments in 31 years of its operation. There are also 5 two-county districts and 5 three-county districts, or a total of 61 counties with full-time health departments, leaving 98 counties with nursing service only or none at all. Therefore, we recommend the beginning of the proposed overall program which is briefly outlined as follows:

> A state financed general public health program, statewide in application.
>
> A locally financed hospital program of 3 beds per 1,000 population with the community paying for the cost of maintaining 20 per cent of the beds.

Personnel

The lack of trained personnel is the outstanding obstacle that has to be overcome before the plan can be put into operation. Therefore, the following recommendations are made:

1. That as soon as the exigencies of the war situation will permit every expedient means be used to secure the release from military service of those trained public health workers who wish to return to public health work in Georgia. (Steps toward this end have already been instituted.)

2. That a vigorous campaign for the recruitment of suitable personnel for training be continued.

3. That the Department go into the market to secure the services of persons with training in public health wherever they may be found. Past experience has shown that in order to secure the type personnel that renders satisfactory service, such as the State has a right to expect, salaries will have to be increased, particularly for the professional and administrative classifications. In the past good personnel has been lost by the Department and desirable applicants have declined appointment because of inadequate salaries.

The present compensation plan of the Merit System provides the following rates of pay for personnel in the higher grades:

Grade	Monthly				Annual			
IV	450 -	470 -	490 -		5400 -	5640 -	5880 -	
III	380 -	400 -	420 -	440	4560 -	4800 -	5040 -	5280
II	310 -	330 -	350 -	370	3720 -	3960 -	4200 -	4480
I	270 -	280 -	290 -	300	3240 -	3360 -	3480 -	3600

It is therefore recommended that the law of supply and demand be recognized and that the compensation plan be amended as follows in order to recruit and retain capable physicians and dentists, nurses, technical experts and specialists with unusual training and skills, and administrators with superior qualifications and experience:

Grade	Monthly	Annual
VI	660 - 690 - 720 - 750	7920 - 8280 - 8640 - 9000
V	540 - 570 - 600 - 630	6480 - 6840 - 7200 - 7560
IV	450 - 470 - 490 - 510	5400 - 5640 - 5880 - 6120
III	Same	
II	Same	
I	Same	

4. The Board and Council unanimously recommended the establishment of the position of director emeritus of the Department of Public Health in recognition of Doctor Abercrombie's nearly 30 years of directing the state health program, in view of the fact that he began administering the work of the Department in its infancy and built it up to one of the most enviable in the United States. It is recognized that he has labored all these years for a comparatively small salary which has not been sufficient to provide for his retirement.

Dental Health

1. Employ a full-time director of the dental health education division.

2. Strengthen and expand the educational program of the dental health education division on state, regional and local levels.

a. Employ and train an additional educational worker.

b. Purchase dental films for wide distribution and use by health departments, schools and colleges. Estimated cost $1,000.

3. Expand, as dentists become available, the present dental clinic plan which provides dental services for the indigent children and prenatals.

a. Purchase equipment for dental clinics for experimental purposes in several selected areas--possibly one in each of the proposed regions, looking toward the administrative organization of these districts to include a dentist. Blue prints of a desirable floor plan for complete installation of dental equipment to be submitted by the Public Health Committee of the Georgia Dental Association.

b. Study the advisability and possibility of changing the present rate of honoraria paid dentists and also the length of clinic sessions to $10.00 for a three-hour session. Three-hour sessions have proved best for dental clinicians and for school schedules. $10.00 for three hours is a more fair fee than the present rate of $5.00 for two hours.

4. Since there is urgent need for some acceptable plan for providing dental services to low income groups and since the Georgia Dental Association is committed to the provision of some such plan, it is recommended that the Department of Public Health cooperate with the Georgia Dental Association in the study and expansion of this plan.

It is further recommended that the Department of Public Health be assured that sufficient funds for expanding the statewide public health program will be available.

Physical Equipment

1. That at least five or six regional buildings suitable for use as branch laboratories and as headquarters for regional health departments, including offices for the administrator and the special consultants it is contemplated will be employed, be erected.

2. That these buildings be equipped with the necessary apparatus, furniture and fixtures as rapidly as material is available and the staff is obtainable.

Financial Participation

1. For the present, and until more personnel is obtainable, that the present plan of financial assistance to the counties be continued.

2. That, if and when funds are made available by the State and the various counties made definite commitments to expend funds for medical and hospital care of the indigent, and so long as such commitments are continuous, and medical and hospital care of the indigent is adequate as to coverage and satisfactory service and equals or exceeds the amount previously spent for public health services, the State Board of Health will increase its participation in the minimum salary and travel of public health personnel serving one county only up to one hundred per cent.

(3) EXPAND HEALTH EDUCATION PROGRAM

1. The Joint Committee on Health Education of the State Departments of Health and Education, and the University System is commended for the progress it has made in promoting improved practices in health education since its appointment early in 1944. Special recognition is given to the following activities of this Joint Committee:

a. The designation of four demonstration counties in which intensive work through the public schools and other agencies is being pursued in health education.

b. The recognition of the need for improved teacher training in health education by the establishment of two health education workshops being conducted at this time.

c. The planning of additional workshops or institutes whereby the improved methods and materials in health education developed through the demonstration counties may be brought to the attention of interested persons in other counties.

It is recommended that every encouragement be given to this Joint Committee in all of its activities.

2. In order to supplement the work being done in health education by this Joint Committee and to make more ready the ground for acceptance of the expanded program in public health recommended by the State Board of Health, it is recommended that sufficient funds be made available by the Governor for the employment of a person or persons working through the State Department of Public Health in the stimulation of and organization of county health councils.

3. It is further recommended, in recognition of the fact that one of the

most pressing needs in a progressive health education program in Georgia lies in an adequate teacher training program, that sufficient funds be made available by the Governor to the State Department of Health whereby some designated teacher-training institution or institutions would employ a person or persons with adequate background both in health and teacher training for the development of an adequate program in health education as an integral part of the training of all public school teachers. The selection of the teacher training institution or institutions to be designated for participation in this program and the program developed together with the policies should be the joint responsibility of the State Departments of Health and Education and the University System.

(4) ESTABLISH ADVISORY HOSPITAL COUNCIL

The Board and Council realize the paramount need for construction and operation of hospitals in Georgia and wishes to encourage such construction and operation of hospitals by individuals, counties, cities, and denominational, beneficent and other organizations. It is our knowledge that less than 15 states in the Union now operate with the laxity that Georgia does in the matter of hospital licensure.

Governor Arnall has said, in part:

"Others feel we will need more small hospitals in the rural areas. When you get into the question of building hospitals, I think you are going to find it will take the small rural hospitals to feed the larger medical centers. There is the difficulty that a number of our doctors have spent their lives in building up private hospitals and we certainly do not want to injure them. Whether they will tell you or not, I know if we set up any kind of a public hospital within the radius from which they draw, they will be apprehensive about their private hospitals. We cannot afford to jeopardize the private hospitals because of what they have done for the health of the people of Georgia. We are very short of hospital beds, however, and we must develop a plan whereby the State can help the counties build hospitals."

The Board and Council recommended that Governor Arnall be requested to establish an Advisory Hospital Council of 8 members, to be created at his discretion, composed as follows:

3 Physicians who are members of the Medical Association of Georgia and now engaged in hospital ownership or administration.
1 Physician representative from the State Department of Health.
1 Representative from the State Department of Welfare.
1 Representative from the Georgia Nursing Association
1 Representative from the Georgia Hospital Association.
1 Outstanding layman.

whose duties it will be to advise with and recommend to the State Board of Health standards for the construction and operation of hospitals in Georgia. It will also

be the duties of this Advisory Hospital Council, in cooperation with the State Board of Health, to assist hospitals in reaching the highest possible standards as quickly as possible. It is the thought of this Committee that such institutions should be able to comply with minimum standards within a period of five years.

It is further recommended that legislation be enacted authorizing the State Board of Health to license hospitals in accordance with standards outlined by the Advisory Hospital Council.

(5) EMPLOYMENT OF PUBLIC RELATIONS OFFICER

The employment of a person whose duties might be regarded as those of a public relations officer is recommended. These duties would be to prepare any information regarding public health intended for the public through the medium of newspapers, radio, or personal appearances before civic clubs or other groups. This person should be of such unusual ability that he or she would be able to interpret the thought of our Chief Executive, Governor Arnall (whose interest and knowledge of our health problems is encouraging) and also the planning of the State Board of Health and Advisory Council in such manner as to present this as an educational feature rather than a promotional program which might be misinterpreted.

(6) COMMITTEE SURVEY OF OTHER STATE HEALTH PROGRAMS

Realizing the value which would come to our State Board of Health from learning the programs and methods of nearby states in meeting health problems akin to our own, it is recommended that two members of the State Board of Health and two members of the Advisory Health Council be appointed by the Chairman of the Board of Health to visit such states and observe the methods employed in promoting health programs and solving problems akin to our own. It is also recommended that a report of findings be furnished the State Board of Health at a meeting at which the Advisory Council would be in attendance and that copy of the report be sent to Governor Arnall for his information. It is also recommended that traveling expenses of this committee be paid by the Department of Public Health.

773 mill Federal
630 State

Double liquor tax
Double pub. utilities
Do away with fed. income taxes

Health Conference

July 23, 1945

Dr. T. F. Abercrombie
State Department of Health
State Office Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Abercrombie:

I am returning to you the maps which you lent to Mrs. M. E. Tilley and me for use in preparing the pamphlet to be issued in connection with the Conference on Health. Since I made copies of those not included in the "Preliminary Report of Health Conditions," we will not need to borrow your copies again. Thank you for lending them to us.

Cordially yours,

Margaret Price

Health Conference

2868 South Abingdon Street
Fairlington
Arlington, Virginia

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
Room 432
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Tilly:

Thank you for your letter of August 2, 1945, in which you report on the progress made in connection with the Georgia Health Conference.

I am sending you herewith, a copy of the report of the National Commission on Children in War Time. This report was the basis for the S 1318 - The National Child Welfare bill, a copy of which is also enclosed.

I should like to see a copy of the letter your committee sent Dr. Parran, or have some information on the request you made of him, so that I might follow through on getting a definite commitment from him for your conference.

Have you read the hearings on S 191, especially the testimony of the A F of L, C I O, and the Farmers Union? I am having a copy sent to you. As you probably know S 191 was introduced at the suggestion of the American Hospital Association, and other groups in order to stall off provisions for hospital construction in the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill. It is suggested that you review the provisions for hospitals in the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill (S 1050) and compare them with S 191 and the testimony on the latter bill. Support for S 191 without amendments, such as those prepared by the organizations named above, would leave many things to be desired in hospital construction. It is my understanding that some effort will be made to reconcile the hospital construction section of the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill with S 191 in line with the suggested changes proposed in the hearing. You might want to bring to the attention of your Methodist women's societies, the need for certain amendments in S 191 if it is to be supported by them. As the bill now stands it has a number of items in it which should be eliminated by substituting the amendments along the lines suggested by testimony before the Committee.

The Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill could easily be amended to include the National Child Welfare bill in place of its present provisions for similar legislation (in fact, I do not believe that Dr. Eliot and others in the Childrens Bureau would object to suggestions from the field along those lines).

I am hopeful for the future of National Health Legislation because of the great interest in it expressed by many groups throughout the country. One of the dangers which must be avoided, particularly, in the predominantly rural States is that of placing it entirely in the hands of organized medicine, because of our rural groups' lack of understanding of the problems. The American Farm Bureau Federation is going through this process, at the moment. Despite their experience in the early 30's, they do not seem to have learned that better health for rural America will only come from rural people. I wish I could show you some of the confidential studies on rural medicine which have been made for us, by competent medical persons, in connection with our experimental health program. You would be amazed at some of the primitive medicine being practiced in rural areas.

I only hope that the Georgia Health Conference will have its roots and strength out among the people since that is where the problems are.

Sincerely,

Ken Pohlmann

K. E. Pohlmann

Health Conference

August 2, 1945

Mr. Kenneth Pohlmann
2868 South Abingdon Street
Arlington, Virginia

Dear Mr. Pohlmann:

We have every hope now of having a good Georgia Health Conference in September. The definite date is dependent upon Dr. Parran.

We regret that it seems impossible for Senator Pepper to be with us. You may know that he has been ill.

I would appreciate it very much if you would keep me advised as to the developments of the WMD and the Children's Bureau Bill, and I would like something more specific at once about the latter.

I think you would be interested to know that last week I put the support of Senate Bill 191 into the working plans of the 6000 Methodist women's societies I have in the nine Southeastern states. Congressmen from all of these states will begin to receive letters from our women in the course of a few days.

I will let you hear again as further progress is made on the Conference plans.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY

MET:m

July 30, 1945

Dear Mrs Tily:

I have been in the field for some time, but have learned from Dr. Newdorp that you are holding over until September or later for the health session.

There are certain factors which make for a better timing if that is done. It will fit in better with the development of support for getting the WMD into hearings - as well as the Children's Bureau bill. Again, the fate of S191 will be clearer then. Our publication will be out also, and will probably have been fairly well distributed to rural leaders.

Keep us advised of developments. Thanks for the brief note on events.

2868 So. Abingdon St. Arlington
Va.

Eva Bohlmann

Health Conference

August 20, 1945

Dr. R. E. L. Majors
Claxton
Georgia

Dear Dr. Majors:

I wrote you some time ago about a Rural Health Conference for Georgia sponsored by lay organizations, and have not heard from you. Now that our date has been set for September 13 and we are to have Dr. Parran, Surgeon-General of the United States, as one of our speakers, I am making another plea that the Georgia Press Association be one of the sponsoring organizations.

The sponsoring organizations so far are: Georgia Education Association, Georgia Congress of PTA, Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, Georgia Council of Church Women, Georgia T.B. Association, Dr. Campbell with the cancer control organization, W.C.T.U., Georgia Conference of Social Work, Georgia Teachers' Association, Youth Council, Home Demonstration Council, and the Southern Regional Council.

There is to be some cost to the organization, dependent upon what money we can raise, as we are planning a simple leaflet to distribute over the state. Fifty thousand copies of the leaflet would possibly cost us about $25.00 per organization. If the Georgia Press Association is not so organized that it can make appropriation funds, we want it as a sponsoring organization anyway.

I would appreciate it if you would wire me your answer collect when you receive this letter.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

MET:m

Health Conference

August 20, 1945

Miss Katherine Lenroot
Children's Bureau
U. S. Department of Labor
Washington, D. C.

Dear Miss Lenroot:

As chairman of the Georgia Rural Health Conference, I want to express to you my deep appreciation of the fact that you have consented to be one of our speakers. I know of no other way that you could render a greater service to our nation than to help Georgia solve the health problems of her rural children. Surely no where else is there a greater need for help.

This Conference is sponsored by twenty or more lay organizations in the state, but it has the help and cooperation of the State Department of Health. These sponsoring organizations have a state-wide constituency, and will take our findings down to the last community, so we feel that such a conference will be more than worthwhile.

The material reached me at Junaluska in plenty of time. We had representatives from ten states in my seminar. I believe you will find some results from your literature throughout our South.

Sincerely grateful that you are going to be with us at the Conference on September 13, I remain,

Very truly yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

MET:m

August 20, 1945

Health Conference

Mrs. Louise Leonard McLaren
Educational Director
Physicians Forum
510 Madison Avenue
New York 22, New York

Dear Mrs. McLaren:

I am very much interested to find that you are now with the Physicians Forum, as you will be a good contact person for me in this field.

We are to have a Rural Health Conference for Georgia on September 13 and I would appreciate it very much if you would send me 200 copies of "For The People's Health".

With many thanks and with every good wish to you, I am

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY
Chairman, Georgia Health Conference

MET:m

PHYSICIANS FORUM

For the study of medical care

510 Madison Avenue, New York 22, N. Y. Telephone PLaza 3-2052

Executive Committee

Ernst P. Boas, M.D., Chairman
George D. Cannon, M.D., Secretary
Sidney M. Greenberg, M.D.
Harold Koppelman, M.D.

Miles Atkinson, M.D., Vice-Chairman
Lillian De Muth, M.D., Treasurer
Martha Mendell, M.D.
Henry B. Richardson, M.D.

August 8, 1945

Mrs. M. E. Tilley
1013 Highland View, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Tilley

I am sure that you will be interested in the enclosed pamphlet which the Physicians Forum has just issued. A copy of the summary of the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill is also enclosed.

We hope that this material will be of great value to your organization and others which are working for passage of the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill.

If you wish to distribute a quantity of pamphlets and analyses like the enclosed to local offices of your organization, we shall be glad to send a quantity free. If you prefer to have the material sent out from here, you may send us a list.

I shall get in touch with Miss Thelma Stevens as soon as she returns from her vacation. I met Mrs. Friant when I was in Washington recently.

Sincerely yours,

Louise Leonard McLaren

(Mrs.) Louise Leonard McLaren
Educational Director

PHYSICIANS FORUM
for the study of medical care
510 Madison Avenue, New York 22, N. Y.

The WAGNER-MURRAY-DINGELL BILL, *a brief summary*

Here is a short digest, section by section, of S. 1050 and HR 3293, the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill. Here you will find information that you need for discussions, speeches, editorials or articles which you may write. If you wish full information on Federal grants to States on a matching basis, for hospital construction, public health services and other facilities included in the bill, you should consult the text of the bill itself.

Sec. 1 — SHORT TITLE: SOCIAL SECURITY AMENDMENTS OF 1945.

Sec. 2 *and* 3 — GRANTS AND LOANS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF HEALTH FACILITIES — $5,000,000 is authorized as grants to States to assist in making surveys to assure that hospital and health center facilities are built where most needed. $950,000,000 in grants and loans to States is authorized over a 10 year period for building and expanding hospitals and health centers especially in rural communities and needy areas.

Sec. 4 — GRANTS TO STATES FOR PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES — Provides Federal grants to States from general revenues for expansion of public health services to develop adequate public health services in all parts of the country.

Sec. 5 — GRANTS TO STATES FOR MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH AND WELFARE SERVICES — Provides Federal grants to States from general revenues for maternal and child health and welfare services.

Sec. 6.—COMPREHENSIVE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM—Provides Federal grants to States for public assistance to needy individuals — aged, blind, dependent children and others who are not eligible for medical care under the provisions of the National Social Security System. Included are money payments to any aged person, dependent child, blind person or other needy individuals, medical services to needy individuals, payments for care of children in foster homes and such services as may assist in making needy individuals self-supporting.

Sec. 7 *and* 8 — A NATIONAL SYSTEM OF PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT OFFICES — Provides for continuation of Federal operation of the United States Employment Service, an expanded and strengthened national system of public employment offices to assist war workers, war veterans and all others to find employment opportunities, to promote employment in private industry and on farms, to bring together available workers and available jobs.

Sec. 9 — NATIONAL SOCIAL INSURANCE SYSTEM — Consisting of health insurance, unemployment insurance, temporary disability insurance, and retirement, survivors and extended disability insurance.

(Over)

Part A — *Prepaid Personal Health Service Insurance for 135,000,000 Persons* — Provides for insurance of all medical care costs including hospital insurance; not State medicine. Freedom of medical practice is carefully safeguarded. Each insured person can choose his own doctor from among all physicians or groups of physicians who have voluntarily agreed to go into the insurance system. Each doctor or group of doctors is free to go in or stay out of the insurance system. Doctors who participate are free to accept or reject patients who may wish to select them as their family doctor. Participating doctors are free to choose the method through which they are to be paid from the insurance fund. Patients and doctors may change the arrangements after they have been made, if they become dissatisfied. Various provisions assure that medical benefits will be of highest quality, will emphasize prevention of disease, and will be adapted to the needs and practices of the community, in both rural and urban areas. Hospital care would be available 60 days per year, with a possible maximum of 120 days, if experience proves that the insurance fund can afford it. A National Advisory Policy Council will be established from names submitted by professional and other organizations concerned with medical service, education, hospitals, etc. The Surgeon General is directed to decentralize the administration of the program by giving priority and preferences to the use of existing State and local agencies. Two per cent of the total amount expended for health insurance is to be used for grants-in-aid to non-profit institutions and agencies for purposes of research and professional education.

Part B — *Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance Benefits* — On a Federal basis. Benefits of $5 to $30 per week up to twenty-six weeks for workers and their dependents; if funds are adequate, up to fifty-two weeks for unemployment.

Part C — *Retirement, Survivors and Total Disability Insurance Benefits* — Provides for more liberal benefits than existing law. Minimum, $20 per month; maximum, $120.

Part D — *National Social Insurance Trust Fund* — All funds invested in United States Government bonds.

Part E — *Credit for Military Service* — $160 wages credited under the insurance system for each month of military service. The individual war veteran and his family would thus be insured for all social insurance benefits provided in the bill, including health insurance, without deductions from his pay during military service.

Part F — *Coverage Provisions and Definitions* — Extends coverage to about 15,000,000 additional persons, including independent farmers, domestic workers, professional and self-employed persons, small businessmen.

Part G — *Social Insurance Contributions* — 4% each on employers and employees on all wages up to $3600 a year. Government contribution authorized when necessary.

Part H — *General Provisions* — Judicial review, National Advisory Council and rehabilitation of disabled persons.

Sec. 10 — DEFINITIONS — Contains general definitions.

FOR ADDITIONAL COPIES WRITE TO THE NATIONAL OFFICE OF THE PHYSICIANS FORUM,

510 Madison Avenue, New York 22, N. Y.

Health Conference

August 20, 1945

Mrs. Julien Friant
Acting Director
City and Farm Committee
130 Third Street, S. E.
Washington 3, D. C.

Dear Mrs. Friant:

Thank you so much for sending me copies of the material that in some way I failed to receive.

I am more than delighted that the Committee now has a permanent office and a full-time director. If it is possible for me to get transportation, I will be with you on September 8. I would appreciate it if you would make a reservation for me at some hotel there for the night of September 7.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY

MET:m

CITY and FARM COMMITTEE
"The Guide for Agricultural Policy is the Welfare of All the People"

130 Third Street, S.E.

Washington 3, D.C.

August 10,1945.

Mrs. M.E. Tilly
1013 Highland View N.E.
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mrs. Tilly:

The impact of events of this week has been world stirring!

The atomic bomb has ushered us into a new age!

Today with the news of the surrender of Japan we stand at the threshold of a world at peace -- at last!

Now we are faced with immediate VJ-Day. The day for which we have been hoping, praying and fighting. Here on the home front we are confronted with problems of reconversion and reorganization to a peace time economy and we must work on with unaltered zeal.

The City and Farm Committee has a definite place in this dynamic transition from war to peace. If it is to help strengthen the belief we have for a future where peace will be lasting we must make it possible for all city and farm people to have an opportunity for health, self respect, security and happiness! Our slogan "The Guide for Agricultural Policy is the Welfare of All the People" takes on new meaning now that peace is at hand. Because city and farm people together are winning the war, city and farm people must stand together in sharing the responsibility of the public welfare and in insuring lasting peace.

We have asked you to keep Saturday, September 8, as the day the City and Farm Committee will decide together the course we are to take and the specific job that we should do. We are looking for the cooperation of all in making a real contribution toward the goals we have set out in our previous letter and hope for a full attendance at this our very first general meeting. Your presence and counsel are very much needed.

We are scheduling the meeting at the Y.W.C.A., 17th & K Sts., N.W., Washington, D.C., beginning at 10 AM and closing at 4 PM.

Will you please indicate to us your intention of attendance at this meeting as soon as it is possible?

Sincerely yours,

Bertha Friant

Mrs. Julien Friant
Acting Director

BRF/ec

Health Conf

August 20, 1945

Mr. Roy McGinty
Calhoun
Georgia

Dear Mr. McGinty:

I wish to thank you for your letter of last week and to give you some more facts about our Rural Health Conference.

The dates of the Conference will be September 13-14. On the morning of the 13th we will face Georgia's rural health needs, and the discussion leaders will be members of the State Department of Health. In the afternoon we will explore some possible remedies, and the speakers will be Miss Katherine Lenroot from the Children's Bureau, Washington; Dr. Mott of the Farm Security Administration; and some speaker on health education. Dr. Parran, Surgeon-General of the United States, is to be our evening speaker. On the morning of the 14th, the sponsoring groups will have their meeting to draw up their findings.

You can see how necessary it is that we have the help and support of the Rural Press Association. I am writing again to Dr. Majors, but will appreciate it if you, too, will write him.

Attached you will find the list of our sponsoring organizations. We are hoping that you will be with us on that date, so please mark it on your calendar, and as the program progresses, I will give you more information.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

MET:m
Enclosure

GEORGIA RURAL HEALTH CONFERENCE

Sponsoring Organizations

Georgia Education Association

Georgia Congress of PTA

Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs

Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare

Georgia Council of Church Women

Georgia Tuberculosis Association

The cancer control organization

W. C. T. U.

Georgia Conference of Social Work

Georgia Teachers' Association

Youth Council

Home Demonstration Council

Southern Regional Council

Health Conference

This letter also to:

August 20, 1945

Mrs. Alvin E. Foster
Mrs. A. V. Koebley
Mrs. L. M. Awtrey
Mrs. C. C. Sapp
Mrs E. L. Secrest
Mrs, K. C. Icenogle
Mrs. W. L. Range

Mrs. Frank D. Alexander
1372 Greenland Drive, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Alexander:

One of the serious conditions in our state which we as church women must face is our rural health conditions. In cooperation with the State Department of Health, the following lay organizations: Georgia Education Association, Georgia Congress of PTA, Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, Georgia Council of Church Women, Georgia Tuberculosis Association, the cancer control organization, W.C.T.U., Georgia Conference of Social Work, Georgia Teachers' Association, Youth Council, Home Demonstration Council, and the Southern Regional Council, are holding a rural health conference on September 13 here in Atlanta. Not only will the State Department of Health furnish us speakers, but Dr. Parran, Surgeon-General, from the U. S. Department of Health, and Miss Katherine Lenroot of the Children's Bureau will also be with us.

You will hear something of this from the Council of Church Women, but thinking that perhaps your Executive Committee will meet before information can reach you any other way, I am giving you this date so that you may make plans to have your rural workers attend the Conference.

The place and program will be sent to you in a few days. In the meantime, mark September 13 on your calendar and plan to be with us on that date.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

MET:m

Health Conference

August 20, 1945

Miss Lurline Collier
State Home Demonstration Agent
University of Georgia
Athens, Georgia

Dear Miss Collier:

This is to let you know that the date of Georgia's Rural Health Conference will be September 13, and that Dr. Parran, Surgeon-General of the United States Department of Health, and Miss Katherine Lenroot of the Children's Bureau will both be with us.

I hope you will find it convenient to be here also.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

MET:m

Health Conference

August 20, 1945

Mr. McLowery Elrod
St. James Methodist Church
Augusta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Elrod:

About twenty lay organizations in the state of Georgia are holding a Rural Health Conference on September 13 here in Atlanta, at which time the State Department of Health and the Surgeon-General of the United States, Dr. Parran, Miss Lenroot of the Children's Bureau, and some others will present to us Georgia's rural health needs and some possible cures. This is a Conference that I feel you and the members of the Rural Life Commission should attend. I feel that it will be one of the most far-reaching conferences that we could have, and most certainly it is one that the church people should share in.

In a few days I can send you a full program, but in the meantime I am asking you to put it on your calendar and to urge the members of your Commission to be present.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

MET:m

Health Conference

August 20, 1945

The Rt. Rev. Msgr. T. James McNamara
222 East Harris Street
Savannah, Georgia

Dear Msgr. McNamara:

The following lay organizations: Georgia Education Association, Georgia Congress of PTA, Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, Georgia Council of Church Women, Georgia Tuberculosis Association, the cancer control organization, W. C. T. U., Georgia Conference of Social Work, Georgia Teachers' Association, Youth Council, Home Demonstration Council, and the Southern Regional Council, are holding a Georgia Rural Health Conference here in Atlanta on September 13, at which time the State Department of Health will present the needs and we will have some experts, such as Dr. Parran, Surgeon-General of the United States Department of Health, and some others to lead us to possible remedies.

I think this Conference is one that the Catholic Rural Life Commission would not only be interested in but could make to it a valuable contribution. Please relay this message to the leader here in the state of your Commission, as I do not know whom to contact.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

MET:m

Health Conference

August 22, 1945

The Honorable Ellis Arnall
The Governor of Georgia
State Capitol
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Governor Arnall:

Attached you will find a list of lay organizations that are sponsoring a Rural Health Conference to be held in Atlanta on September 13. The State Department of Health is cooperating and will be responsible for the presentation of Georgia's rural health needs. Among our other speakers will be Miss Katherine Lenroot, Children's Bureau, and Dr. John Mott of the Farm Security Administration.

Our evening speaker will be Dr. Parran, Surgeon-General of the U. S. Department of Health. We are more than anxious to have you with us at this Conference and introduce Dr. Parran at the evening program.

We sincerely hope you will find it entirely convenient to render us this great service, and as the time is short, I would appreciate an immediate reply.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY

DRT:m

SPONSORS OF GEORGIA RURAL HEALTH CONFERENCE

Georgia Council of Church Women

Georgia League of Women Voters

Y. W. C. A.

Georgia Congress of Parents and Teachers

Southern Regional Council

Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs

Woman's Christian Temperance Union

Congress of Industrial Organizations

Committee for Georgia, Southern Conference on Human Welfare

Georgia Conference on Social Welfare

Georgia Tuberculosis Association

Georgia Cancer Control

Georgia Chapter, National Foundation Infantile Paralysis

Georgia Education Association

American Federation of Labor

Youth Council

Georgia Teachers Association

Council of Home Demonstration Agents

American Association of University Women

Health Conference

This letter also to:
Mrs. J. F. Whitehead
Mrs. A. H. Hubert
Mrs. A. H. Stamps
Mrs. R. P. Richardson
Mrs. W. S. Erwin
Mrs. E. B. McDonagh
Mrs. C. L. Newton
Mrs. W. R. McCall
Miss Louise Bennett
Mrs. Georgia Shaw
Mrs. John Grea
Mrs. Lewis Anderson

August 22, 1945

Mrs. E. M. Bailey
Acworth
Georgia

Dear Mrs. Bailey:

One of the serious conditions in our state which we as church women must face is our rural health conditions. In cooperation with the State Department of Health, the following lay organizations: Georgia Education Association, Georgia Congress of PTA, Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, Georgia Council of Church Women, Georgia Tuberculosis Association, the cancer control organization, W.C.T.U., Georgia Conference of Social Work, Georgia Teachers' Association, Youth Council, Home Demonstration Council, and the Southern Regional Council, are holding a rural health conference in Atlanta on September 13. Not only will the State Department of Health furnish us speakers, but Dr. Parran, Surgeon-General, from the U. S. Department of Health, and Miss Katherine Lenroot of the Children's Bureau will also be with us.

You will hear something of this from the Council of Church Women, but thinking that perhaps your Executive Committee will meet before information can reach you any other way, I am giving you this date so that you may make plans to have your rural workers attend the Conference.

The place and program will be sent to you in a few days. In the meantime, mark September 13 on your calendar and plan to be with us on that date.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

METim

Health Conference

August 27, 1945

The Very Rev. Msgr. Joseph G. Cassidy
Diocesan Chairman, Catholic Rural Life Conference
Cathedral of Christ the King
2699 Peachtree Road, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Msgr. Cassidy:

You have had a copy of my letter to the Rt. Rev. Msgr. T. James McNamara of Savannah which explains our Georgia Rural Health Conference. We are more than anxious to have the Catholic Rural Life Conference share in this Conference which is to be held on September 13 here in Atlanta, the place to be announced later. If you would like to know more about the Conference I would be glad to come to see you in reference to it.

I regret I did not know sooner that you were the Diocesan Chairman so that you might have been in on our planning meetings. I am well aware of the splendid program of the Catholic Rural Life Commission for Msgr. Liguiti was splendid help to me when I was in Washington acting as director of the Emergency Committee for Food Production. You may remember me, for I came to see you about the Atlanta Committee for Permanent FEPC.

Awaiting your reply, I remain

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DRT:m

Health Conference

August 27, 1945

Mr. Louis Sommers
American Legion Headquarters
1417 Henry Grady Hotel
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Sommers:

I wish to thank you for giving me a few moments of your very busy day. That you may have the full facts of the Conference before you, I am giving you the following data: The Georgia Rural Health Conference will be September 13, in Atlanta, the place to be announced later. The morning session will be devoted to Georgia's rural health needs, and the speakers will be from the State Department of Health. In the afternoon, we will explore some possible cures and the speakers will be Miss Katherine Lenroot, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor; Dr. John Mott, Farm Security Administration; Mr. Kenneth Williams, University of Georgia. The evening speaker will be Dr. Parren, United States Surgeon-General.

Attached you will find the list of sponsoring organizations. I assure you I am more than grateful that the American Legion is to be one of the sponsors. Wishing for you a successful convention, I remain

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DHT:m
Enclosure

Health Conference

August 28, 1945

Mrs. W. H. Borders
24 Yonge Street, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Borders:

The following are the plans for the Georgia Rural Health Conference:

Date: September 13
Place: In Atlanta, exact location to be announced later.

The program is as follows:

Morning Session, 10 A.M.- Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: Judge Blanton Fortson. Speakers: Representatives from the State Department of Health. (Dr. W. A. Mason is one of these speakers.)

Afternoon Session, 2 P.M.- Possible Remedies for Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: John A. Griffin. Speakers: Miss Katherine Lenroot, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor; Dr. Frederick D. Mott, Farm Security Administration; Mr. Kenneth Williams, University of Georgia.

Evening Session, 8 P.M.- Speaker: Surgeon-General Thomas Parran, U. S. Department of Health.

Attached you will find the list of sponsoring organizations.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DRT:m
Enclosure

Health Conference

August 29, 1945

Mr. Leroy P. Burney
Regional D. R. E.
7 Johnson Building
Augusta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Burney:

A group of twenty lay organizations in the state is sponsoring a Georgia Rural Health Conference (see list attached) on September 13 here in Atlanta. Knowing of your work and interest in the welfare of rural Georgia, I felt sure you would be interested in this conference.

Our program is as follows:

Morning Session, 10 A.M. - Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: Judge Blanton Fortson. Speakers: Representatives from the State Department of Health.

Afternoon Session, 2 P.M. - Possible Remedies for Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: John A. Griffin. Speakers: Miss Katherine Lenroot, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor; Dr. Frederick D. Mott, Farm Security Administration; Mr. Kenneth Williams, University of Georgia.

Evening Session, 8 P.M. - Speaker: Surgeon-General Thomas Parran, U. S. Department of Health.

I hope it will be possible for you and some of your workers in the state to be with us in this meeting.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DRT:m
Enclosure

Health Conference

August 29, 1945

Mrs. W. A. Peavy
1449 Allene Avenue, S.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Peavy:

Please call me in the evening at Vernon 2951, as I am very anxious to make an engagement with you one day soon.

The plans for the Rural Health Conference are as follows:

Date: September 13
Place: In Atlanta, exact location to be announced later.

The program is as follows:

Morning Session, 10 A.M. - Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: Judge Blanton Fortson. Speakers: Representatives from the State Department of Health.

Afternoon Session, 2 P.M. - Possible Remedies for Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: John A. Griffin. Speakers: Miss Katherine Lenroot, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor; Dr. Frederick D. Mott, Farm Security Administration; Mr. Kenneth Williams, University of Georgia.

Evening Session, 8 P.M. - Speaker: Surgeon-General Thomas Parran, U. S. Department of Health.

Attached you will find the list of sponsoring organizations.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DRT:m
Enclosure

Health Conference

August 29, 1945

Mr. McLowery Elrod
St. James Methodist Church
Augusta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Elrod:

The program committee of the Georgia Rural Health Conference wishes to have you lead the invocation for our afternoon session at 2 P.M. If you have my letter written to you some days ago convenient, you will find that the date of the Conference is September 13 here in Atlanta.

I will let you know in a day or so the exact place of the meeting, but in the meantime, I would appreciate it if you would advise me if you can serve us by complying with our request.

With every good wish to you and Mrs. Elrod,

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DRT:m

Rural Health Conference

August 30, 1945

Mr. Belmont Dennis
Editor, Covington News
Covington, Georgia

Dear Mr. Dennis:

Twenty lay organizations of the state of Georgia (see list attached) are sponsoring a Georgia Rural Health Conference on September 13 at the Academy of Medicine, Atlanta, Georgia. The program of the Conference will be:

Morning Session, 10 A.M. - Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: Judge Blanton Fortson. Speakers: Representatives from the State Department of Health.

Afternoon Session, 2 P.M. - Possible Remedies for Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: John A. Griffin. Speakers: Miss Katherine Lenroot, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor; Dr. Frederick D. Mott, Farm Security Administration; Mr. Kenneth Williams, University of Georgia.

Evening Session, 8 P.M. - Speaker: Surgeon-General Thomas Parran, U. S. Department of Health.

Mr. R. E. L. Majors has suggested that you might represent the Georgia Press Association with our group. The sponsoring committee will meet Wednesday afternoon, 2:30 P.M., at the Y.W.C.A. on Auburn Avenue. We would like very much to have you present with us. We feel that it is more than important that someone representing the Georgia Press Association be in on the planning of the Conference. Therefore, we would very much appreciate it if you would be with us on Wednesday afternoon.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DRT:m

August 30, 1945

Health Conference

Mrs. J. C. Owen
Griffin
Georgia

Dear Mrs. Owen:

Knowing of your interest in the rural life of our state, I am extending you a special invitation to attend the Georgia Rural Health Conference on September 13 to be held at the Academy of Medicine, 875 West Peachtree Street, NE, Atlanta.

Attached you will find a copy of the program and the sponsoring organizations. We believe the Conference will be of enough importance to merit the inconvenience of travel for you.

Hoping you may be with us on September 13, I remain

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DRT:m
Enclosure

(See list attached)

GEORGIA RURAL HEALTH CONFERENCE

Form letter and mimeographed form to:

Miss Camilla Weems
Industrial College, Ga.

Mrs. J. C. Owen
Griffin, Ga.

Mr. Charles Gillman
75 Ivy Street,
Atlanta, Georgia

Mrs. E. G. Mackay
1221 Clifton Road, N.E.
Atlanta

Miss Annie Tait Jenkins
308 Henry Grady Building
Atlanta, Georgia

The Rev. Waights G. Henry, Jr.
Wesley Memorial Building
Atlanta, Georgia

memo

Rev. H. g. O'Bryant, Danielsville
Rev. W. E. Purcell, alpharetta Ga R 7 D
Rev. U. B. Hamrick, austell Ga
Rev. A. D. Whittemore, Harlem Ga
Rev. ~~D. A. Barton~~
Rev. J. V. Hanks, Eatonton, Ga
Rev. Clyde Lee, clarkesville Ga
Dr. Marcus Mashburn, Cumming Ga
Rev. W. A. Woodruff, Ellenwood Ga
Rev. G. A. Lively, West Point
Rev. G. T. Shell, Carrollton Ga
Rev. A. C. Adams, Franklin, Ga
Miss Bert Winter, Canon, Ga
Rev. M. M. Brackman, White Ga
Rev. J. Hamby Barton, Athens Ga
Rev. J. W. Veatch
Dr. Wallace Rogers.
Rev. J. W. D. McKibben, Augusta Ga
Rev. C. M. Lipham, Dallas
Rev. H. H. Jones, Oxford,
Rev. J. Foster Young, Gainesville,

Rev. J. E. Buchanan, Americus, Ga
Rev. S. P. Clary, Springfield, Ga
Rev. Leon Edwards, Reynolds
Rev. R. L. Harris, Alamo
Rev. J. W. Patterson, Colquit
Rev. W. P. Smith, Waverly Hall
Rev. W. C. Rahn, Remerton
Rev. R. B. Yarbrough, St. Marys, Ga
~~Rev~~ W. D. Ault man, Byron
~~Rev~~ H. B. Barnes, Mc Rae
~~Rev~~ George Bowen, Chester
~~Rev~~ J. W. Fulton, Ricebors
~~Rev~~ J. E. Glenn, Glennville
~~Rev~~ L. L. Maddin, Doerun
~~Rev~~ A. J. McKinnon, Pidcock
~~Rev~~ John Woodall, ~~Woodall~~ Woodland
~~Rev~~ B. A. Pafford, Bainbridge
~~Rev~~ Reese Griffin, Mulberry St Methodist Church
(over) Macon, Ga

Rev. Paul a. Turner, Griffin, Ga
Rev. W.M. Triggs, La Grange, Ga
Rev. B Frank Orr, Rome, Ga
Dr. L. A. Harrell, Cordele, Ga
Dr. a. W. Reis, Columbus, Ga
Dr. Leland Moore, Dublin, Ga
Dr. S. J. Senter, Macon, Ga
Dr. James H. Wilson, Savannah, Ga
Dr. Anthony Hearn, Thomasville
Dr. J. P. Dell, Valdosta, Ga
Dr. J. C. G. Brooks, Waycross.

Health Conference

August 30, 1945

Mr. J. Harold Saxon, Executive Secretary
Georgia Education Association
704 Walton Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Saxon:

I have been by to see you several times, but found you on your vacation. I would appreciate it very much if you would call me at Walnut 7963.

Here are the plans for the Georgia Rural Conference:

Date: September 13
Place: Academy of Science, 875 West Peachtree, N.E., Atlanta.

The program is as follows:

Morning Session, 10 A.M. - Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: Judge Blanton Fortson. Speakers: Representatives from the State Department of Health.

Afternoon Session, 2 P.M. - Possible Remedies for Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: John A. Griffin. Speakers: Miss Katherine Lenroot, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor; Dr. Fred Mott, Farm Security Administration; Mr. Kenneth Williams, University of Georgia.

Evening Session, 8 P.M. - Speaker: Surgeon-General Thomas Parran, U. S. Department of Health.

Attached you will find the list of sponsoring organizations.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DRT:m
Enclosure

Health Conference

August 30, 1945

Dr. Cleveland Thompson
Millen
Georgia

Dear Dr. Thompson:

Twenty lay organizations of the state of Georgia (see list attached) are sponsoring a Georgia Rural Health Conference on September 13 at the Adademy of Medicine, Atlanta, Georgia. The program of the Conference will be:

Morning Session, 10 A.M. - Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: Judge Blanton Fortson. Speakers: Representatives from the State Department of Health.

Afternoon Session, 2 P.M. - Possible Remedies for Georgia's Rural Health Needs. Forum Leader: John A. Griffin. Speakers: Miss Katherine Lenroot, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor; Dr. Frederick D. Mott, Farm Security Administration; Mr. Kenneth Williams, University of Georgia.

Evening Session, 8 P.M. - Speaker: Surgeon-General Thomas Parran, U. S. Department of Health.

We would like very much for you to be present throughout the three sessions and to sit on the platform in the evening with Dr. Parran. I would appreciate it very much if you would advise me at once if you will find it convenient to be with us.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DRT:m
Enclosure

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Atlanta, August 31--------Dr. Thomas Parran, surgeon-general of the United States, will speak here September 13 at a conference sponsored by Georgia church, civic, labor and welfare groups to study problems of rural health in the state, Mrs. M. E. Tilly, conference chairman, announced today.

"No one can deny that Georgia's rural health problems call for study and action," said Mrs. Tilly, secretary of Christian social relations for Methodist women of the Southeast. "The proportion of rejections for military service among Georgia inductees, as well as the vital statistics, make this plain."

"We hope this conference will help to bring the problems forcibly to the attention of the people of Georgia and develop support for a health program that will fill the state's needs."

Organizations sponsoring the conference are the American Legion, Georgia Council of Church Women, Georgia League of Women Voters, Y.W.C.A., Georgia Congress of Parents and Teachers, Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, Southern Regional Council, Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Georgia State Industrial Union Council (CIO), Georgia Federation of Labor, Georgia Conference on Social Welfare, Georgia Tuberculosis Association, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, Georgia Cancer Society, Georgia Council of Negro Women, Georgia Chapter of the National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, Georgia Education Association, Youth Division of the Georgia Citizens Council, Georgia Teachers Association, Council of Home Demonstration Agents.

(RW-8-31-45)

SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.
Room 432, 63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Atlanta, August 31--------Dr. Thomas Parran, surgeon-general of the United States, will speak here September 13 at a conference sponsored by Georgia church, civic, labor and welfare groups to study problems of rural health in the state, Mrs. M. E. Tilly, conference chairman, announced today.

"No one can deny that Georgia's rural health problems call for study and action," said Mrs. Tilly, secretary of Christian social relations for Methodist women of the Southeast. "The proportion of rejections for military service among Georgia inductees, as well as the vital statistics, make this plain."

"We hope this conference will help to bring the problems forcibly to the attention of the people of Georgia and develop support for a health program that will fill the state's needs."

Organizations sponsoring the conference are the American Legion, Georgia Council of Church Women, Georgia League of Women Voters, Y.W.C.A., Georgia Congress of Parents and Teachers, Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, Southern Regional Council, Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Georgia State Industrial Union Council (CIO), Georgia Federation of Labor, Georgia Conference on Social Welfare, Georgia Tuberculosis Association, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, Georgia Cancer Society, Georgia Council of Negro Women, Georgia Chapter of the National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, Georgia Education Association, Youth Division of the Georgia Citizens Council, Georgia Teachers Association, Council of Home Demonstration Agents.

(RW-8-31-45)

Swainsboro Tri-County Thur. Sept 6/45

Surgeon Gen'l Address State Organization

Atlanta, August 31 — Dr. Thomas Parran, surgeon-general of the United States, will speak here September 13 at a conference sponsored by Georgia, civic, labor and welfare groups to study problems of rural health in the state, Mrs. M. E. Tilly, conference chairman, announced today.

Organizations sponsoring the conference are the American Legion, Georgia Council of Church Women, Georgia League of Women Voters, Y. W. C. A., Georgia Congress of Parent and Teachers, Georgia Federaton of Women's Clubs, Southern Regional Council, Woman's Christan Temperance Union, Georgia State Industrial Union Council (CIO), Georgia Federation of Labor, Georgia Conference on Social Welfare, Georgia Tuberculosis Association, Committee for Georgia of the Southern Conference Human Welfare, Georgia Cancer Society, Georgia Council of Negro Women, Georgia Chapter of the National Foundation for Infantile Paralisis, Georgia Education Association, Youth Division of the Georgia Citizens Cuncil, Gerogia Teachers Association, Council of Home Demonstration Agents.

Health Conference

September 7, 1945

THIS LETTER TO LIST ATTACHED

Dr. Harmon W. Caldwell
President
University of Georgia
Athens, Georgia

Dear Dr. Caldwell:

We extend you a cordial invitation to attend the Georgia Rural Health Conference on September 13 at the Academy of Medicine, 875 West Peachtree Street, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia.

We feel assured that as a member of the Georgia Citizen's Council you will be interested in this Conference, and we trust you will be able to attend.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. M. E. TILLY, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

MET:m
Enclosure

ELLIS G. ARNALL
GOVERNOR

DR. HARMON W. CALDWELL
ACTING CHAIRMAN

LON SULLIVAN
DIRECTOR

GEORGIA CITIZENS COUNCIL

Formerly VOLUNTEER WAR SERVICES COUNCIL

273 CAPITOL AVENUE, S. W. • ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

TELEPHONE JA. 5343

September 7, 1945

COUNCIL MEMBERS

MORGAN BLAKE
ATLANTA

JULIAN V. BOEHM
ATLANTA

ROBERT A. BURNS
GRIFFIN

MRS. RALPH BUTLER
DALLAS

HARMON W. CALDWELL
ATHENS

CHARLES A. COLLIER
ATLANTA

JOSIAH CRUDUP
GAINESVILLE

ED DAVIDSON
COLUMBUS

MRS. FRANCIS DWYER
ATLANTA

WILLIAM D. ELLIS
ATLANTA

LT. COL. PARKS HUNTT
ATLANTA

WILMER D. LANIER
AUGUSTA

MRS. ROBERT A. LONG
ATLANTA

MRS. FRANK P. McINTIRE
SAVANNAH

MRS. ELIZABETH McWATERS
CEDARTOWN

MRS. SIDNEY B. McNAIR
MACON

MRS. FLOYD W. McRAE
ATLANTA

MRS. C. C. SAPP
ALBANY

HERMAN L. TURNER
ATLANTA

L. M. TWIGGS
GAINESVILLE

WILLIAM A. WATT
THOMASVILLE

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
1013 Highland View, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Tilly:

In our letter to you dated September 6 the name of Mr. Charles A. Collier was inadvertently omitted from the list of Council members to be invited to attend the Health Conference.

Please, therefore, make the following addition to the list which was furnished you:

Mr. Charles A. Collier, Vice-President
Georgia Power Company
75 Marietta Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Very truly yours,

Lon Sullivan

Lon Sullivan

ELLIS G. ARNALL
GOVERNOR

DR. HARMON W. CALDWELL
ACTING CHAIRMAN

LON SULLIVAN
DIRECTOR

GEORGIA CITIZENS COUNCIL

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GAINESVILLE

ED DAVIDSON
COLUMBUS

MRS. FRANCIS DWYER
ATLANTA

WILLIAM D. ELLIS
ATLANTA

LT. COL. PARKS HUNTT
ATLANTA

WILMER D. LANIER
AUGUSTA

MRS. ROBERT A. LONG
ATLANTA

MRS. FRANK P. McINTIRE
SAVANNAH

MRS. ELIZABETH McWATERS
CEDARTOWN

MRS. SIDNEY B. McNAIR
MACON

MRS. FLOYD W. McRAE
ATLANTA

MRS. C. C. SAPP
ALBANY

HERMAN L. TURNER
ATLANTA

L. M. TWIGGS
GAINESVILLE

WILLIAM A. WATT
THOMASVILLE

September 6, 1945

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
1013 Highland View, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Tilly:

As you requested, we are suggesting that the following persons be invited to attend the Health Conference.

Members of the Georgia Citizens Council:

Mr. Morgan Blake, The Atlanta Journal,
Journal Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Julian V. Boehm,
First National Bank Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Robert A. Burns, Exec. Secretary
Griffin Chamber of Commerce, Griffin, Ga.

Mrs. Ralph Butler, Dallas, Ga.

Dr. Harmon W. Caldwell, Pres., U. of Ga.,
Athens, Ga.

Dr. Josiah Crudup, Pres.,
Brenau College, Gainesville, Ga.

Mr. Ed Davidson, c/o Nehi Corporation,
Columbus, Ga.

Mrs. Francis Dwyer
Craighead, Dwyer & Lavender
Candler Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. William D. Ellis, Southern Mills, Inc.,
585 Wells St., Atlanta, Ga.

Lt. Col. Parks Huntt, c/o Hurt & Quin, Inc.,
Standard Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

Mr. Wilmer D. Lanier
Southern Finance Bldg., Augusta, Ga.

Mrs. Robert A. Long
1082 St. Charles Place, Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Frank P. McIntire
122 East 31st St., Savannah, Ga.

Mrs. Elizabeth McWaters
Cedartown, Ga.

Mrs. Sidney B. McNair
300 Nottingham Road, Macon, Ga.

Mrs. Floyd W. McRae
5053 Habersham Road, Atlanta, Ga.

~~Mrs. C. C. Sapp, Albany~~, Ga.

Dr. Herman L. Turner
30 Terrace Drive, N. E., Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. L. M. Twiggs, Pastor, First Methodist Church
Gainesville, Ga.

17 Mr. William A. Watt
Thomasville, Ga.

Staff Members:

5 Mrs. Ivella K. Mills
Miss Bessie Givens
Miss Mary Lowe
Mrs. Roberta R. Letton
Mr. John Anderson
Lon Sullivan

If we can be of any help to you in preparing for the conference, please call on us.

Very truly yours,

Lon Sullivan

Atl. Jnl
9-9-45

Leaders to Study Health of State At Meet Here

Georgia rural health problems will be studied here Thursday by state, church, civic, labor and welfare leaders at a conference sponsored by 21 organizations to map plans for obtaining public support for a program to raise health standards in the state.

Dr. Thomas Parran, surgeon general of the United States Public Health Service; Dr. Martha M. Eliot, associate chief of the Children's Bureau of the United States Agriculture Department, and Dr. Fred D. Mott, director of Farm Security Administration health services, head the list of speakers at the full-day conference, to be held at the Academy of Medicine.

Dr. Parran will discuss "Federal Health Legislation and Its Significance to Georgia" at the 8 p.m. session. Dr. Sliot and Dr. Mott will address the 2 p. m. session.

3 Seriously Hurt

Atl. Const. 9-9-45

State Groups Will Discuss Rural Health

Georgia rural health problems will be studied by state leaders of church, civic, labor and welfare groups here Thursday at a conference sponsored by 21 organizations to work out plans to gain public support for a program to raise the health standards of the state.

Dr. Thomas Parran, surgeon general, U. S. Public Health Service; Dr. Martha M. Eliot, associate chief of the children's bureau, U. S. Department of Agriculture, and Dr. Fred D. Mott, director of health services, Farm Security Administration, will be principal speakers of the full-day conference at the Academy of Medicine.

Dr. Parran will speak on "Federal Health Legislation and Its Significance to Georgia," at the closing session Thursday at 8 p. m. Dr. Eliot, addressing the afternoon session, starting at 2 p. m., will discuss the work of the children's bureau; Dr. Mott will talk on the FSA health program.

Other speakers and topics include:

Morning session, 10 a. m.: Dr. C. W. Roberts, of the advisory council of the State Board of Health—"Doctors and Dentists in Rural Georgia;" Mrs. Abbie R. Weaver, director of public health nursing, State Department of Health, "Nursing in Rural Georgia;" Dr. Rufus F. Payne, superintendent of the State Tuberculosis Sanitorium at Alto, "Health Facilities in Rural Georgia;" Dr. William A. Mason, acting assistant surgeon, U. S. Public Health Service, "Negro Health;" Dr. T. F. Abercrombie, director of the State Department of Health, "Basic Causes of Georgia's Rural Health Problems."

Afternoon session, 2 p. m.: Dr. Eliot; Dr. Mott, Dr. Kenneth Williams, dean of the College of Education, University of Georgia, speaking on Georgia's health program, and Lon Sullivan, director of the Georgia Citizens' Council, speaking on community organizational programs.

Dr. Abercrombie will preside over the evening session and Dr. Glenville Giddings, of Atlanta, will introduce Dr. Parran. Discussion leaders for the conference forums to follow the formal addresses will be Glenn Rainey, professor of English, Georgia School of Technology, and John A. Griffin, assistant to the president, Emory University.

Mrs. M. E. Tilly, secretary of Christian social relations for Methodist women of the southeast, is conference chairman.

Organizations sponsoring the conference are:

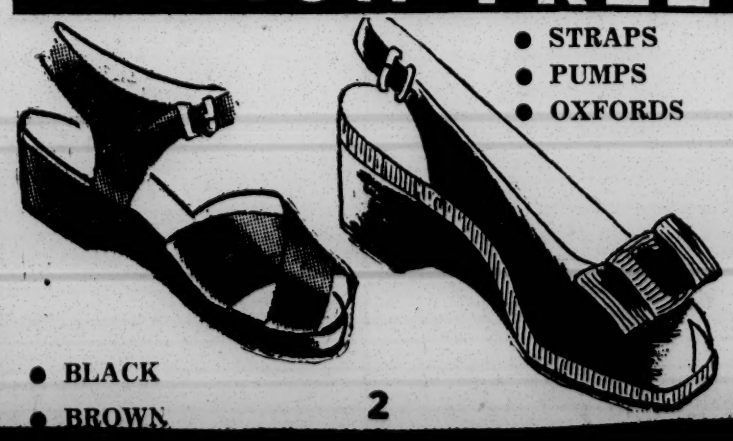
American Cancer Society, Georgia division; American Legion, Committee for Georgia, Southern Conference for Human Welfare; Georgia Conference on Social Welfare; Georgia Congress of Parents and Teachers; Georgia Council of Church Women; Georgia Council of Negro Women; Georgia Education Association; Georgia Federation of Labor; Georgia Congress of Colored Parents and Teachers; Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs; Georgia Home Demonstration Council; Georgia League of Women Voters; Georgia State Industrial Union Council (CIO); Georgia Teachers Association; Georgia Tuberculosis Association; Georgia Women's Christian Temperance Union; National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, Georgia Chapter; Southern Regional Council; Young Women's Christian Association; Youth Division, Georgia Citizens' Council.

Bank Improvement

SAVANNAH, Ga., Sept. 8.—(AP) The Liberty Bank building, located in the heart of Savannah, will get a quarter of a million-dollar sprucing up. C. S. Sanford, president of the bank, said the institution is ready to go ahead with needed improvements which also include a new heating system, repainting and air conditioning.

DENTIST
DR. I. G. LOCKETT
113½ Alabama St.
Hours: 8 to 6
WA. 1612

SPECIAL SALE! MONDAY!
WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S
FALL PLAY SHOES
RATION-FREE



• STRAPS
• PUMPS
• OXFORDS
• BLACK
• BROWN

September 11, 1945

TO THE SPONSORS OF THE
GEORGIA RURAL HEALTH CONFERENCE:

We will meet at 10 A.M., Friday morning, September 14, at the Academy of Medicine, for our special meeting to consider the speeches and discussions of the Health Conference.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. H. E. Tilly
Chairman

Tom

Fed. Clubs - mrs. Stewart Brown, Royston, Ga.
Youth Div. of Citizens' Council - mrs. R. A. Long, 1082 St. Charles Place
Y.W.C.A. mrs. Mary Kate Duskin, 37 Auburn Ave. N.E.
Council Church Women. mrs. E. G. Mackay, 1221 Clifton Road, N.E
W.C.T.U. mrs. Mary Scott Russell, 1436 N. Highland Ave N.E.
Tuberculosis Assoc - Mr. L. L. Young, Chamber of Commerce Bldg
Congress of P.T.A. - mrs. J. Elmer Slider, 318 Tenth St. N.W.
Cancer Control - Dr. J. L. Campbell, 478 Peachtree N.E
mrs. Murdock Equen, Grand Theatre Bldg.
League of Women Voters. mrs. R.M. Paty, 11 Haygood Drive N.E
Ga. Ed. Association - Mr. Sayon, Walton Bldg.
Congress of Indus. Order - Mr. Chas. Gilman, 75 Dry St. Bldg.
Ga. Fed of Labor - Mr. H.W. Chandler, Rhodes Bldg.
Ga. Committee. miss Margaret Fisher, Chamber of Commerce Bldg
Ga. Teachers Association - Mr. C. H. Harper, Auburn Ave N.E.
~~Negro~~ Council of Negro Women - mrs. Borders, Yonge St. N.E.
American Legion - Mr. Louis Sewmmers, 1417 Henry Grady Hotel
Southern Region
Infantile Paralysis - miss Anna Kothe, 41 Exchange Place S.E.
Council of Home Demonstration Agents - mrs. W.H. Peary, 1449 Allene Ave S.W.

Notice

The Sponsoring Committee of the Georgia Rural Health Conference is called to meet - ~~Wednesd~~ ~~Sept. 5.~~
Wednesday - Sept. 5th
2:30 P.M.
Y.W.C.A. Atlanta.
Please be present to perfect final plans for the Conference
mrs. M.E. Tilly - Chm.

OWED TO DR. GEORGE S. MITCHELL

Mrs. Stewart Brown, Royston, Ga

Mrs. R. A. Long, 1082 St. Charles Place, N.E. City

Mrs. Mary Kate Duskin, 37 Auburn Ave. N.E. City

Mrs. E. G. Mackay, ~~13~~ 1221 Clifton Road, N.E. City

Mrs. Mary Scott Russell, 1436 N. Highland, N.E. City

Mr. Young, Georgia Tuberculosis Association Chamber of Commerce Building, City

Mrs. J. Elmer Slider, 318 Tenth St. N.W. City

Dr. J. L. Campbell, 478 Peachtree N.E.

~~Mrs. J. C. Blalock~~, Ga. League of Women Voters Hurt Bldg. Atlanta, Ga

Mr. Sayoz -

Mrs. ~~Gertrude~~ Gordon, } Ga. Education Association, Walton Bldg, City

Dr. J. G. Lunsford, State Department of Health State Capitol City

Mr. Lon Sullivan, State Capitol City

Mrs. Stuart Brown, Rayston, Ga

Mrs.

NOTICE

The Sponsoring Committee of the Georgia Rural Health Conference is called to meet -

Wednesday, September 5

2:30 P.M.

Y.W.C.A., Atlanta

Please be present to perfect final plans for the Conference.

Mrs. M. E. Tilly, Chrmn.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES

Committee on Woman's Work

HENRY GRADY BUILDING

Atlanta 3, Ga.

JANIE W. McGAUGHEY
SECRETARY OF WOMAN'S WORK

September 12, 1945

Mrs. M. E. Tilly,
1013 Highland View, N.E.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Mrs. Tilly:

Monday afternoon I took up with Miss McGaughey the three items of which you were talking to me last week.

We are suggesting that you get in touch with Mrs. E. L. Secrest, Athens, Ga., who is the President of the Woman's Auxiliary, Synod of Georgia. She is the one with whom you would talk in regard to Presbyterian women in this state sponsoring with the Methodist women the state-wide conference on the Family. Mrs. Secrest will be in a meeting at Druid Hills Presbyterian Church, Friday, September 14, 10:30 A. M. through 2:00 P. M. It would be helpful if you could arrange to talk with her some time during the day if each of you has free time.

We are writing Mrs. Secrest, sending to her a copy of this letter, so that she will be more prepared in case you call her.

I am planning to attend some of the sessions of the Georgia Health Conference to be held, September 13, 14.

I was very much interested in reading the article by Doris Lockerman in the Atlanta Journal, September 4, regarding Training School ... . It seemed that that was a good beginning to get reactions from the women of this city to what may be carried out as you are hoping it will be done.

With best wishes for the Conference and the other plans that are in the making, I am

Cordially yours,

Annie Tait Jenkins

Annie Tait Jenkins
Director Christian Relations

ATJ'S

A CONFERENCE

on

Georgia Rural Health

To Study Problems and Plans for Conserving and Developing Human Resources of Georgia

•

Academy of Medicine

Atlanta, Georgia

September 13, 1945

Program

GEORGIA'S HEALTH NEEDS—10:00 A.M. to 12:30 P.M.

INVOCATION—Rev. Stuart R. Oglesby, President, Atlanta Christian Council.

Forum Leader—Mr. Glenn Rainey, Professor of English, Georgia School of Technology.

DOCTORS AND DENTISTS IN RURAL GEORGIA—QUANTITY, QUALITY, AND DISTRIBUTION—Dr. C. W. Roberts, Member, Advisory Council, State Board of Health.

NURSES AND NURSING IN RURAL GEORGIA—Mrs. Abbie R. Weaver, Director, Division of Public Health Nursing, State Department of Health.

HEALTH FACILITIES IN RURAL GEORGIA—HOSPITALS, LABORATORIES, AND HEALTH CENTERS—Dr. R. F. Payne, Superintendent, State Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Alto, Georgia.

NEGRO HEALTH—Dr. William A. Mason, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. Public Health Service.

BASIC CAUSES OF GEORGIA'S RURAL HEALTH PROBLEMS—Dr. T. F. Abercrombie, Director, State Department of Health.

HEALTH PROGRAMS—2:00 P.M. to 4:30 P.M.

INVOCATION—Rev. J. C. Calloway, Town and Country Commission, the Methodist Church

Forum Leader—Mr. John A. Griffin, Assistant to the President, Emory University.

CHILDREN'S BUREAU—Dr. Martha M. Eliot, Associate Chief, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor.

FARM SECURITY ADMINISTRATION—Dr. Fred D. Mott, Director of Health Services, Farm Security Administration, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

GEORGIA'S PROGRAM—Dr. Kenneth Williams, Dean, College of Education, University of Georgia.

COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONAL PROGRAMS—Mr. Lon Sullivan, Director, Georgia Citizens Council.

EVENING SESSION—8:00 P.M.

INVOCATION—Rev. S. F. Lowe, Director of Radio, Southern Baptist Convention

Presiding—Dr. T. F. Abercrombie, Director, State Department of Health.
Introduction of Speaker—Dr. Glenville Giddings, Atlanta.

FEDERAL HEALTH LEGISLATION AND ITS SIGNIFICANCE TO GEORGIA—Dr. Thomas Parran, Surgeon-General, U. S. Public Health Service.

Discussion Leader—Mr. John A. Griffin, Assistant to the President, Emory University.

SPONSORS OF THE GEORGIA RURAL HEALTH CONFERENCE

American Cancer Society, Georgia Division

American Legion

Committee for Georgia, Southern Conference for Human Welfare

Georgia Conference on Social Welfare

Georgia Congress of Parents and Teachers

Georgia Congress of Colored Parents and Teachers

Georgia Council of Church Women

Georgia Council of Negro Women

Georgia Education Association

Georgia Federation of Labor

Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs

Georgia Home Demonstration Council

Georgia League of Women Voters

Georgia State Industrial Union Council (CIO)

Georgia Teachers Association

Georgia Tuberculosis Association

Georgia Woman's Christian Temperance Union

National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, Georgia Chapter

Southern Regional Council

Young Women's Christian Association

Youth Division, Georgia Citizen's Council

•

Conference Chairman, Mrs. M. E. Tilly

Organization Committee: Mrs. Murdock Equen, Dr. J. L. Campbell, Miss Margaret L. Fisher, Dr. Guion G. Johnson, Mrs. J. C. Owen, Mrs. E. G. Mackay, Mrs. W. H. Borders, Mr. J. Harold Saxon, Mrs. Stewart Brown, Mrs. W. A. Peavy, Mrs. R. M. Paty, Mr. C. H. Harper, Mrs. Mary Kate Duskin, Mr. L. L. Young, Dr. Guy B. Johnson, Mrs. Mary Scott Russell, Mrs. R. A. Long.

Revised Draft

GEORGIA RURAL HEALTH CONFERENCE

Afternoon Session - Health Programs - 2:00 P.M. to 4:30 P.M.

Panel Members:

Dr. Martha M. Eliot, Associate Chief, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor
Dr. Fred D. Mott, Director of Health Services, Farm Security Administration, U. S. Department of Agriculture
Dr. Kenneth Williams, Dean, College of Education, University of Georgia
Mr. Lon Sullivan, Director, Georgia Citizen's Council

Forum Leader: Mr. John A. Griffin, Assistant to the President, Emory University

Discussion:

Question: Dr. Mott, is it possible to have a continuing program among rural people in connection with the voluntary services that your health program offers? Is there any hope for a long range program that will have some continuing effect?

Dr. Mott: A three year plan is the general idea of the Farm Security program, hoping that the farm families will be on their own after a few years. If you instituted a permanent program, of course, you would not be working with farm groups alone. We have a lot of evidence that there is a great tendency for families to drop out of the plan if they have had little need for medical services, leaving mostly the bad risks. This tendency is not a characteristic of voluntary pre-payment plans among farmers alone, but is a characteristic of voluntary pre-payment plans in general.

Question: Do you think the families ought to stay in the program year after year so as to retain some security? Should they keep asking for assistance?

Dr. Mott: I don't think so. I think we want to help them eventually to be on a self-sustaining basis, so that they would not need to rely on a public governmental agency for credit. We want a borrower to graduate from being a borrower.

Question: When the Farm Security loan is paid up, does the group health insurance program end?

Dr. Mott: We are trying wherever possible to get families to remain in the medical program after paying up the loan.

Question: Do you ever have really adequate medical care through a voluntary insurance program?

Dr. Mott: The Committee on the Cost of Medical Care has estimated that adequate medical care costs about $150 per family per year. It wouldn't be very difficult to pull out a few figures and make an assumption or two. We might assume that no family should pay more than five per cent of its income for medical care, since this is the national average. A very small proportion of our population could pay $150 a year. If it is impossible to get adequate medical care on a compulsory basis, it is impossible on a voluntary basis.

Griffin: Isn't it true that urban families would have as much difficulty as farm families?

Dr. Mott: Yes.

Dr. Abercrombie: Dr. Eliot, what seems to be the attitude of the Senate committee toward the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill and the Hill-Burton Bill? What action do you think they will take?

Dr. Eliot: The Senate Committee is considering all the bills together to compare their respective merits; the action they will take depends upon what people tell them. The Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill contains the Hill-Burton Bill in a modified form.

Dr. Abercrombie: Has Senate interest lessened in the Bills?

Dr. Eliot: Well, of course, Senate interest depends upon what they hear from the public.

Dr. Kelly: I happened in on this Conference just by accident, since the Georgia Medical Association, dentists' association, and nurses' association were not invited to participate. As chairman of a committee on post-graduate medical work in Georgia and dean of the University of Georgia Medical School, I should like to say a few words if I may. It so happens that no organized medical group was consulted in any way in drawing up the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill. The Senate will never pass such a bill, involving twelve billion dollars a year. Why does organized medicine disapprove the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill and approve the Hill-Burton Bill? Because the Hill-Burton Bill would devote ten billion dollars to new buildings and equipment, administered at the state level. What is the real need of this state? Nothing but money. We need a compromise between the extremes of the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill and the views of the American Medical Association, which holds that we need no change in our medical program -- a view which I certainly do not hold. We can raise the money at the state level. With a one per cent tax on employers and a one-and-a-half per cent tax on the self-employed, Georgia cound raise twenty millions a year. This twenty million could be dispensed under the supervision of the state medical association. Think what we could do with this amount -- two million to the University medical school, one million for Emory, and millions left over for new hospitals and equipment. Governor Talmadge granted me a pittance of $50,000 to work with severely burned people who needed skin grafts and those who needed all sorts of major operations, and it was a drop in the bucket. We are fully in support of Governor Arnall's fine plans for a health program.. But we cannot rely on federal funds. An isolated brand new hospital in a community can do no good. If we send the young graduates of our state medical schools out to man our state hospitals systematically, we can make some progress.

Griffin: I should like to say with reference to your remark about the fact that the Georgia Medical Association, etc. were not invited to participate in this Conference that my understanding is that the sponsorship is entirely of lay organizations.

Question: I am much impressed by the statement which I understood Dr. Kelly to make to the effect that the state medical association is going to get behind the proposed health program for Georgia. As a member of the advisory council of the State Board of Health, I am very interested to know this. Is this true, Dr. Kelly?

Dr. Kelly: I am sorry I have given you the wrong impression. I was speaking personally, and as dean of the medical school, not as a member of the Georgia Medical Association.

Question: I was concerned particularly, Dr. Kelly, because we of the Advisory Council are persuaded that if the Georgia Medical Association would back this program, we could get somewhere.

Dr. Kelly: I feel sure that we can obtain the support of the Association if the approach is made properly. The American Medical Association, at least some of its members, would be supporting the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill if they had been consulted in drawing it up.

Remark: I have no special right to speak in this distinguished assembly, except that I am the mother-in-law of a doctor. However, I would like to say that if the doctors would just offer us a program, we would be glad to follow it.

Remark: (Mr. Jones, Postmaster at Lula, Georgia.) We have several outstanding educators with us this afternoon, and education has been in the spotlight. Dr. Eliot has said that the controversy now going on about tax-supported health programs reminded her of the controversy over tax-supported education. I would like to say that rural education in Georgia has made

a great deal of progress in the last ten years. There were five little rural schools employing teachers drawing $1500 a year when I started. Those five schools have been consolidated into a $35,000 building, and the teachers are drawing $200 a month. One of the greatest steps forward has been in supplying trained personnel. I am still waiting for the Medical Association to take the lead in dealing with Georgia's rural health problems.

Dr. Williams: I should wait for a question addressed to me before I speak, but I should like to say that, while I don't want to be a Pollyanna, I do feel that there are hopeful signs for a progressive health program in Georgia achieved by cooperation. Personal prejudices and vested interests are active, but the Georgia Medical Association has representation on the State Board of Health, the State Board is made up of professional people, the Advisory Council has lay representatives, and unorganized groups like the sponsoring committee of this Conference are actively interested — all working toward the same goals. We are not very far off the beam in the pattern of bringing together all the people on this problem. I think that any bill, drawn anywhere, ought to have the very best intelligence in and out of the profession acting on it. I think the doctors have something to offer in the writing of a bill on health, and should have been consulted in writing the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill. We must all get together and lend our particular services.

Dr. Abercrombie: We have, you know, a member of the Advisory Council to the State Board who was appointed by the Georgia Medical Association.

Griffin: I wonder whether educators were consulted in the process of socializing education!

Miss Fisher: I hope that Dr. Kelly will not think I am impudent, but I should like to clarify whether he objects to the vehicle or the issue in this matter. We all know that Georgia is benefitting greatly from federal assistance. Is his objection to federal aid based on the difference between a four per cent tax and a two per cent tax? Was Dr. Kelly's objection a matter of degree or with the basic principle?

Dr. Kelly: I object to the Wagner-Murray-Dingell Bill wholeheartedly. It would regiment the public, it would regiment the medical profession, it is un-American. It has absolutely no place in our type of civilization. The people in this country would not stand for it. They would be taxed heavily on this thing, and they would still go ahead and have their own private physicians, thus paying double.

Griffin: I believe the Bill taxes only to the extent of $3000 of income.

Miss Fisher: Just to add a touch of humor, I can remember that my father said there was much the same type of discussion and objection over the question of rural free delivery. And there was much the same thing in the question of public schools.

Mrs. Tilly: I would like to say, in closing this afternoon, that we have been in close touch with Dr. Cleveland Thompson, president of the Georgia Medical Association, from the beginning of this Conference. He told me, in a conversation last Sunday, that while we are busy talking about rural health problems in Georgia, he is busy working on rural health problems.

Transcribed by:
Jane Martin
Southern Regional Council

Nash Corr

Executive Department
Atlanta

ELLIS ARNALL
GOVERNOR

IVAN ALLEN, JR.
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

September 22, 1945

Mrs. M. E. Tilly, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference
1013 Highland View, N. E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Tilly:

I have your letter of September 20th requesting an appointment next week.

I am very sorry, but I cannot see you next week. However, I will be glad to see you and your delegation on Tuesday, October 2nd, 11 o'clock if this time is convenient with you and your group.

With highest regards and best wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,

Ellis Arnall

Ellis Arnall
Governor

ea/ct

Health Conference

September 20, 1945

The Honorable Ellis Arnall
The Governor of Georgia
State Capitol
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Governor Arnall:

We regret you were unable to be with us in the Health Conference.

A small delegation from the twenty-one organizations which sponsored it would very much like a conference with you next week. We decided we would not like to take any action or plan any program until we had a consultation with you. Therefore, we trust you may find it convenient to give us a few moments.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly, Chairman
Georgia Rural Health Conference

DRT:m
Enclosure

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FARM SECURITY ADMINISTRATION
Montgomery 4, Alabama

IN REPLY REFER TO
R5-RD-JN
30-P70

SEP 25 1945

Mrs. M. E. Tilley
Southern Regional Council
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Tilley:

I want to take this opportunity to tell you how much I enjoyed the recent conference on rural health. I am sure that the excellent presentations of this subject by the many speakers could not help but impress the delegates who were present and I feel certain that some of them at least will make far more successful efforts toward the solution of this problem than they have in the past. I have before me the motions which were passed on Friday morning and find them very interesting. I will be greatly interested in the resolutions which the committee will prepare for presentation to the Governor.

You will recall that I mentioned the fact that a somewhat similar meeting is to be held in Alabama some time this fall. We are fortunate in that we have a ready-made sponsoring organization, the Allied Health Council. This organization has representation from five basic organizations; medicine, nursing, pharmacy, dentistry and hospitals, but in addition accepts associate membership from any organization which has a health program. This, of course, means that much of the organizational work which was necessary in Georgia will not have to be done in Alabama, although we are fully aware of the tremendous effort which will be needed to make this meeting a success. I know that the Southern Regional Council is active all over the South and I am interested in ascertaining whether there is any group in Alabama with which you work, that might be interested in having representation at this meeting. We are interested in securing delegates from every organization that has a health program. Any suggestions that you may have will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

John Newdorp

John Newdorp, M.D.,
Regional Medical Officer

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON RURAL HEALTH

Called Meeting, October 16, 1945

At a called meeting of the sponsoring agencies of the Georgia Rural Health Conference at the Y.W.C.A., October 16, 1945, the following persons were present:

Dr. J. L. Campbell, (American Cancer Society, Georgia Division), Miss Margaret L. Fisher (Committee for Georgia, Southern Conference for Human Welfare), Dr. Guion G. Johnson (Georgia Conference on Social Welfare), Mrs. Henry W. Chandler (Georgia Federation of Labor), Mrs. W. A. Peavy (Georgia Home Demonstration Council), Mrs. R. M. Paty, Jr., (Georgia League of Women Voters), Miss B.E. Usher (Georgia Teachers and Education Association), Mrs. M. E. Tilly and Dr. Guy B. Johnson (Southern Regional Council), Mrs. R. A. Long (Youth Division, Georgia Citizen's Council.

The minutes of the meeting of September 14, 1945, were read and corrected to include the name of Mrs. W. A. Peavy, representing the Georgia Home Demonstration Council, who was also present.

The committee appointed to draw up resolutions for presentation to the Governor reported that the committee had been in conference with the Governor at a meeting in the Governor's Office and had presented him with a copy of the letter which is herewith attached. At this meeting the Governor had agreed to make a public statement endorsing an expanded health program for Georgia, to call attention to the special health needs of rural Georgia, and to commend the creation of county health councils. The committee also reported that the Governor had pointed out that a revision of the tax program of the State was an important aspect of the health expansion program and that the Governor had requested the chairman of the committee, Mrs. R.M. Paty, Jr., to proceed with obtaining the endorsement by Atlanta hospitals of the plan to standardize and license hospitals in Georgia.

Mrs. Paty explained the expanded health program and the organization of county health councils.

After discussion, the group unanimously agreed to recommend to the sponsoring agencies the following propositions:

1. Publication in the Journal of the Medical Association of Georgia the letter which the Resolutions Committee from the Conference on Rural Health presented to the Governor.(See copy attached).

2. Endorsement of the Hill-Burton Bill now pending in Congress(S.191)

3. Endorsement of the organization of County Health Councils.

4. Endorsement of the efforts to obtain an additional tuberculosis hospital.

5. Endorsement of the expanded Public Health Program of the State Department of Health.

It was agreed to hold another meeting after the sponsoring agencies had been given time to act upon these recommendations.

Mrs. M. E. Tilly, Chairman
Guion Griffis Johnson,
Temporary Secretary

Atlanta, Georgia
October 2, 1945

Governor Ellis Arnall
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Governor Arnall:

The tragic need of the people of Georgia for better health conditions, as revealed by the Georgia Conference on Rural Health, has caused the sponsoring committee, representing the twenty-one organizations on the attached list, to recognize the desirability of continuing its work in order:

1. To educate the members of the represented organizations- and the general public so far as possible - to the situation and the need to find a solution; and

2. To study possible remedies; and

3. To support efforts being made to alleviate the situation.

In connection with aims 2 and 3 the committee would like to have your advice

1. Regarding the practicability of working toward achieving the objectives of the Board of Health as outlined in its recommendations of July 18, 1945.

2. Regarding the immediate possibilities for the following specific items:

   a. An additional tuberculosis hospital.

   b. Higher salary scale for professional and administrative health personnel.

   c. State participating funds for the Federal Hospital Construction Bill, in case it passes before 1947.

   d. Licensing of hospitals in Georgia.

In view of the encouragement and help your indorsement of the expanded Public Health Program would be to those interested in better health conditions, could you

1. Make a statement regarding rural health needs.

2. Commend the creation of County Health Councils and emphasize their possibilities for good.

3. Indorse the expanded Public Health Program.

Your genuine interest in improving the State as manifested on so many previous occasions prompted us to make this request.

Yours very truly,

Mrs. R.M. Paty, Jr., Chairman
Mr. I. L. Young
Mrs. M. E. Tilly
Mrs. Guion G. Johnson

GCP North cnf

NATIONAL NURSING COUNCIL FOR WAR SERVICE, INC.
1790 BROADWAY, NEW YORK 19, N. Y. · CIRCLE 5-8000

October 16, 1945

Miss Ira De A. Reid
Associate Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.,
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Miss Reid:

Mrs. Wickenden asked me to reply to your letter of October 12.

We are happy indeed to provide the Southern Regional Council with the requested 50 copies of the article "The Negro Nurse Looks Toward Tomorrow" for distribution. They are coming to you under separate cover.

Sincerely yours,

Josephine Nelson

Josephine Nelson
Director of Public Information

Jn/MJ

Pamphlets
Rec'd 10-7-45

Memo from IRA DeA. REID

to [illegible]

I thought we might use these as a follow-up on the health program.

RECEIVED
OCT 23 1945
Southern Regional Council

10.20.45

Thomaston, Ga.
Oct. 30, 1945

Dear President;-

I know that you have had the Work Shop on The Family presented to you at the Educational Seminar, have had a letter from your District president and your pastor has had a letter from Mrs. Awtrey but I want you to know more of the details of the day and add my plea that you let nothing keep you from being at your Work Shop --

Patillo Memorial , Decatur - Nov. 5th - 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. I know this is Monday - but it is a most important Monday , a day set aside for us to come together to find ways to bind the family together in these perplexing days.

We are asking you to be sure to have with you, the secretaries of Spiritusl Life, Missionary Education, Christian Social Relations, Wesleyan Service Guild, and Children's Work -- or some one to represent them. Perhaps your pastor will help you find transportation. This does not mean, we do not want others, we would like for your whole society to be present-

After a worship service together we divide into four discussion groups -

1. Spiritual Security of the Family, presided over by Mrs. Pitman, your District Sec. of Spiritual Life - with Mrs. Awtrey, Mrs. Colley, Mrs. Guion Johnson of Ga. Conf. of Social Work, Dr. Henry Johnson of Emory University, Miss Caroline Clarke, Director DeKalb County Welfare
2. Economic Security - presided over by Mrs. E. P. Moody- Panel leaders -- Miss Dorothy Weber of the Woman's Division from New York, Dr. George Mitchell of the Southern Regional Council, Mrs. Blalock from the League of Women Voters, Miss Jewel Faber , Farm Security Administration.
3. Health and Homes of the Family - presided over by Mrs. Lamb- Panel leaders -- Mrs. M. E. Tilly, Hon. George Hamilton, State Treasurer and Chm. of Georgia's Rural Housing Authority Dr. Abercrombie , Director of State Department of Health
4. The Children of the Family - presided over by Mrs. R. E. Snead, Panel leaders - Mrs. Rembert Green, Mrs. A. A. Hardy, Miss Loretta Chappel of State Welfare Dept., the Visiting teacher of DeKalb Co, and Mrs. Frances Dwyer of Citizens' Council and Mrs. R. A. Long of Citizens' Council.

These groups will bring their findings to the afternoon session.

Please do your best to build up attendance. We did well with war time activities - may God help us to put our best in peace time service.

Sincerely yours,

Mrs. A. A. Hardy,
General Chairman of Work Shops.

January 16, 1946

Mr. George Strickland
House of Representatives
State Capitol
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Strickland:

I am delighted to hear that you are introducing a bill on the subject of the standardization and improvement of hospitals in Georgia, with a view to making Georgia eligible to receive federal funds which will be available when Congress passes S-191.

As one of the sponsors of the Georgia Rural Health Conference, the Southern Regional Council is deeply interested in all legislation which will improve the health and medical care of our citizens. If we can be of any service to you we shall be only too glad to do so.

I am enclosing several copies of the leaflet on health conditions in Georgia which we prepared for the Rural Health Conference. If you have any use for additional copies, please let us know.

Cordially yours,

GUY B. JOHNSON,
Executive Director

GBJ:IBT

Encl.

IS GEORGIA ONLY HALF-WAY TO HEALTH?

This is true so far as public health nurses and health officers are concerned. Georgia needs twice as many as its present health program provides; it needs three times as many public sanitarians. Hospital facilities are even further below par compared with the Nation as a whole.

What It Means

Compare Georgia's vital statistics record with the Nation's to see what this means in wasted human resources — sickness and death. The table here contrasts the records for 1940. (Rates are per 100,000 population except where noted.)

	Maternal* Death Rate	Infant* D. Rate	Typhoid D. Rate	Malaria D. Rate	Diphth. D. Rate	T. B. D. Rate	Syphilis D. Rate
GA.	5.3	57.8	2.2	2.8	1.9	49.1	18.8
U. S.	3.8	47.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	45.8	14.4
Difference	1.5	10.8	1.1	1.7	0.8	3.3	4.4

*Per 1,000 live births.

Rural Health Is the Key

Georgia's health problem is largely a problem of medical care and facilities for its predominantly rural population. There are not enough doctors, nurses, health officers and hospitals in the rural areas.

For instance, although the population of the State is 65.6 per cent rural (in 1940) most of the doctors and dentists and hospital facilities are concentrated in city areas. A report of the Health Panel of the State Agricultural and Industrial Development Board says that what medical facilities we have are badly distributed in relation to population.

For Instance

Doctors and Dentists: Georgia has one doctor for every 2,000 people. That is accepted by health experts as an adequate ratio. However, one doctor for every 1,000 to 1,500 people is considered a better standard. And although we have an "adequate" number of doctors, they are not spread over the state in the right proportion to take care of our rural population. Only 20

counties have the "adequate" ratio of one doctor for every 2,000 people. In 75 counties one doctor has to care for 3,000 or more people. In 61 counties one doctor has to serve from 2,000 to 3,000 people. Two counties have no doctor at all. The problem of dental care is much the same. Forty-five per cent of the dentists of the state are concentrated in the Atlanta area.

Hospitals: Georgia does not have enough hospitals. The state's hospital facilities add up to an average of 1.4 beds for every 1,000 people. The national average is *six* beds per 1,000. What hospital facilities we have are badly distributed. Half of the hospital beds of the state are concentrated in the Atlanta area, where there is only 24 per cent of the population. Only six counties have five or more beds per 1,000 population. Eighty-five counties have no general hospitals beds at all.

Personnel: The Health Panel report says Georgia's present expenditure of 80 cents per capita (made up of local, state and federal funds) provides only half the number of public health nurses and health officers and only one-third of the number of sanitarians needed for an effective health program. One nurse for every 5,000 people is called an adequate minimum, one for every 2,500 the ideal ratio. Georgia has only one public health nurse for every 10,000 people. One health officer for every 30,000 people is considered adequate. Georgia has one for every 65,000 people. One sanitarian for every 20,000 people is considered the minimum ratio. Georgia has one for every 60,000 people.

The Answer?

The Health Panel report says Georgia vital statistics show that diseases which can be controlled by immunization — such as typhoid and dyptheria — "are rapidly approaching the irreducible minimum," but that diseases not controllable by immunization have not decreased at anything like a comparable rate. The reason, says the Panel, "constitutes the gravest problem . . . facing Georgia in the field of health — lack of physicians and medical facilities. . . .

The only answer seems to be more doctors and dentists, more hospitals, more public health services for Georgia's rural population. Statistics show that the death rate for most diseases is higher in rural areas than in urban areas. Rural people are

ill more often and for longer periods of time than city people. The Selective Service rejection was higher among farm youth than any other occupational group. Obviously, our rural health program needs considerable expansion.

Proposals

The Health Panel report sets out a detailed plan for expanding and improving Georgia's health services. It proposes a State-wide program to attain by long-range planning the following goals:

Three beds per 1,000 persons for acute general hospital facilities.

A general hospital within 35 miles of every patient.

Acute general hospital to be of not less than 100-bed size.

Maternity shelter and emergency facilities in each county.

A well-developed medical center at each of the State's two medical schools.

Modern out-patient health center facilities, including dental, in all towns of more than 500 population.

Tuberculosis hospitals in each of the nine health areas into which the State would be divided, each large enough to furnish two beds per annual tuberculosis death.

Why State-Wide? — The alternative to an integrated State-wide health and hospital program is for each county or municipality to establish its own facilities. On this basis, 90 of Georgia's 159 counties would have to spend more than 10 per cent of their local revenue to pay for one public health nurse. If each county had to operate a separate hospital for its citizens only the hard fact is that only 16 counties in Georgia have populations large enough to justify a 100-bed hospital. Since it is generally accepted that hospitals of less than 75-bed size cannot provide the best of medical care and at the same time be operated economically the sparsely settled rural areas would still suffer from insufficient facilities.

Low Cost Care: Any program designed to raise the standards of Georgia health must reach all citizens. Low cost or free medical care must be provided for part of the population. This is made obvious when we consider that 30 per cent of the peo-

ple of Georgia have incomes under $1,000 a year and 53 per cent live on incomes ranging from $1,000 to $2,000. In these facts lies the proof that poverty and poor health go hand-in-hand.

How to Do It?

Such a full program of health education and medical care as Georgia needs obviously costs money. Yet the waste of human resources caused by disease is even more costly. The need for a program cannot be denied. Rural people themselves certainly realize this need and want something done about it. A recent bulletin of the U. S. Department of Agriculture said surveys reveal that more than four-fifths of farmers interviewed favor an increase in public health clinics for rural areas.

GEORGIA RURAL HEALTH CONFERENCE

Academy of Medicine Atlanta, Georgia

September 13, 1945

Sponsored by the Following Organizations

American Cancer Society, Georgia Division

American Legion

Committee for Georgia, Southern Conference for Human Welfare

Georgia Conference on Social Welfare

Georgia Congress of Parents and Teachers

Georgia Congress of Colored Parents and Teachers

Georgia Council of Church Women

Georgia Council of Negro Women

Georgia Educational Association

Georgia Federation of Labor

Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs

Georgia Home Demonstration Council

Georgia League of Women Voters

Georgia State Industrial Union Council (CIO)

Georgia Teachers Association

Georgia Tuberculosis Association

National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, Georgia Chapter

Southern Regional Council

Woman's Christian Temperance Union

Young Women's Christian Association

Youth Division, Georgia Citizens Council

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

NAME OR SUBJECT

GEORGIA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS

REGARDING

misunderstanding created about grant-in-aid

Letter from P.A. to L. W. Dunbar

DATE

8-4-67

(SEE)
NAME OR SUBJECT

FIELD FOUNDATION

Item 2

Georgia Council on Human Relations
52 Fairlie Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

OPERATING STATEMENT - Regular fund
For the year ended September 30, 1967

INCOME

Grants - Foundations	$ 20,975.00
Grants - Southern Regional Council	20,500.00
Individual contributions	8,392.03
Membership	5,776.50
Business contributions	4,500.00
Interest	1,201.80
Chapter contributions	595.00
	$ 61,940.33

DISBURSEMENTS

Salaries	$ 25,297.87	
Travel	4,545.67	
Office expenses	2,845.85	
Inner city project	2,842.57	
Welfare project	2,500.24	
Telephone and telegraph	2,317.90	
Refunds to locals	2,066.75	
Postage	2,011.58	
Printing	1,680.02	
Payroll taxes	1,409.20	
Insurance	1,361.16	
Rent	1,270.00	
Meetings	1,133.14	
Legal and accounting	470.00	
Miscellaneous	280.74	
Books and subscriptions	183.29	
	$ 52,215.98	
Refund from Rural Advancement project	1,350.00	50,865.98
Excess of income over expenditures		$ 11,074.35
Balance in general fund October 1, 1966		8,832.75
Balance in general fund September 30, 1967		$ 19,907.10

Georgia Council on Human Relations
52 Fairlie Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

OPERATING STATEMENT

For the period October 1, 1965 through September 30, 1966

GENERAL FUND

INCOME		
Foundations grants		$ 16,500.00
Contributions		13,650.88
Grants-in-Aid Southern Regional Council		10,200.00
Membership dues		5,373.25
Interest		1,154.88
New South		8.00
		$ 46,887.01
EXPENDITURES		
Salaries	$ 21,032.79	
Travel	4,642.69	
Postage	2,611.03	
Office supplies	2,505.92	
Telephone	2,135.15	
Refund to locals	2,102.10	
Printing	2,059.78	
Local projects	1,760.86	
Payroll taxes	1,249.23	
Rent	1,100.00	
Meetings	704.98	
Insurance	456.83	
Legal and accounting	360.00	
Books and subscriptions	168.86	
Miscellaneous	132.55	
	$ 43,022.77	
Less: Reimbursement Rural Advancement project	1,350.00	41,672.77
	$	
Excess of income over expenditures		$ 5,214.24
Less: Additional equipment	$ 560.99	
Rural advancement project	871.06	
	$ 1,432.05	
Less: Know your rights project	272.80	1,159.25
Increase in current fund balance		$ 4,054.99
Less: Current fund deficit - October 1, 1966		92.78
Current Fund Balance - September 30, 1966		$ 3,962.21

Georgia Council on Human Relations
52 Fairlie Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

OPERATING STATEMENT
For the period October 1, 1964 through September 23, 1965

GENERAL FUND

INCOME		
Contributions		$ 19,486.16
Grants-in-Aid Southern Regional Council		5,100.00
Membership		4,992.00
New South subscriptions		50.00
Miscellaneous		42.50
		$ 29,670.66
EXPENDITURES		
Salaries	$ 21,045.78	
Travel	4,063.02	
Telephone	2,614.09	
Office supplies	1,832.81	
Printing	1,771.69	
Postage	1,534.46	
Meetings	1,498.52	
Grant to Atlanta Council	1,302.00	
Refunds to locals	1,254.50	
Payroll taxes	989.60	
Rent	880.00	
Books and subscriptions	388.33	
Legal and accounting	350.00	
Insurance	206.10	
New South	58.50	
Miscellaneous	29.45	
	$ 39,818.85	
Less: Reimbursement Field Foundation	4,067.90	35,750.95
Excess of expenditures over income		$ 6,080.29
Purchase of additional equipment		546.78
		$ 6,627.07
Overdraft Field Foundation in 1964		337.06
		$ 6,964.13
Current Fund balance October 1, 1964		6,871.35
Current Fund deficit - September 23, 1965		$ 92.78

GEORGIA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS
52 Fairlie Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Ford Foundation Review - Item 3.

OFFICERS AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS - Race and Occupation:

Officers and Executive Committee, term 1967-1968:

The Rev. C. S. Hamilton, Augusta, Negro, minister & City Councilman
The Rev. Austin Ford, Atlanta, white, Episcopal minister
The Rev. C. H. Wilhite, Columbus, Negro, Methodist minister
Mr. C. W. Aycock, Rome, Negro, Teacher at Berry College
Mr. John Glustrom, Atlanta, white, businessman
Miss Franziska Boas, Kingston, white, civic worker
Mrs. Betty Boyd, Carrollton, white, civic worker & housewife
Dr. Lionel Newsom, Atlanta, Negro, Educator
Mrs. Emma Jean Frye, Atlanta, Negro, civic worker & housewife
Mr. Jack T. May, Athens, Professor at University of Georgia
Mr. Curtis Thomas, Thomasville, Negro, State Fire Inspector

Nominating Committee, term 1967-1968:

Mrs. LaConstance Taylor, chairman, Macon, Negro, teacher
The Rev. Austin Ford (see officers)
Mr. Carl Goodman, Mount Berry, white, Instructor at Berry College
Mr. Jack T. May (see executive committee)
Mr. Abram Odess, Savannah, white, businessman

Board of Directors, term to expire 1968:

Mr. Harry Adley, Atlanta, white, City Planner
Mrs. Carlton Binns, Atlanta, white, housewife
Miss Franziska Boas, Kingston, (see executive committee)
Mrs. Betty Boyd, (see executive committee)
Mrs. Nancy Collinson, Atlanta, white, housewife
Mr. Frank Hutchings, Macon, Negro, businessman
Mr. A. J. McClung, Columbus, Negro, Executive Secretary YMCA
The Rev. H. J. Mack, Chamblee, Negro, businessman
Mrs. F. M. Mosley, Macon, Negro, civic worker & housewife
The Rev. Carroll Payne, Chamblee, white, minister
The Rev. H. R. Payton, Statesboro, Negro, minister
Mrs. Nan Pendergrast, Atlanta, white, civic worker & housewife
Mr. David Snider, DeKalb, white, teacher
Mrs. Frank Spencer, Savannah, white, civic worker
Mrs. LaConstance Taylor, (see nominating committee)
Mr. Albert Thompson, Columbus, Negro, Attorney

(more)

Term to expire 1969:

Dr. R. L. Cousins, Atlanta, white, Asst. Dir. Sou. Education Foundation
Rabbi Alfred Goodman, Columbus, white, Rabbi
Mr. Raymond Head, Griffin, Negro, businessman
Dr. Vivian Henderson, Atlanta, Negro, President of Clark College
Mr. Donald Hollowell, Atlanta, Negro, Attorney, EEOC Director
The Rev. J. M. Hinton, Jr., Augusta, Negro, minister
Mrs. M. J. Jones, Rome, Negro, teacher
Mr. Osmos Lanier, Jr., Savannah, white, teacher
Mr. Jack T. May, (see executive committee)
Mrs. David Neiman, Atlanta, white, civic worker
Mr. E. F. Parrish, Brunswick, Negro, vocational teacher & businessman
Mrs. Fred Patterson, Atlanta, white, civic worker & housewife
Mrs. Frances Pauley, Atlanta, white, past Director of Georgia Council
Mr. J. M. Richards, Decatur, white, President of Columbia Theo. Sem.
Mrs. H. V. Richardson, Atlanta, Negro, civic leader & housewife
Mr. J. H. Ruffin, Jr., Augusta, Negro, Attorney
The Rev. J. N. Shopshire, Atlanta, Negro, minister
Mr. Curtis Thomas, (see executive committee)
The Rev. C. H. Wilhite, (see officers)
The Rev. Samuel Williams, Atlanta, Negro, Professor at Morehouse College

Term to expire 1970:

Mrs. Margaret Belcher, Columbus, Negro, businesswoman
Mr. R. L. Clark, Savannah, white, Professor at Armstrong College
The Rev. J. M. Ellis, Keysville, Negro, minister & teacher
Mrs. Emma Jean Frye, (see executive committee)
Mr. Joseph Hendricks, Macon, white, Dean of Men at Mercer University
Dr. Richard Hocking, Atlanta, white, Professor at Emory University
The Rev. J. C. Hope, Brunswick, Negro, minister
Mr. Vernon Jordan, Atlanta, Negro, Attorney, Director of VEP-SRC
Mrs. B. E. Mays, Atlanta, Negro, civic leader & housewife
Mrs. W. C. McNeely, Brunswick, Negro, teacher
Mr. L. D. Milton, Atlanta, Negro, President of Citizens Trust Company
The Rev. John Mulroy, Atlanta, white, Catholic Priest
Mr. James Nellon, Warwick, Negro, businessman
Dr. Lionel Newsom, (see executive committee)
The Rev. R. C. Pooley, Rome, white, minister
Mr. W. P. Randall, Macon, Negro, businessman

Ford Foundation Review - Item 4.

The Georgia Council find that its number one problem is in the area of fund raising. A total of seventy one (71) letters were sent to foundations and companies throughout the State of Georgia, with only two favorable responses. A total of six hundred and eighteen (618) letters of appeal were sent to foundations and companies in fourteen other states, only twenty seven responses as of this date. Twenty six indicating local interest only, with one indicating possible board consideration sometime after January 1968.

Another urgent problem in Georgia today is in the field of education and school desegregation. Three years after the Supreme Court ruling, we find that in Georgia, integration is still strongly resisted in most areas. The Freedom of Choice method places the full burden of integration upon individual parents who are often harassed, threatened, and even attacked for choosing to send their children to white schools, and most Negro children who do attend white schools are subjected to abuse and unfair treatment. Negro principals and teachers, lacking assurance of fair teacher integration programs and fearing loss of jobs in a state that provides no job tenure, have themselves been slow to encourage Negroes to transfer to white schools. Resegregation, especially in Atlanta, but also in the rural counties of Taliaferro, Wilkes, Hancock, Dougherty, etc, has thwarted attempts to integrate school systems in areas where substantial numbers transferred. Previously white schools have become Negro schools while white students attend 'private' schools or 'bootleg' to neighboring counties. The

transportation problem for students who, in spite of all deterrents, elect to transfer, is a final obstacle thrown in their path. Busses often will not pick up Negro children and transport them to white schools, and thus, yet another sacrifice is demanded of both child and parent.

Increased desegregation workshops are vitally needed in Georgia if desegregation is to ever be realized.

File Ga. Council

Ford Foundation Review - Item 1.

The Georgia Council on Human Relations had its real beginnings in 1919 with the founding of the "Georgia Commission on Interracial Cooperation." The initially small organization of ministers and laymen strove to correct injustices and better conditions affecting Negroes and to improve interracial attitudes on the part of both Negroes and whites. Working on the principle that "we cannot know what is best for the Negro unless we consult him," the Committee sought Negro membership early in its existence.

In 1946 the Commission on Interracial Cooperation relinquished its work to the Southern Regional Council but the Commission continued to operate as a separate organization, increasing its staff and expanding its programs. In 1956 the name of the Commission was changed to the Georgia Council on Human Relations.

From its small beginnings in 1919, the Georgia Council has steadily grown both in numbers and in strength, and the programs have broadened considerably. Over the past two years especially great progress has been made. The number of chapters has increased from fourteen to seventeen and old chapters have shown a steady growth. Membership in the Council has increased from 1072 to 1807 since October 1965.

The Georgia Council as it exists today continues to work to improve relationship among all the citizens of Georgia, both Negro and white, and to correct the injustices that poverty and prejudice inflict. Our efforts in this direction have been and continue to be realized on many levels through the wide variety of programs sponsored by the

Council. Many of these programs were made possible solely or in large part by the availability of substantial funds granted SRC by the Ford Foundation.

One of the most urgent problems in Georgia today is in the field of education and school desegregation. Three years after the Supreme Court ruled that the schools of the nation desegregate "with all deliberate speed" we find that in Georgia integration is still strongly resisted in most areas. Because of threats and harassment, lack of cooperation on the part of many school officials, and innumerable barriers to parents who consider transferring their children to white schools, the Freedom of Choice method has proved totally unworkable.

The Council has handled countless cases of individual abuse against parents transferring children, and has been instrumental in filing many court suits. Believing that desegregation would procede more quickly and with fewer incidents if massive transfers were made, the Council has worked consistently to increase the number of transfers. A school desegregation meeting was held at Macon with over 200 people present from 59 Georgia towns plus Columbia, South Carolina and Tallahassee, Florida. This was a cooperative effort with SCLC, Friends, SNCC, United Presbyterian and NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund. In January 1967, in order to reach still more people and to overcome the apathy that was further slowing progress, the Council sponsored desegregation workshops in six areas: Brunswick, Macon, Rome, Thomasville, Covington and Augusta. These meetings were attended by delegations

from 63 towns in 44 Georgia Counties. These workshops were very instrumental in impressing upon parents the need for transfers and encouraging them to make transfers regardless of the problems and discouragement they experienced as a result.

To additionally encourage freedom of choice transfers, many local chapters set up tutorial programs to help students catch up and keep up with the often heavy load encountered in white schools. In 1965-66, the Georgia Council sponsored in conjunction with CBS, a film entitled "The Mercer Project," a school desegregation documentary which describes the tutorial program sponsored by Council members in Macon, Georgia. This film was made available by the U. S. Department of Education for utilization in many Southern areas.

Closely related to the problem of desegregating the schools is that of providing integrated texts that present an adequate and accurate picture of events and avoid subtle discrimination against Negroes and other minority groups. A Council Book Commmttee planned and set up a display of integrated books in the state office, and closely examined books on the state approved textbook list. On November 11 of this year a Book Conference was held in cooperation with Atlanta University for the purpose of explaining the merits and deficiencies of various books and encouraging the parents and educators of Georgia to press for integrated texts in their district.

In addition to the Book Conference, the Georgia Council sponsored independently and in conjunction with other organizations, workshops

on Credit Unions and Cooperatives, Citizenship Education, Welfare Rights Leadership Training, Community Problems and Federal Programs. These meetings have all proved to be of good value in their own areas, providing people with new sources of information and opportunities to discuss their individual problems and means of solving them together.

In the summer of 1965, work was begun on Voter Registration in Baker County, Georgia. There followed a series of beatings and arrests fully sanctioned by the white power structure; at this time, the director of the Georgia Council was forced to leave town when her life was threatened and police protection was denied. That fall Mr. Hubert Thomas joined the staff of the Georgia Council and began doing extensive work in that area of the state, conducting workshops on rural problems, Title III-B and V, and helping to get the new Southwest Georgia Council underway. In the summer of 1966, at the very courthouse that was the scene of bloodshed and violence one short year before, a meeting of that Chapter of the Georgia Council took place. The third summer saw the commodity food and home management programs functioning smoothly and, most wonderously, a Title III-B program successfully underway. Under this program, we have a completely integrated staff. Baker County participants, whites and Negroes, are sitting side by side working together in their basic education classes and at their vocational work. There have been no problems; sheriff, merchants, and participants are happy. Truly these are fruits of the dedicated labors of the Georgia Council working to build a better Georgia.

Item 1 - page 5.

The problems faced by the Georgia Council are many and varied, and each day brings to the Council its successes and failures; slow compliance with desegregation guideline, reports of police brutality and denial of rights, incidents of discrimination in every area from housing to welfare, to voter registration to awarding of loans, yet always there is progress toward the day when these problems shall no longer plague our state. We, in the Georgia Council, believe that day shall indeed come, for the situation is not hopeless. Rich and poor, black and white are working and can continue to work together to make the changes necessary to fulfill the dreams of Georgia becoming a state where reason and understanding can overcome ignorance and prejudice, and true justice and equality can begin to exist.

CROSS REFERENCE SHEET

NAME OR SUBJECT

GEORGIA COUNCIL

REGARDING

GRANT $5,000 TO G.C.H.R. FOR WORK IN BAKER COUNTY

DATE

11/28/67 ltr from Field
Foundation to Frances Pauley

(SEE)
NAME OR SUBJECT

FIELD FOUNDATION 1966

File - Ga. Council

December 8, 1967

GRANTS TO GEORGIA COUNCIL ON HUMAN RELATIONS, 10/1/66 to 9/30/67

10/13/66	- RAP	$ 3,000.00
10/25/66	- Regular	1,150.00
11/15/66	- Expanded (Ford)	2,250.00
12/13/66	- Welfare Programs (Ford)	2,250.00
1/11/67	- Regular and expanded	3,650.00
	RAP	3,000.00
4/4/67	- Regular and expanded	3,650.00
4/11/67	- RAP	3,000.00
7/13/67	- Regular and expanded	3,650.00
	RAP	3,000.00
	TOTAL	$28,600.00

In addition, SRC paid the expenses for a visit from housing consultant Morris Millgram.

Confidential

file
Ga. Council

file

MEMORANDUM

December 11, 1967

PA from ES

Attached are copies of the program and my "remarks" at the Georgia Council annual meeting on Friday, December 8.

Here are a few random observations:

(1) Attendance at the afternoon session was approximately 65, of whom only 18 were white, including white officers, staff persons, and those making reports for local councils. More attendance and more whites at banquet.

(2) I have told you orally of John McCown's recommending a "feasibility study" of the idea of merging neighborhood councils in the Atlanta area with a view to presenting a united front; this, along with Eliza Paschal's being invited to introduce the main speaker struck me as significant. John objected publicly when this matter was referred to the executive committee. John did tell me at the banquet that he was going to try to put an end to the bickering with Eliza and the Atlanta Council.

(3) Frances was nominated from the floor to serve on the Board, class of 1969, in place of someone whose name had been withdrawn. She was also given a plaque and a check for about $150.00 (collected from individuals) in appreciation of her long service.

(4) Evelyn Sutton told me after the meeting that John went along with the format this year, but hoped to have a longer meeting, with wider participation next year.

REMARKS AT GEORGIA COUNCIL ANNUAL MEETING

December 8, 1967

I want to thank your Executive Director, John McCown, and your Executive Committee for providing in the program of your annual meeting an opportunity for me to greet you on behalf of the Southern Regional Council. When John invited me to do so I had plans to leave for Greensboro on a 3:15 plane, and he graciously arranged for me to speak briefly at the very beginning of the meeting. Subsequently the date of the North Carolina meeting was changed, and I am glad that it will be possible for me to participate in the rest of this meeting.

I shall take only a couple of minutes to observe and thank you for the partnership that does exist and surely will continue to exist between the Georgia Council on Human Relations and the Southern Regional Council. It is more than a partnership: it is a familial relationship. I should be less than candid were I not to acknowledge that there have been, from time to time, misunderstandings. But so it is with all families. The relationship remains.

In the fiscal year just ended SRC's financial support of the Georgia Council came to some $29,000, including a grant-in-aid of $14,600, $12,000 in support of the Rural Advancement Project, a $2,500 special grant for the welfare project, and provision of some consultant expenses. In addition there have been numerous consultations

between your staff and ours in such programs as the special projects in crime and corrections, voter education, and labor education.

In return the Southern Regional Council and all of the state human relations councils have benefitted from your trail-blazing efforts, under the capable and dedicated leadership of Frances Pauley, in such programs as the "Know Your Rights" seminars, the Welfare Rights Project, the Rural Advancement Project (including the idea of an area council in Southwest Georgia), your area school desegregation leadership conferences, and the recent textbooks conference in cooperation with Atlanta University's School of Library Science.

In the process the Georgia Council has become one of the strongest of the state councils in the South: I note that the reports included in your program show a membership of 1,800 and an income of approximately $20,000 from your own resources.

I just want to assure you that we at the SRC covet and look forward to continuation of a uniquely valuable relationship with the Georgia Council. The value of it is unique, of course, because the state agency and the regional agency are headquartered in the same community.

To coin a cliche, "these are trying times." The process of searching, of groping, of evaluation, of feeling out new directions and new modes is going on in all agencies concerned with human rights

and relations--from church agencies, to voluntary associations such as ours, to government agencies. We are groping along a narrow, stoney ridge-path between separatist abysses on the right and on the left.

The task of a human relations organization such as the Georgia Council on Human Relations was never more vital than it is in such times. We cherish our familial partnership with you in holding up to public view the fact of human inter-dependence and the consequent necessity of a society which is--and a society of persons who are--open and available to all. Ours is a word, a message, that must be spoken, whether in an appeal for justice or in an appeal for mercy, whether in a demand for action or a plea for forbearance. And that is the fact that the ultimate defeat for any of us is to become inhuman.

WELFARE IN GEORGIA

PROBLEM:

Georgia has many poor people, not only in the Atlanta ghetto which is increasing daily but in the smaller cities and in the rural areas. The per capita income in Baker County is $779.00. The per capita income in Taliaferro is $1,026.00.

Many people are hungry. The director of the Department of Welfare says there are 116,323 hungry people who are receiving no government food. Some believe there are many more thousand.

During recent welfare surveys in 29 counties the Georgia Council on Human Relations has found that the poorest people visited are the ones who receive no welfare aid. Apathy, illness, hopelessness, lack of transportation, keep these desperately poor from applying for assistance. "It ain't no use to go - all they do down there is to talk mean to you" is often heard from Negro and white.

Many regulations are not inforced. Few poor get their maximum benefits. The maximum benefits are too low for decent living. Welfare guarantees annual poverty.

Changes are beginning to be made in Georgia. A case attacking the "employable mother" regulation is in the courts. Last spring departments were notified not to take Negroes off the roles to compel them to work in the fields. The state department has begun to hire Negroes. County departments are complaining because their work load is increasing as the visitors from the Welfare Rights Committees take the people into the offices for applications. Directives have gone out from the state demanding the use of courtesy titles. In a few scattered counties workers are beginning to follow the directives. The movement is not significant but it has begun.

PROPOSAL:

This proposal would make it possible for hundreds of poor people in Georgia to be educated concerning their rights. It would make it possible for them to ask for a fair hearing when their rights are not respected. It would make it possible for them to organize in groups in order to make appeals to the legislature for further relief and to the state department, and to the Federal offices of HEW. In other words, the poor themselves are the only people who can tell the story as it is and seek the relief that is their right. This project would make it possible for these poor to act.

Welfare in Georgia - 2.

PLAN:

The project would be carried out in cooperation with the Center on Social Welfare Policy and Law at Columbia University. The project would be organized in the following way:

1. Headquarters would be set up in the slum area in Atlanta.

   The staff in the headquarters would be:

   Director
   Consultant (part time)
   Secretary

   Duties of the director:

   1. Organization and supervision of welfare rights groups throughout the state

   2. Preparation of necessary materials for the use of the local workers

   3. Plan and direct workshops for the training of local workers

   4. Direct state-wide education and action toward changing welfare policies.

   Consultant:

   1. Assist the director in follow up on specific welfare cases.

   2. Keep records and assist in writing of reports.

2. Leaders would be assigned to work in certain geographic areas of the state. The leaders would have practical experience in working with welfare rights committees. They would be local people with low incomes, with organizational skills and with keen interest in welfare rights. Area headquarters would be:

   Augusta
   Waycross
   Cordele or Houston County
   Sparta
   Thomasville
   Atlanta

These leaders, under the direction of the director, would establish welfare rights groups in as many towns and counties as possible. At the present there is a beginning with 29 counties having some kinds of welfare rights activities. Workers in these local groups would receive reimbursements for travel and expenses for meetings.

3. Meetings:

   a. Training meetings for local workers.
   b. Training and report meetings for area leaders.

RESULTS:

In a three year period every county (159) and many towns in the counties should have some sort of an active welfare rights groups, working together to influence legislation on the state and national level.

BUDGET:

Atlanta headquarters:	$ 10,000
Overhead	
Printing	
Meetings	
Salaries:	
Director	10,000
Consultant (part time)	5,000
Secretary	5,000
Area leaders:	
6 @ $250 per month	18,000
Local leaders:	
20 @ $60 per month	14,400
Travel:	
Staff and volunteers	17,600
Total per year	$ 80,000
Total three years	$240,000

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fc., Alpha-
Pfc., Dix-
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Committee Maps Press Meeting

CLAXTON, Ga., Aug. 27.—(AP)—A three-man committee has gone to work on the program of the Georgia Press Association convention, which will take place on September 21-22 at the Biltmore hotel in Atlanta, R. E. L. Majors, president, stated today.

Committee members are Belmont Dennis, editor of the Covington News; Albert Hardy, editor and publisher of the Gainesville News, and W. R. Frier, editor and publisher of the Bartow Herald, Cartersville.

Dennis, now first vice president of the association, is slated for election as president, succeeding Editor Majors, of the Claxton Enterprise, who is completing his second term in office.

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CONFERENCE BE HELD

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 10 (AP)—Georgia rural health problems will be studied here Thursday at a conference sponsored by 21 Georgia civic, labor and welfare organizations.

Dr. Thomas Parran, surgeon general of the U. S. Public Health Service, heads the speakers.

bombs
future warfare

Surplus property—High on the House calendar is a bill to rep'ace the three-man surplus property disposal board with a single admin istrator. This is one of President Truman's "must" measures, and approval by the House seemed cer-
approval by the House seeme cer-

GUARD MEETING HELD

MACON, Ga., Sept. 10 (AP)—Executive representatives of Georgia's State Guard met here yesterday to discuss the current status of the Guard, its continuing need, and p'ans for meeting any eventuality until reconstruction of the National Guard.

them
and won a war
the rights of the individual . . . For all peoples of the world."

In addition to Ominato, 400 miles north of Tokyo, two other Japanese naval bases were taken over by American forces Sunday.

Lt. Gen. Robert L. Eichelberger said part of his Eighth Army would continue to spread northward from Tokyo, and that two divisions would occupy Hokkaido, northernmost island, about Oct. 5.

EARLY END IS SEEN

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 (AP)—The end of all meat rationing by October 1 was seen as a possibility by some rationing officials today, although no date has been set.

WAYCROSS
JOURNAL-HERALD
SEPT 10—

State Groups Will Discuss Rural Health

Georgia rural health problems will be studied by state leaders of church, civic, labor and welfare groups here Thursday at a conference sponsored by 21 organizations to work out plans to gain public support for a program to raise the health standards of the state.

Dr. Thomas Parran, surgeon general, U. S. Public Health Service; Dr. Martha M. Eliot, associate chief of the children's bureau, U. S. Department of Agriculture, and Dr. Fred D. Mott, director of health services, Farm Security Administration, will be principal speakers of the full-day conference at the Academy of Medicine.

Dr. Parran will speak on "Federal Health Legislation and Its Significance to Georgia," at the closing session Thursday at 8 p. m. Dr. Eliot, addressing the afternoon session, starting at 2 p. m., will discuss the work of the children's bureau; Dr. Mott will talk on the FSA health program.

Other speakers and topics include:

Morning session, 10 a. m.: Dr. C. W. Roberts, of the advisory council of the State Board of Health—"Doctors and Dentists in Rural Georgia;" Mrs. Abbie R. Weaver, director of public health nursing, State Department of Health, "Nursing in Rural Georgia;" Dr. Rufus F. Payne, superintendent of the State Tuberculosis Sanitorium at Alto, "Health Facilities in Rural Georgia;" Dr. William A. Mason, acting assistant surgeon, U. S. Public Health Service, "Negro Health;" Dr. T. F. Abercrombie, director of the State Department of Health, "Basic Causes of Georgia's Rural Health Problems."

Afternoon session, 2 p. m.: Dr. Eliot; Dr. Mott, Dr. Kenneth Williams, dean of the College of Education, University of Georgia, speaking on Georgia's health program, and Lon Sullivan, director of the Georgia Citizens' Council, speaking on community organizational programs.

Dr. Abercrombie will preside over the evening session and Dr. Glenville Giddings, of Atlanta, will introduce Dr. Parran. Discussion leaders for the conference forums to follow the formal addresses will be Glenn Rainey, professor of English, Georgia School of Technology, and John A. Griffin, assistant to the president, Emory University.

Mrs. M. E. Tilly, secretary of Christian social relations for Methodist women of the southeast, is conference chairman.

Organizations sponsoring the conference are:

American Cancer Society, Georgia division; American Legion, Committee for Georgia, Southern Conference for Human Welfare; Georgia Conference on Social Welfare; Georgia Congress of Parents and Teachers; Georgia Council of Church Women; Georgia Council of Negro Women; Georgia Education Association; Georgia Federation of Labor; Georgia Congress of Colored Parents and Teachers; Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs; Georgia Home Demonstration Council; Georgia League of Women Voters; Georgia State Industrial Union Council (CIO); Georgia Teachers Association; Georgia Tuberculosis Association; Georgia Women's Christian Temperance Union; National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, Georgia Chapter; Southern Regional Council; Young Women's Christian Association; Youth Division, Georgia Citizens' Council.

FUNDS RECEIVED FOR HEALTH CONFERENCE

American Cancer Society, Georgia Division ---	$25.00	
Committee for Georgia, ----------	25.00	
Georgia Federation of Labor ----------	25.00	
Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs ---------	25.00	
Georgia Home Demonstration Council ---------	10.00	
Georgia State Industrial Union Council (CIO) -	25.00	
Georgia Tuberculosis Association ----------	25.00	
Georgia Woman's Temperance Union ----------	10.00	
National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis ---	25.00	
Young Women's Christian Association ----------	10.00	
Youth Division, Georgia Citizen's Council ------	10.00	
		$215.00

BILLS PAYABLE --

Hotel - ------	$3.60	
Jack Moore Stenographic Swrvice	20.00	
Drayage of chairs	4.00	
Long Distance -) Mrs. Johnson Janitor)	11.59	
Long Distance - Mrs. Tilly	6.13	
Printing - Stein Printing Co.	169.95	
		215.27

Need comparison between Ga. + U.S. health, and comparison urban + rural health in Ga.

The following facts on the health status and needs ofthe State of Georgia are taken from the Preliminary Report of Health Conditions in Georgia and Proposed Developmental Program, submitted by the Health Panel, D. Rufus F. Payne, Director, of the Agricultural and Industrial Development Board.

GEORGIA NEEDS:

1. Twice as many public health nurses as the present per capita expenditure of 80 cents per capita furnishes (local, state, and federal funds). This expenditure furnishes one nurse for every 10,000 people; one nurse for every 5,000 people is an adequate minimum, but one for every 2,500 people is an ideal figure.

2. Twice as many health officers as the present per capita expenditure of 80 cents per capita furnishes (local, state, and federal funds). This expenditure furnishes one officer for each 65,000 people. One offcer for each 30,000 people is an adequate minimum.

3. Three times as many sanitarians as the present per capita expenditure of 80 cents per capita (local, state, and federal funds) furnishes. This expenditure furnishes one sanitarian for every 60,000 people. There is needed one sanitarian for each 20,000 people.

4. Any program designed to help this state must take into consideration the fact that approximately 60 cents per capita is now being levied from local and state funds for public health work. This constitutes a state-wide levy of approximately two mills if apportioned equally among all counties. This is sufficient, however, to support fulltime health departments in only 59 of the 159 counties of Georgia, and to support public health nurses in 62 of the 100 counties not having fulltime health departments. While there is a state-wide expenditure of 62 cents per capita for indigent medical care, we find that approximately 80 per cent of it is being spent in only two counties.

5. Either a greater number of physicians, or a more even distribution of those already in the state. The ratio generally accepted as adequate is one physician to every 2,000 people, although one to every 1,000 or one to every 1,500 people is considered a better statdard. The average for Georgia is one physician for every 2,000 people, but the distribution is so poor that only 20 counties have this ratio. Two counties have no physician at all. Sventy-five counties have one physician for each 3,000 or more persons, and 61 counties have one physician for each 2,000-2,999 persons.

How many dentists per 1,000 needed?

6. A greater number of dentists. Georgia has only one dentist for every 5,000 people. Forty-five percent of the 627 dentists of the state are found in the Atlanta Area, which has only 24 percent of the population of the state. Ten counties have less than 3,999 persons per dentist; 72 counties have between 4,000 and 9,999 persons per dentist; and 35 counties have 10,000 and over persons per dentist. Forty-one counties have no dentist resident there.

7. More hospital beds. Georgia has 1.4 beds per 1,000 people. The average for the nation is 6 beds per 1,000 people. One half the available beds in the state are in the Atlanta Area, which has only 24 percent of the state's population. The remaining beds are badly distributed, also: 6 counties have 5 or more beds per 1,000 people, while 85 counties have no general hospital beds. Eleven counties have 3 to 5 beds per 1,000 people, and 57 counties have 3 beds per 1,000 people. Only one-third of Georgia's population lives in counties having as many as three hospital beds per 1,000 people.

8. More hospitals with 75 or more beds, or hospitals with higher standards. It is generally accepted that hospitals of less than 75 beds cannot be operated economically, providing that they give the best in medical and nursing care. Only 22 of the 131 hospitals in Georgia, or 17 percent, have more than 75 beds. Almost 50 percent of the hospitals in Georgia have less than 25 beds. Only 9 of these are recognized by the American Medical Association as being able to meet the standards

which?

for the training of internes.

9. More hospitals of a public or non-profit nature. These types are recognized as the best type, for private hospitals tend to be run for the service of the physician rather than for the service of the public. However, 89 percent of the 131 hospitals in Georgia are privately owned. Of this 89 percent, only one hospital has more than 100 beds, and for all practical purposes it should be classified as a non-profit hospital. Twenty-four, or 27 percent, of the private hospitals have less than 10 beds, and 58, or 85 percent, have less than 26 beds. Seventeen, or 13 percent, or Georgia's 131 hospitals, fall with in the non-profit group, but they have approximately one-third of all the hospital beds in Georgia. Non-profit hospitals include those built by churches, private endowment, and non-profit corporations. This type is considered by many people to be an ideal type hospital for community service--such hospitals are usually operated by a board of trustees whose members have no so-called political affiliations and are usually successful business men. These institutions usually furnish a certain amount of free and part-pay hospital service. They usually provide the best equipment of any of the hospitals, and generally speaking, are distinct community assets. Twenty-five, or 19 percent, of the state's hospitals are publicly owned. The trend in the past five years has been toward this type, due in part to the passage of the constitutional amendment which allows counties to levy taxes for hospital purposes and which allowed the creation of hospital authorities.

10. A state-wide integrated hospital and health program. Health conditions in Georgia have made progress in the past 20 years particularly in the preventive phases. It is just as obvious that a developmental program in public health and hospital care must be undertaken if there is to be complete protection and full development of the human resources of this state. There are two ways in which this development can proceed. The first method is the method which has been followed for many years. This method

contemplates that each local unit of government would plan and place into operation its own health and hospital program. Itss self-evident that such a program will not work in a state in which 90 of the 159 counties would be required to spend more than 10 percent of their local revenue to be able to afford a public health nurse. It would be very poor government to recommend such an approach when only 10 percent of the counties have sufficient population to justify their employing a full-time public health physician. The same reasons are doubly applicable to the development of a hospital program. If a single county should operate a hospital program for its citizens alone, there are only 16 counties in the state large enough to justify the construction and maintenance of a 100 bed hospital. It is necessary, therefore tha a developmental program should contemplate a state-wide integrated hospital program.

11. Nine thousand four hundred and ninety-one hospital beds. In addition to the above, which should cost about 16 million dollars, there is needed 1,500 maternity shelter beds. It should be possible to erect these beds for approximately $3,000 per bed, or a total of $4,500.000. There is needed, also, 124 health centers built in various towns in the state, the average cost of each to be approximately $6,000. In addition to these facilities, 625 tuberculosis beds, in addition to those already at Alto, are needed, the cost per bed to be approximately $30,000.

12. To attain these goals within the next ten years if there is to be development of Georgia's health program:

(1) Three beds per 1,000 persons for acute general hospital facilities.

(2) A general hospital within 35 miles of every patient.

(3) Acute general hospital of not less than 100 beds in size.

(4) Maternity shelter beds and emergency beds in each county.

(5) A well-developed medical center at each of the two medical schools in the state (Emory University and University of Georgia Medical School at Augusta).

(6) Modern out-patient health center facilities, including dental, in all towns, of 500 or more population.

(7) Tuberculosis hospitals in each of the nine areas to furnish two beds per annual death in tuberculosis.

13. To further reduce her death rates. A comparison of death rates by causes of death, taking the annual average for the past ten years, except for syphilis, reveals the following:

per 100,000 of what?

Still-birth	Infant	Mater-nal	Malaria	Typhoid	Typhus	Diph-theria	Pellagra	Tuber-culosis	Syphilis*
53	64	6.2	8.0	4.6	1.2	3.6	10.1	51	144

(*Selective service case rates were used to determine the syphilis rate.)

The comparison shows that diseases which can be controlled by immunization, such as typhoid and diphtheria, are gradually reaching the irreducible minimum, while tuberculosis, maternal, stillbirths, and infant deaths have not shown the same decreases, while syphilis has actually increased. The answer to why health departments have not accomplished the same result with these conditions lies in the lack of physicians and medical facilities, such as laboratories, sanitoria, and others.

14. To reduce its syphilis rate, which is showing an increase. Syphilis is not a Negro disease prevalently though the rate is higher for Negroes than for whites.

15. To reduce its infant mortality and maternal death rates. For the past ten years, the still birth rate for the state averaged 53; the infant death rate averaged 64, and the maternal death rate averaged 6.2. The stillBirth death rate was highest in the Albany Area, where it was 63. This rate is partially explained by the high proportion of Negroes and the large amount of syphilis which is present in the population. The infant death rate is higher in the

Albany Area than in any other area in the state, being 70. It is probable that syphilis plays a large part in this connection, also. The lack of treatment for syphilis plus the high percentage of midwife deliveries will continue to keep this death rate high under present conditions. The highest maternal death rate is in the Savannah Area--8.0. The area has the highest percentage of all births attended by midwives, there being only 2 counties of the 12 in the area in which physicians attend as many as 75% of the deliveries. In one-half the counties of the area, midwives attend more than 50% of the births. The maternal death rate cannot be materially lowered until there are fewer or better midwives and more doctors.

16. To reduce its tuberculosis death rate, which for the past ten years averaged 51. The rate is highest in the principal cities; the Atlanta Area has the highest rate, while the Augusta, Savannah, and Columbus Areas also have high rates. This is an ever reminding fact that population cannot be overcrowded without having disease out-breaks of some type unless the proper precautionary measures are taken. Census figures reveal that the population of Georgia is tending to congregate into more densely settled areas rather than to spread out as it has in the past. Not only do additional sanatoria facilities for caring for tubercular patients need to be erected, but the elimination of slums needs to be effected as a very potent measure in controlling tuberculosis.

17. Needs to make provision for excellent low-cost medical care for the people of Georgia, and for free medical care for a portion of the population. When it is considered that 53% of the people of Georgia have an income of from $1,000 to $2,000, and 30% have an income of less than $1,000. while only 8.3% have an income ranging from $2,000 to $3,000, 4.9% range from $3,000 to $5,000, and 3.3% have an income of $5,000 or more, the necessity of low cost service

becomes self-evident. At the present time, approximately 60 cents per capita is being levied from local and state funds for public health work. This, plus Federal funds to make it 80 cents per capita, is able to support fulltime public health departments in only 59 of the 159 counties in Georgia, and public health nurses in 62 of the 100 counties which do not have full time health departments. It furnishes only one-half the nurses, one-half the physicians, and one-third the sanitarians needed.

Program

GEORGIA RURAL HEALTH CONFERENCE

Academy of Medicine, 875 West Peachtree Street, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia
September 13

GEORGIA'S HEALTH NEEDS - 10:00 A.M. to 12:30 P.M.

Forum Leader -- Mr. Glenn Rainey, Professor of English, Georgia School of Technology.

DOCTORS AND DENTISTS IN RURAL GEORGIA - QUANTITY, QUALITY, AND DISTRIBUTION -- Dr. C. W. Roberts, Member, Advisory Council, State Board of Health.

NURSES AND NURSING IN RURAL GEORGIA -- Mrs. Abbie R. Weaver, Director, Division of Public Health Nursing, State Department of Health.

HEALTH FACILITIES IN RURAL GEORGIA - HOSPITALS, LABORATORIES, AND HEALTH CENTERS -- Dr. R. F. Payne, Superintendent, State Tuberculosis Sanitorium, Alto, Georgia.

NEGRO HEALTH -- Dr. William A. Mason, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. Public Health Service.

BASIC CAUSES OF GEORGIA'S RURAL HEALTH PROBLEMS -- Dr. T. F. Abercrombie, Director, State Department of Health.

HEALTH PROGRAMS - 2:00 P.M. to 4:00 P.M.

Forum Leader -- Mr. John A. Griffin, Assistant to the President, Emory University.

CHILDREN'S BUREAU -- Dr. Martha M. Eliot, Associate Chief, Children's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor.

FARM SECURITY ADMINISTRATION -- Dr. Fred D. Mott, Director of Health Services, Farm Security Administration, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

GEORGIA'S PROGRAM -- Dr. Kenneth Williams, Dean, College of Education, University of Georgia.

COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONAL PROGRAMS -- Mr. Lon Sullivan, Director, Georgia Citizen's Council.

EVENING SESSION - 8:00 P.M.

Presiding - Dr. T. F. Abercrombie, Director, State Department of Health
Introduction of Speaker - Dr. Glenville Giddings, Atlanta

FEDERAL HEALTH LEGISLATION AND ITS SIGNIFICANCE TO GEORGIA -- Dr. Thomas Parran, Surgeon-General, U. S. Public Health Service.

Discussion Leader -- Mr. John A. Griffin, Assistant to the President, Emory University.

SPONSORS OF GEORGIA RURAL HEALTH CONFERENCE

American Cancer Society, Georgia Division

American Legion

Committee for Georgia, Southern Conference for Human Welfare

Georgia Conference on Social Welfare

Georgia Congress of Parents and Teachers

Georgia Council of Church Women

Georgia Council of Negro Women

Georgia Education Association

Georgia Federation of Labor

Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs

Georgia Home Demonstration Council

Georgia League of Women Voters

Georgia State Industrial Union Council (CIO)

Georgia Teachers Association

Georgia Tuberculosis Association

National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, Georgia Chapter

Southern Regional Council

Woman's Christian Temperance Union

Young Women's Christian Association

Youth Division, Georgia Citizen's Council

A BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH SECTION OF THE HEALTH PANEL REPORT
OF THE AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD

In order to attain more complete public health services, and to overcome the obstacle of low county populations, the Health Panel Report recommends that public health work be organized by grouping counties together in groups of from two to five (in one instance six) counties on a basis of not less than 50,000 population in each group. To meet the low income obstacle it also recommends that funds sufficient to meet the cost of public health work be supplied in the form of a grant to counties which would agree to furnish a certain amount of medical care to the indigent. This stipulation is in order to develop some medical care for the rural indigent as is provided in the municipal areas.

Under this arrangement while all personnel would be required to meet merit system standards they would continue to be employees of the local governments receiving the grants and be subject to their rules and regulations. Any county could increase the pay of its public health employees above the amount granted by the state. County Boards of Health would continue to have the same responsibilities for the health and sanitation of their respective communities which they now have.

The report further recommends that these groups of counties be divided into nine areas, each of which should be provided with laboratories and specialized personnel which would serve the whole area in the various special fields of public health, such as tuberculosis control, venereal disease control, maternal and child hygiene and so forth. These specialists could be of invaluable assistance to the local physicians.

The report emphasizes that this plan is recommended as a developmental program that would take some years to establish.

TENTATIVE PROGRAM

RURAL HEALTH CONFERENCE

Academy of Medicine - 875 W Pine, NE. Atlanta, 6.

September 13-14

Program (04)

MORNING SESSION

~~Presiding.....Judge Blanton Fortson~~

Forum Leader -

Doctors and Dentists in Rural Georgia - Quantity, Quality, and Distribution, by Dr. C. W. Roberts

Nurses and Nursing in Rural Georgia, by Mrs. Abbie R. Weaver

Health Facilities in Rural Georgia - Hospitals, Laboratories, and Health Centers, by Dr. R. F. Payne

Negro Health by Dr. William A. Mason

Basic Causes of Georgia's Rural Health Problems, by Dr. T. F. Abercrombie

AFTERNOON SESSION 2 P.M.

~~Presiding.....John A. Griffin~~

The Health Program of the Children's Bureau, by Miss Katherine F. Lenroot

The Health Program of the Farm Security Administration, by Dr. Fred Mott

Georgia's Health Program by Dr. Kenneth Williams

EVENING SESSION 8 P.M.

~~Presiding.....~~

Federal Health Legislation and Its Significance to Georgia, by Dr. Thomas Parran

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON RURAL HEALTH

The sponsoring agencies of the Georgia Conference on Rural Health met at 10 o'clock Friday morning, September 14, 1945, in the auditorium of the Academy of Medicine, 875 West Peachtree, Atlanta, with the following agencies represented: Mrs. M. E. Tilly, chairman, (Southern Regional Council); Mrs. Stewart D. Brown (Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs); Dr. Guion G. Johnson (Georgia Conference on Social Welfare); Mr. L. L. Young, Mrs. Anna E. Love, Mrs. A. R. Lovvorn of Bremen, Mrs. R. E. Zachert of Cuthbert (Georgia Tuberculosis Association); Mrs. R. M. Paty, Jr (Georgia League of Women Voters); Miss Margaret Fisher (Committee for Georgia, Southern Conference for Human Welfare); Dr. Guy B. Johnson, Mr. Ray Warwick (Southern Regional Council); Dr. J. L. Campbell (American Cancer Society, Georgia Division), Mrs. Mary Kate Duskin (Y.W.C.A.).

After a discussion of the Conference held on the preceding day at the Academy of Medicine and the implementation of this Conference, the following motions were passed unanimously:

1. That the representatives of the sponsoring agencies request their organizations to permit this group to continue to serve as their representatives for a period of six months for the purpose of implementing the Conference findings and deciding whether the work should be continued.

2. That an additional supply of the leaflet "Is Georgia Only Half Way to Health?" be printed to meet the requests of the sponsors as made at this meeting today.

3. That a committee be appointed by the chairman to draw up resolutions growing out of the findings of this group for presentation to the Governor, the resolutions to be approved by the sponsoring organizations of the Conference.

4. That these resolutions be presented to the Fulton County Medical Society and later to the Medical Association of Georgia and their endorsement requested.

5. That the speeches and stenographic reports of the Conference be placed on file with the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare to be made available to the sponsors upon request.

Mrs. Tilly named the following persons to serve on the Resolution Committee: Mrs. R. M. Paty, Jr, chairman; Mr. L. L. Young, Dr. Guion G. Johnson.

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
Chairman

Guion Griffis Johnson
Temporary Secretary

VJ

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
JACK H. ZINKOW
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
S. JARVIN LEVISON

ROSE M. SCHREIBER
WILLIAM M. SINRICH
GORDON R. SUGARMAN

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

September 25, 1963

Mr. Ben Strain, Director
Job Security Division
Georgia Department of Labor
State Office Building
Atlanta, Georgia, - 30303

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc. - #45501

Dear Mr. Strain:

On August 19th a notice was sent to the above corporation, whom we represent, indicating that it was the opinion of your office that our client was liable under the provisions of the Georgia Employment Security Law.

Southern Regional Council, Inc. appears to us to be an exempt organization under the provisions of Section 54-657(h)(7)(H), which creates an exemption where a service is "performed in the employ of a corporation, Community Chest, Fund, or Foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on, propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation."

Southern Regional Council, Inc. has been held to be an exempt organization under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Laws and of the Georgia Income Tax Laws, and the Georgia Intangible Tax Laws, all of which have exemptions which are substantially the same as that quoted above.

A copy of the Charter of the Southern Regional Council, Inc. together with an explanation of its functions in accordance with the requirements of law have been filed with the Federal Government and the State of Georgia, and, as a matter of fact, have been on file for a number of years.

COPY

Mr. Ben Strain

We shall be glad to give you any additional information which you feel is relevant to reaching a determination on this issue, but it would appear on the basis of the other exemptions that a similar exemption should apply insofar as the Georgia Employment Security Law is concerned.

We would appreciate very much your advising us concerning this.

Very truly yours,

JFH:RS

For Haas, Holland and Zinkow

CC: Southern Regional Council, Inc.

COPY

October 9, 1963

Mr. Ben B. Strain, Director
Job Insurance Division
Georgia Department of Labor
State Labor Building
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Account No. 45501

Dear Mr. Strain:

Confirming our telephone conversation of a few moments ago, in which I suggested that I bring to you the material which we discussed on the telephone, and that you would extend the time in which I could request a hearing, I will assume that the following is satisfactory:

(a) At your convenience during the week of October 21st (preferably the latter part of that week, although any day except the 23rd is satisfactory), I will bring to you the matter which I discussed; and

(b) The time for requesting a hearing, if one is necessary after our conference, will be extended until a reasonable time after our meeting.

If, for any reason, this is not satisfactory, please contact my secretary, Miss Rose Schreiber, who will get in touch with me.

Very truly yours,

JFH:RS

For Haas, Holland and Zinkow

BEN T. HUIET, COMMISSIONER

Georgia Department of Labor

Employment Security Agency
State Labor Building
Atlanta 3, Georgia

JOB INSURANCE DIVISION

EMPLOYMENT SERVICE DIVISION

October 8, 1963

Haas, Holland & Zinkow
First National Bank Building
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Attention: Mr. Joseph F. Haas

Dear Sir:

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Account No. 45501

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of September 25, 1963, with reference to the liability of the above corporation for job insurance tax under the Georgia Employment Security Law.

We have reviewed the charter which you attached and it appears that the objective and purpose of this corporation includes action programs for a class or group of individuals; conducting of public forums in behalf of such individuals; and, through public instruction, lectures, and the dissemination of literature it hopes to achieve benefits for a particular class or group of individuals.

Therefore, it does not appear that the activities of this corporation meet the exempt provisions of the Employment Security Law under section 19(g), and this firm will be required to make reports and pay taxes to this agency effective January 1, 1956.

If you care to request a hearing and present additional facts, you may request same within the next ten days.

Sincerely yours,

Ben B. Strain

Ben B. Strain, Director
Job Insurance Division

BBS:hd

October 14, 1963

Mr. Joseph Haas
1116 First National Bank Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Joe:

Your secretary sent me copies of Mr. Strain's letter of October 8 and your reply of October 9. This is a distressing situation, and we are again terribly grateful to you for all that you are doing.

In your absence I spoke to Jarvin Levison last week, and told him that we had received, on October 9 from the Employment Security Agency, a "Ten-day notice of intent to fifa"; the notice was dated October 7. It stated that in lieu of our having filed the reports, the agency had estimated our tax, interest, and penalties. The total came to $19,022.09. Our own calculations, incidentally, were that as of September 30 we owed $11,714.24, if we were required to pay.

Please let me know if there is anything at all in the way of documents, etc., we can do to help. I probably would be in the way, but if you would like for me to go along with you when you see Mr. Strain, I shall be glad to do so. My calendar for that week is clear, except for Friday, October 25, and I could probably adjust that. In any case, I will keep my calendar clear for the time being.

Best wishes.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
JACK H. ZINKOW
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
S. JARVIN LEVISON

ROSE M. SCHREIBER
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LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

October 23, 1963

(Dictated 10-22-63)

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

RE: EMPLOYMENT SECURITY

Dear Les:

I went over this afternoon and conferred with Mr. Ben Strain and the counsel for the Department, Mr. Otis Hathcock. It is obvious from the conversation which I had that Mr. Hathcock is the man who is controlling this situation, and he is not sympathetic to the aims of the Southern Regional Council. Briefly, his position was that since the laws of the State of Georgia provide for segregation of the races, necessarily any organization dedicated to desegregation must be committed to change the law, and, therefore, everything they do constitutes propaganda for that purpose.

We reached no basic conclusion as a result of the meeting this afternoon, but the suggestion was made that Mr. Strain undertake to get more facts on the actual operations of SRC, and I had stated that you would be the man to give these facts. Since Mr. Strain will be out of the city until November 4th, he and I have tentatively agreed that we will have this meeting the latter part of the week of November 4th.

I am afraid that I am not too good in articulating the exact program which SRC carries out on the spur of the moment - at least not sufficiently so to satisfy Mr. Hathcock. I suggest that you and I get together and discuss this rather fully before the meeting.

I disagree whole heartedly with Mr. Hathcock's position, and in view of the fact that the language of the Georgia Statute which grants the exemption is identical with the exemption provided in the Federal Law, it would appear that the interpretative provisions of the Federal Law, as shown in the Regulations

of the IRS should be very persuasive. Were the issue involved anything other than what it is, I believe that Mr. Hathcock would have been easily persuaded this afternoon. However, I think we are going to have something of an uphill fight to persuade Mr. Hathcock, and, therefore, I think it most important that we get together prior to the meeting.

With kindest personal regards, I am

Cordially yours,

Joe

For Haas, Holland and Zinkow

JFH:RS

October 24, 1963

Mr. Joseph Haas
1116 First National Bank Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Joe:

I'll keep clear the entire week of November 4 until I hear further from you as to our appointment with Mr. Strain and Mr. Hathcock. I could get together with you, in advance, almost any time next week, except Wednesday morning. Perhaps we could have lunch one day. Whatever suits your convenience best, give me a call.

I am returning the letter from Hugh Brimm. I got the same query, and I would suggest that you might simply drop Hugh a note and tell him that inasmuch as we are doing it, you don't feel that you have any additional names to suggest.

All the best.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
Enclosures

RHA ✓
MJ-file

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
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ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

November 4, 1963

(Dictated 11-1-63)

COPY

Mr. Ben B. Strain, Director
Job Insurance Division
Employment Security Agency
State Labor Building
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Account No. 45501

Dear Mr. Strain:

This will confirm the understanding reached between you and me last week in connection with the question of the exemption of the above concern, to the effect that we would arrange a meeting the latter part of the week of November 4th.

I would appreciate it if you would call me upon your return to the city and set up a date.

In the meantime you are to continue to hold up the fi. fa. in the above matter.

Very truly yours,

JFH:RS

For Haas, Holland and Zinkow

CC: Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar

December 17, 1963

Mr. Joseph Haas
1116 First National Bank Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Joe:

Is it now time to go to someone in the Governor's office?

Also, the following motion was passed by the Executive Committee on December 9, with the understanding that you would be asked to re-word it to your satisfaction before going into the minutes:

> That the minutes show that it is the concensus of the Committee that the procedures followed by the staff and legal counsel are satisfactory; that the Executive Committee is of the opinion that SRC is exempt from the Unemployment Tax, and that there has been no violation; that the Executive Committee authorizes and instructs the staff and legal counsel to take action as necessary to protect the interests of the Council.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

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file

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

December 18, 1963

Mr. Ben B. Strain, Director
Job Insurance Division
Employment Security Agency
State Labor Building
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
Account No. 45501

COPY

Dear Ben:

It appeared to me that the enclosed statement from Senator Herman Talmadge is one which suggests the identical approach to the whole problem of race relations which has not only been provided for in the Charter and By-Laws of the Southern Regional Council, but, in addition, has been the guiding principle in all of its activities.

I would also call your attention to the enclosed newspaper report of the action of 275 Clergymen of Atlanta, more especially because of the quotation from the statement of President Lyndon B. Johnson at the end of the article. Here, again, the objectives of the Southern Regional Council are set forth almost as though taken from its own statements of policy.

It seems so clear to me that the Southern Regional Council is an exempt organization, that I feel sure that further consideration would lead to the same conclusion insofar as the State Department of Labor is concerned. In this connection, I wonder if you would send me a list of the organizations which are considered exempt in order that I may have this information as a further guide?

With kindest personal regards and Greetings of the Season, I am

Cordially yours,

JFH:RS
Encls.

For Haas, Holland and Zinkow

Blind Copies to: Messrs. Robert R. Richardson
Leslie W. Dunbar

File Letters Board - Haas, Jr.

VJV
MJ - file

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
JACK H. ZINKOW
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
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ROSE M. SCHREIBER
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LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

Febeuary 11, 1964

Mr. Ben B. Strain, Director
Job Insurance Division
Employment Security Agency
State Labor Building
Atlanta, Georgia - 3030

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W., Atlanta, Georgia
Account No. 45501

Dear Mr. Strain:

This will acknowledge your letter of January 24th.

You mention that the determination made by your office on August 19th became final because "no appeal on this determination was filed within the required time". However, I believe that the facts are that you and I discussed this by telephone, and you agreed to hold up further action until we could meet and discuss this. [I find nothing in the law which provides for any specific appeal on an issue of this nature].

You refer to a hearing as being scheduled for and held on October 22nd. The facts are that you and I had a meeting with Mr. Hathcock on October 22nd, and I suggested that the presence of Mr. Leslie Dunbar, the Executive Director of Southern Regional Council, might be helpful. No date for a formal hearing was discussed, though either you or Mr. Hathcock stated that you would be out of town until after November 4th. When Mr. Dunbar and I appeared at your office on November 10th, you asked if we objected to your taking down what Mr. Dunbar said. We did not object, but I was definitely not of the opinion that any hearing was involved, as we were not given the opportunity to call in other witnesses. Some documents were given you, but these were not formally identified as Exhibits, and, as a matter of fact, I don't even have a list of what I did give you. Indeed, the whole procedure, except for the use of the transcribing device, was most informal.

After the meeting with Mr. Dunbar, you advised that you were going to give the matter further consideration, and would let me hear from you. Several weeks later, not having heard, I called you,

COPY

and you agreed to hold the matter in further abeyance pending the receipt of additional information which I suggested might be relevant, including a speech by Senator Talmadge. After I sent you this material on December 18th, I heard nothing further from you until my client received the formal request for the filing of the report for the quarter ending January 1st.

In this same letter of December 18th, referred to above, I specifically asked you to give me information concerning the identity of other organizations which had been found to be exempt by your Department. I never have received this information.

If we were to have a hearing, there are other witnesses and additional material I would like to present for your consideration. Then, too, after all of this is in, I would like to have an opportunity to argue the matter.

Therefore, I respectfully suggest that a hearing date be set, some time between March 1st and March 11, if possible. I look forward to hearing from you.

Very truly yours,

JFH:RS

For Haas, Holland and Zinkow

COPY

CC: Mr. Otis Hathcock, Legal Counsel
Employment Security Agency
State Labor Building
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia -30303

-file
Board- Haas, Joseph

3/9/64

✓ I-for yr
WB
MI-file

March 6, 1964

Mr. Joseph F. Haas
First National Bank Building
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth St., N.W., Atlanta, Ga.
Account No. 45501

Dear Mr. Haas:

With reference to our telephone conversation as of this date regarding the liability of the above corporation, this is to advise that we are postponing the hearing scheduled for Tuesday, March 10, 1964.

After I have discussed the matter of elective coverage with the ESA Director, I will advise you.

Sincerely yours,

Ben B. Strain, Director
Job Insurance Division

BBS:hd

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
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GORDON R. SUGARMAN

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

RWA ✓
VJ
MJ - file

February 29, 1964

COPY

Mr. Ben B. Strain, Director
Job Insurance Division
Employment Security Agency
State Labor Building
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W., Atlanta, Georgia
Account No. 45501

Dear Mr. Strain:

I enclose herewith Wage Summary Reports of the above for the various years.

You understand, of course, that these are submitted under protest, as we still feel that we are exempt, but I wanted you to have the information in the event that this does come to litigation.

Very truly yours,

JFH:RS

For Haas, Holland and Zinkow

CC: Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

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LAW OFFICES
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ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

Ga 5-6831

February 26, 1964

file

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

Dear Les:

I have a notice of a new hearing set by Mr. Ben Strain on the question of SRC's liability under the Employment Security Act of Georgia. This hearing is set for 10:00 o'clock A.M. in Mr. Strain's office in the State Office Building, March 3rd.

I am hopeful that this means that we can possibly settle this on the basis of our agreeing to voluntarily come under this Act with a forgiveness of all past due taxes. At any rate we shall see.

I suggest that you get in touch with me Thursday or Friday of this week, in order that we may discuss this.

With kindest personal regards, I am

Cordially yours,

Joe

JFH:RS

For Haas, Holland and Zinkow

~~VJ~~ Lind
PAV ~~MS~~
LD

February 20, 1964

Mr. Joseph F. Haas
First National Bank Building
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W., Atlanta, Ga.
Account No. 45501

Dear Mr. Haas:

As per your request of February 11, 1964, we are again scheduling a hearing regarding liability of the above corporation for Tuesday, March 3, 1964, at 10:00 a.m. in room 372 State Labor Building, 254 Washington Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia.

Please bring your records and any other documents that you would like to present at this hearing.

If time and date are not agreeable, please advise.

Sincerely yours,

Ben B Strain

Ben B. Strain, Director
Job Insurance Division

BBS:hd

File
Board - Haas, Joseph

March 10, 1964

Mr. Joseph Haas
1116 First National Bank Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Joe;

I am enclosing a copy of "Direct Action in the South" which I mentioned to you last Friday. It is a thoughtful interpretation, as we see it, of the direct action movement since early 1960.

As I have thought more about the matter we discussed, I grow increasingly concerned over going into the unemployment tax on any retroactive basis. While I would be favorable toward electing to enter the program on a voluntary basis beginning January 1964, it seems to me that we could hardly, on the theory of benefit for our employees, go into it retroactively as of January 1963. The cost also would be hard to justify, it seems to me. I believe the Executive Committee would have no disagreement with you and me if we acted to enter the program now and on a current basis. I believe, on the other hand, that the Committee might question a retroactive assumption of the tax. Before we did so, therefore, I would want to poll the Committee.

In other words, if the issue can be settled by SRC electing to pay the tax effective January 1964, I feel confident that the Committee would sustain our judgment on being within the intent of its directives to us, and that we would not need to consult the Committee in advance. But I would not feel authorized to accept any retroactive settlement without, at least, a mail or telephone poll of the Committee.

With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD/mmj
cc: Mr. John H. Wheeler

Board: Haas, Joseph

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
JACK H. ZINKOW
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
S. JARVIN LEVISON

ROSE M. SCHREIBER
WILLIAM M. SINRICH
GORDON R. SUGARMAN

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

✓ JV
M.J. file

April 23, 1964

Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar, Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

Dear Les:

I have a letter from Mr. Strain indicating that "we do not think that the additional information submitted is sufficient to warrant any change in our opinion as stated in our letter to you dated January 24, 1964."

I have written to Mr. Strain, suggesting that he withhold the issuance of a fi.fa. until he and I and his attorney get together to arrange for the best method of handling this to get it into the courts with a minimum of difficulty.

With kindest personal regards, I am

Cordially yours,

Joe

JFH:RS

For Haas, Holland and Zinkow

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
JACK H. ZINKOW
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
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WILLIAM M. SINRICH
GORDON R. SUGARMAN

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

April 23, 1964

Mr. Ben B. Strain, Director
Job InsuranceDivision
Employment Security Agency
State Labor Building
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia - Account No. 45501

Dear Mr. Strain:

I acknowledge receipt of your letter of April 21st, and in view of the fact that this matter will apparently have to go to the courts to be settled, I would like to suggest that a fi.fa. be held up at least until I have had an opportunity to talk with you and Mr. Hathcock concerning the procedure we will follow.

I will be out of the city during the week of April 27th, but will contact you early in the week of May 4th, at which time I am sure that we can come to an agreement as to the most expeditious manner of handling this.

If this is not satisfactory, please call my secretary, who will be able to get in touch with me should there be any problem.

With kindest personal regards, I am

Cordially yours,

JFH:RS

For Haas, Holland and Zinkow

CC: Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar

COPY

March 25, 1964

Mr. Joseph F. Haas
First National Bank Building
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia
Account No. 45501

Dear Mr. Haas:

In compliance with your telephone request, we are re-scheduling the hearing regarding liability of the above corporation for Wednesday, April 8, 1964, at 10:00 a.m. The hearing will be held in room 372 State Labor Building, 254 Washington Street, S.W., Atlanta.

Sincerely yours,

Ben B. Strain

Ben B. Strain, Director
Job Insurance Division

BBS:hd

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
JACK H. ZINKOW
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
S. JARVIN LEVISON

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WILLIAM M. SINRICH
GORDON R. SUGARMAN

File "Board of Haas, Joseph"

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

March 19, 1964

COPY

Mr. Ben B. Strain, Director
Georgia Department of Labor
Employment Security Agency
State Labor Building
Atlanta, Georgia - 30303

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia - Account No. 45501

Dear Mr. Strain:

This will acknowledge receipt of yours of the 18th addressed to Mr. Joseph F. Haas, regarding the above matter.

Mr. Haas is presently in Chicago, and I just finished speaking to him over long distance. He requested that I advise you that he definitely wants a hearing in this matter, and will communicate with you early next week upon his return to the office.

Very truly yours,

RS

Secretary to Mr. Joseph F. Haas

CC: Southern Regional Council, Inc.

Dear Mr. Dunbar:

For your information, I enclose a copy of Mr. Strain's letter of the 18th.

Board, "Haas, Joseph"

File

Rec'd 3/19/64

March 18, 1964

Mr. Joseph F. Haas
First National Bank Building
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia
Account No. 45501

Dear Mr. Haas:

With reference to our letter to you dated March 6, 1964, concerning the possibility of elective coverage under the Georgia Employment Security Law, this is to advise that we have discussed this matter and as long as we continue to hold this corporation liable, we cannot approve elective coverage.

Therefore, if you have any additional information to present, we will be glad to schedule a hearing in order that you may present same. If we do not hear from you within the next ten days, we will proceed with the issuance of fi. fas. If you wish to contest same in courts, we will be glad to cooperate with you in any way.

Sincerely yours,

Ben B. Strain

Ben B. Strain, Director
Job Insurance Division

BBS:hd

A CHECK √ ON GEORGIA JOB INSURANCE
YEAR 1963

JOBS INSURED: 816,200 jobs paying over $3.4 billion in wages are insured by the Georgia Employment Security Law.

CLAIMS:
- 161,558 unemployed job seekers filed claims.
- 39,747 had insufficient insured wages to establish a claim.
- 52,111 claimants received a postponement and cancellation of part of their insurance because of reasons for separation or their claims were denied because of not being able, available or not actively seeking work.
- 54,373 claims were filed by employers in behalf of their regular workers who were on part time due to lack of work only.

JOB INSURANCE PAYMENTS: Under state program totalled nearly $22.6 million. In addition, from Federal funds:

Federal employees	$954,952
Ex-servicemen	1,241,902
Total all programs	$24.8 million

Amount of checks: 23,564 checks were for $12 or less.
Average amount per check - $28.08

WHO RECEIVED JOB INSURANCE: Job insurance claimants are not floaters. About 75 percent of all beneficiaries worked regularly for one employer. Twenty-four percent of claimants were placed on jobs before they were entitled to a single check.

TRUST FUND: At the end of the year the fund totalled $154,926,980. The fund is kept in the federal treasury and can be withdrawn only for payment of job insurance.

POLICING OF FUND: All claims are carefully checked. During the year 1,185 claims were denied because of misrepresentation in the filing of the claims. In addition, 249 claimants were prosecuted for their actions. To make the policing more effective and to protect his experience rating, each employer should file Form 401 when a person is fired for cause or quits without cause and Form 401-A when an applicant refuses suitable work.

DO ALL JOB SEEKERS CLAIM BENEFITS? No, thousands, who never file claims seek work through the State Employment Service. In 1963 alone 161,428 non-farm and 95,994 farm jobs were filled through the State Employment Service, whereas 161,558 claims were filed.

TAX SAVED: The Georgia Employment Security Law, with its experience factor provision, has made it possible for employers to retain over $29.5 million in 1963, or over $405,000,000 since the program began, that would otherwise have gone to the federal government.

EMPLOYMENT SERVICE: The State Employment Service has placed over 161,400 non-farm workers and approximately 96,000 on farm jobs during 1963. Thousands seek work through the State Employment Service who never file a claim.

TRAINING: 852 displaced persons were trained to enhance chances for securing gainful employment and received $156,693 in allowance.

WHEN "U" NEED EMPLOYMENT *CALL THE STATE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE*

WHEN "U" NEED QUALIFIED WORKERS *CALL THE STATE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE*

Employment Security Agency

1956	400.18	T
	365.43	
	265.89	
	130.82	
1957	462.28	
	358.83	
	166.53	
	148.97	
1958	633.65	
	384.87	
	295.16	
	147.43	
1959	521.35	
	426.25	
	223.56	
	167.09	
1960	582.89	
	427.79	
	235.99	
	68.06	
1961	639.29	
	417.33	
	599.39	
	255.65	
	8324.68	S
1962	708.06	
	582.49	
	406.08	
	226.28	
	No penalty if paid by Sept. 30.	
1963	858.79	
	60	
11,714.24	395.11	
	193.63	
	12302.98	S
1st qtr. 64	1134.97	
	13437.95	T
		T
		T

File
Employment Security Agency

HAAS, HOLLAND & ZINKOW

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
JACK H. ZINKOW
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
S. JARVIN LEVISON

ROSE M. SCHREIBER
WILLIAM M. SINRICH
GORDON R. SUGARMAN

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

May 7, 1964

State of Georgia
Department of Labor
State Labor Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Gentlemen:

We enclose herewith the Quarterly Report of Southern Regional Council, Inc., which is filed under protest in view of the fact that this organization has claimed exemption by reason of being a non-profit charitable organization.

Copies of this letter are being sent to Mr. Ben Strain and Mr. Otis W. Hathcock.

Very truly yours,

JFH:RS
Enc.

For Haas, Holland & Zinkow

CC: Mr. Leslie W. Dunbar

File
~~[illegible]~~ - Employment Security Agency

July 16, 1965

Mr. William M. Sinrich
Hass, Holland, Freeman,
Levison, and Gilbert
14 Peachtree Street
Suite 1116
First National Bank Building
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Bill:

I have read the deposition and am much admiring of the manner in which you and Hugh handled the questions. I feel in the best of hands.

I have passed the deposition on to Paul Anthony who wants to read it, and he will return it to you.

There is one matter that I keep thinking about, and perhaps you and Hugh can give the matter some thought. When we come to trial, would it not strengthen our case to stress that we did offer to pay the tax on the voluntary basis? It seems to me that this reinforces our constitutional argument because the refusal of our offer makes clear that the intention is not simply to protect our employees, but is to establish in law that an organization such as ours is propagandistic.

Many thanks for letting me read the disposition.

Sincerely yours,

Leslie W. Dunbar
Executive Director

LWD:js

File - Employment Security Agency

HAAS, HOLLAND, FREEMAN, LEVISON & GIBERT

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
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ROBERT H. WALLING
HUGH W. GIBERT
WILLIAM M. SINRICH
RICHARD N. HUBERT
GORDON B. SUGARMAN
ROSE M. SCHREIBER

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA, GA. 30303

10/28/65

October 27, 1965

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Paul:

It is perfectly agreeable to us to withhold any billing to the Council until after January 1st. At that time I think it would be preferable for us to bill the Council monthly for services rendered rather than to wait until the conclusion of the litigation and render one single bill at that time. Our books will be set up accordingly.

With kindest personal regards, I am

Very truly yours,

Joe

Joseph F. Haas
For the Firm

JFH:jh

October 22, 1965

Mr. Joseph F. Haas
1116 First National Bank Building
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Joe:

For purely internal, budgetary reasons it would be good if we did not make a payment to the Firm for services rendered until after January 1. (This is desirable, though not essential.)

Either of the alternatives offered in your letter is acceptable to us, particularly if we could begin them as of January 1. Therefore, I leave it to your discretion, since one of the suggestions might be preferable to you over the other.

Again, my gratitude and that of the Council for this considerable help.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

Rec'd 10/18/65

HAAS, HOLLAND, FREEMAN, LEVISON & GIBERT

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
S. JARVIN LEVISON
ROBERT H. WALLING
HUGH W. GIBERT
WILLIAM M. SINRICH
RICHARD N. HUBERT
GORDON R. SUGARMAN

ROSE M. SCHREIBER

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA, GA. 30303

October 15, 1965

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Ga. 30303

Dear Paul:

My associates and I are pleased and gratified by the sentiments expressed in your letter of October 12th. It has been and is a pleasure and a privilege for us to have some small part in the activities of the Council.

With reference to the currently pending tax matter and the Council's kind offer of payment for services rendered therein, I would suggest either of the following methods of payment, whichever is more agreeable to you:

(a) We would bill you at the conclusion of the matter basing our billing on the total time consumed in the preparation for and litigation of the case, taking into consideration the results achieved; or

(b) We would bill you monthly basing our billing on the time consumed on this matter during the previous month and at the conclusion, if results warrant a larger fee, we will give credit for all time charges paid.

Please let me know your pleasure.

Very truly yours,

Joe

Joseph F. Haas
For the Firm

JFH:jh

HAAS, HOLLAND, FREEMAN, LEVISON & GIBERT

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)
JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
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WILLIAM M. SINRICH
RICHARD N. HUBERT
GORDON R. SUGARMAN

ROSE M. SCHREIBER

Rec'd 2/9/66

MJ - file

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA, GA. 30303

February 8, 1966

Sowell and Harden
Certified Public Accountants
950 Bank of Georgia Bldg.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Re: Southern Regional Council, Inc.

Gentlemen:

The only law suit presently pending against the Southern Regional Council, Inc. of which we have knowledge is an affidavit of illegality proceeding under the style of Southern Regional Council, Inc. vs. Marion Williamson, Director of Employment Security Agency, Department of Labor in the Superior Court of Fulton County contesting the exempt status of the Council under the Georgia Employment Security Law. The amount at issue in this law suit is approximately $18,000 although the exposure is much greater since a finding of liability would mean that the Council was liable for the tax from 1956 to date and the suit covers only the period 1956 to 1963.

We believe that the Council is validly exempt from this tax pursuant to the law of this state and that the final outcome of the litigation will be in favor of the Council. It is unlikely, however, that any sort of settlement will be reached prior to the final determination of the court.

Very truly yours,

William M. Sinrich
For the Firm

WMS:jh

c.c. Southern Regional Council, Inc.

COPY

Copy

LA

BEN T. HUIET, COMMISSIONER

Georgia Department of Labor

Employment Security Agency
State Labor Building
Atlanta, Georgia 30334

JOB INSURANCE DIVISION

EMPLOYMENT SERVICE DIVISION

June 6, 1966

The Committee on Ways and Means of the U. S. House of Representatives has killed H. R. 8282 and new identical bills were introduced by Chairman Wilbur D. Mills (D. Ark.) and Representative John W. Byrnes (R. Wis.), the ranking Republican member of the Committee. The Committee ordered Mr. Mills' bill, H. R. 15119, reported to the house. This action followed extensive hearings and vigorous opposition to the drastic proposals which, in effect, would have federalized the job insurance program.

The main provisions of the new bill are more reasonable as to coverage and wage base. It preserves experience rating and affords judicial review of non conformity decisions of the Secretary of Labor. The new bill omits highly objectionable benefit standards and moderates benefit extensions.

It seems to be the consensus that some Federal bill on this subject will be passed by the Congress either during this session or the next. H. R. 15119 is a great improvement over the earlier bill. It represents important gains won by concerted action on the part of those wishing to preserve the rights of the respective states to operate the employment security program in accordance with local conditions. The gains reflected in H. R. 15119 could, of course, be lost if it were amended to restore objectionable features while under consideration by the House and Senate.

Your interest in the proper and efficient administration of the law is sincerely appreciated.

Sincerely,

Marion Williamson

Marion Williamson, Director
Employment Security Agency
Georgia Department of Labor

COMPARISON OF MAJOR PROPOSALS OF H.R.8282 WITH
PROVISIONS OF H.R.15119 AND 15120, IDENTICAL BILLS
INTRODUCED MAY 18,1966 BY CONGRESSMEN WILBUR MILLS AND JOHN BYRNES

Major Proposals in H.R.8282	Provisions of H.R.15119 and H.R.15120
COVERAGE	
One or more at any time	One or more in 20 weeks or payroll of $1500 in a calendar quarter; effective January 1, 1969.
Non-profit organizations	Approved with substantial modifications
Broader coverage of agricultural processing workers	Approved
Extend coverage to hired farm labor	Eliminated
Broader definition of employee	Approved with modifications
EXTENDED BENEFITS	
26 weeks of federally-financed benefits available at all times to workers with no state benefit rights (or have exhausted) after 26 weeks of unemployment: Federal Unemployment Adjustment Benefits (FUAB)	Eliminated entire FUAB provision. Approved modified version of Interstate Conference proposal (H.R.7476-77) providing extended benefits for a maximum of 13 weeks during "recession" periods -- defined in terms of both a national recession (when insured unemployment exceeds 5%) and an individual state recession (when rate exceeds 3% and is 20% higher than two preceding years)
FEDERAL BENEFIT STANDARDS	
Weekly benefits to be 50% of claimants average weekly wage up to a maximum of: 50% of state average weekly wages effective 7/1/67; 60% of state average weekly wages effective 7/1/69; 66 2/3% of state average weekly wages effective 7/1/71	All provisions eliminated
Maximum eligibility requirement not to exceed 20 weeks of work or equivalent	
Duration of 26 weeks of benefits for claimants with 20 weeks of work or equivalent	

OTHER BENEFIT REQUIREMENTS	
Requirement of "some work" before second round of benefits - the so-called "double-dip" standard	Approved
Requirement that benefits may not be denied to an eligible individual taking "approved training"	Approved
Requirement that benefits not be denied or reduced because claimant files interstate claim in another state or Canada	Approved with deletion of Canada
DISQUALIFICATION STANDARDS	
Limits disqualification for all major issues (other than labor disputes) to a maximum 6 weeks suspension of benefits	Eliminated
Prohibits <u>any</u> reduction or cancellation of benefits	Approved a prohibition against cancellation of wage credits or <u>total</u> reduction of benefit rights <u>except</u> in cases of fraud, discharge for misconduct, or receipt of disqualifying income.
EXPERIENCE RATING	
Permits states to reduce rates without regard to employer experience and legalizes uniform reduced flat rates	Eliminated; present "additional credit" provisions retained
FEDERAL MATCHING GRANTS FOR "EXCESS" BENEFIT COSTS	
Provides federal grants to states with benefit costs in excess of 2% of total payroll financed from increased federal taxes on employers and from general revenues	Eliminated -- no alternative provisions.
FEDERAL TAX RATE AND TAX BASE	
Increased gross Federal Unemployment Tax rate from present 3.1% to 3.25% effective 7/1/66 with retention of 2.7% offset - net federal tax "take" would be 0.55%	Approved increase from present 3.1% to 3.3% with retention of 2.7% offset. Federal <u>net</u> tax rate 0.6% effective January 1, 1967.

Increases the tax base under FUTA from present $3,000 to $5,600 effective 1/1/67 $6,600 effective 1/1/71	Eliminated -- provision made for increase to $3900 in taxable year 1969 and to $4200 in taxable year 1972

IMPORTANT !!

The so-called "Judicial Review" bill which has been sought by the states for more than 10 years is incorporated in H.R.15119 and H.R.15120. This bill will permit the states to obtain review in the Federal courts of any finding by the Secretary of Labor that a state law, or the administration of a state law, is not in conformity with Federal requirements.

File
Employment Security Agency

October 3, 1966

Mr. Richard N. Hubert
Haas, Holland, Freeman, Levison & Gibert
First National Bank Building
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Dick:

A note to thank you again for all of your assistance.

Needless to say, my faith in the jury system has been almost restored.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

See Employment Security Agency Cr. ref. Board - Haas

October 3, 1966

Mr. Joseph F. Haas
Haas, Holland, Freeman, Levison & Gibert
First National Bank Building
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Joe:

Belatedly, I would like to thank you and the Firm for the outstanding job done on our behalf. I have written to Hugh and Dick and expressed to Hugh our eagerness to pay the Firm for these services at an early date.

Best.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

File - Employment Security Agency

October 3, 1966

Mr. Hugh W. Gibert
Haas, Holland, Freeman, Levison & Gibert
First National Bank Building
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Hugh:

Please forgive me this long delay in writing to thank you again for all of your help. We are deeply grateful.

I trust the Firm will render us a bill for these services. For all my comments about paying in pamphlets, this is one obligation we will enjoy meeting in full.

Sincerely,

Paul Anthony
Executive Director

PA/mmj

Rec'd 10/7/66

File

HAAS, HOLLAND, FREEMAN, LEVISON & GIBERT

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)
JOSEPH F. HAAS
J. KURT HOLLAND
RICHARD C. FREEMAN
S. JARVIN LEVISON
ROBERT H. WALLING
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RICHARD N. HUBERT
GORDON R. SUGARMAN

ROSE M. SCHREIBER

File Employment Security Agency

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA, GA. 30303

October 6, 1966

Mr. Paul Anthony
Southern Regional Council
5 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Paul

Thank you for your kind letter. It would not surprise me unduly if there were an appeal in the case. Therefore, I have advised Joe Haas that in my opinion a bill would be premature at this time.

The time for filing an appeal begins to run with the filing of the transcript of the trial by the court reporter. This has not yet been done so I don't know how long this will remain undecided.

The state's ground of appeal will be that the instructions to the jury given by the judge were not according to law. In particular, we got a favorable instruction on the meaning of the word 'propaganda'. I think we should be sustained on the point, but that is where we are most vulnerable.

I will let you know if anything happens.

Cordially yours

Hugh

Hugh W. Gibert
For the Firm

JBB

File

HAAS, HOLLAND, FREEMAN, LEVISON & GIBERT

HERBERT J. HAAS (1905-1953)

JOSEPH F. HAAS
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GORDON R. SUGARMAN

ROSE M. SCHREIBER

LAW OFFICES
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
ATLANTA, GA. 30303

File
Employment Security Agency
(State of Ga
Labor Dept)

January 4, 1967

Mr. Paul Anthony
Executive Director
Southern Regional Council, Inc.
5 Forsyth Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Dear Paul

I will appear in the Supreme Court of Georgia on Tuesday with respect to our case. There is no need for you to be present, probably the Chief Justice will harangue at me.

Yours very truly

Hugh

Hugh W. Gibert
For the Firm

JBB

504, 505 C

Supreme Court of Georgia Decided MAR -9 1967

23884, 23885. WILLIAMSON, Director Employment Security Agency, Department of Labor v. SOUTHERN REGIONAL COUNCIL, INC.; and vice versa.

1. It was not error to overrule certain special demurrers of the appellant to the amended affidavit of illegality.

2. Under Code Ann. § 54-657 (h) (7) (H) a corporation operated exclusively for charitable purposes (which include educational purposes) is entitled to exclusion from the term "employment" as related to the making of contributions to the unemployment compensation fund, if no substantial part of its activities is "carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation."

3. The trial judge did not err in limiting the meaning of the term "propaganda" as used in the statute.

COOK, Justice. Executions totaling $17,993.17 were issued by Marion Williamson, as Director of the Employment Security Agency of the Department of Labor of Georgia, against Southern Regional Council, Inc., for contributions under the Employment Security Law for the period from January 1, 1956, through the first quarter of 1964. These executions were levied on certain personal property of Southern Regional Council, Inc. Affidavit of illegality was filed, and on the trial of the issue the jury found for Southern Regional Council, Inc. The appeal by Marion Williamson, as Director, is from the judgment entered on this verdict. Southern Regional Council, Inc., filed a cross appeal, in which constitutional questions were made.

Under the "Unemployment Compensation Law" (Ga. L. 1937, pp. 806-848), as amended by Ga. L. 1941, pp. 532-564, and further amendments, the term "employment" has excluded from it numerous services. Subsection (H) of these exclusions is the one under which Southern Regional Council, Inc., claims that it is exempt from the requirement of making contributions under

this law. This subsection provides as follows: "Service performed in the employ of a corporation, community chest, fund, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation." Code Ann. § 54-657 (h) (7) (H).

The Director of the Employment Security Agency made twelve assignments of error in his enumeration of errors. The brief of counsel for the Director states that the issues are as follows: "(1) Did the lower court as a matter of law err in overruling appellant's special demurrers; (2) Do the facts and law in the case entitle appellee corporation to the exemption under Section 54-657 (h) (7) (H) of the Employment Security Law of the State of Georgia; (3) Did the lower court as a matter of law err in its definition of propaganda in its charge to the

jury limiting the connotation of the word (propaganda) to influencing the legislature." These are the only issues argued in the brief, and we will confine ourselves to these questions. Marion Williamson, as Director of the Employment Security Agency of the Department of Labor of Georgia, will be referred to herein as appellant, and Southern Regional Council, Inc., as appellee.

1. The appellant assigned error on the overruling of his special demurrers to paragraphs 10, 11, 13, and 14 of the amended affidavit of illegality. These paragraphs alleged that other organizations engaged in activities of the same nature were excluded from the operation of the Employment Security Law, and to deny the appellee this exclusion would be denying it equal protection under the State and Federal Constitutions; and that the appellant is using the power to tax as a means of inhibiting the appellee's freedom of speech, which is violative of stated provisions of the State and Federal Constitutions. The trial judge found that the special demurrers to these paragraphs were not free from fault themselves, and therefore overruled

them. We affirm this ruling; but also point out that the case was tried on its facts as to whether the operations of the appellee came within the exclusion of Code Ann. § 54-657 (h) (7) (H), and the appellee was required to assume the burden of proving that its operations came within the exclusion. The rulings on demurrer were not, therefore, harmful to the appellant.

2. Code Ann. § 54-657 (h) (7) (H) can not be termed a tax exemption in the strictest sense. The sums paid by employers to the unemployment compensation fund are called "contributions." These sums are paid in connection with "employment" coming within the definition of that term, and this definition excludes various services, one service being that in the employ of a "corporation, community chest, fund, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, . . . no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation."

The trial judge charged the jury that they should determine whether the majority of the activities of the appellee were directed in furtherance of charitable or educational purposes, or a combination of the two. In interpreting Code Ann. § 54-657 (h) (7) (H) no aid can be received from the cases decided under the constitutional provision for exemptions from taxation (Art. VII, Sec. I, Par. IV, Code Ann. § 2-5404), or Code Ann. § 92-201, enacted pursuant to this constitutional provision, since the wording of the constitutional tax exemption is entirely different from the wording of the exclusion from contributions to the unemployment fund. For example, the constitutional provision exempts from taxation "all institutions of purely public charity," whereas the exclusion from contributions to the unemployment fund designates service "performed in the employ of a corporation . . . operated exclusively for . . . charitable, . . . or educational purposes, . . ."

Code § 108-203 provides that the following subjects, among others, are proper matters of charity for the jurisdiction of equity: "2. Every educational purpose. . . 6. Redemption

or relief of prisoners or captives. . . 8. Other similar subjects, having for their object the relief of human suffering or the promotion of human civilization."

It was not error to instruct the jury that the appellee would be exempt if it is operated for charitable or educational purposes, or a combination of the two.

The application for charter of the appellee stated the objects and purposes of the corporation to be: "to exist and function as an eleemosynary organization, and more particularly to organize and maintain a Regional Council for the improvement of economic, civic and racial conditions in the South, in the endeavor to promote a greater unity in the South in all efforts towards regional and racial development; to attain through research and action programs the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the region; to reduce race tension, the basis of racial tension, racial misunderstanding, and racial distrust; to develop and integrate leadership in the South on new levels of regional development and fellowship; and to cooperate with local, state and regional

agencies on all levels in the attainment of the desired objectives."

Mr. Paul Anthony, executive director of the appellee, testified that the following were projects of the appellee: urban planning; prison reform and criminal rehabilitation; prevention of juvenile delinquency; voter education; library development; and research on unemployment problems and welfare programs. The appellee publishes a publication known as "New South," and also publishes and distributes other writings, such as speeches and newspaper articles, which relate to subjects of special interest to the appellee. The appellee maintains a regular staff for the purpose of research, and commissions other persons, not connected with the corporation, to conduct research and write reports on such research.

There was evidence from which the jury was authorized to find that the appellee was operated for charitable purposes, and there was no contradiction in the evidence that no part of the net earnings of the appellee inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

3. The judge instructed the jury as follows: "I charge you that the meaning of the term or terms carrying on propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence legislation as set forth in the statute in question, consistent with constitutional limitation, can encompass two things and only two things. Those are, lobbying activities in the narrow sense of making direct approaches to legislators, aldermen, congressmen or other similar officials for the purpose of influencing their vote on particular pending or proposed legislation pending before those legislative bodies; or, two, active campaigning for candidates or a candidate for elective public office."

It is the contention of the appellant that the publications of the appellee constitute "carrying on propaganda" within the meaning of Code Ann. § 54-657 (h) (7) (H), and that the instruction of the judge unduly limited the meaning of the term as used in the statute. The appellate courts of this State have not defined "propaganda" as used in this section. The appellant does not suggest what definition of "propaganda" the judge should have given to the jury. In the brief for

the appellant various divergent definitions of the word "propaganda" are given, which merely illustrate the fact that the word has various meanings, according to its use. "Propaganda" may mean the dissemination of ideas, or it may be used as a derogatory epithet against those having opposing views to the person using the word. The appellant quotes from some of the definitions given in Seasongood v. Commissioner of Internal Revenue, 227 F.2d 907, in which similar language of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1939 is construed, but the writer of that opinion had a different view of the meaning of the word "propaganda" from the definitions which he stated his colleagues thought applicable (from which definitions the appellant quoted).

If the word "propaganda" is given the broad meaning that it is any dissemination of ideas, then no religious or educational institution could qualify under Code Ann. § 54-657 (h) (7) (H), since a substantial part of the activities of such institutions is the dissemination of ideas and beliefs. Under the constitutionally protected right of freedom of speech, an

organization can not be penalized for disseminating ideas which are not opposed to our system of government, even though such ideas may not meet with the approval of all of the people in the area in which they are advanced.

The words "carrying on propaganda" in this statute must be construed in connection with the words following it, "or otherwise attempting to influence legislation." The use of the word "otherwise" indicates that "carrying on propaganda" relates to "attempting to influence legislation." We think the trial judge did not err in limiting the meaning of the words "carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation," as he did in the charge assigned as error.

Under the definition given, the jury was authorized to find that the publications of the appellee introduced in evidence did not disqualify it from claiming the exclusion of Code Ann. § 54-657 (h) (7) (H). There was no evidence that the appellee had attempted in any direct manner to influence legislation.

The jury was authorized to find for the appellee,

and no error is shown in the judgment appealed from in the main appeal. It is therefore unnecessary to deal with the assignments of error in the cross appeal.

Judgment affirmed on the main appeal; cross appeal dismissed. All the Justices concur.

Southern [illegible], Inc.
5 FORSYTH STREET, N. W[illegible]A 30303
522-8764

PAUL ANTHONY
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

A Council to attain the ideals and practices of equal opportunity for all peoples in the South

March 16, 1967

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: Members of the Executive Committee

FROM: Paul Anthony

On review The Supreme Court of Georgia has ruled unanimously in our favor in our case with the Georgia State Department of Labor. A copy of the decision is enclosed.

Mr. Haas, our legal counsel, has advised that we not give this decision any publicity.

PA/km

Enclosure

9/2/69

MEMO FROM THE DESK OF:

Mildred Johnson

Emory:

These are the publications introduced to the Fulton Superior Court in the case of Williamson, Director of Employment Security Agency, Department of Labor, Georgia, vs. Southern Regional Council, Case Number B-6469, tried on September 21, 22 and 23, 1966:

See: Ga. State of Employment Security "Employment Agency"

Collins, LeRoy, The South and the Nation (Toward Regional Realism Series, No. 1.), April 1, 1960.

A Hundred Years Later (Toward Regional Realism Series, No. 2), Forward by Leslie W. Dunbar, September 1962. Contributors: James Dabbs, Frank P. Graham, Paul Green, Benjamin Mays, James Stokely, Marion A. Wright.

Green, Donald Ross; Jordan, James A.; Bridgeman, W. J.; Brittain, Clay V., Black Belt Schools: Beyond Desegregation (Toward Regional Realism Series, No 4), November 1965.

New South, January 1964, SRC Historical Issue.

New South, July-August 1963

New South, April 1963

Henderson, Vivian W., The Economic Status of Negroes: In the Nation and in the South, (Toward Regional Realism Series, No. 3) (n.d.)

* Southern Leadership Project - Leadership Reports # 40, 41, 42, 43.

* Civil Rights Crisis: A Synoposis of Developments, Parts I, June 25, 1963; II, July 26, 1963; III, September 5, 1963; IV, December 31, 1963. (Southern Regional Council publications)

* For copies of these see MJ's Materials file + central file for Leadership Reports.

See 8/13/58 letter to
Dr. W. C. Cowart for
newsclip -

August 14, 1958

Mr. Lucious Pitts
Georgia Teachers and
Education Association
201 Ashby Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Mr. Pitts:

Sorry I could not reach you by phone before I went out of town for a few days. Can you tell me how the enclosed story relates to vocational training opportunities for Negroes?

Sincerely,

Emory F. Via
Labor Consultant

EFV:ls

(Dictated by Mr. Via; signed in his absence)

File - Pitts

May 27, 1960

TO: NCOSTA EXECUTIVE SECRETARIES

FROM: L. H. Pitts
201 Ashby Street, N. W.
Atlanta 14, Georgia

PLEASE READ.....REACT.....R I T E.....C A L L

I was in Washington, D. C., May 16-17, for a conference with the Assistant Attorney General. The discussion was centered around the latest civil rights legislation and voting rights in the South.

Mr. Harold Tyler, Assistant Attorney General, has invited us (NCOSTA Executive Secretaries) to a briefing conference in the Department of Justice, at which time Attorney General Rogers, will speak to us (alone) on this enactment. Mr. Tyler's office will develop a brochure simplifying the legislation with some 1, 2, 3, steps. The meeting would be 1½ days.

I believe this to be a break through as we encourage our teachers and citizens to register and vote.

Please detach and return N O W! 's are on 'U'

I will attend such a meeting, June 16-17. YES____ NO ____

Already approved by 5 executive secretaries.

SIGNED: _____

STATEMENT TO GEORGIA STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
by
L. H. Pitts, Executive Secretary
GEORGIA TEACHERS AND EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

June 13, 1960

INTRODUCTION

Mr. Peters, Superintendent Purcell, and Members of the Georgia State Board of Education, I want to thank Mr. Peters and Dr. Purcell personally and you as a Board for granting me the privilege of making this brief statement. I have brought with me copies of the Resolutions passed at our State Convention in April. I have marked with a red pencil the sections which I think may be of most interest to you.

In this brief presentation I should like to call your attention to several matters regarding the educational picture of the State as seen by our Association. It is my sincere hope that my use of words and terms regarding the problems that confront us may be interpreted as "purr" words and terms. (comment) I shall discuss the following areas of concern:

1. Expenditure of Maintenance and Operation Money allocated by the State.
2. Transportation.
3. Vocational Education.
4. Salary Differentials.
5. Proposed School Building Authority Expenditures.

I am aware that these do not cover all of the pressing problems. I hope that if there are any questions at the conclusion of this presentation, you will present them to me, and if time will permit, I shall be happy, now or at the convenience of any member of the Board, to discuss any of specific problems.

Let me begin by saying that it can not be denied by any citizen of the State of Georgia that the State has made phenomenal progress in the last decade in providing education for all of the boys and girls in the State by erecting new buildings, by improving old buildings and equipment, by providing more adequate transportation, by raising salaries and by providing professional service in the area of instructional improvement. These efforts to improve the total quality of education for all are commendable.

I. MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION

I speak now regarding the first item of concern: I believe, since 1951-52, the State has provided a stipulated amount per teacher for Maintenance and Operation. It is my understanding that during the school year 1960-61 the allocation will be $450.00 per teacher, excluding sick leave. I should like to request and plead that this Board will regulate the expenditure of this money in such a manner that the money will follow the teacher. There are counties in Georgia, whose records will indicate that thousands of dollars which by every right ought to have gone for the Maintenance and Operation of Negro schools have never reached the individual schools or classrooms, for which

it was intended. Such a State regulation as here suggested will not interfere with people who want to do right, for under the present operation the allocation could be $900.00 per teacher and Negroes would still get no more for the money, allocated by this Board. It seems to me that it is inconsistent not to protect our present investment in buildings and equipment with adequate maintenance. There is one county in Georgia with more than 3,000 Negro students and less than 2,500 white students where the State School Building Authority has spent more than 1/2 million dollars in constructing 5 new buildings and there is not a janitor in the entire county working in Negro schools. This has apparently been the case for nearly 10 years. The present practice makes many who want to do right wary less they look bad beside others in adjoining counties who do not want to do right and paradoxically are being praised by the majority group in the community for educational leadership. It is the studied and candid opinion of the Georgia Teachers and Education Association that this must be settled at this level with you who are the appointed policy-making leaders in education in Georgia. Ladies and gentlemen, let me say gently and earnestly that the trial period is over for people who say leave us alone and we will work it out on the local level. This has not worked in the past, is not working now, and we do not believe it will work in the foreseeable future. We have, found that at the local level we have no assurance that local boards when left alone will provide fair distribution of allocated funds. A casual look at the last Biennial Report made to the legislature by the State School Superintendent, June 1958, will bring this matter to your attention in sharp relief.

II. TRANSPORTATION

In too many cases and in too many counties the problem of inadequate transportation for our children, both Negro and white, could be greatly alleviated by the careful re-routing of the bus routes. Such re-routing would go a long way in the annihilation of gross discriminatory practices, based on race. I have watched in some counties again and again over-loaded buses, leaving on routes that in my estimation, (which is that of a layman) were impracticable, illogical, and to expensive to be justifiable. The practice of buying new buses for white schools and giving the old buses to Negro schools is still a glaring blight on the educational highways of Georgia. Our request here is for speedy relief for ALL of the children in Georgia, but particularly for the Negro boys and girls who many times after walking a long distance have to then wait unduly long in all kinds of weather in order to ride in sub-standard, unheated and over-crowded, buses and who then have to get out in the MUD and go to school in a building where they in many cases serve as janitors in unfinished, ill equipped buildings.

III. VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

I want to be thankful to this Board, to its Chairman and Superintendent for the cooperative manner in which we have been able to work together in the area of Vocational Education. I am happy because of the progress already made and have great confidence and hope in the planning now being done by the Board and the Department of Education. To support our present efforts, I mention here that Secretary of Labor, James P. Mitchell, suggests that we will need

79 million workers by 1965. He states and I quote, "the problem is will they be the highly skilled, highly trained workers we will need to man an increasingly complex defense system and to satisfy an ever rising level of consumer demand". It is my candid belief that we will meet the challenge of this demand in proportion as we change our attitude toward the older workers, the woman who wants to work, youthful worker and the minority worker and by immediately magnifying the opportunity and broadening the training opportunities for all of the citizens of the State. Our request in this matter is that the State will implement recommendation number 4 of the Georgia Nuclear Advisory Commission in its report on vocational education, "a State owned and operated trade school comparable to the two white schools be provided for Negroes." I hasten to add that the course offerings for such a school should not be limited by the job market available to Negroes nor the jab market of the immediate locality but ought to include the entire labor market. I quote from the American Vocational Assosiation's publication entitled, Area Vocational Education Programs, page 29, "beacuse a boy is born and educated in the heart of a farming region does not mean he will be a farmer....all of which adds up to the conclusion that people must be trained, where they are, for the available jobs, wherever they may be."

All of us in Georgia rejoice over the fact that one of our native sons is providing the leadership as executive secretary for the American Vocational Association in the person of Dr. M. D. Mobley, formerly with our State Department of Education.

IV. SALARY DIFFERENTIALS

In 1957 we did a sample study in our office on Salary Differentials and I am persuaded that our findings then, which we did not publish, are operative at the present time in our State. Apparently in more than 50% of the counties in Georgia where salary supplements are paid to teachers by the local systems, Negroes are discriminated againist apparently on the basis of race. Ladies and gentlemen, this practice can not long be continued without adding immeasurably to our already over-burdened, misunderstood and misinterperted situation, thus increasing the present tension.

When the list of additional white teachers employed by local boards is considered in this matter the differential is brought into sharper focus.

V. PROPOSED SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY EXPENDITURES

We urgently request that in the allocation and the expenditure of the new funds through the State School Building Authority the State will insist by some kind of regulation, that local systems will provide and expend their 'accepted' pro-rata-share of finance in the completion of any and all facilities. Experience has shown also that sometimes the furniture intended for Negro schools finds its way to white schools.

Members of this Board are familiar with the facts that too many of our schools over the years have been without auditoriums, gymnasiums, and athletic fields. The shortage of classroom facilities made it mandatory that first consideration be given to the same. However, there is still a crying need for auditoriums, gymnasiums and athletic fields. A casual comparison in many communities of such facilities for Negro and white pupils is disheartening.

We further urge some consideration be given to the needs in the following areas of instruction: fine arts, (music, art, creative expression) health, foreign language, natural sciences and etc.

CONCLUSIONS

I would make this general statement and I hope you will accept it as a general statement only, and allow me at a subsequent time to talk with you as an entire Board or with a committee, which you may want to raise, about the specifics. Many of our educational problems in Georgia, if not most of them involving race are not the results of the Supreme Court Decision of 1954, which apparently is not acceptable to the South, but are the results of the decision of 1896, which apparently was acceptable to the South. I would add that continued delay on the part of the political and educational leadership in the State will only serve to widen the gap of unequal opportunities and increase the tensions, which already have us sitting, as it were, on a powder keg. Our growth as a State, with our great human and material resources is being sabotaged by this delay and continued discrimination.

May I close now as I began, by saying that these problems which confront all of us, which you laboriously and tediously have striven and continue to strive to alleviate, can be solved by men and women of good will who believe in the Christian concept and who work with and for the basic ideals of American Democracy. Please accept my personal thanks and that of more than 10;000 Negro teachers and educators, 311,815 Negro children and more than 40,000 members of the Parent Teachers Association of the State for granting me this opportunity to present some of our problems to you, with the full assurance that you will give these matters your earnest and immediate consideration.

MF

original reports to LWD return for filing

reports kept for our files

June 22, 1960

Mr. Lucius Pitts
Executive Secretary
Georgia Teachers and Education
Association
201 Ashby Street, N. W.
Atlanta 14, Georgia

Dear Lucius:

Thank you so much for your helpful report on the meeting of NCOSTA secretaries and the Justice Department. There is no question that you and your colleagues can be of enormous help to the Justice Department, and I am proud that we could have some hand in making it possible for you to get together with them.

Perhaps one day soon you and I will have a chance to discuss this further.

I am enclosing a check for the expenses for your May trip to Washington.

Cordially,

Harold C. Fleming
Executive Director

HCF/mf
Enclosure - 1. (Check #1743; $82.97)

Georgia Teachers and Education Association

201 Ashby Street, N. W.
Atlanta 14, Georgia
JAckson 2-7512

L. H. Pitts, *Executive Secretary*

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Napoleon Williams
R. J. Martin

June 21, 1960

Mr. Harold Fleming, Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N. E.
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mr. Fleming:

Please find enclosed a brief brief summary of the two meetings with the U. S. Justice Department. It is my hope that the brevity here will not in any way indicate a lack of appreciation on my part.

I need not tell you how grateful I am for the experience nor can I adequately express the gratitude of NCOSTA for the subsequent meetings of last week. The men were unanimous in their agreement that this was the most significant breakthrough for many years for our state association.

I am not very good at writing reports of this sort, thus, anything said or unsaid, I shall be happy to discuss with you.

Yours truly,

Lucius/a

L. H. Pitts

LHP:a

"INVEST IN A CHILD AND MAKE A MAN"

7/20/60

PA
PR
LWD
JC
MF

GEORGIA TEACHERS AND EDUCATION ASSOCIATION
201 Ashby Street, N. W.
Atlanta 14, Georgia

C
O
P
Y

July 19, 1960

Dr. Claude Purcell
State Superintendent of Schools
State Department of Education
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Purcell:

There comes a time in the life of an individual, organization or nation when there is only one choice left. This time came to me at the National Education Association Convention.

Let me thank you first for all of the excellent help you have been to me, personally, and to all of the teachers of Georgia, and especially to those who serve in the Negro schools. I am grateful, and I am sure they are grateful.

It has never been my intention to make it difficult for the continuation of the fine work of the educational leaders in the State of Georgia. If I had been a 'rebel rouser' or 'headline seeker', because of my unique position as a Negro and as Executive Secretary of the Georgia Teachers and Education Association and because of many facts which I have at my disposal. I could have become for the educational scene in Georgia what Martin Luther became when he nailed his thesis on the doors of the Catholic Church more than a century ago. Because of my appreciation for the fine work of the State Department of Education and for many, many of the School Superintendents who serve in the State I have refused hundreds of opportunities to publicize information which would be misinterpreted and misused.

I promised Mr. Mitchum that I would try and re-state the statement which I made at the Open Hearing of the Resolutions Committee. Herewith is essentially what I said:

> "I too live in the South and I have got to go back and live with "it" too. I believe that the National Education Association, the largest professional organization in the World, can not afford at this time to refuse to make a clearer statement on the problem on integration. What I am about to say will not please my friends in the South, but I think they can live with it; nor will it please my friends and associates from California, New York, Arizona and Pennsylvania. I speak as an individual who must live under pressure on one side from Negro extremists, and on the other side from reactionary white politicians. It is my firm conviction that the educators of the nation and particularly of the South can no longer afford to allow politicians to push us in a corner and have us

fight each other. The leadership for the education of the boys and girls of America must be placed firmly in the hands of educators.

Now, my suggestion to the Resolutions Committee: In the first paragraph, I suggest that they change the word "recognizes" to "believes" and the word "integration" to "desegregation". In the second paragraph, line three, following the word law that we say "as interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States", or have the phrase read, "for respect for the law of the land". I believe that Louisana and South Carolina and Georgia can live with this change. I believe it would be unfortunate for the National Education Association here, now, in session if this kind of change is not made. In at least nine of the Resolutions in this report the Committee has used the word believes. My suggestion, I think, would be to keep the same pattern of language usage. I know the press will misinterpret what I am saying but this is the chance I must take."

You heard my statement in the Delegate Assembly; I have asked Dr. Carr to send me an exact copy immediately upon receipt of the same I shall send a copy to you.

I understand that some of the Georgians have inferred that I was pushing a Resolution for integration of NEA Affiliates and for integration on the local and state levels. This is not true. My position, then, and now, is that NEA needed only to say that it believed that desegregation of the public schools of the nation was morally and ethically right and urge that the problem be solved by state and local citizens with saneness and reasonableness, working together in the interest of the common good of all of the people.

I hope as an individual life member of the NEA; I hope as a man who for 45 years has been a Negro living in the South by choice; I hope knowing that what I say may be misquoted, misinterpreted; I hope because I had to speak and because I believe that by constant negotiations our problem can be solved to alternative satisfaction of all concerned. I recognized even before I spoke that any statement from me might jeopardize the jobs of many Negro teachers in Georgia and I have said to the leaders of our Association that I shall not, if I know it, continue in this position if they must suffer intimidation because of my stated position. I believe you will remember that I tried in my presentation to the State Board of Education to be reasonable and sane in presenting the requests for the Negro children in the State of Georgia. Let me state clearly that the Georgia Teachers and Education Association has not made any effort nor will it in the long forseeable future make any effort to press for desegregation. Our major concern has been for the welfare of all of the teachers of Georgia, all of the children of Georgia, but particularly for those who are members of the GTEA. There is still so much unfinished business, so many glaring inequalities and so many difficult and intimidating circumstances under which we teach and learn that my position as Executive

Secretary of GTEA must be completely spent in trying to secure those rights and privileges granted by the commonwealth of Georgia.

Again let me say I wish you could see my heart and know the scars I bear and know the anxieties which frustrate me. Then, you would understand why I had to speak. I firmly believe that when my statements are carefully considered they will be recognized as a great understatement of the facts in the Southland. I have written this 'memorandum' because I want you and your associates to know that even though I have very strong feelings about human rights, human dignity and freedom, and that I shall forever work for these, I, do not intend to become an exhibitionist, but I can not afford to occasionally be an honest man even if it means differing with my best friends and associates.

Dr. Purcell, I believe that by constant negotiation and creative contact we the leaders in education in Georgia can find a reasonable solution to continue and improve the education of all of the people. This I shall do following the best right I know, and I pray that God will help me to understand the right.

I shall be eternally grateful for your kindness, and I pray that I may have your good friendship and good will.

Yours truly,

#S#

L. H. Pitts
Executive Secretary

LHP:dr
cc: Mr. Hughes
Supt. Mitchum

Called 3/6/64
Cannot attend

Georgia State Chamber of Commerce
and
The Georgia Teachers and Education Association — file
request the honor of your presence
at the
Teacher of The Year Banquet
Friday evening, the sixth day of March
nineteen hundred and sixty-four
7:00 p. m.
R. S. V. P.
Oglethorpe Elementary School
601 Beckwith Street, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

GEORGIA TEACHERS AND EDUCATION ASSOCIATION
201 ASHBY STREET, N. W.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

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Dr. Leslie Dunbar & Guest
5 Forsyth Street, N. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE.....

G.T.E.A. EXECUTIVE SECRETARY DECLARES
DR. R. W. GREENE'S STATEMENTS ERRONEOUS AND WITHOUT FACTS

L. H. Pitts, Executive Secretary for the more than 10,000 Negro Teachers of Georgia, said today, after reading the paid advertisement in the Atlanta Daily World, "that much of Dr. Greene's statement was erroneous and apparently made without facts".

The Secretary said that in his candid opinion that it would be very improbable for Georgia to perfect "separate and equal" schools in two years if ever.

Mr. Greene, evidently has not looked at the reports made to the State General Assembly recently or he has not carefully considered what the cost necessary for adequate: "curriculum, facilities, salaries, transportation and all other benefits for all the children of Georgia, would involve.

"In my studied opinion", the Secretary said, "the State would have to halt all improvements on all schools save those for Negroes and supply millions more of finance to follow Dr. Greene's suggestion".

The records of the State Accrediting Commission and the applications for Southern Association approval will show that Negro principals have repeatedly asked for adequate facilities and supplies for Negroes.

In some cases principals apparently feel that Dr. Greene has been a part of the intimidating situations.

I have serious doubts in my mind regarding the influence of the Race Relations Council represented by Dr. Greene and its source of income.

I, too was at the Sibley Committee Hearings and I am sure I am in a better position by virtue of my wider travel and acquaintance with all of the principals in every county in the State to say that, apparently, Dr. Greene has not correctly summed up the facts.

There is a way for all of us in Georgia, but in my opinion Dr. Greene, has not pointed to it nor helped in this statement.

Georgia Welfare

MAY 1945

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Circulating Library Started

◆ *Publication of* Georgia Conference on Social Welfare ◆

Georgia Welfare

MARCH 1945

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◆ *Publication of* Georgia Conference on Social Welfare ◆

Georgia Welfare

SEPTEMBER 1945

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Youth Learns By Doing

Homemaking Education

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The President's Message

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Georgia Welfare

JANUARY 1946

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The President's Message

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Social Security: Basic Human Welfare

Conference News

◆ *Publication of* Georgia Conference on Social Welfare ◆

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street SW
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Conference Member:

The annual meeting will be held in MACON on APRIL 3,4, and 5, 1946. Please mark these dates on your calendar and plan to attend all sessions, including the business session when important matters on Conference planning will come up for discussion and vote.

The Tri-State Conference of Orphanage Workers will also be meeting in Macon at the same time and Conference members are invited to attend their sectional meetings.

This will be one of the best annual meetings the Conference has ever sponsored. At least eight institutes - more if the demand is sufficient - will be held so that everyone interested may have the opportunity of four hours of concentrated study under the direction of able leaders. Among the institute leaders will be Howard W. Hopkirk, director of the Child Welfare League of America; Dr. Lora Lee Pederson, director Nashville School of Social Work; Miss Elizabeth McVay, Home Service Consultant, Cleveland Chapter, American Red Cross; Miss Mary Judy, director Council of Social Agencies, Jacksonville, Florida; Mrs. Mary A. Miller, executive secretary, Social Service Index, Atlanta. Other leaders will be announced later.

Among the speakers at the general and sectional meetings will be such well known social welfare executives as Miss Jane M. Hoey, director Division of Public Assistance, Social Security Board, Washington; Miss Katherine Lenroot, chief, Childrens Bureau, Washington; Robert E. Bondy, director, National Social Welfare Assembly, New York; Lyman S. Ford, of the Community Chests and Councils, New York.

Please make your room reservations today at one of the following hotels: Lanier, Dempsey, Central, Georgian, Milner, or, if you want a room in a private residence, communicate with Mr. Paul Haverfield, probation officer, Juvenile Court, Macon. Ask for a confirmation of your reservation. No single rooms are available.

Last year the Conference was unable to hold the customary annual meeting and planned, instead, to render services to the membership which would continue throughout the year. In 1945 the Conference Office published eight issues of Georgia Welfare and a survey on social welfare. In addition, the Office helped plan and conduct four local meetings as follows: Athens, Macon, Augusta, and Albany. During ten months of the operation of the Conference Office FOUR HUNDRED REQUESTS FOR SERVICES came from almost every county in Georgia and from many places outside the State. The Executive Committee feels that the Georgia Conference is now moving into a broader and more useful field of activities in behalf of social welfare in the State.

We will see you in Macon April 3,4, and 5!

3-8-46

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street SW
Atlanta 3, Ga

ANNUAL MEETING Macon, April 3-5, 1946 Mulberry Street Methodist Church

INSTITUTES April 3 10-12 A.M. 2-4 P.M.

I CASE WORK Institute Chairman: Miss Lorraine Jonnrich, supervisor of Case Work, Family Welfare Society, Atlanta

1. Case Work I Leader: Dr. Lora Lee Pedersen, dir., Nashville School of Social Work, Nashville, Tenn.
2. Case Work II Leader: Miss Elizabeth McVay, Case Work Consultant, Cleveland, Ohio, Chapter ARC
3. Case Work III Leader: Mrs. Frances Scherz, supervisor, Family Welfare Society, Atlanta; graduate N.Y. School of Social Work; sometime spvr. Community Service Society, N.Y.

II CHILD WELFARE Institute Chairman: Mrs. Elizabeth E. Fisher, chief, Child Welfare Div., State DPW, Atlanta

1. Institutional Care for Children. Chairman: Mr. Max E. Livingston, supt., Bethesda Home for Boys, Savannah, Ga. Leader: Mr. Howard W. Hopkirk, dir., Child Welfare League of Am, N.Y.
2. Foster Family Placement. Leader: Miss Opal Futch, senior Child Welfare Consultant on Foster Family Care and Adoption, State DPW, Atlanta
3. Emotional Problems Facing the Unmarried Mother Who Relinquishes Her Child. Leader: To be announced later.

III THE ROLE OF THE SOCIAL SERVICE INDEX IN COMMUNITY WELFARE Institute Chairman: Mrs. Harrold, Macon
Leader: Mrs. Mary Ansley Miller, executive secretary, Social Service Index, Atlanta

(This institute has been planned primarily for community leaders. The topics discussed will be: the place of the Social Service Index in community planning, the organization and financing of an Index and the responsibility of the volunteer and the agency for the functioning of the Index.)

IV PUBLIC WELFARE ADMINISTRATION Institute Chairman: Miss Elizabeth A. Brown, dir. of field supervisors, Public Assistance Div., State DPW, Atlanta
Leader: Mrs. Ella W. Reeves, American Public Welfare Association, Chicago

(Open only to county directors of Public Welfare and their board members.)

V RECREATION AND GROUP WORK Institute Chairman: Mr. Theodore T. Tarail, staff, Community Planning Council, Atlanta
Leader: Miss Juanita Luck, Consultant on Group Work, U.S. Children's Bureau, Washington

(Open to professional staff members and volunteers.)

VI COMMUNITY PLANNING Institute Chairman: Mr. Floyd Hunter, director, Community Planning Council, Atlanta
Leader: Miss Mary Judy, executive secretary, Council of Social Agencies, Jacksonville, Fla; sometime consultant and secretary to Committee on Volunteer Services, Community Chests and Councils

Institutes will be limited to an enrollment of forty. Please indicate your first, second, and third choice. Institute fee: $2. Open to all Conference members.

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street SW
Atlanta, Ga

APPLICATION FOR INSTITUTE, Mulberry Street Methodist Church, Macon

April 3, 1946

NAME _____
Last First Middle

POSITION _____

ADDRESS _____

Since the Institutes will be running concurrently, only one can be selected; however, please indicate your choice of three possible Institutes, in order of preference. The Committee on Institutes requests that those applying for registration in Case Work or Child Welfare fill out this blank as a guide to the leader in the development of the Institute.

Preference: (1)_____ (2)_____ (3)_____

(Omit, if desired, information on training and position in Social Work unless applying for Institute in Case Work or Child Welfare.)

	DATES ATTENDED	DEGREES OR CERTIFICATES
High School Training		
Graduate Work in Social Work		
Name of School of Social Work		

PAST POSITIONS IN SOCIAL WORK

_____

_____

_____

Please indicate any special types of problems which you would like covered in Institute subject chosen.

_____

_____

Due to need for limiting classes, "first come, first served." Inclose institute fee of $2 and return to

Georgia Conference on Social Welfare
11 Pryor Street SW
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Date Returned _____

Dear Conference Members: March 12, 1946

Room reservations for annual Meeting. Rooms in town will be available at a maximum rate of $2 per person. The deadline for confirmed reservations is March 29. Please send in your request at once to Paul Haverfield, Juvenile Court, Court House, Macon. Negro members should write W. B. Sheftall, director, Booker Washington Center, Cotton Ave., Macon.

Luncheon Reservations. The Macon Entertainment Committee is planning a luncheon at the YWCA at 1 o'clock Thursday, April 4. The fee is $1.50. Reservations will be on the basis of "first come, first served." The speaker will be nationally known. Send in your reservation today to: Mrs. Truman Clifton, Bibb County Department of Public Welfare, Macon.

Georgia Welfare

PUBLISHED MONTHLY

CONTENTS

WELFARE

RELIGION

HEALTH

EDUCATION

ECONOMICS

Publication of Georgia Conference on Social Welfare

What The Georgia Conference Does

Four hundred requests for services came last year by mail, wire, long distance telephone, and personal visit to the Office of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare, 11 Pryor Street, S. W., Atlanta.

The requests came from nearly every county in Georgia and from as far away as Cleveland, Houston, and New York.

"Our organization has wanted for years to **improve the social conditions** in our community. We want to follow professional standards of work."

"Many citizens of this county have been alarmed at the rapid increase of crime in our juvenile and young adult population during the war years. Help us get **informed speakers** for a community meeting."

"Our club is studying the **progress of welfare** in Georgia. Please send us material on this subject."

"Concerned with the increasing rate of child marriages in Georgia, our women's societies would like to **make a study** of Georgia's marriage and divorce laws."

"We are looking for a returning veteran qualified to **supervise recreation** in our town. Could you give us information as to where we might obtain such a man?"

"We are desperately in need of guidance by those who know how **to get all groups** in a town **to work together.**"

"Our greatest need is for a home for the chronically ill. How can we go about obtaining such a home?"

Many of the problems brought to the Conference Office **cannot be solved in a day** or even in a year. They have been brought by groups and by individuals **earnestly seeking guidance** on how to make their communities better places in which to live and better communities in which to bring up their children.

Purpose

1. To provide leadership for the improvement of social conditions in Georgia.

* * *

2. To provide information, consultation, and conference on social welfare needs in the State.

Georgia Conference on Social Welfare

11 Pryor Street, S. W.
Atlanta, Georgia

Date.....

Individual .....$ 2.00
Agency
Budget under $5,000 .....$ 5.00
Budget over $5,000 .....$10.00
Sustaining ..... over $ 2.00 under $25
Contributing .....$25.00 and over

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

TYPE OF MEMBERSHIP .....

OCCUPATION .....

Georgia Welfare

MAY 1946

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Social Legislation in 1946
By Guion Griffis Johnson

Child Welfare in the Reconversion Period
By Katharine F. Lenroot

The Role of the Home
By Elizabeth Todd

Committees Appointed

◆ *Publication of* Georgia Conference on Social Welfare ◆

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE

11 Pryor Street, S. W., Third Floor

ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

July 23, 1946

Dr. Harold L. Trigg
Southern Regional Council
Wesley Memorial Bldg
63 Auburn Avenue NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Trigg:

I was pleased to find your Conference membership in the mail this morning. The Conference Office is glad to know that we will have the opportunity of working with you this year.

I want to make certain that you know about all the publications and facilities available to you:

First of all, you will receive the Conference magazine, GEORGIA WELFARE, regularly, and all new surveys, bulletins, and memoranda as they come out.

Especially helpful is our INFORMATION SERVICE which we hope you will use. We will help you locate the educational item on health and welfare which you need in your work, and put you in touch with the agency or person who has faced a problem similar to your own.

Our CONSULTATION SERVICE is in constant demand for guidance in working out community and agency problems. Because of the popularity of this service and the limitations on Conference staff time, the Office has had to limit these requests to health and welfare problems.

If the Conference is to be of maximum usefulness to you, we will also need your help. Will you put the Conference on your mailing list?

Will you let us know, too, how you are working with other agencies and groups on cooperative approaches to the public?

We hope you will keep us in touch with everything you do in an effort to integrate health and welfare in Georgia.

Conference membership is a two-way undertaking. To be increasingly useful, we want to be of real service to you and we want you to help us serve the public.

Sincerely yours,

Guion Griffis Johnson

Guion Griffis Johnson
Executive Secretary

Georgia Welfare

AUGUST 1946

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CONTENTS

Care of the Aged
By Caroline M. Clarke

Child Welfare in the Reconversion Period
By Katharine F. Lenroot

Public Recreation Trends
By Oka T. Hester

420 Missing Persons

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Georgia Welfare

OCTOBER 1946

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Public Assistance in the Reconversion Period
By Jane M. Hoey

Trends in State and Community Planning
By Lyman S. Ford

Youth Problems in Relation to School Attendance
By J. D. Fleming

Books for Your Library

Sessions on Tuberculosis

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Georgia Welfare

NOVEMBER 1946

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Social Service in Veterans Administration
By FLORINE J. ELLIS

Public Assistance in the Reconversion Period—II
By JANE M. HOEY

Trends in State and Community Planning—III
By LYMAN S. FORD

Conference Executive Elected National Chairman

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Georgia Welfare

DECEMBER 1946

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1947 Annual Meeting to Be Held in Atlanta

Public Assistance in the Reconversion Period—III
By JANE M. HOEY

The Conference Writes a Letter to the Governor

The Attorney General Calls a National Conference

◆ *Publication of* Georgia Conference on Social Welfare ◆

YEARLY FINANCIAL REPORT

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE

January 1, 1946, through December 31, 1946

Carried forward January 1, 1946		$3,374.80
Deposited: Membership dues, contributions, and Institute fees		$7,191.14
		$10,565.94

Expenditures:

Salaries	$6,829.21	
Rent	110.00	
Telephone	186.03	
Office Supplies	925.33	
Georgia Welfare, 10 issues	782.75	
Stamps	565.00	
Petty Cash	120.00	
Audit of 1945 Books	25.00	
Conference Dues for Membership in National Agencies	25.00	
Expenses for Speakers at 1946 Annual Meeting in Macon	463.88	
Traveling Expenses	374.15	
	$10,406.35	$10,406.35

Balance December 31, 1946 ..... $159.59

Floyd Hunter
Treasurer

Georgia Welfare

JANUARY-FEBRUARY 1947

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PROGRAM

for the

ANNUAL MEETING

St. Mark Methodist Church

Atlanta

March 17, 18, 19, 1947

◆ *Publication of* Georgia Conference on Social Welfare ◆

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE

11 Pryor Street Building, S. W.
WAlnut 0508
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

W. E. Ireland
President

Guion Griffis Johnson
Executive Secretary

February 8, 1947

Dear Conference Member:

The annual meeting of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare will be held in Atlanta March 17-19, 1947, in a prominent downtown church. There will be two sessions of nine institutes running concurrently. Attached is the list of institutes and the institute leaders.

The Program Committee and the Institute Committee, under instructions from the membership, began working early so that able leaders might be obtained. We hope you will be pleased with the results.

Application forms are being inclosed for your convenience. Inclosed also is a list of Atlanta hotels where confirmed accommodations may be obtained up to March 1.

I shall look forward with pleasure to seeing you in Atlanta.

Cordially,

Guion Griffis Johnson

Guion Griffis Johnson
Executive Secretary

GGJ:f

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

PROGRAM FOR ANNUAL MEETING

Conference Theme: Human Welfare and Democracy

Monday, March 17, 1947

10 A.M. - 12 P.M.; 2 P.M. - 4 P.M.

INSTITUTES

Chairman: Miss Angela F. Cox, executive secretary, Family Service Society, Atlanta

I. Case Work

Institute Chairman: Floyd Hunter, director, Community Planning Council, Atlanta

1. Short Recording (Limited to 40)

Chairman: Miss Nancy Gillespie, supervisor, Travelers Aid Society, Atlanta.

Leader: Miss Ruth Owen Kruse, executive secretary, Travelers Aid Society, Miami, Florida.

Presentation and discussion of the problems involved in writing long narrative, process, and descriptive case records. Special emphasis will be placed on case recording in public and other agencies where short contract work requires special skill in terse, meaningful reporting.

2. Interviewing (Limited to 40)

Chairman: Mrs. Frances Bishop, Public Welfare Worker, Fulton County Department of Public Welfare, Atlanta.

Leader: Miss Elizabeth Chichester, acting executive secretary, Family Service, Savannah (tentative).

This institute is designed to bring out the essential skills required in good case work interviews and to illustrate through practical examples the methods employed in the process of conducting fruitful interviews in various case situations.

3. Intake and Community Resources (Unlimited)

Chairman: Mrs. Ethel Copelan, executive director, Hebrew Orphans Home, Atlanta.

Leader: Ray Guy, director of Home Service, Atlanta Chapter, American Red Cross.

An examination and discussion of problems of acceptance and referral of clients to agencies for strengthening community services to meet changing needs as reflected in case situations at intake, and to point up individual worker responsibility in these areas.

II. Child Welfare

Institute Chairman: Miss Opal Futch, senior child welfare consultant, Child Welfare Division, State Department of Public Welfare, Atlanta.

1. Protective Services to Children (Limited to 40)

Chairman: Mrs. Bertha B. Roberts, director, Habersham County Department of Public Welfare, Clarkesville.

Leader: Miss Eleanor Mecklenburg, assistant supervisor, Rural Child Welfare Unit, Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare, Harrisburg, Pa.

Social agencies feel responsible for protection of children from neglect and abuse and for preventing their separation from their families. The public agency gives protective services to children by authority of the law and the interpretation of the law; the private agency, according to its function as determined by its administrative board. In this institute, case material will be used as a basis of discussion of the casework principles around which these services are given.

2. Parents, Children, and Foster Parents in Placement Situations (Limited to 40)

Chairman: Miss Grace Dicks, Assistant executive secretary, Child Welfare Association of Fulton and DeKalb Counties, Atlanta.

Leader: Miss Inez Baker, supervisor, Child Welfare Division, Orleans Parish, Louisiana Department of Public Welfare, New Orleans.

It has been said that from the standpoint of the child, to be without parents is to be without honor. The necessity for his placement in a foster home can be an unbearable, depriving experience for him. As to his parents, they feel they have failed. On the other hand, foster parents may expect the gratitude of parents and child alike for services to the child. In this institute, case material will be used to stress the meaning of separation of children and families, and work with parents, children and foster parents in preparation for placement and continuing work with them after placement.

III. Social Legislation As It Affects Georgia (Unlimited)

Chairman: Miss Edna Mattox, director of Home Service, Southeastern Area, American Red Cross, Atlanta.

Leader: John A. Griffin, Assistant to the President, Emory University (tentative).

IV. Public Welfare Administration (Limited to Public Welfare personnel and Board Members)

Institute Chairman: Miss Lucile Wilson, chief, Division of Public Assistance, State Department of Public Welfare, Atlanta.

Chairman: Miss Carolyn Bullard, field representative, State Department of Public Welfare, Columbus,

Leader: Dr. Arthur Fink, director, Division of Public Welfare and Social Work, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, N.C. (tentative).

V. Recreation and Group Work (Unlimited)

Chairman: Oka T. Hester, director of recreation, City of Augusta.

Leader: Ralph van Fleet, Society of Recreation Workers of America.

VI. Coordination of Hospital, Health, and Welfare Programs (Unlimited)

Institute Chairman; Mrs. Lessie Cather, director of nurses, Fulton County Health Dept., Atlanta.

1. Community Service (10 A.M. - 12 P.M.)
   Leader: Miss Frances Sanchez, consultant, Div. of Maternal and Child Health, State Dept. of Public Health, Atlanta.

2. Family Service (2 P.M. - 4 P.M.)
   Leader: Mrs. Maria Harper, consultant in Social Service, Ga. Tuberculosis Assoc., Columbus.

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WEIFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Atlanta hotels where confirmed accommodations may be obtained up to March 1, 1947. Write for your reservation today.

NAME	ADDRESS	NO. OF ROOMS	RATES
Atlantan	111 Luckie Street NW	20 Rooms (double beds)	$3.50 - $5.00
Biltmore	817 West Peachtree St.NE	50 Rooms (twin beds)	$5.50 - $10.00
Briarcliff	1050 Ponce de Leon Ave.NE	25 Rooms (twin beds)	$3.50 - $7.00
Cox-Carlton	683 Peachtree St.NE	15 Rooms (twin beds) 3 Rooms (single beds)	$4.00 - $5.00 $2.50 - $3.50
Frances	343 Peachtree St.NE	8 Rooms (twin beds)	$4.00 - $5.00
Robert Fulton	114 Luckie St.NW	20 Rooms (twin beds)	$3.50 - $7.00
Hampton	35 Houston St.NE	10 Rooms (double beds)	$2.50 - $2.75
iedmont	108 Peachtree St.NW	5 Rooms (double beds) 10 Rooms (twin beds)	$4.50 - $6.50 $6.00 - $9.00
Southland	825 Ponce de Leon AveNE	4 Rooms (twin beds)	$5.25 -

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta 3, Georgia

PROGRAM FOR ANNUAL MEETING

APPLICATION FOR INSTITUTE, Atlanta

March 17, 1947

NAME _____
Last First Middle

POSITION _____

ADDRESS _____

Since the Institutes will be running concurrently, only one can be selected; however, please indicate your choice of three possible Institutes, in order of preference.

If you do not hear from the Conference Office, you may assume that you have been assigned to the Institute of your first choice. You will pick up your Institute registration card at the registration desk. The basis of assignment to Institutes will be "first come, first served." Each institute will be limited as indicated on the inclosed announcement.

Preference: (1)_____ (2)_____ (3)_____

PAST POSITIONS IN SOCIAL WORK

_____

_____

_____

_____

Please indicate any special types of problems which you would like covered in Institute subject chosen.

_____

_____

_____

Due to need for limiting classes, "first come, first served." Inclose institute fee of $2 and return today to:

Georgia Conference on Social Welfare
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Date Returned_____

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

Executive Committee Meeting
March 28, 1947

Minutes

The monthly meeting of the Executive Committee of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare assembled at 1:30 o'clock Friday afternoon, March 28, 1947, in the conference room of the Community Planning Council. The following persons attended all or a part of the session: W. E. Ireland, retiring president; L. L. Young, second vice-president; Miss Edna Mattox, third vice-president; Floyd Hunter, treasurer; Mrs. Mildred A. Chester, Miss Mary Freeman, Mrs. R. R. Garrison, Miss Frances Mason, Dr. George S. Mitchell, Claude Purcell, Miss Lucile Wilson, Dr. Comer M. Woodward, Mrs. Guion G. Johnson, and Mrs. Mabel D. Faulkner.

Miss Mattox opened the meeting with a request that Mrs. Johnson read the minutes of the regular session of February 21, 1947, and the called session of March 17, 1947. Miss Wilson moved and Dr. Mitchell seconded the motion to accept the minutes of the meeting of February 21 as read. The motion passed unanimously. Mrs. Chester moved and Miss Wilson seconded the motion to approve the minutes of March 17. The motion passed unanimously.

Miss Mattox requested that Dr. Woodward, chairman of the Nominating Committee, report upon the election of officers and executive committee members at the annual business session in Atlanta on March 18, 1947. Dr. Woodward reported that the following slate had been elected unanimously by the membership: president, Henry T. McIntosh, Albany; first vice-president, William P. Simmons, Macon; second vice-president, L. L. Young, Atlanta; third vice-president, Miss Edna Mattox, Atlanta; treasurer, Floyd Hunter, Atlanta; executive committee for a term of three years, Wellborn R. Ellis, Atlanta; Miss Mary Freeman, Newnan; Mrs. R. Roddey Garrison, Atlanta; Mrs. J. Saxton Wolfe, Savannah; executive committee for a term of two years replacing Miss Edna Mattox, Claude Purcell, Atlanta.

Dr. Woodward said further: "There is a matter concerning the presidency which needs some explanation at this time. The Nominating Committee obtained Mr. McIntosh's consent to have his name placed on the ballot. Because of ill health he was reluctant to accept and asked for a few days to consider the matter. He telephoned his acceptance on Friday afternoon prior to the convening of the annual meeting on Monday. On Tuesday morning, a few hours before the opening of the annual business meeting, we received Mr. McIntosh's letter which had been sent by special delivery to the Conference Office, asking us to withdraw his name from the list of officers at the urgent insistence of his doctor. Two hours later Mr. McIntosh was in Atlanta for the meeting and we prevailed upon him to let the matter stand in view of the fact that the ballot had already been printed, according to Constitutional provisions, and in view of the shortness of time to obtain a substitute nomination. Mr. McIntosh was accordingly enthusiastically elected president of the Conference. He agreed to ask for a further physical examination in the hope that his doctor would reconsider. Several days ago we received his letter stating: "My doctor stills insists that I MUST NOT, under any circumstances, undertake the work of the Conference presidency. I explained the circumstances under which the slate of officers was approved, and told him it was with the understanding that it was merely a sort of 'stop-gap' arrangement, and he rather reluctantly approved that --'on a brief temporary basis.'"

Dr. Woodward stated that Mrs. Johnson would be in Albany for consultation work on April 1, 1947, and that she would discuss the matter with Mr. McIntosh at that time. He recommended that the Executive Committee not be in a hurry to replace Mr. McIntosh. It might be possible that his health would improve more rapidly than the doctor expected and that he would still be free to serve out his year's term of office.

Dr. Woodward reported further on the activities of the Nominating Committee in preparing the slate of officers. He said, "This Committee was really a minature workshop. We had three lengthy sessions and one brief one. One session lasted five hours and another six hours. We tried to look into the status of the Conference, the trends, needs, and the future. All agreed that we need the participation of more lay people. We need a larger staff to perform the ever increasing demands for service. We need money and more lay people to help us get it. The Nominating Committee requests that the minutes of the meeting be kept on permanent file in the hope that the findings will have some bearing upon the policy of the Conference. The work of the Committee bears out the wisdom of the appointment of the Nominating Committee at least a month prior to the annual meeting. Since the Constitutional provision governing this matter is flexible, the Nominating Committee recommends appointment sufficiently in advance of the annual meeting to allow for a long and careful consideration of incoming officers. It was suggested that the Nominating Committee might become one of the permanent standing committees of the Conference, functioning on a year-round basis."

Dr. Woodward stated further that the Committee has received a resignation from Mrs. Chester which came in too late to be included on the slate of officers submitted to the membership. He said that he felt it was important that the Executive Committee request Mrs. Chester to reconsider.

Mrs. Chester said she regretted that it was necessary to resign at this time. She was going back into professional work and would not be able to do justice to the Executive Committee but the time of her going off the Exocutive Committee was not a matter of real urgency.

At this point Mr. Young arrived and assumed the chair. He said that he would request Mr. Ireland to go with him to see Mr. Simmons at an early date to determine whether it would be possible for him to assume the presidency in case Mr. McIntosh found it impossible to serve.

After discussion, Dr. Woodward moved and Miss Wilson seconded the motion that the Executive Committee notify Mr. McIntosh of their regret that the state of his health was such as to prevent his serving out the full term of his office as president and that the Committee would make every effort before the next meeting to obtain, with due regard to Constitutional procedure, someone to serve in his place. The motion passed unanimously.

Mr. Young appointed the following Committee to confer with Mr. Simmons: W. E. Ireland, Donald Mitchell, Jr; and the executive secretary.

Miss Mattox and Dr. Mitchell asked to be excused from the meeting because of urgent business in their own agencies.

Mr. Young called for a report of the Membership Committee. Mrs. Faulkner reported in the absence of Mrs. M. E. Tilly as follows: 768 individual memberships; 129 agency memberships; making a total of 897. Mrs. Faulkner said that 133 members paid their dues at the annual meeting.

Mr. Hunter gave the following financial report: Carried forward February 21, 1947, the sum of $783.09; deposited from that date through March 27, 1947, the sum of $2,314.22; expenditures in the amount of $1,588.97; including $356.54 for speakers and expenses of the annual meeting; balance on hand March 28, 1947, $1,508.34. The total amount deposited since January 1, 1947, was $4,088.52, including $610 received from institute fees at the annual meeting. Mr. Hunter moved and Mr. Ireland seconded the motion to accept the financial report. The motion passed unanimously.

Mrs. Chester, reporting for the Program Committee for the Annual Meeting, pointed out that on December 20, 1946, the Conference did not know when or where the annual meeting would be held. The fact that the meeting just closed was such an excellent one speaks well for the work of all members of the Program Committee and the various sub-committees. Not a single speaker, she said, received an honorarium and only seven received a part or all of transportation expenses. Some speakers came from long distances and their coming was a real sacrifice. The total expenditure for the transportation of speakers would amount to, Mrs. Chester estimated, about $340 while the amount received from institute fees was $610. In connection with the institutes, she said she would like to repeat what was said at the annual business meeting:

"1. The heavy registration for institutes indicates that there is both a desire and a need for this particular part of our program. However, I believe the time has come when the Conference should consider seriously whether this service should be a continuing function of the Conference or whether it can be more effectively provided through in-service-training programs carried on by individual agencies.

"2. In order efficiently to plan the program of an annual meeting it is important that an adequate geographical cross-section of membership be represented on the committee. So far it has not been possible for the Conference to defray any part of the expenses of members attending such committee meetings. This means that a very sizeable financial burden is placed upon many members of the committee. It would be desirable if the Conference could share in the expenses of Program Committee members, and I would like to recommend that in setting up the budget for the coming year, the Executive Committee give this particular matter their consideration.

"3. In light of the fact that the Conference is now engaged in a long-anticipated year-round program, there is need for re-thinking the relationship of the annual meeting to other portions of the program. Shall the annual meeting remain the major activity of the Conference? If not, what purpose should it serve? What proportion of staff time and budget should be devoted to the annual meeting? I believe that consideration of these questions by the Executive Committee will facilitate the work of the 1948 Program Committee."

Mr. Hunter moved and Mr. Ireland seconded the motion to accept the report of the Program Committee with appreciation for the fine work which the chairman and all members of the various committees had rendered in behalf of the Conference. The motion passed unanimously.

Mr. Hunter moved and Miss Wilson seconded the motion to refer the recommendations of the chairman to the Committee on Principle, Policy, and Procedure for full discussion with instructions to bring back recommendations for the consideration of the Executive Committee. The motion passed unanimously.

Dr. Woodward at this point raised the question of acceptance of the recommendation of the Nominating Committee that the Nominating Committee be considered one of the standing year-round committees. Mr. Hunter suggested that this recommendation be embodied in the motion just passed and by common consent it was so ordered.

Mr. Hunter asked to be excused from the meeting at this point.

In the absence of Mrs. Athearn, chairman of the Committee on Principle, Policy, and Procedure, Mr. Young reported a meeting of that Committee in the chairman's office on March 11, 1947, attended by the chairman, Mrs. Mary A. Miller, Mrs. Johnson, and himself. At that time the request from Atlanta University School of Social Work to extend students the privilege of enrolling in institutes without payment of Conference dues was discussed. In view of the fact that the Executive Committee had for

some time followed the policy of restricting enrollment in institutes to Conference members upon payment of a $2 fee, it was agreed to take no action upon this question.

Mr. Young reported further that the Committee had considered the question of recommending the desirability of the expansion of the Executive Committee. The Committee agreed that this question was also outside the province of the Committee on Policy. The Committee discussed the request of the Nursing Division of the Fulton County Department of Public Health to appoint a committee for the purpose of evaluating the results of the tests for tuberculosis being conducted at the Howell Mill Clinic in connection with the Atlanta Tuberculosis Association. The Policy Committee recommends this project to the Executive Committee with due consideration for priority of projects already authorized. Mr. Young said that the Policy Committee wished to reemphasize that top priority be given to projects in the area of community organization and also to emphasize that the Conference should operate all of its projects through statewide committees.

Dr. Woodward moved and Miss Mason seconded the motion that a committee composed of from 9 to 11 qualified persons be named to consider the project and to determine the amount of time involved and the feasibility of the undertaking with authorization to go forward with the plan if it was deemed wise. The motion passed unanimously.

Mr. Young requested that the recommendations of the Membership Workshop held on March 17, 1947, be read. Mrs. Johnson read the report as follows:

"1. The annual meeting was of great value to the welfare minded citizens in the State and should be continued without question.

"2. The Bulletin was serving a definite need for the dissemination of information of importance to workers, board members, and volunteers, and was of increasing value to all persons familiar with it.

"3. District meetings were of great value to the residents in the different parts of the State, and, although there was expressed interest in having many of them during the year, it was recommended that provision be made in the future for as many as the resources of the Conference could permit, leaving it up to the Executive Committee of the Conference to determine the number and location of them. It was pointed out that District Conferences tended to meet the needs of large numbers of people who would not be able to attend the annual conference, and that effort should be made gradually to increase the number of district meetings.

"4. It was recommended that the Conference appoint a committee to study the feasibility of establishing a research program for the Conference. One specific need mentioned, which must necessarily await the service of such help, was that of developing a Directory of Social Agencies for the State.

"5. That the Conference give serious consideration to financing a field consultation service, as soon as possible, in order more adequately to meet the requests for consultation service from local communities looking to the Conference for that variety of help.

"6. That as District Meetings were held in different parts of the State, the program of such meetings provide specifically for extending to the grass roots opportunity for leaders of local programs of work to have discussions similar to that offered to the participants of the Workshop at our present annual meeting."

Mr. Ireland moved and Miss Wilson seconded the motion that the report be received and that the recommendations not already in effect be brought to the attention of the Executive Committee at a subsequent time for consideration. The motion passed unanimously.

Mr. Young reported that he and Mrs. Johnson had attended two meetings called by the Chamber of Commerce to consider the question of a federated fund raising campaign. At the second meeting a steering committee composed of Mr. Baker, formerly of the United War Fund Campaign and now of China Relief; Lon Sullivan, representing the Cancer Drive; and Wellborn Ellis, representing the Georgia Conference. Mr. Young said that he would like to designate Mr. Ellis as the official representative of the Conference in any further discussion of this matter. He said that the organization of a federated fund raising campaign came from the Appeal Review Board of the Chamber of Commerce and that the point was stressed that the federated fund campaign would not be compulsive.

Mrs. Johnson pointed out that national trends seemed to indicate federation or some type of control over fund campaigns. She said that ten or twelve states have already passed laws requiring a license for a fund campaign. Miss Wilson moved and Dr. Woodward seconded the motion that the Conference seek participation in the federated program for Fulton and DeKalb counties. The motion passed unanimously.

The next item on the agenda was the participation of the executive secretary on the program of the National Conference of Social Work meeting in San Francisco on April 13-19, 1947, and the meeting of State Conference Secretaries in New York City May 14-15, 1947. Mrs. Johnson offered to withdraw at this point and left the room. After discussion Mr. Ireland moved and Dr. Woodward seconded the motion that in view of the Conference financial status and the amount of time involved on the part of the executive secretary, the Executive Committee not approve the expenses or time incident to the executive secretary's attendance at the San Francisco meeting. The motion passed unanimously.

Miss Mason moved and Mr. Ireland seconded the motion that the executive secretary attend the New York meeting and that the Executive Committee authorize full payment of expenses. The motion passed unanimously.

Mrs. Johnson was requested to return to the meeting. She reported on the forthcoming field trip to Thomasville and to Albany. She said that she had been in communication with the Junior Club of Thomasville for a period of three months concerning the organization of a community council. She had hesitated to give field service to this project because she was uncertain whether the Club realized the implications of procedure and responsibilities in the area of community organization. She had declined going to Thomasville for an organization meeting in February and had posed questions to the Club. Miss Emily Jerger, chairman of the committee and daughter of the editor of the Enterprise, had sent the Office a folder of confidential data which, upon verification by the executive secretary, indicated that a community council organized under the sponsorship of the Junior Club might have reasonable expectancy of success. Accordingly, she had agreed to proceed to Thomasville for a day of interviews with community leaders to be followed by a dinner meeting when the question of organization would be put to seventy organization representatives. Miss Wilma van Dusseldorp had agreed to accompany her on the trip.

Mrs. Johnson said that she and Miss van Dusseldorp would proceed to Albany where she would have a conference with a group which is exploring the question of medical care.

Miss Mason moved and Miss Wilson seconded the motion that the field trip be authorized and that the executive secretary go with the support of the Executive

Committee. The motion passed unanimously.

The question of procedure in the enlargement of the Executive Committee from 12 to 30 members, authorized by the unanimous consent of the membership at the annual business meeting on March 18, 1947, was discussed. Dr. Woodward moved and Miss Mason seconded the motion that the executive secretary be authorized to request the Conference membership to send nominations to the Conference Office from which a list of 18 names would be selected as the slate to be submitted by mail to the membership. The motion passed unanimously.

Mr. Purcell moved and Miss Wilson seconded the motion that the Nominating Committee which brought in the slate of officers for the 1947 annual meeting be instructed to prepare the slate of 18 new committee members. The motion passed unanimously.

Dr. Woodward asked permission to make a few remarks. "I wish," he said, "to express my personal appreciation for the opportunity of being here today and for having had a little part in seeing that these new members and officers were added to this Committee. I have gone along with the Conference since the organization. I have a great comfort in sharing with friends and fellow workers the responsibility of this important and increasingly useful organization."

The meeting adjourned at 4 o'clock.

L. L. Young
Second Vice-President

Guion Griffis Johnson
Executive Secretary

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

Memorandum April 16, 1947

RECEIVED
APR 29 1947
Southern Regional Council

TO: All Conference Membership Chairmen
FROM: Mrs. M. E. Tilly, State Membership Chairman

902 Members on April 15

A year ago, our membership was about 100 more than it is today. Many county chairmen write me that they have not yet had time to get to work on their membership campaign.

Your Conference Office stands ready to assist you with this campaign in any way you wish. Some chairmen want letters sent directly from the Conference Office to the community leaders in their home town and then they follow up with a personal letter and a telephone call. Two days on the telephone are usually sufficient to get the job done.

There Is Strength in Numbers

The strength of the Conference is in its membership. Its members support the Conference through their participation in its affairs in many ways. They also support the Conference through their membership fees. The present income from membership fees of all kinds will not, however, support the Conference now and enable it to develop the new services or improve the present ones as they need to be expanded.

Only One Answer to Our Problem

There is just one answer to this problem: more membership support. There are two ways of getting it:

1. More members of all kinds, personal and agency, professional and general, civic and religious groups as well as social welfare groups.

2. More generous support from present members, $5 and $10 contributions from those of us who do the on-the-job work and $25 to $100 contributions from business and industry. A few loyal members who have realized from the beginning the need for the Conference year-round program have already voluntarily increased their contributions. For example, one member has for the past three years voluntarily sent in her personal check varying from $15 to $25 and has obtained 15 additional contributions each year. If we only had such a member in every county how easy it would be to push forward the program and action of our Georgia Conference!

Won't you get down to work on your membership job today?

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

MEMORANDUM April 23, 1947
TO: All Conference Membership Chairmen
FROM: Mrs. M. E. Tilly, State Membership Chairman

Southern Regional Council

Thank You For Your Good Work

The Conference Office is beginning to see the results of your activities in all parts of the State. Through your efforts, 1946 members and even some 1945 members who did not renew their support last year are beginning to appear again on our Conference roll. We are setting our goal high this year: at least a 50 per cent increase in the total number of members of all kinds by the end of 1947. That will give us a total of 2,100, a figure still too far below the total number of Georgians whom we need to have actively participating in the work of the Conference if we are to grow as strong as we need to in order to accomplish the huge task in social welfare which lies ahead. Let's put our shoulders to the wheel and with a long heave and a steady heave let's make that goal -- and better.

The Membership Endorses District Meetings

If you attended the annual meeting in Atlanta, you will remember that the Membership Workshop which met all day Monday and reported at the business meeting on Tuesday endorsed the continuation of district meetings as one of the best ways to inform the general public of unmet needs in social welfare. In 1945 the Conference held four district meetings, one in Athens, Augusta, Macon, and Albany. Three districts are planning such meetings, and Albany has already held a half-day session. If you would like to hold a district conference, write at once to the Conference Office so that your meeting can be put on the calendar and plans will go forward to develop the type of program which will best serve your needs.

Repercussions from the Annual Meeting in Atlanta

From Donald G. Mitchell, Jr., Director, Macon Community Chest: "The Conference can take a lot of satisfaction out of the shaping up of the annual meeting as it finally developed. With all its headaches behind, the Program Committee can look now on the many fine features that were brought together and congratulate itself on a job done with distinction."

L. L. Young, Executive Secretary, Georgia Tuberculosis Association: "Please find inclosed herewith a check in the amount of $100.00 for the annual membership fee of the Georgia Tuberculosis Association for the year 1947. The ... Association wishes to acknowledge with thanks the splendid program prepared for the Annual Meeting, March 17-19, 1947."

George E. Bigge, Director, Federal-State Relations, Federal Security Agency, Washington, D.C.: "I found the Conference meetings very interesting and feel sure they will lead to even more progress in the field of social welfare."

The Conference Benefits You

The Conference serves all of Georgia. A strong Conference strengthens Georgia and social welfare services in Georgia. The work of the Conference cannot be measured in concrete services to individual members. Nevertheless, the Conference has had a real share in, and has made a considerable contribution to, social welfare in Georgia. YOU - and all of us - have benefited from this service.

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta 3, Georgia

April 12, 1947

Memorandum
TO: All Conference Membership Chairmen

FROM: Mrs. M. E. Tilly,
State Membership Chairman

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Conference Year Just Beginning

The annual meeting for 1947 has just closed, but the Conference year has just begun. The week following the annual meeting, the Conference Executive Secretary and Miss Wilma van Dusseldorp went to Thomasville to help organize a Community Council. From Thomasville, they went on to Albany for discussions on a medical care program for the needy.

Protective Services for Children

About two months prior to the annual meeting, the Executive Committee authorized the Executive Secretary to set up a statewide committee on Protective Services to Children. Since September, the Secretary has participated in an Atlanta Committee on that topic under the auspices of the Atlanta Council of Church Women. The recommendations of a Conference institute and a section meeting in March emphasized need for such a statewide committee.

Such activities as these keep the Conference Office humming throughout the year.

Where Are Our 1947 Memberships?

You and your staff, your friends and your neighbors will want to have a part in this important work which will mean so much to the welfare of Georgia.

But the work cannot continue unless it has the backing of friends in all the counties. The strength of the Conference is in its membership. We need a broad cross section of Georgia citizenship and social welfare interests.

Won't you give your immediate attention to a local membership campaign so that we may get the task of financing the Conference year-round program out of the way by June 1?

Do You Need Help?

If you wish any materials from the Conference Office to assist you in this undertaking, will you call on the Executive Secretary? Copies of Georgia Welfare and the inclosed samples are available for your use. Just let us know in what quantities to send them.

If you would like to plan a county or a district meeting in connection with your campaign, the Secretary will be available if you will write in time to put your meeting on the Conference calendar. It is a busy office and the Secretary has more demands than she can meet. The work of our Conference must go forward.

NEWS LETTER
AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY WOMEN
No. 7 Atlanta Branch March 1947

Social Studies Committee: Dr. Guion Griffis Johnson, chairman; Mrs. W. C. Burns, Mrs. deWitt Gunsolus, Mrs. Stephen C. Hale, Mrs. Frank J. Henry, Mrs. Roger T. Lively, Mrs. Alan L. Ritter, Mrs. Francis C. Beebee, ex-officio.

Education for Homemaking in Georgia

By: Inez Wallace, State Supervisor of Homemaking Education, State Department of Education

RECEIVED APR 30 1947 Southern Regional Council

The vocational homemaking program as it is being carried on through the public schools of Georgia today seeks to improve the level of home and family life. The purpose of vocational education in Homemaking is to prepare for the responsibilities and activities involved in homemaking and in achieving family well-being. The general objective is to provide instruction which will enable families to improve their standard of living through the more efficient management of human and material resources. The instruction in homemaking includes the following areas:

a. Selection and purchase of goods and services for the home.
b. Maintenance of satisfactory personal and family relationships.
c. Selection, preparation, serving, conservation, and storage of food for the family.
d. Selection, care, renovation, and construction of clothing.
e. Care and guidance of children.
f. Selection and care of the house and of its furnishings.
g. Selection, use, and conservation of home equipment.
h. Maintenance of health and home safety.
i. Home care of the sick, and first aid.
j. Consumer responsibility and relationships.
k. Selection and provision of educational and recreational experiences for family members.

50,052 Received Instructions Last Year

For the year ending June 30, 1946, Georgia had a total of 455 high school departments of vocational homemaking, with 487 teachers. In addition, there were 24 full-time adult vocational homemaking teachers in the city of Atlanta. There were 155 teachers employed on a year-round basis and 332 employed on a 9 months basis. The total enrollment in both day school and adult classes of homemaking was 50,052.

There is no set course of study to be followed by all vocational homemaking teachers in Georgia. Instead, they are trained to go into a community, to make a study of home conditions and homemaking needs and, through planning with pupils set up a program which will deal with homemaking problems within a particular community. Teachers are required to visit homes of pupils for the purpose of supervising home projects, etc. Last year, high school girls completed 90,667 projects pertaining to various home problems. The largest number of projects dealt with clothing problems and the second with home improvement problems.

Teachers Help Adult Homemakers

Teachers also make visits to the homes of adult homemakers for the purpose of giving individualized instruction, dealing with current homemaking problems, for recruiting adult classes and for follow-up of instruction given in an organized class. 1,010 classes in homemaking were taught to adults last year. These dealt with such problems as meal planning and preparation, clothing selection and

construction, landscaping, making slip covers, refinishing furniture, etc. In addition to regular classes, teachers have kept homemaking departments open in the afternoon so that the equipment might be used under their supervision by homemakers in the community.

Future Homemakers of America

One of the most outstanding developments in the homemaking division within the past two years has been the organization of a state association of Future Homemakers of America. Any high school girl studying homemaking may become a member of this state and national association. The activities of the Association are closely correlated with the homemaking instructional program. There has been a tremendous amount of interest on the part of young people in this organization. The girls in this organization also work closely with the Future Farmers of America organization.

Every effort is being made in the vocational program to carry on a functional homemaking education program for all groups within a community. We are making some use of local homemaking education advisory councils at present and hope to develop this idea more within the next few years.

PRINCIPLE, POLICY, and PROCEDURE COMMITTEE
Report for Annual Meeting
Georgia Conference on Social Welfare
March 18, 1947

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Social Welfare Council

Previous reports have told you of the rapidly increasing demands in the Conference and the broadening possibilities before it for contributing to the out-working of our State's social welfare needs. In the light of such requests and such possible ties, your Executive Committee believed it imperative to reappoint and continue the Principle, Policy, and Procedure Committee for the Conference year elasped since our last Annual Meeting.

The question before the Executive Committee really was, "How much of all this can we do," which posed the necessity for being able to say, "This much we can do." Therefore this Committee was charged with the responsibility of continuing to define and to refine the Conference operational program; that is, the areas in which the Conference could and should operate, the reasons why such areas should take precedence, and the general methods through which operation would take place.

Through Georgia Welfare and a report to you at the last Annual Meeting, you are familiar with the eight-point program enunciated for 1946. As a first step toward formulating the 1947 program, this Committee met in Atlanta in June 1946 with the Membership Committee for their thinking about what the membership wanted stressed in the year-round program. That committee unanimously recommended that the Conference "undertake to stimulate community councils, to encourage the coordination of community councils, and to encourage a broader base of Conference membership."

Then in July 1946 this Committee reviewed the eight-point program already adopted and concluded that change in it was indicated only at the point where a specific number of district conferences were proposed. It was recommended that this be modified to the effect that "the Conference continue to conduct district meetings in various sections of the State where the Conference purpose of disseminating health and welfare information can best be served and where such meetings are sponsored by representative community groups." A ninth point in the program was recommended, namely that the Conference move in the direction of coordinating efforts in social welfare through the medium of a State Council of Social Agencies.

At the same time the recommendations on year-round, basic program were formulated, the Committee thought it should not ignore the fact that such recommendations could not be carried out on current budget. Hence it suggested to the Executive Committee that, in its opinion, a minimum budget of $15,000.00 would be required to operate this program.

Other work of the Committee included consideration of such requests and suggestions as:

1. That the Conference undertake to organize county units.
2. That it set up a committee to study techniques of case recording.
3. That it organize a state-wide committee for study and recommendations regarding protective services to children.

Each such requested project has been weighed in the light of Conference function and urgency of initiation. We regret it is impossible to bring more of the detailed discussion to you, but it leads the Committee to recommend that a procedure be established for screening projects to decide the order of priority among those determined to be within Conference function. This procedure might be set up by empowering this Committee to appoint a sub-committee of its members to act as a screening committee or by appointing a separate committee for that purpose.

It is further recommended that the operational program be pursued as proposed and accepted. The Committee cautions against failure to perform in a sufficient number of operational areas as needs indicate to demonstrate that the Conference has a well-rounded program base. Finally, the Committee stresses that, as its thinking developed, it focussed more fully on the conviction that major program emphasis should be centered in direct service to communities in guiding and stimulating community organization. The Committee recommends that this last be considered a "must" though not all that we can do.

Respectfully submitted,

Mary W. Athearn, Chairman
Floyd Hunter
Russell Brinson
L. L. Young
Mary A. Miller

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

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Executive Committee Meeting
February 21, 1947

Minutes

The Executive Committee of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare met in regular session at 1:30 o'clock, Friday afternoon, February 21, 1947, in the conference room of the Atlanta Community Planning Council, 11 Pryor Street. Those present were W. E. Ireland, president; Miss Frankie Adams, Miss Russell Brinson, Miss Carolyn Bullard, Mrs. Mary Kate Duskin, Miss Edna Mattox, Donald G. Mitchell, Jr., Miss Lucile Wilson, Dr. Comer M. Woodward, Mrs. Guion G. Johnson, and Mrs. Mabel D. Faulkner.

Mr. Ireland opened the meeting with a request to know the pleasure of the Committee concerning the reading of the minutes. Mrs. Johnson requested a full reading of the minutes in view of the fact that they had not been previously circulated and in view of the important matters under consideration at the meeting on January 17. She requested that each member whose words were quoted directly in the minutes stop her at the time of reading if a change in wording seemed to be indicated. Mr. Mitchell requested an alteration of a quotation of one of his statements and Miss Brinson suggested that the minutes be referred to those quoted but not present at today's meeting before mimeographing in view of the request made at the January meeting that the full discussion on policy be made a part of the permanent record of the Conference.

The motion made by Miss Mattox and seconded by Miss Wilson to accept the minutes as read and corrected was, therefore, amended upon motion of Miss Brinson seconded by Mr. Mitchell that the minutes be accepted as revised by the Committee members whose statements had been quoted directly. The amended motion passed unanimously.

Mrs. Faulkner, giving the treasurer's report in the absence of Floyd Hunter, reported a total deposit since January 1, 1947, of $1,776.10. Of this amount $1,639.64 had been deposited January 24, 1947. The Conference had a total expenditure from January 17 through February 21 of $856.55 leaving a balance on hand of $614.46 to date.

Mrs. Faulkner also reported in the absence of Mrs. M. E. Tilly, state membership chairman, a total of 343 paid up members for 1947. Of this number 60 were agency members, 283 individual. Thirty of these members had made contributions above the regular membership fee.

In the absence of Mrs. Chester, Mrs. Johnson reported that all plans for the annual meeting were going forward. All general speakers had been obtained including Mr. Watson Miller, administrator of the Federal Security Agency, for the opening address. She also reported that all institute leaders had been obtained and that the entire membership had been informed concerning the list of institutes. Sixty paid-up applications had already been received in the Conference Office.

The question concerning the place of the annual meeting, Mrs. Johnson said, had finally been resolved when Dr. Joseph Owen and Mr. Leon Smith, pastor and assistant pastor, in cooperation with Mr. Albert Armstrong, chairman of the Board of Stewards of St. Mark Methodist Church, had presented the official request written by Mr. L.L. Young, chairman of the Conference Time and Place Committee, to the Board of Stewards. The facilities of the Church had been extended the Conference by vote of the Board on condition that (1) no smoking be carried on during the sessions of the Conference, (2) the Conference assume financial responsibility for extra janitorial services, and (3) the Conference assume financial responsibility for the cost of heating the building if such cost seemed to be indicated by the Buildings Committee.

Mr. Ireland expressed appreciation to the Board of Stewards of St. Mark Methodist Church for extending the facilities of the Church buildings for the use of the Conference.

The President then suggested the following appointments on the Committee on Nominations: Dr. Comer M. Woodward, Atlanta, chairman; Miss Leslie Robinson, Gainesville; Miss Carolyn Bullard, Columbus; Mrs. Maria Harper, Columbus; Miss Nell Bracey, Savannah; Mrs. Mary A. Miller, Atlanta; Mrs. Mary H. Dodd, Rome. Miss Adams moved and Miss Wilson seconded the motion that the appointments be approved. After discussion, in which Dr. Woodward asked to be excused from the meeting, the motion passed unanimously.

The President proposed the following appointments to the Committee on Resolutions: Mrs. Mary W. Athearn, chairman: Miss Russell Brinson, Miss Edna Mattox, Mrs. Maud Lambright, Miss Frances Knight. Mr. Mitchell moved and Miss Bullard seconded the motion to approve the appointments. The motion passed unanimously.

Mr. Ireland said that he was not prepared to name a Time and Place Committee and pointed out the constitutional provision that the Executive Committee assume the responsibility of setting the time and place of the annual meeting. He also pointed out that this provision and practice are in accord with the policy of the National Conference of Social Work.

Mr. Ireland also stated that he was not prepared as yet to suggest the members of the Appraisal Committee for the annual meeting. He called attention to a Membership Workshop which the Policy Committee had suggested as a means of membership review of the year-round program. He said that Mrs. Johnson had called to his attention the desirability of conducting this workshop on Monday to run concurrently with the institutes with instructions to bring in a report to the business meeting. Mr. Ireland requested members of the Executive Committee to send suggestions of persons to be invited to participate in the workshop to Mrs. Johnson and that he and the executive secretary would make up a list of thirty or forty from the names suggested.

The President then called upon Mrs. Johnson for a report of the meeting of state planning groups and of the American Association of State Conference Secretaries which she had attended in St. Louis on February 10-15.

Mrs. Johnson said that she would give a brief report pointing out only a few of the trends. Fourteen out of twenty states invited to attend the workshop of state planning groups had sent delegates as follows: New Hampshire, Ohio, Massachusetts, New York, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kentucky, Tennessee, the Georgia Conference and the Georgia Citizens Council, Texas, Arizona, Oregon, and Missouri. Planning groups of various types were representatives with the preponderance being state conferences; in fact seven of the fourteen state planning groups present represented state conferences. In discussing the groups to be invited with Lyman S. Ford at a meeting in New York last November, Mrs. Johnson said that she urged all state financed planning groups to be included in the invitation. Tennessee and Georgia sent representatives and North Carolina sent her a summary with the request that she present the material if occasion should arise. Accordingly, all three of the state financed agencies had reports at the meeting. Mrs. Johnson regretted that no common ground of agreement on principles or program between the Georgia Conference and the Georgia Citizens Council arose from the discussions in St. Louis. The Council was represented by Mrs. Len Sullivan and Miss Deborah Douglas with Mrs. Sullivan acting as spokesman. The workshop brought in no recommendations even as to basic principles. Mrs. Johnson said that she had been requested to open the workshop with a statement on principles. These principles she would like to include as a matter of record in the minutes of the Executive Committee meeting today for the future consideration of the Committee (This statement is herewith attached). Mrs. Johnson also reported that the group discussed the question of appointment of a continuing committee which

should be instructed to explore the possibility of obtaining a foundation grant for study and field services in the area of state planning. The committee appointed at the close of the workshop is as follows: George P. Drowne, New Hampshire Citizens Council, Eleanor S. Washburn, Massachusetts Community Service Organization; Guion G. Johnson, Georgia Conference on Social Welfare; David Bouterse, Ohio Welfare Council; Downing Proctor, Texas Social Welfare Association.

At the two-day meeting of State Conference Secretaries Mrs. Johnson reported attendance from Texas, Indiana, Missouri, Kansas, Illinois, Wisconsin, and Nebraska. This meeting continued the discussion on state conferences and state planning and it was agreed to set up a part of the San Francisco meeting around this topic. She was being asked to preside at the meeting and to report on the program of the Georgia Conference. State Conference Secretaries also discussed social legislation, district meetings, annual meetings, educational programs, financing, and other details of conference operation. More and more, state conferences are entering the field of community organization, Mrs. Johnson said. The final meeting for the year of the Association of State Conferences would be held in May either in New York or Atlantic City.

Mr. Ireland closed the Committee meeting with an expression of thanks for the splendid cooperation which he had received from the members throughout the year. He said that their presence at the meetings and their efforts in behalf of the Conference had often represented a real sacrifice and that he was grateful for their loyalty and their fine service.

Members of the Committee thanked Mr. Ireland for the contribution which he had made to the development of the year-round program and expressed appreciation for his faithful and tactful leadership.

The meeting adjourned at 3: 15 o'clock.

W. E. Ireland
President

Guion Griffis Johnson
Executive Secretary.

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

THE PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION

By Guion Griffis Johnson, Executive Secretary

Planning in social welfare is the bridge with which to span the gap between unmet needs in human welfare and the total resources with which to meet those needs. Research is the undergirding of this bridge. The framework of the superstructure is composed of (1) cooperation of all agencies working toward the alleviation of human needs, (2) a concerted program of action formulated by common consent of all agencies and their representatives working in human welfare, (3) an informed public opinion. Community organization is case work applied to groups.

What are the basic assumptions by which a state community organization agency should be guided? Here are a few assumptions which I should like to submit for your consideration.

1. Organized effort for social welfare is based upon belief in the dignity and perfectibility of mankind.
2. Organization for planning in social welfare on the international, national, regional, state, and local levels is basic for the general welfare of all the people.
3. Cooperation among and coordination of all organizations engaged in or interested in social welfare is a requisite for effective service to all people.
4. Planning of organized effort in social welfare is arrived at by common consent of all organizations engaged in or interested in social welfare.
5. The service of both voluntary and government agencies is necessary in planning for the attainment of social welfare in a democracy.
6. The full autonomy of all organizations participating in planning for social welfare is essential to cooperation.

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

RECEIVED
Southern Regional Council

Executive Committee Meeting
January 17, 1947

Minutes

The Executive Committee of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare met in regular session at 1:30 o'clock, Friday afternoon, January 17, 1947, in the conference room of the Atlanta Planning Council, 11 Pryor Street SW. The following persons were present: W. E. Ireland, president; L. L. Young, second-vice president; Floyd Hunter, treasurer; Mrs. Mary W. Athearn, Russell Brinson, Carolyn Bullard, Mrs. Mildred A. Chester, Edna Mattox, Donald G. Mitchell, Jr., Leslie Robinson, executive committee members; Mrs. Guion G. Johnson, executive secretary; Mrs. Mabel D. Faulkner, office secretary.

Mr. Ireland opened the meeting with the request to know the pleasure of the group regarding the reading of the minutes. Since the minutes had not been circulated previous to the meeting, the Executive Secretary was asked for a reading of the minutes of December 20, 1946. Mr. Mitchell moved and Mr. Hunter seconded the motion to approve the minutes as read. The motion passed unanimously.

Mr. Hunter gave the treasurer's report as follows: Carried forward January 1,1947, $159.59; deposited since January 1, 1947, $94.75; expenditures since December 31, 1946, through January 17, 1947, $294.25, leaving a deficit of $39.91. Mr. Hunter also reported that the deficit does not show in the bank account because salaries both for Mrs. Johnson and Mrs. Faulkner have not been paid.

Preceding the report of the Membership Committee, Mr. Ireland stated that he had called, at the request of the treasurer and the third vice-president, a meeting of the officers, the executive of the Atlanta Community Chest, and Douglas Wood, 1945 membership chairman, on January 3, 1947, in the conference room of the Community Planning Council to discuss the financial status of the organization and the structure of the 1947 membership campaign. The following persons attended: W. E. Ireland, president; L. L. Young, Floyd Hunter, Douglas Wood, Kenneth Wilson, Guion G. Johnson. In view of the urgency of the situation the officers had agreed to function as a membership committee on the state level and to request Mrs. M. E. Tilly to serve as chairman. Mrs. Johnson reported that she had approached Mrs. Tilly and that Mrs. Tilly, while reluctant to serve because she would have so little time to put on the campaign, agreed to sign the first membership letters if the Committee thought such a procedure would be helpful.

Mr. Ireland also reported that Mr. Wilson had, previous to the meeting of January 3, 1947, after conference with Mrs. Johnson, sent a letter of invitation to all Community Chests in the state for an organization meeting on the state level to be held in Atlanta at the Piedmont Hotel January 17, 1947. Mr. Wilson had included on the agenda for the meeting a discussion of joint financing by the Community Chests of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare. Mr. Ireland stated that he thought the procedure of the membership campaign as planned for 1947 would bring in immediate results and he expressed a willingness to give time to the development of the program. The Conference Office had prepared materials for inclusion in the letter requesting renewal of Conference memberships (copies herewith attached). Letters to area and county chairmen were in process and the first batch of 500 letters to 1946 members had already been mailed from the Conference Office.

In Mrs. Tilly's absence Mr. Ireland requested Mrs. Faulkner to give the report of the 1947 membership roll. Mrs. Faulkner reported 3 agency members and 15 individual members to date.

Mrs. Chester reported for the Program Committee as follows: Plans are going forward to invite Mr. Owen D. Roberts to open the annual meeting with an address on Monday night, March 17, 1947, but plans concerning invitation to Mrs. Helen G. Douglas would have to be changed because of the recent announcement that Mrs. Douglas had accepted the invitation to speak at Emory University in February. She suggested the appointment of a sub-committee charged with the responsibility of proceeding with the selection of the general speakers. She reported hopeful as to the ability of the Conference to obtain Mr. Joseph Anderson as the concluding speaker for the Conference. (Later during the meeting a letter of acceptance from Mr. Anderson arrived). All institute and sectional meetings seemed to be well organized and plans are going foward. She would like to add, however, that there had always existed a serious doubt in her mind as to the responsibility of the Conference for institutes. She said that she doubted whether the Conference should assume the responsibility of becoming an in-service training agency. She also requested an allocation of funds for the use of the Program Committee, explaining that under the circumstances it had not seemed feasible to attempt to draw up a budget to present to the Executive Committee. She pointed out that the budget for 1946 had allocated a sum of $600 for the 1946 meeting.

Mr. Mitchell moved and Miss Brinson seconded the motion that the Executive Committee make available a sum not to exceed $700 for the use of the Program Committee in defraying expenses of the general speakers and institute leaders. After discussion, the motion passed unanimously.

During the discussion of the foregoing motion, Mr. Hunter pointed out that Mrs. Chester had raised an important question concerning the Conference functioning as an in-service training organization. He said he thought this question should be referred to the Committee on Principle, Policy, and Procedure. Mrs. Athearn said that she thought the Conference was obligated to spend a large portion of the fees raised by institutes in obtaining capable institute leaders.

Mr. Young, reporting for the Time and Place Committee appointed in late November, said that a meeting of the Committee had been held on January 8, 1947, in the conference room of the Planning Council with the following persons present: L. L. Young, who was chosen chairman after William M. Parker was unable to attend because of illness; Mrs. M. E. Tilly, Russell Brinson, Douglas Wood, Mrs. Mildred A. Chester, Mrs. Guion G. Johnson. The Committee reviewed the invitation of the Macon Chamber of Commerce to hold the meeting there on March 4-7, 1947, or April 22-25, 1947, with the Mulberry Street Methodist Church as Conference headquarters, and the possibilities of meeting in Atlanta which included (1) the invitation of all Saints Episcopal Church to use its facilities as Conference headquarters, (2) the use of Taft Hall and the adjoining USO facilities on March 10-11-12, 1947, (3) reopening the question with the Atlanta Biltmore, (4) exploring possibilities of obtaining the facilities of other churches. The Committee decided as follows: (1) to appoint a committee composed of W. E. Ireland, president; L. L. Young, chairman of the Time and Place Committee; and Mrs. Chester Martin, president of the Atlanta Council of Church Women to reopen the question of using the facilities of the Atlanta Biltmore and, if failing in this objective, to obtain a statement from the Biltmore manager which might be used without embarrassment to the Biltmore or the Conference in explaining to the membership why the Conference was denied the facilities of the hotel which had heretofore been available for such a meeting, (2) to accept the invitation of All Saints Church to use its facilities if the Biltmore was found not to be available.

Mr. Young reported that he and Mrs. Martin had interviewed the general manager at 11 o'clock Friday morning January 17, 1947, and found him unwilling to make the facilities of the Biltmore available to the Conference. He was also unwilling to make a statement other than to say that the facilities of the Biltmore would not be available to the Conference at this time. The manager was willing for the

Executive Committee to know that facilities of the hotel were being withheld because of the interracial character of the Conference, but he wished it understood that this was a confidential statement to the Executive Committee and not one to be presented to the membership. Mr. Young said that he and Mrs. Martin agreed that no statement concerning the use of the facilities of the Biltmore would be made to Conference members without first consulting the management of the Biltmore.

Mrs. Athearn pointed out that the question of changing the meeting from Savannah to Atlanta was also involved and she thought any statement concerning the change in time and place should meet with the approval of the Savannah committee. Mr. Mitchell pointed out that the burden of explanation rested upon the Savannah committee because it was at the request of the Savannah committee that the annual meeting was moved from there to Atlanta. He pointed out further than an elaborate explanation to the membership would exaggerate the question far beyond its real significance.

Mr. Hunter moved and Mrs. Athearn seconded the motion that a statement be made in the next issue of Georgia Welfare in connection with a report on plans for the annual meeting as follows: "It was impossible to arrange a suitable time and place in Savannah for the annual meeting for 1947 and the meeting was consequently brought to Atlanta." The motion passed unanimously.

Mrs. Chester raised the question as to when the next issue of Georgia Welfare would go out. Mrs. Johnson said that copy had been ready for two months but that she had not authorized it publication because she did not want to assume the responsibility of increasing the indebtedness of the Conference without the authorization of the Executive Committee. She was of the opinion that an issue could be in the mails within 10 days or two weeks if the Executive Committee was willing to make such an authorization. Mr. Mitchell moved and Miss Robinson seconded the motion to publish the December 1946 issue of Georgia Welfare as quickly as possible. The motion passed unanimously.

Mr. Ireland called upon Mrs. Athearn for a report of the committee on Principle, Policy, and Procedure. Mrs. Athearn summarized the meeting held at 1:30 o'clock January 18, 1947, in the office of The Travelers Aid Society, 616 Mortgage Guarantee Building. (A copy of the minutes of this meeting is herewith attached.) Mr. Ireland thanked the chairman for the able manner in which the committee had proceeded to examine requests for services of the Conference Office.

Mrs. Johnson asked, "Am I correct in assuming that the Committee reaffirmed the year-round program? If so, what are the implications in relation to the recent action of the Executive Committee in continuing the employment of the office staff for a five-month period?" Mrs. Johnson said that she raised the question because of rumors which seemed to be afloat in other community organization agencies to the effect that the Conference was about to abandon the year-round program.

Mrs. Athearn said that she thought the Executive Committee had already affirmed its belief in and its intention to promote such a program. The Executive Committee could not expect to proceed intelligently when the staff has a tenure of only a few months at a time.

Mrs. Chester said that the program committee had been so keenly aware of this point that it had placed the business session in a favorable position on the program of the annual meeting with the hope that the membership itself might come to grips with the purposes and function of the organization to the end that the interest of the membership might be stimulated. Mrs. Athearn said that she thought this discussion brought up a real point: How far has the Executive Committee carried the membership along in the development of the year-round program?

Mr. Hunter pointed out that the Executive Committee does not have sufficient lay representation. Professional people, he said, were not in a position to carry an organization through a financial crisis. He strongly recommended replacement of some of the members on the Executive Committee whose terms were expiring with prominent laymen and the constitutional expansion of the number of members of the Executive Committee to include a much larger proportion of lay membership than heretofore.

Miss Maddox thought that funds could be raised and a larger representation of lay membership included on the Executive Committee without sacrifice of principle. She said that she had been concerned for sometime over these points and that she never wanted to bargain for financial support for the Conference. She pointed out, however, that the Conference is strong enough to obtain support without having to bargain for it. She said that she had been hopeful since midsummer that the Conference would obtain the support of a certain woman in Atlanta, prominent in civic affairs, and that she had recommended that the Conference approach this woman officially with the view to asking her to serve as chairman of the Finance Committee. Last week she and the executive secretary assumed the responsibility of discussing the Conference with this person at a luncheon meeting. It had been an easy matter to enlist her interest and she had volunteered to call together at a luncheon meeting a group of influential women in Atlanta to discuss the Conference.

Mr. Ireland said that his feeling as to procedure would be for the Executive Committee to take up these matters after election of new officers and the new Executive Committee.

Mr. Mitchell said that he felt that the Executive Committee is committed to the year-round program and that the present Committee has a responsibility for its execution no less than the responsibility of the incoming committee.

Mrs. Chester said that she thought the Committee had attempted to make as sound a judgment as possible and had sought to meet each situation as it had arisen. She urged a realistic approach. She said that she felt frustrated. She would like to know what happened to the plan to obtain trustees. She said she had felt that the Conference should come pretty well through the task of financing the office for a five-month period on the basis of the normal expectations from the 1947 membership and that the decision to take such a position did not commit the Committee to giving up the year-round program.

Mr. Hunter reaffirmed his position of instructing the nominating committee to bring in a slate including representation of lay people throughout the State. Mr. Mitchell agreed with Mr. Hunter's position. Mr. Mitchell said further, "Our background is membership. We urgently need a person in the field to devise methods of reaching a larger base of membership. What do other organizations know about the Conference? A field representative is the answer." Mrs. Chester asked what the Executive Committee could do to get themselves geared to a stable financial plan. Mr. Mitchell pointed out that it would be a slow process which could not be accomplished in a short period of a year or so. Miss Brinson asked, "What specifically can we do now?" Mr. Mitchell thought that the first step would be for the Committee to go on record as definitely committed to a twelve-month program.

Miss Brinson moved and Miss Mattox seconded the motion that the Executive Committee strongly reaffirm its belief in and intention of carrying out the year-round program as outlined by the committee on Principle, Policy, and Procedure.

Mrs. Athearn said she would like to suggest that enough of the present discussion relative to the year-round program be included in the minutes to serve as a guide to the Executive Committee in amendment of the position taken at the meeting of December 20, 1946.

Mrs. Johnson made a report for Mr. Kenneth Wilson who had taken the initiative in calling a meeting of Community Chests in the State. Mr. Wilson, she said had reported receiving favorable replies from Donald G. Mitchell, Jr., executive of the Macon Community Chest and Lon Sullivan, director of the Georgia Citizens Council. The executive from Griffin had expressed an interest in the meeting but found the time unsuitable; Savannah likewise found the time inconvenient but made no statement concerning interest in the organization.

The question was raised why a state financed agency had been invited to participate in the organization of an agency made up of groups concerned with financing privately supported social welfare groups. Mrs. Johnson said that Mr. Wilson had expressed a willingness to wait for the action of the Conference Executive Committee before calling off the meeting scheduled for January 17, 1947.

Mrs. Athearn moved and Miss Brinson seconded the motion that the matter be pursued with the Atlanta Community Chest no further. The motion passed unanimously.

Mrs. Johnson called attention to the meeting in St. Louis on February 14-15, 1947, of the American Association State Conference Secretaries of which she is chairman and of a Workshop of state planning groups called for February 11-12, 1947, preceding the annual meeting of the Community Chests and Councils. She had been requested to speak on "Defining the Task of State Planning in Social Welfare" at the Workshop meeting. Mrs. Johnson said that she had a sense of guilt in leaving the Conference Office at a time when the Conference is facing a deficit and is also overwhelmed with work incident to the annual meeting. After discussion Mrs. Chester moved and Miss Brinson seconded the motion to authorize payment of transportation and necessary expenses of the Executive Secretary to the two meetings in St. Louis to be held February 11-15, 1947. The motion passed unanimously.

Mrs. Athearn said that she thought the time was at hand when it was necessary to clarify the program of the Georgia Conference and the Georgia Citizens Council. Mr. Young suggested that the presidents of the two organizations might meet to discuss such clarifications. Mrs. Chester moved and Mr. Young seconded the motion that the executive, president, and chairman of the Committee on Principle, Policy, and Procedure explore the situation and bring a recommendation to the board for action. The motion passed unanimously.

The meeting adjourned at 5 o'clock.

W. E. Ireland
President

Guion Griffis Johnson
Executive Secretary

A Georgia Community Cares What Happens to Its Children

Here is a story which shows the tangible worth of Conference membership dues.

In October 1946 the Albany Community Council sat down to check over the year's achievements since the organization of the council. The Council grew out of the district meeting of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare where the structure of such an organization was outlined.

At this district meeting held in Albany on October 30, 1945, the people of Albany learned that public agencies could not meet all the needs in a community and that private effort had to be ready to take the initiative. They learned that it was easier to solve these unmet needs by a study of the problems involved and by utilization of all community resources. They learned that an informed public opinion is the best safeguard for democratic action.

This is what the Albany Community Council found it had accomplished after a year of work on community problems:

> "Special to The Atlanta Journal
> Albany, Ga., Nov. 1 - Organized less than a year ago, the Albany Community Council has proved to be a valuable addition to this city.
>
> "The appointment of a juvenile court judge was the result of a movement started by the Community Council soon after its beginning. Members of that body asked the Dougherty Grand Jury to recommend the appointment of such a judge with the result that Judge Carl Crow, of the Dougherty Superior Circuit, has appointed Hudson Malone, well-known church worker and youth leader, in that capacity.
>
> "During the summer, hundreds of Albany children, both white and black, enjoyed recreational facilities and planned programs of recreation instituted through the city recreational department led by Mrs. Permelia Dunn. Mrs Dunn was appointed recreational leader after the council recommended to the city commission the establishment of such a program.
>
> "The council is now working with the county authorities for the building of a modern health center to replace the inadequate center now being used. At the present time, the organization is investigating the need for a day nursery to care for the children of mothers who must work.
>
> "The Community Council was founded a year ago at a dinner held at Radium Springs. The step was made after a district meeting of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare, when the benefits of such an organization were explained.
>
> "The Rev. Jack G. Hand, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, is president of the Council."

Your Conference membership dues helped this Georgia Community as well as others to come to grip with its own problems. Your support of the Conference multiplies your own good work tenfold.

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE NEED FOR A CENTRAL OFFICE OF INFORMATION ON HEALTH AND HUMAN WELFARE IN GEORGIA

Four hundred requests for services in 1945 came by mail, wire, long distance telephone, and personal visit to the Office of the Conference. These requests came from nearly every county in Georgia.

ALBANY

"Please help us plan a community program. Our organization has wanted for years to improve the social conditions in our community. We want to follow professional standards of work."

THOMASTON

"We need a detention home for children. How can we obtain one?"

COMMERCE

"Concerned with the increasing rate of child marriages in Georgia, our women's societies would like to make a study of Georgia's marriage and divorce laws. Please send us a digest of these laws."

ATLANTA

"Many citizens of this city have been alarmed at the rapid increase of crime in the juvenile and young adult population during the war years. We are a group of young people who want to form an organization to combat juvenile delinquency. Will you serve as our counsultant?"

DALTON

"Where can I find a boarding home for the aged in Georgia?"

AUGUSTA

"Our greatest need is a home for the chronically ill. How can we go about obtaining such a home?"

TIFTON

"We are desperately in need of guidance by those who know, and know that they know, about planning a community council. Can you help us?"

ATHENS

"We need the help of a sociologist and hope that you can serve in that capacity as advisor or consultant for our committee which is working in the field of vocational training in an extended-school program."

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

Committee on Principle, Policy, and Procedure

January 16, 1947

Minutes

The Committee on Principle, Policy and Procedure met at 1:30 P.M. on January 16, 1947, in the office of the Travelers Aid Society, 616 Mortgage Guarantee Building. Those present were: Miss Russell Brinson, L. L. Young, Floyd Hunter, Mrs. Mary A. Miller, Mrs. Guion Griffis Johnson, and Mrs. Mary W. Athearn. Miss Brinson and Mr. Hunter left before the conclusion of the meeting because of previous engagements and Dr. Johnson came in late due to a necessary luncheon engagement.

It was agreed to discuss separately each item referred to the Committee by the executive committee on November 15, 1946, to determine the relationship of each to the functional and operational program of the Conference. It was pointed out that this program had been recommended by this Committee and adopted by the Executive Committee in July 1946.

In considering the requests for organization of county units of the Conference, a distinction was made between a county organization to which the Conference would have a direct and continuing relationship and responsibility and a county planning group which the Conference might be instrumental in establishing. The program already adopted envisioned extending help to communities that might wish to undertake such organization. It was further emphasized that the nine district meetings agreed upon for 1946 were in the direction of stimulating local organization of planning groups.

It was believed that setting up county units was in itself a major and long-time program that would necessitate almost exclusive attention to Conference staff. The Committee thought further information was needed about the effectiveness of structure and relationship of such units to a total Conference program. It was recommended:

1. That the Conference Executive be asked to get information from Texas about their county unit plan.

2. That Tift County be offered service from the Conference for setting up a county planning group.

The request for assistance in studying techniques of case recording with the suggestion that the Conference organize a case work committee which would function within the frame work of the Conference, raised the question of whether such highly technical service is within the Conference function. It seemed to the Committee inadvisable that the Conference should attempt to act in a technical advisory capacity to specific fields of social work, in this instance the case work field. Mr. Young suggested that such service should rather come from within the profession itself and suggested that the request be referred to the Georgia Chapter of the American Association of Social Workers. This suggestion was accepted as the recommendation of the committee.

The Committee believed that the request for the organization of a committee on the state level on protective services for children is immediately within the Conference function. Action on the request should be determined by the need for such a committee and the ability of the Conference to take responsibility for its

organization and continuing work with it. It was recommended that the Conference Executive be authorized to call together a group of persons with knowledge of the field and its needs for advice and consultation about how the Conference should proceed in this regard. The recommendations of this group would than be presented to the Executive Committee for action.

It was agreed that these requests and others suggested the advisability of a committee that might be separately appointed or be a subcommittee of the Committee on Principle, Policy, and Procedure to sift requests for service and establish priorities for acting on them. It was agreed to recommend the authorization of such a committee to the Executive Committee.

The Committee further recommended the continuation of the adopted operational program of the Conference and that major emphasis be placed on making Conference service available to communities to help them undertake appropriate organization to consider and work out ways to meet their own problems. The Committee believed that if the Conference could thus take expert help to communities it would make its broadest contribution toward helping the State understand and organize to meet social welfare needs.

Respectfully submitted,

Mary W. Athearn
Chairman

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

April 30, 1947

TO: Executive Committee

FROM: Guion Griffis Johnson
Executive Secretary

I am inclosing a copy of the agenda for the meeting to be held at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon in the conference room of the Community Planning Council, 11 Pryor Street S.W. Although the agenda seems lengthy, it will be possible to dispose of all urgent items within a reasonable length of time.

The most urgent items are as follows:

1. Resolution of the emergency confronting the Conference with the resignation of the president and the inability of the first vice-president to assume this responsibility.

2. Lack of funds on which to operate the Conference Office. The balance on hand May 1, 1947, will be $361.88. In the face of this deficit, the Conference Office is confronted with ever-increasing demands for field services and consultation.

3. Instructions concerning the appointment of standing and special committees. The Constitution provides for annual appointment of committees following the annual meeting. Appointment is made by the president with the advice and consent of the Executive Committee. These committees which perform an important part of Conference activity have not been appointed because of the inability of the president to serve.

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

Executive Committee Meeting
May 2, 1947

AGENDA

1. Minutes of Meeting of March 28, 1947

2. Report of Executive Secretary

   a. Summary of National Conference meeting in San Francisco, April 13-19, 1947.

   b. Field Services

      (1) Completed

         (a) Organization meeting of Thomasville Community Council.

         (b) Consultation on program for medical care in Dougherty County.

      (2) Requested

         (a) Conference on family welfare at annual meeting of Womans Auxiliary, Atlanta Diocese meeting in Columbus, May 7.

         (b) All-day conference on delinquency with Baptist ministers in Rehoboth Association May 19.

         (c) Participation in July in Workshop on "The Community-Centered School" with teachers of Sumter County in Americus.

   c. Organization of Projects

      (1) Protective Services to Children

      (2) Evaluation of Findings of a Neighborhood Survey of the Incidence of Tuberculosis.

   d. Projects Requested

      (1) Family Welfare

      (2) Committee on Research

3. Report of Treasurer

4. Report of Standing Committees

   a. Program

b. Membership

c. Editorial

5. Progress Report of Nominating Committee

6. Resolution on death of Dr. James P. Faulkner

7. Special Committees to be appointed

a. Principle, Policy, Procedure

b. District Meetings

c. Finance Committee

d. Employment of Executive Secretary

***

May 26, 1947

Dr. Guion Griffis Johnson
Georgia Conference on Social Welfare
11 Pryor Street
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Guion:

I am very sorry that because of a meeting of our own Executive Committee on May 28, I do not see how I can get to the emergency meeting of the Conference's Executive Committee at 2.30 that day. Still, if I can, I will.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:r

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 PRYOR STREET, S. W., 3rd FLOOR
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

June 6, 1947

COPY FOR YOUR INFORMATION

TO ALL 1947 PAID UP CONFERENCE MEMBERS

We know that you want to see the year-round program of the Georgia Conference continued.

This letter, therefore, is an appeal for your aid.

The Conference is suffering from the national problem of high prices, and needs money now to meet bills. Our present income from regular sources is firm and even high, but it is insufficient to meet the increasing demands upon the Office for services.

As you know, the Conference has always rendered services at less than cost. Inflation means that these services come to the membership at a still smaller fraction of their actual expense.

We appeal to you for assistance immediately so that we may have time to stabilize our services and our finances.

Will you send either a contribution TODAY or obtain at least one new membership?

We must have help at once or the Office will be forced to close.

Sincerely yours,

L. L. Young
Acting President

Executive Committee

Henry T. McIntosh, Albany; William P. Simmons, Macon; Miss Edna Mattox, Atlanta; Floyd Hunter, Atlanta; Wellborn R. Ellis, Atlanta; Miss Mary Freeman, Newman; Mrs. R. Roddey Garrison, Atlanta; Mrs. J. Saxton Wolfe, Savannah; Claude Purcell, Atlanta; Mrs. M. E. Tilly, Atlanta; Miss Frankie V. Adams, Atlanta; Donald G. Mitchell, Jr., Macon; Mrs. Mary W. Athearn, Atlanta; Miss Russell Brinson, Atlanta; Dr. George S. Mitchell, Atlanta; Miss Leslie Robinson, Gainesville; W. E. Ireland (ex-officio) Milledgeville; Miss Lucile Wilson (ex-officio), Atlanta; Dr. Comer M. Woodward (ex-officio), Emory University.

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

June 6, 1947

TO: Members of the Executive Committee
Georgia Conference on Social Welfare

FROM: L. L. Young
Acting President

SUBJECT: Transmission of Minutes of Called
Session May 28, 1947

Transmitted herewith please find the minutes of the called meeting of the Executive Committee, May 28, 1947.

It is urged that every member of the Executive Committee carefully study the minutes because of the important actions taken affecting the future of the Conference.

The Acting President would appreciate your immediate and frank reaction and requests that these be sent immediately to the Conference Office.

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

Called Meeting
Executive Committee

May 28, 1947

Minutes

In response to a written notice of a called meeting mailed on May 24 and the following telegraphic night letter sent May 26:

> "Executive Committee must meet financial crisis of Conference. Please be present Wednesday afternoon 2:30 o'clock Conference Room for a called meeting of the Board, Signed L. L. Young, Acting President"

the following persons met in the conference room of the Atlanta Planning Council, 11 Pryor Street, S.W. at 2:30 o'clock, May 28, 1947: L. L. Young, Miss Russell Brinson, Floyd Hunter, Miss Lucile Wilson, W. E. Ireland, Mrs. Guion G. Johnson, Mrs. Mabel D. Faulkner.

Mr. Young opened the meeting with regret that more members were not in attendance. He had received telegrams and letters of regret from the following members: H. T. McIntosh, William P. Simmons, Donald G. Mitchell, Jr., Mrs. J. Saxton Wolfe, Dr. George Mitchell, Miss Edna Mattox, Mrs. M. E. Tilly. All extended their cooperation.

While the financial status of the Conference justified a special meeting to discuss finances, Mr. Young said that the meeting at this time had come as the result of the urgent recommendation of the Membership Committee in session at an all-day conference at the Piedmont Hotel May 24, 1947.

The Membership Committee, of which Mrs. M. E. Tilly is chairman, discussed procedure for conducting the membership campaign and set up machinery to be followed within the coming weeks. A committee for each county, composed of at least three members (lay and professional) had been appointed earlier in the year. These committees were being checked and when necessary reorganized with the help of the local chairmen. The Membership Committee had also engaged in a spirited discussion of the year-round program and had expressed themselves strongly in favor of pressing forward vigorously with the work. It seemed, however, to be the general feeling of those present that the membership campaign was tied closely to the year-round program and that the Committee could not go out and solicit memberships on the basis of this program without assurance of its continuation. The Committee had, therefore, urged a special meeting of the Executive Committee for the clarification of this point at once so that they could proceed with their own responsibilities. (A copy of the letter summarizing the Membership Committee meeting which was sent to all county chairmen on May 30, 1947, is herewith inclosed).

Mr. Young said that it might be well to have a complete summary of Conference finances before discussion of procedure to be followed in 1947.

Mr. Hunter summarized the financial report made at the regular meeting of the Executive Committee on May 23 as follows: balance in the bank May 23, 1947, the sum of $564.79; on hand May 28 for deposit $105; outstanding bills including salaries for staff as of May 31 in the amount of $738.90, leaving a deficit of $69.11. The Conference has realized from membership fees, institute fees, and contributions since January 1, 1947, the sum of $4,561.72.

Mr. Hunter pointed out that the Conference suffered for lack of strong lay leadership. He related his attempt to approach a foundation which had promised assistance to the Conference tentatively. The foundation director had brushed aside his attempt for an appointment whereas a strong Conference representative from business or industry would have been able to make the appointment. Mr. Hunter raised the question of whether it would be possible to get a subsidy from the State Department of Public Welfare similar to that of some other State Conferences. He knew of one Conference which had received a yearly subsidy of from $1,500 to $2,000.

After discussion of this point, Mr. Young and Mr. Ireland agreed to present the matter to the Director of the State Department of Public Welfare and to ask at least for an agency membership fee comparable to the fee being paid voluntarily by a few of the largest agency members in the Conference.

Mrs. Johnson said that she did not know of any State Conference which received a large subsidy from the State Department of Welfare at this time. Ohio used to furnish the executive secretary for the Conference and in this way subsidized the Conference in a very real way, but the Conference executive is now employed jointly by the Conference and the Probation Association. In Indiana the School of Social Work is taking the initiative in pulling the State Conference out of a difficult year. In South Carolina the Parent-Teachers Association has helped for many years to share the responsibility of keeping the Conference intact. She pointed out that most State Conferences which have maintained a year-round program over a period of years have been underwritten by contributions from the Community Chests in their States. This has been true in Wisconsin, Massachusetts, and to a less extent in Texas.

Mrs. Johnson reviewed the efforts which the Georgia Conference had pursued in the last two and a half years and said that she regretted that a Finance Committee had not become one of the standing committees of the organization and that the Conference had found it necessary to move so slowly in the direction of finding lay leadership. An analysis of the results showed encouraging trends. The progress had been remarkable, in fact, and showed a very real desire on the part of the membership to build a strong organization. Two days ago, Mrs. Norene M. Milburn of Gibson had sent a check for $86 with the following letters:

> "Glascock County has given freely to Georgia Social Conference, because they believe through this great agency they may obtain suggestions for a better community in which they may live. They realize it takes money to operate a year-round program and it can only do its full duty through a year-round program.
>
> "The people in Glascock County deem it a great honor to contribute to so great an organization as Georgia Conference on Social Welfare, in giving this contribution they feel they have some one to take their burdens to be solved...."

Mrs. Johnson said that she would like to point out further that all areas in the State except I, II, and XII showed an increase in membership last year. This, she said, is an excellent record. In Area I the returns from Augusta are still strong, but elsewhere they are weak. Area II showed the greatest decline, and this area had received the most field service. This area illustrates the point which she had attempted to emphasize in the past: when a community becomes concerned with its own problems, it tends to center all of its welfare dollars at home. The Conference gave Albany assistance in setting up a community council and has given other services repeatedly, but the Conference income from Albany in 1946 by no means repaid the cost of those services. Mrs. Johnson said she felt that neither the Conference nor Albany was to be blamed. It is natural for a community to want to keep its welfare dollars at home when it suddenly became aware of its own vast unmet needs. An

organization such as the Conference was set up to give service unselfishly.

Miss Brinson asked if the letter to the Atlanta Chest authorized at the meeting of the Executive Committee on May 2 had been written. Mrs. Johnson said that it had not but that she had approached Mr. Wilson the next day. He said he thought the Atlanta Chest would include the Conference in its budget when other chests in the State agreed to do so. Mr. Hunter suggested that the letter be sent at once and Mr. Young agreed to get a letter to the chairman of the Board of Trustees in a few days.

Mr. Young suggested the appointment of a budget committee and a finance committee, and after discussion, Miss Brinson moved and Miss Wilson seconded the motion that these two committees be authorized. The motion passed.

Mr. Young appointed these committees as follows:

BUDGET COMMITTEE

Miss Lucile Wilson, Atlanta, Chairman
Mrs. Helen Wolfe, Savannah
Miss Edna Mattox, Atlanta
Mrs. Harold Cooledge, Atlanta
Floyd Hunter, Atlanta

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Miss Mary Freeman, Newnan, Chairman
Mrs. R. Reddey Garrison, Atlanta
Miss Leslie Robinson, Gainesville
Henry T. McIntosh, Albany
William P. Simmons, Macon
Sheron Elebash, Columbus
Floyd Hunter, Atlanta (ex-officio)

Miss Brinson wondered if the members of the Executive Committee would be willing personally to assume the responsibility of meeting the present deficit facing the Conference. After discussion of this point, Miss Brinson moved and Mr. Hunter seconded the motion that the Executive Committee authorize a further increase in the financial obligations of the Conference to permit the 1947 membership to be given an opportunity to secure at least one new membership each or to make a voluntary contribution toward the continuation of the year-round program. The motion passed unanimously.

The proposal, Miss Brinson said, should be specific and on an either/or basis. She suggested a brief letter stressing the immediate urgency of the situation, and Mr. Ireland suggested including a pre-paid envelope such as that used in the 1946 campaign.

Mrs. Johnson said that the Office would need further supplies and that a week's time at least would be needed to get the letter in the mail.

Mr. Hunter suggested that since Mrs. Johnson's time with the Office is considerably limited, she be requested to spend the remainder of it on the membership campaign and in raising funds.

Mrs. Johnson asked if Mr. Hunter meant to imply that no further services to the membership should be performed, and inquired what should be done with the commitments already made (a) to organize four community councils, (b) to lead the two-day workshop on community organization in Americus in July, (c) to attend the citizenship training institute in Milledgeville in June. She emphasized the fact that she had

taken the position before she came to the office and repeatedly thereafter that she would not "raise money to pay her salary so that she could raise money to pay her salary." She said that she could raise money conscientiously only upon the basis of a sound program and she said she thought that was the same point which the Membership Committee had raised.

Mr. Ireland moved that the Executive Committee authorize the continuation of the Conference Office through June 30 and that all efforts be made to raise funds for the continuation of the program but in the event that such funds were not realized that money be borrowed to meet the outstanding obligations of the Office, these funds to be repaid out of the funds realized from the 1948 membership campaign which should be launched previous to and on the basis of the 1948 annual meeting.

Mrs. Johnson said that she would like to raise the question of vacation due the staff. She said that she had no concern for her own vacation period but that it was unfair to permit Mrs. Faulkner to put in as much overtime as had been necessary in 1947 only to be dismissed after a month's notice without vacation time or a separation allowance. Mrs. Johnson said that she expected to be away June 6 and 9 attending her son's graduation from the University of North Carolina and perhaps to be away about 10 days in July attending her parents Golden Wedding Anniversary in Texas.

Mr. Hunter asked if the Conference had a contract with the staff. Mrs. Johnson said that no written contract had been entered into but that the Executive Committee had approved the recommendationsof the Personnel Practices Committee.

Mr. Ireland said that he would like to withdraw his motion.

After further discussion, Mr. Hunter moved and Miss Wilson seconded the motion to authorize the continuation of the Conference Office one month through June 30 during which time the staff be allowed to take terminal leave. The motion passed Mr. Hunter said that his motion meant to imply that after June 30 no further expenditures would be authorized.

The meeting adjourned at 5 o'clock.

L. L. Young
Acting President

Guion Griffis Johnson
Executive Secretary

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE

11 Pryor Street Building, S. W.

WAlnut 0508

ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

May 30, 1947

COPY FOR YOUR INFORMATION

On Saturday, May 24, a meeting of Membership Chairmen, representing widely scattered parts of Georgia, was held to review our year-round program and to outline plans for the 1947 Membership Drive.

Some fine reports were given on past efforts and excellent suggestions were made for developing a successful membership drive which we want to share with those of you who were unable to attend that meeting.

We all agreed that membership in the Conference was closely linked with the program of service which the Conference has been able to give and which should be developed for the future. The maintenance of a paid staff for the Conference is in its pioneer stages. It dates only from February 1945, as you know.

The pressure from many communities in Georgia for help in community planning of welfare services led to the decision by the Executive Committee that the Conference would try to begin to meet the needs of Georgia communities for direction in community planning by employing a full-time professional worker and one office manager. Now, the demands for services have exceeded the resources of the small staff, as the inclosed leaflets and reports will indicate to you. Wholly aside from the information offered in the inclosed documents, each person attending our conference last week spoke of growing desire in their respective communities for help with such problems as the following:

1. Professional direction to community leaders who recognize the need to coordinate existing welfare programs to avoid duplication of effort and to use to better advantage existing resources in funds and volunteer service.
2. Guidance to community leaders seeking to study local needs before venturing to organize a community council.
3. Consultation with trained and experienced workers who can help the community evaluate its needs and resources for improved services for recreation.
4. Help in coordinating the important services of the Visiting Teacher program with other established services.
5. Assistance in setting up District Meetings.

As communities become aware of the value of organized service for meeting community needs, they quickly see the importance of using all local resources. "How to organize our resources" becomes a problem, as they work toward a common goal of improved citizenship.

The Conference on Social Welfare is pioneering in its efforts to give the guidance which communities seek. Only organized effort on the part of all Georgians interested in working toward our common goal of improved citizenship can establish that service. The people with vision and determination will be the leaders of that program, and these leaders are to be found in all communities.

No membership quota for local communities has been suggested this year. It was thought best to leave it up to each community to set its own goal in terms of its own understanding of need for a state-wide service and its own desire to establish professional leadership for the job.

One job started by the Conference which everyone familiar with the undertaking values for increased support in the future is that of district meetings. Five were held during 1945-46. Hundreds of Georgians wanting to become more responsible helpers in their communities can not attend state meetings held at distant points, but they can manage to attend discussion groups held in their part of the State. They seek to participate in discussions on the "how," "where," and "when" so that they can become more aware of their own responsibilities as leaders in their communities. People interested in attending and promoting district meetings will be among those most interested in helping to enlarge the membership of the Conference.

As help to you and the members of your County Membership Committee we have inclosed materials explaining the Conference program.

As you proceed with your work on the Membership Drive, there may be many questions raised with which you want help. We want you to feel free to ask us for it. We'll give it as far as possible, for we appreciate the importance of meeting questions raised by citizens seeking to understand all aspects of a program of which they are asked to be a part.

Please also indicate on the inclosed card whether you will assume the responsibility of Conference Membership Chairman for your county and list for our information the names of your committee chairman. You may have already sent this information to our office, but this card is to check our files for accuracy. If you cannot serve, will you please obtain a chairman in your place so that we may all pull together for the welfare of our State?

Cordially,

Mrs. M. E. Tilly
State Membership Chairman

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building, S. W.
WAlnut 0508
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

July 23, 1947

RECEIVED
JUL 25 1947
Southern Regional Council

Dr. George S. Mitchell, Director
Southern Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue NE
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

In response to a letter of July 11, 1947, from Mr. John W. Herring, Supervisor of Adult Education, University of the State of New York, Albany, for a list of contact persons in Georgia and of agencies working on all or a part of the job of planning and coordination for the general welfare, I take pleasure in including your name and the Southern Regional Council on this list.

I understand that Mr. Herring is seeking information to include in a brochure on regional, state, community, and neighborhood coordination in the area of health and welfare, municipal, economic, and educational planning.

If you are not the person in your organization to supply the information which Mr. Herring is seeking, will you please see that the proper official receives this request?

With much appreciation for your cooperation, I am

Sincerely yours,

Guion Griffis Johnson

Guion Griffis Johnson
Executive Secretary

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Ga. Conf. on Soc. Welfare

RECEIVED
FEB 11 1948
Southern Regional Council

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor StreetBuilding, SW
Atlanta, Georgia
Executive Committee Meeting
December 19, 1947

MINUTES

The Executive Committee of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare met in regular session at 1:30 o'clock, Friday afternoon, December 19, 1947 in the conference room of the Atlanta Community Planning Council, 11 Pryor Street Bldg., SW, Atlanta, Georgia, with the following members present for all or part of the meeting: L. L. Young, President, Miss Leslie Robinson, Miss Russell Brinson, Donald G. Mitchell, Jr., Miss Carolyn Bullard, Dr. Comer Woodward, Mrs. Dorcas L. Butler.

In the absence of the President, Mrs. Butler called the meeting to order. In the absence of the Treasurer, Mrs. Butler presented the Treasurer's report as follows: carried forward November 22, 1947, the amount of $31.28; deposited from November 22 through December 19, 1947, the amount of $126.70 giving a total cash on hand for this period of $157.98. Expenditures for the period were in the amount of $148.38, leaving a balance of $9.60. Accounts payable amount to $1490.87, leaving a true deficit of $1481.27. Mrs. Butler pointed out that a balance of $69.17 remains to be paid on bills incurred during the year and that the balance of accounts payable represents salaries. The report was ordered filed.

Mr. Mitchell asked how productive Mr. Weisiger's contacts with foundations had been and he was advised that, insofar as the Executive Committee had been able to determine, Mr. Weisiger had made no foundation contacts. Mr. Mitchell said Mr. Weisiger had offered to make contacts with the foundations during the late summer and early fall and he did not understand why it had not been done prior to this time.

In the absence of the State Membership Chairman, Mrs. Butler gave the membership report to date as follows: agencies: 180, individual members 937, making a total of 1117. This represents a slight decrease over the 1946 membership. Miss Brinson asked if most people had paid the $3.00 membership fee suggested and was advised that most memberships had been in the amount of the $2.00 fee stipulated in the Constitution. Mr. Mitchell pointed out that the revised fee scale was to be presented to the membership during the 1947 annual meeting but was tabled. He urged that it be presented during the annual meeting of 1948.

There was discussion of the policy of having membership fees paid on the calendar year basis. It was pointed out that fees had previously been due one year from the date of original payment, rather than on January 1st. Dr. Woodward and Miss Brinson advised that this was the original plan but the latter plan had been followed for the past few years. There was no further discussion on this point.

Miss Brinson stated that she is increasingly concerned over the deficit of the Conference and suggested that 30 people in the state be contacted and asked to raise $100.00 each, irrespective of memberships, to offset the deficit. At this point, Dr. Woodward asked Mr. Mitchell to serve as temporary Chairman until the arrival of Mr. Young. It was agreed by the members present that money could be raised in this fashion and members of the committee compiled a list of persons who should be contacted. Following discussion, the Committee decided that it

would probably be impossible to contact all of the persons mentioned prior to January 1st, but suggested that contacts be made with them as soon as possible.

At this point, Mr. Young arrived and Mr. Mitchell turned the meeting over to him.

Mr. Young asked for a report from the Program Committee Chairman, Miss Brinson. Miss Brinson read an excerpt from her recent memorandum to all members of the Program Committee as follows:

> "It was agreed that we would plan for a program to follow this pattern:
>
> 1st day - Institutes - two sessions - morning and afternoon - number of institutes not yet determined
>
> 1st evening - Opening Session - Keynote Speaker
>
> 2nd day - 9:00 - 10:00 - Registration
> 10:00 - 12:00 - Sectional Meetings
> 2:00 - 3:00 - Business Session
> 3:15 - 4:45 - Sectional Meetings
> 4:45 and Later - Affiliate Groups desiring meetings
>
> 2nd evening - Possible speaker - followed by some form of entertainment
>
> 3rd day - 9:30 - 11:00 - Sectional Meetings
> 11:15 - 12:15 - General Meeting, including summary

At the outset it was agreed that the 1948 annual meeting could serve a valuable purpose to the total Conference program if it is designed to obtain maximum membership participation and to give serious consideration to the content of the year-round program the membership would like to see the Conference have. It was felt also that this meeting might well be geared to a restatement of the belief of the Conference in Fundamental human rights and dignities, an exploration of what the total field of social welfare encompasses, consideration of problems with which we are confronted in Georgia and an evaluation of the resources with which we are or might be equipped to tackle these problems to move toward a better ordered life for Georgians.

With that in mind, it was agreed that we would not attempt to obtain for the program of the annual meeting a great many speakers from outside the state, although the keynote speaker and probably several of the institute leaders might be out of state people. It was the opinion of those present that we have in Georgia and among our membership persons well equipped to bring valuable information to the meetings and that our emphasis would be on utilizing to a large extent the resources we have available to us locally. Financial considerations also entered into that decision.

There was considerable discussion about institutes and while those present shared the previously expressed opinion of the former Program Committee and the Executive Committee that the Conference should move in the direction of retiring from that activity as a part of the annual meeting, this does not seem to be the strategic year to withdraw. Accordingly, it was agreed that we would plan institutes for the 1948 annual meeting; however, the emphasis would be on problems rather than techniques. It was felt that institutes on techniques are more

properly the function of agency inservice training programs.

It was thought that we would attempt to obtain for the keynote speaker a dynamic, well informed and inspirational speaker who would present forcefully our basic social philosophies along with criteria for evaluating the resources we may or may not have in Georgia. The sectional meetings in turn would provide opportunities for studying specifically and factually the resources we have in the various areas encompassed in a social welfare, such as health, education, recreation, welfare, etc.

After the decisions as to the general structure of the program it was felt that committees should be appointed to assume responsibility for planning each of these types of meetings - a Committee on Institutes, a Committee on Sectional Meetings, and a Committee on Evening Meetings. We regret that we did not have an opportunity to discuss these committee assignments with each of you prior to this announcement, but we hope it will be possible for you to serve on the committee indicated. Each of these committees will meet before the January 15th meeting of the total Program Committee and we expect to have rather full reports from them for that meeting.

Time is growing short and we believe that with concentrated well-planned efforts for the next few weeks we will have a stimulating and forceful annual meeting. We hope, therefore, that all of us will find it possible to put our shoulders to the wheel so that each person attending the conference will feel that he has both received stimulation from the program and has had an active part in making decisions about the future year round program of the Conference."

The Executive Committee commended Miss Brinson on her report and pledged full support of the program.

Mr. Mitchell asked where the meeting was to be held and was advised by Mr. Young that a small group in Savannah is presently exploring possibilities for the annual meeting there in April. Just as soon as the committee in Savannah makes a report, the Executive Committee will be advised.

Mr. Young reminded the Committee that no action had been taken on the resignation of Mr. Simmons due to the fact that there was not a quota at the November meeting. Dr. Woodward advised that the members present could constitute themselves a quorum and could take action on the resignation such action to be considered valid unless challenged on the basis of no quorum by a member of the Executive Committee not present at this meeting. Mr. Young then presented the resignation to the Executive Committee. Miss Brinson moved and Miss Robinson seconded the motion that the resignation of Mr. Simmons be accepted with regret. The motion was unanimously approved.

Mr. Young discussed with the Committee the suggestion made at the November meeting that the Executive Committee hold it's next meeting outside of Atlanta. After discussion, Miss Brinson moved and Mr. Mitchell seconded the motion that the question be deferred until the January meeting. The motion was unanimously approved.

Mr. Young advised the Committee of the resignation of Mrs. R. Roddy Garrison from the Executive Committee due to ill health. He read her letter of resignation, as follows:

"It is with sincere regret that I write to inform you that I must resign from the Executive Committee of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare. At best I have not been able to serve the Conference effectively. Now my health is such that I must limit my activities for such time as may be necessary to correct my physical failings.

It has been an honor and a privilege to be a member of the Conference Executive Committee, but I cannot continue to accept an honor that I do not merit. I believe I should hold only those positions for which I can accept full responsibility. Consequently, I must ask that you accept my resignation from the Executive Committee.

I shall always be a friend and loyal supporter of the Georgia Conference. My best wishes for the future success of its program."

/s/ Mrs. R. R. Garrison

After the reading of the above, Miss Brinson moved and Miss Bullard seconded the motion to accept the resignation of Mrs. Garrison with regret and sincere appreciation for her past contributions to the Conference. The motion was unanimously approved.

Mr. Young pointed out that there are two vacancies on the Executive Committee and called for discussion. Miss Brinson moved and Miss Robinson seconded the motion that filling the vacancies be deferred. The motion passed unanimously. The President asked for suggestions from the Committee for replacements and said that before making any appointments, he wanted to have a personal interview with the persons selected to explain the functions of the Conference and the responsibilities of Executive Committee members.

At this point, Mrs. Butler pointed out that no action had been taken on approval of the minutes of the October and November meetings. The minutes had been circularized to all Committee members. Mr. Mitchell moved that the minutes be approved as written and Miss Brinson seconded the motion. The motion was unanimously approved.

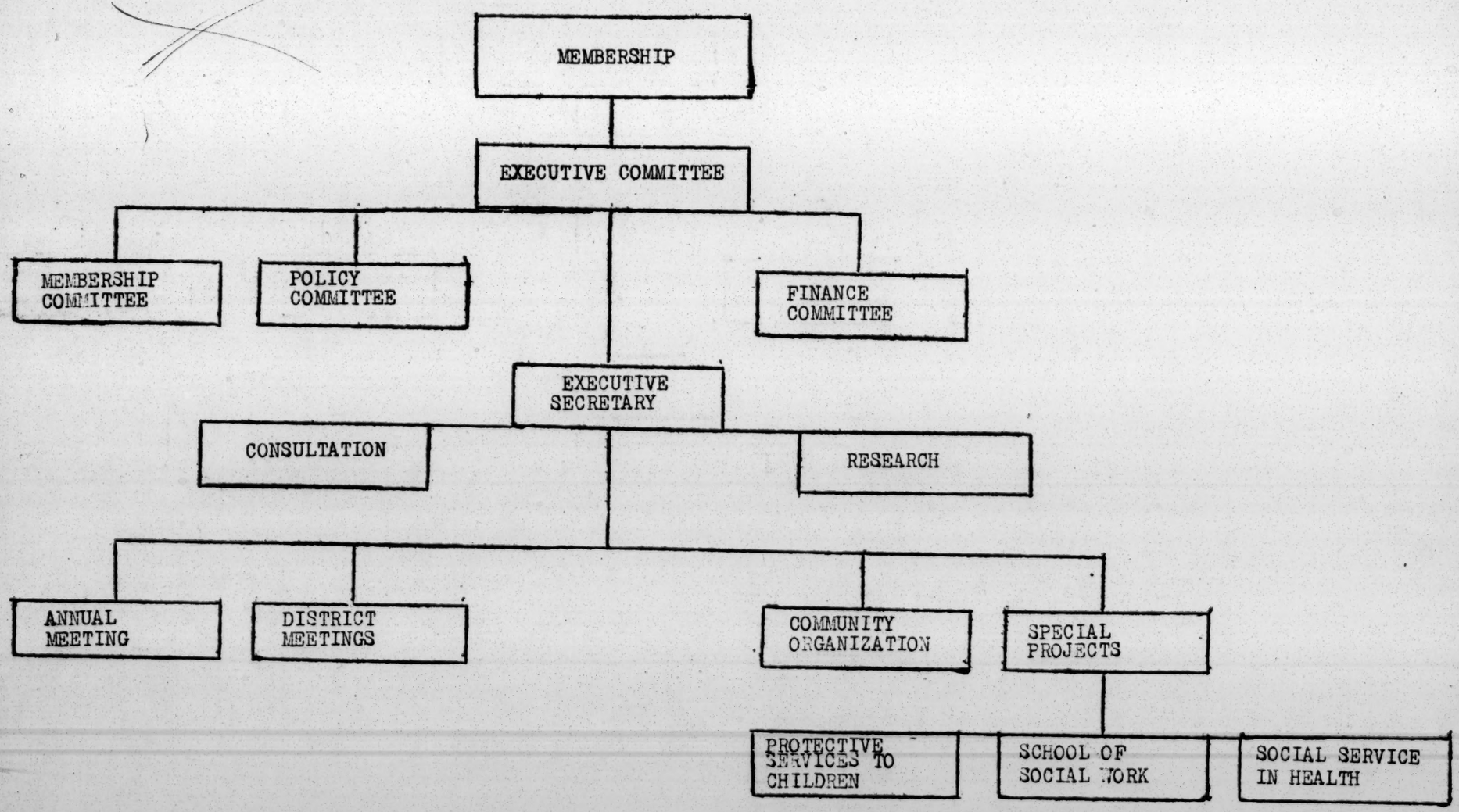
The President thanked the group for attending the meeting at such a busy time of the year and the meeting adjourned at 4:20 P. M.

L. L. Young, President

(Mrs.) Dorcas L. Butler
Executive Secretary

Structural Chart of Georgia Conference on Social Welfare

1947



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GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON
SOCIAL WELFARE

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING ON
January 23, 1948

MINUTES

The Executive Committee of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare met in regular session at 1:30 o'clock, Friday afternoon, January 23, 1948 in the conference room of the Atlanta Community Planning Council, 11 Pryor Street Bldg., S.W., Atlanta, Georgia, with the following members present for all or a part of the meeting: L. L. Young, President, Sinclair Jacobs, Miss Mary Freeman, Miss Lurline Collier, Miss Leslie Robinson, Miss Lucille Wilson, Mrs. Mary Athearn, Miss Edna Mattox, Dr. George Mitchell, Miss Russell Brinson, Welborn Ellis, Mrs. Dorcas Butler.

The President called the meeting to order and requested the reading of the minutes of the Executive Committee meeting of December 19, 1947. There were no questions and the minutes were ordered filed.

In the absence of the Treasurer, the President requested that the Executive secretary give his report as follows: December 19, 1947 through December 30, 1947: Carried forward December 19 the amount of $9.60, deposited December 29 the amount of $259.75 giving a total cash balance on hand during this period of $269.35. Expenditures including accounts payable and stamps amounted to $169.47 leaving a cash balance of $99.88. Accounts payable as of December 30, 1947 were in the amount of $1346.70, leaving a true deficit of $1246.82. The total amount deposited during 1947 was $7454.42. There were no questions and the report was ordered filed. The financial report for the period January 1 through January 23, 1948 was then given by the Executive Secretary as follows: Carried forward January 1, 1948 the amount of $99.88, deposited $280.25, giving a total cash on hand during the period of $380.13; expenditures, including accounts payable, rent telephone and petty cash, were in the amount of $262.31, leaving a total cash balance of $117.82. Accounts payable in the amount of $1296.70 leave a time deficit of $1178.88. Mr. Jacobs raised a question concerning accounts payable and was advised by Mrs. Butler that the total amount of accounts payable represents salaries. There were no further questions and the report was ordered filed.

In the absence of the State Membership Chairman, the Executive Secretary gave the membership report as follows: final report, January 1 through December 31, 1947. agencies 181, individuals 937. Membership report, January 1 to January 23, 1948: agency 34, individual 67, giving a total of 101 members. Eight agencies and seven individuals are contributing members. There were no questions and the report was ordered filed.

At this point, Miss Mattox raised a question concerning the decision reached relative to the date upon which membership fees should be paid. The President advised that no decision had been reached and opened the subject for discussion. Mr. Jacobs said he felt the payment of fees should be continued on a calendar year basis because of the deficit with which we are presently faced. Miss Mattox and Mrs. Athearn agreed in principle but pointed out that the Conference hoped to attract membership during the entire year and that individuals and

agencies joining during the latter part of the year had been critical of the January 1st billing. Dr. Mitchell asked if new memberships secured during November and December could be credited for the following year. There was discussion on this point and further discussion of the entire matter. Mr. Jacobs moved that memberships be continued on the calendar year basis but withdrew his motion following discussion. Dr. Mitchell moved that the membership year be established as the calendar year, that new memberships secured during November and December be credited to the following year and that all members be billed on January 1 except the new members secured during November and December. Mr. Jacobs seconded the motion and the President asked for questions. Miss Collier asked if memberships renewed during the year are counted as new or renewed and was advised by the Executive Secretary that they are considered renewed memberships. Miss Collier then stated that she felt a renewal of memberships on January 1st would make it easier for the Budget Committee to plan for the year's program. The President asked for the opinion of the Executive Secretary who advised that in practice this has not been true. A study of the financial returns of the Conference over the past four years shows that there are several "slump" periods during the year and memberships are not renewed promptly. Miss Mattox stated that a strengthening of regional organization and the holding of regional meetings would stimulate memberships greatly. There were no further questions and the President called for a vote. On a show of hands, Dr. Mitchell motion was defeated by a vote of 5 to 3. The President then stated that the Membership Committee will be advised that fees are due one year from the date of original membership.

Mrs. Athearn asked if the registration fee for the annual meeting is included in the membership fee and was advised that it is.

The President then called for a report from the Time and Place Committee. Mrs. Butler advised that the local committee in Savannah reported that facilities are available during the first week in May. After discussion, Mr. Jacobs moved that we accept the invitation of Savannah to meet there during the first week in May and advise the committee that the meeting will be held the 3rd, 4th and 5th of that month. Mrs. Athearn seconded the motion which was unanimously approved.

A report from the Program Committee was requested by the President and Miss Brinson, Chairman, reported that all sub-committees had met and made tentative plans subject to the approval of the Executive Committee. An outline of the program for the entire meeting was given and Miss Brinson asked for suggestions from the Executive Committee for speakers for the evening and sectional meetings. There was discussion on this point and Miss Mattox then moved that the Executive Committee approve the program as outlined by Miss Brinson. The motion was seconded by Mrs. Athearn and unanimously approved.

The President requested discussion on the matter of holding some meetings of the Executive Committee outside of Atlanta. The poll of members outside of the Atlanta area was discussed and Miss Brinson moved that, in view of the lack of assurance that attendance at Executive Committee meetings would be improved by such a move, Atlanta meetings of the Committee be continued until after the annual meeting. Mr. Ellis seconded the motion which was unanimously approved.

The matter of filling existing vacancies on the Executive Committee was discussed and Miss Brinson moved that a nominating committee be appointed to select these new members. Mrs. Athearn seconded the motion which was unanimously

approved.

Under new business, the President read the letter of resignation received from Mrs. Thomas B. Phinizy as follows:

> "It is with deep regret that I have to inform you of my resignation from the Executive Committee. I have not been well for the past few months and my doctors find it is imperative that I resign from all committees and Boards for at least a year.
>
> I had looked forward to working with the Board and will continue to be vitally interested in your program.
>
> Please accept my sincerest wishes for a successful forthcoming year."
>
> /s/ Pauline J. Phinizy

Mrs. Athearn moved that the resignation of Mrs. Phinizy be accepted with regret. Miss Brinson seconded the motion which passed unanimously.

The President introduced the matter of sponsoring the Georgia Conference on Family Life and asked that the Executive Secretary outline the functions of the Conference Mrs. Butler advised that a meeting was called on December 13, 1947 by Mrs. Pauline Parks Wilson, Dean of the School of Home Economics, University of Georgia to discuss the White House Conference on Family Life and the possibility of a similar conference on a state level. State and regional agencies are represented on the Planning committee. The Planning Committee decided that a conference was advisable and a two day meeting is planned for March 19 and 20. After discussion it was agreed that the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare should serve as a sponsor for the Georgia Conference on Family Life.

At this point, the President asked if a 2 o'clock meeting would be preferable to a 1:30 meeting of the Executive Committee. After discussion, the group decided that a 1:30 meeting is better and this hour will, therefore, remain unchanged.

The President advised the Committee that he had had an opportunity to call upon Mr. W. E. Ireland, new Director of the State Dept. of Public Welfare and past President of the Conference, and had discussed the present Conference program with him. The President asked if the Executive Committee wished to extend official congratulations to Mr. Ireland on his appointment and it was agreed that this should be done. Mr. Ellis suggested that a letter be directed to the Governor commending the appointment of Mr. Ireland and this was agreed upon.

The President advised the members of the Executive Committee that Dr. Woodward could not be present at this meeting due to the death of his sister. He was instructed to forward a message of condolence to Dr. Woodward on behalf of the Committee.

At this point, Mr. Ellis asked what action the Executive Committee is going to take on meeting the present financial crisis. He was advised by the President that some 1948 membership renewals are being received and that the deficit is gradually being reduced. Mr. Ellis asked the Executive Secretary for a statement concerning the possibility of removing the deficit and also having enough income to carry on a current program. Mrs. Butler prefaced her remarks by saying that

she is not in favor of using money from 1948 memberships renewals to meet the 1947 deficit. Letters have gone out to individuals in the state asking their assistance in raising enough money to meet the deficit and it is hoped that these will be productive. If not, the 1948 membership renewals will have to be used. Mrs. Butler stated that an adequate program can be maintained only through a strong membership campaign with emphasis on new members. She supported Miss Mattox's earlier statement concerning regional organization and also stressed the need for a revision of membership fees. Miss Wilson pointed out that not all county Departments of Public Welfare are agency members and stressed the fact that the departments can receive partial reimbursement from the Federal govt. on these memberships. Mr. Ellis offered to write all non-members of the Conference.

Due to the fact that another meeting was scheduled for the conference room, the Committee adjourned to the Conference office at 3:30 P. M.

In the informal discussion which followed, it was pointed out (1) that new members of the Executive Committee had little or not information about the purposes of the Conference, (2) the 1948 membership Committee must have up-to-date material to use in securing new and renewed memberships. It was suggested by the group (1) that descriptive material be prepared immediately for distribution to all Conference members and prospective members (2) that the Nominating Committee be instructed to give serious consideration to appointing someone familiar with publicity and public relations methods to the Executive Committee and that the entire program of the February meeting be devoted to a discussion and re-evaluation of the program of the Conference. The meeting adjourned at 4:30 P.M.

L. L. Young
President

(Mrs.) Dorcas L. Butler
Executive Secretary

G —
Ga. Conf. on
Social Welfare

February 18, 1948

Mrs. Dorcas L. Butler
Executive Secretary
Georgia Conference on
Social Welfare
11 Pryor Street Building, SW
Atlanta 3, Georgia

Dear Mrs. Butler:

Thank you for your letter informing me of the February 19 meeting of the Executive Committee of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare.

I have made a notation on my calendar, and hope to be able to attend the meeting.

Sincerely,

George S. Mitchell
Executive Director

GSM:eb

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building, S. W.
WAlnut 0508
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

February 10, 1948

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Sou. Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

The February meeting of the Executive Committee of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare will be held at 1:30 P.M., February 19, in the conference room of the Atlanta Community Planning Council, 11 Pryor Street Bldg., S.W. Please note that the meeting is being held on the 19th rather than the 20th due to the inability of the President to meet with us on the latter date.

At the January meeting of the Executive Committee it was decided that the entire meeting, in so far as is possible, should be devoted to a re-definition of the Conference program and membership plans for 1948. We sincerely hope that it will be possible for you to be present at the meeting for it is most important that we secure the thinking of each member of the Executive Committee on these two major subjects.

Sincerely yours,

Dorcas L. Butler

(Mrs.) Dorcas L. Butler
Executive Secretary

Georgia Welfare

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE

11 Pryor Street Building, S. W.
WAlnut 0508
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

March 25, 1948

RECEIVED
MAR 26 1948
Southern Regional Council

Dr. George S. Mitchell
Sou. Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

Recognizing the great need for guidance inthe field of pre-professional training for social work, the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare is serving as one of the co-sponsors of a meeting of representatives of 15 undergraduate schools in Georgia and a representative of the American Association of Schools of Social Work to discuss some of the problems and results in this area of education.

The Association's consultant on pre-professional education will be in Atlanta on May 10, 11 or 12 for the meeting which will be sponsored by the Georgia Chapter of the American Association of Social Workers, the State Department of Public Welfare and the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare. Our invitation to sponsorship was received today and demanded an immediate response; therefore, as President of the Conference, I pledged our full support of such an important forward step in social work training.

Sincerely yours,

L. L. Young
L. L. Young
President

12-Georgia Welfare

RECEIVED
APR 12 1948
Southern Regional Council

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Bldg., SW
Atlanta, Georgia

The Executive Committee of the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare met in regular session at 1:30 P.M., March 19, 1948 in the conference room of the Atlanta Community Planning Council, 11 Pryor Street Bldg., SW, Atlanta, Georgia, with the following members present for all or a part of the meeting: L. L. Young, President; Mrs. J. Saxon Wolfe: Miss Edna Mattox; Miss Florence Van Sickler; Wellborn Ellis; Mrs. Dorcas Butler.

The Chairman asked the pleasure of the Committee with regard to the reading of the minutes of the January and February meetings. There were no question concerning the minutes and they were ordered filed.

In the absence of the Treasurer, Mrs. Butler presented the Treasurer's reports for January and February as follows: 1/22/48 to 2/19/48: carried forward 1/22/48 the amount of $117.82, deposits $152.70 giving a total cash on hand of $270.52. Expenditures were in the amount of $257.22 giving a total balance of $13.30. Accounts payable, including salaries for 2/29/48, were in the amount of $1859.20 leaving a true deficit of $1845.70. There were no questions and the report was ordered filed. Report 2/19/48 to 3/19/48: Carried forward 2/19/48 the amount of $13.30, deposited $925.30 giving a total cash on hand of $938.30. Expenditures were in the amount of $692.30 leaving a balance of $246.00. Accounts payable were in the amount of $1521.70, leaving a true deficit of $1275.70. The Chairman pointed out that the deficit is being reduced gradually due in part to the excellent response from agencies in the state. There were no questions and the report was ordered filed.

The Chairman called for the membership report which was given by Mrs. Butler as follows: 1/1/48 to 3/19/48: agency memberships 126, individual memberships 199, total 325. There were no questions and the report was ordered filed.

Mrs. Wolfe raised a question regarding the due date on membership renewals, pointing out that the fiscal year of her agency ran from April 1 to March 31. She was advised that effective with 1948 membership renewals would be due one year from the date received in the Conference office.

Miss Van Sickler questioned her appointment as 1948 membership Chairman stating that she felt the Conference should move toward strength in the state and away from direction from Atlanta. The group agreed that movement away from Atlanta was desirable, but Miss Mattox pointed out because of the revised program statement and the virtual reorganization of the Conference it is important that the Chairman of the Membership and Finance Committee for 1948 be a person fully aware of Conference objectives. After further discussion, Miss Van Sickler accepted the appointment.

The Chairman then requested the report of the Budget Committee and Miss Mattox, Chairman, reported for the Committee. Miss Mattox reviewed the proceedings of the last Executive Committee meeting at which time a revised program statement was accepted and the employment of the Executive Secretary on a part time basis was approved as a temporary measure to offset the current indebtedness of the Conference. Miss Mattox stressed that the budget, copy attached, was set on that basis and moved its acceptance. Miss Van Sickler seconded the motion and

the Chairman called for discussion. There was discussion centered around the employment of the Executive Secretary on a part time basis and Miss Mattox pointed out that the office Secretary would be employed on a full time basis and the office open full time. Miss Van Sickler pointed out that new officers and Executive Committee members would be elected in May and questioned the advisability of adopting the budget in view of this fact. After further discussion, Miss Mattox amended her motion and moved the adoption of the budget, subject to review by the new Executive Committee at the May meeting with the recommendation that the Executive Secretary be employed on a full time basis if the Conference budget permits. Miss Van Sickler seconded the motion which was unanimously approved, the Chairman voting for Miss Brinson and Miss Wilson whose proxies be held.

In the absence of Miss Brinson, Chairman of the Program Committee, Mrs. Butler reported that plans are moving forward and the program should be complete by April 2nd. Mrs. Butler told the Executive Committee that the Program Committee wished action on exhibits for the annual meeting and on associate group meetings. The matter of exhibits was discussed and there was general agreement that exhibits are important and afford one opportunity during the year to get up-to-date information on social welfare publications. Miss Van Sickler moved and Miss Mattox seconded a motion that a local committee in Savannah be appointed to make arrangements for exhibits; a time limit for accepting exhibits was recommended and each agency must be responsible for shipping, assembling and dismantling exhibits, the Conference to assume no responsibility for the above or for loss or damage to the exhibit. The motion was unanimously approved, the Chairman voting for Miss Brinson and Miss Wilson.

Mrs. Butler reported that requests had been received from the Georgia Chapter of the American Assn. of Social Workers and from the Southeastern Area of the American Red Cross for associate meetings during the conference. Time has been set aside for this purpose on the program. After discussion, Miss Mattox moved that social welfare groups desiring to meet during the conference be allowed to do so, so long as these meetings are not concurrent with meetings of the Georgia Conference, and that announcements of these meetings appear separately from the announcements of Conference meetings. The motion was unanimously approved, the Chairman voting for Miss Brinson and Miss Wilson.

Under old business, the Chairman read to the Committee a letter received from Governor Thompson, saying, in part:

> "Thank you for your kind letter of January 27th and your approval of my appointment of Hon. W. E. Ireland as Director of the Department of Public Welfare.
>
> I feel sure Mr. Ireland's administration will reflect great credit upon himself and upon the state."

The matter of replacing the Treasurer was discussed and since the annual election of officers is only 6 weeks off, Mr. Ellis moved that we continue to use Mr. Hunter in this capacity until after the election of new officers. Miss Van Sickler seconded the motion which was unanimously approved, the Chairman voting for Miss Brinson and Miss Wilson. Miss Mattox pointed out that our continued use of Mr. Hunter as Treasurer was contingent upon his ability to serve and the Chairman said he would contact Mr. Hunter immediately.

The Chairman reported that he had contacted the Trust Co. of Georgia relative to the loan of $1000.00 and was advised that the loan can be approved only on the personal notes of members of the Executive Committee. Letters will go to the members of the Committee next week. Miss Van Sickler suggested that other banks or foundations would perhaps be more lenient and agreed to contact the president of one of the other banks about the matter. Mr. Ellis said that he felt it was dangerous to borrow money with only anticipated membership fees as collateral and he objected to asking individual members of the Executive Committee to sign personal notes for the amount. Miss Van Sickler agreed and the Chairman said he plans to make a contact with one of the foundations next week to see if a solution can be worked out.

The matter of a registration fee for the conference in Savannah was discussed. Mrs. Butler pointed out that through error, she had previously advised the Committee that the membership fee included a registration fee; on checking the Constitution it was found that this is not true. After discussion, Mr. Ellis moved that a $1.00 registration fee be charged for attending the Conference. Miss Van Sickler seconded the motion which was unanimously approved, the Chairman voting for Miss Brinson and Miss Wilson.

Under new business, the Chairman presented the resignation of Rev. Daniel contained in his letter of February 10 which reads in part:

> "I am finding it absolutely impossible to be of any service to the Conference as a member of the Board. Will you, therefore, please present this at the next meeting as my resignation. I only wish it were possible for me to take the time to render some assistance, for I am interested, but since I cannot I think you should get someone who can."

Mr. Ellis moved to accept the resignation of Mr. Daniel with regret and Miss Van Sickler seconded the motion.

The Chairman advised the group that Miss Van Sickler has been appointed by the Governor to the membership on the Children's Code Commission. Miss Van Sickler is to represent the Conference on the Commission. Miss Van Sickler said that the Commission has not yet been called together but she did request the assistance of the Executive Committee in presenting the views of the Conference to the Commission. Mrs. Butler and Miss Mattox are to work with Miss Van Sickler on a preliminary draft of recommendations.

There being no further business to come before the Committee, the meeting adjourned at 3:20 P.M.

L. L. Young, President

(Mrs.) Dorcas L. Butler
Executive Secretary

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE

Proposed budget March 1, 1948 to January 1, 1949

Salaries		
Executive Secretary - 3/1/48 to 6/1/48, full time $1050.		
6/1/48 to 1/1/49, part time $1750.		$2800.00
Office Secretary - full time		1750.00
		4550.00

Operating Expenses	Monthly	
Rent	10.00	100.00
Telephone	13.00	130.00
Janitor	8.50	85.00
Stamps, 1500 @1⅓¢, 250 @ 3¢	30.00	300.00
Supplies	25.00	250.00
Petty Cash	5.00	50.00
Travel	20.00	200.00
		1115.00
Total cost of operation		4550.00

Salaries & Operating Expenses	5665.00
Deficit as of 3/1/48	1871.70
	7536.70
Less balance in bank as of 3/1/48	289.55
	7247.15

Estimated income, 3/1/48 - 1/1/49		
Memberships:		6700.00
Annual meeting:	250 institute fees @ $2.00	500.00
	300 registration fees @ $1.00	300.00
		$7500.00
Estimated balance @ end of year		$ 252.85

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE

11 Pryor Street Building, S. W.

WAlnut 0508

ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

RECEIVED
MAY 18 1948
Southern Regional Council

May 17, 1948

Dr. Geo. S. Mitchell
Sou. Regional Council
63 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Dr. Mitchell:

On behalf of the entire Conference, I wish to express to you our most sincere appreciation of the service you rendered as a member of the Executive Committee for 1947-1948.

Although your official term of office has expired it is our sincere hope that you will continue active in Conference affairs and that we may call upon you for advice and counsel.

Sincerely yours,

L. L. Young
President

RECEIVED
MAY 31 1951
Southern Regional Council

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
~~167 Walton St., N.W.~~
Atlanta, Ga.

TO: Past Members

FROM: Robert K. Taylor, Membership Committee Chairman

In the past you have shown interest in the Georgia Conference on Social Welfare by paying membership dues. As you know, the Conference is supported soley by dues and contributions of interested individuals and organizations and the work of the Conference definitely depends on the finances from these sources.

The Conference to be held on November 7,8,9, 1951 in Atlanta is the 25th Conference. We hope to make it an outstandine one.

We hope that you will plan to attend the Conference (but even if you cannot do so) that you will want to support the Conference through prompt payment of dues for the fiscal year 1951.

Individual : $3.00

Organizations:
budget under $5000 : $5.00
budget under $10,000: $10.00

Sustaining Members: $10.00 or more

GEORGIA CONFERENCE ON SOCIAL WELFARE
11 Pryor Street Building SW
Atlanta, Georgia

STEPS IN THE ORGANIZATION OF A COMMUNITY COUNCIL

I

The first formal step in the organization of a community council is to call together a small group of persons whose leadership is unquestioned in their areas of social welfare interest.

This group might discuss the question of organization and decide whether an effort should be made to organize a council, and, if so, what the procedure should be. In making plans, the experience of other coordinating movements in the community, either past or present, should be discussed. In most cases there is already in existence some community effort toward coordination. It may be found that the community already has in existence an extension service council, a home demonstration council, a community chest, a health council, a church council, a council of club women, and sometimes a youth council. All of these efforts at coordination are steps in the direction of an overall community council and should be brought into the planning of a community council in its early stages.

If the group decides to organize an overall community council, it should then draw up a long list of individuals and organization representatives to be invited to a larger meeting. At this first large meeting a competent person from a near by city might be invited to describe how a council is organized. Following this descriptive talk, there should be plenty of open and frank discussion by those present. The presiding officer should be a local community leader.

If those present at this meeting express a desire to proceed and if it is determined that a new organization is necessary, the following definite action might be taken:

(1) Adoption of a motion approving the organization of an overall community council.

(2) Selection of a committee, either by appointment made by the presiding officer or by nominations from the floor, to draw up a proposed constitution and by-laws.

(3) Election of a temporary chairman.

II

Procedure of Committee on Constitution and By-laws

Once the community has decided to set up an overall council and a committee on constitution and by-laws has been selected, it should be possible to get the organization started with little difficulty. It should always be kept in mind that the organization of the council is not the prime objective. This objective is to accomplish certain desirable goals for the general welfare of the community. It is wise, therefore, to keep the structure of the council as simple as possible to meet the needs of the community. The constitution should express the basic principles on which the overall council will operate and set up in general terms the structure of the council. While it is advisable to examine the constitution and by-laws of other community councils, the local situation should determine organizational details.

When the constitution has been drafted, the large group present at the organizational meeting should be called together again for purposes of adopting the constitution and the election of officers.

III

Geographic Area Included in Overall Council

All the people residing in a given geographic area are usually considered as coming within the jurisdiction of a community council. Legal boundaries have often become completely illogical. The community council should cover, therefore, as nearly as possible the entire natural geographic area.

In a large metropolitian area, it may be necessary to set up subsidiary but autonomous neighborhood councils. Cooperation of all organizations operating in a given geographic area is necessary for the general welfare of the total population. Many problems are so intortwined that only joint action gives hope of solving them.

In cities with a population of 15,000 or under, it is usually wise to set up the council on a county-wide basis unless the county includes neighborhoods having more frequent contacts with a city in some nearby county.

IV

Broad Participation Essential

All groups that will be called upon to put into effect the results of the planning and coordination work of the community council should be invited to participate. Participation should also be sought from a wide range of community leadership in addition to the professional health and welfare workers.

The following organizations are customarily invited to participate:

Governmental Agencies

Health
Libraries
Law Enforcement
Probation
Planning Commissions
Public Schools
Recreation
Welfare
Governing Bodies of Units of Local Government
Others

Private Agencies

Family Welfare Agencies
Children's Agencies
Community Centers
Group Work and Recreational Agencies
Youth Organizations
Others

Civic Organizations

Parent-Teacher Associations
Civic Clubs
Women's Clubs
Planning Committees
Chambers of Commerce
Veterans Organizations and their Auxiliaries
Others

Religious Organizations

Catholic, Jewish
Protestant Clergymen
Ministerial Associations
Church Youth Organizations
Councils of Churches
Others

In addition to organization representatives, individual community leaders are often elected as council delegates. This procedure enables participation of persons who are important to the operation of the council but who for various reasons do not happen to be named by an organization. Representatives of industrial groups, trade unions, and such professional bodies as medical and dental societies are also usually included in a community council. Efforts should also be made to permit youth to have a part in community planning.

V

Governing Bodies and Committees

The membership body of the council is the governing body. This group, even in a small community, is too large for detailed consideration of special problems, committee reports, and the detailed operation of the council. A board of directors or executive committee should be the central planning body through which all activities of the council are cleared.

This board should represent all of the major groups of which the membership is composed but it should not be so large as to become unwieldy. The members should be thoughtfully chosen.

Councils usually have administrative committees and "working" committees. The administrative committees are usually membership, finance, and program. The "working" committees are groups concerned with specific fields such as health, family and child care, recreation, education and group work, and civic affairs.

VI

Financing the Council

A paid staff is important but not absolutely necessary to the smooth operation of a community council. Some councils have obtained part-time service from the personnel of a public school or a church if no local person of competence can be obtained on a volunteer basis. Traditionally rural communities have volunteer leaders who work without pay.

If the city has a community chest, this agency probably offers the best source for providing a budget for the council. Support from local taxes has been obtained in some instances.

VII

How the Council Works

Councils have no administrative authority over their members but they can have real influence in shaping community affairs by using the strength of group thinking. They can mobilize public opinion in behalf of efforts to improve living conditions and to develop the resources of their communities. Councils use the democratic process in influencing public policies. Organizations joining a community council do not give up their basic autonomy but they agree to join with others in efforts to determine reasonable solutions to common problems.

Councils get things done by gathering and presenting the facts about a situation, by having these facts discussed by organizations effected by and interested in the situation, by arriving at mutually acceptable agreements as to proper procedure, by using influence of joint approach in reaching the desired goal.

Georgia Conference on Social Welfare
11 Pryor Street SW, Atlanta, Ga.

NOT FOR GENERAL CIRCULATION

X

Suggested Constitution for a
Community Council

I. Name:

The name of this organization shall be _____ Community Council.

II. Purpose:

The purposes of the _____ Community Council are:

1. To provide a means of consultation and conference on human welfare needs and problems.

2. To provide leadership and facilities for affiliate agencies, groups of agencies, and individual members to plan and act together voluntarily in matters of common interest.

III. Principles:

The _____ Community Council shall act in accord with the following principles:

1. Organized and informed human welfare effort under private and public auspices is a requisite for the general welfare of the community.

2. Collaboration and cooperation among organizations engaged in or interested in the welfare of all the people is essential for the most effective service.

3. The full autonomy of all organizations affiliated or associated with the Council is recognized.

4. Achievement of better health and welfare for all the people requires close coordination of local, state, and national efforts.

5. The service of both voluntary and government agencies is required for the attainment of human welfare in a democracy.

6. Joint participation of volunteer and employed leaders is requisite to both national and local planning and action in human welfare.

7. Relationships to community groups and agencies should be channeled through affiliate organizations and groups as far as possible.

IV. Memberships:

The members of the Council shall be individuals* annually elected as follows:

1. Two individuals, one a member and one a staff member (or officer), nominated by each affiliate organization.

   An affiliate organization is a community agency, government or voluntary, interested in or operating in the general field of social welfare, which, on acceptance by the Council or the Executive Committee, nominates two individuals for election as members.

   The organizations selecting delegates to the organizational meeting of the _____ Community Council shall be eligible initially to nominate individuals for membership in the Council.

2. Two individuals, if possible one member and one staff member (or officer) nominated by each associate group.**

   An associate group is an independent and autonomous group of community organizations interested in or operating in the field of social welfare which works and consults with the Council and its staff or officers in matters mutually agreed upon but which is free to take independent action in its own name, and which, on annual acceptance of the Council or the Executive Committee, nominates two individuals for election as members.

3. Individuals, as members-at-large and chosen at the annual or a regular meeting of the Council, in total not exceeding fifty per cent of the members nominated by affiliate organizations and associate groups.

   These members-at-large shall be members and staff members (or officers) of local social and economic planning bodies, of government and volunteer social welfare agencies, and of the general public.

V. Organization:

The organization of the _____ Community Council shall consist of a council, an executive committee, divisions and committees, and a staff.***

* If the Community Council does not plan to have a paid staff, it is better to elect members for a term of three years and to retire the members annually in groups so that the Council will have continuity of leadership.

** An associate member would be a local organization which is itself composed of member organizations such as the local Council of Churches, etc.

***A staff is not necessary in small counties and communities.

1. The Council shall be the governing body of the organization and shall choose its own officers as provided in the By-Laws.

2. The Council shall select an Executive Committee of fifteen individuals, widely representative of the social welfare field, as provided in the By-Laws. The Executive Committee shall act for the Council between meetings of the Council. The Executive Committee shall choose its own officers as provided in the By-Laws.

3. The Council, or the Executive Committee acting for it, may create Divisions or Committees to further the purposes of the organization.

4. The executive secretary of the organization shall be chosen by the Executive Committee and other professional staff members shall be nominated by the executive secretary and approved by the Executive Committee.

VI. Financing:

The expenses of the _____ Community Council shall be met by the affiliate and associate organizations and by such means as the Assembly or the Executive Committee acting for it may determine.

VII. By-Laws:

The By-Laws of the _____ Community Council shall be proposed to the Council by the Executive Committee and adopted by the Council by majority vote.

VIII. Voting:

Voting in the Council and Executive Committee shall be by majority vote of those individuals present and voting, a quorum as specified in the By-Laws being present.

IX. Amendments:

This constitution may be amended by majority vote of the Council at its annual meeting or at a special meeting called for the purpose, ten days written notice of the special meeting having been given to the members.